

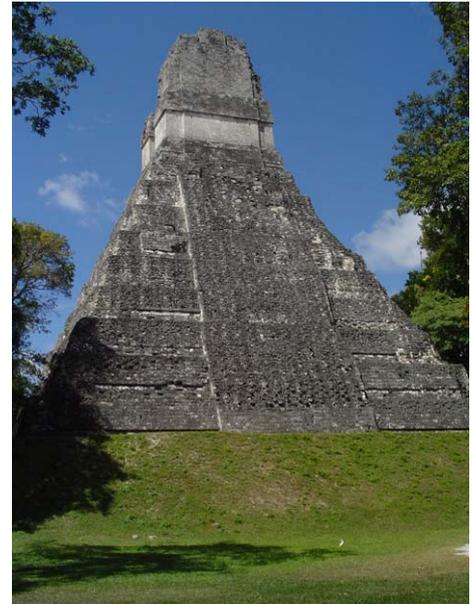
Belize & Tikal

Naturetrek Tour Report

20th February - 6th March 2007



Keel-billed Toucan



Mayan ruins



Yellow-tailed Oriole



Coati

Images and report compiled by Peter Dunn



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Day 1

Tuesday 20th February

The group met promptly at Heathrow. After a delayed departure we made up the time and we arrived at Miami airport at 18.15 (23.15 UK time). After getting through immigration and customs and we eventually arrived at our hotel for a welcome nights sleep by 20.30.

Day 2

Wednesday 21st February

After a casual breakfast we waited outside in the fresh warm Florida sunshine for the airport shuttle. Collared Dove and Starling was a reminder of home but reality kicked in with our first American wood warblers as Pine and Yellow-throated fed in the car park bushes. Also new was Boat-tailed Grackle, a species not to be seen in Belize and also the ever present Laughing Gull.

Once we had passed the red tape now accepted at every American airport we boarded the quick two hour flight to Belize City where David Cunningham our local driver and guide was waiting. The brief bus journey to the hotel to drop our bags brought our first Lesser Yellow-headed Vulture and many Tropical Kingbirds and Mockingbirds. A quick turnaround at the hotel was called for so that we could catch our boat ride to Spanish Lookout Caye for lunch. After this we took a slower boat into the mangroves to look for wildlife. Before we left the Caye we found an Amazon Kingfisher close by with a number of Belted Kingfishers seen later. White Ibises passed over the mangrove islands and an Osprey showed well. The main 'quarry' was West Indian Manatee which we tracked down to a resting pool where we managed to see the triangular snout and sometimes the tail as they dived. After this successful start to the tour we returned to Spanish Lookout to catch our boat trip home and finish the night with a pleasant meal in the restaurant and ended the day with a log call.

Day 3

Thursday 22nd February

After our buffet breakfast at 6.30am we gathered on the bus and headed north on the Northern Highway towards Crooked Tree Sanctuary. The skies were partly cloudy and during the journey we saw very little wildlife other than a Common Black Hawk and a few Spine-tailed Iguanas. However this changed as we stopped on the entrance road to the Sanctuary. Initially it looked quiet due to the excess water following a pretty wet rainy season, but as we walked along the road we started to find new species. A number of Pied-billed Grebes fed close to the road and the bushes

contained a variety of warbler types giving tantalising views. We managed to identify Black and White and Magnolia Warblers, Blue-grey Gnatcatchers and American Redstarts. Limpkins called from the flooded scrub and on the water we saw distant Ring-necked Duck and Black-bellied Whistling Duck.

We arrived at the Belize Audubon centre to sign in for our visit then headed down to the boat which was to take us around the flooded plain. However just before the berth we found a flooded field which held a good number of bird species including Blue-winged Teal, Killdeer, Solitary and Spotted Sandpiper and best of all a Southern Lapwing - a rarity in Belize. Robert Crawford was our boat captain and guide and he slowly circumnavigated the lakes and pool pointing out Lesser Yellow-headed or Savannah Vultures, Caspian and Gull-billed Terns, Laughing and Bat Falcons and best of all some roosting Boat-billed Herons. Other wildlife seen included some water-walking Basilisk (Jesus Christ) Lizards and a huge Green Iguana. As lunch time approached we were treated to an exhilarating 'speed boat' ride back to the berth followed by a chicken and fish lunch.

After lunch and before we left we checked the flooded field and surrounding fields again and added Roseate Spoonbill, Semi-palmated Sandpiper, Canada Warbler and Northern Waterthrush to the list.

Mid afternoon saw us slowly making our way south along the highway back to Belize City with a scheduled stop on a road in the Sandhill Community where we found a 'pocket' of birds including Dusky-capped Flycatcher, Yellow-tailed and Black-cowled Orioles and a nice Bare-throated Tiger Heron sat in a tree.

We arrived back at the hotel after a pleasant if not warm day and freshened up for our dinner and completion of the daily log.

Day 4

Friday 23rd February

We gathered at 8am with our guide Robert, from Crooked Tree. As we waited for the bus to arrive, we were entertained by both Cinnamon and Rufous-tailed Hummingbirds feeding on the flowers along the boundary fence and a pair of Hooded Orioles in a tree. Setting off along the western highway from Belize towards Belmopan, our first stop was at Guanacaste National Park just outside Belmopan, where we did a circular walk bordering Roaring Creek. In the car park two beautiful Baltimore Orioles fed in the trees and a Golden-fronted Woodpecker played hide and seek. Other new trip species included Dusky Antbird, Summer Tanagers, Ovenbird and many Black and White Warblers. As we returned to the entrance a Central American Agouti wandered alongside the trail.

Lunch was taken at the Bullfrog Inn in Belmopan, an excellent food choice and some of the best restrooms in Belize!!

After lunch we visited the Blue Hole National Park, along the Hummingbird Highway, passing some rich agricultural Mennonite communities. Most of the best birds were around the picnic site at Blue Hole, where 'North American' Hooded, Chestnut-sided and Black and white Warblers were seen along with Red-legged Honeycreepers and Red-throated Ant-tanagers adding a tropical feel. We slid our way up and down the hummingbird trail which was relatively quiet in the heat of the afternoon but still managed Ruddy, Tawny-winged and Ivory-billed Woodcreepers, a couple of Blue-crowned Motmots and a Crested Guan for good measure. Returning to the bus we journeyed back to Belmopan where we said goodbye to Robert and headed for DuPlooy's Jungle Lodge seeing Grey

Hawks and White-fronted Parrots on route. DuPlooy's Lodge has an enviable location within the forest and alongside the Macal River and we settled in for the night with the promise of some great birding the next morning.

Day 5

Saturday 24th February

The day started as dawn broke, with the group gathered on the deck for coffee and watching the bird table being filled with fruit. Shortly after, a procession of birds descended from the forest. Up to eleven Collared Aricari's crowded onto the table with Plain Chachalacas arriving in ones and twos. Other birds seen at close quarters included Yellow-winged Tanagers, Red-legged Honeycreepers, Masked Tityras and Rose-throated Becard. We then decided to continue on our pre-breakfast walk with Fermin our allotted guide, who took us through the Belize Botanical Gardens. Highlights included Baltimore, Yellow-tailed, Orchard and Black-cowled Orioles, Least Grebe, Ruby-throated Hummingbird and a sleeping Northern Potoo. Following breakfast some of the group went for a canoe ride on the Macal River where they saw Yellow-crowned Night Heron and Short-nosed Bats while the others walked another trail with Fermin. The later produced more new species including Green-backed Sparrow, Royal Flycatcher and White-collared Manakin.

After a hearty lunch we took a siesta until 4pm then resumed our walks with Fermin which took us along the side of the Macal River and back through the botanic gardens. It was still quite hot and humid and birdlife was scarce although we still saw White-collared Swifts and a huge Green Iguana and added Short-tailed Hawk to the list. The end of a satisfying day came with dinner and the bird list and those who dallied on the deck witnessed the feeding of two Kinkajous which came down out of the trees for bananas.

Day 6

Sunday 25th February

Another day another dawn on the deck at 6 am and coffee courtesy of DuPlooy's with biscuits from Janet gave us the boost to watch the birds coming to the feeders. The usual suspects arrived in their pecking order. Collared Aricari's noisily gathered on the table trying to cram as much fruit into their oversized bills as possible. Dainty Yellow-winged Tanagers followed with Brown Jays close behind. A Blue-crowned Motmot put in a brief appearance and 'buzzing' Masked Tityras lurked in the trees. Once the sun had started to disperse the early morning mist we headed down into the botanic gardens. We were treated to good views of Black-throated Green Warbler, Yellow-tailed Orioles, Northern Waterthrush and the Potoo was roosting back on its favourite branch. New for the trip was a Golden-olive Woodpecker excavating a hole, and were rewarded with our second view (first for some) of a pair of Green-backed Sparrows.

Breakfast was served close to 9am and following this some of the group did an escorted visit with Martin in the Botanical Gardens whilst three opted for a river crossing with Fermin to visit trails on the other side. A number of new species were added on the opposite river bank including Canivet's Hummingbird, Long-billed Gnatwren and Plain Antvireo.

After lunch we decided to visit the grasslands of the Mennonite community at Spanish Lookout with a brief visit to Aguacate lagoon. This habitat added more species such as Eastern Meadowlark, Peregrine and American Kestrel, with the amazing sight of at least 50 Fork-tailed Flycatchers which in flight looked like a flock of oversized Long-tailed Tits. Dusk was setting in by the time we arrived at the lagoon so most passerines were heading for roost but we did add Streaked-headed Woodcreeper and heard both Great & Little Tinnamous and a Yucatan Black Howler

monkey was seen and heard in the trees above us. On the route back we tried to lamp some nightjars but only succeeded in brief views that may have been a nighthawk species and a Pauraque.

We enjoyed our last dinner at DuPlooy's with everyone agreeing that it was a magic place to stay, with an excellent bird guide in Fermin.

Day 7

Monday 26th February

Our transfer day to Guatemala, so we met for our last session on the deck to see the birds arriving but strangely no Aricari's until after the other birds had been. After breakfast we packed into David's bus and were soon en route to the Melchor border. Fermin had hitched a lift to some shopping so he used his influence to get through the border procedure smoothly and our luggage was transferred onto a Guatemalan tour bus. Unfortunately our driver did not speak English and our Spanish was poor so we managed very little conversation and his job was just to get us to the Jungle Lodge hotel as quickly as possible. We arrived at about 11.40 where we booked in and then had lunch as the rooms were not ready. In the afternoon we wandered at our leisure, visiting the temples and birding. Oscellated Turkeys wandered at will around the site and Montezuma Oropendolas called noisily in the trees. With the temperature around 36° by mid afternoon the afternoon activities were taken at a slow pace. The group met up again for dinner that evening where we discussed our afternoon sightings.

Day 8

Tuesday 27th February

We had organised coffee for 6.am and birthday wishes were passed to Aileen, after which we slowly walked the old airfield. The fresh morning light brought new species with a female Wilson's Warbler feeding in the car park tree closely followed by a superb male Prothonotary Warbler feeding at close range. We took the walk along the metalled track to the crocodile pool seeing Streak-headed Woodcreeper and White-eyed Vireos on route. Unfortunately the croc was not showing but we did 'scope two nice Plumbeous Kites sat in a tree and a Pygmy Kingfisher dispatching a minnow. As we headed back to the hotel for breakfast we found two Indigo Buntings at the entrance.

After breakfast we were guided by Manuel around the plaza and temples of Tikal. His knowledge and philosophy was passed on and some brave soles even managed to scale one or two temples. Birding was slow due to the heat but we did see Swallow-tailed Kite and Black Hawk-eagle and three Giant Cowbirds were hanging suspiciously around some oropendola nest. The prize bird here is Ridgeway's Rough-winged Swallow which nests in the limestone walls and we were able to see the dark under tail coverts and smudgy breast as they hawked overhead. We returned back to the hotel to collect our packed lunches and the afternoon was left for leisure, some opting to cool off in the hotel pool before revisiting the temples or to go birding in the late afternoon. Eye-ringed Flatbill and Stub-tailed Spadebill were seen and Ann was lucky enough to see a band of 30 White-nosed Coati trooping through the forest.

Day 9

Wednesday 28th February

We were to bid farewell to Tikal today and while we waited for our transport a few group members went for a last look round, adding Limpkin to the Guatemala list and the last look at the Oscellated Turkeys. Our coach was slightly late and we had to make a 9.30am flight from Flores to Belize, so some gentle persuasion had him 'flying' down the road completing what is normally an hour journey in 50 minutes. Customs and immigration were painless

and we were soon flying over the forest in our islander plane back to Belize airport. David was there to meet us with his coach and he took us to the Old Belize resort for lunch before returning to meet our coach transfer to Lamanai. We met up with our motor launch near to Orange Walk and were soon motoring up river for our three night stay. Birds seen from the boat included Ringed, Belted and Green Kingfishers, and both Crane Hawk and a Jabiru on a nest, were new for the trip.

At Lamanai we were greeted on the quay with wet flannels and rum punch before being shown to our rooms. We had a brief walk out before dinner which we eventually succeeded in seeing Yellow-billed Cacique - a species we had only heard previously. Dinner of fish or pasta was washed down with the local beer before we retired to bed, looking forward to our dawn walk with Maurizio.

Day 10

Thursday 1st March

The group gathered in the pre-dawn darkness for coffee, fruit and Blueberry muffins before we set out along the trail towards the Lamanai archaeological site and the old sugar mill. Wood Thrush and Ovenbird fed in the leaf litter and we had excellent views of a close Green-backed Sparrow. Maurizio told us of the history of the old Spanish churches that were being excavated and the history of the sugar mill. The latter afforded great views of a male Bright-rumped Attila, building a nest in one of the arches. As we headed back towards the Lamanai pier for our short boat trip back to the lodge, Ray spotted a Black-throated Ant-thrush as it disappeared into the forest undergrowth. The trip back gave us close flight views of another Crane Hawk as it passed along the edge of the forest.

Following a good cooked breakfast we walked the road on the edge of the village where Maurizio told us of the medicinal properties of some of the forest trees and shrubs and we had close views of Violaceous Trogon and Keel-billed Toucan before getting a bus trip back as the temperature approached 40°C

A spot of r & r was called for before and after lunch and the group split into two parties, one to do an afternoon 'nature walk' with two guides and another on a sunset cruise on the lagoon with the leader. The former added White-crowned Parrot to the list amongst other regular forest species while the latter witnessed heron, egrets and limpkins coming to roost in Nico's creek, together with 300 Black-bellied Whistling Duck.

We enjoyed another fabulous dinner and completed our log before retiring to bed.

Day 11

Friday 2nd March

This morning the leader had arranged a dawn visit to the savannah, a trip which was not on the list. We gathered for coffee and muffins at 5.30am and were soon heading for an inlet on the opposite side of the lagoon called "Dawson's Creek" which led us to the savannah. As the sun rose we flushed numerous birds from roost including an Agami Heron and Black-crowned Night Herons. The savannah was dotted with pine trees and palmetto palms and we found two Botteri's Sparrows in the immediate vicinity of the landing site and had brief views of a Yucatan Jay as it passed through the trees. A little further we found a pair of Aplomado Falcons silhouetted in a tree so we decided to circle round them for a better look. In doing so we had brief flight views of a pair of Yellow-headed Parrots and up to six Acorn Woodpeckers. The falcons showed well in better light and a pair of Chipping Sparrows jumped from the grass into a nearby tree. As we headed back to the boat we flushed 20 plus Black-throated

Bobwhites which were promptly attacked unsuccessfully by the falcons. The boat trip back for breakfast produced another new bird for the trip in the shape of a Black-collared Hawk.

After breakfast we were taken on a tour of Lamanai Maya ruins by Maurizio and Robert, who gave us some fascinating information on the excavations and culture. It was also a good place to bird watch and enjoyed a number of new species such as Collared Trogon, Red-crowned Ant-tanagers, Wedge-billed Woodcreeper and some saw a Rufous-breasted Spinetail.

Following lunch we rested in the heat until 4pm and then a few hardy soles braved the high humidity and did a section of the Lamanai trail. Although initially appearing quiet, three new species were added in the shape of both Blue and Golden-winged Warblers and Grey-headed Tanager.

We dined early that night and then went on a "spotlight safari" around the waterways of the lagoon by boat with Maurizio and Robert. Pauraque were evident by calls and we managed to see two well by the light and also three Yucatan Nightjars but Yucatan Poor-will avoided us, even though we heard a whip-poor-will call. A Northern Potoo was found on a dead tree and we got great views of an adult Agami Heron. However pride of place goes to the roosting adult Ruddy Crake close to the waters edge. With the birds under our belts and at least three Morelet's Crocodile we returned happily to the lodge at 10.15pm for some well earned sleep.

Day 12

Saturday 3rd March

Our last morning at Lamanai started with our early morning coffee and muffins then we were bussed up to the airfield which is a clearing within the jungle, for dawn. Maurizio and Robert joined us as we watched Red-lored, Yellow-lored, White-crowned and White-headed Parrots come from roost and busy Ruby-throated Hummingbirds fed on insects in the grass. We added more new species for the trip as Blue-grey Grosbeak, White-necked Puffbird and Blue-black Grassquits came into view and had good views of Yellow-throated and Black-throated Green Warblers and Collared Aracaris. Yellow-breasted Chat and Barred Antshrike called but refused to show themselves and we arrived back at the lodge for breakfast via a forest trail where Grey-breasted and Purple Martins flew around the radio mast.

The rest of the morning was free time to pack and settle our bills before departing for the airport at 1pm via boat and bus. However two more Prothonotary Warblers were found in the gardens feeding with Yellow and Yellow-throated Warblers and a sleeping Lesser Nighthawk was pointed out by the boat driver on the route back.

We arrived at Belize airport at 3.45pm and were quickly ushered through security and despite a small delay we arrived at our last hotel, the Banana Beach at San Pedro, Ambergris Caye, where we settled in and enjoyed a pleasant dinner.

Day 13

Sunday 4th March

We started at our usual time, 5.30am for coffee, before venturing out south along the road towards the water treatment plant. Alongside the road we had great views of Hooded Oriole and our first White-winged Doves. We were in search of the Black Catbird and after watching the 'chestnut-headed' Mangrove Warbler and a number of Wilson's Plovers we found our first. Once we had seen one, we just kept seeing them! The day's total was around

twenty! Also seen around the water pools were Grey Plover, Clapper Rail and Black-necked Stilt; all new for the trip. Two Morelet's Crocodiles lurked in the pools and Caspian Terns flew over head. Following breakfast some of the group went on the pre-arranged boat trip to Bird Caye where they saw Brown Booby and Roseate Spoonbills and Reddish Egret was added to the list. The other group members took a taxi to the town dump which was less successful, although Black Catbird was relatively common and they found a Cinnamon Hummingbird sat on its nest.

After lunch most of the group went on the snorkelling trip to the Hol Chan marine reserve and 'shark-ray alley'. This was good fun and we were amazed by the colourful reef fish amongst the brain and fan corals and we all had close encounters with Nurse Sharks and Sting Rays attracted by bait to the side of the boat.

We met up for our last dinner together where we completed our checklists and did our final briefing on the method and planning for the route back to the UK.

Day 14

Monday 5th March

Our last day on Ambergris Caye, and in fact Belize, saw a few hardy soles walk down through the water treatment plant at 6am. The weather was dull and overcast with the odd spot of rain and a moderate cooling northerly wind blowing. This made it difficult to find small birds in the mangroves and we never saw a single Black Catbird but there were plenty of storks, egrets and waders present. Lesser Yellowlegs was added to the trip list and good views were obtained of a juvenile Peregrine, along with another Clapper Rail. Back at the hotel two male Green-throated Mangos sparred for territory as we were busy and packing for our long journey home. Birthday greetings were given to Alan as we all gathered for a taxi ride to the airport.

The flight back to Belize International Airport was quick and easy and we were first in the queue to book our return tickets via Miami. A brief stopover in Miami was followed by our overnight flight back to London.

Day 15

Tuesday 6th March

We arrived safely back at Heathrow at 9.15am. We met up for the last time in the baggage reclaims area, to say our last goodbyes before departing on our different ways.

Overall a very successful trip with 272 species of birds seen or heard (12 heard only) and one identifiable subspecies in Mangrove Warbler (a race of the Yellow Warbler). A number of good Central American mammals and reptiles were recorded and moreover, new friends made, both from the UK and also back in Belize.

Species lists

Birds

1	Great Tinamou	<i>Tinamus major</i>	Heard
2	Little Tinamou	<i>Crypturellus soui</i>	Heard
3	Least Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus dominicus</i>	
4	Pied-billed Grebe	<i>Podilymbus podiceps</i>	
5	Brown Pelican	<i>Pelecanus occidentalis</i>	
6	Brown Booby	<i>Sula leucogaster</i>	
7	Double-crested Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax auritus</i>	
8	Neotropic Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax brasilianus</i>	
9	Anhinga	<i>Anhinga anhinga</i>	
10	Magnificent Frigatebird	<i>Fregata magnificens</i>	
11	Great Blue Heron	<i>Ardea herodias</i>	
12	Great White Egret	<i>Egretta alba</i>	
13	Reddish Egret	<i>Egretta rufescens</i>	
14	Tricoloured Heron	<i>Egretta tricolor</i>	
15	Little Blue Heron	<i>Egretta caerulea</i>	
16	Snowy Egret	<i>Egretta thula</i>	
17	Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	
18	Green Heron	<i>Butorides virescens</i>	
19	Agami Heron	<i>Agamia agami</i>	
20	Yellow-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nyctanassa violacea</i>	
21	Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>	
22	Boat-billed Heron	<i>Cochlearius cochlearius</i>	
23	Bare-throated Tiger Heron	<i>Tigrisoma mexicanum</i>	
24	Wood Stork	<i>Mycteria americana</i>	
25	Jabiru	<i>Jabiru mycteria</i>	
26	White Ibis	<i>Eudocimus albus</i>	
27	Glossy Ibis	<i>Plegadis falcinellus</i>	
28	Roseate Spoonbill	<i>Platalea ajaja</i>	
29	Fulvous Whistling-duck	<i>Dendrocygna bicolor</i>	
30	Black-bellied Whistling-duck	<i>Dendrocygna autumnalis</i>	
31	Muscovy Duck	<i>Cairina moschata</i>	
32	Blue-winged Teal	<i>Anas discors</i>	
33	Ring-necked Duck	<i>Aythya collaris</i>	
34	Turkey Vulture	<i>Cathartes aura</i>	
35	Lesser Yellow-headed Vulture	<i>Cathartes burrovianus</i>	
36	Black Vulture	<i>Coragyps atratus</i>	
37	King Vulture	<i>Sarcorampus papa</i>	
38	Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>	
39	Swallow-tailed Kite	<i>Elanoides forficatus</i>	
40	White-tailed Kite	<i>Elanus leucurus</i>	
41	Snail Kite	<i>Rostrhamus sociabilis</i>	
42	Plumbeous Kite	<i>Ictinia plumbea</i>	
43	Crane Hawk	<i>Geranoospiza caerulescens</i>	
44	Common Black-hawk	<i>Buteogallus anthracinus</i>	
45	Great Black-hawk	<i>Buteogallus urubitinga</i>	
46	Black-collared Hawk	<i>Busarellus nigricollis</i>	
47	Roadside Hawk	<i>Buteo magnirostris</i>	
48	Grey Hawk	<i>Buteo nitidus</i>	
49	Short-tailed Hawk	<i>Buteo brachyurus</i>	
50	Black Hawk-eagle	<i>Spizaetus tyrannus</i>	
51	Laughing Falcon	<i>Herpetotheres cachinnans</i>	

52	American Kestrel	<i>Falco sparverius</i>	
53	Aplomado Falcon	<i>Falco femoralis</i>	
54	Bat Falcon	<i>Falco rufigularis</i>	
55	Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>	
56	Plain Chachalaca	<i>Ortalis vetula</i>	
57	Crested Guan	<i>Penelope purpurascens</i>	
58	Ocellated Turkey	<i>Meleagris ocellata</i>	
59	Black-throated Bobwhite	<i>Colinus nigrogularis</i>	
60	Singing Quail	<i>Dactylortyx thoracicus</i>	Heard
61	Limpkin	<i>Aramus guarauna</i>	
62	Ruddy Crake	<i>Laterallus ruber</i>	
63	Clapper Rail	<i>Rallus longirostris</i>	
64	Grey-necked Wood-rail	<i>Aramides cajanea</i>	
65	Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	
66	American Coot	<i>Fulica americana</i>	
67	Northern Jacana	<i>Jacana spinosa</i>	
68	Black-necked Stilt	<i>Himantopus mexicanus</i>	
69	Southern Lapwing	<i>Vanellus chilensis</i>	
70	Grey Plover	<i>Pluvialis squatarola</i>	
71	Wilson's Plover	<i>Charadrius wilsonia</i>	
72	Killdeer	<i>Charadrius vociferus</i>	
73	Wilson's Snipe	<i>Gallinago delicata</i>	
74	Greater Yellowlegs	<i>Tringa melanoleuca</i>	
75	Lesser Yellowlegs	<i>Tringa flavipes</i>	
76	Solitary Sandpiper	<i>Tringa solitaria</i>	
77	Spotted Sandpiper	<i>Actitis macularia</i>	
78	Ruddy Turnstone	<i>Arenaria interpres</i>	
79	Semipalmated Sandpiper	<i>Calidris pusilla</i>	
80	Least Sandpiper	<i>Calidris minutilla</i>	
81	Laughing Gull	<i>Larus atricilla</i>	
82	Gull-billed Tern	<i>Gelochelidon nilotica</i>	
83	Caspian Tern	<i>Hydroprogne caspia</i>	
84	Royal Tern	<i>Sterna maxima</i>	
85	Feral Pigeon	<i>Columba livia 'feral'</i>	
86	Pale-vented Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas cayennensis</i>	
87	Red-billed Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas flavirostris</i>	
88	Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	
89	Mourning Dove	<i>Zenaida macroura</i>	
90	White-winged Dove	<i>Zenaida asiatica</i>	
91	Plain-breasted Ground Dove	<i>Columbina minuta</i>	
92	Ruddy Ground Dove	<i>Columbina talpacoti</i>	
93	White-tipped Dove	<i>Leptotila verreauxi</i>	
94	Grey-headed Dove	<i>Leptotila plumbeiceps</i>	Heard
95	Olive-throated Parakeet	<i>Aratinga nana</i>	
96	Brown-hooded Parrot	<i>Pionopsitta haematotis</i>	
97	White-crowned Parrot	<i>Pionus senilis</i>	
98	White-fronted Parrot	<i>Amazona albifrons</i>	
99	Yellow-lored Parrot	<i>Amazona xantholora</i>	
100	Red-lored Parrot	<i>Amazona autumnalis</i>	
101	Yellow-headed Parrot	<i>Amazona oratrix</i>	
102	Squirrel Cuckoo	<i>Piaya cayana</i>	
103	Groove-billed Ani	<i>Crotophaga sulcirostris</i>	
104	Mottled Owl	<i>Ciccaba virgata</i>	
105	Northern Potoo	<i>Nyctibius jamaicensis</i>	
106	Lesser Nighthawk	<i>Chordeiles acutipennis</i>	

107	Pauraque	<i>Nyctidromus albicollis</i>	
108	Yucatan Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus badius</i>	
109	White-collared Swift	<i>Streptoprocne zonaris</i>	
110	Lesser Swallow-tailed Swift	<i>Panyptila cayennensis</i>	
111	Western Long-tailed Hermit	<i>Phaethornis longirostris</i>	
112	Stripe-throated Hermit	<i>Phaethornis striigularis</i>	
113	Scaly-breasted Hummingbird	<i>Phaeochroa cuvierii</i>	
114	Wedge-tailed Sabrewing	<i>Campylopterus curvipennis</i>	
115	Violet Sabrewing	<i>Campylopterus hemileucurus</i>	
116	Green-breasted Mango	<i>Anthracothorax prevostii</i>	
117	Canivet's Emerald	<i>Chlorostilbon canivetii</i>	
118	Rufous-tailed Hummingbird	<i>Amazilia tzacatl</i>	
119	Cinnamon Hummingbird	<i>Amazilia rutila</i>	
120	White-bellied Emerald	<i>Amazilia candida</i>	
121	Purple-crowned Fairy	<i>Heliothryx barroti</i>	
122	Ruby-throated Hummingbird	<i>Archilochus colubris</i>	
123	Black-headed Trogon	<i>Trogon melanocephalus</i>	
124	Violaceous Trogon	<i>Trogon violaceus</i>	
125	Collared Trogon	<i>Trogon collaris</i>	
126	American Pygmy Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle aenea</i>	
127	Green Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle americana</i>	
128	Amazon Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle amazona</i>	
129	Ringed Kingfisher	<i>Megaceryle torquata</i>	
130	Belted Kingfisher	<i>Megaceryle alcyon</i>	
131	Blue-crowned Motmot	<i>Momotus momota</i>	
132	Rufous-tailed Jacamar	<i>Galbula ruficauda</i>	
133	White-necked Puffbird	<i>Notharchus macrorhynchos</i>	
134	Collared Aracari	<i>Pteroglossus torquatus</i>	
135	Keel-billed Toucan	<i>Ramphastos sulfuratus</i>	
136	Acorn Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes formicivorus</i>	
137	Golden-fronted Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes aurifrons</i>	
138	Smoky-brown Woodpecker	<i>Veniliornis fumigatus</i>	
139	Golden-olive Woodpecker	<i>Piculus rubiginosus</i>	
140	Chestnut-coloured Woodpecker	<i>Celeus castaneus</i>	
141	Lineated Woodpecker	<i>Dryocopus lineatus</i>	
142	Pale-billed Woodpecker	<i>Campephilus guatemalensis</i>	
143	Rufous-breasted Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis erythrothorax</i>	
144	Plain Xenops	<i>Xenops minutus</i>	
145	Tawny-winged Woodcreeper	<i>Dendrocincla anabatina</i>	
146	Ruddy Woodcreeper	<i>Dendrocincla homochroa</i>	
147	Olivaceous Woodcreeper	<i>Sittasomus griseicapillus</i>	
148	Wedge-billed Woodcreeper	<i>Glyphorhynchus spirurus</i>	
149	Northern Barred Woodcreeper	<i>Dendrocolaptes sanctithomae</i>	
150	Ivory-billed Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphorhynchus flavigaster</i>	
151	Streak-headed Woodcreeper	<i>Lepidocolaptes souleyetii</i>	
152	Great Antshrike	<i>Taraba major</i>	Heard
153	Barred Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus doliatus</i>	Heard
154	Plain Antwreio	<i>Dysithamnus mentalis</i>	
155	Dusky Antbird	<i>Cercomacra tyrannina</i>	
156	Red-capped Manakin	<i>Pipra mentalis</i>	
157	White-collared Manakin	<i>Manacus candei</i>	
158	Thrush-like Mourner	<i>Schiffornis turdina</i>	Heard
159	Yellow-bellied Elaenia	<i>Elaenia flavogaster</i>	
160	Sepia-capped Flycatcher	<i>Leptopogon amaurocephalus</i>	
161	Ochre-bellied Flycatcher	<i>Mionectes oleagineus</i>	

162	Northern Bentbill	<i>Oncostoma cinereigulare</i>	
163	Eye-ringed Flatbill	<i>Rhynchocyclus brevirostris</i>	
164	Yellow-olive Flycatcher	<i>Tolmomyias sulphurescens</i>	Heard
165	Stub-tailed Spadebill	<i>Platyrinchus cancrominus</i>	
166	Royal Flycatcher	<i>Onychorhynchus coronatus</i>	
167	Acadian Flycatcher	<i>Empidonax virescens</i>	
168	Least Flycatcher	<i>Empidonax minimus</i>	
169	Tropical Pewee	<i>Contopus cinereus</i>	
170	Black Phoebe	<i>Sayornis nigricans</i>	
171	Vermilion Flycatcher	<i>Pyrocephalus rubinus</i>	
172	Social Flycatcher	<i>Myiozetetes similis</i>	
173	Great Kiskadee	<i>Pitangus sulphuratus</i>	
174	Boat-billed Flycatcher	<i>Megarynchus pitangua</i>	
175	Tropical Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus melancholicus</i>	
176	Couch's Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus couchii</i>	
177	Fork-tailed Flycatcher	<i>Tyrannus savana</i>	
178	Dusky-capped Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus tuberculifer</i>	
179	Great Crested Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus crinitus</i>	
180	Brown-crested Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus tyrannulus</i>	
181	Masked Tityra	<i>Tityra semifasciata</i>	
182	Black-crowned Tityra	<i>Tityra inquisitor</i>	
183	Rose-throated Becard	<i>Pachyramphus aglaiae</i>	
184	Mangrove Swallow	<i>Tachycineta albilinea</i>	
185	Purple Martin	<i>Progne subis</i>	
186	Grey-breasted Martin	<i>Progne chalybea</i>	
187	Northern Rough-winged Swallow	<i>Stelgidopteryx serripennis</i>	
188	Ridgway's Rough-winged Swallow	<i>Stelgidopteryx (serripennis) ridgwayi</i>	
189	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	
190	Band-backed Wren	<i>Campylorhynchus zonatus</i>	
191	Spot-breasted Wren	<i>Thryothorus maculipectus</i>	
192	Northern House Wren	<i>Troglodytes aedon</i>	
193	White-breasted Wood-wren	<i>Henicorhina leucosticta</i>	Heard
194	Grey Catbird	<i>Dumetella carolinensis</i>	
195	Black Catbird	<i>Melanoptila glabrirostris</i>	
196	Tropical Mockingbird	<i>Mimus gilvus</i>	
197	Clay-coloured Thrush	<i>Turdus grayi</i>	
198	Wood Thrush	<i>Hylocichla mustelina</i>	
199	Swainson's Thrush	<i>Catharus ustulatus</i>	
200	Long-billed Gnatwren	<i>Ramphocaenus melanurus</i>	
201	Blue-grey Gnatcatcher	<i>Polioptila caerulea</i>	
202	Tropical Gnatcatcher	<i>Polioptila plumbea</i>	
203	Brown Jay	<i>Cyanocorax morio</i>	
204	Yucatan Jay	<i>Cyanocorax yucatanicus</i>	
205	Common Starling	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>	
206	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	
207	White-eyed Vireo	<i>Vireo griseus</i>	
208	Mangrove Vireo	<i>Vireo pallens</i>	
209	Red-eyed Vireo	<i>Vireo olivaceus</i>	
210	Lesser Greenlet	<i>Hylophilus decurtatus</i>	
211	Rufous-browed Peppershrike	<i>Cyclarhis gujanensis</i>	Heard
212	Scrub Euphonia	<i>Euphonia affinis</i>	
213	Yellow-throated Euphonia	<i>Euphonia hirundinacea</i>	
214	Olive-backed Euphonia	<i>Euphonia gouldi</i>	
215	Blue-winged Warbler	<i>Vermivora pinus</i>	
216	Golden-winged Warbler	<i>Vermivora chrysoptera</i>	

217	Northern Parula	<i>Parula americana</i>	
218	Yellow Warbler	<i>Dendroica petechia</i>	
118a	Mangrove Warbler	<i>Dendroica petechia erithachorides</i>	
219	Chestnut-sided Warbler	<i>Dendroica pensylvanica</i>	
220	Magnolia Warbler	<i>Dendroica magnolia</i>	
221	Yellow-rumped Warbler	<i>Dendroica coronata</i>	
222	Black-throated Green Warbler	<i>Dendroica virens</i>	
223	Yellow-throated Warbler	<i>Dendroica dominica</i>	
224	Pine Warbler	<i>Dendroica pinus</i>	
225	Palm Warbler	<i>Dendroica palmarum</i>	
226	Black-and-white Warbler	<i>Mniotilta varia</i>	
227	American Redstart	<i>Setophaga ruticilla</i>	
228	Prothonotary Warbler	<i>Protonotaria citrea</i>	
229	Worm-eating Warbler	<i>Helmitheros vermivorus</i>	
230	Ovenbird	<i>Seiurus aurocapilla</i>	
231	Northern Waterthrush	<i>Seiurus noveboracensis</i>	
232	Common Yellowthroat	<i>Geothlypis trichas</i>	
233	Grey-crowned Yellowthroat	<i>Geothlypis poliocephala</i>	
234	Hooded Warbler	<i>Wilsonia citrina</i>	
235	Wilson's Warbler	<i>Wilsonia pusilla</i>	
236	Canada Warbler	<i>Wilsonia canadensis</i>	
237	Yellow-breasted Chat	<i>Icteria virens</i>	Heard
238	Grey-headed Tanager	<i>Eucometis penicillata</i>	
239	Red-crowned Ant-tanager	<i>Habia rubica</i>	
240	Red-throated Ant-tanager	<i>Habia fuscicauda</i>	
241	Summer Tanager	<i>Piranga rubra</i>	
242	Blue-grey Tanager	<i>Thraupis episcopus</i>	
243	Yellow-winged Tanager	<i>Thraupis abbas</i>	
244	Red-legged Honeycreeper	<i>Cyanerpes cyaneus</i>	
245	Blue-black Grassquit	<i>Volatinia jacarina</i>	
246	White-collared Seedeater	<i>Sporophila torqueola</i>	
247	Yellow-faced Grassquit	<i>Tiaris olivacea</i>	
248	Green-backed Sparrow	<i>Arremonops chloronotus</i>	
249	Botteri's Sparrow	<i>Aimophila botterii</i>	
250	Chipping Sparrow	<i>Spizella passerina</i>	
251	Black-headed Saltator	<i>Saltator atriceps</i>	
252	Black-faced Grosbeak	<i>Caryothraustes poliogaster</i>	Heard
253	Rose-breasted Grosbeak	<i>Pheucticus ludovicianus</i>	
254	Blue Bunting	<i>Cyanocompsa parellina</i>	
255	Blue-black Grosbeak	<i>Cyanocompsa cyanooides</i>	
256	Blue Grosbeak	<i>Passerina caerulea</i>	
257	Indigo Bunting	<i>Passerina cyanea</i>	
258	Painted Bunting	<i>Passerina ciris</i>	
259	Red-winged Blackbird	<i>Agelaius phoeniceus</i>	
260	Eastern Meadowlark	<i>Sturnella magna</i>	
261	Melodious Blackbird	<i>Dives dives</i>	
262	Boat-tailed Grackle	<i>Quiscalus major</i>	
263	Great-tailed Grackle	<i>Quiscalus mexicanus</i>	
264	Giant Cowbird	<i>Molothrus oryzivorus</i>	
265	Yellow-backed Oriole	<i>Icterus chrysater</i>	
266	Yellow-tailed Oriole	<i>Icterus mesomelas</i>	
267	Hooded Oriole	<i>Icterus cucullatus</i>	
268	Baltimore Oriole	<i>Icterus galbula</i>	
269	Orchard Oriole	<i>Icterus spurius</i>	
270	Black-cowled Oriole	<i>Icterus prothemelas</i>	

271	Yellow-billed Cacique	<i>Amblycercus holosericeus</i>
272	Montezuma Oropendola	<i>Gymnostinops montezuma</i>

Other species

Yucatan Black Howler Monkey	recorded on four days
Central American Spider Monkey	two days
Central American Agouti	five days
Kinkajou	two at DuPlooy's
White-nosed Coati	on three days including one sighting of 30 animals.
West Indian Manatee	two on the first day
Yucatan Grey Squirrel	on five days
Long-nosed Bat	at DuPlooy's
Bulldog Bat	at Lamanai

Morelet's Crocodile	on three days
Spine-tailed Iguana	on three days
Green Iguana	on most days
Basilisk Lizard	on six days
American Slider turtle	on two days
Mexican Red-rumped Taranatula	at DuPlooy's

Reef fish of many species including:

Blue Tang
 Nurse Shark
 Sting Ray
 Needlefish Sp.
 Tarpon
 Angelfish sp.
 Horseeye Jack