

The Best of Brazil's Atlantic Rainforest

Naturetrek Tour Report

26 January - 4 February 2018



Male Brazilian Ruby



Grey-backed Tachuri



Gilt-edged Tanager



Orange-eyed Thornbird

Report and images by Andy Foster



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Tour participants: Andy Foster (leader) with 10 Naturetrek clients

Day 1

Friday 26th January

The group were in flight to Rio de Janeiro. On arrival at Rio de Janeiro International airport, they spent the night in the Linx Hotel conveniently located next to the airport, ready to start the tour.

Day 2

Saturday 27th January

Our driver Serginho picked up the group at 7am from the Linx Hotel and quickly drove them out of Rio and up to Itororo Lodge just south of Nova Friburgo. During the drive up they encountered rather a lot of rain and the day ahead was not looking too promising! Thankfully as the drove up over the mountains and towards Itororo Lodge the weather slowly improved and the heavy rain cleared. By 9.45am the group arrived at the lodge and were greeted by Dusky-legged Guans on the feeders together with a couple of Brassy-breasted Tanagers, not a bad start! They had also managed to see Great Egret, Magnificent Frigatebird, Black-crowned Night Heron and Western Cattle Egrets on the journey up through Rio.

We quickly unloaded everyone's bags from the minibus and had tea and coffee whilst the bags were taken to the rooms. We also started picking up our first Atlantic forest endemics on the feeders; these included Ruby-crowned Tanager, Golden-chevrons Tanager, Azure-shouldered Tanager, Brassy-breasted Tanager, White-throated Hummingbird, Violet-capped Woodnymph, Black Jacobin, Scale-throated Hermit and Brazilian Ruby, not bad for five minutes' birding!

Rooms were soon allocated and 30 minutes later we all met up again and birded around the lodge. There was quite a bit of activity with new birds including Orange-eyed Thornbird, Rufous-crowned Greenlet, and great views of Dusky-tailed Antbird, Rufous-capped Spinetail and Chestnut-headed Tanager, together with an Olivaceous Woodcreeper and Pale-breasted Thrush. We also watched a Rufous-thighed Kite being mobbed by a Great Kiskadee and a couple of Cliff Flycatchers.

We had a delicious lunch at 12 noon followed by a short break with everyone meeting up again at 1.30 to spend the rest of the afternoon birding the White Trail within the lodge grounds. It turned out to be a spectacular afternoon's birding with almost non-stop activity and plenty of great views of lots of new birds.

Some of the highlights included Pin-tailed Manakin (this responded particularly well to playback), Blue Manakin, Squirrel Cuckoo, a stunning male Green-crowned Plovercrest, Amethyst Woodstar, Surucua Trogon, Rufous-capped Motmot, Spot-billed Toucanet, Berton's Antbird, Ochre-rumped Antbird, Yellow-browed Woodpecker, Blond-crested Woodpecker, Sharp-billed Treehunter, Streaked Xenops, Scaled Woodcreeper, Variable Antshrike, Drab-breasted Bamboo Tyrant, Ochre-faced Tody-Flycatcher, Bare-throated Bellbird and Crested Becard. What a fantastic start to the trip!

Day 3

Sunday 28th January

We awoke to a beautiful morning with scattered cloud. Today we were heading off towards Duas Barras and Sumidouro for some open-country birding. We started the day with nice views of Fawn-breasted Tanager just by

the deck in front of the lodge. We set off for an hour's drive towards our first stop, arriving there around 7.45am. As usual, this spot was very productive, with us getting good views of Blue-winged Macaw, White-eyed Parakeet, Streamer-tailed Tyrant, Black-capped Donacobius, Rufous-fronted Thornbird, White-bellied Seedeater, Yellow-bellied Elaenia, Scaly-headed Parrot, Yellow-chinned Spinetail and Wing-banded Hornero. We then drove on for a further

10 minutes to our next stop which was also very active, with Gilt-edged Tanager, Rufous-headed Tanager, Grey-hooded Attila, Yellow-lored Tody-Flycatcher, Olivaceous Woodcreeper, Short-crested Flycatcher, Sapphire-spangled Emerald, Swallow-tailed Hummingbird, Black Jacobin and Hooded Siskin.

Our next stop was for Serra Antwren which was a little tricky as it didn't show that well, but at least it showed up! We also had fantastic views of a couple of White-barred Piculets at the same spot. Next up, we arrived at a large viewpoint where we picked up Grassland Sparrow, Crested Black Tyrant and White-tailed Hawk; we also tried for Firewood Gatherer, but to no avail.

It was just after 10am as we drove down the hill into the small town of Duas Barras where we stopped for well-earned coffee and cake. Refreshed, we continued along the dirt track where we birded for the rest of the morning, with several stops picking up species such as Guira Cuckoo, Planalto Hermit, Surucua Trogon, Streaked Flycatcher, Rufous-sided Crake, Ash-throated Crake, Shiny Cowbird, Yellow-rumped Marshbird, White-eared Puffbird, Fork-tailed Flycatcher and Yellow-eared Woodpecker.

We stopped for lunch around 1pm and then took a 30-minute drive to the town of Sumidouro and our Three-toed Jacamar spot! Thankfully, after a little playback, two Three-toed Jacamars showed very well giving the group excellent views of this very range-restricted south-east Brazil endemic.

Having had an excellent day, we started our two-hour journey back to the lodge with one more planned stop. Thankfully both target species showed up, giving excellent views; these were Black-necked Aracari and Curl-crested Jay - a fantastic end to a brilliant day! We arrived back at the lodge around 5pm in time for coffee and more cake, then met up again at 6.30 for the daily checklist..... which took rather a long time due to all the species we had seen!!

Day 4

Monday 29th January

Once again, we awoke to a clear morning, and as we all arrived at the lodge for breakfast, a Short-tailed Nighthawk started to vocalise and fly over the lodge; with a bit of mimicry it flew over us several times during a few minutes, until it became too light and the bird vanished. Shortly afterwards, a Long-trained Nightjar flew over..... amazing for those that were in the right place at the right time, as it was a male with its long tail feathers flowing behind it!

After breakfast we set off for a 45-minute drive to Pico da Caledonia for some high-altitude birding. When we arrived, the peak was covered in cloud and the weather was looking a little risky; however, we set off up the mountain road and were soon getting our first endemics of the day. We had good views of Serra do Mar Tyrannulet, Rufous-tailed Antbird, Black-and-gold Cotinga, Bay-chested Warbling Finch and Brassy-breasted

Tanager, and shortly afterwards, used playback to call in some Thick-billed Saltators. So far so good! As we continued on up the road Danny picked up our first couple of Diademed Tanagers of the day: beautiful birds!

We carried on up the road with the cloud drifting in and out, making visibility a little difficult at times as we approached the main area where we were hoping to try for one of our main targets, the very rare and elusive Grey-winged Cotinga. I started using some playback for the Cotinga and there was no response; we continued on up the road playing the call periodically until we got to the large grassy area where we usually see the bird. Some of the group were up ahead and came across a small mixed flock with Blue-billed Black Tyrant and Brassy-breasted Tanagers, when suddenly Fiona said she had a bird that was a grey-green colour; Colin said, "is this the Cotinga"? I rushed up to where they were and sure enough, Grey-winged Cotinga was perched up in a nearby tree.... thankfully, everyone got onto it and had good views! It was only 10.30 so we had a short break and carried on up the mountain track until we reached the security-guard hut; we signed ourselves in and begun the walk up to the set of 620 steps to go and look for the Itatiaia Spinetail (also known as Itatiaia Thistletail).

We had some good views of male Plovercrest and then started walking up the steps playing the Thistletail call. I heard a bird call over to my right and didn't recognise the call; seconds later, a small bird popped up into the open next to the path. We quickly got some photos; it appeared to be a small flycatcher that was quite rufous on the front. Andy got his book out and shortly afterwards we identified it as a Grey-backed Tachuri, a lifer for me (and a first in the local area for a few years), and probably a first for Pico da Caledonia - fantastic!! We watched the bird for a while before continuing on up the steps looking for the Itatiaia Thistletail. After about 150 steps we got a good response to playback and a few moments later Andy picked it up coming down the slope towards us, eventually we all had great views of the Thistletail..... it was still only 11.15! Some of the group continued on up the steps to go and look at the local flora and the views from the other side, whilst others started heading back down the steps and had some lunch.

Later on we all met up again and tried some playback for Rufous-capped Antshrike, which unfortunately didn't respond so we carried on slowly down the mountain playing for Large-tailed Antshrike; after a few responses and a lot of patience we finally managed to call in a nice male that, although a little hidden, eventually gave some good views.

We arrived back at the minibus a little tired and took a short drive down to our next stop. As soon as we got out of the minibus target bird number 1 appeared, the Red-legged Seriema! As usual, this bird showed very well, and shortly afterwards, we located our next target, a couple of Shear-tailed Grey Tyrants perched up in the distance. So, this left us with one other target for the area, Swallow-tailed Cotinga; this was number one on Clive's wish list, so no pressure then!

After a lot of scanning for around 30 minutes I picked some up in flight and Danny located them shortly afterwards perched up on top of a dead tree; we quickly got the scope onto them and the whole group had good scope views....phew!

Having had a very successful day we started our drive back to the lodge arriving just after 4pm; we had a short break and met up again to complete our daily checklist at 6pm.

Day 5

Tuesday 30th January

Unfortunately, our run of good weather came to an end and we awoke to slow but steady rain. We met up at the usual time of 6am for breakfast and by 7.15 the rain had eased a little. We started using playback for Grey-capped Tyrannulet as one was calling distantly; thankfully, it came in and showed well for the group. This was followed by a couple of Pallid Spinetail that gave reasonable views.

The rain finally stopped so we set off onto the White Trail in the lodge grounds. There were few birds vocalising, apart from an Ochre-rumped Antbird and Rufous-crowned Greenlet, so we continued on into the forest until around 30 minutes later it started to rain very heavily so we headed back to the shelter of the lodge.

Unfortunately, it continued to rain all morning. However, there was quite a bit of activity on the feeders, and we got great views of Azure-shouldered Tanager, Black-goggled Tanager, Sayaca Tanager, Green-winged Saltator, Maroon-bellied Parakeet, Burnished-buff Tanager, Brassy-breasted Tanager, Pale-breasted Thrush and various hummingbirds, including Scale-throated Hermit, Violet-capped Woodnymph, Brazilian Ruby, Black Jacobin and White-throated Hummingbird.

We sat down for a delicious lunch of lasagne at 1pm, after which we had a short break and met up again at 3pm to return to the White Trail. Unfortunately, it was still raining, but a little more lightly, so we set off from the lodge, walked 50 metres and used playback for Half-collared Sparrow. After quite a lot of effort it eventually showed well for the whole group. This was followed shortly afterwards by a Chicli Spinetail, and then a beautiful male Large-tailed Antshrike; although we had seen this bird yesterday, today's bird showed much better. This record was a first for being close to the lodge, a firm indication that we are now getting really good quality forest growing in close proximity to the lodge.

We continued our walk along to the White Trail; it was still very wet with a noticeable absence of birds. Half way along the trail I tried some playback for Cryptic Antthrush; we got a response and about 30 minutes later the bird finally appeared, showing ok for some of the group. We also had a response from the Variegated Antpitta, but due to increasingly bad weather, this bird did not come any closer. It was now raining more heavily so we set off back to the lodge. A rather damp day but, unfortunately, the weather is out of our control! We met up at 6pm for dinner, followed by the checklist.

Day 6

Wednesday 31st January

We met up as usual at 6am for breakfast; the weather had improved somewhat, thank goodness!

After breakfast we had some time to pack ready for our departure as today we were leaving for three nights at the next lodge at Regua. Our driver Fernando arrived at 7.15am, and by 7.30, the minibus was loaded up with our luggage and we set off for a 45-minute drive to the Cedae Trail where we decided to stop off en route to Regua as there were several target species along this trail. The morning's birding started well with Red-necked Tanager and Sepia-capped Flycatcher, and as we continued down the trail, we used playback to call in a Black-throated Grosbeak that Danny spotted and then we used some more playback to call in a small family party of Spot-backed Antshrikes! Further down the trail we had improved views of Red-necked Tanager, Green

Honeycreeper, Green-headed Tanager, Spot-breasted Antvireo, Black-cheeked Gnateater, and very brief views of a Thrush-like Woodcreeper for some.

It was now mid-morning, so we headed back to the minibus and took another 50-minute drive until we arrived at the Regua Lodge. We were shown to our rooms and then sat down for lunch at 1pm. At 2.30 we headed off around the wetlands and onto the Brown Trail for the afternoon. There was quite a bit of activity and plenty of new birds as this was our first visit into the lowlands. Species of note included Silvery-flanked Antwren, Yellow-backed Tanager, Flame-crested Tanager, Chestnut-backed Antshrike, Rufous-tailed Jacamar, Lemon-chested Greenlet and Brazilian Tanager. Around the wetlands we saw Rufescent Tiger Heron, Common Gallinule, White-headed Marsh Tyrant, Masked Water Tyrant, Greater Ani, Black-bellied Whistling Duck, Cocoli Heron, Striated Heron, Ringed Kingfisher, Amazon Kingfisher, Green Kingfisher, Anhinga, Smooth-billed Ani, Yellow-headed Caracara and Chestnut-capped Blackbird. By 5.15pm activity had dropped off a lot, so we headed back to the lodge, and met up again at 6pm for the checklist followed by dinner at 6.30.

Shortly after 7pm Adeli arrived (one of the guides at Regua) to take us out to the Giant Snipe site and for some owling. We departed at 7.15 and took the 20-minute drive to the Snipe site. We picked up good views of a couple of Burrowing Owls as we arrived and then set off into the meadow to wait for dusk to hopefully find the snipe. As the light fell the snipe started to call and Adeli went off into the thicker grass whilst I continued using playback; after a lot of effort and several attempts, Adeli found a snipe close by, we all walked over slowly and had the most amazing views of Giant Snipe!

Very happy with ourselves we started walking back towards the pick-up truck and spotted a Yellowish Pipit on the way back. We then took a 10-minute drive to the spot for owls. We first started by playing Tawny-browed Owl; within five minutes one had landed above us and whilst everyone was getting out of the vehicle it flew off, so we used some more playback to call it back in and eventually the whole group had very good views! We drove a little further down the track and then played some Mottled Owl followed by Black-banded Owl; within 10 minutes we had two Black-banded Owls responding. After a further 15 minutes we managed to call one into the tree above us, and once again, the whole group had great views - what a bird!

Mission accomplished, we started the drive back to the lodge arriving around 9.45pm.

Day 7

Thursday 1st February

The remainder of the cloud from last night had cleared and we were greeted by a beautiful morning. We had breakfast as usual at 6am and departed for a 20-minute drive to the start of the Green Trail. Birding was quite slow; there was no real explanation for this, but there wasn't much vocalisation; we did, however, pick up some good species over the course of the morning including Southern Antpipit, Unicoloured Antwren, Scaled Antbird, Lesser Woodcreeper, Black-throated Trogon, Red-crowned Ant Tanager, Spot-breasted Antvireo and Rufous-capped Anthrush. We arrived at our destination for lunch, a beautiful waterfall, at around 12.30.

After lunch we started our walk back down the trail and soon enough came across a White-eyed Foliage-gleaner that showed well; further down the trail we also managed to get good views of Black-capped Foliage-gleaner followed by Black-tailed Myobius.

We finally got a response to playback for Yellow-throated Woodpecker, but frustratingly it refused to come any closer for us to see it; Eye-ringed Tody-Tyrant acted in exactly the same way! On the journey back down to the lodge we picked up Southern Rough-winged Swallow and Grey-breasted Martin on the wires. We arrived back at the lodge shortly after 4pm and had some free time until dinner at 6.30 which was followed by the daily checklist.

Day 8

Friday 2nd February

It was another clear morning as we met up for breakfast, departing shortly afterwards to go and bird along the Waldonoor Trail for the morning. Adeli drove us and accompanied us along the trail this morning. As we set off, we soon came across a mixed flock with some great birds including Eye-ringed Tody-Tyrant (finally!), Yellow-green Grosbeak, Crescent-chested Puffbird, Spot-billed Toucanet, White-eyed Foliage-gleaner, Chestnut-vented Conebill, Green-headed Tanager, Red-eyed Vireo, Streak-capped Antwren and Lesser Woodcreeper. As we made our way along the track we came across a male Black-cheeked Gnateater that showed very nicely, a White-chinned Sapphire and a Plain Antvireo.

Further along we came across a small flock of Plain Parakeets, and as we watched these, I suddenly spotted a Mantled Hawk perched close by that gave excellent scope views! We arrived at the site where we hoped to see Frilled Coquette but unfortunately after a 45-minute wait the bird still hadn't shown up, we did however get improved views of Olive-green Tanager and White-shouldered Fire-eye.

We played a lot for Yellow-fronted Woodpecker but, unfortunately, there was no response; we were just about to leave when Adeli said he thought he heard a distant call of some. I played it again and, within a minute, we had three Yellow-fronted Woodpeckers in the tree above us, a great-looking bird! As we walked back down the track towards the vehicle it was fairly quiet but we did get nice views of a male Blue Manakin and also a female White-bearded Manakin both feeding in the same bush.

We arrived back at the lodge at 12 noon and met up again for lunch at 12.30; this was followed by a short break before setting off around the wetlands again at 2.30pm.

We headed off at 2.30 towards the hide to look for Boat-billed Herons but unfortunately, we could not find any at the usual spot; we continued on around the path playing for Sooretama Slaty Antshrike. Andy spotted some movement and sure enough it was the bird! After a little more playback, it jumped out onto a dead tree and gave the whole group brief but good views.

We arrived at a reliable spot for both Moustached Wren and Long-billed Wren. We started playing Moustached Wren and managed to bring in a pair; shortly afterwards, with some playback we also lured in a nice Long-billed Wren! A little further along I heard a Grey-bellied Spinetail calling. We used some playback; as usual this turned out to be a tough bird to bring in, but eventually it came closer giving some of the group some goodish views! Nearing the end of the trail we got good views of Muscovy Duck together with several Grey-rumped Swifts flying low over the water and, shortly afterwards, picked up some very nice views of Rufous-tailed Jacamar. As we arrived back at the lodge, Danny picked up a fly-past of a Black-and-white Hawk-Eagle - very nice! It was 6pm so we had a brief break before dinner and then met up at 6.30 for dinner followed by the daily checklist.

Day 9

Saturday 3rd February

So here we are, on the last day of the tour already, where had the time gone?! It had flown by and we were to spend our last morning around the Regua wetlands and along the Brown Trail to bird some lowland forest.

As we set off on the trail, we came across a small mixed flock. We were right by the side of the tower so we quickly climbed up it and got good eye-level views of Streaked Xenops, Chestnut-vented Conebill, White-barred Piculet, Brazilian Tanager, Ruby-crowned Tanager and a nice male White-chinned Sapphire. The flock quickly moved through, so we set off back along the path again and, unfortunately, it turned out to be a very quiet morning. We tried for several species including White-bibbed Antbird, Southern Antpipit and Greyish Mourner, but unfortunately these did not respond. However, we did get good views of Reddish Hermit, male White-bearded Manakin, Ochre-bellied Flycatcher and Orange-bellied Euphonia; some of the group picked up a Rufous-breasted Hermit in the lodge grounds, and this was followed by a large group of Swallow Tanagers.

We arrived back at the lodge at midday, had lunch at 12.30 and then the rest of the afternoon was free for packing and photography etc. Our driver, Serginho, arrived at 4.30pm; we completed our last checklist and by 5pm, we were leaving Regua, heading back towards the International airport in Rio de Janeiro.

All in all, we had a great trip, we were very lucky with the weather with only one day of rain, it was a great group and we were lucky enough to see lots of fantastic birds!

Day 10

Sunday 4th February

The group landed back in the UK, having experienced the very best of Brazil's Atlantic forest.

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Totals for the week were as follows:

266 species seen

87 Atlantic forest endemics seen

18 species heard only

Species Lists

Birds (✓=recorded but not counted; H = heard only)

	Common name	Scientific name	January/February								
			27	28	29	30	31	1	2	3	
1	Brown Tinamou	<i>Crypturellus obsoletus</i>	H			H				H	
2	Tataupa Tinamou	<i>Crypturellus tataupa</i>								H	
3	Rusty-margined Guan	<i>Penelope superciliaris</i>							H		
4	Dusky-legged Guan	<i>Penelope obscura</i>	5	4	2	6	6				
5	Black-bellied Whistling Duck	<i>Dendrocygna autumnalis</i>					6	6			3
6	Muscovy Duck	<i>Cairina moschata</i>						8	1	1	
7	Masked Duck	<i>Nomonyx dominicus</i>						1			
8	Rufescent Tiger Heron	<i>Tigrisoma lineatum</i>					1		2	2	
9	Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>	✓						1		
10	Striated Heron	<i>Butorides striata</i>					2	2	✓	✓	
11	Western Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	✓				✓	✓	✓	✓	
12	Cocoi Heron	<i>Ardea cocoi</i>					2		2	2	
13	Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>	✓				✓	2	✓	2	
14	Capped Heron	<i>Pilherodius pileatus</i>		1			1	1			
15	Whistling Heron	<i>Syrigma sibilatrix</i>		1					2		
16	Magnificent Frigatebird	<i>Fregata magnificens</i>	✓								
17	Neotropic Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax brasilianus</i>	2				✓		1		
18	Anhinga	<i>Anhinga anhinga</i>					1	1	1	1	
19	Turkey Vulture	<i>Cathartes aura</i>		✓	2		✓	✓	✓	✓	
20	Lesser Yellow-headed Vulture	<i>Cathartes burrovianus</i>		1				1	1		
21	Black Vulture	<i>Coragyps atratus</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	
22	Black-and-white Hawk-Eagle	<i>Spizaetus melanoleucus</i>							1		
23	Rufous-thighed Kite	<i>Harpagus diodon</i>	1								
24	Plumbeous Kite	<i>Ictinia plumbea</i>		2							
25	Savanna Hawk	<i>Buteogallus meridionalis</i>					2	1	2		
26	Roadside Hawk	<i>Rupornis magnirostris</i>					H		1		
27	White-tailed Hawk	<i>Geranoaetus albicaudatus</i>		2	1						
28	Mantled Hawk	<i>Pseudastur polionotus</i>					1		1		
29	Red-legged Seriema	<i>Cariama cristata</i>		H	2						
30	Rufous-sided Crake	<i>Laterallus melanophaius</i>		2			H				H
31	Slaty-breasted Wood Rail	<i>Aramides saracura</i>		1		H		1			
32	Ash-throated Crake	<i>Porzana albicollis</i>		1							
33	Blackish Rail	<i>Pardirallus nigricans</i>		H					H		
34	Purple Gallinule	<i>Porphyrio martinicus</i>							1	1	
35	Common Gallinule	<i>Gallinula galeata</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓	
36	Limpkin	<i>Aramus guarana</i>					1				
37	Southern Lapwing	<i>Vanellus chilensis</i>	2	✓	2		2	2	✓	2	
38	Wattled Jacana	<i>Jacana jacana</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓	
39	Giant Snipe	<i>Gallinago undulata</i>					5				
40	Rock Dove	<i>Columba livia</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓				
41	Picazuro Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas picazuro</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
42	Pale-vented Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas cayennensis</i>			1						
43	Ruddy Ground Dove	<i>Columbina talpacoti</i>		✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	
44	White-tipped Dove	<i>Leptotila verreauxi</i>	1								1
45	Grey-fronted Dove	<i>Leptotila rufaxilla</i>	1			2	1	1			
46	White-eyed Parakeet	<i>Psittacara leucophthalmus</i>		✓	2						
47	Guira Cuckoo	<i>Guira guira</i>		3							

	Common name	Scientific name	January/February							
			27	28	29	30	31	1	2	3
48	Greater Ani	<i>Crotophaga major</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓
49	Smooth-billed Ani	<i>Crotophaga ani</i>		✓			✓	✓	✓	✓
50	Squirrel Cuckoo	<i>Piaya cayana</i>	1			2		H	H	1
51	Tropical Screech Owl	<i>Megascops choliba</i>					H			
52	Black-banded Owl	<i>Strix huhula</i>					2			
53	Tawny-browed Owl	<i>Pulsatrix koeniswaldiana</i>					1			
54	Ferruginous Pygmy Owl	<i>Glaucidium brasilianum</i>							H	H
55	Burrowing Owl	<i>Athene cunicularia</i>					3			
56	Short-tailed Nighthawk	<i>Lurocalis semitorquatus</i>			1	1				
57	Pauraque	<i>Nyctidromus albicollis</i>		H						
58	Long-trained Nightjar	<i>Macropsalis forcipata</i>			1					
59	White-collared Swift	<i>Streptoprocne zonaris</i>		2			✓			
60	Grey-rumped Swift	<i>Chaetura cinereiventris</i>							✓	✓
61	Sick's Swift	<i>Chaetura meridionalis</i>		5						
62	Saw-billed Hermit	<i>Ramphodon naevius</i>						2	2	
63	Rufous-breasted Hermit	<i>Glaucis hirsutus</i>								1
64	Scale-throated Hermit	<i>Phaethornis eurynome</i>	2	1	2	2	1			
65	Planalto Hermit	<i>Phaethornis pretrei</i>		2					1	
66	Dusky-throated Hermit	<i>Phaethornis squalidus</i>					2			
67	Reddish Hermit	<i>Phaethornis ruber</i>						1		2
68	Sombre Hummingbird	<i>Aphantochroa cirrochloris</i>			2					
69	Swallow-tailed Hummingbird	<i>Eupetomena macroura</i>		1			2	2	2	2
70	Black Jacobin	<i>Florisuga fusca</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1		1
71	Green-crowned Plovercrest	<i>Stephanoxis lalandi</i>	1		✓					
72	Violet-capped Woodnymph	<i>Thalurania glaucopis</i>	4	✓	2	✓	✓		✓	✓
73	White-chinned Sapphire	<i>Hylocharis cyanus</i>							1	1
74	White-throated Hummingbird	<i>Leucochloris albicollis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
75	Sapphire-spangled Emerald	<i>Amazilia lactea</i>		1						
76	Brazilian Ruby	<i>Clytolaema rubricauda</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
77	Amethyst Woodstar	<i>Calliphlox amethystina</i>	2	1	1					
78	Surucua Trogon	<i>Trogon surrucura</i>	2	2				1		
79	Black-throated Trogon	<i>Trogon rufus</i>						1		
80	Green Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle americana</i>					1	1		1
81	Amazon Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle amazona</i>					1	1	1	1
82	Ringed Kingfisher	<i>Megaceryle torquata</i>					1	1	1	1
83	Rufous-capped Motmot	<i>Baryphthengus ruficapillus</i>	1							
84	Three-toed Jacamar	<i>Jacamaralcyon tridactyla</i>		2						
85	Rufous-tailed Jacamar	<i>Galbula ruficauda</i>					3	H	3	2
86	White-eared Puffbird	<i>Nystalus chacuru</i>		2						
87	Crescent-chested Puffbird	<i>Malacoptila striata</i>							1	
88	Black-necked Aracari	<i>Pteroglossus aracari</i>		4						
89	Spot-billed Toucanet	<i>Selenidera maculirostris</i>	1						1	
90	Channel-billed Toucan	<i>Ramphastos vitellinus</i>					2		5	H
91	White-barred Piculet	<i>Picumnus cirratus</i>		2			1	H		2
92	Yellow-fronted Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes flavifrons</i>							3	
93	Yellow-eared Woodpecker	<i>Veniliornis maculifrons</i>		1						
94	Yellow-throated Woodpecker	<i>Piculus flavigula</i>						H		
95	Yellow-browed Woodpecker	<i>Piculus aurulentus</i>	1	1	1					
96	Campo Flicker	<i>Colaptes campestris</i>		4						
97	Blond-crested Woodpecker	<i>Celeus flavescens</i>	1					2		
98	Southern Crested Caracara	<i>Caracara plancus</i>	1	2		1	1			

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			27	28	29	30	31	1	2	3
99	Yellow-headed Caracara	<i>Milvago chimachima</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓
100	Barred Forest Falcon	<i>Micrastur ruficollis</i>		H						
101	Collared Forest Falcon	<i>Micrastur semitorquatus</i>					H			
102	Plain Parakeet	<i>Brotoyeris tirica</i>							✓	
103	Scaly-headed Parrot	<i>Pionus maximiliani</i>	2	3		2	2		✓	
104	Blue-winged Parrotlet	<i>Forpus xanthopterygius</i>		2						
105	Maroon-bellied Parakeet	<i>Pyrrhura frontalis</i>	4	2	✓	✓	✓	2	✓	
106	Blue-winged Macaw	<i>Primolius maracana</i>		4			2			
107	Band-tailed Hornero	<i>Furnarius figulus</i>		2						
108	Rufous Hornero	<i>Furnarius rufus</i>	1	2					1	
109	Itatiaia Spinetail	<i>Asthenes moreirae</i>			2					
110	Rufous-capped Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis ruficapilla</i>	1							
111	Grey-bellied Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis cinerascens</i>							1	
112	Spix's Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis spixi</i>				1				
113	Pallid Spinetail	<i>Cranioleuca pallida</i>			H	3				
114	Yellow-chinned Spinetail	<i>Certhiaxis cinnamomeus</i>		✓			✓	2	✓	✓
115	Rufous-fronted Thornbird	<i>Phacellodomus rufifrons</i>		2						
116	Orange-eyed Thornbird	<i>Phacellodomus erythrophthalmus</i>	2	H	H	H				
117	Firewood-gatherer	<i>Anumbius annumbi</i>		2						
118	Black-capped Foliage-gleaner	<i>Philydor atricapillus</i>						1		
119	Buff-fronted Foliage-gleaner	<i>Philydor rufum</i>	2				1			
120	White-collared Foliage-gleaner	<i>Anabazenops fuscus</i>	H							
121	White-eyed Foliage-gleaner	<i>Automolus leucophthalmus</i>						1	2	H
122	Rufous-breasted Leaf-tosser	<i>Sclerurus scansor</i>	H							
123	Sharp-billed Treehunter	<i>Heliobletus contaminatus</i>	1			1				
124	Streaked Xenops	<i>Xenops rutilans</i>	1	1		1	2			1
125	Plain-winged Woodcreeper	<i>Dendrocincla turdina</i>					1			
126	Olivaceous Woodcreeper	<i>Sittasomus griseicapillus</i>	2	1	H	2	1	2	2	
127	White-throated Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphocolaptes albicollis</i>				1				
128	Lesser Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphorhynchus fuscus</i>	H			1		2	2	
129	Scaled Woodcreeper	<i>Lepidocolaptes squamatus</i>	2	1		1				
130	Spot-backed Antshrike	<i>Hypodaleus guttatus</i>					3		H	
131	Giant Antshrike	<i>Batara cinerea</i>			H					
132	Large-tailed Antshrike	<i>Mackenziaena leachii</i>			1	1				
133	Chestnut-backed Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus palliatus</i>					1		3	1
134	Sooretama Slaty Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus ambiguus</i>							1	
135	Variable Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus caerulescens</i>	1	1	1					
136	Rufous-capped Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus ruficapillus</i>			H					
137	Spot-breasted Antwren	<i>Dysithamnus stictothorax</i>					1	2		1
138	Plain Antwren	<i>Dysithamnus mentalis</i>					H		2	
139	Rufous-backed Antwren	<i>Dysithamnus xanthopterus</i>			1					
140	Star-throated Antwren	<i>Rhopias gularis</i>						2		
141	Silvery-flanked Antwren	<i>Myrmotherula luctuosa</i>					1		2	2
142	Unicolored Antwren	<i>Myrmotherula unicolor</i>						2		
143	Rufous-winged Antwren	<i>Herpsilochmus rufimarginatus</i>						H		
144	Serra Antwren	<i>Formicivora serrana</i>		1						
145	Bertoni's Antbird	<i>Drymophila rubricollis</i>	2							
146	Rufous-tailed Antbird	<i>Drymophila genei</i>			2					
147	Ochre-rumped Antbird	<i>Drymophila ochropyga</i>	2	1		H				
148	Dusky-tailed Antbird	<i>Drymophila malura</i>	1							
149	Scaled Antbird	<i>Drymophila squamata</i>						2		

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			27	28	29	30	31	1	2	3
150	Streak-capped Antwren	<i>Terenura maculata</i>					1		1	
151	White-shouldered Fire-eye	<i>Pyriglena leucoptera</i>	1			H	2		1	
152	Rufous-capped Antthrush	<i>Formicarius colma</i>						1		
153	Cryptic Antthrush	<i>Chamaeza meruloides</i>				1				
154	Rufous-tailed Antthrush	<i>Chamaeza ruficauda</i>	H		H					
155	Variiegated Antpitta	<i>Grallaria varia</i>	H			H				
156	Rufous Gnateater	<i>Conopophaga lineata</i>		1	2					
157	Black-cheeked Gnateater	<i>Conopophaga melanops</i>					2	H	3	
158	White-breasted Tapaculo	<i>Eleoscytalopus indigoticus</i>	H							
159	Mouse-colored Tapaculo	<i>Scytalopus spelunca</i>			1					
160	Planalto Tyrannulet	<i>Phyllomyias fasciatus</i>	2	2	1	2			H	
161	Rough-legged Tyrannulet	<i>Phyllomyias burmeisteri</i>					1			
162	Grey-capped Tyrannulet	<i>Phyllomyias griseocapilla</i>				1				
163	Yellow-bellied Elaenia	<i>Elaenia flavogaster</i>		✓						
164	Olivaceous Elaenia	<i>Elaenia mesoleuca</i>			2					
165	Yellow Tyrannulet	<i>Capsiempis flaveola</i>		2			H			
166	Grey-backed Tachuri	<i>Polystictus superciliaris</i>			2					
167	Southern Antpipit	<i>Corythopsis delalandi</i>						1		H
168	Mottle-cheeked Tyrannulet	<i>Phylloscartes ventralis</i>			2					
169	Serra Do Mar Tyrannulet	<i>Phylloscartes difficilis</i>			3					
170	Ochre-bellied Flycatcher	<i>Mionectes oleagineus</i>								1
171	Grey-hooded Flycatcher	<i>Mionectes rufiventris</i>		1	1		1			
172	Sepia-capped Flycatcher	<i>Leptopogon amaurocephalus</i>					1		1	
173	Bran-colored Flycatcher	<i>Myiophobus fasciatus</i>		2						
174	Drab-breasted Bamboo Tyrant	<i>Hemitriccus diops</i>	1							
175	Eye-ringed Tody-Tyrant	<i>Hemitriccus orbitatus</i>						H	1	
176	Eared Pygmy Tyrant	<i>Myiornis auricularis</i>						H		
177	Ochre-faced Tody-Flycatcher	<i>Poecilotriccus plumbeiceps</i>	1		H					
178	Yellow-lored Tody-Flycatcher	<i>Todirostrum poliocephalum</i>		2			1	1		2
179	Yellow-olive Flatbill	<i>Tolmomyias sulphurescens</i>	2			1	2	1		
180	Cliff Flycatcher	<i>Hirundinea ferruginea</i>	2	✓	2	2				
181	Euler's Flycatcher	<i>Lathrotriccus euleri</i>							1	
182	Tropical Pewee	<i>Contopus cinereus</i>	1			1				
183	Blue-billed Black Tyrant	<i>Knipolegus cyanirostris</i>			2					
184	Crested Black Tyrant	<i>Knipolegus lophotes</i>		2						
185	Velvety Black Tyrant	<i>Knipolegus nigerrimus</i>			1					
186	Yellow-browed Tyrant	<i>Satrapa icterophrys</i>		1						
187	White-rumped Monjita	<i>Xolmis velatus</i>		3			1			
188	Streamer-tailed Tyrant	<i>Gubernetes yetapa</i>		✓						
189	Shear-tailed Grey Tyrant	<i>Muscipipra vetula</i>			2					
190	Masked Water Tyrant	<i>Fluvicola nengeta</i>		✓			✓	✓	✓	✓
191	White-headed Marsh Tyrant	<i>Arundinicola leucocephala</i>					2	2	2	2
192	Cattle Tyrant	<i>Machetornis rixosa</i>		4						
193	Piratic Flycatcher	<i>Legatus leucophaeus</i>	1							
194	Social Flycatcher	<i>Myiozetetes similis</i>		1			1	1	2	2
195	Great Kiskadee	<i>Pitangus sulphuratus</i>	✓	✓	2	2	✓	✓	✓	4
196	Streaked Flycatcher	<i>Myiodynastes maculatus</i>		2					1	1
197	Boat-billed Flycatcher	<i>Megarynchus pitangua</i>				1	1	2		2
198	Variiegated Flycatcher	<i>Empidonomus varius</i>	1							
199	Tropical Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus melancholicus</i>	2	✓	✓	2	✓	✓	✓	✓
200	Fork-tailed Flycatcher	<i>Tyrannus savana</i>	2	4						

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			27	28	29	30	31	1	2	3
201	Short-crested Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus ferox</i>		1			1			
202	Grey-hooded Attila	<i>Attila rufus</i>		1				1		
203	Bare-throated Bellbird	<i>Procnias nudicollis</i>	1	1		H	H	H		
204	Black-and-gold Cotinga	<i>Tijuca atra</i>			1					
205	Grey-winged Cotinga	<i>Tijuca condita</i>			1					
206	Pin-tailed Manakin	<i>Ilicura militaris</i>	1							
207	White-bearded Manakin	<i>Manacus manacus</i>							2	4
208	Blue Manakin	<i>Chiroxiphia caudata</i>	3					H	2	
209	Whiskered Myiobius	<i>Myiobius barbatus</i>				1				
210	Black-tailed Myiobius	<i>Myiobius atricaudus</i>						3		
211	Green-backed Becard	<i>Pachyramphus viridis</i>	1			1	1			
212	Chestnut-crowned Becard	<i>Pachyramphus castaneus</i>	1			1			1	
213	Crested Becard	<i>Pachyramphus validus</i>	2							
214	Swallow-tailed Cotinga	<i>Phibalura flavirostris</i>			3					
215	Rufous-browed Peppershrike	<i>Cyclarhis gujanensis</i>	2	1		H	1			
216	Red-eyed Vireo	<i>Vireo olivaceus</i>							2	
217	Rufous-crowned Greenlet	<i>Hylophilus poicilotis</i>	2		1	1				
218	Lemon-chested Greenlet	<i>Hylophilus thoracicus</i>					2			
219	Curl-crested Jay	<i>Cyanocorax cristatellus</i>		✓						
220	Grey-breasted Martin	<i>Progne chalybea</i>						✓	✓	
221	Blue-and-white Swallow	<i>Notiochelidon cyanoleuca</i>	2	✓		✓		✓		
222	Southern Rough-winged Swallow	<i>Stelgidopteryx ruficollis</i>		✓			✓	✓		
223	Black-capped Donacobius	<i>Donacobius atricapilla</i>		4						
224	Moustached Wren	<i>Pheugopedius genibarbis</i>							2	
225	Long-billed Wren	<i>Cantorchilus longirostris</i>							2	
226	House Wren	<i>Troglodytes aedon</i>	1	1		H			1	
227	Chalk-browed Mockingbird	<i>Mimus saturninus</i>		✓			3		1	
228	Rufous-bellied Thrush	<i>Turdus rufiventris</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
229	Pale-breasted Thrush	<i>Turdus leucomelas</i>	3	2		4		2	2	
230	White-necked Thrush	<i>Turdus albicollis</i>	H							
231	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	H	✓	✓				2	
232	Common Waxbill	<i>Estrilda astrild</i>					2	2		2
233	Yellowish Pipit	<i>Anthus lutescens</i>					2			
234	Hooded Siskin	<i>Spinus magellanicus</i>		2	4					
235	Violaceous Euphonia	<i>Euphonia violacea</i>					2	1	2	2
236	Orange-bellied Euphonia	<i>Euphonia xanthogaster</i>								2
237	Chestnut-bellied Euphonia	<i>Euphonia pectoralis</i>					2		2	
238	Tropical Parula	<i>Setophaga pititayumi</i>					2			
239	Golden-crowned Warbler	<i>Basileuterus culicivorus</i>	2	1	2	1			1	
240	Crested Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius decumanus</i>		✓						
241	Red-rumped Cacique	<i>Cacicus haemorrhous</i>		1					✓	✓
242	Shiny Cowbird	<i>Molothrus bonariensis</i>		✓						
243	Chopi Blackbird	<i>Gnorimopsar chopi</i>		✓						
244	Chestnut-capped Blackbird	<i>Chrysomus ruficapillus</i>		✓			✓	2	✓	✓
245	Yellow-rumped Marshbird	<i>Pseudoleistes guirahuro</i>		✓						
246	Bananaquit	<i>Coereba flaveola</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	4	2		2
247	Rufous-collared Sparrow	<i>Zonotrichia capensis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
248	Grassland Sparrow	<i>Ammodramus humeralis</i>		2						
249	Half-collared Sparrow	<i>Arremon semitorquatus</i>				1				
250	Magpie Tanager	<i>Cissopis leverianus</i>	1							
251	Olive-green Tanager	<i>Orthogonys chloricterus</i>					✓		✓	

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			27	28	29	30	31	1	2	3	
252	Chestnut-headed Tanager	<i>Pyrrhocomma ruficeps</i>	2				1				
253	Black-goggled Tanager	<i>Trichothraupis melanops</i>	2	2	2	4	4				
254	Flame-crested Tanager	<i>Tachyphonus cristatus</i>					2				
255	Ruby-crowned Tanager	<i>Tachyphonus coronatus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	2	2	1	
256	Brazilian Tanager	<i>Ramphocelus bresilius</i>					3		1	2	
257	Sayaca Tanager	<i>Thraupis sayaca</i>	2	✓	2	4	2	2	✓	2	
258	Azure-shouldered Tanager	<i>Thraupis cyanoptera</i>	2	2	2	2	2				
259	Golden-chevroned Tanager	<i>Thraupis ornata</i>	2	2	1	2	2				
260	Palm Tanager	<i>Thraupis palmarum</i>		2				2	4		
261	Diademed Tanager	<i>Stephanophorus diadematus</i>			✓						
262	Fawn-breasted Tanager	<i>Pipraeidea melanonota</i>		1		1	H				
263	Green-headed Tanager	<i>Tangara seledon</i>					2		4		
264	Red-necked Tanager	<i>Tangara cyanocephala</i>					✓				
265	Brassy-breasted Tanager	<i>Tangara desmaresti</i>	✓	2	✓	✓	2				
266	Gilt-edged Tanager	<i>Tangara cyanoventris</i>		4							
267	Burnished-buff Tanager	<i>Tangara cayana</i>	2	4		2	2		1		
268	Swallow Tanager	<i>Tersina viridis</i>						2		✓	
269	Blue Dacnis	<i>Dacnis cayana</i>		✓	2	1	2	2	✓	✓	
270	Green Honeycreeper	<i>Chlorophanes spiza</i>					1				
271	Rufous-headed Tanager	<i>Hemithraupis ruficapilla</i>		2			1	H			
272	Yellow-backed Tanager	<i>Hemithraupis flavicollis</i>					2				
273	Chestnut-vented Conebill	<i>Conirostrum speciosum</i>							2	2	
274	Bay-chested Warbling Finch	<i>Poospiza thoracica</i>			3						
275	Saffron Finch	<i>Sicalis flaveola</i>	1	✓	✓	2	✓	✓	✓	✓	
276	Blue-black Grassquit	<i>Volatinia jacarina</i>		✓							
277	Double-collared Seedeater	<i>Sporophila caerulea</i>		✓			1				
278	White-bellied Seedeater	<i>Sporophila leucoptera</i>		1							
279	Red-crowned Ant Tanager	<i>Habia rubica</i>						✓	H		
280	Yellow-green Grosbeak	<i>Caryothraustes canadensis</i>							5		
281	Black-throated Grosbeak	<i>Saltator fuliginosus</i>					2				
282	Buff-throated Saltator	<i>Saltator maximus</i>						1		1	
283	Green-winged Saltator	<i>Saltator similis</i>				1	1				
284	Thick-billed Saltator	<i>Saltator maxillosus</i>			2						

Other Taxa

1	White-tufted-eared Marmoset	<i>Callithrix jacchus</i>						✓	✓	✓
2	Capybara	<i>Hydrochoerus hydrochaeris</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓
3	Broad-snouted Caiman	<i>Caiman latirostris</i>					2		2	3
4	Agouti	<i>Dasyprocta sp.</i>							2	



Pin-tailed Manakin



Blue-winged Macaw