

The Best of Brazil's Atlantic Rainforest

Naturetrek Tour Report

29 November - 8 December 2019



Green-crowned Plovercrest



Gilt-edged Tanager



Streaked Xenops



Saffron Toucanets

Report & images by Andy Foster



Naturetrek

Mingledown Barn

Wolf's Lane

Chawton

Alton

Hampshire

GU34 3HJ

UK

T: +44 (0)1962 733051

E: info@naturetrek.co.uk

W: www.naturetrek.co.uk

Tour participants: Andy Foster (Leader) with nine Naturetrek clients

Day 1

Friday 29th November

We all arrived in Rio on a BA flight from London Heathrow this evening and transferred straight to the Linx Hotel just a short distance from the International airport.

Day 2

Saturday 30th November

Breakfast was taken at the hotel and at 07.00 Serginho (our driver for the week) arrived, loaded up our bags and we were on our way out of Rio around the edge of Guanabara Bay and heading up towards Itororo Lodge which was 2½ hour's drive away. A few species were seen around the hotel prior to departure including Orange-winged Amazon, Masked Water Tyrant, Palm Tanager and Ruddy-ground Dove.

On the journey we picked up several species including Magnificent Frigatebird, Great Egret, Cocoli Heron, Snowy Egret, Black-crowned Night Heron, Grey-headed Gull, Black Vulture, Lesser Yellow-headed Vulture and Smooth-billed Ani.

We arrived at the lodge around 10am and were greeted by brother and sister team Rainer and Bettina. We soon had all the bags unloaded and started watching the birds coming into the feeders. Our first "feeder bird" was surprisingly a Gilt-edged Tanager, which was followed shortly afterwards by Golden-chevroned Tanager and then Brassy-breasted Tanager, Ruby-crowned Tanager, Pale-breasted Thrush, Rufous-bellied Thrush, Magpie Tanager, Sayaca Tanager, Azure-shouldered Tanager and Burnished-buff Tanager, not a bad start at all!! We then got our first hummingbirds including Violet-capped Woodnymph, Black Jacobin, White-throated Hummingbird and Brazilian Ruby! After some tea, coffee and cake we were shown to our rooms and then met up some 40 minutes later for a briefing about the lodge and the week ahead. We spent the remainder of the morning birding within close proximity of the lodge picking up more new species including Orange-eyed Thornbird, Pallid Spinetail, Spix's Spinetail, Crested Becard, Maroon-bellied Parakeet, Green-backed Becard, Cliff Flycatcher, Planalto Tyrannulet, Surucua Trogon and Variable Antshrike.

A delicious lunch was served at 13.00 followed by a short break before we met up again at 14.15 to spend the afternoon birding the White Trail. The afternoon started off well with great views of Half-collared Sparrow, Ochre-faced Tody Flycatcher, stunning views of Bertoni's Antbird, Pin-tailed Manakin and Olivaceous Woodcreeper for some. Then we had a bit of a quiet spot until we used some playback for Variegated Antpitta; this brilliant bird came in slowly and showed well for everyone! We then picked up a Rufous-tailed Antthrush, Rufous-capped Motmot and a male Spot-billed Toucanet, so although a little slow, we actually saw some really good birds!

We arrived back at the lodge at 17.30 and met up for dinner at 18.30 followed by our first checklist.

Day 3

Sunday 1st December

We awoke to a rather foggy morning as we met up for breakfast at 06.00. There was little activity as it was quite cool but we did get better looks at a Crested Becard by the lodge. By 06.30 we were departing for a full days

birding in the Duas Barras and Sumidouro area. One of our main targets for the day was the very localised and endemic Three-toed Jacamar. By 07.30 we arrived at our first stop; we always aim to do this excursion on a Sunday as there is little or no traffic through the town of Nova Friburgo, and today was no exception!

The birding at our first stop was fast and furious with some 30 species being seen within the first 30 minutes! Species of note included Blue-winged Macaw, Blackish Rail, Chopi Blackbird, White-rumped Swallow, Creamy-bellied Thrush, Black-capped Donacobius, Wing-banded Hornero, Streamer-tailed Tyrant, Slaty-breasted Wood Rail, Chalk-browed Mockingbird, Yellow-bellied Elaenia, Scaly-headed Parrot and Toco Toucan.

We set off to our next stop some 10 minutes away and again started picking up plenty of birds including Rufous-headed Tanager, Short-crested Flycatcher, Black-goggled Tanager, Swallow Tanager, Ringed Kingfisher, Chestnut-vented Conebill, Planalto Tyrannulet, Glittering-bellied Emerald and Hooded Siskin. Further along the road we stopped again and had our first Guira Cuckoos of the trip followed by Variable Antshrike, Serra Antwren, Chivi Vireo, Red-legged Seriema, Streaked Xenops, Fork-tailed Flycatcher, Crested Caracara and White-tailed Hawk. Next up was our usual stop at a viewpoint where we picked up Crested-black Tyrant, Firewood Gatherer, Grassland Sparrow, Wedge-tailed Grassfinch and Tawny-headed Swallow.

We headed down into the little town of Duas Barras where we stopped for coffee and cake and then continued our journey towards a dirt track that would take us towards Sumidouro. This track turned out to be very productive as usual with several new species including Yellow-eared Woodpecker, White-eared Puffbird, Chestnut-capped Blackbird, Plumbeous Kite, White-browed Blackbird, White-necked Thrush, Yellow-browed Tyrant, White-bellied Seedeater, Cliff Flycatcher, Aplomado Falcon and Campo Flicker. We stopped for lunch and then headed back out onto the main road and drove directly to the Three-toed Jacamar site as dark clouds were building with the possibility of rain later on. The drive took us some 30 minutes and as we arrived at the Jacamar site the temperature peaked at 35 degrees centigrade! We quickly located a couple of Three-toed Jacamars and got some truly excellent views together with some Blue-winged Parrotlets and a pair of Double-collared Seedeaters. We then hopped back in the minibus and headed off to our last stop of the day.

This last stop didn't disappoint, we had a few targets and managed to pick all of them up, these were Curl-crested Jay, Black-necked Aracari, White-eyed Parakeet and Common Tody Flycatcher, we also picked up better views of Lesser Yellow-headed Vulture..... what an excellent end to a great days birding! We took the drive back to the lodge and as we left the last site it started to pour with rain so our timing could not have been any better! We arrived back at the lodge at 17.00 and met up again at 18.00 to complete the days checklist. We had seen a total of 109 species today!!

The rain slowly cleared up and it turned into a dry evening, but with quite a breeze - fingers crossed this would calm down for another great day's birding tomorrow!

Day 4

Monday 2nd December

Another breezy damp morning as we met up for breakfast and we were a little concerned as to whether we would be able to bird the Macae de Cima trail today. We departed the lodge just after 06.30 and as we drove towards the trail we could see the clouds getting darker! We arrived at the start of the trail and it was clear that it was going to be a real mixed bag of weather for the next few hours. In fact the whole day was a mixture of sun

and light showers, but to be honest this didn't really affect the birding as we ended up having a very productive day!

At our first stop we managed to use playback to pull in a nice male Tufted Antshrike that gave excellent views, we also got great views of a Rufous-browed Peppershrike and Chestnut-bellied Euphonia. We walked up the road a little and also got some nice views of Crested Oropendola and Graham spotted a perched Black Hawk Eagle that through the scope was stunning! We drove up the track some more and then walked a little and managed to get good views of Black and White Hawk Eagle, Rufous-thighed Kite, Blue Manakin and Rufous-crowned Greenlet. We drove on along the track and stopped at the Green-crowned Plovercrest lek, where there were several males around that gave us excellent views (see cover of the trip report)!

Further along the track we used some playback for Rufous-capped Antshrike and Hangnest Tody- Tyrant, both of which finally showed up and gave good views together with a male Glittering-bellied Emerald. We started dropping down into the next valley where the weather appeared to be much better, and here we picked up Black-capped Foliage Gleaner and a Rufous-breasted Leaf-tosser. We then found a nice area of native bamboo where we found White-shouldered Fire-eye, Spotted Bamboowren, Long-tailed Tyrant, Yellow Tyrannulet and Greenish Schiffornis.

We found a nice spot for lunch and about 10 minutes into lunch Collin shouted from the back of the bus that he had found a woodpecker with a red head, so we quickly mobilised ourselves and all had great views of a male Yellow-browed Woodpecker! This was followed shortly afterwards by a Lesser Woodcreeper and an Olivaceous Woodcreeper. After we finished lunch we took a short walk further down the road picking up great views of White-bibbed Antbird and Star-throated Antwren together with a sub-adult male Pin-tailed Manakin, Grey-hooded Attila and Eared Pygmy Tyrant!

The weather took a turn for the worse so we started heading back as we had several kilometres of dirt track to cover. We stopped along the way and got good views of Scale-throated Hermit, Surucua Trogon and a female Spot-billed Toucanet.

We drove a little further and stopped on a corner with a view over the valley and heard some Toucans calling in the distance. Upon scanning the trees we managed to locate two Channel-billed Toucans and after a lot of "fishing" for Saffron Toucanet Kevin said he had a large yellow bird in a tree..... as we turned around it dropped out and down into the valley, but after a little more playback we had fantastic views of four Saffron Toucanets!

The weather was still hit and miss as we stopped at our last site for the day where we saw Squirrel Cuckoo, Pale-vented Pigeon and another perched Black Hawk Eagle!

We reached the main road to Nova Friburgo just after 16.00 and arrived back at the lodge at 17.00, meeting up again for the daily checklist at 18.00 which was followed by dinner. As the weather was still cold and cloudy with light rain we postponed owling until the weather improved - fingers crossed for tomorrow!

Day 5

Tuesday 3rd December

It was another cloudy morning as we met up for breakfast. We departed the lodge as usual at 06.30 and set off for some high altitude birding at Pico da Caledonia. As we arrived at 1,700m in altitude the cloud was very low and quite thick and it remained this way for the rest of the day. However, this didn't stop us having an excellent day's birding! The first hour was fantastic with us seeing all but four of our target birds for the day! It was a continual run of new birds that included Thick-billed Saltator, Black and Gold Cotinga, Rufous-tailed Antbird, Serra do Mar Tyrant Manakin, Serra do Mar Tyrannulet, Diademed Tanager, Blue-billed Black-Tyrant, Mouse-coloured Tapaculo and Large-tailed Antshrike! We continued on up the track and into thicker cloud. We played some Grey-winged Cotinga and a bird flew in almost instantly but unfortunately didn't stay long enough to see it well - such a pity! We arrived at the security guards hut and signed ourselves in before making our way towards the 628 steps that lead up to the top of Pico da Caledonia.

By now the cloud was seriously thick but we continued on up the steps using playback for our main target, the Itatiaia Thistletail. We had a response from one that was some distance away but as there had been a recent fire there was not enough vegetation for the bird to come in any closer, so we continued on up and climbed another 200 or so steps, I used some playback again and we had an instant response..... the Thistletail was right in front of us.... good views for everyone although a little cloudy!

Happy with ourselves we turned around and started heading back down the mountain with several stops along the way trying to call in Grey-winged Cotinga but unfortunately to no avail.

We arrived back at the minibus at 13.30 and took a short drive to another spot where we spent the next hour scanning around, but no new species here.

All quite exhausted after our long walk up Caledonia we headed back to the lodge arriving at 16.00. We had some tea and cake before having a well-earned rest and then met up again at 18.00 for our daily checklist followed by dinner.

We had planned to go out owling this evening but it was another cold damp evening so there was very little chance of seeing anything. Hopefully tomorrow the weather would be on our side!

Day 6

Wednesday 4th December

Today we were to spend a full day in the Itororo Lodge grounds - a day we usually look forward to as to date we have recorded over 220 species within these grounds! Unfortunately the weather was very overcast with light rain as we met up for breakfast and by the time we set off onto the White Trail the cloud had got even lower and visibility was very bad indeed.

Prior to breakfast Mick had seen a Chestnut-headed Tanager and a Planalto Woodcreeper by the lodge so we tried some playback but without any response so we continued onto the White Trail. Birding was very slow all morning, although we did come across a nice mixed flock and managed to pick up Sepia-capped Flycatcher, Sharp-billed Treehunter, White-browed Foliage Gleaner and Black-throated Trogon, so not too bad!

We tried for several other species but by 10.00 there was nothing vocalising and nothing responding to playback at all so we headed off back to the lodge for a coffee. We set off out again at 10.30 and birded in close proximity to the lodge, we finally picked up excellent views of a male Chestnut-headed Tanager and better views of White-necked Thrush and Olivaceous Woodcreeper.

We had a very welcome lunch at 12.00 followed by a short break, meeting up again at 14.00 to go and bird the White Trail again in the hope that the weather would improve and we would manage to see some of the species we had missed earlier in the morning.

At 14.00 we set off again towards the White Trail. It was to be another quiet session but we did manage to pick up Rufous Gnateater, Drab-breasted Bamboo-Tyrant and White-throated Woodcreeper. We came across a nice mixed flock with Black-goggled Tanager, Olivaceous Woodcreeper, Crested Becard, Yellow-olive Flatbill and Buff-fronted Foliage Gleaner but come 17.00 the light was so poor due to the low cloud and drizzle that we headed back to the comfort of the lodge for more tea and cake!

We met up again at 18.30 for dinner followed by the daily checklist.

We had planned again to go owling this evening, but with nothing vocalising and with temperatures down to 10 degrees centigrade with light rain it would be very unproductive, so we retired for the evening.

Day 7

Thursday 5th December

We met up as usual for breakfast at 06.00 and at 06.30 Serginho arrived to take us to our next location for the last two nights of the tour. We said our goodbyes to Rainer and Bettina and set off at 07.00 for a 45 minute drive to the start of the Cedae Trail where we were to spend the rest of the morning birding before heading off to Regua, our next lodge. The weather was much the same as yesterday so we had everything crossed that it would be better over the other side of the mountains. As we dropped down over the mountain pass the weather was much clearer; although still quite cloudy we could at least see some blue sky! We arrived at the Cedae Trail just after 07.30 and started our morning's birding.

The Cedae Trail was very productive with plenty of new birds, the highlights of which were Spot-backed Antshrike, Streak-capped Antwren, Black-cheeked Gnateater, Red-necked Tanager, Green-headed Tanager, Tropical Parula, Ochre-breasted Foliage Gleaner, Blue-bellied Parrot, Orange-bellied Euphonia, Green Honeycreeper, Grey-hooded Flycatcher, Versicoloured Emerald, Black-throated Grosbeak and Plain Antvireo.

We left the Cedae Trail at 11.15 and when we were almost at Regua we made a quick stop to look at a couple of Whistling Herons, Black-bellied Whistling Duck, Brazilian Teal, Wattled Jacana and Purple Gallinule. We arrived at the Regua lodge by 12.15 and we soon unloaded the minibus and got the rooms sorted. Shortly afterwards we met up for lunch at 13.00, which was followed by a short break before setting off around the wetlands for the remainder of the afternoon. As we hadn't birded at this low altitude previously new birds came thick and fast and included Swallow-tailed Hummingbird, White-chinned Sapphire (for some), Greater Ani, Brazilian Tanager, Rufous-sided Crake, Neotropic Cormorant, Cocoli Heron, Boat-billed Heron, Striated Heron, Yellow-chinned Spinetail, Lesser swallow-tailed Swift, Rufous-breasted Hermit, Amazon Kingfisher, Sooretama Slaty Antshrike, White-bearded Manakin, Short-crested Flycatcher, White-headed Marsh Tyrant and Red-rumped Cacique.

We arrived back at the lodge at 17.00 just as rather large rain clouds were forming over the distant mountains. At 17.30 it started to rain with the thunder getting closer. We took a short break before meeting up again at 17.45 to go and look for Giant Snipe. Together with Adilei (one of the Regua guides) arrived we set off to look for Giant Snipe prior to dinner. As we were getting into the open-backed vehicle the heavens opened and it poured with rain, so we delayed departure for 10 minutes to see what the weather would do! Slowly the rain started to ease so we put on our waterproofs and set off for a 15 minute drive to the snipe spot where we arrived just in time some 15 minutes before dusk. The rain had once again eased and we set off across the field in hope of finding the Giant Snipe!

We started using playback and one flew away from us not showing particularly well. As it got slowly darker we continued with playback for a further 10 minutes and then suddenly one started calling in front of us, just a few metres away! Adilei quickly got the torch light onto it giving the whole group fantastic views of this beautiful bird! Mission accomplished! As we walked back across the field we also picked up good views of Pauraque in flight. We were almost back to the vehicle when we heard torrential rain coming our way, within minutes it had caught up with us and we had a rather damp journey back to the lodge arriving in time for quick showers followed by dinner - a great end to the day!

We had dinner followed by the daily checklist and then headed off to bed!

Day 8

Friday 6th December

Today we were to spend a full day around the Regua wetlands and in the lowland forest on the Brown and Sao Jose trails. After the heavy rains last night we were greeted by a very cloudy day, which to be honest was a blessing as it would keep the temperatures down. At breakfast Mick announced that he had already seen Rufescent Tiger Heron and a Buff-throated Saltator..... the early bird catches the worm!

After breakfast we set off down to the wetlands and took a right-hand turn onto the Brown Trail where we spent the remainder of the morning. Birding was good and we picked up several new species including White-flanked Antwren, Unicoloured Antwren, Rufous-winged Antwren, White-eyed Foliage Gleaner, Eye-ringed Tody Tyrant (after somewhat of a struggle to locate the bird!), Scaled Antbird, Crescent-chested Puffbird, Ochre-bellied Flycatcher, Rufous-capped Antthrush, Long-billed Wren, Moustached Wren, Chestnut-backed Antshrike and also got some good looks at species we had seen before including White-chinned Sapphire (new for some of the group), Brazilian Tanager, Lesser Woodcreeper, Olivaceous Woodcreeper and various other common wetland birds.

Once we got to almost the end of the Sao Jose Trail we turned around and re-traced our steps and then took a different path back around the wetlands back to the lodge. There was not much going on bird wise and it had started to drizzle a little but we did pick up another new bird, Flame-crested Tanager. We arrived back at the lodge at 11.45 and had a short break before lunch that was served at 12.30.

We set off again at 14.00 to continue birding around the wetlands. This time we did part of the Yellow Trail that leads around the back of the wetlands in a loop of some 3km. Unfortunately we had light to heavy rain all afternoon, which obviously affected the birding and it was quite slow going. We did however manage a few new species that included Yellow-lored Tody Flycatcher, Rufous-tailed Jacamar, Grey-necked Wood-Rail and

Rufescent Tiger Heron. We also came across one small mixed flock that included White-bearded Manakin, White-barred Piculet, White-flanked Antwren and Lesser Woodcreeper. We completed the circular walk and arrived back at the lodge just after 17.00. We had some time to shower etc and then met up again at 18.00 for the checklist followed shortly afterwards by dinner. The plan had been to go owling, but again, with cold damp weather and light rain it was highly unlikely that we would have had a successful trip out.

Day 9

Saturday 7th December

We awoke to our last morning in Brazil.... where had time gone, the week had flown by! We met up for breakfast at 06.00 as usual and at 06.30 we departed for a 20 minute drive to the start of the Waldonoor Trail. Birding was a little slow but we managed to get some good views of several new species! First up was Southern Antpiper that vocalised as we started to walk up the track! We got into position and started using some playback. Within a couple of minutes the bird came in and after some effort eventually showed well for the whole group.... a good start to the day! We continued up the track and soon picked up a Euler's Flycatcher, Yellow-fronted Woodpecker and had good views of Saw-billed Hermit. We arrived back at the pick-up point for our lift back to the lodge and had a good scan for raptors, it wasn't long before we picked up two Mantled Hawks flying in the distance..... what a great sight! We also saw several other species well including Variegated Flycatcher, Rufous-capped Motmot, Blond-crested Woodpecker, White-barred Piculet, Lesser Woodcreeper, Olivaceous Woodcreeper, Green-headed Tanager, Red-necked Tanager and Channel-billed Toucan!

We were collected from the trail at 11.30 and by 12.15 were back at the lodge where we completed our last checklist of the trip and then lunch was served at 13.00. We had a few free hours to enjoy the lodge gardens and to pack before Serginho arrived to take us back down to Rio at 16.30. We departed the lodge on time and had a brief stop along the track to locate a couple of Tropical Screech Owls, a nice bird to finish the trip with!

The journey down to Rio went smoothly and we arrived in good time to check in for our return flights home with British Airways.

Day 10

Sunday 8th December

Overnight flight arrived back in the UK

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Species Lists

Birds (✓=recorded but not counted; H = heard only)

	Common name	Scientific name	November/December							
			30	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	E = Endemic									
1	Brown Tinamou	<i>Crypturellus obsoletus</i>	✓				H		H	
2	Tataupa Tinamou	<i>Crypturellus tataupa</i>		H						
3	Dusky-legged Guan	<i>Penelope obscura</i>	4	2	4	3	5	3		
4	Spot-winged Wood Quail -E	<i>Odontophorus capueira</i>					H			
5	Black-bellied Whistling Duck	<i>Dendrocygna autumnalis</i>						4	3	
6	Brazilian Teal	<i>Amazonetta brasiliensis</i>						2		
7	Rufescent Tiger Heron	<i>Tigrisoma lineatum</i>								1
8	Boat-billed Heron	<i>Cochlearius cochlearius</i>						4	2	
9	Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>	1					1	✓	
10	Striated Heron	<i>Butorides striata</i>						2	✓	
11	Western Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	✓	✓				✓	✓	✓
12	Cocoi Heron	<i>Ardea cocoi</i>	1					1	2	
13	Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>	✓	1				2	1	1
14	Whistling Heron	<i>Syrigma sibilatrix</i>						2		
15	Snowy Egret	<i>Egretta thula</i>	1							
16	Magnificent Frigatebird	<i>Fregata magnificens</i>	✓							
17	Neotropic Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax brasilianus</i>						2	6	
18	Anhinga	<i>Anhinga anhinga</i>								1
19	Turkey Vulture	<i>Cathartes aura</i>		4				1	1	1
20	Lesser Yellow-headed Vulture	<i>Cathartes burrovianus</i>	1	1						
21	Black Vulture	<i>Coragyps atratus</i>	✓	✓	✓			✓	5	✓
22	Grey-headed Kite	<i>Leptodon cayanensis</i>								2
23	Swallow-tailed Kite	<i>Elanoides forficatus</i>					3			1
24	Black Hawk-Eagle	<i>Spizaetus tyrannus</i>			1					
25	Black-and-white Hawk-Eagle	<i>Spizaetus melanoleucus</i>			1					
26	Rufous-thighed Kite	<i>Harpagus diodon</i>			1					
27	Plumbeous Kite	<i>Ictinia plumbea</i>		1						
28	Savanna Hawk	<i>Buteogallus meridionalis</i>								1
29	Roadside Hawk	<i>Rupornis magnirostris</i>			1					1
30	White-tailed Hawk	<i>Geranoaetus albicaudatus</i>		2						
31	Mantled Hawk - E	<i>Pseudastur polionotus</i>								2
32	Red-legged Seriema	<i>Cariama cristata</i>		5						
33	Rufous-sided Crake	<i>Laterallus melanophaius</i>		H				2	H	
34	Grey-necked Wood Rail	<i>Aramides cajaneus</i>						H	2	
35	Slaty-breasted Wood Rail - E	<i>Aramides saracura</i>	2	4		2	4			
36	Blackish Rail	<i>Pardirallus nigricans</i>		1				H	H	
37	Purple Gallinule	<i>Porphyrio martinicus</i>						4	✓	
38	Common Gallinule	<i>Gallinula galeata</i>						✓	✓	
39	Southern Lapwing	<i>Vanellus chilensis</i>	✓	✓				2	2	4
40	Wattled Jacana	<i>Jacana jacana</i>						✓	✓	
41	Giant Snipe	<i>Gallinago undulata</i>						1		
42	Grey-headed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus cirrocephalus</i>	4							
43	Rock Dove	<i>Columba livia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓		
44	Picazuro Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas picazuro</i>	2	✓	✓	4	4	✓	5	3
45	Pale-vented Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas cayennensis</i>			2					
46	Plumbeous Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas plumbea</i>				H	H			
47	Ruddy Ground Dove	<i>Columbina talpacoti</i>	✓	✓				✓	✓	✓
48	Blue Ground Dove	<i>Claravis pretiosa</i>						H	H	
49	Grey-fronted Dove	<i>Leptotila rufaxilla</i>				1	1	2		

	Common name	Scientific name	November/December							
			30	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		E = Endemic								
50	White-eyed Parakeet	<i>Psittacara leucophthalmus</i>		✓		5				
51	Guira Cuckoo	<i>Guira guira</i>		✓				1		
52	Greater Ani	<i>Crotophaga major</i>						4	✓	
53	Smooth-billed Ani	<i>Crotophaga ani</i>	2	✓				✓	6	✓
54	Striped Cuckoo	<i>Tapera naevia</i>		H						
55	Squirrel Cuckoo	<i>Piaya cayana</i>			1			H		H
56	Tropical Screech Owl	<i>Megascops choliba</i>								2
57	Ferruginous Pygmy Owl	<i>Glaucidium brasilianum</i>		H					H	
58	Pauraque	<i>Nyctidromus albicollis</i>						2		
59	White-collared Swift	<i>Streptoprocne zonaris</i>	✓		✓		✓			✓
60	Grey-rumped Swift	<i>Chaetura cinereiventris</i>							✓	
61	Sick's Swift	<i>Chaetura meridionalis</i>	4	4	2			2	2	2
62	Lesser Swallow-tailed Swift	<i>Panyptila cayennensis</i>						2		
63	Saw-billed Hermit - E	<i>Ramphodon naevius</i>						H		2
64	Rufous-breasted Hermit	<i>Glaucis hirsutus</i>						1		1
65	Scale-throated Hermit - E	<i>Phaethornis eurynome</i>	1		1					
66	Swallow-tailed Hummingbird	<i>Eupetomena macroura</i>						2	2	2
67	Black Jacobin - E	<i>Florisuga fusca</i>	2	4	4	2	2	4	4	4
68	Green-crowned Plovercrest - E	<i>Stephanoxis lalandi</i>	1		4	1	1			
69	Glittering-bellied Emerald	<i>Chlorostilbon lucidus</i>		1	1					
70	Violet-capped Woodnymph - E	<i>Thalurania glaucopis</i>	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	2
71	White-chinned Sapphire	<i>Hylocharis cyanus</i>						1	2	
72	White-throated Hummingbird - E	<i>Leucochloris albicollis</i>	3	4	3	2	3	1		
73	Versicolored Emerald	<i>Amazilia versicolor</i>						1		
74	Brazilian Ruby - E	<i>Clytolaema rubricauda</i>	2	2	2	2	1			
75	Surucua Trogon	<i>Trogon surrucura</i>	2	H	2		H	1		1
76	Black-throated Trogon	<i>Trogon rufus</i>					1			
77	Green Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle americana</i>								1
78	Amazon Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle amazona</i>						2	2	
79	Ringed Kingfisher	<i>Megaceryle torquata</i>		1						2
80	Rufous-capped Motmot - E	<i>Baryphthengus ruficapillus</i>	2						H	2
81	Three-toed Jacamar - E	<i>Jacamaralcyon tridactyla</i>		3						
82	Yellow-billed Jacamar	<i>Galbula albirostris</i>								3
83	White-eared Puffbird	<i>Nystalus chacuru</i>		2						
84	Crescent-chested Puffbird - E	<i>Malacoptila striata</i>							1	2
85	Black-necked Aracari	<i>Pteroglossus aracari</i>		1						
86	Saffron Toucanet - E	<i>Pteroglossus bailloni</i>			4					
87	Spot-billed Toucanet - E	<i>Selenidera maculirostris</i>	1		1		H	H		
88	Channel-billed Toucan	<i>Ramphastos vitellinus</i>			2			H	1	4
89	Toco Toucan	<i>Ramphastos toco</i>		4						
90	White-barred Piculet	<i>Picumnus cirratus</i>						2	2	1
91	Yellow-fronted Woodpecker - E	<i>Melanerpes flavifrons</i>								4
92	Yellow-eared Woodpecker - E	<i>Veniliornis maculifrons</i>		1			H	1	1	
93	Yellow-browed Woodpecker - E	<i>Piculus aurulentus</i>			1					
94	Campo Flicker	<i>Colaptes campestris</i>		1		1				
95	Blond-crested Woodpecker	<i>Celeus flavescens</i>				1		2	H	1
96	Southern Crested Caracara	<i>Caracara plancus</i>		✓	✓			✓	3	4
97	Yellow-headed Caracara	<i>Milvago chimachima</i>		2				2	2	
98	Aplomado Falcon	<i>Falco femoralis</i>		1						
99	Plain Parakeet - E	<i>Brotogeris tirica</i>				2	2	H		2
100	Blue-bellied Parrot - E	<i>Triclaria malachitacea</i>						2		

	Common name	Scientific name	November/December								
			30	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
101	Scaly-headed Parrot	<i>Pionus maximiliani</i>		2							H
102	Orange-winged Amazon	<i>Amazona amazonica</i>	1								
103	Blue-winged Parrotlet	<i>Forpus xanthopterygius</i>		5						2	
104	Maroon-bellied Parakeet - E	<i>Pyrrhura frontalis</i>	✓	4	✓	2	2	✓	✓		
105	Blue-winged Macaw	<i>Primolius maracana</i>		6		2					
106	Band-tailed Hornero - E	<i>Furnarius figulus</i>		5				3	2	1	
107	Rufous Hornero	<i>Furnarius rufus</i>		✓						1	
108	Itatiaia Spinetail - E	<i>Asthenes moreirae</i>				1					
109	Rufous-capped Spinetail - E	<i>Synallaxis ruficapilla</i>	1		1		1				
110	Spix's Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis spixi</i>	1								
111	Pallid Spinetail - E	<i>Cranioleuca pallida</i>	1			4	1				
112	Yellow-chinned Spinetail	<i>Certhiaxis cinnamomeus</i>		2				2	2		
113	Orange-eyed Thornbird - E	<i>Phacellodomus erythrophthalmus</i>	2			H	H				
114	Firewood-Gatherer	<i>Anumbius annumbi</i>		1							
115	White-browed Foliage-Gleaner - E	<i>Anabacerthia amaurotis</i>					2				
116	Buff-browed Foliage-Gleaner	<i>Syndactyla rufosuperciliata</i>				1					
117	Ochre-breasted Foliage-Gleaner - E	<i>Philydor lichtensteini</i>						1			
118	Black-capped Foliage-Gleaner - E	<i>Philydor atricapillus</i>			2						
119	Buff-fronted Foliage-Gleaner	<i>Philydor rufum</i>	1	1	2		4	2			H
120	White-collared Foliage-Gleaner - E	<i>Anabazenops fuscus</i>	1				1				
121	White-eyed Foliage-Gleaner - E	<i>Automolus leucophthalmus</i>							1	1	
122	Rufous-breasted Leaf-tosser - E	<i>Sclerurus scansor</i>	H		2						
123	Sharp-tailed Streamcreeper	<i>Lochmias nematura</i>					1				H
124	Sharp-billed Treehunter - E	<i>Heliobletus contaminatus</i>					1				
125	Streaked Xenops	<i>Xenops rutilans</i>		2			1				2
126	Plain-winged Woodcreeper - E	<i>Dendrocincla turdina</i>									H
127	Olivaceous Woodcreeper	<i>Sittasomus griseicapillus</i>	1	1	2	1	2	4	1	2	
128	White-throated Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphocolaptes albicollis</i>					1				
129	Planalto Woodcreeper	<i>Dendrocolaptes platyrostris</i>					1				
130	Lesser Woodcreeper - E	<i>Xiphorhynchus fuscus</i>	1		1	1	1		1	2	
131	Scaled Woodcreeper - E	<i>Lepidocolaptes squamatus</i>		1			2				
132	Black-billed Scythebill - E	<i>Campylorhamphus falcularius</i>					H				
133	Spot-backed Antshrike - E	<i>Hypoedaleus guttatus</i>						1			
134	Giant Antshrike	<i>Batara cinerea</i>			H						
135	Large-tailed Antshrike - E	<i>Mackenziaena leachii</i>				1					
136	Tufted Antshrike - E	<i>Mackenziaena severa</i>			1						
137	Chestnut-backed Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus palliatus</i>						H	3		
138	Sooretama Slaty Antshrike - E	<i>Thamnophilus ambiguus</i>						1	2		
139	Variable Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus caerulescens</i>	1	2		H	1				
140	Rufous-capped Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus ruficapillus</i>			1						
141	Spot-breasted Antwren - E	<i>Dysithamnus stictothorax</i>						H			
142	Plain Antwren	<i>Dysithamnus mentalis</i>						1			
143	Rufous-backed Antwren - E	<i>Dysithamnus xanthopterus</i>	H			1					
144	Star-throated Antwren - E	<i>Rhopias gularis</i>			1			H			
145	Silvery-flanked Antwren - E	<i>Myrmotherula luctuosa</i>							4		
146	Unicolored Antwren - E	<i>Myrmotherula unicolor</i>							1		
147	Rufous-winged Antwren	<i>Herpsilochmus rufimarginatus</i>							1		
148	Serra Antwren - E	<i>Formicivora serrana</i>		1							
149	Bertoni's Antbird - E	<i>Drymophila rubricollis</i>	1		H		H				
150	Rufous-tailed Antbird - E	<i>Drymophila genei</i>				1					
151	Ochre-rumped Antbird - E	<i>Drymophila ochropyga</i>					1				

	E = Endemic		November/December							
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152	Scaled Antbird - E	<i>Dryophila squamata</i>							2	
153	Streak-capped Antwren - E	<i>Terenura maculata</i>						1	1	
154	White-shouldered Fire-Eye - E	<i>Pyriglena leucoptera</i>			2		1			
155	White-bibbed Antbird - E	<i>Myrmeciza loricata</i>			1					
156	Rufous-capped Antthrush	<i>Formicarius colma</i>							1	
157	Cryptic Antthrush - E	<i>Chamaeza meruloides</i>			H		H			
158	Rufous-tailed Antthrush - E	<i>Chamaeza ruficauda</i>	1			H				
159	Variegated Antpitta	<i>Grallaria varia</i>	1							
160	Rufous Gnateater - E	<i>Conopophaga lineata</i>				H	1			
161	Black-cheeked Gnateater - E	<i>Conopophaga melanops</i>						1	H	H
162	Spotted Bamboowren - E	<i>Psilorhamphus guttatus</i>			1					
163	Mouse-colored Tapaculo - E	<i>Scytalopus speluncae</i>				1				
164	Planalto Tyrannulet	<i>Phyllomyias fasciatus</i>	1	1	2					
165	Rough-legged Tyrannulet	<i>Phyllomyias burmeisteri</i>			1					
166	Yellow-crowned Elaenia	<i>Myiopagis flavivertex</i>		2						
167	Olivaceous Elaenia	<i>Elaenia mesoleuca</i>	1			1				
168	White-crested Tyrannulet	<i>Serpophaga subcristata</i>		1						
169	Yellow Tyrannulet	<i>Capsiempis flaveola</i>			2				1	
170	Southern Antpipit	<i>Corythopsis delalandi</i>								1
171	Mottle-cheeked Tyrannulet	<i>Phylloscartes ventralis</i>				1				
172	Oustalet's Tyrannulet - E	<i>Phylloscartes oustaleti</i>								
173	Serra Do Mar Tyrannulet - E	<i>Phylloscartes difficilis</i>				1				
174	Ochre-bellied Flycatcher	<i>Mionectes oleagineus</i>							1	
175	Grey-hooded Flycatcher	<i>Mionectes rufiventris</i>						1		1
176	Sepia-capped Flycatcher	<i>Leptopogon amaurocephalus</i>					2	1	H	
177	Drab-breasted Bamboo Tyrant - E	<i>Hemitriccus diops</i>			H		2			
178	Eye-ringed Tody-Tyrant - E	<i>Hemitriccus orbitatus</i>							1	H
179	Hangnest Tody-Tyrant - E	<i>Hemitriccus nidipendulus</i>		H	1					
180	Eared Pygmy Tyrant - E	<i>Myiornis auricularis</i>			1					
181	Ochre-faced Tody-Flycatcher	<i>Poecilatriccus plumbeiceps</i>	2							
182	Yellow-lored Tody-Flycatcher - E	<i>Todirostrum poliocephalum</i>						H	2	
183	Common Tody-Flycatcher	<i>Todirostrum cinereum</i>		1						
184	Yellow-olive Flatbill	<i>Tolmomyias sulphurescens</i>		2			1			
185	White-throated Spadebill	<i>Platyrinchus mystaceus</i>								1
186	Cliff Flycatcher	<i>Hirundinea ferruginea</i>	1	2						1
187	Euler's Flycatcher	<i>Lathrotriccus euleri</i>								1
188	Tropical Pewee	<i>Contopus cinereus</i>			1					
189	Blue-billed Black Tyrant	<i>Knipolegus cyanirostris</i>				2				
190	Crested Black Tyrant	<i>Knipolegus lophotes</i>		2						
191	Yellow-browed Tyrant	<i>Satrapa icterophrys</i>		3						
192	White-rumped Monjita	<i>Xolmis velatus</i>		1						
193	Streamer-tailed Tyrant	<i>Gubernetes yetapa</i>		1						
194	Masked Water Tyrant	<i>Fluvicola nengeta</i>	1	✓				✓	✓	2
195	White-headed Marsh Tyrant	<i>Arundinicola leucocephala</i>						2	2	
196	Long-tailed Tyrant	<i>Colonia colonus</i>			2					
197	Cattle Tyrant	<i>Machetornis rixosa</i>		2					2	2
198	Piratic Flycatcher	<i>Legatus leucophaeus</i>	2	1		1		H		2
199	Rusty-margined Flycatcher	<i>Myiozetetes cayanensis</i>								
200	Social Flycatcher	<i>Myiozetetes similis</i>		1				4	5	3
201	Great Kiskadee	<i>Pitangus sulphuratus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
202	Lesser Kiskadee	<i>Philohydor lictor</i>								

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203	Streaked Flycatcher	<i>Myiodynastes maculatus</i>		1		1	1			
204	Boat-billed Flycatcher	<i>Megarynchus pitangua</i>			1				2	3
205	Variiegated Flycatcher	<i>Empidonomus varius</i>								1
206	Tropical Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus melancholicus</i>	2	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
207	Fork-tailed Flycatcher	<i>Tyrannus savana</i>		4						
208	Short-crested Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus ferox</i>		2				1		
209	Grey-hooded Attila - E	<i>Attila rufus</i>			1			H		H
210	Bare-throated Bellbird - E	<i>Procnias nudicollis</i>	1	H	2	H	H			
211	Black-and-gold Cotinga - E	<i>Tijuca atra</i>				4				
212	Grey-winged Cotinga - E	<i>Tijuca condita</i>				H				
213	Saffron-crested Tyrant-Manakin - E	<i>Neopelma chrysocephalum</i>				2				
214	Pin-tailed Manakin - E	<i>Ilicura militaris</i>	1		2		H			
215	White-bearded Manakin	<i>Manacus manacus</i>						2	5	
216	Blue Manakin - E	<i>Chiroxiphia caudata</i>	3	H	3		2	H		H
217	Black-tailed Myiobius	<i>Myiobius atricaudus</i>							2	
218	Greenish Schiffornis - E	<i>Schiffornis virescens</i>			1					
219	Green-backed Becard	<i>Pachyramphus viridis</i>	1			1				
220	Chestnut-crowned Becard	<i>Pachyramphus castaneus</i>	2	4	2	2	2	2		4
221	White-winged Becard	<i>Pachyramphus polychopterus</i>	1		1					
222	Black-capped Becard	<i>Pachyramphus marginatus</i>								1
223	Crested Becard	<i>Pachyramphus validus</i>	1	1		1	2		H	
224	Rufous-browed Peppershrike	<i>Cyclarhis gujanensis</i>	H		1		1			
225	Red-eyed Vireo	<i>Vireo olivaceus</i>		2				1		5
226	Rufous-crowned Greenlet - E	<i>Hylophilus poicilotis</i>			2	1				
227	Lemon-chested Greenlet	<i>Hylophilus thoracicus</i>							H	
228	Curl-crested Jay	<i>Cyanocorax cristatellus</i>		1						
229	White-rumped Swallow	<i>Tachycineta leucorrhoa</i>		2						
230	Brown-chested Martin	<i>Progne tapera</i>		✓						
231	Blue-and-white Swallow	<i>Notiochelidon cyanoleuca</i>	1		4	2			✓	
232	Southern Rough-winged Swallow	<i>Stelgidopteryx ruficollis</i>		✓				✓	✓	✓
233	Tawny-headed Swallow	<i>Alopochelidon fucata</i>		1						
234	Black-capped Donacobius	<i>Donacobius atricapilla</i>		3						
235	Moustached Wren	<i>Pheugopedius genibarbis</i>							2	
236	Long-billed Wren - E	<i>Cantorchilus longirostris</i>							1	
237	House Wren	<i>Troglodytes aedon</i>	2	2	1	1	2	1		2
238	Chalk-browed Mockingbird	<i>Mimus saturninus</i>		✓						
239	Yellow-legged Thrush	<i>Turdus flavipes</i>	3			2	3			
240	Rufous-bellied Thrush	<i>Turdus rufiventris</i>	✓	3	✓	✓	✓	✓		
241	Pale-breasted Thrush	<i>Turdus leucomelas</i>	2	2		2	3	2	2	
242	Creamy-bellied Thrush	<i>Turdus amaurochalinus</i>		3		2				
243	White-necked Thrush	<i>Turdus albicollis</i>		1			1			
244	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	✓	✓		✓				1
245	Common Waxbill	<i>Estrilda astrild</i>		4						
246	Hooded Siskin	<i>Spinus magellanicus</i>		2						
247	Violaceous Euphonia	<i>Euphonia violacea</i>						3	2	1
248	Orange-bellied Euphonia	<i>Euphonia xanthogaster</i>						2		2
249	Chestnut-bellied Euphonia - E	<i>Euphonia pectoralis</i>			1					
250	Tropical Parula	<i>Setophaga pitiayumi</i>						1		
251	White-rimmed Warbler - E	<i>Myiothlypis leucoblephara</i>	1		H					
252	Golden-crowned Warbler	<i>Basileuterus culicivorus</i>	3	1	2		2	2		
253	Crested Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius decumanus</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓		

	Common name	Scientific name	November/December							
			30	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	E = Endemic									
254	Red-rumped Cacique	<i>Cacicus haemorrhous</i>		2				✓	✓	✓
255	Giant Cowbird	<i>Molothrus oryzivorus</i>		3						
256	Shiny Cowbird	<i>Molothrus bonariensis</i>	2	✓	2		2	2		
257	Chopi Blackbird	<i>Gnorimopsar chopi</i>		✓						
258	Chestnut-capped Blackbird	<i>Chrysomus ruficapillus</i>		6				✓	✓	
259	White-browed Blackbird	<i>Sturnella superciliaris</i>		1						
260	Bananaquit	<i>Coereba flaveola</i>	✓	4	2	2	2	2	2	1
261	Rufous-collared Sparrow	<i>Zonotrichia capensis</i>	✓	2	✓	✓	✓	4		
262	Grassland Sparrow	<i>Ammodramus humeralis</i>		2						
263	Half-collared Sparrow - E	<i>Arremon semitorquatus</i>	1				1			
264	Magpie Tanager	<i>Cissopis leverianus</i>	4	2	2	4	2	2		
265	Hooded Tanager	<i>Nemosia pileata</i>								1
266	Chestnut-headed Tanager - E	<i>Pyrrhocomma ruficeps</i>					1			
267	Black-goggled Tanager	<i>Trichothraupis melanops</i>		1			3			
268	Flame-crested Tanager	<i>Tachyphonus cristatus</i>								2
269	Ruby-crowned Tanager - E	<i>Tachyphonus coronatus</i>	✓	4	✓	4	✓	4		
270	Brazilian Tanager - E	<i>Ramphocelus bresilius</i>						3	5	
271	Sayaca Tanager	<i>Thraupis sayaca</i>	2	✓	4	2	2	2	1	1
272	Azure-shouldered Tanager - E	<i>Thraupis cyanoptera</i>	2		2	2	2	2		
273	Golden-chevroned Tanager - E	<i>Thraupis ornata</i>	✓		✓	✓	6	4		
274	Palm Tanager	<i>Thraupis palmarum</i>	1	1			1			1
275	Diademed Tanager	<i>Stephanophorus diadematus</i>				✓				
276	Green-headed Tanager - E	<i>Tangara seledon</i>						4	2	✓
277	Red-necked Tanager - E	<i>Tangara cyanocephala</i>						✓		2
278	Brassy-breasted Tanager - E	<i>Tangara desmaresti</i>	✓		✓	✓	4			
279	Gilt-edged Tanager - E	<i>Tangara cyanoventris</i>	1	4		2	1			
280	Burnished-buff Tanager	<i>Tangara cayana</i>	2	2	2	4	2	2		
281	Swallow Tanager	<i>Tersina viridis</i>		1						
282	Blue Dacnis	<i>Dacnis cayana</i>	1	3			2	4	✓	✓
283	Green Honeycreeper	<i>Chlorophanes spiza</i>						2		
284	Rufous-headed Tanager - E	<i>Hemithraupis ruficapilla</i>		2			2	1		
285	Yellow-backed Tanager	<i>Hemithraupis flavicollis</i>								4
286	Chestnut-vented Conebill	<i>Conirostrum speciosum</i>		2						
287	Bay-chested Warbling Finch - E	<i>Poospiza thoracica</i>				3				
288	Saffron Finch	<i>Sicalis flaveola</i>	2	✓				4	2	✓
289	Wedge-tailed Grass Finch	<i>Emberizoides herbicola</i>		1						
290	Blue-black Grassquit	<i>Volatinia jacarina</i>		5						
291	Double-collared Seedeater	<i>Sporophila caeruleascens</i>		4	1			1		
292	White-bellied Seedeater	<i>Sporophila leucoptera</i>		1						
293	Tooth-billed Tanager	<i>Piranga lutea</i>			1					
294	Red-crowned Ant Tanager	<i>Habia rubica</i>						4	H	4
295	Black-throated Grosbeak - E	<i>Saltator fuliginosus</i>						1		
296	Buff-throated Saltator	<i>Saltator maximus</i>								1
297	Green-winged Saltator	<i>Saltator similis</i>	2		1		1			
298	Thick-billed Saltator - E	<i>Saltator maxillosus</i>				2				

Other Species

1	White-tufted-eared Marmoset	<i>Callithrix aurita</i>	6					✓	✓	
2	Capybara	<i>Hydrochoerus hydrochaeris</i>						✓	✓	
3	Broad-snouted Caiman	<i>Caiman latirostris</i>						1	4	
4	Brazilian Tapir	<i>Tapirus terrestris</i>						1	2	