

# The Best of Brazil's Atlantic Rainforest

Naturetrek Tour Report

4th – 12th March 2022



Giant Snipe



The beautiful Itororo lodge



Blue Manakin on the Theodoro Trail



Dusky-legged Guans on the Itororo lodge feeders

Tour report and images by Andy Foster



Naturetrek

Mingledown Barn

Wolf's Lane

Chawton

Alton

Hampshire

GU34 3HJ

UK

T: +44 (0)1962 733051

E: [info@naturetrek.co.uk](mailto:info@naturetrek.co.uk)

W: [www.naturetrek.co.uk](http://www.naturetrek.co.uk)



## Day 1

Friday 4th March

The last Naturetrek tour to visit Itororo Lodge was back at the end of January 2020, just prior to the arrival of Covid that put all tours on hold for two years. To say it felt great to be returning to Itororo Lodge after such a long absence would be a serious understatement! What a wonderful occasion!

With Covid tests taken and the completion of some simple pre-departure information for the Brazilian authorities the group took a flight from London Heathrow with British Airways, arriving into Rio at 20.30 on Friday evening. After an uneventful flight the group transferred straight to the Linx Hotel just a short distance from the International airport where they spent the night.

## Day 2

Saturday 5th March

There was some early morning birding around the hotel grounds that produced Rufous Hornero, Glittering-bellied Emerald, Squirrel Cuckoo, Swallow-tailed Hummingbird, Orange-winged Amazon, Pale-breasted Thrush, Purple-throated Euphonia and Violaceous Euphonia. Breakfast was taken at the hotel and at 07.00 Carlos (our driver for the week) arrived, loaded up the bags and set off out of Rio de Janeiro around the edge of Guanabara Bay and towards Itororo Lodge which was 2.5 hour's drive away.

On the journey up several species were seen including Black-crowned Night Heron, Striated Heron, Little Blue Heron, Snowy Egret, 100's of Magnificent Frigatebirds floating above the bay, Brown Booby, Neotropic Cormorant, Smooth-billed Ani, Picazuro Pigeon, Toco Toucan (!), Southern-crested Caracara, Yellow-headed Caracara, American Kestrel and several other common species.

The group arrived at the lodge at 09.30 and were greeted by Andy Foster (the guide for the week) and brother and sister team Rainer and Bettina who own and run Itororo Lodge. We soon had all the bags unloaded and after introductions and a short tour briefing, the birding begun!

Although quite hot, we had a productive couple of hours seeing White-tailed Hawk, Zone-tailed Hawk, Black Jacobin, Scale-throated Hermit, Violet-capped Woodnymph, White-throated Hummingbird, Brazilian Ruby, Plain Parakeet, Buff-fronted Foliage Gleaner, Rufous-crowned Greenlet, Mottle-cheeked Tyrannulet, some very distant Shear-tailed Grey Tyrants, Boat-billed Flycatcher, Golden-chevroned Tanager, Ruby-crowned Tanager and Swallow Tanager.

I suddenly heard some very distant Saffron Toucanets calling and after some playback we managed to entice one closer that gave some really good views, but unfortunately didn't stay around for too long, but what a bird!

A delicious lunch was served at 13.00 followed by a short break when we met up again just before 15.00 for tea, coffee and cake before setting off towards the White Trail in the Itororo lodge grounds for the rest of the afternoon.

It was still pretty warm so birding was a little slow for the first half hour, although we did get fantastic views of some Brassy-breasted Tanagers! The activity started to pick up with Drab-breasted Bamboo-tyrant, both Bertonis and Ochre-rumped Antbirds put on a good show, Rufous Gnateater and great views of a male Variable

Antshrike, Serra do Mar Tyrant Manakin, White-rimmed Warbler and Golden-crowned Warbler. It was now starting to get much cooler as the sun dropped down behind the distant mountains and we had a sudden flurry of activity with Planalto Woodcreeper, White-throated Woodcreeper and the icing on the cake, a couple of Black-billed Scythebills! Other birds of note for the afternoon included Ochre-faced Tody Flycatcher and a stunning male Rufous-headed Tanager.

We arrived back at the lodge just after 18.00 and met up again at 18.30 for dinner followed by the daily checklist. Exhausted after a long day of travelling the day before, everyone retired early.

## Day 3

## Sunday 6th March

The group met up for some pre-breakfast birding with breakfast being served at 06.00. Carlos turned up shortly afterwards and by 06.30 we were ready for departure. As we were getting ready to board the minibus a mixed flock started to come through the trees above the lodge. Suddenly, there were birds everywhere and for the next 30 minutes it was mayhem! The highlight was undoubtedly a Swallow Cotinga that Nathaniel and Kevin spotted, a fantastic bird that sat long enough for the group to get stunning scope views! Other highlights included Yellow-eared Woodpecker, White-shouldered Fire-eye (for Mike and Geoff), Spix's Spinetail, Pallid Spinetail, Planalto Tyrannulet, Scaled Woodcreeper, Burnished-buff Tanager, Azure-shouldered Tanager, Black-goggled Tanager, Rufous-browed Peppershrike and Blue Dacnis. What a great start to the day!

So, our first full day away from the lodge as we set off for some open country birding around Duas Barras and Sumidouro. After our delayed departure we arrived at our first stop and as usual this was very productive. We were soon picking up many new species that included White-eyed Parakeet, Slaty-breasted Wood Rail, Common Thornbird, a couple of stunning Blue-winged Macaws, Campo Flicker (spotted by Andrew), Blue-black Grassquit, Roadside Hawk and a couple of Wing-banded Horneros.

We drove on towards our second stop of the day which was equally productive. I decided to use some Ferruginous Pygmy Owl playback to see what we could entice in, it turned out to be pretty productive as we had some excellent views of our first Gilt-edged Tanagers of the trip, which were shortly joined by a Streaked Xenops, Chestnut-vented Conebill, followed by excellent views of a female White-barred Piculet. At our next stop we were soon onto a couple of Streamer-tailed Tyrants, Hangnest Tody Tyrant, Yellow-lored Tody Flycatcher, Blue-winged Parrotlet, Chesnut-capped Blackbird and after a lot of effort, a Serra Antwren. It was nearing 10.30 as we pulled up at a spectacular view point where we picked up Firewood Gatherer, Crested-black Tyrant, Lesser Yellow-headed Vulture and a Black- and-White Hawk Eagle.

We stopped briefly at a bakery for some coffee and cake and to use their facilities before heading onto a dirt track that would take us through to Sumidouro. With several stops along this track over the next couple of hours we picked up lots of new species; highlights included Guira Cuckoo, Grey-rumped Swift, White-eared Puffbird, Planalto Hermit, Savanna Hawk, Plain Antvireo, Surucua Trogon, Glittering-bellied Emerald, Yellow-rumped Marshbird, White-bellied Seedeater, Donacobius, Grassland Yellow-finch, Tawny-headed Swallow, Long-tailed Tyrant and Crescent-chested Puffbird.

After lunch, we continued our journey towards Sumidouro where our main target for the day (Three-toed Jacamar) can be found. As we arrived at the spot, the temperature was in the low to mid thirty degrees

centigrade; it was certainly warm to say the least! We had a good scan for the Jacamars but with no luck we used a little playback and within seconds we had a response and minutes later were having wonderful views of these six-toed endemics!

Having got great looks and photos of the Jacamars, we set off, retracing our steps back towards Nova Friburgo, stopping en-route for some refreshments and a toilet break. We had one more stop where after a couple of minutes our targets were nailed as three Black-necked Aracaris sat up in a distant tree providing great scope views, this was followed by a White-rumped Monjita.

After a journey of around 90 minutes, we arrived back at the lodge just before 18.00, showered and met up for dinner at 18.30. As we congregated on the decking area overlooking the distant mountains, we were suddenly aware of a Short-tailed Nighthawk overhead, with a bit of mimicry of its whistle, we had several flypasts, providing us all with wonderful views. Dinner was followed by the daily checklist, after which we set off to try and find the resident Rusty-barred Owl, but unfortunately to no avail, we would have to try again another evening.

What a fantastic days birding, seeing over 110 species!

## Day 4

## Monday 7th March

After a good nights rest, we met up once again for some pre-breakfast birding followed by breakfast at 06.00.

The day started well with Orange-eyed Thornbird, White-tipped Dove, White-shouldered Fire-eye, female Pin-tailed Manakin and Scale-throated Hermit in front of the lodge! As we drove down the access road from the lodge I heard a Half-collared Sparrow calling, after a quick stop, Half-collared Sparrow and Tropical Pewee had both given great views!

We continued on our journey towards Macae de Cima where we were to spend the rest of the day birding. Macae de Cima is an excellent area of forest within the Tres Picos State Park with a dirt track running through the middle of it, providing perfect birding conditions.

After a slow start and as the sun broke through some light cloud, activity finally picked up and it wasn't long before we were seeing plenty of new birds. We soon had good views of a sub-adult male Blue Manakin, Greenish Schiffornis, Rufous-capped Spinetail, Sharp-tailed Streamcreeper and a Dusky-tailed Antbird, all in a period of about 20 minutes! We continued on up the track as the weather continued to improve together with an increasing amount of bird activity. Next up was a stunning male Green-crowned Plovercrest, Sharp-billed Treehunter and a Plain Antvireo. We drove on for another 15 minutes and pulled up next to a wonderful stand of native bamboo and some truly stunning rain forest.

After some effort we finally managed to call in a White-collared Foliage Gleaner followed by an amazing male White-bearded Antshrike, such a cool bird! Next up we had several White-collared Swifts overhead, Black-goggled Tanager and 3 Yellow Tyrannulets that responded incredibly well to playback!

It was now nearing lunch time, so we took a drive for a further 15 minutes and parked up in a nice shaded area and ate our packed lunch. It wasn't long before the bird activity started again, cutting our lunch break short as we were soon looking at an exciting mixed flock that included Chestnut-crowned Becard, White-collared Foliage

Gleaner, White-barred Piculet, Lesser Woodcreeper, Rufous-breasted Leaf-tosser, fantastic views of a White-bibbed Antbird, Surucua Trogon, Rufous-browed Peppershrike (that had Geoff jumping for joy!), White-throated Woodcreeper and White-winged Becard. It was difficult to know where to look, there was so much activity! It was nearing 16.00 as we retraced our steps back out towards the main road, making a stop along the way in search of a couple of birds we had missed earlier in the day.

At one of these spots I started some playback for Rufous-capped Antshrike and within a few minutes we had a response and slowly but surely, the male Antshrike showed nicely for the whole group. We continued down the track and started using playback for Large-tailed Antshrike but had no response. We walked on whilst Lyn kindly offered to wander back to the minibus and ask the driver to come down to meet us. It was sheer luck that Lyn offered to do this, as shortly afterwards I heard a Large-tailed Antshrike calling. We continued down the road and after a short while it sounded as if the bird was indeed coming in. With a distant Antshrike still calling, suddenly a male Large-tailed Antshrike hopped up right in front of us..... my first response was a little uncontrollable... \*&%\*!! My second was to get the rest of the group on this truly amazing bird, what a fantastic way to end a great day's birding, with Phil being happier than a hummingbird at a freshly filled nectar feeder as this was his number one bird on his trip wish list (see front cover for proof)!

We arrived back at the lodge around 17.30 and met up for dinner at 18.30 followed by our daily checklist.

## Day 5

## Tuesday 8th March

Another beautifully clear morning as we met for the pre-breakfast birding club (!) at 05.30. We managed a couple of new species, Cliff Flycatcher and Grey-capped Tyrannulet.

As usual, breakfast was served at 06.00 and by 06.30 we were heading off with our trusty driver Carlos towards Pico de Caledonia for a day of high altitude birding. The weather was once again in our favour today and by 07.30 we were parked up at around 1700m in altitude and setting off on foot towards the peak! Today's birding is all about quality, not quantity, with a handful of high altitude endemics to be found at this wonderful location.

Our first new bird was a female Blue-billed black Tyrant, followed shortly afterwards by a rather uncooperative Serra do Mar Tyrannulet. Having told the group this bird would come in low, what did it do - head straight up into the canopy! As we made our way up the steep track, our next new bird was a Rufous-backed Antvireo and whilst looking at this Atlantic forest endemic we heard a Grey-winged Cotinga call very close by, so we quickly moved away from the Antvireo and played some call of the Cotinga. Unfortunately, the Cotinga was not interested so we continued on up the track, coming across a beautiful male Rufous-tailed Antbird and a small flock of Bay-chested Warbling Finches.

As the track got slowly steeper, our walking paced slowed down, which was just as well as the more we stopped to catch our breath, the more birds we found, including a nice family party of six Swallow-tailed Cotingas! Next up was a stunning male Green-crowned Plovercrest followed shortly afterwards by two Mouse-coloured Tapaculos and a couple of Diademed Tanagers, which at first glance looked rather dull, until they moved into better light and almost glowed with their bright blue colouration!

We finally made it to the clear grass area which gives us a wonderful view across the surrounding forest and out towards Nova Friburgo. This is the perfect vantage point to scan for both Grey-winged and Black-and-Gold

Cotingas. After much scanning and some playback we had several distant responses from Grey-winged Cotinga, but despite lots of effort, couldn't locate one. We made our way towards the 625 steps that would lead us all the way to the top of the peak and our next target, the localised and endemic Itatiaia Thistletail. Thankfully, some thin cloud had now blown in which was perfect timing as we had come out of the cover of the trees. Our next new bird of the day took me by surprise, a female Amethyst Woodstar! This was the first time in twenty years I had seen this species so high in altitude, amazing! Nathaniel then spotted a Black-hawk Eagle heading towards us, which gave the group wonderful views.

Arriving around half way up the steps we finally had a short response to playback from a Thistletail, but alas, it didn't stick around long enough for us to see it well enough. Disappointed, we continued on up and after much effort, finally got a response from another Thistletail, this time with much better results, and after a lot of effort and good team work, we finally located it with everyone getting good views...phew!

Mike H and Andrew decided to continue up to the top of the peak whilst the rest of the group headed back down to look for both Grey-winged and Black-and-Gold Cotinga. We finally managed to locate two Black-and-Gold Cotingas that gave good scope views, but despite much effort, no Grey-winged Cotinga.

We made it back to the minibus around 15.30 and took a short drive to another nearby spot where we picked up several more species that included Campo Flicker, Green-backed Becard, Variegated Flycatcher, Green-winged Saltator, Hooded Siskin, Slaty-breasted Wood Rail, Hepatic Tanager and a very cooperative White-crested Tyrannulet.

Feeling quite tired after a good walk, we headed back to the lodge just after 16.00. As we neared the lodge, we came across a good mixed flock which included Magpie Tanager, Swallow Tanager, Yellow-eared Woodpecker, Double-collared Seedeater, Chivi Vireo and a distant Crested Oropendola, a great end to a great days birding! We had time for showers before meeting up for dinner at 18.30, which was followed by our daily checklist, where Mike D announced that we had seen a grand total of 74 species during the day!

## Day 6

## Wednesday 9th March

Another beautiful morning greeted us as we met up for the pre-breakfast birding club. We managed to get Geoff his Grey-capped Tyrannulet he had missed yesterday and also got good views of Squirrel Cuckoo, Grey-fronted Dove, Swallow Tanager and Slaty-breasted Wood Rail.

Breakfast was served at 06.00 and by 06.30 we had all congregated on the decking area to start our mornings birding as we were to spend a full day around the lodge and surrounding forest and trails. As usual there was a lot of bird activity around the lodge and it wasn't long before we started to add new species including Maroon-bellied Parakeet, Sombre Hummingbird, Rough-legged Tyrannulet, Fawn-breasted Tanager (spotted by Phil) and Yellow-browed Woodpecker, not a bad start! We also had good views of Swallow-tailed Cotinga, Pallid Spinetail, Rufous-browed Peppershrike, Chestnut-crowned Becard and a family of Dusky-legged Guans. In total we recorded 41 species around the lodge in a hour after breakfast!

Just after 07.30 we set off for a mornings walk around the Blue Trail which is located at the back of the lodge. This is a circular trail that leads around the back of the lodge through some fantastic forest, then passes by the

pond and back around to the lodge. Birding was slow but we did manage to pick up good views of a White-throated Woodcreeper, Surucua Trogon and also heard a Grey-bellied Spinetail that refused to come in to playback. We continued along the trail and soon picked up White-necked Thrush, Rufous-capped Motmot and a distant Black and White Hawk Eagle. Further on as I was "fishing" for various species using playback, we eventually got a response from a White-breasted Tapaculo, that after a little effort showed very well (for a tapaculo at least)! We joined the Yellow trail and then headed onto the Green Trail where we got exceptionally close to some Spot-winged Wood Quail, but unfortunately not close enough. We also heard a Such's Antthrush that eventually flew through in front of us and also heard a distant Tataupa Tinamou. But the icing on the cake was a family of Spot-billed Toucanets that Kevin spotted after some playback.

A delicious lunch was served at the lodge at 13.00, followed by a small break. We met up again at 14.45, had some tea, coffee and cake and set off for an afternoons birding along the White Trail.

The afternoon turned out to be very slow bird wise, although it did start off very well with exceptional views of Bertoni's Antbird followed by no less than four Spot-billed Toucanets at close range, which was a good upgrade on the mornings sighting. This was followed by a Squirrel Cuckoo and Surucua Trogon. Our next target was Variegated Antpitta and Such's Antthrush, but despite a LOT of effort, the Antpitta was only seen by one of the group and the Antthrush by another member of the group, a very frustrating outcome as both species had been calling so very close to us.

We arrived back at the lodge at 18.00 and dinner was served at 18.30, followed by the checklist.

Being our last night at Itororo we decided to give owling another shot, so headed off onto the White Trail in search of Rusty-barred Owl, unfortunately to no avail.

## Day 7

## Thursday 10th March

It was time to say our goodbyes to Rainer, Bettina and Itororo Lodge as we moved onto our next location of Regua Lodge where we were to spend the last two nights of the tour.

Our trusty driver Carlos arrived at 06.30 and we loaded up the minibus with all of our bags and said our farewells and by 06.50 we had departed. As usual, it had been a wonderful, comfortable and productive stay at Itororo lodge.

We set off and took the 45 minute drive to the Theodoro Trail where we were to spend a couple of hours in search of a few missing mid-altitude species. The couple of hours turned into a little longer as there was plenty of bird activity. Soon after we had left the minibus we came across a White-throated Spadebill followed by a beautiful male Black-cheeked Gnateater and Grey-hooded Attila; this was all within the first 15 minutes! Shortly afterwards we picked up a pair of Plain Antvireos and a couple of stunning male Blue Manakins. We continued along the trail which used to be the Rio to Friburgo railway line, but had subsequently been made into a road and then abandoned due to several landslides. We soon came across a pair of Black-throated Trogons followed by Black-capped Foliage Gleaner, Red-crowned Ant Tanager, Lesser Woodcreeper and Buff-fronted Foliage Gleaner.

We heard a distant Brazilian Antthrush calling and headed along the path to try and get closer. Unfortunately, the Antthrush had different ideas and only one of the group managed to get views of it before it disappeared off into



the thick undergrowth, never to be seen again. We turned back and retraced our steps towards the minibus getting good views of a pair of Eared Pygmy Tyrants along the way, followed shortly afterwards by glimpses of White-browed Foliage Gleaner and better views of Black-capped Foliage Gleaner.

The first few hours of the day had been very productive and we next took a short drive down to the Cedae Trail. Dropping in altitude meant higher temperatures and the Cedae Trail was very quiet indeed although we did pick up a mega bonus bird, Frilled Coquette! We climbed aboard the minibus and set off for a 45 minute drive to Regua, stopping en-route as Kevin had spotted a couple of Whistling Herons by the roadside, we also managed to pick up Brazilian teal, Barn Swallow, Wattled Jacana, Brown-chested Martin and Common Gallinule at the same spot.

Upon arrival at Regua Lodge we were shown to our rooms by Thomas (the lodge manager) and then met up again for lunch at 13.00. It was really quite hot at this time of day so not much activity, although we did get some White-tufted-eared Marmosets on the feeders.

We had a short break after lunch during the hottest part of the day and met up again at 15.30 to take a walk around the wetlands. Although rather hot, we did manage to see a whole host of birds including the “promised money back guarantee” Rufous-tailed Jacamar, Ferruginous Pygmy Owl, White-headed Marsh Tyrant, Greater Ani, Yellow-chinned Spinetail, Brazilian Teal, Great Egret, Cattle Egret, Green Kingfisher, Amazon Kingfisher, stunning views of a Chestnut-backed Antshrike, Chestnut-capped Blackbird, Rufous-sided Crake and White-bearded Manakin.

We returned to the lodge and met up with Alcenir (the Regua driver) and Adilei (one of the guides at Regua) at 17.30 and set off to look for Giant Snipe. After a 20 minute drive we arrived in plenty of time and had some pre-dusk birding in the open farmland picking up Yellow-headed Caracara, Blue-winged Macaw and Ash-throated Crake.

Just as the light was fading, we walked into a nearby field and waited for the snipes to start calling. It wasn't long and the first bird called, not too far away. We used some playback and suddenly a Giant Snipe flew in front of us and landed some 30 metres away. Adilei walked towards where the snipe had landed and put the torch on, there it was, cracking views of a Giant Snipe! Very happy with ourselves we returned to the road and took a short walk to a patch of nearby forest getting great views of a Pauraque on the way! We used playback for several owl species but unfortunately, we had no response.

We arrived back at the lodge, had a quick dinner followed by the checklist and for those that wanted to, we had another walk around the edge of the wetlands, picking up good views of a flying Common Potoo, Capybara and a Long Furred Woolly Mouse Opossum. We arrived back at the lodge at 21.45 somewhat exhausted after what had been a very long day and headed straight to bed to recharge for the next day.

## Day 8

## Friday 11th March

After a good night's rest, we met up pre-breakfast and managed to get good views of Channel-billed Toucan, Green-headed Tanager and a Rufous-breasted Hermit that was feeding on the heliconias in the garden. Breakfast was served at 06.00 and Alcenir arrived to drive us to the start of the Green Trail where we would spend the

morning birding. On the road up to the Green trail we saw Whistling Heron and a Black and White Hawk Eagle flying low overhead.

Having not long started the Green Trail we encountered a good mixed flock and used some playback of a Flame-crested Tanager mobbing an owl to bring everything in a little closer....with amazing results! Action was thick and fast and we were soon getting good views of several species including White-flanked Antwren, Orange-bellied Euphonia, Flame-crested Tanager, Chestnut-vented Conebill, Streaked Xenops, Plain Xenops, Yellow-throated Woodpecker, Chivi Vireo and White-winged Becard.

A little further up the track we used playback to call in a Saw-billed Hermit that perched up nicely giving the group excellent views, this was followed shortly afterwards by a Lesser Woodcreeper. Playback was then used to pull in a couple of Southern Antpipits, but unfortunately, they didn't stick around long enough for the whole group to see. Next up was a pair of Black-cheeked Gnateaters and a stunning male Blue Manakin.

We continued along the track and took the turning onto the Grey Trail and soon had a couple of Crescent-chested Puffbirds, Scaled Antbird, Spot-breasted Antvireo, Rufous-winged Antwren, Reddish Hermit and a Streak-capped Antwren! It was now just gone 11.00 and the temperature was around 35 degrees centigrade, so we headed back slowly down to the pick-up point and headed back to the lodge, arriving at 12.30 in time for lunch at 13.00.

As it was so hot, we took a break after lunch, meeting up again at 15.30 to go and bird the first section of the Brown Trail, and what a great afternoon's birding it turned out to be!

Just at the start of the trail we used some playback for Sooretama Slaty Antshrike, within a minute we had a response and shortly afterwards had a pair of the Antshrikes in the trees above us. I then played some Blond-crested Woodpecker and almost straight away, a stunning female Blondie appeared giving the group great views followed by a Streaked Xenops. We made our way down to the wetlands picking up a Rufescent Tiger Heron, Purple Gallinule, Capped Heron, Limpkin and a pair of Black-bellied Whistling Ducks.

I started to use some playback for Brazilian Tanager, one showed up briefly and gave the majority of the group good views. It refused to come into playback so I began to play Ferruginous Pygmy Owl in the hope that this would attract it back in. No Brazilian Tanager, but we did have a whole host of other species come to check out the "owl", these included Violaceous Euphonia, Versicoloured Emerald, Yellow-browed Tyrant, Flame-crested Tanager, Yellow-backed Tanager, Blue Dacnis and several Social Flycatchers, Nathaniel also picked up a Biscutate Swift overhead. We continued our walk into the forest picking up Unicoloured Antwren, Long-billed Wren, Brown-crested Flycatcher and another Channel-billed Toucan.

It was getting late and the light was beginning to fade so we started making our way back towards the lodge. Back at the wetlands Geoff spotted some lovely Lesser Swallow-tailed Swifts overhead, we also had our first Ringed Kingfisher, Muscovy Duck, Black-crowned Night Heron, Grey-breasted Martin and the bird of the day for many, a Barred Forest Falcon chasing a Channel-billed Toucan out of the forest, lunging at it mid-flight, just missing it and returning to perch on the forest edge, allowing some good scope views of this often difficult to see raptor.

We arrived back at the lodge just after 18.00 with dinner being served at 18.30, followed by the completion of our daily checklist. After the checklist, half of the group went on a night walk, flushing a Spot-tailed Nightjar on

the way down to the trail. We managed to hear both Black-capped Screech Owl and Mottled Owl, but unfortunately, they refused to respond to playback.

## Day 9

## Saturday 12th March

Amazingly it was the last day of the tour, the week had just flown by! We had been so lucky with the weather without a drop of rain all week!

We met up for breakfast at 06.00 and afterwards set off for a 30 minute drive towards the Waldonoor trail for our last mornings birding. There was quite a strong wind as we arrived at the start of the trail, which was no doubt going to make birding quite tough. It was indeed a tough morning but we did manage to see some quality birds including Plain Parakeet, White-bellied (Turquoise) Tanager, Yellow-backed Tanager, Flame-crested Tanager, Gray-hooded Flycatcher, Green-headed Tanager, Lesser Woodcreeper, White-eyed Foliage Gleaner, Dusky-throated Hermit, Chestnut-bellied Euphonia and Eye-ringed Tody Tyrant.

With storm clouds building, Alcenir picked us up at 11.30 and drove us back to the lodge, the weather was certainly going to change and looking at the forecast, a cold front was due to arrive on Sunday bringing rain that would apparently be lasting for up to a week, we had indeed been very lucky!

We arrived back at the lodge, had lunch and completed our final checklist of the tour. After lunch was free time for some more birding, packing or a swim in the pool. Our driver Carlos arrived at 15.30, we loaded up the minibus and left for our journey back down to Rio airport at 16.00. As we departed Regua the rain started, it couldn't have been better "planned"! We arrived at Rio airport on time, had a coffee and then went to check in for our flight.

It had been a wonderful tour with a fun and enthusiastic group, the birding had been great, challenging at times but super rewarding also!

During the tour we had seen a combined group total of 282 species with a further 16 species heard only.

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## Checklist

Birds (H = Heard only, E = Atlantic Forest Endemic)

Common name	Scientific name	March 2022							
		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<b>Birds</b>									
Brown Tinamou	<i>Crypturellus obsoletus</i>	H		H		H	H		
Tataupa Tinamou	<i>Crypturellus tataupa</i>		H			H			
Dusky-legged Guan	<i>Penelope obscura</i>	H	✓		3	3			
Spot-winged Wood Quail	<i>Odontophorus capueira</i>			H	H	H			
Black-bellied Whistling Duck (E)	<i>Dendrocygna autumnalis</i>							2	
Muscovy Duck	<i>Cairina moschata</i>							1	
Brazilian Teal	<i>Amazonetta brasiliensis</i>						2		
Rufescent Tiger Heron	<i>Tigrisoma lineatum</i>							1	
Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>	2						1	
Striated Heron	<i>Butorides striata</i>	1							
Western Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	✓	✓				✓	✓	✓
Cocoi Heron	<i>Ardea cocoi</i>	2							1
Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>	✓					1	2	
Capped Heron	<i>Pilherodius pileatus</i>							1	
Whistling Heron	<i>Syrigma sibilatrix</i>						3	1	
Little Blue Heron	<i>Egretta caerulea</i>	1							
Snowy Egret	<i>Egretta thula</i>	2	1						
Magnificent Frigatebird	<i>Fregata magnificens</i>	✓							
Brown Booby	<i>Sula leucogaster</i>	1							
Neotropic Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax brasilianus</i>	✓							
Turkey Vulture	<i>Cathartes aura</i>	✓	✓	✓	3		3	1	4
Lesser Yellow-headed Vulture	<i>Cathartes burrovianus</i>		3						
Black Vulture	<i>Coragyps atratus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Black Hawk-Eagle	<i>Spizaetus tyrannus</i>				1				
Black-and-white Hawk-Eagle	<i>Spizaetus melanoleucus</i>		1			1		1	1
Savanna Hawk	<i>Buteogallus meridionalis</i>		4	1			1		
Roadside Hawk	<i>Rupornis magnirostris</i>		2						
White-tailed Hawk	<i>Geranoaetus albicaudatus</i>	1	2		1				
Zone-tailed Hawk	<i>Buteo albonotatus</i>	1							
Rufous-sided Crake	<i>Laterallus melanophaius</i>						2		
Slaty-breasted Wood Rail (E)	<i>Aramides saracura</i>		4		2	2	1		
Ash-throated Crake	<i>Porzana albicollis</i>						1		
Blackish Rail	<i>Pardirallus nigricans</i>		H				H		
Purple Gallinule	<i>Porphyrio martinicus</i>							2	
Common Gallinule	<i>Gallinula galeata</i>						✓	✓	
Limpkin	<i>Aramus guarauna</i>						1	1	
Southern Lapwing	<i>Vanellus chilensis</i>	✓	✓				2	✓	✓
Wattled Jacana	<i>Jacana jacana</i>						✓	✓	2
Giant Snipe	<i>Gallinago undulata</i>						2		
Rock Dove	<i>Columba livia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓		
Picazuro Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas picazuro</i>	✓	✓	4	3	2	✓	✓	✓

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Ruddy Ground Dove	<i>Columbina talpacoti</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
Blue Ground Dove	<i>Claravis pretiosa</i>						1		
White-tipped Dove	<i>Leptotila verreauxi</i>			1		H	1		
Grey-fronted Dove	<i>Leptotila rufaxilla</i>		1			1			
White-eyed Parakeet	<i>Psittacara leucophthalmus</i>		✓		2				
Guira Cuckoo	<i>Guira guira</i>		✓						
Greater Ani	<i>Crotophaga major</i>						✓	✓	✓
Smooth-billed Ani	<i>Crotophaga ani</i>	✓	✓				✓	✓	✓
Squirrel Cuckoo	<i>Piaya cayana</i>	1	1		1	2	1		
Tropical Screech Owl	<i>Megascops choliba</i>						H		
Black-capped Screech Owl (E)	<i>Megascops atricapilla</i>							H	
Mottled Owl	<i>Strix virgata</i>							H	
Ferruginous Pygmy Owl	<i>Glaucidium brasilianum</i>						1		
Common Potoo	<i>Nyctibius griseus</i>						1		
Short-tailed Nighthawk	<i>Lurocalis semitorquatus</i>		1						
Pauraque	<i>Nyctidromus albicollis</i>						2		
Spot-tailed Nightjar	<i>Hydropsalis maculicaudus</i>							1	
White-collared Swift	<i>Streptoprocne zonaris</i>			6				2	✓
Biscutate Swift	<i>Streptoprocne biscutata</i>							1	
Grey-rumped Swift	<i>Chaetura cinereiventris</i>		3						3
Sick's Swift	<i>Chaetura meridionalis</i>							✓	
Lesser Swallow-tailed Swift	<i>Panyptila cayennensis</i>							4	
Saw-billed Hermit (E)	<i>Ramphodon naevius</i>							1	1
Rufous-breasted Hermit	<i>Glaucis hirsutus</i>							1	2
Scale-throated Hermit (E)	<i>Phaethornis eurynome</i>	1		2	2	2	2		
Planalto Hermit	<i>Phaethornis pretrei</i>		1						
Dusky-throated Hermit (E)	<i>Phaethornis squalidus</i>								1
Reddish Hermit	<i>Phaethornis ruber</i>							1	
Sombre Hummingbird (E)	<i>Aphantochroa cirrochloris</i>					1			
Swallow-tailed Hummingbird	<i>Eupetomena macroura</i>	1	3				1	1	2
Black Jacobin (E)	<i>Florisuga fusca</i>	✓	✓	5	4	✓	2	2	2
Green-crowned Plovercrest (E)	<i>Stephanoxis lalandi</i>			2	3				
Frisled Coquette (E)	<i>Lophornis magnificus</i>						1		
Glittering-bellied Emerald	<i>Chlorostilbon lucidus</i>	1	1	1	1				
Violet-capped Woodnymph (E)	<i>Thalurania glaucopis</i>	3	✓	3	2	✓	✓	✓	4
White-throated Hummingbird (E)	<i>Leucochloris albicollis</i>	2	1	2	3	4	2		
Versicolored Emerald	<i>Amazilia versicolor</i>							1	
Glittering-throated Emerald	<i>Amazilia fimbriata</i>						1		
Brazilian Ruby (E)	<i>Clytolaema rubricauda</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Amethyst Woodstar	<i>Calliphlox amethystina</i>				1				
Surucua Trogon	<i>Trogon surrucura</i>		2	2		3	H		1
Black-throated Trogon	<i>Trogon rufus</i>						2		
Green Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle americana</i>						1		
Amazon Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle amazona</i>						1	1	1
Ringed Kingfisher	<i>Megaceryle torquata</i>							1	
Rufous-capped Motmot (E)	<i>Baryphthengus ruficapillus</i>	H				2			

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Three-toed Jacamar (E)	<i>Jacamaralcyon tridactyla</i>		3						
Yellow-billed Jacamar	<i>Galbula albirostris</i>						2	H	1
White-eared Puffbird	<i>Nystalus chacuru</i>		3						
Crescent-chested Puffbird (E)	<i>Malacoptila striata</i>		1					2	1
Black-necked Aracari	<i>Pteroglossus aracari</i>		4						
Saffron Toucanet (E)	<i>Pteroglossus bailloni</i>	2							
Spot-billed Toucanet (E)	<i>Selenidera maculirostris</i>					8	H		
Channel-billed Toucan	<i>Ramphastos vitellinus</i>						H	✓	4
Toco Toucan	<i>Ramphastos toco</i>	1							
White-barred Piculet	<i>Picumnus cirratus</i>		1	1				H	1
Yellow-eared Woodpecker (E)	<i>Veniliornis maculifrons</i>	H	1		2	2			
Yellow-throated Woodpecker	<i>Piculus flavigula</i>							1	
Yellow-browed Woodpecker (E)	<i>Piculus aurulentus</i>			1		1			
Campo Flicker	<i>Colaptes campestris</i>		1	2	3				
Blond-crested Woodpecker	<i>Celeus flavescens</i>							1	
Southern Crested Caracara	<i>Caracara plancus</i>	✓	✓				2		
Yellow-headed Caracara	<i>Milvago chimachima</i>	✓	1				4	4	2
Barred Forest Falcon	<i>Micrastur ruficollis</i>					H	H	1	
American Kestrel	<i>Falco sparverius</i>	1							
Plain Parakeet (E)	<i>Brotogeris tirica</i>	✓				2			4
Scaly-headed Parrot	<i>Pionus maximiliani</i>							H	
Orange-winged Amazon	<i>Amazona amazonica</i>	3							
Blue-winged Parrotlet	<i>Forpus xanthopterygius</i>		3						2
Maroon-bellied Parakeet (E)	<i>Pyrrhura frontalis</i>					2	H		
Blue-winged Macaw	<i>Primolius maracana</i>		6				4		
Band-tailed Hornero (E)	<i>Furnarius figulus</i>		4				1	1	
Rufous Hornero	<i>Furnarius rufus</i>	2	✓					2	1
Itatiaia Spinetail (E)	<i>Asthenes moreirae</i>				2				
Rufous-capped Spinetail (E)	<i>Synallaxis ruficapilla</i>			1	1	H			
Grey-bellied Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis cinerascens</i>					H			
Spix's Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis spixi</i>	H	1	1	1	1			
Pallid Spinetail (E)	<i>Cranioleuca pallida</i>		2		2	H			
Yellow-chinned Spinetail	<i>Certhiaxis cinnamomeus</i>		1				5	3	
Rufous-fronted Thornbird	<i>Phacellodomus rufifrons</i>		3						
Orange-eyed Thornbird (E)	<i>Phacellodomus erythrophthalmus</i>			3		H			
Firewood-Gatherer	<i>Anumbius annumbi</i>		4						
White-browed Foliage-Gleaner (E)	<i>Anabacerthia amaurotis</i>						1		
Buff-browed Foliage-Gleaner	<i>Syndactyla rufosuperciliata</i>			H					
Ochre-breasted Foliage-Gleaner (E)	<i>Philydor lichtensteini</i>							1	
Black-capped Foliage-Gleaner (E)	<i>Philydor atricapillus</i>						2	1	H
Buff-fronted Foliage-Gleaner	<i>Philydor rufum</i>	2	2	✓			2	2	2
White-collared Foliage-Gleaner (E)	<i>Anabazenops fuscus</i>			2					
White-eyed Foliage-Gleaner (E)	<i>Automolus leucophthalmus</i>							H	1
Rufous-breasted Leaf-tosser (E)	<i>Sclerurus scansor</i>			1		H	1		
Sharp-tailed Streamcreeper	<i>Lochmias nematura</i>			2			H		

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Sharp-billed Treehunter (E)	<i>Heliobletus contaminatus</i>			2		H			
Plain Xenops	<i>Xenops minutus</i>							1	
Streaked Xenops	<i>Xenops rutilans</i>		1					1	1
Plain-winged Woodcreeper (E)	<i>Dendrocincla turdina</i>						1		
Olivaceous Woodcreeper	<i>Sittasomus griseicapillus</i>	3	2	4	2	2	1	3	3
White-throated Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphocolaptes albicollis</i>	1		2		1			
Planalto Woodcreeper	<i>Dendrocolaptes platyrostris</i>	2							
Lesser Woodcreeper (E)	<i>Xiphorhynchus fuscus</i>			4			2	2	1
Scaled Woodcreeper (E)	<i>Lepidocolaptes squamatus</i>	H	2	2	2	1			
Black-billed Scythebill (E)	<i>Campylorhamphus falcularius</i>	2				H	1		
Spot-backed Antshrike (E)	<i>Hypodaleus guttatus</i>								H
Giant Antshrike	<i>Batara cinerea</i>	H		H	H	H	H		
Large-tailed Antshrike (E)	<i>Mackenziaena leachii</i>			1	H				
Tufted Antshrike (E)	<i>Mackenziaena severa</i>				H				
White-bearded Antshrike (E)	<i>Biatas nigropectus</i>			1					
Chestnut-backed Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus palliatus</i>		H				3	1	
Sooretama Slaty Antshrike (E)	<i>Thamnophilus ambiguus</i>							2	
Variable Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus caerulescens</i>	1	2	1	1	H			
Rufous-capped Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus ruficapillus</i>			1	H				
Spot-breasted Antwren (E)	<i>Dysithamnus stictothorax</i>							1	
Plain Antwren	<i>Dysithamnus mentalis</i>		1	2			2		
Rufous-backed Antwren (E)	<i>Dysithamnus xanthopterus</i>				2	H			
Star-throated Antwren (E)	<i>Rhopias gularis</i>			3		H	1		
Silvery-flanked Antwren (E)	<i>Myrmotherula luctuosa</i>						H	2	
Unicolored Antwren (E)	<i>Myrmotherula unicolor</i>							2	
Rufous-winged Antwren	<i>Herpsilochmus rufimarginatus</i>							1	
Serra Antwren (E)	<i>Formicivora serrana</i>		2						
Bertoni's Antbird (E)	<i>Dryophila rubricollis</i>	2				2			
Rufous-tailed Antbird (E)	<i>Dryophila genei</i>				1				
Ochre-rumped Antbird (E)	<i>Dryophila ochropyga</i>	2		H					
Dusky-tailed Antbird (E)	<i>Dryophila malura</i>			1		H			
Scaled Antbird (E)	<i>Dryophila squamata</i>							1	
Streak-capped Antwren (E)	<i>Terenura maculata</i>						H	1	H
White-shouldered Fire-Eye (E)	<i>Pyriglena leucoptera</i>	H	1	1					H
White-bibbed Antbird (E)	<i>Myrmeciza loricata</i>			2					
Cryptic Antthrush (E)	<i>Chamaeza meruloides</i>	H		H		1			
Rufous-tailed Antthrush (E)	<i>Chamaeza ruficauda</i>						1		
Variegated Antpitta	<i>Grallaria varia</i>					1	H		
Rufous Gnateater (E)	<i>Conopophaga lineata</i>	2		1	H	H			
Black-cheeked Gnateater (E)	<i>Conopophaga melanops</i>						3	2	1
Spotted Bamboowren (E)	<i>Psilorhamphus guttatus</i>			H					
White-breasted Tapaculo (E)	<i>Eleoscytalopus indigoticus</i>					1			
Mouse-colored Tapaculo (E)	<i>Scytalopus speluncae</i>				2				
Planalto Tyrannulet	<i>Phyllomyias fasciatus</i>	H	1	2	1	2	1		
Rough-legged Tyrannulet	<i>Phyllomyias burmeisteri</i>					2			
Grey-capped Tyrannulet (E)	<i>Phyllomyias griseicapilla</i>		H	H	1	1			

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Yellow-crowned Elaenia	<i>Myiopagis flavivertex</i>	1							
Southern Beardless Tyrannulet	<i>Camptostoma obsoletum</i>	1	2	1				2	2
White-crested Tyrannulet	<i>Serpophaga subcristata</i>				1				
Yellow Tyrannulet	<i>Capsiempis flaveola</i>			3					
Southern Antpipit	<i>Corythopis delalandi</i>							3	
Mottle-cheeked Tyrannulet	<i>Phylloscartes ventralis</i>	1		3	3	2	1		
Serra Do Mar Tyrannulet (E)	<i>Phylloscartes difficilis</i>				1				
Ochre-bellied Flycatcher	<i>Mionectes oleagineus</i>								1
Grey-hooded Flycatcher (E)	<i>Mionectes rufiventris</i>								1
Sepia-capped Flycatcher	<i>Leptopogon amaurocephalus</i>	2	2	2			1	2	2
Bran-colored Flycatcher	<i>Myiophobus fasciatus</i>		2						
Drab-breasted Bamboo Tyrant (E)	<i>Hemitriccus diops</i>	1		H		1			
Eye-ringed Tody-Tyrant (E)	<i>Hemitriccus orbitatus</i>								1
Hangnest Tody-Tyrant (E)	<i>Hemitriccus nidipendulus</i>		1						
Eared Pygmy Tyrant (E)	<i>Myiornis auricularis</i>						2		
Ochre-faced Tody-Flycatcher	<i>Poecilatriccus plumbeiceps</i>	2		H	H				
Yellow-lored Tody-Flycatcher (E)	<i>Todirostrum poliocephalum</i>		1	H			H	1	2
Yellow-olive Flatbill	<i>Tolmomyias sulphureus</i>		1			3	2		2
White-throated Spadebill	<i>Platyrinchus mystaceus</i>						3	H	
Cliff Flycatcher	<i>Hirundinea ferruginea</i>		1	1	2		2		4
Euler's Flycatcher	<i>Lathrotriccus euleri</i>	1							
Tropical Pewee	<i>Contopus cinereus</i>			1					
Blue-billed Black Tyrant	<i>Knipolegus cyanirostris</i>				2				
Crested Black Tyrant	<i>Knipolegus lophotes</i>		2						
Yellow-browed Tyrant	<i>Satrapa icterophrys</i>							1	
White-rumped Monjita	<i>Xolmis velatus</i>		1						
Streamer-tailed Tyrant	<i>Gubernetes yetapa</i>		4						
Shear-tailed Grey Tyrant (E)	<i>Muscipipra vetula</i>	2			1				
Masked Water Tyrant	<i>Fluvicola nengeta</i>	1	2				2	✓	2
White-headed Marsh Tyrant	<i>Arundinicola leucocephala</i>						3	2	1
Long-tailed Tyrant	<i>Colonia colonus</i>		1						
Cattle Tyrant	<i>Machetornis rixosa</i>		3						
Piratic Flycatcher	<i>Legatus leucophaeus</i>	4						1	
Social Flycatcher	<i>Myiozetetes similis</i>	1	2		2		4	✓	2
Great Kiskadee	<i>Pitangus sulphuratus</i>	2	✓	4	✓	2	✓	✓	5
Streaked Flycatcher	<i>Myiodynastes maculatus</i>	1		1			1		
Boat-billed Flycatcher	<i>Megarynchus pitangua</i>	1			2		1	2	
Variegated Flycatcher	<i>Empidonomus varius</i>				1				
Tropical Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus melancholicus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
Brown-crested Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus tyrannulus</i>							2	2
Grey-hooded Attila (E)	<i>Attila rufus</i>						2	1	
Black-and-gold Cotinga (E)	<i>Tijuca atra</i>				2				
Grey-winged Cotinga (E)	<i>Tijuca condita</i>				H				
Saffron-crested Tyrant-Manakin (E)	<i>Neopelma chrysocephalum</i>	1							
Pin-tailed Manakin (E)	<i>Ilicura militaris</i>			2		1			
White-bearded Manakin	<i>Manacus manacus</i>						1	3	



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Blue Manakin (E)	<i>Chiroxiphia caudata</i>		H	4		2	5	✓	2
Greenish Schiffornis (E)	<i>Schiffornis virescens</i>			1					
Green-backed Becard	<i>Pachyramphus viridis</i>				1				
Chestnut-crowned Becard	<i>Pachyramphus castaneus</i>			1		1		1	2
White-winged Becard	<i>Pachyramphus polychopterus</i>			1		1		1	
Swallow-tailed Cotinga	<i>Phibalura flavirostris</i>		1		6	1			
Rufous-browed Peppershrike	<i>Cyclarhis gujanensis</i>	H	1	2	H	2			1
Chivi Vireo	<i>Vireo chivi</i>				2			2	4
Rufous-crowned Greenlet (E)	<i>Hylophilus poicilotis</i>	3							
Grey-breasted Martin	<i>Progne chalybea</i>		3					1	
Brown-chested Martin	<i>Progne tapera</i>		2				3	4	
Blue-and-white Swallow	<i>Notiochelidon cyanoleuca</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
Southern Rough-winged Swallow	<i>Stelgidopteryx ruficollis</i>	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓
Tawny-headed Swallow	<i>Alopochelidon fucata</i>		1						
Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>						✓		
Bank Swallow	<i>Riparia riparia</i>						✓		
Black-capped Donacobius	<i>Donacobius atricapilla</i>		1						
Long-billed Wren	<i>Cantorchilus longirostris</i>							1	
House Wren	<i>Troglodytes aedon</i>	2	3	1	2	1			2
Chalk-browed Mockingbird	<i>Mimus saturninus</i>		✓		4				
Rufous-bellied Thrush	<i>Turdus rufiventris</i>	✓	3	2	2	2	3		1
Pale-breasted Thrush	<i>Turdus leucomelas</i>	1							
Creamy-bellied Thrush	<i>Turdus amaurochalinus</i>				1		1		
White-necked Thrush	<i>Turdus albicollis</i>					1			
House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	✓	✓	3	2		✓		2
Hooded Siskin	<i>Spinus magellanicus</i>				1				
Purple-throated Euphonia	<i>Euphonia chlorotica</i>	1					2	2	
Violaceous Euphonia	<i>Euphonia violacea</i>	1						6	6
Orange-bellied Euphonia	<i>Euphonia xanthogaster</i>							1	
Chestnut-bellied Euphonia (E)	<i>Euphonia pectoralis</i>								2
Tropical Parula	<i>Setophaga pitayumi</i>								1
White-rimmed Warbler (E)	<i>Myiothlypis leucoblephara</i>	1		H	H	H			
Golden-crowned Warbler	<i>Basileuterus culicivorus</i>	3	1	✓	5	✓	✓		
Crested Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius decumanus</i>				1				
Red-rumped Cacique	<i>Cacicus haemorrhous</i>		✓				1	2	✓
Shiny Cowbird	<i>Molothrus bonariensis</i>		✓						
Chopi Blackbird	<i>Gnorimopsar chopi</i>							✓	
Chestnut-capped Blackbird	<i>Chrysomus ruficapillus</i>		3				2	✓	
Yellow-rumped Marshbird	<i>Pseudoleistes guirahuro</i>		5						
White-browed Blackbird	<i>Sturnella supercilialis</i>		2				1		
Bananaquit	<i>Coereba flaveola</i>	1	1	3	2		1	✓	✓
Rufous-collared Sparrow	<i>Zonotrichia capensis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Grassland Sparrow	<i>Ammodramus humeralis</i>		H						
Half-collared Sparrow (E)	<i>Arremon semitorquatus</i>			1					
Magpie Tanager	<i>Cissopis leverianus</i>				4		1		
Black-goggled Tanager	<i>Trichothraupis melanops</i>		3	4			2		

Common name	Scientific name	March 2022							
		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Flame-crested Tanager	<i>Tachyphonus cristatus</i>							✓	8
Ruby-crowned Tanager (E)	<i>Tachyphonus coronatus</i>	2	2	2	2	4	4		
Brazilian Tanager (E)	<i>Ramphocelus bresilius</i>							1	
Sayaca Tanager	<i>Thraupis sayaca</i>	✓	5	2	2	4	2	✓	
Azure-shouldered Tanager (E)	<i>Thraupis cyanopectus</i>		2			2			
Golden-chevroned Tanager (E)	<i>Thraupis ornata</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	4		1
Palm Tanager	<i>Thraupis palmarum</i>	2	✓	2	4	✓	2		1
Diademed Tanager	<i>Stephanophorus diadematus</i>				6				
Fawn-breasted Tanager	<i>Pipraeidea melanonota</i>				H	2			
White-bellied Tanager	<i>Tangara brasiliensis</i>								1
Green-headed Tanager (E)	<i>Tangara seledon</i>							3	✓
Brassy-breasted Tanager (E)	<i>Tangara desmaresti</i>	3	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Gilt-edged Tanager (E)	<i>Tangara cyanoventris</i>		4						
Burnished-buff Tanager	<i>Tangara cayana</i>		4		4	4	4		3
Swallow Tanager	<i>Tersina viridis</i>	2			5	6			
Blue Dacnis	<i>Dacnis cayana</i>	2	4		2	1		✓	✓
Rufous-headed Tanager (E)	<i>Hemithraupis ruficapilla</i>	1	1						
Yellow-backed Tanager	<i>Hemithraupis flavicollis</i>							✓	✓
Chestnut-vented Conebill	<i>Conirostrum speciosum</i>		2					1	2
Bay-chested Warbling Finch (E)	<i>Poospiza thoracica</i>				6				
Saffron Finch	<i>Sicalis flaveola</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓
Grassland Yellow Finch	<i>Sicalis luteola</i>		1						
Blue-black Grassquit	<i>Volatinia jacarina</i>		✓					2	4
Double-collared Seedeater	<i>Sporophila caerulescens</i>		3		4			✓	
White-bellied Seedeater	<i>Sporophila leucoptera</i>		2						
Tooth-billed Tanager	<i>Piranga lutea</i>				1				
Red-crowned Ant Tanager	<i>Habia rubica</i>						3	H	2
Green-winged Saltator	<i>Saltator similis</i>				1				
<b>OTHER SPECIES</b>									
White-tufted eared Marmoset	<i>Callithrix jacchus</i>						2	1	
Long Furred Woolly Mouse Opossum	<b><i>Marmosa demerarae</i></b>						1		
Capybara	<i>Hydrochoerus hydrochaeris</i>						4	2	
Broad-snouted Caiman	<i>Caiman latirostris</i>						5	4	



The stunning male Green-crowned Plovercrest



Maroon-bellied Parakeet on the Itororo lodge



Panoramic view from Pico da Caledonia