

Amazon Wildlife Cruise

Naturetrek Tour Report

19 – 28 June 2015



Pink River Dolphin - Rio Negro



Exploring backwater channels



Sunset on Rio Negro



Night Monkey

Report & images compiled by Lee Morgan



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Tour Participants: Lee Morgan & Paulo Barreiros (leaders) with 11 Naturetrek clients

Day 1

Friday 19th June

In flight to Brazil

Day 2

Saturday 20th June

After a long day of travel, making our way through the hustle and bustle of San Paulo airport, and finally making our flight that would take us into the heart of Amazonia and to its capital city Manaus, we eventually arrived to a cheery welcome from our local guides Charles and Paulo and the crew of “Iracema”, and we were quickly ushered to a bus that took us across the city and down to one of the municipal docks.

There were plenty of Black Vultures mooching around the dockside and Fork-tailed Flycatchers and Great Kiskadees flicked between the tangles of overhead lines. We were quickly ushered past the general bustle of the main wharf and onto a side dock where we (and all our bags) were loaded onto three large dugout canoes and we motored out towards “Iracema”, the boat that would be our home for the coming days. As we motored the short distance, we were lucky enough to spot a small group of three Scarlet Macaws flying overhead (a rare sight in this particular area); a tantalising taster of things to come.

Once aboard we were shown our rooms and spent a little time settling in as the boat got underway. We motored out a short distance to the world famous “Encontra das Aguas” (“the meeting of the waters”). Here, where the warm, clear, tannin-stained waters of the Rio Negro meet the colder, swirling, sediment-laden waters of the Rio Solimoes, the boat held station in the current, affording some of us the opportunity to swim between the un-mixing waters of these two massive rivers as Large-billed Terns and Yellow-headed Caracara flew overhead and Tucuxi (Grey River Dolphins) and the occasional Boto (Pink River Dolphin - above) surfaced around us.

We enjoyed a lovely lunch onboard (the first of many delicious meals on the tour) as the boat cruised towards our evening anchorage. However, our long day was far from over. We boarded the dugout canoes for an afternoon exploration of some of the backwaters. Amidst stilted houses and floats, we had some fantastic views of Hoatzin clambering around in the trees, Crane Hawk, Crimson-crested and Green-barred Woodpeckers and a rather baffling array of Parrotlets, Parakeets and Parrots that included Green-rumped Parrotlets, Canary-winged and Tui Parakeet, Mealy and Festive Parrot. We spotted our first primates of the tour, with a brief look at a few Squirrel Monkeys moving along the edge of the forest, and there were plenty of Sloths around too. We also had a look at some rather bedraggled-looking examples of the magnificent Victoria Water Lilies whose leaves had been extensively damaged by the unseasonably high water. Nonetheless, it was an amazing first canoe trip out and we returned to the boat for dinner as twilight fell and swarms of Nacunda Nighthawks and Ladder-tailed Nightjars swooped around our heads.



Brown-throated Sloth



Pink-footed Tarantula

Buoyed from our travel exhaustion by the wonderful array of wildlife we had already experienced, a hearty evening meal and a beautiful starry sky, we simply couldn't resist the offer of a night trip out in the canoes and the group's supreme efforts to fight their tiredness were rewarded with some amazingly close views of more than eight different Great Potoo, a few small Spectacled Caiman and a very large Pink-footed Tarantula. We returned to the boat exhausted and more than ready for a good night's sleep.

Day 3

Sunday 21st June

Our day started at 5am. Most were woken by the sound of a crackly recording of Pavarotti's rendition of La Traviata playing loudly over the boats intercom (a wake-up call that, unbeknown to us, would form a recurring theme of the tour). After coffee, we boarded the dug-outs for a pre-breakfast exploration along the Ariau River. The slowly rising sun brought with it a wonderfully intense chorus from multiple groups of Red Howler Monkeys and, as we slowly motored along the river, we had some great views of Grey-headed and Snail Kite, Roadside Hawk and Yellow-headed Caracara.

One of our canoes had a chance close encounter with a large Green Anaconda that was found resting in a floating meadow, but it was a brief encounter and few were afforded good views. It wasn't very long before we were all distracted by a couple of troops of White-fronted Capuchins and Squirrel Monkeys that came down to the forest edge to investigate us. With the aid of some offerings of fruit, we were very soon enjoying some amazingly close encounters with these endearing little primates (many of which were only too used to showing off to visitors).

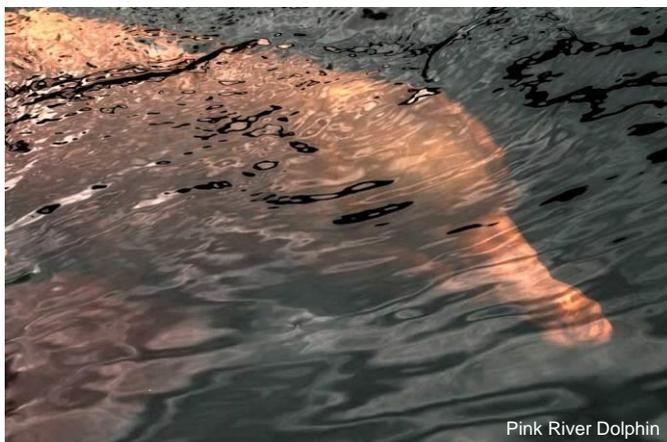


White-fronted Capuchin

Having enjoyed a wonderful morning, we returned to the boat for breakfast and enjoyed a little time on the upper deck of the boat as we travelled a short distance further into the Rio Negro where the promise of close encounters with Boto (Amazonian Pink River Dolphins) waited.

We boarded the canoes and ferried across to a small stilted building with a large dock, tucked into the edge of the forest. Even as we approached the dock, we could see the pink shadows and sudden splashes of excited dolphins scooting around us, and as we all clambered out onto the dock we could see several dolphins mooching around in the water beneath our feet. After a brief introduction to the animals by a local guide, and the opportunity to see several dolphins reaching high out of the water to take small fish from his hands, we were offered the opportunity to enter the water with these beautiful wild animals, an opportunity that a few members of group were eager to take. Despite the overcast skies and heavy tropical rainstorm that ensued during our visit,

the smiles on people's faces as they bobbed around in the water as pink dolphins nosed around their feet and legs was an absolute picture. This was undoubtedly a highlight of the trip for many and we were only on our second day!?!)



Having spent a while in the water (whether it was in the river with the dolphins or out in the tropical rain storm) we were all wet through and ready for lunch so we ventured back to the boat to get dried off, warmed up and fed. We travelled a short distance along the river for a while before eventually stopping for another canoe excursion out along Igarape Pagoda where exploring the forested backwaters provided us with some lovely views of Paradise Jacamar, Amazon and Belted Kingfisher and White-throated Toucan. It also gave the group our first real

experience of exploring beneath the canopy of the beautiful Varzea (seasonally flooded) forest.

We returned to the boat tired but in high spirits and, after drinks and a formal (but jovial) introduction to our wonderful crew, we enjoyed dinner watching the sun set over the jungle and a much needed early night.

Day 4

Monday 22nd June

It was another early start, but after a good night of rest many of us were already watching the sunrise over the jungle and enjoying our morning coffee when the crackly version of La Traviata called us to rouse.

With a relatively quiet day of wildlife watching from the comfort of the boat ahead of us, we all settled in to scanning the forest canopy as we slowly cruised along the narrow channels amidst the beautiful Anavilhanas Islands. There was plenty to see as we travelled along. A large Black Caiman swam across the river in front of us, Blue-and-gold, Scarlet and Red-and-green Macaws, Festive Amazons and both Blue-headed and Yellow-crowned Parrots occasionally squawked overhead and a myriad of Flycatchers, Kingbirds and Kiskadees flicked between the treetops. One small section of river even revealed brief sightings of Nocturnal, Black and Razor-billed Curassows; not a common sighting in any part of the rainforest.

A short, late morning canoe excursion into the tangled Varzea also rewarded us with some lovely views of both male and female Wire-tailed Manakin, Reddish Hermit, Black Nunbird and Streaked Flycatcher as well as an unexpectedly nice view of a Yellow-headed Brush-tailed Tree Rat (a species whose incredibly long and descriptive common name rather exaggerates its diminutive presence in the forest).

We continued our day of cruising the channels, watching Boto splashing in the river around us and spotting the occasional troop of Squirrel Monkeys moving in the trees. During the heat of the midday, whilst the wildlife watching was quiet, we enjoyed lunch onboard and listened to a lecture from Charles on the history of the rubber industry.

An afternoon of relaxed bird watching from the top deck of Iracema (an amazing platform for watching wildlife in these forests) then ensued, with a steady stream of new bird sightings like Greater and Lesser Yellow-headed Vulture and Great Black Hawk, and constantly changing scenery to keep us all entertained.

By late afternoon, as we approached Santo Antonio, we slowed a little to search for primates and were lucky enough to get some nice views of Red Howlers, and catch a rare glimpse of both Brown-bearded Saki and Golden-backed Uakari too.

We ended the day at anchor near Santo Antonio where a canoe trip out to look for monkeys got us some nice views of more Howlers and a few Capuchins moving in the tops of the trees but, for the most part, the primates remained fairly elusive. It had been a wonderful day nonetheless and we ended our day watching another glorious sunset over the forest.

Day 5

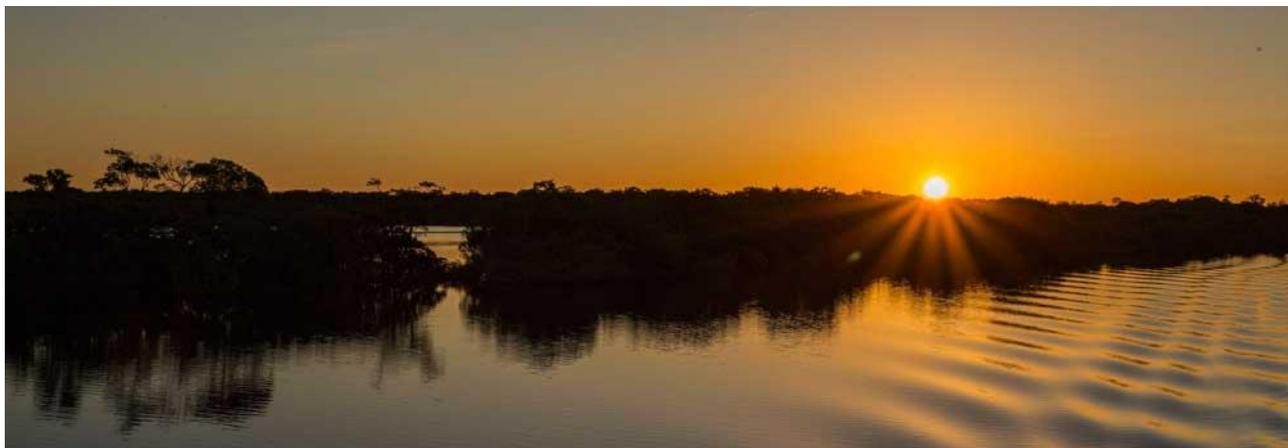
Tuesday 23rd June

A relaxed start, watching the sun rise slowly over the forest before, once again, the crackly version of La Traviata broke the morning silence (yes ...it really was our wake-up call every morning) heralding the start of a new day of exploration. We raised anchor and continued making our way through the maze of channels in the Anavilhanas Archipelago. Once again, the top deck of Iracema provided us with the best possible vantage point from which to view the wildlife high up in the canopy and we enjoyed some great views of Plumbeous Kites swooping between the tree tops, Macaws sunning themselves in the morning sunshine and Amazonian Umbrellabirds skulking amidst the tangled foliage. Scanning the skies also rewarded a few of us with some nice (albeit distant) views of King Vulture too.

By mid-morning we arrived at the entrance to the Jau River National Park. We stopped at the Park Office to show our Passports to the park officer and register our entry into the park. It took a little while but there were plenty of pink dolphins active in the river, Parrots in the trees and the park guard also brought out some young Turtles that had recently hatched, giving us a lovely opportunity to take a closer look at these incredibly endearing little reptiles. It wasn't long before we were all back aboard Iracema and continuing our journey deep into the Jau, where we were met by Sabi, a local guide with intimate knowledge of the forest and its primates, who we hoped would be able to help us with our search for the Golden-backed Uakari.

We spent the afternoon exploring by canoe and, with Sabi's expert local knowledge (and some of his friends and family helping), we quickly found a troop of Uakari. We watched them from the main river for a short while but they soon disappeared into the forest. It then got very exciting as the group took it in turns to transfer into small dugout canoes and venture deep into the tangled Varzea in hopes of a closer look. It was an exciting afternoon and, even for those who weren't sure if they had actually seen the monkeys or not (a perplexing state to be in to say the least), it was a wonderful afternoon of adventure. Even for those waiting patiently out on the edge of the forest had some amazing views of Boto chasing around the canoes, Ringed, Amazon, and Green-and-rufous Kingfishers shooting up and down the river margins, White-tailed Nightjars sitting in the trees next to us and even a glimpse off a couple of Giant River Otters, swimming across the river.

We returned to Iracema in very high spirits. For some the evening ended with a good meal and sundowners whilst watching yet another beautiful sunset, for others the chance of another rather impromptu late night canoe trip out to look for Caiman was more than we could resist.



Day 6

Wednesday 24th June

Another great day started with the routine of coffee, breakfast, a beautiful sunrise and crackly La Traviata. Sabi and his friends arrived early and we boarded the canoes for another trip out into the Varzea to look for Uakari. It was a beautiful morning too and, as we paddled along the edge of the forest, we had more great sightings of Boto and Tucuxi and some good views of Neotropical River Otter and Brush-tailed Tree Rat too. Those that ventured into the forests on dugouts with Sabi and his crew also experienced some great views of Golden-backed Uakari too. Some people even managed the rare opportunity to capture a photo of these elusive beasts.

We then spent some time ashore where we visited Sabi's very humble homestead set along the banks of the river. Here, amidst a fluttering cloud of Swallowtail and Heliconid Butterflies, we learned a little more about how Caboclo people (such as Sabi and his family) and some of the indigenous tribes live in these remote flooded forests.

We eventually bid farewell to Sabi and his family and returned to Iracema for lunch and slowly retraced our passage back down the Jau and back towards the Rio Negro. It was incredibly hot and sunny but, even in the heat of the midday, there was still some wildlife to see so we all found a comfortable spot in the shade beneath the canopy on the top deck and relaxed as the forest and wildlife passed by. Amidst the major highlights of the afternoon was a wonderful view of a Harpy Eagle (spotted by our sharp-eyed captain). Once again the elevated position from the top deck of the boat provided us with great views of a bird (which we would otherwise have easily missed) perched high up in a tree looking out over the forest.

The day ended with another beautiful sunset revealing an even more spectacular starry sky so we boarded the Canoes for a night tour of Meduinim Lake. The wildlife paled into insignificance compared to the wonderful show of shooting stars we witnessed, but we did manage to find some nice Pink-footed Tarantulas, some small Black Caiman and a particularly attractive Black-spotted Skink.

Day 7

Thursday 25th June

It was another 5am start to the sound of Pavarotti and we ventured out in the cool of the morning for a pre-breakfast exploration of the Furo Parana and the Jacare-aturia. It was a beautiful morning and we enjoyed a good Howler Monkey chorus as we explored the back waters (although I am not sure if anyone actually saw a Howler Monkey) and a few of us had some nice views of Hoatzin too.



The group returned to Iracema for a leisurely breakfast but a few people did take the opportunity for an impromptu fishing trip with “Captain Mo” to try to catch a Peacock Cichlid but our venture was largely fruitless apart from a small specimen caught by one of the accompanying crew members. Nonetheless, we returned to the boat rejoicing and with all the stories of the ones that got away (as all fishermen do).

The day had become incredibly hot and we spent the afternoon exploring from the comfort of Iracema. Our exploration of the river took us a long way up narrow channels and deep into the forest and onto the edge of remote tribal territories before we had to turn around and retrace our steps. It was a fun afternoon and we spotted plenty of great birds including Paradise Jacamar, lots of Swallow-winged Puffbirds, Channel-billed and White-throated Toucan, and Bare-necked Fruitcrow, as we travelled.

We avoided the worst of the heat of the midday sun with an extended lunch and an informative lecture from Charles on both the Macaws and the indigenous tribes of the Amazon. It was all very relevant given the route we had taken and the wildlife we had seen thus far, and it gave us all a chance to rest and some welcome respite from the searing midday sun.

After a little time for some rest and relaxation we headed out on canoes into the flooded forest to fish for Piranhas for our dinner. Needless to say, as with all the best fishing trips, the heavens shed a torrential tropical rain storm on us (which knocked the air temperatures down nicely) and we all sat, soaked to the skin and giggling like school children as we excitedly jigged away with our rudimentary hand-lines and pulled in a wonderful selection of feisty Piranhas. It was certainly wonderful to see such excitement generated by such a simple pursuit and it was even better to know that we would once again be enjoying another delicious meal of fresh fish too.

We spent the remainder of the day watching for wildlife (particularly more Harpy Eagles) from the comfort of Iracema as we explored the Parane Baependii, where we had some more great sightings of troops of Squirrel Monkeys and Brown Capuchins, and our day ended with another spectacular sunset as we cruised along the river.

Day 8

Friday 26th June

The now familiar morning wake-up routine commenced once again with its usual crackly rendition of La Traviata but was quickly followed by an up-tempo rendition of 'Brazil' by a full brass ensemble. This set a wonderfully cheery addition to the start of the day (but, more annoyingly, had me whistling it for the rest of the week too).

After some early morning bird watching that (amidst a host of other species) delivered some lovely views of Anhinga, Green Ibis, Amazonian Umbrellabird, White-tailed Trogon and Orange-cheeked Parrot, the day's activities took the form of some sightseeing and souvenir shopping for local arts and crafts in the remote, "end of the road" town of Novo Airao. Here, amidst the colourful barcos that lined the municipal dockside, we enjoyed some wonderfully close views of Southern Rough-winged Swallows and Grey-breasted Martins as they perched on the wires along the access bridge. Our stop in town was relatively brief and, once suitably laden down with a host of handmade curios to fill up the spaces in our homebound luggage, we headed back to the boat for lunch.

After lunch, we were taken ashore at Captain Mo's hotel where we were not only treated to some wonderfully sweet views of a small group of Night Monkeys that live in a tree hollow close to the entrance of the hotel. We were also treated to a wonderfully relaxed afternoon of poolside cocktails and some relaxed bird watching around the grounds of the hotel which, amongst a host of other things, provided us with good sightings of Chestnut-bellied Seedeater, Blue and Yellow-bellied Dacnis, and Turquoise, Palm, Blue-grey and Silver-beaked Tanagers. It really was a fun afternoon with some of the best 'small bird' viewing we had had on the entire trip.

As darkness fell, we were then treated to a fun-filled Tarantula tour around the hotel grounds where we encountered undoubtedly some of the most impressive spiders (all Pink-footed Tarantulas) we had seen throughout the tour. It was a very fun way to end a relaxing day, and we all returned to the boat more than ready for a good night's rest.

Day 9

Saturday 27th June

We had a slow start to the morning, as a few of us watched the sunrise over the river for the last time, drank our first coffee of the day and watched as, under the watchful eye of numerous Black Vultures that sat in every treetop, a flotilla of small fishing dugouts headed out onto the river in the company of playful river dolphins. La Traviata inevitably cracked the morning silence and breakfast was served.

After breakfast, under the impending gloom of some impressive tropical rain clouds, we set out to visit a nearby village where some of the indigenous tribes people, in traditional costumes adorned with colourful macaw feathers and strings of impressive Caiman teeth, treated us to a display of their traditional music, dance and ceremony. Some got a chance to practice their skills with a blowpipe (with terrifying accuracy, I might add) and others the chance to try out some of the traditional musical instruments (with varying degrees of success).

The tropical rain eventually passed (as it always does) and the skies brightened as we made our way slowly back towards Manaus. Once at the dock, we said our final farewells to our wonderful crew and boarded a bus that would eventually take us back to the airport for our onward journeys. However, with a little extra time to kill,

and a beautiful, warm day revealing itself from the morning's storm, we opted to head downtown with our guide Paulo for ice creams in the town square and a quick visit to the Manaus Opera House: one of the city's oldest and most impressive landmarks. It was a wonderful way to wind down from our incredible adventures but it wasn't long before we eventually had to say our final farewells to each other and continue with our onward journeys home.

Day 10

Sunday 28th June

Journey back to the UK

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Storm cloud over the Rio Negro

Species Lists

Birds (✓ = recorded but not counted; h = heard only)

	Common name	Scientific name	June							
			20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
1	Neotropic Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax brasilianus</i>			✓	✓				
2	Anhinga	<i>Anhinga anhinga</i>				✓	✓		✓	
3	Snowy Egret	<i>Egretta thula</i>	✓		✓					
4	Western Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	✓	✓			✓			
5	Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
6	Striated heron	<i>Butorides striata</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
7	Capped Heron	<i>Pilherodius pileatus</i>				✓	✓			
8	Rufescent Tiger Heron	<i>Tigrisoma lineatum</i>		✓						
9	Green Ibis	<i>Mesembrinibis cayennensis</i>		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	
10	King Vulture	<i>Sarcoramphus papa</i>				✓	✓			
11	Black Vulture	<i>Coragyps atratus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
12	Turkey Vulture	<i>Cathartes aura</i>	✓	✓			✓		✓	✓
13	Lesser Yellow-headed Vulture	<i>Cathartes burrovianus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
14	Greater Yellow-headed Vulture	<i>Cathartes melambrotus</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓		
15	Black-bellied Whistling Duck	<i>Dendrocygna autumnalis</i>			✓					
16	Muscovy Duck	<i>Cairina moschata</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
17	Western Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>		✓						✓
18	Swallow-tailed Kite	<i>Elanoides forficatus</i>								
19	Grey-headed Kite	<i>Leptodon cayanensis</i>		✓					✓	
20	Plumbeous Kite	<i>Ictinia plumbea</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
21	Snail Kite	<i>Rostrhamus sociabilis</i>		✓						
22	Roadside Hawk	<i>Rupornis magnirostris</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
23	Black-collared Hawk	<i>Busarellus nigricollis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓
24	Great Black Hawk	<i>Buteogallus urubitinga</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓		
25	Common Black Hawk	<i>Buteogallus anthracinus</i>			✓					
26	Slate-coloured Hawk	<i>Buteogallus schistaceus</i>			✓				✓	
27	Harpy Eagle	<i>Harpia harpyja</i>					✓			
28	Crane Hawk	<i>Geranospiza caerulescens</i>	✓							
29	Black Caracara	<i>Daptrius ater</i>		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	
30	Yellow-headed Caracara	<i>Milvago chimachima</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
31	Bat Falcon	<i>Falco ruficularis</i>			✓	✓				✓
32	Nocturnal Curassow	<i>Nothocrax urumutum</i>			✓					
33	Razor-billed Curassow	<i>Mitu tuberosum</i>			✓					
34	Black Curassow	<i>Crax alector</i>			✓					
35	Hoatzin	<i>Opisthocomus hoazin</i>	✓		✓		✓	✓		
36	Limpkin	<i>Aramus guarauna</i>	✓							
37	Sungrebe	<i>Heliornis fulica</i>						✓		
38	Wattled Jacana	<i>Jacana jacana</i>	✓	✓	✓					
39	Southern Lapwing	<i>Vanellus chilensis</i>		✓						
40	Large-billed Tern	<i>Phaetusa simplex</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
41	Yellow-billed Tern	<i>Sternula superciliaris</i>	✓	✓						
42	Scaled Pigeon	<i>Columba speciosa</i>	✓							
43	Pale-vented Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas cayennensis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
44	Ruddy Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas subvinacea</i>		✓		✓			✓	✓
45	Plumbeous Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas plumbea</i>			✓		✓		✓	
46	Common Ground-Dove	<i>Columbina passerina</i>							✓	✓
47	Grey-fronted Dove	<i>Leptotila rufaxilla</i>						✓		

	Common name	Scientific name	June							
			20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
48	Blue-and-gold Macaw	<i>Ara ararauna</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓		
49	Scarlet Macaw	<i>Ara macao</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓		✓	
50	Red-and-green Macaw	<i>Ara chloropterus</i>			✓	✓	✓			
51	White-eyed Parakeet	<i>Aratinga leucophthalmus</i>	✓				✓			
52	Brown-throated Parakeet	<i>Aratinga pertinax</i>					✓			
53	Maroon-tailed Parakeet	<i>Pyrrhura melanura</i>	✓							✓
54	Golden-winged Parakeet	<i>Brotogeris chrysopterus</i>	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓		✓
55	Canary Winged Parakeet	<i>Brotogeris versicolurus</i>	✓					✓		
56	Tui Parakeet	<i>Brotogeris sanctithomae</i>	✓	✓						
57	Yellow-faced Parrot	<i>Amazona xanthops</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓			
58	Green-rumped Parrotlet	<i>Forpus passerinus</i>	✓	✓						✓
59	Orange-cheeked parrot	<i>Pyrilia barrabandi</i>							✓	
60	Blue-headed Parrot	<i>Pionus menstruus</i>			✓		✓		✓	✓
61	Red-lore Amazon	<i>Amazona autumnalis</i>						✓		
62	Blue-fronted Parrot (Amazon)	<i>Amazona aestiva</i>				✓	✓			
63	Yellow-crowned Parrot (Amazon)	<i>Amazona ochrocephala</i>		✓		✓			✓	
64	Festive Amazon	<i>Amazona festiva</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
65	Mealy Parrot (Amazon)	<i>Amazona farinosa</i>	✓							✓
66	Squirrel Cuckoo	<i>Piaya cayana</i>	✓				✓	✓	✓	✓
67	Smooth-billed Ani	<i>Crotophaga ani</i>	✓	✓						
68	Greater Ani	<i>Crotophaga major</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
69	Spectacled Owl	<i>Pulsatrix perspicillata</i>							✓	
70	Great Potoo	<i>Nyctibius grandis</i>	✓							
71	Short-tailed Nighthawk	<i>Lurocalis semitorquatus</i>	✓	✓						✓
72	Band-tailed Nighthawk	<i>Nyctiprogne leucopyga</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	
73	Nacunda Nighthawk	<i>Podager nacunda</i>	✓							
74	White-tailed Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus cayennensis</i>				✓				
75	Ladder-tailed Nightjar	<i>Hydropsalis climacocerca</i>	✓	✓				✓	✓	✓
76	Silky-tailed Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus seriocaudatus</i>						✓		
77	Chapman's Swift	<i>Chaetura chapmani</i>		✓	✓					
78	Short-tailed Swift	<i>Chaetura brachyura</i>		✓	✓	✓				
79	Reddish Hermit	<i>Phaethornis ruber</i>			✓					
80	White-necked Jacobin	<i>Florisuga mellivora</i>	✓		✓					
81	Blue-chinned Sapphire	<i>Chlorestes notata</i>							✓	
82	White-tailed Trogon	<i>Trogon viridis</i>							✓	
83	Belted Kingfisher	<i>Megaceryle alcyon</i>		✓						
84	Ringed kingfisher	<i>Ceryle torquata</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
85	Amazon Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle amazona</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
86	Green Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle americana</i>				✓	✓			
87	Green-and-rufous Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle inda</i>				✓	✓			
88	American Pygmy Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle aenea</i>			✓		✓			
89	Paradise Jacamar	<i>Galbula dea</i>		✓				✓		
90	White-necked Puffbird	<i>Northarchus hyperrynchus</i>		✓						
91	Black-fronted Nunbird	<i>Monasa nigrifrons</i>			✓					
92	Black Nunbird	<i>Monasa atra</i>		✓			✓	✓		
93	White-fronted Nunbird	<i>Monasa morphoeus</i>								
94	Swallow-winged Puffbird	<i>Chelidoptera tenebrosa</i>		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	
95	Chestnut-eared Aracari	<i>Pteroglossus castanotis</i>			✓					
96	Ivory-billed Aracari	<i>Pteroglossus azara</i>			✓					
97	Channel-billed Toucan	<i>Ramphastos vitellinus</i>			✓			✓	✓	
98	White-throated Toucan	<i>Ramphastos tucanus</i>		✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	

	Common name	Scientific name	June							
			20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
99	Spot-breasted Woodpecker	<i>Colaptes punctigula</i>	✓			✓				
100	Green-barred Woodpecker	<i>Colaptes melanochloros</i>	✓							
101	Ringed Woodpecker	<i>Celeus torquatus</i>	✓		✓			✓		
102	Yellow-tufted Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes cruentatus</i>							✓	
103	Crimson-crested Woodpecker	<i>Campephilus melanoleucos</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	
104	Red-necked Woodpecker	<i>Campephilus rubricollis</i>			✓					
105	White-chinned Woodcreeper	<i>Dendrocincla merula</i>	✓							
106	Long-billed Woodcreeper	<i>Nasica longirostris</i>	✓	✓		✓			✓	
107	Black-banded Woodcreeper	<i>Dendrocolaptes picumnus</i>	✓							
108	Zimmer's Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphorhynchus kienerii</i>	✓	✓			✓			
109	Buff-throated Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphorhynchus guttatus</i>		✓						
110	Fasciated Antshrike	<i>Cymbilaimus lineatus</i>				✓				
111	Amazonian Streaked Antwren	<i>Myrmotherula multostriata</i>						✓		
112	Scale-backed Antbird	<i>Hylophylax poecilinota</i>								✓
113	Grey Elaenia	<i>Myiopagis caniceps</i>							✓	
114	Yellow-crowned Tyrannulet	<i>Tyrannulus elatus</i>		✓			✓			
115	Snethlage's Tody-Tyrant	<i>Hemitriccus minor</i>			✓					
116	Swainson's Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus swainsoni</i>		✓						
117	Boat-billed Flycatcher	<i>Megarynchus pitangua</i>		✓					✓	✓
118	Great Kiskadee	<i>Pitangus sulphuratus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓		✓
119	Lesser Kiskadee	<i>Philohydor lictor</i>	✓							
120	Social Flycatcher	<i>Myiozetetes similis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓
121	Yellow-throated Flycatcher	<i>Conopias parvus</i>								✓
122	Streaked Flycatcher	<i>Myiodynastes maculatus</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓			
123	Variiegated Flycatcher	<i>Empidonomus varius</i>							✓	✓
124	Tropical Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus melancholicus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
125	White-throated Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus albogularis</i>	✓						✓	
126	Fork-tailed Flycatcher	<i>Tyrannus savana</i>	✓				✓	✓		✓
127	Masked Tityra	<i>Tityra semifasciata</i>		✓						
128	Wire-tailed Manakin	<i>Pipra filicauda</i>			✓			✓	✓	
129	Spangled Cotinga	<i>Cotinga cayana</i>			✓					
130	Pompadour Cotinga	<i>Xipholena punicea</i>								
131	Amazonian Umbrellabird	<i>Cephalopterus ornatus</i>				✓			✓	
132	Cinereous Mourner	<i>Laniocera hypopyrra</i>								
133	Screaming Piha	<i>Lipaugus vociferans</i>		h	h	h	h	✓		
134	Bare-necked Fruitcrow	<i>Gymnoderus foetidus</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
135	Brown-chested Martin	<i>Progne tapera</i>	✓	✓						
136	Gray-breasted Martin	<i>Progne chalybea</i>							✓	✓
137	White-winged Swallow	<i>Tachycineta albiventer</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
138	Southern Rough-winged Swallow	<i>Stelgidopteryx ruficollis</i>	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
139	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	✓							
140	Coraya Wren	<i>Pheugopedius coraya</i>								
141	Buff-breasted Wren	<i>Cantorchilus leucotis</i>	✓							
142	House Wren	<i>Troglodytes aedon</i>							✓	
143	Tropical Gnatcatcher	<i>Poliophtila plumbea</i>			✓					
144	Rufous-browed Peppershrike	<i>Cyclarhis gujanensis</i>				✓				✓
145	Red-eyed Vireo	<i>Vireo olivaceus</i>							✓	
146	White-shouldered Tanager	<i>Tachyphonus cluctuosus</i>							✓	
147	Red-crowned Ant Tanager	<i>Habia rubica</i>								
148	Masked Crimson Tanager	<i>Ramphocelus nigrogularis</i>								
149	Silver-beaked Tanager	<i>Ramphocelus carbo</i>	✓		✓				✓	

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			20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	
150	Blue-grey Tanager	<i>Thraupis episcopus</i>	✓	✓						✓	
151	Palm Tanager	<i>Thraupis palmarum</i>	✓	✓						✓	
152	Turquoise Tanager	<i>Tangara mexicana</i>								✓	
153	Red-billed Pied Tanager	<i>Lamprospiza melanoleuca</i>		✓							
154	Blue Dacnis	<i>Dacnis cayana</i>								✓	
155	Yellow-bellied Dacnis	<i>Dacnis flaviventer</i>								✓	
156	Velvet-fronted Grackle	<i>Lamprosar tanagrinus</i>	✓								
157	Red-rumped Cacique	<i>Cacicus haemorrhous</i>		✓							
158	Yellow-rumped Cacique	<i>Cacicus cela</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
159	Crested Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius decumanus</i>					✓	✓			
160	Olive Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius bifasciatus</i>						✓			
161	Green Oropendola	<i>Psarocoliusviridis</i>			✓			✓			
162	Red-capped Cardinal	<i>Paroaria gularis</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓			
163	Chestnut-bellied Seedeater	<i>Sporophila castaneiventris</i>								✓	
164	Yellow-browed Sparrow	<i>Ammodramus aurifrons</i>	✓								
165	Orange-fronted Yellow Finch	<i>Sicalis columbiana</i>	✓	✓	✓						

Mammals

1	Yellow-fronted Brush-tailed Rat	<i>Isothrix bistrata</i>			✓		✓				
2	Red Howler Monkey	<i>Alouatta seniculus</i>	h	✓	✓	✓	✓				
3	Brown or Tufted Capuchin Monkey	<i>Cebus apella</i>			✓			✓			
4	White-fronted Capuchin Monkey	<i>Cebus albifrons</i>		✓							
5	Brown Bearded Saki	<i>Chiropotes satanas</i>			✓						
6	Golden-backed Uakari	<i>Cacajao melanocephalus</i>			✓	✓					
7	Squirrel Monkey	<i>Saimiri sciureus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
8	Night Monkey	<i>Aotus vociferans</i>								✓	
9	Lesser Fishing Bat	<i>Noctilio albiventris</i>	✓								
10	Greater Fishing Bat	<i>Noctilio leporinus</i>				✓	✓				
11	Long-nosed Bat	<i>Rhynchonycteris naso</i>		✓	✓		✓	✓			
12	A Ghost Bat	<i>Diclidurus sp.</i>			✓						
13	Common Opossum	<i>Didelphis marsupialis</i>				✓					
14	Giant (River) Otter	<i>Pteronura brasiliensis</i>				✓					
15	Neotropical (River) Otter	<i>Lutra longicaudis</i>					✓				
16	Boto (Amazon/Pink River Dolphin)	<i>Inia geoffrensis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
17	Tucuxi (Grey River Dolphin)	<i>Sotalia fluviatilis</i>	✓			✓	✓	✓			✓
18	Brown-throated Sloth	<i>Bradypus variegatus</i>	✓								

Reptiles & Amphibians

1	Common (Green) Iguana	<i>Iguana iguana</i>	✓	✓						✓	✓
2	Black Caiman	<i>Melanosuchus niger</i>			✓		✓				
3	Spectacled Caiman	<i>Caiman crocodilus</i>		✓		✓					
4	Yellow-spotted River Turtle	<i>Podocnemis unifilis</i>				✓					
5	Amazon River Turtle	<i>Podocnemis sextuberculata</i>				✓					
6	Giant River Turtle	<i>Podocnemis expansa</i>				✓					
7	Green Anaconda	<i>Eunectes notatus</i>		✓							
8	Tree Frogs	<i>Hyla spp.</i>								✓	
9	Warty-snouted Tree-Frog	<i>Scinax acuminatus</i>									
10	Bull Frog?	????	✓								
11	Cocha Whiptail	<i>Kentropyx altamazonica</i>			✓						
12	Black-spotted Skink	<i>Mabuya nigropunctata</i>					✓				