

Wild China – Sichuan’s Birds & Mammals

Naturetrek Tour Report

9 - 24 November 2019



Golden snub-nosed Monkey



White-browed Rosefinch



Himalayan Vulture



Red Panda

Report and images compiled by Barrie Cooper



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Summary

Sichuan is a marvellous part of China with spectacular scenery, fine food and wonderful wildlife. We had a rich variety of mammals and birds on this trip. Mammals included Red Panda, Golden Snub-nosed Monkey, the endemic Chinese Desert Cat, Pallas's Cat on two days, including during the daytime. The "golden fleece animal" –Takin never fails to attract the regular attention of cameras. A good range of bird species, including several endemics, was also recorded and one lucky group member now has Temminck's Tragopan on his list.

Day 1

Saturday 9th November

The Cathay Pacific flight from Heathrow to Hong Kong had its usual good selection of films and decent food.

Day 2

Sunday 10th November

The group of three from London, became seven when we met the others at the gate for the connecting flight to Chengdu the following morning. Unfortunately, the flight was delayed by an hour but we had the compensation of warm, sunny weather at Chengdu where we met up with our local guide Sid. After a couple of hours of driving, we arrived at our hotel in Dujiangyan. A couple of flocks of Red-billed Starlings and Bramblings had been seen during the journey and Light-vented Bulbuls were opposite our hotel. After a brief break to organise ourselves, we had a short drive to the river where birds such as Plumbeous Redstart, Brown Dipper, the local race of White Wagtail, Hodgson's Redstart and Sand Martin were conspicuous. A few more minutes of driving took us to a dam but it was the trees and bushes on the hill that were the focus of our attention. A group of five Spot-breasted Parrotbills showed well and were joined by some Collared Finchbills. A couple of Blue Magpies flew across but the calling Streak-breasted Scimitar Babbler and Chinese Wren Babbler remained true to form and out of sight. After dinner we went out do some spotlighting but a Northern Boobook was only heard and not seen.

Day 3

Monday 11th November

Only Erica and Kate joined the leaders for a pre-breakfast walk. It was dark when we set off and the wildlife was rather elusive with various species heard but not seen. However we did manage to get reasonable views of a Collared Owlet and a White-crowned Forktail was on the road on the way down the hill. After breakfast we began the drive to Labahe with Chinese Blackbird, Spotted Dove, Red-billed and White-cheeked Starlings seen from the cars. A comfort break at a service station was productive for a few birds as well. White-browed Laughing Thrush, Black-throated Tit, Pallas' Leaf Warbler, Black-chinned Yuhina and White-rumped Munia were new species for the trip. A stop at a wetland prior to lunch had a few waterbirds with Ferruginous Duck being the highlight. A group of Blue Magpies were outside the restaurant. After lunch we completed our journey to Labahe with the predictable welcoming party of Tibetan Macaques on the road waiting for gullible tourists. After a brief rest at the hotel, a short walk along the river enabled the group to become familiar with Brown Dipper, Little Forktail, Plumbeous and White-capped Redstarts.

After dinner we went on a night drive where we found Reeve's Muntjac, four Chinese Gorals, several Red-and-white Giant Flying Squirrels and plenty of Sambar. The highlight was a Red and White Giant Flying Squirrel that took off and gave an excellent flight of a few hundred metres, viewable in the spotlight.

Day 4

Tuesday 12th November

It was an early breakfast in "Sid's Café" before we made our way to the bus terminal for a 7am departure up the western road of Labahe. It was dark when we left the hotel but was getting light by the time we reached the end of the road and got off the bus. Unfortunately the mountain was enveloped by mist that was to remain all morning, making visibility difficult as we started to walk down the road. However, within five minutes we had found our first Red Panda that was feeding on berries next to the road. Although the misty conditions didn't help the photographers, the panda did try its best to help us by gorging itself on berries while giving us reasonable views. Two Great Parrotbills and a flock of Grey-hooded Fulvettas appeared around the panda tree by means of a contrast. We watched the panda for approximately twenty minutes but with visibility not improving, the group elected to continue the walk down the road. We did find another Red Panda further down and were aiming to get closer views but it disappeared while we were distracted as we moved away from a lorry. Despite the weather, we did see some good species including Elliot's and Black-faced Laughing Thrush, Spotted Nutcracker, Olive-backed Pipit and Himalayan Bluetail. A walk down a trail coincided with a mixed group of birds passing through that included Black-browed Bushtit, Pere David's, Yellow-browed, Grey Crested and Coal Tits. A male Crimson-breasted Woodpecker gave good views, as did a Little Forktail. A Dusky Thrush was at the top of a tree as we made our way down the main road and waited for a bus to take us back down. When we arrived at the car park a Golden Eagle was soaring over the forest before flying almost directly overhead. It was then a return to the hotel where lunch was at Sid' Café. After lunch, only Roger joined the group for the afternoon session with Perney's Long-nosed Squirrel being a new mammal for the trip. A Grey-headed Woodpecker gave a fleeting glimpse but a Sharp's Rosefinch eventually provided us with reasonable views. A flock of sixty Bramblings appeared a few times in the area where we walked. A mixed flock had Sichuan Leaf Warbler, Chestnut-vented Nuthatch, Himalayan Bluetail, Green-backed and Yellow-browed Tits, while two Long-tailed Minivets flew over.

The evening spotlighting drive after dinner was done in the rain and we had more Red and White Giant Flying Squirrels, Gorals and Sambas. The highlight was two Parti-coloured Flying Squirrels.

Day 5

Wednesday 13th November

Following breakfast at Sid's, we made the short journey to the bus terminal for our drive up the Er Lang mountain. It was raining when we left the hotel and light snow was falling when we reached the top of the road. The snow had given a thin white coating to the trees high on the mountain. Despite the wet weather, it was actually clearer than the previous day so we had a brief scan over the mountain before the mist arrived to reduce the visibility once more. The walk down was quiet with very little bird activity before a group of Grey-hooded Fulvettas and a couple of Lady Amherst's Pheasants provided some interest. A mixed flock had Black-browed Bushtit, Coal Tit, Chestnut-vented Nuthatch and Goldcrest. Dusky, Naumann's and Chestnut Thrushes were feeding on berries, as were a couple of Nutcrackers that showed very well. Just as it seemed that we were going to have a panda-free day, Barrie spotted a Red Panda in a tree some thirty metres from the road. It was an old friend from last year who was recognisable because of its damaged ear and rather mangy, dark fur on its hind

back. This individual always seems to be obliging and he continued to feed and climb around the tree for the whole time we were there, which was until the mist arrived. Many photographs later, we moved on to leave the endearing character to continue to feed on berries in the mist. The mist brought colder, damper conditions so soon afterwards, we took a bus down to the car park to dry out and have lunch at Sid's. Despite the weather, we had another very satisfying morning.

We went up the eastern road near the hotel for the afternoon session and with drier weather. A White-cheeked Starling was near the end of the road while three Crag Martins passed overhead. A few Chestnut Thrushes were on the hillside before we set off for a walk down the river where four Blue-fronted Redstarts were the highlight. A short drive further down the valley from our hotel enabled us to go for a productive walk. A couple of mixed flocks held plenty of birds with some new species recorded including Stripe-throated Yuhina, Green and Blyth's Shrike Babblers. Other species included Black-browed Bushtit, Green-backed and Yellow-browed Tits, Chestnut-vented Nuthatch, Red-billed Leiothrix and Pallas' Leaf Warbler.

The evening spotlighting session was very productive with three new mammals for the trip - Leopard Cat, Masked Palm Civet and three Wild Boars. We also had excellent views of Red and White Giant Flying Squirrel and Goral.

Day 6

Thursday 14th November

A pre-breakfast walk brought us Lady Amherst's Pheasant, Yellow-bellied Bush Warbler, Crested Goshawk, White-crowned and Little Forktails, Brown Dipper and Brambling. After breakfast at Sid's, we embarked on the journey to Wolong. Today was a travel day and ironically it was done in warm bright sunshine which we couldn't take advantage of. We made a brief call in to the wetland that we visited a few days ago but no new species were seen. A walk, in late afternoon, near a Buddhist temple in Wolong had a few birds calling but only Red-billed Magpies and an Eastern Buzzard were seen.

Day 7

Friday 15th November

The sky was clear as we set off in the dark for the drive up the mountain known as Balang Shan. When the sun did come up, it was ever present in a clear blue sky, with warm temperatures that eventually forced everyone to peel off layers of clothing. Our first stop was at an altitude of approximately 3,500 metres and enabled us to find some good birds including Rufous-breasted Accentor, White-throated Redstart, White-browed, Pink-rumped and Sharpe's Rosefinches. A Himalayan Buzzard and a couple of White-winged Grosbeaks soon followed. A couple of Snow pigeons gave us some close fly-pasts before settling on a ledge just fifteen metres away. A Lammergeier showed well and a Small Tortoiseshell-type butterfly was an indication of how the sun was quickly bringing some heat. A flock of fifty Plain Mountain Finches were not as obliging as a Sichuan Tit. Red-billed and Alpine (yellow-billed) Choughs and a few Himalayan Vultures preceded views of White-browed Tit Warbler. After a picnic lunch we drove up to the top of the pass at an altitude of 4,070 metres. There was snow covering the mountain here and it was quiet, so we moved down and eventually found a flock of at least five hundred Grandalas on wires and doing their usual aerobatics. Three Hill Pigeons flew past while we were watching the Grandalas before we moved further down the mountain road. Our final stop on this side of the mountain was very productive with some new species - Przevalski's Nuthatch, Rufous-vented Tit, White-browed Fulvetta and

Streaked Rosefinch, plus Pink-rumped Rosefinch again. On the way back to the hotel, one vehicle saw two Chinese Spot-billed Ducks.

Day 8

Saturday 16th November

Today was a long driving day from Wolong to Ruoregai with little seen during the morning. During the afternoon as we gained altitude we stopped at a few favourable places with bushes. Robins, accentors & buntings were perched together in a bush providing an interesting comparison, a few Pink-rumped Rosefinches were also around. One vehicle saw a male Hen Harrier. Another stop had White-browed Tit and White-browed Tit Warbler, plus a Common Snipe and a few Gldenstdt's Redstarts. Other birds seen included Azure-winged and Oriental Magpies, Saker, Ruddy Shelduck, Chinese Grey Shrike, Streaked Rosefinch, Plain Laughingthrush, Eastern Buzzard, Lammergeier and Himalayan Vulture. A Siberian Weasel was the main mammal of interest, however the thousands of Yaks and their herdsmen seemed popular with photographers.

The evening session achieved its main objective with good views of a Chinese Mountain (Desert) Cat. We watched it for quite some time as it hunted in the grassland, although we didn't notice it catch any prey. Two Woolly Hares were also seen very well and relatively close to the road. Three Red Foxes completed the mammal list for the day.

Day 9

Sunday 17th November

It was an early start for a drive to a particularly rich part of the Tibetan plateau. The grasslands here support an amazing amount of biodiversity with the quantity of raptors being an indicator of the richness. There was some light as we began our walk to a viewpoint where we could scan a reasonable area. A pair of Sakers were among the first early risers and it wasn't long before White-rumped Snowfinches and Plateau Pikas seemed to be everywhere. Upland Buzzards became more numerous as the day progressed, as did Steppe Eagles. Once there was enough light we didn't have to wait long for the first Tibetan Fox sighting; we had a few during the morning including one with a pika. Small flocks of Rufous-naped Snowfinches, Plain Mountain Finches and Oriental Skylark added to the variety. Some other species seen included Hill Pigeon, Red-billed Choughs, Ground Tit, Twite, Rock Sparrow and Gldenstdt's Redstart. From one viewpoint overlooking the plateau we found two Black-necked Cranes that hadn't migrated yet. It was good to see many Tibetan Gazelles scattered around the hills. Three Siberian Roe Deer were very distant but, on this occasion, we couldn't find any Blue Sheep. After an interesting morning we returned to the hotel for lunch and a break.

An early dinner was taken so that we could return to the area of this morning's visit to do some spotlighting. It was a very successful mission with the highlight being a Pallas's Cat seen well in the spotlight. It initially took cover among some rocks but eventually came out to sit out in the open on a hillside near the road. We also had a Wolf with one vehicle first seeing it approximately twenty metres away. Several Tibetan Foxes, Tibetan Gazelles and a roosting Upland Buzzard completed the line up on a very successful evening.

Day 10

Monday 18th November

After breakfast it was a thirty-minute drive to the Baozuo forest where it was just getting light when we arrived. A couple of Woolly Hares were our first sightings, soon followed by White-throated and Gldenstdt's

Redstarts. The star of the morning was probably the eighteen Blue-eared Pheasants that had ventured out of the forest and were pecking around a small frosty field. Three Common Pheasants were further down the road and looking rather different than the introduced version in the UK. Three Siberian Roe Deer were on a distant hillside but a Golden Eagle perched on a much closer slope gave us great views before being chased off by a Himalayan Buzzard and crows.

We stopped for a coffee at a place with a good variety of birds that included Plain Laughingthrush, Godlewski's Bunting and three very obliging White-browed Rosefinch. A pair of White-browed Tit-warblers showed well, as did Rufous-breasted and Robin Accentors, including one of each species posing next to each other in a tree. A walk up into the forest enabled us to find a Thomas's Pika with the help of Sid's heat detector. A couple of Chinese Grouse were typical skittish, as were a group of Blood Pheasants. A flock of birds had Crested Tit Warbler, Goldcrest, Rufous-vented Tit and Grey-crested Tit. We then drove back to Ruoregai for a large lunch before going to the area of the plateau we had visited the previous evening.

The drive was interrupted as we stopped to take photos of three Himalayan Vultures on the remains of a yak carcass. During the drive down a minor road, we managed to see several Tibetan Foxes and Tibetan Gazelles, plus the usual array of raptors and wildlife we had seen the previous day. The highlight was good views of the same Pallas's Cat we had seen the night before, but this time in daylight. It was first spotted near some rocks before disappearing then reappearing on the top of the slope before walking off to the other side and out of sight. It was a wonderful way to end our final full day on the plateau.

Day 11

Tuesday 19th November

We checked out of the hotel to begin our descent from the Tibetan plateau. There had been snow on the area we had to pass through, and this made the roads icy making the journey slow at times. Some of the roads had been partly destroyed by the various floods that these valleys can sometimes suffer from. However Sid and Fugui negotiated the conditions to perfection, and we arrived safely in Pingwu at 3.30pm. We had passed through spectacular scenery with picturesque gorges and fast flowing rivers. Four Daurian Jackdaws showed well next to the road in a village, but a Collared Crow was only seen by the leader when the vehicles stopped at a service station for petrol. Twite, Red-billed Leiothrix, Eastern Buzzard, Gadwall and Lapwing were some of the species seen during the journey.

After a short break, we visited Pingwu Park which is a forested hillside overlooking the city. The birds were relatively quiet and most of those that did sing or call kept a low profile. Some of the birds heard included Rufous-faced Babbler and Chinese Hwamei. We did manage to see Grey-headed Woodpecker, Himalayan Bluetail and Collared Finchbill. David and Hazel decided to walk ahead and were rewarded by seeing Golden Pheasants – a male and two females.

Day 12

Wednesday 20th November

The day began with a visit to the forest above Pingwu, where David's Fulvetta, Rufous-capped Babbler, White-collared and Spectacled Yuhinas were some of the notable birds. Most of the group left the mountain early as they wanted to visit the temple in Pingwu. The rest of us had more good birds including Yellow-throated, Godlewski's and Little Buntings, Streak-breasted Scimitar Babbler, Buff-throated Warbler, Brown-breasted

Bulbul, Spot-breasted and Vinous-throated Parrotbills. It was then time to meet up with the rest of the group and have an early lunch before the drive to Tangjiahe. A few Mandarins and other ducks plus a Great Cormorant were on a dammed part of the river and a Collared Crow was spotted just before we reached Tangjiahe. It didn't take long before we saw our first Takin and then another one was grazing on the small branches of a tree. Two Wild Boars and a few Reeve's Muntjacs were seen on the drive to the hotel. Crested Kingfisher and White-crowned Forktail were some of the birds seen on the river.

A successful night drive gave us some interesting mammals with a Malayan Porcupine showing very well and reappearing to give more close views. A Tufted Deer, a couple of Masked Palm Civets, a few Takins and Gorals and several Reeve's Muntjacs added to the interest. The occupants of one vehicle had a close view of a White-capped Redstart roosting on the rock face next to the road.

Day 13

Thursday 21st November

Some of the group joined the pre-breakfast spotlighting trip where we had several Takins (including mother and two young) and Muntjacs. Crested Kingfisher was on the river and a Mountain Hawk Eagle flew over the hotel and a couple of Grey-capped Greenfinches were near the restaurant. After breakfast we drove down the road and then walked a couple of kilometres up the east road. Our first stop was to walk up the hill to a site known as Heroes Pass. It could have been called "woodpecker walk" this morning with three species seen – Darjeeling, Grey Capped Pygmy and the subspecies of Great Spotted Woodpecker sometimes known as Chinese Great Spotted Woodpecker. A Golden Eagle was also seen but muntjacs were the only mammal. The aim of the walk up the eastern road was to find Golden Snub-nosed Monkey, but we were unsuccessful. Another Golden Eagle was probably the highlight, although the first dragonfly was seen but not identified. Pere David's Rock Squirrel and Black-bibbed Tit were the other notable species during the morning before we returned for a noodle or rice lunch.

Four of the group decided to go with Fugui for a drive down the road. Only Roger elected to go for a walk and was rewarded with distant views of a Golden Snub-nosed Monkey. We watched this charismatic animal feeding in a tree, pulling thin branches in search of food. Although distant, the scope views enabled us to see the distinctive features of its face. We watched it for approximately twenty minutes before it moved down into some trees that had too many leaves for us to see it. It was a target species for the day, but it was unfortunate that only one of the group saw it.

The evening session was very successful with two Hog Badgers, one of which ran alongside both vehicles. A Chinese Serow was new for the trip, as was a Tawny Fish Owl perched just twenty-five metres away. Also obliging was a Leopard Cat that seemed quite relaxed as we watched it from across the river. A Masked Palm Civet and several Takins and Reeves' Muntjac completed the line-up.

Day 14

Friday 22nd November

Five group members went with Sid to look for Golden Snub-nosed Monkey that they had missed the previous day. They were successful and had close but brief views of one near the road before it disappeared. Some of the birds seen by them included Black-bibbed Tit, David's Fulvetta and Collared Yuhina. They went for some sightseeing in Qingxi and walked around the old town and city walls before a spot of shopping and lunch.

Roger, Barrie and Fugui went to a higher elevation and after a long, uphill walk were rewarded with good views of a Temminck's Tragopan and watched it for ten minutes. It was initially in the open before trying to hide in some vegetation where it could see us and we could see it before it moved off and melted away into some bushes. A flock of Golden-breasted Fulvettas revealed their stunning beauty and a few Sooty Tits were other highlights of the walk. A couple of Streak-breasted Scimitar Babblers showed well as did two Swinhoe's Striped Squirrels.

The night drive produced another new species for the trip – Eurasian Otter, but only David and Hazel managed to see it. Other mammals seen were a Leopard Cat, Wild Boar, Takin, Goral and Reeve's Muntjac.

Day 15

Saturday 23th November

After several days of cloudy weather we finally had clear skies again. The pre-breakfast session included a European Otter and Hog Badger plus the usual regulars.

After breakfast we loaded the vehicles to set off to Chengdu. A Mountain Hawk Eagle was flying over the forest just prior to leaving and a group of Rhesus Macaques were seen near the road. A stop at a dammed part of a river had five Mandarins plus some distant, sleeping ducks that were just out of range to identify.

Following a lunch of noodles and fried rice, we made another stop to view a river where a Long-billed Plover was the main attraction. A few Ruddy Shelduck, Spot-billed Ducks, a Long-tailed Shrike, Daurian Redstart and Black-headed Gulls added to the interest. We eventually arrived at our hotel and said our goodbyes to Fugui. Following dinner at a local restaurant we thanked Sid for everything he did to make this trip such a great success.

Day 16

Sunday 24th November

Everybody was leaving at different times and to different destinations today so we said our goodbyes on the previous evening before embarking on our journeys home or, in Roger and Anne's case, to Taiwan.

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Species Lists

Birds (✓=recorded but not counted; H = heard only)

	E = Endemic; N = Near Endemic; I = Introduced		November													
	Common name	Scientific name	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
1	Ruddy Shelduck	<i>Tadorna ferruginea</i>							6							✓
2	Mandarin Duck	<i>Aix galericulata</i>										✓				✓
3	Gadwall	<i>Mareca strepera</i>										1	✓			
4	Chinese Spot-billed Duck	<i>Anas zonorhyncha</i>						2								✓
5	Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	✓	✓			✓					✓	✓			✓
6	Common Pochard	<i>Aythya ferina</i>		✓			✓						✓			
7	Ferruginous Duck	<i>Aythya nyroca</i>		✓			✓						✓			✓
8	Tufted Duck	<i>Aythya fuligula</i>		✓			✓									
9	Common Merganser	<i>Mergus merganser</i>								2						
10	Chinese Grouse - E	<i>Tetrastes sewerzowii</i>									2					
11	Blood Pheasant	<i>Ithaginis cruentus</i>									10					
12	Temminck's Tragopan	<i>Tragopan temminckii</i>													1	
13	Blue Eared Pheasant - E	<i>Crossoptilon auritum</i>									18					
14	Common Pheasant	<i>Phasianus colchicus</i>									3					
15	Golden Pheasant - E	<i>Chrysolophus pictus</i>										3			H	
16	Lady Amherst's Pheasant	<i>Chrysolophus amherstiae</i>				3	2									
17	Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>	✓	✓			✓						✓			✓
18	Great Crested Grebe	<i>Podiceps cristatus</i>		✓												
19	Black-necked Grebe	<i>Podiceps nigricollis</i>		✓			✓									
20	Chinese Pond Heron	<i>Ardeola bacchus</i>					2		1							
21	Eastern Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus coromandus</i>					✓									
22	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>														1
23	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	✓	✓			✓				1	1				✓
24	Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>											1			✓
25	Bearded Vulture	<i>Gypaetus barbatus</i>						4	1	1	4					
26	Himalayan Vulture	<i>Gyps himalayensis</i>						✓	✓	✓	✓					
27	Cinereous Vulture	<i>Aegypius monachus</i>									1					
28	Mountain Hawk-Eagle	<i>Nisaetus nipalensis</i>												1		1
29	Steppe Eagle	<i>Aquila nipalensis</i>									✓	✓				

	E = Endemic; N = Near Endemic; I = Introduced		November													
	Common name	Scientific name	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
30	Golden Eagle	<i>Aquila chrysaetos</i>			1											
31	Crested Goshawk	<i>Accipiter trivirgatus</i>					1									
32	Eurasian Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>						2		1			1	1		
33	Hen Harrier	<i>Circus cyaneus</i>							1	3						
34	White-tailed Eagle	<i>Haliaeetus albicilla</i>									1					
35	Upland Buzzard	<i>Buteo hemilasius</i>								✓	✓					
36	Eastern Buzzard	<i>Buteo japonicus</i>		✓			1		1	✓	✓	1	1			1
37	Himalayan Buzzard	<i>Buteo burmanicus</i>						4			2					
38	Eurasian Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>		✓			✓									
39	Black-necked Crane	<i>Grus nigricollis</i>								2						
40	Northern Lapwing	<i>Vanellus vanellus</i>										1				
41	Long-billed Plover	<i>Charadrius placidus</i>														1
42	Common Snipe	<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>							1							
43	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	✓													
44	Black-headed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus ridibundus</i>														✓
45	Pallas's Gull	<i>Ichthyaetus ichthyaetus</i>								3						
46	Hill Pigeon	<i>Columba rupestris</i>						3	2	50		25				
47	Snow Pigeon	<i>Columba leuconota</i>						2								
48	Spotted Dove	<i>Spilopelia chinensis</i>	✓	✓												
49	Tawny Fish Owl	<i>Ketupa flavipes</i>												1		
50	Collared Owllet	<i>Glaucidium brodiei</i>	H	1												
51	Little Owl	<i>Athene noctua</i>									1					
52	Northern Boobook	<i>Ninox japonica</i>	H													
53	Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>										1				
54	Crested Kingfisher	<i>Megaceryle lugubris</i>											2	✓	✓	
55	Great Barbet	<i>Psilopogon virens</i>		H												
56	Speckled Piculet	<i>Picumnus innominatus</i>											1		1	
57	Grey-capped Pygmy Woodpecker	<i>Yungipicus canicapillus</i>												2		
58	Crimson-breasted Woodpecker	<i>Dryobates cathpharius</i>		1										1		
59	Darjeeling Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos darjellensis</i>												1		
60	Great Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos major</i>												✓	H	
61	White-backed Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos leucotos</i>												1		

	E = Endemic; N = Near Endemic; I = Introduced		November													
	Common name	Scientific name	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
62	Grey-headed Woodpecker	<i>Picus canus</i>		1								1				
63	Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>						2	2	2	1					
64	Saker Falcon	<i>Falco cherrug</i>							1	8	8					
65	Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>								1						
66	Long-tailed Shrike	<i>Lanius schach</i>	1	✓												1
67	Chinese Grey Shrike	<i>Lanius sphenocercus</i>							2							
68	Tibetan Grey Shrike	<i>Laniua giganteus</i>								1	1					
69	Blyth's Shrike-babbler	<i>Pteruthius aeralatus</i>				1										
70	Green Shrike-Babbler	<i>Pteruthius xanthochlorus</i>				✓										✓
71	Azure-winged Magpie	<i>Cyanopica cyanus</i>							✓							
72	Red-billed Blue Magpie	<i>Urocissa erythroryncha</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓				✓	✓	✓	✓
73	Oriental Magpie	<i>Pica serica</i>							✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	
74	Spotted Nutcracker	<i>Nucifraga caryocatactes</i>			✓	✓									✓	
75	Red-billed Chough	<i>Pyrrhonorax pyrrhonorax</i>						✓								
76	Alpine Chough	<i>Pyrrhonorax graculus</i>						✓		✓						
77	Daurian Jackdaw	<i>Coloeus dauuricus</i>										4				
78	Carrion Crow	<i>Corvus corone</i>									✓		✓			
79	Collared Crow	<i>Corvus torquatus</i>										1	1			
80	Large-billed Crow	<i>Corvus macrorhynchos</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
81	Northern Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>							✓	✓	✓	✓				
82	Yellow-browed Tit	<i>Sylviparus modestus</i>			2	✓										
83	Rufous-vented Tit	<i>Periparus rubidiventris</i>						✓			✓					
84	Coal Tit	<i>Periparus ater</i>			2	✓										
85	Grey Crested Tit	<i>Lophophanes dichrous</i>			4			1			2					
86	White-browed Tit - E	<i>Poecile superciliosus</i>							4							
87	Pere David's Tit - E	<i>Poecile davidi</i>			✓											
88	Black-bibbed Tit	<i>Poecile hypermelaenus</i>												2	✓	
89	Sichuan Tit - E	<i>Poecile weigoldicus</i>						1	1							
90	Ground Tit	<i>Pseudopodoces humilis</i>								12	10					
91	Japanese Tit	<i>Parus minor</i>							✓			✓				
92	Green-backed Tit	<i>Parus monticolus</i>			6	✓							✓	✓	✓	
93	Oriental Skylark	<i>Alauda gulgula</i>								✓	✓					

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94	Horned Lark	<i>Eremophila alpestris elwesi</i>								✓	✓					
95	Collared Finchbill	<i>Spizixos semitorques</i>	✓	✓								✓	✓			
96	Brown-breasted Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus xanthorrhous</i>		✓									✓		✓	
97	Light-vented Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus sinensis</i>	✓	✓			✓					✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
98	Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>	✓													
99	Eurasian Crag Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i>				3		2								
100	Chinese Wren-babbler - E	<i>Pnoepyga mutica</i>	H													
101	Yellow-bellied Bush Warbler	<i>Horornis acanthizoides</i>					1									
102	Black-throated Bushtit	<i>Aegithalos concinnus</i>		✓	✓											
103	Black-browed Bushtit	<i>Aegithalos bonvaloti</i>				✓										
104	Sooty Bushtit - E	<i>Aegithalos fuliginosus</i>														✓
105	White-browed Tit-Warbler	<i>Leptopoecile sophiae</i>						4	10		2					
106	Crested Tit-Warbler	<i>Leptopoecile elegans</i>									2					
107	Pallas's Leaf Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus proregulus</i>		1		✓										
108	Yellow-browed Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus inornatus</i>														3
109	Buff-throated Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus subaffinis</i>											1			
110	Striated Prinia	<i>Prinia crinigera</i>											1			
111	Streak-breasted Scimitar Babbler	<i>Pomatorhinus ruficollis</i>	H	H		H						H	✓		✓	
112	Rufous-capped Babbler	<i>Stachyridopsis ruficeps</i>										H				✓
113	Dusky Fulvetta	<i>Alcippe brunnea</i>														✓
114	David's Fulvetta	<i>Alcippe davidi</i>											✓	✓	✓	
115	Chinese Hwamei	<i>Garrulax canorus</i>										H	H			
116	Snowy-cheeked Laughingthrush - E	<i>Garrulax sukatschewi</i>									H					
117	Giant Laughingthrush - E	<i>Garrulax maximus</i>						H			20					
118	Plain Laughingthrush - E	<i>Garrulax davidi</i>							✓	2	✓					
119	White-browed Laughingthrush	<i>Garrulax sannio</i>		✓												
120	Elliot's Laughingthrush - E	<i>Trochalopteron elliotii</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
121	Black-faced Laughingthrush	<i>Trochalopteron affine</i>			✓											✓
122	Red-billed Leiothrix	<i>Leiothrix lutea</i>		✓	✓	✓						✓	✓	✓	✓	
123	Golden-breasted Fulvetta	<i>Lioparus chrysotis</i>														✓
124	White-browed Fulvetta	<i>Fulvetta vinipectus</i>						✓								
125	Spectacled Fulvetta - E	<i>Fulvetta ruficapilla</i>											✓			

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126	Grey-hooded Fulvetta - E	<i>Fulvetta cinereiceps</i>			✓	✓										
127	Great Parrotbill	<i>Conostoma aemodium</i>			2	2									✓	
128	Vinous-throated Parrotbill	<i>Sinosuthora webbiana</i>											✓			
129	Spot-breasted Parrotbill	<i>Paradoxornis guttaticollis</i>	✓										✓			
130	Stripe-throated Yuhina	<i>Yuhina gularis</i>				✓									✓	
131	White-collared Yuhina	<i>Yuhina diademata</i>											✓	✓	✓	
132	Black-chinned Yuhina	<i>Yuhina nigrimenta</i>		✓												
133	Goldcrest	<i>Regulus regulus</i>			1	✓					2				✓	
134	Eurasian Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>			1											
135	Chestnut-vented Nuthatch	<i>Sitta nagaensis</i>			4	✓									✓	
136	Przevalski's Nuthatch - E	<i>Sitta przewalskii</i>						1								
137	Crested Myna	<i>Acridotheres cristatellus</i>														✓
138	Red-billed Starling	<i>Spodiopsar sericeus</i>	✓	✓				6								
139	White-cheeked Starling	<i>Spodiopsar cineraceus</i>	✓	✓		1			✓			✓				
140	Grandala	<i>Grandala coelicolor</i>						500								
141	Grey-winged Blackbird	<i>Turdus boulboul</i>				1										
142	Chinese Blackbird	<i>Turdus mandarinus</i>		✓			✓									✓
143	Chestnut Thrush	<i>Turdus rubrocanus</i>				✓										
144	Kessler's Thrush	<i>Turdus kessleri</i>						1								
145	Naumann's Thrush	<i>Turdus naumanni</i>				✓										
146	Dusky Thrush	<i>Turdus eunomus</i>			1	✓										
147	Chinese Thrush	<i>Turdus mupinensis</i>											1			
148	Himalayan Bluetail	<i>Tarsiger rufilatus</i>			3							1	✓	✓		
149	Little Forktail	<i>Enicurus scouleri</i>		1	2	2	1							2	✓	
150	White-crowned Forktail	<i>Enicurus leschenaulti</i>		1			3						2	2	✓	
151	Hodgson's Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus hodgsoni</i>	1	1	2	1										
152	Daurian Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus aureoreus</i>	1	1								1	2			2
153	Güldenstädt's Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus erythrogastrus</i>							16	1	6	3				
154	Blue-fronted Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus frontalis</i>				6										
155	Plumbeous Water Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus fuliginosus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓			1	✓	✓	✓	✓
156	White-capped Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus leucocephalus</i>		1	1	3	✓						✓	✓	✓	✓
157	White-throated Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus schisticeps</i>						3				4				

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158	Brown Dipper	<i>Cinclus pallasii</i>		2	3	1	1					1	✓	✓	✓	✓
159	Eurasian Tree Sparrow	<i>Passer montanus</i>	✓	✓					✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓
160	Rock Sparrow	<i>Petronia petronia</i>								✓						
161	White-rumped Snowfinch	<i>Onychostruthus taczanowskii</i>								✓	✓					
162	Rufous-necked Snowfinch	<i>Pyrgilauda ruficollis</i>								✓	✓					
163	White-rumped Munia	<i>Lonchura striata</i>		✓									✓			
164	Robin Accentor	<i>Prunella rubeculoides</i>							3		4					
165	Rufous-breasted Accentor	<i>Prunella strophiatea</i>						2			6		4			
166	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
167	Olive-backed Pipit	<i>Anthus hodgsoni</i>			1											
168	Brambling	<i>Fringilla montifringilla</i>			60											
169	White-winged Grosbeak	<i>Mycerobas carripes</i>						2								
170	Plain Mountain Finch	<i>Leucosticte nemoricola</i>						50		✓						
171	Streaked Rosefinch	<i>Carpodacus rubicilloides</i>						✓	✓							
172	Pink-rumped Rosefinch	<i>Carpodacus waltoni</i>						✓	✓		✓					
173	Sharpe's Rosefinch	<i>Carpodacus verreauxii</i>			1			✓								
174	Chinese White-browed Rosefinch - E	<i>Carpodacus dubius</i>						✓			3					
175	Grey-capped Greenfinch	<i>Chloris sinica</i>					2							2		
176	Twite	<i>Linaria flavirostris</i>								✓	✓	✓				
177	Godlewski's Bunting	<i>Emberiza godlewskii</i>									10		6			
178	Rustic Bunting	<i>Emberiza rustica</i>							1							
179	Little Bunting	<i>Emberiza pusilla</i>											4			
180	Yellow-throated Bunting	<i>Emberiza elegans</i>											2			

Mammals

1	Rhesus Monkey	<i>Macaca mulatta</i>												✓	✓	✓
2	Milne-edwards' Macaque - E	<i>Macaca thibetana</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓						✓	✓	✓	✓
3	Golden Snub-nosed Monkey - E	<i>Rhinopithecus roxellana</i>												1	1	
4	Thomas's Pika	<i>Ochotona thomasi</i>									1					
5	Plateau Pika	<i>Ochotona curzoniae</i>								✓	✓					
6	Pallas's Squirrel - I	<i>Callosciurus erythraeus</i>		H												
7	Perny's Long-nosed Squirrel	<i>Dremomys pernyi</i>			1	1										

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8	Red and White Giant Flying Squirrel	<i>Petaurista alborufus</i>		✓	✓	✓										
9	Parti-coloured Flying Squirrel	<i>Hylopetes alboniger</i>			2											
10	Père David's Rock Squirrel	<i>Sciurotamias davidianus</i>											1	3	1	
11	Swinhoe's Striped Squirrel	<i>Tamiops swinhoei</i>													2	
12	Malayan Porcupine	<i>Hystrix brachyura</i>											1			
13	Chinese Desert Cat - E	<i>Felis bieti</i>							1							
14	Pallas's Cat	<i>Otocolobus manul</i>								1	1					
15	Leopard Cat	<i>Prionailurus bengalensis</i>				1								1	1	
16	Masked Palm Civet	<i>Paguma larvata</i>				1							2	1		
17	Gray Wolf	<i>Canis lupus</i>								1						
18	Tibetan Fox	<i>Vulpes ferrilata</i>								16	10					
19	Red Fox	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>							3	2						
20	Red Panda	<i>Ailurus fulgens</i>			2	1										
21	Eurasian Otter	<i>Lutra lutra</i>													1	1
22	Hog Badger	<i>Arctonyx collaris</i>												2		1
23	Siberian Weasel	<i>Mustela sibirica</i>							1							
24	Wild Boar	<i>Sus scrofa</i>													✓	✓
25	Siberian Roe Deer	<i>Capreolus pygargus</i>								3	3					
26	Red Deer	<i>Cervus elaphus</i>														
27	Tufted Deer - E	<i>Elaphodus cephalophus</i>				2										
28	Reeves' Muntjac	<i>Muntiacus reevesi</i>		H			1						✓	✓	✓	✓
29	Sambar	<i>Rusa unicorn</i>		✓	✓	✓										
30	Takin	<i>Budorcas taxicolor</i>												✓	✓	✓
31	Chinese Serow	<i>Capricornis milneedwardsii</i>												1		
32	Chinese Goral	<i>Naemorhedus griseus</i>		4	6	5							3	✓	1	3
33	Tibetan Gazelle - N	<i>Procapra picticaudata</i>								70	18					