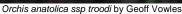
The Island of Cyprus

Naturetrek Tour Report

28 March - 4 April 2015







Tulipa akamasica by Geoff Vowles



Paphos Blue by Geoff Vowles



Monkey Orchid by Eunice Robertson

Report compiled by Cliff Waller Images courtesy of Eunice Robertson & Geoff Vowles



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Yiannis Christofides (local leader & botanist)

together with 13 Naturetrek clients

Day 1

Saturday 28th March

London to Paphos

We had an early start to get to Gatwick airport for our 7.10am flight. Everyone was in good time for what turned out to be a comfortable four hour plus flight to Paphos. Although we were a little late departing, we arrived at 2pm, more or less on time, and the customs and immigration formalities were brief. We were greeted by our driver and a little later by Yiannis, our local guide and botanist and Philious our ground agent. Our first new birds were Hooded Crow and Wood Pigeon.

It was only a 20 minute drive to our comfortable hotel and after quickly settling in, we set off about 3pm to visit the Tombs of the Kings. On arriving at the tombs we found that the recent rain had brought down a few birds for us. As well as the normal residents such as Crested Lark, Spanish Sparrow and Sardinian Warbler, we soon found Wryneck and Chiffchaff, while on the more open areas Northern Wheatear, Isabelline Wheatear and Short-toed Lark were seen. In the scrubby area on our slow walk back we found both Woodchat and Masked Shrikes, while a lone Fig tree in a sheltered quarry produced good views of new birds: both Ruppell's and Spectacled Warblers and Nightingale. Other more common species included Chaffinch and Greenfinch and several migratory Lesser Whitethroat.

The Tombs of the Kings was also our first introduction to some of the Mediterranean plants. There were fields of *Chrysanthemum coronarium* mixed with *Papaver rhoeas*, and a bright show of Convolvulus althaeodies growing all over, along with *Cyclamen persicum* on the rocky outcrops. Moving on to the wind blasted shore we saw *Centaurea aegialophila*, *Medicago marina*, *Silene colorata* var *decumbens*, *Thymus capitatus*, *Anthemis tomentosa*, *Echium angustifolium*, *Paronychia argentea* and *Senecio glaucus*.

Later, near the hotel, a Peregrine flew by and an Eastern Bonelli's Warbler was also seen.

Day 2

Sunday 29th March

Asprokremmnos, Mandria Beach & Paphos Castle

After breakfast we set off around 8.30am for Asprokremmnos Dam and on our arrival we soon located several new birds. Our main target, Cyprus Warbler, proved more difficult than usual but we eventually obtained excellent views. Chukar, Marsh Harrier, Sardinian Warbler, Blue Rock Thrush, and Black-eared and Cyprus Pied Wheatears were also seen, while numerous Paphos Blue butterflies were also present. This area is also good for plants and amongst a number of excellent species found were *Scabiosa prolifera*, *Allium neapolitanum* and *Fagonia cretica*.

On leaving the Dam we drove up a nearby valley where we found the grass sward exceptionally high due to the recent rain. New birds seen here were Red-rumped Swallow, Great Tit and Common Whitethroat.

We next drove to the coast to visit Mandria Beach. Due to the fine weather there was little in the way of migration taking place but we did see a few new species including female Desert Wheatear, Yellow-legged Gull, and a Short-eared Owl being mobbed by Hooded Crows. As we were leaving we located five Black-winged Stilts along the shore line. Other species included Marsh Harrier, several Isabelline Wheatears, numerous Northern Wheatears, Chukar along the bare sea cliffs, and a flock of nine Little Egrets which landed briefly on one of the rocky islets. Plants here included familiar species such as Sea Holly and Yellow-horned Poppy, as well as more unusual species such as the Stock *Matthiola tricuspitata*.

After a pleasant restaurant lunch we made our final visit of the day to Paphos Castle to see the magnificent mosaics. We spent a couple of hours or more visiting the two main buildings with their superb floor mosaics; those in the House of Dionysus being particularly impressive. Some of us eventually met up at the viewpoint near the old lighthouse which had been closed off for repairs. Various members of the group saw Woodchat Shrike, Tree Pipit, Red-throated Pipit, Zitting Cisticola, Lesser Whitethroat and Black-headed Bunting. A nice group of wagtails included Black-headed, and a number of Hoopoe were also seen. Flyovers included 12 Cormorants and a flock of herons which included four Purple and two Grey Herons. Plants found here included Aristolochia parvifolia, Convolvulus althaoides and Centaurea aegiolopila.

After leaving the castle we wandered around the harbour for drinks and ice cream before heading back to our hotel. Several Yellow-legged Gulls were seen here, and near the bus we located a nice male Common Redstart and a Sardinian Warbler.

Later we walked into town and visited a local restaurant where we enjoyed an excellent evening meal.

Day 3

Monday 30th March

Limassol Area

Leaving just after 8am, we drove for one and a quarter hours to Limassol, en route stopping at an excellent patisserie where we purchased a wide variety of 'goodies' for lunch.

Upon arrival we visited Zakaki pool which we found was suffering from reed encroachment making it less suitable for waders. We visited the new hide and found several good birds, the best of which was a very obliging Little Crake. Ferruginous Duck, Common Sandpiper, Coot, Moorhen, Mallard and Reed Warbler were also new; and as some of us left the hide a Little Bittern appeared.

We then walked around the old football stadium and at a second lagoon saw Greenshank, Ruff, Little Stint, Common Sandpiper and Wood Sandpiper. The first lagoon held a good number of Slender-billed and Blackheaded Gulls. Plants found around the stadium area at Zakaki included *Ifloga spicata*, *Helianthemum stipulatum*, *Cistus parviflorus* and *Alkanna tinctoria*.

Next we progressed along the beach road known as Lady's Mile. Although water levels were exceptionally high we still found our first Kentish and Ringed Plovers and some Cattle Egrets. We stopped for drinks and to use the facilities at a touristy beachside restaurant; relaxing for a short while on the beach overlooking the sea.

We then crossed the salt pan and visited Archbishop's Farm Pool. Common Pochard was new for us and we also saw Ferruginous Duck and Common Sandpiper again. We had lunch near the new interpretive centre which most of the group visited. In the orchard we found an elusive Eastern Bonelli's Warbler.

After lunch we stopped to look for plants in an area just outside the entrance gate where we found Pyramidal Orchid (*Anacamptis pyramidalis*), *Orchis coriophora* ssp. *fragans* and *Chlamydophora tridentate*. A bird of note was a Cretzschmar's Bunting but unfortunately it flew off before everyone was able to see it. A little further down the road we stopped by a salt pan. Many of the orchids were over, but we did see *Ophrys apifera*.

Driving on towards Phassouri reedbeds we stopped to view about 200 Greater Flamingoes on a Salt Lake. On reaching the reedbeds we encountered an incredibly strong wind and found less open water than usual due to encroaching reed, this in spite of higher water levels than customary. This limited the number of species present, but we did see three Spur-winged Plovers, while other species included Purple Heron, Little Egret, Cattle Egret, Zitting Cisticola and Red-throated Pipit.

We then drove out to the beach pool which provided us with several wheatear species, our first Tawny Pipit, and great views of two Woodchat Shrikes.

At a stop at Kensington Cliffs we found a number of plants including *Gladiolus triphyllus*, *Erodium crassifolium*, *Sedum sediforme* and *Sedum eriocarpum* ssp. *rubens*. A little further on we stopped to see Eastern Marsh Helleborine (*Epipactis veratrifolia*) growing on the wet flushes of a cliff face.

Our final stop of the day was at Aphrodite Point, where she allegedly came out of the sea, before we returned to Paphos.

Day 4

Tuesday 31st March

Paphos; Cape Drepanon to Polis

Today we drove to Cape Drepanon (Agios Georgios). Upon arrival we found a nice flock of Blue-headed Wagtails accompanied by several Black-headed Wagtails; and other species seen included Sardinian and Ruppell's Warblers, Woodchat Shrike and several Isabelline and Northern Wheatears. Breeding colonies of Yellow-legged Gull and Jackdaw were on Yeronisas Island, while three Cormorants were also seen. This is also a good site for plants and amongst the more interesting species located were *Aizoon hispanicum*, *Nigella fumarifolia*, *Taraxacum aphrogenes* and *Convolvulus coelosyriacus*.

After coffee at the local restaurant we visited the archaeological site of an early Christian basilica. As well as enjoying the mosaics, we saw Lesser Whitethroat, Ruppell's and Sardinian Warblers, Black-eared Wheatear, and heard two distant Black Francolins. Just as we were leaving a flock of sixteen Purple Herons flew over us while we were listening to a Nightingale sing.

Driving on, we stopped at a village patisserie to buy lunch before reaching our picnic site in the Pegeia Forest. After lunch we went for a walk and found several orchids including *Ophrys levantina*, *Ophrys mammosa*, *Orchis syriaca*, and *Ophrys elegans*, a species which has normally finish flowering by this late in the season. Bird sightings

included Sardinian Warbler, Great Tit, Linnet, Goldfinch and Greenfinch, while both Snake- eyed Lizard and Snake-eyed Skink were seen.

Moving on to Polemi, we found *Tulipa arenensis* to be more prolific than usual, even growing on some of the cultivated areas. Amongst other species found was *Geranium tuberosum*, whilst bird sightings included Red-rumped Swallow, Chiffchaff and Song Thrush. A Coin Snake was also seen.

Our last stop was at Polis and our comfortable accommodation. We had time after settling in for a brief look around the gardens where we saw Red-rumped Swallow, Chiffchaff and our first Wood Warbler.

Day 5

Wednesday 1st April

Akamas Peninsula

On our early morning walk we found a flock of sixty-seven Corn Buntings as well as Woodchat Shrike, numerous Blackcaps and a brief view of Eastern Bonelli's Warbler. We also saw a very distant raptor flying away from us which we initially thought was probably a Honey Buzzard, but on refection later proved to be a Bonelli's Eagle.

After breakfast we went to visit the pool of Aphrodite and walk the coastal footpath along the north side of the Akamas peninsula. We soon found and had brief views of both Wood Warbler and Wryneck. Along the cliff path we saw several Cyprus Pied Wheatears, and eventually had good views of an Eastern Bonelli's Warbler. One of our group found a distant Kingfisher along the shore line far below us, and we eventually located another. Other species seen included Redstart, Sardinian Warbler, Ruppell's Warbler, Garden Warbler and an obliging Wryneck. Here the Rock Doves appeared as pure looking as anywhere on the Island. Butterflies seen included our first Orange Tip, Red Admiral and Cleopatra. There were a profusion of plants: in the botanical garden we saw Bosea cypria, Cistus monspeliensis, Cistus parviflorus and Asphodelus fistulosus; and along the coastal path species included Ranunculus asiaticus and Cyclamen persicum. Yiannis also gave us a very interesting and informative talk about the local geology.

Next we returned to the hotel for some of the group to collect various items, before heading into hills towards the Smiyies Track. On the way we stopped in Neochorio village at a local tavern for an excellent lunch.

Later we drove into the hills to a new enclosure for *Tulip akamasica*, a recently discovered species. Birds included another male Ruppell's Warbler as well as Isabelline and Cyprus Pied Wheatears.

After driving down to the first turning above the picnic site we got out and walked down the track finding a host of new plants such as *Alyssum akamascicum, Serapias levantina, Ophrys elegans, Ophrys bronmullelleri, Dactylorhiza romana* and *Legousia speculum-veneris*. Bird sightings included our first Woodlark as well as a fine male Redstart, and another Wryneck and Wood Warbler.

Day 6

Thursday 2nd April

Polis to Plates

A few of us ventured out for an early morning walk. We looked for Black Francolin but were unsuccessful: it seems that with all the new building the population has crashed as we only heard an odd bird calling during our stay. However we did find a few species including our first Hawfinch; a winter visitor that has normally departed before our arrival.

After breakfast we went into the garden to the pond where we saw three Tree Frogs sat on a branch close together. We then departed around 8.30am, but soon stopped in Polis at a local patisserie to purchase lunch.

Driving into the hills, we stopped at Peristerona and visited the viewpoint. We parked near the monument to an 18-year-old boy hung by the British, which overlooks a beautiful gorge. Here the botanists found much of interest with new species such as *Helianthemum obtusiflora* and *Gagea gagea*. Some also saw a Red-footed Falcon on what is a fairly early date for this species. We also had several good but distant views of Chukar and saw a few common species including Common Kestrel and Sardinian Warbler.

In the village we stopped to visit the church which is a museum and holds many of Cyprus's rare religious icons. Yiannis gave us a very interesting talk on the Cypriot Orthodox religion and the significance of many of the fine artefacts to be found here.

Our next stop was mainly botanical and we walked up a slope from the main road to see *Tuberaria gutata, Cistus monspeliensis, Dactylorhiza romana* and the delightful *Orchis troodi*.

On reaching Stavros we visited an enclosure where the endangered Cyprus subspecies of Mouflon are being reared as part of a release programme. Interesting plants were also seen on the walk around here to the Park Headquarters including *Turritis laxa*, *Viola alba*, *Vicia cassia* and *Vicia narbonense*. We had lunch at the café where hot drinks were available. Birds seen around the lunch area included Jay, Blackbird, Chaffinch and several of the quite different looking Cyprus race of Coal Tit.

After lunch progress was slow as we made numerous brief botanical stops for interesting species such as Ranunculus kykkoensis, Arabis purpurea, Turritis laxa and Chionodoxa lochia.

Later, having encountered rain, we stopped at Kykkos, a popular tourist spot, which provided an ideal time to visit the large restaurant and take advantage of the facilities.

The monastery here is the burial place of Archbishop Makarios and a few of the group visited the church.

We made one further stop on our onward journey and were successful in our search for *Chionodoxa lochia*, sometimes called Loch's Glory-of- the- Snow; a bulbous perennial which flowers early in the spring and is normally well over by the time we arrive. After flowering it is difficult to find as it goes into dormancy until the next spring.

Later at Platres, after settling in, we saw our first Pallid Swift and Blackbird. After dinner a few went to look for Scops Owl and in spite of the damp and cold we heard two birds calling and several of us had reasonable but limited views.

Day 7 Friday 3rd April

Troodos Area, Mount Olympus and Omados

A few birds were seen around the village before breakfast including Cyprus Pied Wheatear and Pallid Swift; and we also heard a Cuckoo.

Later we headed to the upper reaches of Mount Olympus where a fair amount of snow still lay; this took us up through Black Pines (*Pinus nigra*) and Juniper (*Juniperus foetidissima*) forest. After arriving at the top of the road we walked back down for a while, getting good views of a number of species. We watched a pair of Coal Tits nest building on a roadside bank, and also saw Jay, Great Tit, Cyprus Pied Wheatear, Chaffinch and Masked Shrike. A more distant flock of about twenty of the Cyprus subspecies of Crossbill were also seen.

We drove down and stopped near the highest of the cafes where we went for a walk into the forest to look for the endemic Crocus (Crocus cyprius), which were plentiful. We also found Ranunculus cadmicus, ssp cyptius and Corydalis futifolia. We soon found two Short-toed Treecreepers, and lots of Coal Tit and Chaffinch were seen. We had better views of Crossbill, and eventually located a mixed flock of finches feeding on the ground which included at least two Hawfinch, while close by were a flock of Siskin; seen for the first time on this Cyprus tour as they are usually long gone by this time of year.

Further down we stopped near the interpretive centre and arboretum area where we visited the interesting park museum. We then walked down the main road to see *Arabis purpurea* and *Euphorbia veneris* which grow here on the roadside scree.

Our next stop further down at the viewpoint was mainly for plants, and here we saw the endemic Oak (*Quercus alnifolia*) along with a *Alyssum cyprium* and *Alyssum troodi*. Yiannis also gave an interesting insight to the local geology.

After returning to our hotel in Plates to use the facilities, we set off for lunch in the attractive small town of Omodos, famous for its lefkaritika (a kind of embroidery). In better weather the ladies sit on their doorsteps producing tablecloths, quilts and smaller items such as doilies. Here we had some free time and some visited the monastery and church, which amongst the many artefacts is the skull of St. Philip set in a silver box, as well as what is believed to be part of the original Shroud. Some also visited the huge town olive press which is still in working order.

Returning, we followed a narrow lane to look for flora, making several stops and walks to find a number of orchid species including *Barlia robertiana*, *Ophrys lapethica* and *Ophrys iricolor*. We also found a pair of Serin through the male's scratchy song.

Moving on, we visited an orchid site near Kouka and made a few other roadside stops. Interesting plants were found including *Orchis simian, Astragalu cyprius, Lathyrus clymenum, Onobrychis venosa* and *Ochthodium aegyptiacum*. The birders had a long walk down the road.

Later, we drove to Monagri and on to the convent for our final stop of the day. We found a perched Peregrine which we were able to 'scope, and a couple of Red-rumped Swallows were seen. A number of the group also visited the attractive small chapel at the convent.

Day 8

Saturday 4th April

Plates to London

We saw a few species around Platres village before breakfast including Cyprus Pied Wheatear and Pallid Swift.

We departed around 8.30am, leaving behind Christine who was travelling on a later flight, and drove towards Limassol. We stopped at the now famous patisserie to purchase a variety of healthy and not so healthy options for lunch.

On reaching Zakaki pool we again visited the hide where we saw several Green Sandpipers and a number of us got good views of a Citrine Wagtail. On shallow puddles just across the road we found five Little Ringed Plovers and a Ringed Plover.

A brief stop to look onto the lagoons near the causeway provided us with our first Marsh Sandpiper as well as fifteen Greenshank and about twenty Ruff, while on the other side of the road at least twenty Slender-billed Gulls and a Black-headed Gull were still present. Driving along the sandy track known as Lady's Mile we saw a dozen or so Black-winged Stilts and several Little Egrets. Due to the limited time we were unable to revisit Archbishop's Farm Pool but we did halt briefly to view the 200 or so Flamingoes on the last of the lagoons.

Our final visit of the morning was to Pissouri Reedbeds where we saw three Squacco Herons, Cattle Egret, Purple Heron and Marsh Harrier.

Time eventually beat us so we set out on the drive to Paphos Airport, at least an hour away. After travelling only a short distance we encountered our first Cuckoo of the trip. On our arrival at the airport we found the check in formalities were relatively easy and after dropping our luggage and obtaining boarding passes, we walked out of the airport to enjoy our previously purchased lunches.

Our flight was unfortunately delayed but we were pleased to get airborne for what turned out to be a fairly comfortable flight. Back in the UK we said our farewells around the luggage carousel before everyone dashed off to connect with their various transport to numerous destinations, so ending a very pleasant holiday.

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Species Lists

Birds (✓= recorded but not counted; h = heard only)

						Marcl	n/Apri	1		
	Common name	Scientific name	28	29	30	31	1	2	3	4
1	Little Grebe	Tachybaptus ruficollis			4					
2	Little Bittern	Ixobrychus minutus			1					
3	Cattle Egret	Bubulcus ibis			20					1
4	Squacco Heron	Ardeola ralloides			1					1
5	Little Egret	Egretta garzetta		18	10					6
6	Grey Heron	Ardea cinerea		2						1
7	Purple Heron	Ardea purpurea		4	2	16				1
8	Greater Flamingo	Phoenicopterus ruber			200					200
9	Great Cormorant	Phalacrocorax carbo		12		3		1		
10	Mallard	Anas platyrhynchos			4					2
11	Ferruginous Duck	Aythya nyroca			6					
12	Common Pochard	Aythya ferina			1					
13	Marsh Harrier	Circus aeruginosus		1	2					1
14	Kestrel	Falco tinnunculus	2	5	3	2	1	1	1	1
15	Red-footed Falcon	Falcovespertinus						1		
16	Peregrine	Falco peregrinus	1						1	
17	Bonell's Eagle	Hieraaetus fasciatus					1			
18	Black Francolin	Francolinus francolinus				h		h		
19	Chukar	Alectoris chukar		3	1	1	1	1	2	2
20	Quail	Coturnix coturnix			h					+-
21	Little Crake	Porzana parva			1					
22	Moorhen	Gallinula chloropus			3					1
23	Coot	Fulica atra			8					<u> </u>
24	Black-winged Stilt	Himantopus himantopus		5	10					12
25	Ringed Plover	Charadrius hiaticula			1					1
26	Little Ringed Plover	Charadrius dubius			'					5
27	Kentish Plover	Charadrius alexandrinus			4					
28	Spur-winged Plover	Hoplopterus spinosus			2					-
29	Little Stint	Calidris minuta			5					
30	Ruff	Philomachus pugnax			2					20
31	Redshank	Tringa totanus			1					20
32	Greenshank				6					15
33	Black-tailed Godwit	Tringa nebularia Limosa limosa			5					13
34	Green Sandpiper	Tringa ochropus			J					5
35	Common Sandpiper	Actitis hypoleucos			2					- 3
36		Tringa glareola			1					-
	Wood Sandpiper				<u> </u>					2
37	Marsh Sandpiper	Tringa stagnatilis			4					<u> </u>
38	Snipe	Gallinago gallinago			1					20
39	Slender-billed Gull	Chroicocephalus geni			12					20
40	Black-headed Gull	Chroicocephalus ridibundus			8	00	00	_		1
41	Yellow-legged Gull	Larus cachinnans		8	12	20	30	5		9
42	Wood Pigeon	Columba palumbus		15	10		2	3	6	11
43	Feral Pigeon	Columba livia	20	30	12	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
44	Rock Dove	Columba livia				_	10			<u> </u>
45	Collared Dove	Streptopelia decaocto	2	10	7	6	5	10	8	2
46	Cuckoo	Cuculus canorus								1
47	Scops Owl	Otus scops						1	h	

48	Short-eared Owl	Asio flammeus	1	1						
49	Pallid Swift	Apus pallidus						8	20	2
50	Swift	Apus apus	12	20	20	90	4	7		
51	Kingfisher	Alcedo atthis	12	20	20	30	2	'		1
52	Hoopoe	Upupa epops	2	5	4	3	6	2	3	1
53	Wryneck	Jynx torquilla	1	1		3	3		3	'
54	Short-toed Lark	Calandrella brachydactyla	4	4			3			
55	Skylark	Alauda arvensis	4	4		1			1	
56	Woodlark	Lullula arborea				1	2		1	
57	Crested Lark	Galerida cristata	5	5	6	15	1		1	1
58			3	3	0	15	1		1	
	Crag Martin	Ptyonoprogne rupestris	1						1	_
59	Sand Martin	Riparia riparia	1	4				_		2
60	Red-rumped Swallow	Hirundo daurica	00	4	- 00	50	8	2	2	
61	Barn Swallow	Hirundo rustica	20	50	30	30	40	20	30	8
62	House Martin	Delichon urbica	4	4	8	40	20	12	20	6
63	Meadow Pipit	Anthus pratensis		4	1					
64	Tree Pipit	Anthus trivialis				1				
65	Red-throated Pipit	Anthus cervinus		3	2		1			
66	Tawny Pipit	Anthus campestris		4						
67	White Wagtail	Motacilla alba	4	4	6	2	1			1
68	Yellow Wagtail	Motacilla flava flavissima			3					
69	Black-headed Wagtail	Motacilla flava feldegg		6		7				1
70	Blue-headed Wagtail	Motacilla flava flava		4		15				1
71	Citrine Wagtail	Motacilla citreola								1
72	Wren	Troglodytes troglodytes							h	
73	Robin	Erithacus rubecula						h		
74	Nightingale	Luscinia megarhynchos	2	1	h					
75	Bluethroat	Luscinia svecica	1							
76	Redstart	Phoenicurus phoenicurus	1	3			2	1		
77	Whinchat	Saxicola rubetra	1							
78	Stonechat	Saxicola rubicola				1	2			
79	Northern Wheatear	Oenanthe oenanthe	7	30	20	8	3		1	
80	Isabelline Wheatear	Oenanthe isabellina	3	8	2	1	1			
81	Black-eared Wheatear	Oenanthe hispanica	+ -	5	4	2	1	1		
82	Cyprus Pied Wheatear	Oenanthe cypriaca		4		_	10	8	8	1
83	Desert Wheatear	Oenanthe deserti		1			10			
84	Blue Rock Thrush	Monticola solitarius		1						
85	Blackbird	Turdus merula		'				1	1	
86	Song Thrush	Turdus merala Turdus philomelos				1		'	'	
87	Zitting Cisticola	Cisticola juncidis		4	2	1	1			
	Cetti's Warbler	Cettia cetti		2h	1h		'	1	1h	h
88			1	211		h		1	1h	h
89	Sedge Warbler	Acrocephalus schoenobaenus	1		1					
90	Reed Warbler	Acrocephalus scirpaceus			3					h
91	Spectacled Warbler	Sylvia conspicillata	2	1 -			1			
92	Lesser Whitethroat	Sylvia curruca	8	5	2	1	5			
93	Whitethroat	Sylvia communis		1		1	2	1		
94	Blackcap	Sylvia atricapilla		1			40	1		
95	Garden Warbler	Sylvia borin	1				1			
96	Rüppell's Warbler	Sylvia rüeppelli	2	1		2	2			
97	Sardinian Warbler	Sylvia melanocephala	9	12	8	10	12	4	4	
98	Cyprus Warbler	Sylvia melanothorax		5						
99	Eastern Bonelli's	Phylloscopus orientalis	1		1			3		
100	Wood Warbler	Phylloscopus sibilatrix					1	2	1	

101	Willow Warbler	Phylloscopus trochilus		1				1		
102	Chiffchaff	Phylloscopus collybita	6	2	6	3	7	3		
103	Great Tit	Parus major		4	2	8	7	7	3	2
104	Coal Tit	Parus ater						4	20	1
105	Short-toed Treecreeper	Certhia brachydactyla						3		
106	Woodchat Shrike	Lanius senator	1	1	2		1			
107	Masked Shrike	Lanius nubicus	1	2		2	1		1	
108	Jay	Garrulus glandarius						3	3	1
109	Magpie	Pica pica		20	6	15	2	20	12	2
110	Jackdaw	Corvus monedula		30		50	30	50	50	6
111	Hooded Crow	Corvus corone cornix	20	30	50	50	3	8	6	7
112	House Sparrow	Passer domesticus	30	50	20	100	70	50	200	20
113	Spanish Sparrow	Passer hispaniolensis	3				1	2		
114	Chaffinch	Fringilla coelebs		1				6	5	2
115	Serin	Serinus serinus							2	
116	Greenfinch	Carduelis chloris	7	5		3	20	5	12	
117	Goldfinch	Carduelis carduelis		8	8	15	12	6	10	2
118	Siskin	Carduelis spinus							20	
119	Hawfinch	Coccothraustes coccothraustes						1	2	
120	Crossbill	Loxia curvirostra							8	
121	Linnet	Acanthis cannabina	2			3		3	5	
122	Black-headed Bunting	Emberiza melanocephala		1						
123	Corn Bunting	Miliaria calandra					67	1	1	

Reptiles & Amphibians

1	Hardun (Starred) Agama	Agama stellio cypriaca					2	8		
2	Spiny-footed Lizard	Acanthodactylus erythurus	3	2	3	4				
3	Troodos Rock Lizard	Lacerta laevis troodica					2		1	
4	Snake-eyed Lizard	Ophisops elegans schlueteri				20	1	1		
5	Snake-eyed Skink	Ablepharus kitaibelii				1		2		
6	European Tree Frog	Hyla arborea				h	4	6		
7	Marsh Frog	Rana ridibunda		h	h		h			
8	Green Toad	Bufo viridis				1				
9	Coin Snake	Columber nummifer				1				

Mammals

1	Bats sp.				1		
2	Brown Rat	Rattus norvegicus		1			

Butterflies

1	Swallowtail	Papilio machon	4	8	8	4	6		1	1
2	Large White	Pieris brassicae	10	20	4		6			
3	Small White	Artogenia rapae			1	2	6		1	
4	Orange-tip	Anthrocharis cardamines					8	2	2	
5	Clouded Yellow	Colias crocea	6	3	8	5				1
6	Cleopatra	Gonepteryx cleopatra					1	1		
7	Red Admiral	Venessa atalanta					1			
8	Painted Lady	Cythia cardui	12	10	4	8		6	2	
9	Cyprus Meadow Brown	Maniola cypricola		2						
10	Small Copper	Lycaena rubi		2						
11	Paphos Blue	Glaucopsyche paphos		40	2	4	8	2	1	
12	Common Blue	Polyommatus icarus		1					1	

13	African Ringlet	Ypthima asterope					1				
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Other sightings

1	Emperor Dragonfly	Anax imperator				1	1		
2	Scarlet Darter	Crocothemis erythraea		2					
3	Fire Bug	Rhapalus subrutus				2			
4	7-spot Ladybird	Coccinella 7-punctata			1			12	
5	Blue Carpenter Bee	sp.				2	1		
6	Hairy Fly	Tachina fera			1				
7	Cockchafer Beetle	sp.				1			
8	Conehead Mantis	Empuusa pennata	1						

Plants

Scientific Name Common Name

Pteridophytes

Adiantum capillus-veneris Maidenhair Fern

Pteridium aquilinum Bracken

Gymnosperms

Pinus nigraAustrian PinePinus brutiaBrutian Pine

Juniperus phoenicia Phoenician Juniper

Juniperus foetidissima

Ephedra fragilis ssp campyopoda Joint Pine Cedrus brevifolia Cyprus Cedar

Salicaceae

Populus nigra ssp afghanica

Fagaceae

Quercus coccifera ssp calliprinosKermis OakQuercus infectoria ssp venerisRoyal Oak

Ulmus canescens Mediterranean Elm

Moraceae

Ficus carica Fig

Aristolochiaceae

Aristolochia parvifolia

Sueada vera Salicornia sp. Rumex cyprius

Emex spinosa

Aizoaceae

Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum

Aizoon hispanicum

Caryophyllaceae

Kohlrauschia velutina

Silene colorata Pink Pirouette

Scientific Name

Common Name

Paronychia argentea Minuartia montana Polycarpon tetraphyllum

Berberidaceae

Berberis cretica Cretan Barberry

Ranunculaceae

Adonis sp. annua Pheasant Eye
Ranunculus asiaticus Turban Buttercup
Ranunculus kykkoensis Kykko Buttercup

Ranunculus cadmicus ssp cyprius

Ranunculus paludosus (n)

Ranunculus peltatus Pond Water-crowfoot

Paeonia mascula Wild Peony
Nigella damascena Love-in-a-mist

Nigella fumariifolia

Papaveraceae

Papaver rhoeasCommon PoppyPapaver hybridumRough Poppy

Glaucium flavum Yellow Horned-poppy

Fumariaceae

Fumaria officinalis Common Fumitory

Brassicaceae (Cruciferae)

Sinapis alba White Mustard
Calile maritima Sea Rocket

Thlaspi perfoliatum Cotswold Pennycress

Alyssum troodi

Alyssum akamasicum Arabis purpurea

Arabis verna Spring Rock-cress
Matthiola tricuspidata Three-horned Stock

Capsella bursa-pastoralis

Resedaceae

Reseda orientalis

Crassulaceae

Umbilicus rupestris Navelwort

Sedum rubens Sedum caespitosum Telmissa microcarpa

Platanaceae

Platanus orientalis Oriental Plane

Rosaceae

Sarcopoterium spinosum Spiny Burnet

Crataegus monogyna

Scientific Name **Common Name**

Eriobotrya japonica Loquat

Fabaceae (Leguminosae)

Bauhinia variegata

Ceratonia siliqua Carob

Calycotome villosa

Genista sphacelata var sphacelata

Genista sphacelata var crudelis

Lathyrus aphaca

Lathyrus blepharicarpus

Lathyrus gorgonei Lathyrus ochrus Lathyrus clymenum

Small Melilot Melilotus indicus Sea Medick Medicago marina

Medicago littoralis

Tetragonolobus purpureus

Trifolium angustifolium Narrow-leaved Crimson Clover

Thorny Broom

Cypriot Sainfoin

Trifolium spumosum

Starry Clover Trifolium stellatum Trifolium tomentosum Woolly Trefoil Trifolium campestre Hop Trefoil Shield Clover Trifolium clypeatum

Trifolium argutum

Lotus edulis Astragalus cyprius

Astagalus hamosus

Scorpiurus muricatus Scorpiurus

Annual Scorpion Vetch Coronilla scorpioides

Hippocrepis monosiliquosa

Hippocrepis sp.

Onobrychis venosa

Vicia cassia Vicia hybrida Vicia narbonense Vicia sativa

Vicia tenifolia spp.laxiflora Hedysarum spinosissimum

Geraniaceae

Geranium tuberosum Tuberous Crane's-bill Geranium dissectum Cut-Leaved Crane's-bill

Geranium lucidum

Doves-Foot Crane's-bill Geranium molle

Erodium crassifolium

Erodium gruinum Long-beaked Stork's-bill Erodium malacoides Narrow-leaved stork'sbill

Erodium moschatum

Linaceae

Linum bienne Pale Flax

Linum trigynum (6)

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Scientific Name

Common Name

Linum strictum ssp strictum

Linum nodiflorum

Upright Yellow Flax

Zygophyllaceae

Zygophyllum album Fagonia cretica

Oxalidaceae

Oxalis pes-caprae Bermuda Buttercup

Euphorbiaceae

Euphorbia helioscopia Euphorbia veneris

Euphorbia dimorphocaulum

Mercurialis annua

Sun Spurge

Anacardiaceae

Pistachia terebinthus **Turpentine Tree** Pistachia lentiscus Mastic Tree

Malvaceae

Lavatera cretica Lesser Tree-mallow

Tamaricaceae

Tamarix tetragyna

Cistaceae

Cistus salvifolius Sage-leaved Cistus

Cistus creticus

Cistus monspeliensis Narrow-leaved Cistus

Cistus parviflorus

Helianthemum obtusifolium Helianthemum stipulatum

Helianthemum salicifolium

Fumana arabica Arabian Fumana

Fumana thymifolia Thyme-leaved Fumana

Violaceae

Viola alba

Cactaceae

Opuntia ficus-indica Prickly Pear

Myrtaceae

Myrtus communis Myrtle Eucalyptus gomphocephala Black Gum

Apiaceae

Lagoecia cuminoides

Shepherd's-needle Scandix pecten-veneris

Tordylium aegyptiacum

Foeniculum vulgare Fennel

Scientific Name Common Name

Ferula communis Giant Fennel Eryngium maritimum Sea Holly

Ericaceae

Arbutus andrachne Eastern Strawberry-tree

Primulaceae

Cyclamen persicumPersian SowbreadCyclamen cypriumCyprus SowbreadAnagallis arvensis var. caerulaPimpernel

Plumbaginaceae

Limonium sinuatum Winged Sea-lavender

Styracaceae

Styrax officinalis Storax

Oleaceae

Olea europaea Olive

Gentianaceae

Centaurium pulchellum Lesser Centaury

Rubiaceae

Sherardia arvensis

Convolvulaceae

Convolvulus althaeoides Mallow-leaved Bindweed

Boraginaceae

Anchusa aegyptiaca Eastern Anchusa

Anchusa undulata ssp hybrida

Buglossoides arvensis Corn Gromwell

Echium angustifolium Alkanna tinctoria

Solanaceae

Lycium

Lamiaceae (Labiatae)

Thymus capitatus Micromeria nervosa Salvia fruticosa

Salvia viridis Red-topped Sage Lamium amplexicaule Henbit Deadnettle

Phlomis cypria occidentalis

Prasium majus

Scrophulariaceae

Verbascum sinuatum Linaria pelisseriana

Misopates orontium Weasel Snout

Scientific Name Common Name

Parentucellia latifolia Southern Bartsia

Bellardia trixago

Orobanchaceae

Orobanche ramosa Branched Broomrape

Orobanche alba

Orobanche minor Common Broomrape

Orobanche crenata

Plantaginaceae

Plantago coronopus Buck's-horn Plantain

Plantago cretica

Plantago maritima Sea Plantain

Plantago afra

Valerianaceae

Valeriana italica

Centranthus calcitrapa sp. Orbiculatus

Asteraceae (Compositae)

Helichrysum conglobatum

Pallenis spinosa

Anthemis rigida

Anthemis pseudocotula

Anthemis palestina

Anthemis tormentosa

Chrysanthemum coronarium Crown Daisy

Senecio glaucus

Senecio vulgaris Groundsel
Calendula arvensis Field Marigold

Tragopogon sinuatus

Tragopogon (Geropogon) hybridus

Onopordon cyprium
Centaurea aegialophila
Centaurea veneris
Crupina crupinastrum
Taraxacum aphrogenes

Notobasis syriaca Syrian Thistle

Ifloga spicata

Posidoniaceae

Posidonia oceanica Eelgrass

Liliaceae

Ruscus aculeatus Butcher's Broom
Asphodelus aestivus Common Asphodel

Asphodelus fistulosus Tulipa aegenensis Gagea graeca Gagea peduncularis

Gagea juliae

Allium neapolitanum

Scientific Name

Common Name

Allium trifoliatum Allium junceum

Ornithogalum umbellatum Ornithogalum pedicellare

Urginea maritimaSea SquillMuscari comosumTassel Hyacinth

Bellevalia nivalis Bellevalia trifoliata

Dioscoreaceae

Tamus communis

Iridaceae

Gynandiris sisyrinchium Barbary Nut

Gladiolus triphyllus

Gladiolus italicus Field Gladiolus

Crocus cyprius

Poaceae (Gramineae)

Briza maxima Large Quaking-grass
Phragmites australis Common Reed

Araceae

Arum rupicola

Arisarum vulgare Mousetailplant

Orchidaceae

Limodorum abortivum

Epipactis veratrifolia

Anacamptis pyramidalis

Barlia robertiana

Dactylorhiza romana

Violet Limodore

E. Marsh Helleborine

Pyramidal Orchid

Giant Orchid

Roman orchid

Neotinea maculate Dense-flowered Orchid

Serapias Aphrodite

Serapias bergonii Plough-share Serapias

Orchis italicItalian orchidOrchis coriophora ssp fragransBug OrchidOrchis anatolica ssp troodiTroodos OrchidOrchis morio ssp syriacaGreen-winged OrchidOrchis simiaMonkey OrchidOrchis quadripunctataFour-spotted Orchid

Ophrys sintenisii

Ophrys iricolor
Ophrys israelitica
Ophrys lapethica
Ophrys fusca
Ophrys lutea ssp galilea

Rainbow Ophrys
Omega Ophrys
Woodcock Orchid
Dull Ophrys
Yellow Ophrys

Ophrys bornmuelleri Bornmueller's Ophrys

Ophrys levantina Spider Orchid
Ophrys apifera var apifera Bee Orchid

Ophrys mammosa Mammose Ophrys

Ophrys elegans

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