

Mallorca

Naturetrek Tour Report

21st – 28th April 2026

Tour report by Dave Jackson



Naturetrek Mingledown Barn Wolf's Lane Chawton Alton Hampshire GU34 3HJ UK

T: +44 (0)1962 733051

E: info@naturetrek.co.uk

W: www.naturetrek.co.uk

Tour participants: Dave Jackson and Bastien Zanette (leaders) with 13 Naturetrek clients

Summary

This tour fulfilled many interests, from birds, butterflies and bugs, to bathing (wild swimming to be precise). Mallorca has so many wonderful locations that it's possible to bird and bathe at the same sites. One bather even managed to photograph a rare Egyptian Vulture while taking a dip at Boquer Valley!

We made the most of the incredible accommodation with its private hide, close to many of the best sites, including the Formentor Peninsula, Cúber Reservoir, Son Real and, of course, the world famous Albufera Marsh, where some of the rarest birds were seen, including Western Swamphen, Marbled Duck and Red-knobbed Coot. We found the elusive Moltoni's and Balearic Warblers, the ever-popular Wryneck and Blue Rock Thrush, and enjoyed the sumptuous food on offer at Club Pollentia during a week of warm weather and sunshine.

Day 1

Tuesday 21st April

Puerto Pollensa

Light showers, sunshine, 19°C

By some fortunate quirk of fate, flights from Manchester, Bristol, Stansted and Gatwick were all early or on time, allowing us a quick getaway from the airport to Pollensa, and after an efficient check in, we met at the private hotel hide to get the tour off to a great start. Marsh Harrier, Purple Heron, Cetti's and Sardinian Warbler were quickly on the list, while Booted Eagle and three migrant Black Kites were welcome additions. A pair of Ospreys performed, giving amazing views of aerial acrobatics, and a Clouded Yellow butterfly drifted along the path.

One couple arrived from Norfolk (via Amsterdam) with time to join us in the hide before our reception outside the bar with tables set with Cava and orange juice to welcome us. A Wood Warbler provided a brief distraction from the dinner table. A fulfilling buffet followed before we retired to our rooms after a long day of travel, although a few keen birders returned to the hide and identified a good-sized flock of Wood Sandpipers landing on an island to roost.

Day 2

Wednesday 22nd April

Boquer Valley – Av. de Bocchoris – S'Albufereta.

Sunshine, 20°C

A pre-breakfast visit to the hotel's private hide provided excellent views of the usually elusive Cetti's Warbler, singing from a dead cluster of twigs close to the hide. Purple Heron, Greater Flamingo and Great Egret were all easily identified, as was a Raven which perched nearby.

Just a ten-minute drive from the hotel lies one of the island's premier birding sites, the Boquer Valley. We parked in an empty car park and walked up towards the private farmhouse, full of anticipation for what sightings awaited

us. A Common Redstart flicked between the bushes, while a Whinchat was an excellent find as it fed low to the ground. Scanning of the fields revealed two pairs of Stone-curlews, their shrill calls rising from the ground below. Hoopoes flew past, Crag Martins circled the cliff face, and a pair of Common Kestrels appeared to be nesting among the rocks. Stonechats flitted from bush to bush, and a Blue Rock Thrush was seen at a distance in silhouette.

Further along the path, two more pairs of rock thrushes searched for insects among the boulders, and a flock of Black Kites continues their northward migration. Four members of the group went for a swim and photographed an Egyptian Vulture flying along the rockface, while the rest of the group tried unsuccessfully to catch sight of a Balearic Warbler. What was initially thought to be the same vulture, or perhaps another, proved instead to be a pale-morph Booted Eagle, identified at distance by its squared-off tail. Painted Lady, Wall Brown, and Red Admiral butterflies were all seen in good numbers in the warm sunshine. Stone-curlews were calling, and the partridges had moved into the shade when we arrived back at the farmhouse. A Nightingale gave only the briefest of views, while a pair of Pied Flycatchers were seen in the tamarisks. A Blue Rock Thrush showed extremely well for the final couple of observers as it perched on top of a tiled archway.

We stopped at the supermarket for lunch supplies before heading back to Av. de Bocchoris, which was quiet apart from a Wood Warbler. We then returned to the hotel for half an hour's rest before setting out again. Most of group were dropped off at S'Albufereta, while a leader drove one of the group to Alcúdia after a mishap with his spectacles: not what you need so early in the holiday. Fortunately, a generous optician repaired them free of charge. A Red-throated Pipit was identified and several Stone-curlews were seen at close range from the Sa Barcassa hide, and a Western Swamphen was spotted from the tower overlooking part of the marsh, a welcome first sighting for some.

Day 3

Thursday 23rd April

Son Bosc – Son Real – S'Illot

Cloud and sunshine, 21°C

The keen observers were in the private hide before 7.00am, where Marsh Harriers were seen mating. Purple Herons and showy Cetti's Warblers were also spotted before breakfast, which itself was an adventure, with almost every choice of food available, from raw garlic, to several types of bread, scrambled egg, cheese, cereal and freshly pulped fruit juice.

We left at 8.30am for Son Bosc, where Common and Green Sandpipers were seen, along with fabulous views of Flamingoes and more Marsh Harriers. A fine drake Garganey splashed down onto the water and quickly disappeared from view, while Shovelers mixed freely with the Shelducks. Nearby, a perched Zitting Cisticola seemed entirely unaware of the pronunciation problems its name continues to cause, though it was certainly far too young to remember being called a Fan-tailed Warbler.

Trolleys overflowed at the supermarket checkout with two days' worth of supplies to ensure an early start the following morning, and we navigated our way through cyclists from across the globe before turning off the road down towards Finca Son Real. It was good to see so many House Sparrows around the old farmhouse, while the first of several Woodchat Shrikes was quickly consigned to memory cards. Mediterranean and Pied Flycatchers

searched the bushes for insects, while a captive Indian Peafowl, despite its splendid markings, was largely ignored. A Hermann's Tortoise moved surprisingly swiftly through the vegetation, with "sports mode" selected on cameras in an effort to capture this speeding shell on legs. Mirror Orchids had grown men crawling on their knees, while the rest of the group continued locating more shrikes. A Hoopoe called nearby, but spotted us before we could locate where the sound was coming from as we reached the wooded area near the beach.

A refreshing breeze greeted us as we reached the bay, where an Audouin's Gull flew off before realising the treat we had in store. Then came the inevitable discussion: Cormorant or Shag? Photographs favoured Shag, with its very thin bill and the absence of the white thigh patch typical of a breeding Great Cormorant. We each selected a suitable rock, and a few anchovies were scattered for the gulls. It wasn't long before we were immersed in the company of sleek and beautiful Audouin's Gulls, all eager to take advantage of our generosity in exchange for a few photographs: there were probably many hundreds, but who's counting? Such is the advantage of digital cameras. A Yellow-legged Gull arrived to investigate what all the fuss was about, but by then all the fish had already been consumed. On the rocks, a couple of Ruddy Turnstones picked their way through the weed, one approaching breeding plumage with a noticeably whitish head. As is often the case, the botanists were the first to notice a Crimson Speckled moth resting on a Cuckoo-flower.

We also found: Wryneck, Thekla's Lark and Turtle Dove: what an afternoon! But it still wasn't over. A brief stop on the way past S'Illot to scan the pools, and to check whether the orchids seen on the previous tour were still in flower, kept the botanists and birders equally engaged. A Moustached Warbler called and gave a fleeting glimpse to the tallest members of the group, before we finally headed back to the hotel after a thoroughly rewarding day for everyone involved.

Day 4

Friday 24th April

Cúber – Lluç Monastery – S'Albufereta

Still, sunshine, 20°C

An 8.00am start meant we could reach the reservoir in the mountains before the car park filled up, and before cyclists appeared in large numbers. A Whinchat and a Black Vulture were the first birds seen, followed by a Tawny Pipit perched at the top of a tree, identified by its distinctive call. It remained in place for some time, allowing fabulous views, before it took off on a display flight. Good numbers of vultures, Booted Eagles, Ravens and gulls were also noted. Most of the calls coming from the trees belonged to commoner species, before our prize bird, a Moltoni's Warbler, finally came into view low down in the pines. First a female appeared, and then a displaying male launched himself into the air, giving astounding views. A Common Redstart was seen at the dam, while the walkers who completed a loop of the reservoir also recorded more vultures, a Firecrest and a Nightingale.

We stopped at Lluç for lunch, accompanied by the calls of Wrynecks and sightings of Mediterranean Flycatchers, Kestrels, and remarkably tame House Sparrows and Chaffinches. In the botanical gardens, Nightingales seemed to be everywhere, while a Firecrest came so close that it was almost within touching distance. Frogs provided a constant background chorus, apparently attempting to outdo the Nightingales.

On the journey back we added Zitting Cisticola, Woodchat Shrike and Serin to the day's list. At S'Albufereta, seven Little Stints stood motionless along the water's edge, while Little Ringed Plovers were seen mating nearby. A Corn Bunting sang from an exposed perch, and a Hoopoe appeared briefly.

Day 5

Saturday 25th April

Cap de Formentor – Av. de Bocchoris

Sunshine, 20°C

Today proved eventful, in more ways than one. The famous Mallorca 321 cycle race, with 8500 entrants, had closed the road outside the hotel from 6.30am, although it reopened by the time we left at 8.00am, making an effort to avoid both the traffic and the cyclists on the winding road up to the Formentor lighthouse. We could hardly have chosen a better day. The road was far quieter than usual, with many drivers apparently discouraged by the closures, although it did little to deter the more dedicated cyclists who were not taking part in the race, but just going along for the ride, so to speak.

Unlike the previous week, Scopoli's Shearwaters greatly outnumbered Balearic Shearwaters as they streamed past the peninsula, and dolphins added an extra touch of excitement to an already memorable morning. A Blue Rock Thrush was photographed on the lighthouse steps, although it was seen by only one member of the group. Fortunately, a pair was later located below the wall, giving everyone excellent views, both perched and in flight. Pallid Swifts mingled with Common Swifts overhead, while a pair of Peregrines powered out across the sea.

After our allotted two hours, we began the journey back down, passing perhaps ten times the number of cars that the small car park could possibly accommodate. On the way down, we stopped at Casas Vellas where a fine male Common Redstart perched obligingly on a post, while Firecrests showed well, and Black Vultures and Ravens circled over the rocky slopes.

Our snatch team launched a successful raiding mission on the supermarket, before another stop at Av. de Bocchoris. Here, a huge Migratory Locust bent a tree branch beneath its weight, while a Hoopoe excavated a hole and extracted a truly enormous grub, before flying off to feed its young. This performance was repeated several times while some of the group took the opportunity for a dip in the bay.

Unfortunately, an engine and body malfunction meant that a recovery vehicle had to return one of the minibuses for repair, while we continued searching for migrants. We were all back at the hotel by mid-afternoon: clients variously chose to make the most of the facilities, relax, or seek out more birds and butterflies while the leaders collected a bright, sparkling replacement minibus, and were back in plenty of time to complete the checklist before dinner.

Day 6

Sunday 26th April

Albercutx – Maristany – S'Illot – Pollensa Bay

Sunshine, 24°C

Warbler-watchers were up early and ready for our pre-breakfast excursion to Albercutx, in the hope of seeing the elusive Balearic Warbler. On the way, a Pine Marten ran across the road and, remarkably, some in the following bus managed to see it as well. We had previously found evidence of them in the form of scat, but never expected to catch sight of this elusive mustelid.

We reached the Albercutx tower as the sun glowed deep red before breaking the horizon, producing a spectacular sunrise over another glorious day. A small warbler suddenly appeared on top of a low bush, quickly followed by a second bird: smiles all round, as this was exactly what we had hoped for. We watched the Balearic Warblers chasing each other around the scrub, often pausing long enough for everyone to secure photographs of this endemic bird. A male Sardinian Warbler also posed beautifully in the early morning light, before we returned for breakfast. It had been a successful outing, and it was still only 7.20am when we started back to base.

At 9.15am we headed to Maristany, where swifts skimmed the water's surface, alongside Red-crested Pochards, and Great Crested and Little Grebes. A lone Mute Swan had become something of a local celebrity, by virtue of being the only one of its kind on the island.

After a stop at Eroski for picnic supplies, we continued to S'Illot. Numerous orchids lined the paths, while a Glossy Ibis flew overhead. Leopard Tiger Beetles made darting flights along the white sandy track, while Green-eyed (formerly Norfolk) Hawkets hovered around us. A Moustached Warbler called repeatedly, but remained stubbornly out of sight. Nearby, Black-winged Stilts aggressively defended their territories, while a Nightingale sang boldly out in the open. Merlin picked up the song of a Western Subalpine Warbler as it moved through the trees and flew across the path, adding another excellent species to the day's observations.

We returned to the hotel for a short break, before heading down to Pollensa Bay in the hope of locating Crossbill, seen there on the previous tour. A Raven was loudly disapproved of by the local Woodpigeons, while Audouin's Gulls drifted along the shoreline among the crowds enjoying the glorious Sunday afternoon sunshine. Some members of the group stayed to swim, while the rest returned to Sa Barcassa hide, where Purple Heron, Woodchat Shrike, Stonechat, Yellow Wagtail and large numbers of Flamingoes were all recorded. The same seven Little Stints were still present, along with Stone-curlews, Corn Buntings and Serins.

Day 7

Monday 27th April

S'Albufera Marsh

Sunshine, 24°C

We awoke to an incredible sunrise and a cool 12°C, with the early birders watching egrets leaving the roost and disappearing out across the marsh, while six Mallard ducklings broke the still water below the hotel hide.

The daily supermarket sweep didn't go entirely to plan, as Google Maps chose to send us to different Eroski supermarkets, meaning our arrival at S'Albufera was not quite as early as intended. Nevertheless, we parked easily and were soon making our way along the waterway, the bubbling calls of egrets drawing us closer.

We split into two groups, and before long Marbled Ducks were located. A Purple Swamphen initially showed only briefly, before becoming far more obliging, walking through the shallow water onto a small island. We watched as it used its enormous feet to pluck rushes from the water, before eating the tender central shoots. A Squacco Heron briefly lifted its head above the reeds, while the Marbled Ducks suddenly took flight and were never seen again. Yellow Wagtails fed along the muddy margins nearby.

One of the leaders had a hunch that it might be worth leaving the hide to search for the rare Red-knobbed Coot. As we approached its favoured area, we could immediately see photographers pointing long lenses towards a bird feeding in the canal. We watched it grazing on aquatic vegetation before it walked remarkably close to us, and then disappeared from view. Had we arrived five minutes later we would almost certainly have missed it.

We continued on to the Es Cibollar hide, where Flamingoes and delightful Avocet chicks provided excellent entertainment. One group witnessed an Eleonora's Falcon stoop down across the marsh, the stilts and Avocets noisily defending their young, while from the tower we viewed Swallowtail butterfly, Western Swamphen, Wood Sandpiper and more Black-winged Stilts. A warbler briefly appeared before vanishing deep into the reeds, frustratingly refusing to reveal itself properly, despite several attempts to tempt it out.

Day 8

Tuesday 28th April

Departure day

Sunshine, 24°C

We made one last visit to the hotel hide to soak in the atmosphere before breakfast, and then we all got packed, ready for departure. We stopped to top up fuel in one of the buses before continuing to the airport, where we said our goodbyes.

One couple on a later flight were treated to a few more hours birding, in the hope of seeing Crossbills at Cap Blanc, and while the birds could be heard, and brief flight views were had, it was time to leave before any really satisfactory observations were made. A Blue Rock Thrush, Mediterranean and Pied Flycatchers were some consolation, and certainly better than sitting in an airport departure lounge!

It had been a week of fine weather, great company and amazing wildlife sightings, with many new species seen for a group with varied interests, including birds, butterflies, botany...and wild swimming!

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Species lists

Birds (H=heard only)

Common name	Scientific name	April 2026							
		21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
Mute Swan	<i>Cygnus olor</i>						✓		
Common Shelduck	<i>Tadorna tadorna</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Garganey	<i>Spatula querquedula</i>			✓				✓	
Northern Shoveler	<i>Spatula clypeata</i>			✓				✓	
Gadwall	<i>Mareca strepera</i>			✓				✓	
Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Marbled Duck	<i>Marmaronetta angustirostris</i>							✓	
Red-crested Pochard	<i>Netta rufina</i>						✓	✓	
Common Pochard	<i>Aythya ferina</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Common Pheasant - I	<i>Phasianus colchicus</i>	H		✓		✓		H	
Red-legged Partridge	<i>Alectoris rufa</i>	✓	✓	✓					
Common Swift	<i>Apus apus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Pallid Swift	<i>Apus pallidus</i>					✓			✓
Feral Rock Dove	<i>Columba livia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Common Wood Pigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
European Turtle Dove	<i>Streptopelia turtur</i>			✓					✓
Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Water Rail	<i>Rallus aquaticus</i>		H		H			H	
Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Eurasian Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>		✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	
Red-knobbed Coot	<i>Fulica cristata</i>							✓	
Western Swamphen	<i>Porphyrio porphyrio</i>		✓					✓	
Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>			✓				✓	
Great Crested Grebe	<i>Podiceps cristatus</i>						✓		
Greater Flamingo	<i>Phoenicopterus roseus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Eurasian Stone-curlew	<i>Burhinus oedicnemus</i>		✓		H		✓	✓	
Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Pied Avocet	<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Common Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius hiaticula</i>				✓		✓		
Little Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius dubius</i>		✓	✓	✓		✓		
Kentish Plover	<i>Anarhynchus alexandrinus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	
Common Snipe	<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>		✓			✓			
Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Green Sandpiper	<i>Tringa ochropus</i>			✓					
Wood Sandpiper	<i>Tringa glareola</i>	✓		✓				✓	
Ruddy Turnstone	<i>Arenaria interpres</i>			✓					
Ruff	<i>Calidris pugnax</i>		✓						
Curlew Sandpiper	<i>Calidris ferruginea</i>		✓						
Dunlin	<i>Calidris alpina</i>		✓						
Little Stint	<i>Calidris minuta</i>				✓		✓		
Common Tern	<i>Sterna hirundo</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	
Black-headed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus ridibundus</i>							✓	
Audouin's Gull	<i>Ichthyaetus audouinii</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Yellow-legged Gull	<i>Larus michahellis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Scopoli's Shearwater	<i>Calonectris diomedea</i>					✓			

Common name	Scientific name	April 2026							
		21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
Balearic Shearwater	<i>Puffinus mauretanicus</i>					✓			
Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>		✓			✓	✓	✓	
European Shag	<i>Gulosus aristotelis</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Glossy Ibis	<i>Plegadis falcinellus</i>		✓				✓	✓	
Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>		✓		✓				
Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Squacco Heron	<i>Ardeola ralloides</i>				✓	✓	✓	✓	
Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>		✓	✓				✓	
Western Cattle Egret	<i>Ardea ibis</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>		✓			✓	✓	✓	
Purple Heron	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	
Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	
Egyptian Vulture	<i>Neophron percnopterus</i>		✓						
Cinereous Vulture	<i>Aegypius monachus</i>				✓	✓			
Griffon Vulture	<i>Gyps fulvus</i>				✓				
Booted Eagle	<i>Hieraetus pennatus</i>	✓	✓		✓				
Western Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Red Kite	<i>Milvus milvus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>	✓	✓						
Eurasian Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Eurasian Wryneck	<i>Jynx torquilla</i>			✓	✓				
Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Eleonora's Falcon	<i>Falco eleonora</i>							✓	
Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>		✓			✓			
Woodchat Shrike	<i>Lanius senator</i>		✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	
Northern Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Eurasian Blue Tit	<i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>					✓			
Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	
Thekla's Lark	<i>Galerida theklae</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>	✓							
Eurasian Crag Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i>		✓						
Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
Western House Martin	<i>Delichon urbicum</i>	✓			✓	✓		✓	
Cetti's Warbler	<i>Cettia cetti</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Wood Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus sibilatrix</i>	✓	✓		✓				
Willow Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus trochilus</i>	✓	✓					✓	
Common Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>				✓			✓	
Great Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus arundinaceus</i>						H		
Moustached Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus melanopogon</i>			✓			H		
Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Eurasian Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>				✓	✓	✓	✓	
Sardinian Warbler	<i>Curruca melanocephala</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Western Subalpine Warbler	<i>Curruca iberiae</i>						✓		
Moltoni's Warbler	<i>Curruca subalpina</i>				✓				
Balearic Warbler - E	<i>Curruca balearica</i>						✓		
Common Firecrest	<i>Regulus ignicapilla</i>				✓	✓			
Eurasian Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>		H		✓				
Common/Spotless Starling	<i>Sturnus vulgaris/unicolor</i>							✓	
Song Thrush	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>					✓			

Common name	Scientific name	April 2026							
		21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
Common Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Spotted Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa striata</i>			✓					
Mediterranean Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa tyrrhenica</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
European Robin	<i>Erithacus rubecula</i>					✓			
Common Nightingale	<i>Luscinia megarhynchos</i>		✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
European Pied Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula hypoleuca</i>		✓	✓	✓				
Common Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus phoenicurus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	
Blue Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola solitarius</i>		✓			✓			
Whinchat	<i>Saxicola rubetra</i>		✓		✓				
European Stonechat	<i>Saxicola rubicola</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>				✓				
House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Western Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>				✓				
Tawny Pipit	<i>Anthus campestris</i>				✓			✓	✓
Red-throated Pipit	<i>Anthus cervinus</i>		✓						
Eurasian Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>				✓	✓			
European Greenfinch	<i>Chloris chloris</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Common Linnet	<i>Linaria cannabina</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
Common Crossbill	<i>Loxia curvirostra</i>				H				✓
European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
European Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
Corn Bunting	<i>Emberiza calandra</i>		✓	✓	✓		✓		✓
Common Reed Bunting	<i>Emberiza schoeniclus</i>			✓					

Mammals

Common name	Scientific name
European Rabbit - I	<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>
Common Pipistrelle	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>

Amphibians & reptiles

Common name	Scientific name
Iberian Water Frog	<i>Pelophylax perezi</i>
European Pond Terrapin	<i>Emys orbicularis</i>
Moorish Gecko	<i>Tarentola mauritanica</i>

Butterflies & moths

Common name	Scientific name
Common Swallowtail	<i>Papilio machaon</i>
Cleopatra	<i>Gonepteryx cleopatra</i>
Clouded Yellow	<i>Colias croceus</i>
Large White	<i>Pieris brassicae</i>
Small White	<i>Pieris rapae</i>
Small Copper	<i>Lycaena phlaeas</i>
Holly Blue	<i>Celastrina argiolus</i>
Painted Lady	<i>Vanessa cardui</i>

Common name	Scientific name
Red Admiral	<i>Vanessa atalanta</i>
Small Heath	<i>Coenonympha pamphilus</i>
Speckled Wood	<i>Pararge aegeria</i>
Wall Brown	<i>Lasiommata megera</i>
Hummingbird Hawk-moth	<i>Macroglossum stellatarum</i>

Damselflies & dragonflies

Common name	Scientific name
Common Bluetail	<i>Ischnura elegans</i>
Green-eyed Hawker	<i>Aeshna isoceles</i>
Blue Emperor	<i>Anax imperator</i>
Lesser Emperor	<i>Anax parthenope</i>
Red-veined Darter	<i>Sympetrum fonscolombii</i>

Other invertebrates

Common name	Scientific name
Violet Carpenter Bee	<i>Xylocopa violacea</i>
White-tailed Bumblebee	<i>Bombus lucorum</i>
Leopard Tiger Beetle	<i>Lophyra flexuosa</i>

Orchids

Common name	Scientific name
Bug Orchid	<i>Anacamptis coriophora</i>
Tall Marsh Orchid	<i>Anacamptis palustris</i> subsp. <i>robusta</i>
Small-flowered Tongue Orchid	<i>Serapias parviflora</i>
Mirror Orchid	<i>Ophrys speculum</i>
Bumblebee Orchid	<i>Ophrys bombyliflora</i>
Bee Orchid	<i>Ophrys apifera</i>

Selected other plants

Common name	Scientific name
Dwarf Fan Palm	<i>Chamaerops humilis</i>
Balearic Milk-vetch	<i>Astragalus balearicus</i>
Balearic Sowbread	<i>Cyclamen balearicum</i>
Branched Asphodel	<i>Asphodelus ramosus</i>
Balearic St. John's-wort	<i>Hypericum balearicum</i>
Field Gladiolus	<i>Gladiolus italicus</i>
Illyrian Gladiolus	<i>Gladiolus illyricus</i>