

Spain's Coto Donana & Extremadura

Naturetrek Tour Report

29 April - 7 May 2008



Black Vulture



Little Owl



Great Spotted Cuckoo



Finca Santa Marta

Report compiled by Andy Impey & David Morris
Images by David Morris



Naturetrek Cheriton Mill Cheriton Alresford Hampshire SO24 0NG England

T: +44 (0)1962 733051

F: +44 (0)1962 736426

E: info@naturetrek.co.uk

W: www.naturetrek.co.uk

Tour Leaders: Andy Impey
 David Morris

Participants: Mick Boyd
 Sheila Boyd
 Jonathon Rosser
 Cliff Hence
 Nancy Hence
 John Barker
 Frances Barker
 Mike Harford
 Michael Heath
 Richard Scriven
 Penny Scriven

Day 1

Tuesday 29th April

London – Madrid – Trujillo

Arriving at Madrid airport we were soon through passport control and off to find the car rental company. After a small delay due to credit card shenanigans and with the help of Penny and Richard's flexible friend, we were finally on our way. We made good progress on the excellent roads and it wasn't long before our first White Stork and Black Kites of the trip were on the list. A toilet stop was a bonus for two reasons; most of us enjoyed a welcome ice-cream, whilst also enjoying great views of a pale phase Booted Eagle circling over the van.

As we were making such good progress on the almost empty roads, we decided to take a small detour up one of the side valleys. Bee-eaters on the wires drew the vans to a rapid halt and then we were straining our necks skywards to view our first Griffon Vultures drifting high overhead, plus a solitary Short-toed Eagle, occasionally hovering over a ridge in its familiar style.

A short walk down to the river and we stumbled across a right commotion among the Azure-winged Magpies. Suddenly a Goshawk flew out of nowhere, seemingly with a baby magpie in its talons – all very dramatic. That was enough excitement for one afternoon so we headed back on to the main road and soon arrived at our palatial surrounding of Fino Torres to be greeted by smiling faces and a fantastic evening meal.

Day 2

Wednesday 30th April

Monfragüe

On the advice of our host, we headed to the national park this morning based on the fact that tomorrow was a bank holiday. First port of call was the local bullring and we only had to wait a matter of seconds before our target species appeared. Up to six pairs of Lesser Kestrels were using the roof as a nesting site and we got some fantastic views of the birds going in and out from under the tiles or just perched in the sun. A great start to the day and after a quick stop in the supermarket for provisions, we were off in search of more raptors.

Arriving at the dramatic cliffs of Penafalcon right in the heart of Monfragüe National Park, the Griffon Vultures were found to have quite big chicks and once we got our eye in, it was clear to see that there were many pairs nesting on the rock face. Nesting Black Storks were found in their usual places and in time, adults flew in to change over on the nest giving us chance to get a good look at these fantastic birds. Our first confirmed Black Vultures were spotted in amongst the Griffons and an adult Egyptian Vulture against the rockface was a splash of colour and certainly got the heart racing for a few of us. For others, however, it was the Black Redstarts in the valley below or the Rock Buntings on the roadside that were the real stars of the morning.

Having crossed the huge bridge covered in hundreds of House Martin nests we made a brief stop where we were treated to a real bonus. A Hawfinch landed right by the vans and afforded us all some excellent views. Yes, this bird can be seen in the UK, but seldom do you get views as close as this and for some of us it was 'bird of the day'. With spirits high, we headed on to a roadside picnic site and cracked open a bottle of wine to celebrate with our lunch.

The afternoon started with a trip up the valley to a known nest site for Eagle Owl. Despite a huddle of birders when we arrived, the birds had not been seen all morning and, worse still, we had just missed a Spanish Imperial Eagle by half an hour. We hung around in the hope that things would improve but alas it wasn't to be. Walking back to the vans our hearts did miss a beat when a large eagle drifted over the road but to our disappointment it was only a Golden Eagle – only a golden!

We retraced our steps along the windy hairpin roads, headed back over the bridge and they stopped off at for an evening walk up the steps to the castle for a panoramic view for miles around. Vultures at eye level and a pair of noisy Chough was a great end to the day. We did have a sneaky pit stop on the way back to the guesthouse to checkout a known Imperial Eagle nest. Despite being distant, we could easily make out the huge nest on the pylon; the only trouble was deciding if that lump was an incubating adult's head or just a branch. The consensus was that it would have to go down as wood.

A Red Kite on the way home was a nice bonus and after a glorious evening meal, a few of us ventured out in search of owls. Barn Owls were found in one of the buildings close by and a Scops Owl was located in the torch light in the courtyard. Some of us claimed it didn't shut up all night.

Day 3

Thursday 1st May

The Plains

An early morning wander down the lane produced the usual warblers and shrikes, with Turtle Dove the only new species for the list. After a hearty breakfast we were straight out on to the Belén track just a few miles from our front door and bustards were our main quarry. We were soon enjoying Hoopoe, Woodchat Shrike, Southern Grey Shrike and singing Crested Lark and moving further along the plain, Calandra and Short-toed Larks were displaying on both sides of the road. We also saw our first brief glimpse of a stunning male Montagu's Harrier quartering the plains in the distance. We then heard the characteristic raspberry call of the Little Bustard and with some careful scanning we found the bird calling from the safety of some deep grass. Luckily this bird seemed to like having an audience and it finally scuttled out and on to a little ridge. Face on we could see the bird in all its splendour and he put on a real show of head chucking and chest puffing.

A little further down the road and it was the turn of the Great Bustard to stop us in our tracks. Initially it was a lone bird on a ridge expertly spotted by David, but we soon spotted more in the distance and driving a little closer we got some great views of adults in full display. Seemingly turning themselves inside out, the two males were really putting on a show for the females, who if truth were known, seemed very unimpressed. One thing is for sure, we were all very impressed to have seen a courtship behaviour that is a classic in the avian world.

Impressed as we were, we still had lots to see so we eventually dragged ourselves away and headed for a new corner of the plain and we were quickly rewarded with a cracking view of a Little Owl on a dry stonewall – what great little birds they are. A few moments later and we were all out of the bus encircling a small outhouse – almost as if, dare I say it, we were twitching in the UK. Two Great Spotted Cuckoos had flown up into the small trees in the garden and we could hear them making a terrible racket. Eventually we located these amazing birds before they flew off low over the fields.

On the way back down the track we had another quick look for the Little Owl only to be greeted by the sight of a huge and bright green Oscillated Lizard. So large and so stunning was this reptile, it even caused the leader to swear out loud – apologies! For those of us that clocked the lizard before it slithered off, it was a truly amazing site.

Lunch was taken in the heat of the midday sun to the sound of Sardinian Warblers before we headed back to the Fino for an afternoon siesta. Refreshed, we then split into two teams; some headed into the idyllic town of Trujillo for a look round the castle, while the rest of us headed out for a spot of late afternoon birding. We birders added Gull-billed Tern, Ortolan Bunting and Roller to the list along with Ostrich! That's right Ostrich – well, if you're going to look round castles you're going to miss these things. It certainly made for interesting conversation over dinner, as if the stunning food wasn't enough of a talking point.

Day 4

Friday 2nd May

Heading south

Without exception, we were all sad to leave our fantastic hosts at the Fino Torres but alas, we had to get going and head south. Our first stop of the day was by the side of the mighty Guadiana River at Mérida where we soon located Cetti's Warbler and Great Reed Warbler calling from the reeds. Close scrutiny of the egret colony produced a few Night Herons in amongst the Cattle Egrets and a party of Alpine Swifts rocketing under the bridge was very exciting. Further down the river we stopped to take some pictures of the nest White Storks and it also gave us the opportunity to listen to Golden Orioles. Seeing them, however, was another matter and unfortunately they managed to elude us and we had to settle for a Spotted Flycatcher instead.

A comfort break before lunch proved a very lucky stop for most of us as a pair of Bonelli's Eagles drifted slowly over the vans giving us ample chance to check all the ID features of this very special bird. Lunch at Embalse de Alange afforded us excellent views of the large Alpine Swift colony but the Eagle eyrie was sadly empty, however, Blue Rock Thrushes singing from the nearby rockface was a great consolation. Woodchat Shrikes and Red-rumped Swallows were seemingly everywhere today and even Waxbill made it on to the list. Having safely negotiated Sevilla, we finally arrived at our hotel after enjoying the delights of the back streets of Santalucar. That one-way system was new I tell you!

Day 5

Saturday 3rd May

Salt pans

Bonanza salt pans were first on the agenda this morning and despite first impressions of it being quite quiet, it wasn't long before we were ticking off the species. Curlew Sandpipers were scattered around in small groups and some of the larger flocks showed a great variation in plumage. Huge numbers of Avocets and Black-winged Stilts were also very evident, as were the noisy Little Terns and Black Terns above our heads. Temminck's Stint was located in amongst the Dunlin and Kentish Plovers, while squadrons of bright pink Flamingos gave the salt pans a dose of colour. Not to be out-done on the grace scale, Slender-billed Gulls added a touch of elegance with their beautifully clean plumage and graceful feeding behaviour, whilst bobbing around the centre of the lake. Overhead a small passage of Honey Buzzards, numbering at least eight, passed by and gave fantastic views of their characteristic structure. Just when we thought it couldn't get any better a Caspian Tern flew in and we all marvelled at its huge garish bill.

Lunch was taken at Laguna da Tarelo where we eventually managed to find some White-headed Ducks, a Little Bittern and a supporting cast of Black-necked Grebes. A mixture of Black Kites and dark phase Booted Eagles distracted some of us from our picnics over lunch but we failed to find anything more noteworthy.

In the afternoon we followed the road through the woodland and out on to the marshland. With Whinchats on seemingly every fence post, we had a quick sortie from the vehicles but the afternoon heat was pretty intense. Purple Swamphen made it all worth the effort and Lesser Short-toed Lark on the road was a nice find for those of us who have a secret love of little brown jobs. The final excitement of the day was reserved for two Collared Pratincoles who displayed their aerobatic skills before landing on the ground so we could admire their amazing face masks.

Day 6

Sunday 4th May

Sanlucar – Doñana

By-passing Sevilla, we arrived in the Coto Doñana National Park and settled into the Hotel Toruño, our last port of call of the trip. Lunch was taken outside the hotel overlooking the marsh – a fantastic setting to enjoy yet more local wine and cheese.

After lunch we had a gentle amble along the banks of the lake where we managed fantastically close views of Olivaceous Warbler. Greenshank and Black-tailed Godwit increased our wader list to over twenty species and Whiskered Terns were quartering the lake in amongst the feeding Spoonbills. With the afternoon to soak up the unique atmosphere of El Rocio, many of us took the opportunity for a well earned break out of the afternoon heat.

Day 7

Monday 5th May

Coto Doñana

Having woken to the sound of the Great Reed Warblers singing outside our hotel windows, we headed for the heath at Acebron and it wasn't long before we were marvelling at Bee-eaters and Woodchat Shrikes on the wires.

These provided a splash of colour and a fantastic opportunity for the photographers amongst the group. A little further along the heath and we managed to locate Thekla Lark and Dartford Warbler which were two of our target species for the morning. Moving on from the heath, we briefly stopped off at the hunting lodge before making our way along the circular woodland boardwalk, ducking under the low branches and jumping over the fallen trees. Nightingales were literally round every corner and new birds for the trip included Melodious Warbler, a singing Iberian Chiffchaff and an all too brief view of a Bonelli's Warbler.

Following lunch back at the hotel we headed off to La Rocina, just across the road from El Rocio. Despite high spirits, the wetland was strangely quiet with only Squacco Heron and Glossy Ibis added to the list. Undeterred, we moved on to the visitor centre at Acebuche where we followed yet another board walk and struggled with yet more hides designed for people under five foot tall with a phobia of sitting! A Montpellier Viper was an unexpected visitor to one of the hides and it beat a hasty retreat once it had been spotted. Pied Flycatchers in the pines kept the day list ticking over and some of us were lucky enough to see a pair of Golden Orioles twice fly tantalisingly across the open woodland. With the sun beating down, we decided to retreat to the visitor centre for a cool drink with the added bonus of being able to view a Lynx with her cubs via a live video link from a secret location within the park boundaries. Not as good as the real thing, but a close second.

In the evening we headed back out on to the Acebron heath in search of Nightjars which first involved the leader successfully negotiating (read: begging) with one of the local park rangers to allow us access to the prime habitat out of hours. We didn't have to wait long before we heard the characteristic call but as it got darker and darker, there was still no sign of the birds themselves. As we were about to call it a day, a couple of birds resembling giant bats silently glided over the road and around the surrounding heath and Red-necked Nightjar officially made it on to the trip list. It was worth braving the mozzies after all!

Day 8

Tuesday 6th May

4 x 4 in the park

Our final full day in Spain was spent in the heart of Doñana National Park on a 4 x 4 tour and after an early start we were straight into Iberian Lynx country. Alas, try as we might, the most we came up with were pug marks in the sand. Early morning Black Kites and Booted Eagles were already starting to circle and a distant Black-shouldered Kite perched in a tree was a welcome find. As we drove through the grazed marshland, we flushed a variety of larks and waders and then stumbled across a lone Great White Egret.

Arriving at the José Valverde visitor centre, we first took the opportunity to check out the roadside lakes. Two pairs of White-headed Ducks close to the road were a real bonus and Whiskered and Black Terns were everywhere skimming over the water's surface. In front of the centre the heronry was a mass of activity with egrets, herons and ibis. Purple Herons numbered over sixty active nests and Little Bitterns were occasionally seen during brief flights across the reeds. Real bonuses for the day came in the form of a Western Reef Heron and a Sacred Ibis – as if there weren't enough star birds already.

Dragging ourselves away from the throng, we headed back to the bus and off to our lunch stop. On the way we saw some distant flying Pin-tailed Sandgrouse and having stopped to try and locate them, they obligingly circled and flew back down the road, straight towards the bus. Hard birds to get on to as they were moving at such speed, but some of us managed to catch a glimpse before they disappeared deep into the marshes.

Lunch was taken at a fantastic spot on the edge of the woodland and it was served within minutes of our arrival – perfect timing. Things were to get even better as our main course was interrupted by shouts of “Spanish Imperial Eagle”. Sure enough, an adult bird was circling over the trees and after a brief sortie over the marshes, it returned to circle over our heads giving excellent views of the white shoulder flashes on the wings. What a bird and what a lunch. With minds and bellies positively beaming, we made our way slowly back to the hotel after an exceptional day in the field. Some of us chose to finish the day there and then on a high, while the rest of us went off for a final look around the main lake.

Day 9

Wednesday 7th May

Homeward bound

Leaving the hotel in the morning we made good progress to Sevilla airport, successfully managing to negotiate the morning rush hour traffic. With that eagle still fresh in many people’s minds, we headed back to ‘blighty’ after a fantastic trip with an amazing selection of birds, food and general Spanish hospitality.

Receive our e-newsletter

Join the Naturetrek e-mailing list and be the first to hear about new tours, additional departures and new dates, tour reports and special offers. Visit www.naturetrek.co.uk to sign up.

Naturetrek Facebook

We are delighted to launch the Naturetrek Facebook page so that participants of Naturetrek tours can remain in touch after the holiday and share photos, comments and future travel plans. Setting up a personal profile at www.facebook.com is quick, free and easy. The [Naturetrek Facebook page](#) is now live; do please pay us a visit!

Species Lists

Birds

H = heard only

	Common name	Scientific name	April/May							
			29	30	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Great Crested Grebe	<i>Podiceps cristatus</i>					5	1	1	2
2	Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>		3	4	2	6	1	10	15+
3	Black-necked Grebe	<i>Podiceps nigricollis</i>					6	1		1
4	Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>					1			
5	Little Bittern	<i>Ixobrychus minutus</i>					1	1	2	7+
6	Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>				5	4			
7	Squacco Heron	<i>Ardeola ralloides</i>							4	30+
8	Great White Egret	<i>Egretta alba</i>								2
9	Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	5	12	✓	✓	✓	30+	2	✓
10	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>			2	1	30+	20	10+	20+
11	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>		2	2	10	15	50+	20+	15
12	Purple Heron	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>		1		5	2	1		60+
13	Western Reef Heron	<i>Egretta gularis</i>								1
14	White Stork	<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>	✓	6	✓	✓	10	20+	10	40
15	Black Stork	<i>Ciconia nigra</i>		12						
16	Glossy Ibis	<i>Plegadis falcinellus</i>						1	2	200
17	Sacred Ibis	<i>Threskiornis aethiopicus</i>								1
18	Spoonbill	<i>Platalea leucorodia</i>					10	26	20+	40+
19	Greater Flamingo	<i>Phoenicopterus roseus</i>					1500	150+	200	500
20	Greylag	<i>Anser anser</i>						3	3	
21	Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	3	4	15+	6	10	100+	30+	30
22	Gadwall	<i>Anas strepera</i>			2			3	6	5
23	White-headed Duck	<i>Oxyura leucocophala</i>					6			4
24	Pochard	<i>Aythya ferina</i>					6	30	8	100+
25	Red-crested Pochard	<i>Netta rufina</i>					4		2	15
26	Black-shouldered Kite	<i>Elanus caeruleus</i>								1
27	Red Kite	<i>Milvus milvus</i>	1	2	2	2	1	2		
28	Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
29	Griffon Vulture	<i>Gyps fulvus</i>	✓	✓	✓	10	3	5		35+
30	Black Vulture	<i>Aegypius monachus</i>		3	15	1				
31	Egyptian Vulture	<i>Neophron percnopterus</i>		5	2					
32	Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>			1		1			
33	Montagu's Harrier	<i>Circu pygargus</i>			4	1				
34	Goshawk	<i>Accipiter gentilis</i>	1	1						
35	Honey Buzzard	<i>Pernis apivorus</i>					8			
36	Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>		2	12+	6	10	10+	4	2
37	Golden Eagle	<i>Aquila chrysaetos</i>		1						1
38	Spanish Imperial Eagle	<i>Aquila heliaca (adalberti)</i>								1
39	Booted Eagle	<i>Hieraetus pennatus</i>	4	3	3	6	3	2	4	5
40	Bonelli's Eagle	<i>Hieraetus fasciatus</i>				2				
41	Short-toed Eagle	<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>	2	2	2	2	2	1		2
42	Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>					1			
43	Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>	6	2	3	4	2	3	1	3
44	Lesser Kestrel	<i>Falco naumanni</i>		10+	3	1				
45	Red-legged Partridge	<i>Alectoris rufa</i>		1	7				3	6

	Common name	Scientific name	April/May							
			29	30	1	2	3	4	5	6
46	Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>		1	2	1	3	10+	10+	20+
47	Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>					2	30+	50+	150+
48	Purple Swamphen	<i>Porphyrio porphyrio</i>					2	2	4	3
49	Little Bustard	<i>Tetrax tetrax</i>			1					
50	Great Bustard	<i>Otis tarda</i>			17					
51	Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>	2	1	3	4	50+	40	40	✓
52	Avocet	<i>Recurvirostra avosette</i>					200+	6		2
53	Collared Pratincole	<i>Glareola pratincola</i>					2			2
54	Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius hiaticula</i>					30+			40+
55	Little Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius dubius</i>								8
56	Kentish Plover	<i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i>					30+			
57	Grey Plover	<i>Pluvialis squatarola</i>					50+			6
58	Lapwing	<i>Vanellus vanellus</i>					1			8
59	Turnstone	<i>Arenaria interpres</i>					3			
60	Sanderling	<i>Calidris alba</i>					20+			
61	Knot	<i>Calidris canutus</i>					17			
62	Curlew Sandpiper	<i>Calidris ferruginea</i>					250+			
63	Dunlin	<i>Calidris alpina</i>					15+			12
64	Temminck's Stint	<i>Calidris temminckii</i>					1			
65	Whimbrel	<i>Numenius phaeopus</i>					2			
66	Black-tailed Godwit	<i>Limosa limosa</i>						3		1
67	Redshank	<i>Tringa totanus</i>					3			7
68	Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>						1		
69	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>				2	8	1	3	1
70	Common Snipe	<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>					1			
71	Slender-billed Gull	<i>Larus genei</i>					66			
72	Black-headed Gull	<i>Larus ridibundus</i>					4			8
73	Yellow-legged Gull	<i>Larus cachinnans</i>					10			2
74	Gull-billed Tern	<i>Gelochelidon nilotica</i>			2	2				
75	Little Tern	<i>Sterna albifrons</i>					50+			
76	Caspian Tern	<i>Sterna caspia</i>					1			
77	Black Tern	<i>Chlidonias niger</i>					102	30	12	10+
78	Whiskered Tern	<i>Chlidonias hybridus</i>						2	11	20+
79	Pin-tailed Sandgrouse	<i>Pterocles alchata</i>								6
80	Feral/Rock Dove	<i>Columba livia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
81	Woodpigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>	✓	✓	✓		6		4	2
82	Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
83	Turtle Dove	<i>Streptopelia turtur</i>				2		1		2
84	Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus canorus</i>	H	4	H				H	H
85	Great Spotted Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus glandarius</i>	1	3	8					
86	Little Owl	<i>Athene noctua</i>			1					4
87	Scops Owl	<i>Otus scops</i>		H	H	1				
88	Barn Owl	<i>Tyto alba</i>		2		H				
89	Red necked Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus ruficollis</i>			3				6+	
90	Swift	<i>Apus apus</i>	✓	✓	20+	✓	✓	✓	20+	✓
91	Alpine Swift	<i>Apus melba</i>	10+	10+		25+				
92	Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>			1					
93	European Bee-eater	<i>Merops apiaster</i>	10+	10+	25+	6	H	20+	30+	15+
94	Roller	<i>Coracias garrulus</i>			2					
95	Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>	1	2	20+	10+		3	6	12+
96	Crested Lark	<i>Galerida cristata</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		4

	Common name	Scientific name	April/May							
			29	30	1	2	3	4	5	6
97	Thekla Lark	<i>Galerida theklae</i>						2	8	
98	Short-toed Lark	<i>Calandrella brachydactyla</i>			4		1			30+
99	Lesser Short-toed Lark	<i>Calandrella rufescens</i>					1			6
100	Calandra Lark	<i>Melanocorypha calandra</i>			50+					15+
101	Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>	✓					10+		
102	Crag Martin	<i>Hirundo rupestris</i>		✓	12+	✓				
103	Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
104	Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Hirundo daurica</i>	10+	20+	40+	✓		3	20+	6
105	House Martin	<i>Delichon urbica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
106	Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava</i>					8			8+
107	Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>	2							
108	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>		4+	1	2				
109	Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>		1	H					
110	Nightingale	<i>Luscinia megarhynchos</i>	H	H	H	H		H	30+	H
111	Black Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>		6						
112	Whinchat	<i>Saxicola rubetra</i>			1		20+		1	1
113	Stonechat	<i>Saxicola torquata</i>		6+	15+	6		2	10	5
114	Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>					1			
115	Blue Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola solitarius</i>		4+		2				
116	Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>		✓	✓	✓	2	✓	6	4
117	Mistle Thrush	<i>Turdus viscivorus</i>		✓	1	✓		✓		
118	Savi's Warbler	<i>Locustella luscinioides</i>						H	H	6
119	Cetti's Warbler	<i>Cettia cetti</i>				2		H	H	H
120	Fan-tailed Warbler	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>		H	6	H	6	H	H	10
121	Great Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus arundinaceus</i>				5+	1	10+	10	20+
122	Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus scirpaceus</i>				2		1	2	
123	(Western) Olivaceous Warbler	<i>Hippolais opaca</i>						3		2
124	Melodious Warbler	<i>Hippolais polyglotta</i>							5	3
125	Dartford Warbler	<i>Sylvia undata</i>						2	10	
126	Sardinian Warbler	<i>Sylvia melanocephala</i>		✓	4	4	5	H	2	6
127	Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>		1	1				6	
128	Bonelli's Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus bonelli</i>							1	
129	Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>							2	
130	Iberian Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus ibericus</i>							2	2
131	Goldcrest	<i>Regulus regulus</i>							3	
132	Pied Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula hypoleuca</i>						2	5	1
133	Spotted Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa striata</i>				1			2	
134	Blue Tit	<i>Parus caeruleus</i>		✓	6	✓	✓		2	6
135	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>		✓	H	✓	✓	H	6	6
136	Long-tailed Tit	<i>Aegithalos caudatus</i>							15	6
137	Nuthatch	<i>Sitta europaea</i>		H						
138	Short-toed Treecreeper	<i>Certhia brachydactyla</i>			1				1	4
139	Southern Grey Shrike	<i>Lanius meridionalis</i>		1	10+	5				
140	Woodchat Shrike	<i>Lanius senator</i>	20+	20+	40+	✓	1	15+	12	20
141	Spotless Starling	<i>Sturnus unicolor</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
142	Golden Oriole	<i>Oriolus oriolus</i>	H	2+	H	H	H	H	2	H
143	Jackdaw	<i>Corvus monedula</i>		2	10+	6				
144	Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>		3						
145	Magpie	<i>Pica pica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
146	Azure-winged Magpie	<i>Cyanopica cyana</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	2	✓	✓	10

	Common name	Scientific name	April/May								
			29	30	1	2	3	4	5	6	
147	Chough	<i>Pyrhocorax pyrrhocorax</i>		2							
148	Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>	20+	6+	6	1				2	4
149	Tree Sparrow	<i>Passer montanus</i>					2			15	H
150	Spanish Sparrow	<i>Passer hispaniolensis</i>	30+	6	100+	10+					
151	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
152	Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>		✓	6	2				16	10
153	Hawfinch	<i>Coccothraustes coccothraustes</i>		1						1	
154	Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>		✓	4	✓	H	3	✓	✓	✓
155	Greenfinch	<i>Carduelis chloris</i>				2				8	
156	Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>		✓	8	✓	15+	✓	✓	✓	✓
157	Linnet	<i>Carduelis cannabina</i>		6							
158	Ortolan Bunting	<i>Emberiza hortulana</i>			1						
159	Rock Bunting	<i>Emberiza cia</i>		10							
160	Corn Bunting	<i>Miliaria calandra</i>		✓	✓	✓	15	✓	20+	30	
161	Reed Bunting	<i>Emberiza schoeniclus</i>				1					
162	Waxbill	<i>Estrilda astrild</i>				2					