

Spain's Coto Doñana & Extremadura

Naturetrek Tour Report

13 – 21 April 2019

Report compiled by Byron Palacios



Naturetrek Mingledown Barn Wolf's Lane Chawton Alton Hampshire GU34 3HJ England

T: +44 (0)1962 733051

F: +44 (0)1962 736426

E: info@naturetrek.co.uk

W: www.naturetrek.co.uk

Tour Participants: Byron Palacios (Leader) with 14 Naturetrek clients

Day 1

Saturday 13th April

London Gatwick – Seville – Dehesa de Abajo – El Rocío

We started very early this morning in order to catch our flight to Seville, arriving in this very picturesque Andalusian city at the scheduled time! The group reassembled after collecting our luggage and, once our vehicles were sorted, we drove away from the airport heading west and towards the village of El Rocío, making a quick stop in La Dehesa de Abajo where we had great views of European Bee-eaters, Serin, Glossy Ibis, Eurasian Spoonbill, Little Egret, Common and Red-crested Pochards, Marsh Harrier, Ferruginous Duck, and plenty of White Storks. We then continued our drive to El Rocío where we had a delicious lunch and a break after checking into our lovely hotel. We then gathered together for a birding session right behind our lodge which produced plenty of Greater Flamingo, Black-winged Stilt, Collared Pratincole, Black Kites and Black-crowned Night-Heron, amongst many others.

After a very long day, we retired to our rooms in order to get ready for dinner.

Day 2

Sunday 14th April

El Acebron Palace – La Rocina – El Acebuche

The early morning looked promising despite a cloudy start. The temperature though looked perfect for our birding activities, so we set off to the area known as El Acebron, making a stop by the main access overlooking some nice Mediterranean scrub which produce great birds for our checklist such as Thekla's Lark, Dartford Warbler, European Bee-eaters, Common Cuckoo, Southern Grey Shrike, Corn Bunting and Woodchat Shrike. We continued in the vans to the main car park of El Acebron Palace from where we took a walk along a beautiful Mediterranean forest where we found Short-toed Treecreeper, Crested Tit, Common Nightingale, Pied Flycatcher, Eurasian Hoopoe, the Iberian race of Long-tailed Tit, and had great views of Lesser Spotted Woodpecker. Carrying on with the walk and nearer to the palace, we found Cetti's Wabler, more Common Nightingale and a singing Iberian Chiffchaff of which we had amazing close views. Once at the palace, we made use of the facilities and took a quick look at the museum and the terrace from where we had great views of the surroundings. We then continued towards the car park enjoying the lovely song of Common Nightingales, European Bee-eaters, Woodchat Shrikes and Serins that we found along the track.

We drove just five minutes to La Rocina where we had our picnic lunch enjoying close views of Short-toed Treecreeper, Eurasian Spoonbill, and Iberian Magpies. After lunch, we got onto the main road in order to get to another visitor centre, El Acebuche, watching European Hoopoe and Iberian Magpies near the picnic tables. We then took a stroll along the boardwalks which produced great views of Red-rumped Swallows and Iberian Magpies hanging around the cafe; we also had more Short-toed Treecreepers, Black-winged Stilts, Common Sandpipers, Little and Cattle Egrets, White Storks, Little Grebes, Black Kites, and great views of Golden Oriole.

After this nice day, we retired to our hotel in order to take a break followed by a very tasty local dinner

Day 3

Monday 15th April

Doñana National Park (Royal Track – Hierba Buena – FAO Visitors Centre)

We awoke to a very misty morning for our early start in El Rocio, followed by an excursion within the core and restricted area of Doñana National Park. We took the main access known as the *Camino Real* (Royal Track) and explored it intensively during the first hour, looking for any signs that might find the very rare Iberian Lynx for us, and we found one which proved tricky to see, and unfortunately only a few of us managed to see it. The labyrinth of sandy tracks took us to the edge of the Mediterranean forest and the Marisma (flooded heathland) from where we had a herd of Red Deer, Booted Eagle, and lots of kites, finding one single Red Kite amongst the numerous Blackbirds. We continued in our 4x4 vans into the open marisma, checking the eucalyptus stands where European Stonechats and a male Marsh Harrier was seen; then, another stop produced lots of White Storks, Crested Larks, Corn Buntings, Glossy Ibis and a few pairs of Griffon Vultures, Zitting Cisticola and Black-winged Kite, amongst others. We continued our drive back along the Royal Track to the spot known as Hierba Buena, a beautiful Dehesa habitat (cork oaks and meadows) where we had great views of Short-toed Snake Eagle, Booted Eagle, Spanish Sparrow, Sardinian Warbler, and Iberian Grey Shrike, amongst others. By noon, we drove back to El Rocio in order to enjoy a very nice and delicious local lunch followed by a break before going out again on our afternoon excursion.

We drove back to the Royal Track and into the national park, passing areas which produced plenty of Little, Great and Cattle Egrets, Eurasian Spoonbills, Zitting Cisticola, and lots of Spanish Yellow Wagtails. We took a stroll along the Marisma which was drier than usual this year, but it still produced a great amount of birds such as Purple Swamphens, Barn and Red-rumped Swallows, Sand Martins, Great Reed Warbler, and great views of Eurasian Penduline Tit. We also had great long close views of a nice Ladder Snake. We then arrived at the visitors centre where we had good views of lots of Greater Flamingos, Glossy Ibis, Red-crested and Common Pochards, Black-backed Stilts and more. At the end of our walk our 4x4 vehicles were waiting for us in order to take us back to El Rocio, checking the tracks on the way and finding several Red Deer. We arrived back at El Rocio just in time to get ready for dinner.

Day 4

Tuesday 16th April

Doñana National Park (Isla Mayor – Dehesa de Abajo – FAO Visitors Centre)

It was another lovely start to the day. We set off after an early breakfast heading towards the north-eastern entrance of Doñana National Park and through Villamanrique and Isla Mayor. We found a good amount of birds along the roads such as Iberian Magpies, Woodchat Shrikes, Linnets, Goldfinch and White Stork, amongst others. We made our first planned stop in the Dehesa de Abajo where there were lots of Purple Swamphens, Red-crested and Common Pochards and two pairs of the rare Marbled Duck! We then continued our drive towards Isla Mayor where we drove onto a dirt track which took us within the national park where we made several birding stops which produced lots of good birds, such as Greater Short-toed Larks, Spanish Yellow Wagtail, Crested Lark, Zitting Cisticola, Calandra Lark, Northern Wheatear, and the elusive Lesser Short-toed Lark. We continued further along the long dirt tracks making a stop near a very nice flooded area from where we took a walk along the track in search of many key species; Great Reed Warblers, Purple Herons, Marsh Harriers and large flocks of Spanish Sparrows were seen.

The sun was coming up and the temperature was pleasant, with a nice gentle breeze, so we took a stroll a bit further up stopping near a small old building which is the home of nesting Lesser Kestrels - an ideal location for them to breed successfully. We brought the vehicles to this point and drove from here to the Valverde Visitors Centre where we enjoyed watching dozens of nesting Black-crowned Night-Herons, Glossy Ibis, Cattle Egret, Eurasian Coot, Little Egrets. Two Squacco Herons were spotted near the *Tamarix spp.* and Purple and Grey Herons and Greater Flamingos were also around here. We took advantage of this visit and the place by setting up our picnic lunch in the car park under a nice warm sun!

After lunch, we left the visitors centre and drove over the dirt tracks, making a stop by the abandoned rangers houses which produced a vast amount of interesting birds such as Lesser Kestrels, Little Owl, Spotless Starlings, Whitethroat, Garden, Melodious and Eurasian Reed Warblers, Woodchat Shrike, Marsh Harriers, and a young adult Black-winged Kite. After enjoying the sightings, we called in again at the visitors centre for a comfort stop before starting our drive back to El Rocio in order to take a break after a long day in the field and get ready for another delicious dinner, followed by a restful sleep.

Day 5

Wednesday 17th April

Dehesa de Abajo – Seville – Santa Olalla – Madroñera (Extremadura)

We started this morning with a relaxing breakfast and packed all our belongings as we were leaving El Rocio behind in order to start our near four-hour journey to Trujillo, Extremadura. We split the driving by making a few birding stops on the way and the first one was made at Dehesa de Abajo, a lovely lake located in the northern portion of Doñana National Park. We didn't find the amount of waterfowl species we were expecting, and there were no signs of the two rarities we were looking for either (White-headed Duck & Marbled Teal), but we had great views of a Purple Swamphen, lots of Little, Great-crested and Black-necked Grebes, Greater Flamingos, Grey and Purple Herons, Red-crested and Common Pochards, Mallards, Gadwall, Ferruginous Ducks, and many others. There were also lots of European Bee-eaters, Black Kites, Common Buzzards and a male Montagu's Harrier flying above us. We then found three pairs of Marbled Teal in an adjacent pond which we all enjoyed! We left this spot and Doñana behind heading towards Seville where we changed a faulty van for a better one and made our way towards Extremadura, making a lunch stop followed by second one in the area of Santa Olalla which produced Thekla's Lark, Corn Bunting, Sardinian Warbler, and interesting invertebrates and wild flowers.

After these stops, we hit the motorway for a good couple of hours drive towards Madroñera, a small town located to the south of Trujillo, where our lodge is located and our hosts gave us a very warm welcome! We enjoyed our first delicious dinner and went for a restful and well deserved night sleep.

Day 6

Thursday 18th April

Santa Marta de Magasca – Cáceres Plains – Monroy Road

After a delicious breakfast, we started the day in picturesque Extremadura, driving to the area known as Santa Marta de Magasca where we started well by finding several Great Bustards in a field next to the road, with some males still displaying marvellously; not far from them, several Calandra Larks were seen too. We then drove a short distance on a dirt track which produced more Great Bustards, European Stonechat, Crested and Thekla's

Larks, more Calandra Larks, Corn Buntings and a flock of Pin-tailed Sandgrouse that landed in a nearby field allowing us to have great views of them through the scope.

Despite the sunshine, there was a chilly wind blowing in the plains this morning, so we decided to continue onwards, making a stop in the village of Santa Marta de Magasca itself where we enjoyed fresh coffee and other drinks, and some of us some local pork scratchings, and then a heavy shower hit the area so we waited until it eased off a bit. After this nice break we continued onto the Monroy – Caceres road checking the area known as Campos de Caceres where we spotted a nice but shy pair of European Rollers which we enjoyed watching. There was also lots of Griffon Vultures perched on the pylons and soaring around, alongside pairs of Cinereous Vultures, Northern Raven, Eurasian Hoopoe, Western Jackdaw and a pair a Short-toed Snake Eagles perched on the top of a pylon. We found more European Rollers together with Little Owls, Lesser Kestrels and Western Jackdaws and we then move to an area with lots of Griffon Vultures, Black and Red Kites flying around. After a great show offered by the latter species, we drove back to the village of Santa Marta in order to have our picnic lunch and enjoy the surroundings of the village. After lunch we continued on our circular route, driving along the Monroy road and making a short stop by the River Magasca were we found very interesting species such as Cirl Bunting, Sardinian Warbler, Serin and Crag Martins. We also saw plenty of Spanish Terrapin by the river shore.

We continued to the junction which leads back to Trujillo where we made a stop to enjoy great views of groups of Spanish Sparrows, Eurasian Hoopoes, Iberian Magpies, amongst others. We then decided to drive back to our rural house in order to take a break and a rest, and to get ready for another delicious dinner!

Day 7

Friday 19th April

Monfragüe National Park

We had another very sunny and beautiful morning - ideal to drive a good forty minutes north of Trujillo in order to explore the popular Monfragüe National Park. We started the visit making a stop in the always productive Peña Falcon (Salto del Gitano) where we enjoyed watching dozens of Griffon Vultures soaring around the impressive rocky cliffs and also a few Cinereous Vultures amongst them; a Peregrine Falcon joined them at times flying in and out from the cliff tops. There were also lots of Crag Martins flying very close to us and a beautiful Blue Rock Thrush right on the horizon and in the closest pinnacle. A handsome Rock Bunting perched on a boulder really nicely and in the lovely sunlight, we enjoyed it very much. Other birds such as Black Redstart, Serin, Blackcap, Blue and Great Tits were seen here too. We found three pairs of Black Storks on the opposite side of the crags nesting near the water and they seemed very obliging and relaxed, one of them flying in and out of the nest at times – this really was a wonderful spot!

We then drove a very short distance and made a quick stop right over the River Tajo bridge from where we had a few pairs of Alpine Swift flying amongst hundreds of House Martins; we all had great views of them against the clear blue sky. We continued our birding day around the national park, having a coffee break in the village of Villareal de San Carlos, follow by a birding stop in a nice gully which was a great spot for very important species such as Dartford and Subalpine Warblers, and Thekla's Lark. Soon after this stop, we drove to the edge of the dam where the hydroelectric power station is located spanning the River Tajo and River Tietar in one massive dam. We had lunch in this lovely spot watching the lovely Iberian (Azure-winged) Magpies around us, hoping to get a few bits of our delicious picnic lunch!

After lunch, we continued to the spot known as Portilla del Tietar from where we had great views of Griffon Vultures nesting alongside Blue Rock Thrush and the always impressive Spanish Imperial Eagle which we saw very well, both in flight and perching on the top of boulders at times. This produced great views of both male and female, highlighting their plumage details and behaviour - absolutely amazing views of this Iberian endemic! After enjoying this spot, we drove back towards Peña Falcon, making a quick stop near Villareal de San Carlos to see Black-eared Wheatear, followed by a last check of Peña Falcon which produced more Griffon Vultures, Cinereous Vultures, Subalpine Warbler, Blue Rock Thrush, a distant Bonelli's Eagle, and great views of Egyptian Vultures flying really close to us and eye-level!

We had a great day birding in the famous Monfragüe, so we drove back to our lodge near Trujillo in order to get ready for a well-deserved dinner!

Day 8

Saturday 20th April

Campo Lugar – Madrigalejo – Almendralejo Dam – Trujillo

Today we drove south from Trujillo to the plains of Campo Lugar where we found a group of Great Bustards in one of the fields and a male nearby on its own. A pair of Little Bustards was also spotted displaying very closely, while a pair of Eurasian Hoopoes showed very well in one of the fields amongst the noisy Calandra Larks which helped us to find two Stone Curlews in the adjacent field. We all enjoyed all these birds such as Crested Larks, Meadow Pipits, Corn Buntings, Marsh Harrier, and a dark morph Montagu's Harrier. We jumped in the van going back to the main road and drove to the area of Madrigalejo where we made a quick stop in order to check the rice fields full of Zitting Cisticolas, European Stonechat, a large number of Spotless Starlings, European Bee-eaters, Eurasian Reed Warbler and Eurasian Kestrel, amongst others. We made a coffee break stop near the village before we continued with our drive to the Almendralejo Dam where we had lunch while watching a few interesting birds and the surrounding landscape. After lunch, we saw many Iberian Magpies, a pair of elusive Eurasian Cuckoo, European Pied Flycatcher, and a Western Bonelli's Warbler.

We then drove towards Trujillo in order to have a couple of hours visiting the highlights of this small town, the cradle of the "Conquistadors", taking a nice stroll around the main plaza and the fortress and enjoying the views of the plains. After this visit, we drove back to our lodge in order to start to get ready for our long journey the following day, and to enjoy the last dinner at the lovely Viña Las Torres. In the evening and after dinner, we went out to see two lovely Eurasian Scops Owl of which we had great views.

Day 9

Sunday 21st April

Trujillo – Madrid Airport

We started today having a nice relaxed breakfast before getting ready to set off towards Madrid airport. Some of us took a little stroll around the lodge grounds for a short birding check. We then set off and hit the main motorway to Madrid's airport in order to be there in time to catch our flight to the UK. We made a final stop in the outskirts of Madrid to grab a snack and fuel for the vans, arriving in time to catch our flight from Barajas T2 to Gatwick airport, where we arrived in time and with all our luggage and belongings with us.

We had a brilliant tour exploring two of the most wonderful areas of Spain, its birdlife, wilderness and people...and the delicious food and drink this lovely land and its people produced for us! It was a brilliant

experience for everyone and we all keep those memories in our minds in order to relive them every time we talk about Spain...

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Species Lists

Birds (✓=recorded but not counted; h = heard only)

	Common name	Scientific name	April									
			13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
1	Greylag Goose	<i>Anser anser</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					
2	Common Shelduck	<i>Tadorna tadorna</i>				✓						
3	Northern Shoveler	<i>Spatula clypeata</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓	
4	Garganey	<i>Spatula querquedula</i>	✓	✓								
5	Gadwall	<i>Mareca strepera</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				
6	Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
7	Eurasian Teal	<i>Anas crecca</i>			✓							
8	Marbled Duck	<i>Marmaronetta angustirostris</i>				✓	✓					
9	Red-crested Pochard	<i>Netta rufina</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					
10	Common Pochard	<i>Aythya ferina</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					
11	Ferruginous Duck	<i>Aythya nyroca</i>	✓			✓	✓					
12	Red-legged Partridge	<i>Alectoris rufa</i>			✓			✓				
13	Common Quail	<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>				✓					✓	
14	Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓		
15	Great Crested Grebe	<i>Podiceps cristatus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					
16	Black-necked Grebe	<i>Podiceps nigricollis</i>	✓			✓	✓					
17	Greater Flamingo	<i>Phoenicopterus roseus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					
18	Black Stork	<i>Ciconia nigra</i>			✓			✓	✓			
19	White Stork	<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
20	Glossy Ibis	<i>Plegadis falcinellus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					
21	Eurasian Spoonbill	<i>Platalea leucorodia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓	
22	Little Bittern	<i>Ixobrychus minutus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					
23	Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>			✓	✓	✓					
24	Squacco Heron	<i>Ardeola ralloides</i>	✓		✓							
25	Western Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
26	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
27	Purple Heron	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓	
28	Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓				✓	
29	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓	✓
30	Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>			✓						✓	
31	Black-winged Kite	<i>Elanus caeruleus</i>			✓	✓						
32	Egyptian Vulture	<i>Neophron percnopterus</i>							✓	✓	✓	
33	Griffon Vulture	<i>Gyps fulvus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
34	Cinereous Vulture	<i>Aegypius monachus</i>						✓	✓			✓
35	Short-toed Snake Eagle	<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>			✓			✓				
36	Booted Eagle	<i>Hieraaetus pennatus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓
37	Spanish Imperial Eagle	<i>Aquila adalberti</i>							✓			
38	Bonelli's Eagle	<i>Aquila fasciata</i>							✓			
39	Western Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>	✓	✓		✓	✓				✓	
40	Montagu's Harrier	<i>Circus pygargus</i>					✓	✓			✓	
41	Red Kite	<i>Milvus milvus</i>				✓	✓	✓			✓	✓
42	Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
43	Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
44	Great Bustard	<i>Otis tarda</i>						✓			✓	
45	Little Bustard	<i>Tetrax tetrax</i>									✓	
46	Little Crake	<i>Porzana parva</i>	✓									
47	Purple Swamphen	<i>Porphyrio porphyrio</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					

	Common name	Scientific name	April									
			13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
48	Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓	
49	Eurasian Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓	
50	Eurasian Stone-curlew	<i>Burhinus oedicnemus</i>									✓	
51	Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					
52	Pied Avocet	<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>					✓					
53	Black-tailed Godwit	<i>Limosa limosa</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓					
54	Common Redshank	<i>Tringa totanus</i>	h									
55	Common Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>	✓									
56	Green Sandpiper	<i>Tringa ochropus</i>			✓							
57	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	✓			✓	✓				✓	
58	Ruff	<i>Calidris pugnax</i>					✓					
59	Collared Pratincole	<i>Glareola pratincola</i>	✓		✓							
60	Black-headed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus ridibundus</i>			✓	✓	✓					✓
61	Yellow-legged Gull	<i>Larus michahellis</i>					✓					✓
62	Gull-billed Tern	<i>Gelochelidon nilotica</i>			✓	✓	✓				✓	
63	Whiskered Tern	<i>Chlidonias hybrida</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓					
64	Pin-tailed Sandgrouse	<i>Pterocles alchata</i>						✓				
65	Rock Dove	<i>Columba livia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
66	Common Wood Pigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
67	Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
68	Great Spotted Cuckoo	<i>Clamator glandarius</i>						✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
69	Common Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus canorus</i>			h	✓	✓	✓	h	h		
70	Little Owl	<i>Athene noctua</i>				✓		✓				
71	Alpine Swift	<i>Tachymarptis melba</i>							✓			
72	Common Swift	<i>Apus apus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
73	Pallid Swift	<i>Apus pallidus</i>	✓	✓			✓					
74	European Roller	<i>Coracias garrulus</i>						✓			✓	
75	Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>	✓			✓						
76	European Bee-eater	<i>Merops apiaster</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
77	Eurasian Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
78	Eurasian Wryneck	<i>Jynx torquilla</i>	h	h								
79	Lesser Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dryobates minor</i>		✓								
80	Great Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos major</i>		✓								
81	Iberian Green Woodpecker	<i>Picus sharpei</i>			✓							
82	Lesser Kestrel	<i>Falco naumanni</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	
83	Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
84	Merlin	<i>Falco columbarius</i>									✓	
85	Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>							✓			
86	Southern Grey Shrike	<i>Lanius meridionalis</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
87	Woodchat Shrike	<i>Lanius senator</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
88	Eurasian Golden Oriole	<i>Oriolus oriolus</i>		✓								
89	Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>							✓			
90	Iberian Magpie	<i>Cyanopica cooki</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
91	Eurasian Magpie	<i>Pica pica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
92	Western Jackdaw	<i>Coloeus monedula</i>	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
93	Carrion Crow	<i>Corvus corone</i>					✓				✓	✓
94	Northern Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
95	European Crested Tit	<i>Lophophanes cristatus</i>		✓								
96	Eurasian Blue Tit	<i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
97	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
98	Eurasian Penduline Tit	<i>Remiz pendulinus</i>			✓	✓	h					

	Common name	Scientific name	April									
			13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
99	Woodlark	<i>Lullula arborea</i>		✓				h				
100	Thekla's Lark	<i>Galerida theklae</i>		✓	✓			✓	✓	✓		
101	Crested Lark	<i>Galerida cristata</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
102	Greater Short-toed Lark	<i>Calandrella brachydactyla</i>				✓						
103	Calandra Lark	<i>Melanocorypha calandra</i>							✓		✓	
104	Lesser Short-toed Lark	<i>Alaudala rufescens</i>				✓						
105	Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓	
106	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
107	Eurasian Crag Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i>						✓	✓	✓	✓	
108	Common House Martin	<i>Delichon urbicum</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
109	Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Cecropis daurica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
110	Cetti's Warbler	<i>Cettia cetti</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	h	h		✓	
111	Long-tailed Tit	<i>Aegithalos caudatus</i>		✓				✓		✓		
112	Willow Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus trochilus</i>										✓
113	Iberian Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus ibericus</i>		✓								
114	Western Bonelli's Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus bonelli</i>										✓
115	Great Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus arundinaceus</i>	h		✓	✓	✓					
116	Eurasian Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus scirpaceus</i>	h	✓	✓	✓	✓					h
117	Sedge Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus schoenobaenus</i>	h									
118	Melodious Warbler	<i>Hippolais polyglotta</i>		✓	✓	✓						
119	Savi's Warbler	<i>Locustella luscinioides</i>		h	✓	h						
120	Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	
121	Eurasian Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>	✓	✓						h		
122	Garden Warbler	<i>Sylvia borin</i>				✓						
123	Common Whitethroat	<i>Sylvia communis</i>				✓						
124	Dartford Warbler	<i>Sylvia undata</i>						h		✓		
125	Subalpine Warbler	<i>Sylvia cantillans</i>								✓		
126	Sardinian Warbler	<i>Sylvia melanocephala</i>			✓		✓			✓		
127	Eurasian Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>		✓	h					✓	✓	
128	Short-toed Treecreeper	<i>Certhia brachydactyla</i>		✓						✓		
129	Spotless Starling	<i>Sturnus unicolor</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
130	Common Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
131	European Robin	<i>Erithacus rubecula</i>		✓								
132	Common Nightingale	<i>Luscinia megarhynchos</i>		✓	h		h		h	h		
133	European Pied Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula hypoleuca</i>		✓	✓						✓	
134	Black Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>				✓	✓		✓			✓
135	Blue Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola solitarius</i>								✓		
136	Whinchat	<i>Saxicola rubetra</i>			✓	✓					✓	
137	European Stonechat	<i>Saxicola rubicola</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
138	Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>				✓						
139	Black-eared Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe hispanica</i>								✓		
140	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
141	Spanish Sparrow	<i>Passer hispaniolensis</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	
142	Eurasian Tree Sparrow	<i>Passer montanus</i>		✓		✓		✓			✓	
143	Common Waxbill	<i>Estrilda astrild</i>		✓							✓	
144	Spanish Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava iberiae</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓					
145	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>							✓	✓	✓	✓
146	Meadow Pipit	<i>Anthus pratensis</i>							✓			
147	Common Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>	✓	✓	✓				✓	✓	✓	✓
148	Hawfinch	<i>Coccothraustes coccothraustes</i>		✓								
149	European Greenfinch	<i>Chloris chloris</i>		✓			✓	✓	h	✓		

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150	Common Linnet	<i>Linaria cannabina</i>				✓			✓	✓	✓
151	European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
152	European Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
153	Corn Bunting	<i>Emberiza calandra</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
154	Rock Bunting	<i>Emberiza cia</i>							✓		
155	Cirl Bunting	<i>Emberiza cirlus</i>						✓			

Mammals

1	European Rabbit	<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>		✓	✓			✓		✓	
2	Iberian Lynx	<i>Lynx pardinus</i>			✓						
3	Red Fox	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>				✓					
4	Red Deer	<i>Cervus elaphus elaphus</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓		✓		
5	Fallow Deer				✓						
6	Brown Rat	<i>Rattus norvegicus</i>			✓						
7	Wild Boar	<i>Sus scrofa</i>				✓					
8	European Weasel									✓	

Butterflies

Spanish Festoon, *Zerynthia rumina*

Small White, *Artogeia rapae*

Dappled White, *Euchloe crameri*

Small Copper, *Lycaena phlaeas*

Painted Lady, *Vanessa cardui*

Brimstone, *Gonepteryx rhamni*

Large Tortoiseshell, *Nymphalis polychloros*

Spanish Marbled White, *Melanargia ines*

Large White, *Pieris brassicae*

Green-striped White, *Euchloe belemia*

Clouded Yellow, *Colias crocea*

Red Admiral, *Vanessa atalanta*

Small Heath, *Coenonympha pamphilus*

Speckled Wood, *Pararge aegeria*

Lang's Short-tailed Blue, *Leptotes pirithous*

Silver-studded Blue, *Plebejus argus*

Other Species

Egyptian Locust, *Anacridium aegyptium*

Spanish Terrapin, *Mauremys leprosa*

Iberian Water Frog, *Rana perezii*

Iberian Wall Lizard, *Podarcis hispanicus*

Dung Beetle sp, *Scarabaeinae sp*

Spiny-footed Lizard, *Acanthodactylus erythrurus*

Ladder Snake, *Rhinechis scalaris*