

Spain's Coto Doñana & Extremadura

Naturetrek Tour Report

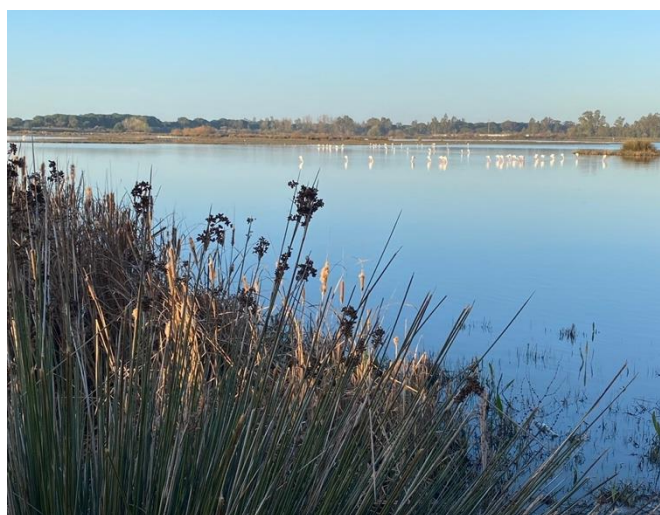
21st – 29th April 2022



Extremadura plain sunrise



Great Bustard



El Rocio sunrise

Tour report and images by Niki Williamson



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Summary

When Spring is at its peak, Spain's Extremadura and Coto Doñana are at their best and at times nine days seems barely long enough to enjoy this two-base wildlife bonanza! The many and varied habitats of two of Spain's most outstanding wildlife-watching areas were bathed in both bright Iberian sunshine and refreshing showers, ensuring every day was packed with thrilling wildlife encounters.

Coto Doñana was at its Spring best, with Iberian Lynx and Spanish Imperial Eagle undoubtedly the stars of the show! Plenty more wildlife spectacles, Spanish endemics and hard-to-see Doñana specialities followed, including Marbled and Ferruginous Duck, Red-knobbed Coot, Red-crested Pochard, Gull-billed, Whiskered and Black Terns and hundreds of Greater Flamingoes congregated on the glittering waters of the *marismas*.

Extremadura's wildlife also excelled, with views of displaying Great and Little Bustards, Pin-tailed and Black-bellied Sandgrouse, European Roller, Iberian Grey Shrike, Blue Rock Thrush, Bonelli's, Short-toed and Booted Eagles and Egyptian, Griffon and Cinereous Vultures.

Day 1

Thursday 21st April

Niki met Andy and the group at Sevilla airport, and we made our way south-west to El Rocío, on the western edge of Doñana National Park. We briefly spied Black-winged Kite, Booted Eagle and Griffon Vulture on our journey.

We soon arrived at our accommodation in Hotel Toruño, situated right on the shores of the glistening *Madre de las Marismas* – basically the “mother of all lagoons”. We were delighted to find it teeming with birdlife and looking fantastic after recent heavy rains! After settling in to our rooms we wasted no time heading out to explore it!

Right outside the hotel we were impressed by many Greater Flamingoes. Glossy Ibis, Black-winged Stilt, Western Swamphen and Eurasian Spoonbill were wading close to the shore, allowing great views. A Great Reed Warbler was positively shouting its head off from the shoreline vegetation! Several Whiskered Terns bobbed over the water.

We finished the walk by enjoying the assorted birds roosting and nesting in the heronry – peach-tinged Cattle Egrets, iridescent Glossy Ibis and sleek Black-crowned Night Herons were all looking fine in their breeding plumage. The latter were seen again leaving their roost as we looked out from our restaurant at sunset.

Day 2

Friday 22nd April

Today we joined our colleagues from Doñana Nature in their special 4x4 minibuses, to explore parts of Doñana Natural and National Parks that others cannot reach!

We had been in the park less than five minutes when we suddenly found ourselves eyeball to eyeball with an Iberian Lynx! This incredibly rare feline is one of the most sought-after wildlife encounters of the area. This young animal looked straight at us for several long moments, before melting away into a Mastick bush as drops of rain began to fall. A spell-binding encounter!

We next headed to Coto del Rey – a private area of the park which used to be the royal hunting estate. Iberian Magpies flitted through the trees, Woodchat Shrikes perched, and we had superb views of Golden Orioles. Not too far away a Spanish Imperial Eagle was perched – more superb views of a sought-after Doñana resident! This female was well-known to our guides and is the oldest Spanish Imperial Eagle in the world!

We returned to El Rocío for lunch. The skies opened as we were thankfully tucked up in a restaurant having a lunch of *pesca'ito frito*, a local fried seafood speciality!

After our lunch downtime the guys from Doñana Nature returned with some bad news. The entrance to Doñana had flooded in the lunchtime downpour, the water was still rising and we weren't able to go back in for our afternoon visit.

However, we were more than happy with our amazing haul of wildlife sightings from the morning! We headed out instead to explore the far end of the *marisma*. Here a migrant Garden Warbler flitted in the trees as did European Serins. A lovely butterscotch-coloured Squacco Heron showed well on the shore. Two Black Terns were present amongst the Whiskered Terns.

We completed the day at the lagoons of La Rocina at the edge of the village. Savi's Warbler could be heard reeling and Crested Tits were present in the Stone Pines. We had nice views of Western Swamphens and spent some time admiring very close Glossy Ibis and Eurasian Spoonbills.

Day 3

Saturday 23rd April

We headed out to the heaths and wet woodlands of Acebron, where we were greeted by the lovely song of a Woodlark, which also showed well. European Bee-eaters perched on a nearby fence, calling to one another and occasionally darting upwards to catch insects. Eurasian Hoopoe and Sardinian Warbler were enjoyed, and with a bit of work we also got views of a Dartford Warbler that had been doing a fine job teasing us from cover!

In the woodlands around the Palacio de Acebron, we picked out Tongue Orchids (*Serapias*) and Tassel Hyacinth as well as a rather smart Green Tiger Beetle.

We could briefly hear Eurasian Wryneck calling amongst the cacophony of Common Nightingales, Cetti's and Melodious Warblers. To our delight we caught up with a Lesser Spotted Woodpecker, and Crested Tit, Western Bonelli's Warbler and many Short-toed Treecreepers – some of which we managed to see!

In today's finer weather we made a full exploration of La Rocina lagoons, where we again got up close to Glossy Ibis and Eurasian Spoonbill and also got our first looks at a Red-crested Pochard. The star bird, however, was undoubtedly a Savi's Warbler, this time reeling its heart out from the top of a bush.

Day 4

Sunday 24th April

We headed a little further afield today to explore the surrounding low intensity farmland and freshwater lagoons of the area.

Driving through Stone Pine woodland we passed the end of the Raya Real track in the Natural Park, which we had explored with Doñana Nature previously. Woodchat Shrikes, Iberian Magpies and Woodlark lined our pathway.

It was a misty start out on the low-lying farmland, but our atmospheric first stop yielded calling Common Quail and Red-rumped Swallow. In a splash of mud by a feeding trough we picked up Collared Pratincole, Wood Sandpiper and Gull-billed Tern.

We soon arrived on the shores of Dehesa de Abajo, a private nature reserve based around large freshwater lagoons. Scanning out of the corner we had lovely views of Black-necked Grebe. Marbled Duck - another of the area's much sought-after species - floated past and showed well repeatedly throughout the morning. Ferruginous Duck and many Red-crested Pochard bobbed on the glittering water, standing out amongst the hundreds of congregated wildfowl. A pale-morph Booted Eagle soared overhead. Great Reed Warbler sang loudly from close by and showed well.

At the next spot we were thrilled to find Red-knobbed Coot! The first individual was readily spotted due to its fitted collar as much as its blue facial shield and of course those red adornments! But we also spotted a satisfying un-collared individual and got to enjoy this unusual species *au naturel*!

We took our picnic lunch by the visitor centre, where nesting White Storks adorned the trees and entertained us with their bill-clapping displays.

Later we took a walk down to the hide, enjoying a colourful collection of European Bee-eaters on the way. Inside we had our best views yet of Black-necked Grebe, golden carnival mask and bright red eyes shining! Thanks to recent rain, this was Dehesa de Abajo at its absolute best, providing completely unmissable birding!

Soon it was time to head back, stopping on the way to overlook a low point of land where there were lots of Purple Herons. We made our last stop of the day in time to spot a Black-winged Kite flying past us, hovering, catching a prey item and then returning back past us, presumably to a nearby nest site. A great end to a fabulous day!

Day 5

Monday 25th April

It was time to move on today from the teeming waters of the *Madre de las Marismas* and head north to explore completely different habitats in the mountains and plains of Extremadura – one of Spain's must-see birding and wildlife destinations.

We made a leisurely start with plenty of time to pack and take a last wander around the lagoon for those that wished. We made a rest stop at Monesterio, where we picked up Northern Raven, our first Red Kite of the trip, a coffee and some exciting local goats cheese aged in *pimentón*, a type of paprika!

For our picnic we paused on the banks of the Alange reservoir, where we enjoyed the aerial antics of the Alpine Swift colony. We saw around 40 individuals jetting in and out of their nests – with a two-foot wingspan, that's a lot of swift!

We were also pleased to pick up Short-toed Eagle and Griffon Vulture drifting overhead, and Blue Rock Thrush and lovely singing Rock Bunting on the crags around the picnic area. Over the reservoir itself we spotted Gull-billed Terns and Egyptian Geese.

Before too long we arrived at the wonderful Las Canteras, a rural house run by local legend Pilar and her son Paco. We settled in to our rooms and enjoyed the views out over the plains towards the medieval town of Trujillo.

Eager to explore our new surroundings, we headed out to explore the excellent plains habitat on the nearby Monroy Road. At our first stop we were immediately surrounded by Calandra Lark song. Over a nearby farm, we picked out Griffon and Cinereous Vultures which were joined by two Egyptian Vultures. A graceful Montagu's Harrier drifted by.

Driving a little further on we had a great success, as we heard a Little Bustard calling not far from the road! It was fantastic to immediately get great views of this plains' speciality in display, and we watched it for a good time, flicking its head back as it called.

Day 6

Tuesday 26th April

The plains around the village of Santa Marta de Magasca are some of the best known in the area, and this was our destination today. However, it wasn't long before we got distracted, making a stop for a fantastic Great Spotted Cuckoo by the side of the road! We had great views and more than a little drama when a kerfuffle ensued which also involved a Common Cuckoo and a Woodchat Shrike!

Getting back to the task in hand we made a stop at the 'gateway' to the plains, where another Great Spotted Cuckoo awaited, as well as a pair of Eurasian Stone-curlews. The air was full of song from Thekla's and Crested Larks, and Pin-tailed Sandgrouse wheeled overhead.

Venturing further into the main section of the plains, we enjoyed views of a Spanish Imperial Eagle on a nest in a Eucalyptus tree. Flocks of both Black-bellied and Pin-tailed Sandgrouse flew around us, and we had nice views of Montagu's Harrier.

We had lunch overlooking the beautiful Tamuja river valley, surrounded by singing European Serins and with Griffon Vultures soaring overhead. While we tucked in to our spread of freshly-baked bread, local meats and cheeses, salads, olives and seasonal fruit (and of course wine and chocolate!), we enjoyed European Pond Turtle, Iberian Pond Frog and Common Kingfisher on the river.

On the section of road crossing the Llanos de Cáceres Important Bird Area, we found numerous European Rollers using the specially-provided nestboxes. We got some great views, and enjoyed watching these glorious turquoise birds interacting with one another and seeing off other potential nestbox occupants, such as Western Jackdaws.

As we scanned a section of plain, finally we picked up a Great Bustard! We had decent views of this female, which after a while sloped off over the hill. Further along this section we enjoyed a beautiful male Montagu's Harrier, several Greater Short-toed Larks and another Little Bustard, showing well!

Pretty satisfied with an amazing day's wildlife-watching, we were preparing to drive away when a male Great Bustard appeared from nowhere, flying from behind us, between the two vans and landing in full view in a field next to the road! We watched enthralled with its foam bath display and extravagant whiskers!

In the evening back at Las Canteras, the daytime soundtrack of Eurasian Hoopoes and lark-song gave way to bill-clapping White Storks singing Eurasian Stone-curlews – magical!

Day 7

Wednesday 27th April

Today it was time to visit what is known to many as the jewel in Extremadura's natural crown - Monfragüe National Park. We began with a foray up to the Moorish *castillo*, from where we could look out over the stunning landscape and the start of the Gredos Mountains beyond. We found a Western Orphean Warbler, giving it full beans from the top of a Holm Oak tree! We were thrilled with this excellent view of a usually skulking bird.

Many Griffon and Cinereous Vultures were visible on the crags and starting to take to the air, so we moved on to the famous cliff face of Peña Falcon. Here we got much closer views of these magnificent birds. Indeed, there was a nest right on the *peña* itself and we could peer in and see a surprisingly cute-looking Griffon chick!

The views were spectacular as the bulk of this 400-strong colony took to the air *en masse*. We could see Black Storks coming and going from their nest and Egyptian Vulture and Peregrine Falcon also joined the throng. On the nearby rocky slope there were great views to be had of Blue Rock Thrush, Black Redstart and Rock Bunting.

After a brief comfort stop at the reconstructed village of Villarreal – which gave us more views of Egyptian Vultures overhead - we headed to our picnic spot at the Mirador de Tajadilla, overlooking the Rio Tajadilla and its huge House Martin colony. Today, Niki and Andy introduced the group to locally-produced Torta de Casar cheese. This pungent, award-winning delight is liquid at room temperature, and it didn't take the group long to polish it off!

After lunch we took a stroll through nearby coniferous woodlands, where Short-toed Treecreepers and Crested Tits could be heard and a Bonelli's Eagle soared overhead.

We finished our day at the awesome rock formations of Portilla del Tietar, enjoying more Vulture activity, singing Subalpine Warbler and crippling views of Blue Rock Thrush!

Day 8

Thursday 28th April

Heading out into another fine day, we made a stop to buy bread but also to check the village park for a mystery species. Sure enough, we found a Scops Owls roosting in the trees there!

Next, we headed up to a gorgeous peaceful wooded valley, where Downy Oak were coming into leaf and Holm Oak flowered. We could hear many Golden Orioles singing - all in all we encountered around 20 during our visit - and we came across drumming Great Spotted and Lesser Spotted Woodpecker. There were also Hawfinch, Woodchat Shrikes, Eurasian Jay, many singing Woodlarks and nice views of Eurasian Nuthatch (this *hispanensis* subspecies reportedly soon to be split, creating another Iberian endemic species!). Rock Sparrows were nesting in a nearby tree hole.

Butterflies were plentiful, including the lovely Spanish Festoon. Carefully lifting rocks along the way yielded some fascinating finds including European Scorpion, *Scolopendra* or European Banded Centipede and a really special Earth Star fungus. We had lunch by the river, where we watched Viperine Water Snakes hunting frogs and tadpoles.

On the way back we made a detour, stopping at a vantage point from where we could responsibly view across to an Eagle-Owl nest site. To our delight, three chicks were visible, heaped into an adorable pile of Eagle-Owl fluff!

We finished off the trip with a visit to the historic town of Trujillo, with the Moorish fort atop its granite rock looking out over the expansive plains, and the perfectly-preserved medieval streets of the town. Here the group had time to wander round, enjoy the town's population of Lesser Kestrels and Crag Martins, and of course do some cheese-shopping!

We headed back for our final evening at Pilar and Paco's, and rounded off the meal by toasting our fantastic trip with locally-produced acorn liqueur.

Day 9 April

Friday 29th

In the morning there was time to pack and take a last wander to enjoy our surroundings at Las Canteras, and say goodbye to Pilar, Paco and Chulo the dog – as well as the resident White Storks and Little Owls! Then it was time to take our leave and make our way to Madrid.

En route we made a stop at Arrocampo reservoir, where the reed-fringed pools gave us a few last treats. We ended our trip with views of Penduline Tit, Zitting Cisticola, Gull-billed Terns, Purple Herons and Western Swamphen.

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Species lists

Birds

	Common name	Scientific name	April 2022								
			21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
1	Greylag Goose	<i>Anser anser</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				
2	Egyptian Goose	<i>Alopochen aegyptiaca</i>				2	2				
3	Northern Shoveler	<i>Spatula clypeata</i>	20		5	✓	✓				
4	Gadwall	<i>Mareca strepera</i>		6	1	✓	✓	2			
5	Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
6	Marbled Duck	<i>Marmaronetta angustirostris</i>				✓					
7	Red-crested Pochard	<i>Netta rufina</i>			3	✓					
8	Common Pochard	<i>Aythya ferina</i>	10	10	✓	✓					
9	Ferruginous Duck	<i>Aythya nyroca</i>				1					
10	Red-legged Partridge	<i>Alectoris rufa</i>		3	1	✓	1	1		2	✓
11	Common Quail	<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>				1		6			
12	Alpine Swift	<i>Tachymarptis melba</i>					20				
13	Common Swift	<i>Apus apus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	2			✓	✓
14	Pallid Swift	<i>Apus pallidus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
15	Great Bustard	<i>Otis tarda</i>						2			
16	Little Bustard	<i>Tetrax tetrax</i>					1	1			
17	Great Spotted Cuckoo	<i>Clamator glandarius</i>						3			
18	Common Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus canorus</i>		4	2			4	6	✓	
19	Pin-tailed Sandgrouse	<i>Pterocles alchata</i>						20+			
20	Black-bellied Sandgrouse	<i>Pterocles orientalis</i>						7			
21	Feral Pigeon / Rock Dove	<i>Columba livia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
22	Stock Dove	<i>Columba oenas</i>						1			
23	Common Wood Pigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	3	✓	✓
24	European Turtle Dove	<i>Streptopelia turtur</i>		12	2						
25	Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

			April 2022								
			21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
26	Water Rail	<i>Rallus aquaticus</i>		1							
27	Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>		4	✓	✓	✓				✓
28	Eurasian Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				
29	Red-knobbed Coot	<i>Fulica cristata</i>				2					
30	Western Swamphe	<i>Porphyrio porphyrio</i>	3	2	10	✓	✓				✓
31	Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>		2	4	✓		2			
32	Black-necked Grebe	<i>Podiceps nigricollis</i>				✓					
33	Greater Flamingo	<i>Phoenicopterus roseus</i>	200	200	✓	✓	✓				
34	Eurasian Stone-curlew	<i>Burhinus oedicephalus</i>						3	1		
35	Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1			
36	Pied Avocet	<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>	2								
37	Ruff	<i>Philomachus pugnax</i>		2							
38	Dunlin	<i>Calidris alpina</i>		15							
39	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>			1						
40	Common Redshank	<i>Tringa totanus</i>	6	4							
41	Wood Sandpiper	<i>Tringa glareola</i>				1					
42	Yellow-legged Gull	<i>Larus michahellis</i>		2	20						
43	Gull-billed Tern	<i>Gelochelidon nilotica</i>				✓	80				✓
44	Whiskered Tern	<i>Chlidonias hybrida</i>	6	2	✓		300				
45	Black Tern	<i>Chlidonias niger</i>		2							
46	Black Stork	<i>Ciconia nigra</i>							4	1	
47	White Stork	<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
48	Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>				✓	6		1		
49	Glossy Ibis	<i>Plegadis falcinellus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓
50	Eurasian Spoonbill	<i>Platalea leucorodia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				
51	Little Bittern	<i>Ixobrychus minutus</i>					1				
52	Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>	10	10	8		✓				
53	Squacco Heron	<i>Ardeola ralloides</i>		1							
54	Western Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓
55	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	2	4	2	✓	✓	4	3	✓	✓
56	Purple Heron	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>		8	4	✓	5				✓
57	Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>		2							
58	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>		4	1	✓	6				✓
59	Black-winged Kite	<i>Elanus caeruleus</i>	1			2					
60	Egyptian Vulture	<i>Neophron percnopterus</i>					2	1	4	1	
61	Griffon Vulture	<i>Gyps fulvus</i>	2		20		50	20	200+	✓	✓
62	Cinereous Vulture	<i>Aegypius monachus</i>					20	20	20	✓	
63	Short-toed Snake Eagle	<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>		1	2		1	2	2	1	
64	Booted Eagle	<i>Hieraaetus pennatus</i>	3		2	1	7	7		3	
65	Spanish Imperial Eagle	<i>Aquila adalberti</i>		1				1			
66	Bonelli's Eagle	<i>Aquila fasciata</i>							3		
67	Eurasian Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>								1	
68	Western Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>	4			✓	2	1			
69	Montagu's Harrier	<i>Circus pygargus</i>					1	7			
70	Red Kite	<i>Milvus milvus</i>				✓	1	1		2	✓
71	Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
72	Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>	1	1			✓	2	3	3	✓

			April 2022								
			21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
73	Little Owl	<i>Athene noctua</i>		1			1	2	1	1	✓
74	Eurasian Scops Owl	<i>Otus scops</i>								1	
75	Eurasian Eagle-Owl	<i>Bubo bubo</i>								3	
76	Eurasian Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>		6	7	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
77	European Roller	<i>Coracias garrulus</i>					1	15			
78	Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>						1			
79	European Bee-eater	<i>Merops apiaster</i>	10	20	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
80	Eurasian Wryneck	<i>Jynx torquilla</i>			2						
81	Lesser Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dryobates minor</i>			3					2	
82	Great Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos major</i>			1					1	
83	Lesser Kestrel	<i>Falco naumanni</i>						30		30	
84	Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>	1	2	1	✓	✓	✓	1	2	✓
85	Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>							2		
86	Iberian Grey Shrike	<i>Lanius meridionalis</i>		6			2	4	4	3	
87	Woodchat Shrike	<i>Lanius senator</i>		12	✓	✓	✓	✓	4	✓	
88	Eurasian Golden Oriole	<i>Oriolus oriolus</i>		7	1				2	20+	
89	Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>								6	
90	Iberian Magpie	<i>Cyanopica cooki</i>	✓	6	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
91	Eurasian Magpie	<i>Pica pica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
92	Western Jackdaw	<i>Coloeus monedula</i>					✓	✓		✓	
93	Northern Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>	2				20	4	5	4	✓
94	Crested Tit	<i>Lophophanes cristatus</i>			4				2		
95	Eurasian Blue Tit	<i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>			✓			1	1	✓	
96	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>		✓	✓				✓	✓	
97	Woodlark	<i>Lullula arborea</i>			2	4			1	10+	
98	Thekla's Lark	<i>Galerida theklae</i>			4		✓	✓	✓	✓	
99	Crested Lark	<i>Galerida cristata</i>	5	4			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
100	Greater Short-toed Lark	<i>Calandrella brachydactyla</i>					2	7			
101	Calandra Lark	<i>Melanocorypha calandra</i>					✓	✓			
102	Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>	6	✓	✓						
103	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
104	Eurasian Crag Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓	
105	Common House Martin	<i>Delichon urbicum</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	200+	✓	✓
106	Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Cecropis daurica</i>	1	1	1	4			4	4	
107	Cetti's Warbler	<i>Cettia cetti</i>	2	2	✓	✓		2		2	
108	Long-tailed Tit	<i>Aegithalos caudatus</i>		✓	✓				✓	✓	
109	Western Bonelli's Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus bonelli</i>			4						
110	Willow Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus trochilus</i>			1						
111	Iberian Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus ibericus</i>			6	✓					
112	Great Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus arundinaceus</i>	1	1	2	✓	1				
113	Sedge Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus schoenobaenus</i>					1	1			
114	Common Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus scirpaceus</i>			4		1				
115	Melodious Warbler	<i>Hippolais polyglotta</i>			4					2	
116	Savi's Warbler	<i>Locustella luscinioides</i>		1	2						
117	Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>		1				4		1	✓
118	Eurasian Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>			✓	✓			✓	2	

		April 2022									
	Common name	Scientific name	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
119	Garden Warbler	<i>Sylvia borin</i>		1	1						
120	Western Orphean Warbler	<i>Curruca hortensis</i>							1		
121	Sardinian Warbler	<i>Curruca melanocephala</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
122	Western Subalpine Warbler	<i>Curruca iberiae</i>							3		
123	Dartford Warbler	<i>Curruca undata</i>			2						
124	Eurasian Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>			✓				1	1	
125	Eurasian Nuthatch	<i>Sitta europaea</i>								2	
126	Short-toed Treecreeper	<i>Certhia brachydactyla</i>		1	27				6	✓	
127	Spotless Starling	<i>Sturnus unicolor</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
128	Mistle Thrush	<i>Turdus viscivorus</i>							3	4	
129	Common Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	1	3	✓	✓	
130	Common Nightingale	<i>Luscinia megarhynchos</i>		4	✓	✓		1	2	✓	
131	European Pied Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula hypoleuca</i>			1						
132	Black Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>							10+		
133	Blue Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola solitarius</i>					2		5		
134	European Stonechat	<i>Saxicola rubicola</i>		✓	4	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
135	Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>						2		1	
136	Rock Sparrow	<i>Petronia petronia</i>								5	
137	Eurasian Tree Sparrow	<i>Passer montanus</i>			2						
138	Spanish Sparrow	<i>Passer hispaniolensis</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
139	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
140	Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>							2		
141	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>					1	2	1	1	✓
142	Common Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>		✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	
143	Hawfinch	<i>Coccothraustes coccothraustes</i>								20+	
144	European Greenfinch	<i>Chloris chloris</i>		1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
145	Common Linnet	<i>Linaria cannabina</i>		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
146	European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
147	European Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
148	Corn Bunting	<i>Emberiza calandra</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
149	Rock Bunting	<i>Emberiza cia</i>					1		6		
150	Cirl Bunting	<i>Emberiza cirlus</i>							1		

Others

		April 2022									
Common name	Scientific name	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28		
European Rabbit	<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>		1							1	
Iberian Lynx	<i>Lynx pardinus</i>		1								
Red Fox	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>		1						1		
Red Deer	<i>Cervus elaphus elaphus</i>		50	10					4		
Common Pipistrelle	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>					✓					
Soprano Pipistrelle	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>					✓					

Reptiles & Amphibians									
European Pond Turtle	<i>Emys orbicularis</i>						✓		
Large Psammodromus	<i>Psammodromus algirus</i>					✓			✓
Viperine Water Snake	<i>Natrix maura</i>						✓		
Iberian Wall Lizard	<i>Podarcis hispanicus</i>								✓
Stripeless Tree Frog	<i>Hyla meridionalis</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓
Iberian Pond Frog	<i>Rana iberica</i>						✓		
Butterflies									
Spanish Festoon	<i>Zerynthia rumina</i>								✓
Small White	<i>Pieris rapae</i>					✓			
Clouded Yellow	<i>Colias crocea</i>			✓	✓	✓		✓	
Small Copper	<i>Lycaena phlaeas</i>								✓
Brown Argus	<i>Aricia agestis</i>					✓	✓		
Painted Lady	<i>Vanessa cardui</i>			✓	✓				
Small Heath	<i>Coenonympha pamphilus</i>							✓	
Wall Brown	<i>Lasiommata megera</i>			✓					
Speckled Wood	<i>Pararge aegeria</i>			✓				✓	✓
Bath White	<i>Pontia daplidice</i>			✓			✓		
Common Blue	<i>Polyommatus icarus</i>			✓					✓
Other invertebrates									
European Scorpion	<i>Tetranychobothrius flavicaudis</i>								✓
Giant Centipede (Scolopendra)	<i>Scolopendra cingulata</i>							✓	
Red-veined Darter	<i>Sympetrum fonscolombii</i>			✓					
Red-striped Oil Beetle	<i>Berberomeloe majalis</i>								✓
Egyptian Grasshopper	<i>Anacridium aegyptium</i>				✓	✓	✓		
Dung Beetle spp				✓					
Green Tiger Beetle	<i>Cicindela campestris</i>			✓					
Plants									
Violet Limodore	<i>Limodorum abortivum</i>			✓					
Tongue Orchid spp	<i>Serapias spp</i>			✓					✓
Tassel Hyacinth	<i>Leopoldia comosa</i>			✓					
Yellow Lupin	<i>Lupinus luteus</i>			✓					
Earth Star fungus									✓