

# Spain's Coto Doñana & Extremadura

Naturetrek Tour Report

25th April – 3rd May 2022



Great Bustard female



Bee-eaters at El Acebuche



Marismas at El Rocio



Griffon Vulture at Monfrague

Tour report and images by John Willsher



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Tour participants: John Willsher & Eduardo Realinho (leaders) with a group of nine Naturetrek clients

## Summary

Excellent weather allowed us to have a very enjoyable and bird rich eight days in two of the best habitats in Spain: the wetlands and woods of Coto Donana and the plains and dehesas of Extremadura. Our accommodation in the south was in the unique town of El Rocio right at the edge of the Charco de la Boca marismas which after good spring rain was full of water and full of birds.

This lagoon and our Coto Donana experience gave us Flamingos, herons, raptors, waders, terns, larks and numerous other special species such as Iberian Magpies to keep us busy from dawn to dusk.

The second half of our trip exploring the dehesas of Extremadura offered more magnificent raptors including Griffon and Cinereous Vultures at eye level in Monfrague National Park, several Spanish Imperial Eagles, Booted, Great and Little Bustards, Rollers and Lesser Kestrels in and around the ancient historic town of Trujillo.

## Day 1

**Monday 25th April**

### Seville - El Rocio

John met some of the group at Gatwick for an afternoon flight and then we all met up with Eduardo late afternoon at Seville airport with those who had arrived earlier on alternative flights. We soon had the rental vans organised and were on our way out of Seville and heading south towards our hotel on the edge of the marshes at El Rocio. After checking in we decided to make the most of a beautiful warm sunny evening, soon assembling on the promenade to enjoy the spectacle: masses of Flamingos, Glossy Ibis and Black-winged Stilts, and Whiskered Terns together with many herons, Purple Swamphen, Great Reed Warbler, numerous Swallows and House Martins plus a Penduline Tit, all stunning in the evening light. It was a shame to leave it, but dinner called.

## Day 2

**Tuesday 26th April**

### El Rocio - La Rocina - El Acebuche

A pre breakfast dawn watch from the promenade was definitely worthwhile with hundreds of Whiskered Terns dipping over the flat calm marismas, groups of Flamingos and numerous Black-winged Stilts feeding in the water. The Great Reed Warbler was still endlessly singing, Sand Martins perched on reeds close by. Walking eastwards and around the corner of the interpretive centre gave us an excellent view of a heron nesting colony in the tamarisk trees. Large numbers of Glossy Ibis flew in and out and we could see many Night Herons, Cattle and Little Egrets.

After breakfast and after John and Eduardo had sought out picnic supplies while the group checked out the marismas again, we set off for the short distance to our first stop of the day in the woods and wetlands of La Rocina. Birds here included Purple Heron, Black Kites, a wing tagged Marsh Harrier, Booted Eagle, singing Savi's Warblers, Garden Warblers, Nightingales and Serins. Distant Griffon Vultures glided overhead and numerous Sardinian Warblers could be heard in the Maquis scrub.

Moving on to El Acebuche, we encountered several Bee-eaters and a Short-toed Eagle on the drive in which delayed our picnic even further but finally we set it up under the umbrella pines where we were accompanied by noisy Iberian Magpies.

Later a refreshment stop at the centre cafe was very productive with nesting White Stork on the roof and an active Red-rumped Swallow nest above an entrance door. An ornamental pond provided entertainment with an Iberian Grass Snake plus European and Iberian Pond Turtles. Unfortunately due to very low winter rainfall the lagoons were dry! So we decided to return to El Rocio enjoying again the numerous Bee-eaters in the sandy areas on the way out along with a Northern Wheatear and that id challenge species Crested or Thekla Larks.

Arriving at the western end of the marismas at El Rocio the viewing was perfect with the late afternoon sun behind us. A large group Black-tailed Godwits were resting and with them five Ruff. Iberian Magpies were feasting and carrying off mulberries from a nearby tree and a Golden Oriole was active in nearby Eucalyptus trees.

Some of us returned to our hotel on foot along the unique sandy streets past the magnificent brilliant white church of Santuario Nuestra Señora del Rocio. Later our dinner was enhanced by our view of the marshes from our table.

## Day 3

Wednesday 27th April

### El Rocio - Coto del Rey - Doñana National Park

After an early breakfast and a quick check on the marismas with its numerous Whiskered Terns, Common and Pallid Swift's feeding on the multitude of insects over the water we were picked up by our knowledgeable guides from Donana Nature, Angelica and Irene who in their 4x4 vehicles would be taking us into the heart of the park. They soon negotiated the narrow sandy streets of El Rocio and we were quickly into the Coto del Rey where we travelled slowly hoping to get a glimpse of the Iberian Lynx in the early morning light. There were numerous Red Deer, Black Kites plus Hoopoes and Booted Eagles. We had a walk through open meadows purple with Viper's Bugloss with Woodchat and Thekla Larks, Iberian Grey Shrikes and calling Quail. We stopped at an area where numerous tree roots had been placed as a way to encourage rabbits, the main prey species of Iberian Lynx. Today a Red legged Partridge and later a Little Owl were seen making use of them.

We returned still slowly hoping to see that elusive Lynx but it was not to be. Once out of the park we made our way to a local restaurant for an excellent lunch. Some siesta time followed either for rest or exploration around El Rocio then back into the park for an evening excursion. We travelled through the park as far as the Antonio Valverde Centre which is situated in more open country. Both Common and Lesser Kestrel were seen as well as Greater Short-toed Larks, Iberian Yellow Wagtail and in the wetter parts Spoonbills, a couple of Squacco Herons and a group of migrant waders: Ringed Plovers, Dunlin and Curlew Sandpipers. Returning past the root pile we had much better views of the Little Owl now with the sun behind us. The light was now beginning to fade so after a quick stop to be photographed being a group watching nature for our host's promotional video, we returned for a welcome drink and meal in the hotel restaurant sadly no Lynx but a splendid day nonetheless.

## Day 4

Thursday 28th April

### El Rocio - Dehesa de Abajo

The day started with a visit to the supermarket to stock up on picnic supplies then out through the paddocks and fields of El Rocio outskirts. A bridge over a watercourse provided a good place to stop and we soon were seeing interesting species: Iberian Grey Shrike, Bee-eaters and Red-rumped Swallow. Our destination today was Dehesa de Abajo a large freshwater lagoon which can hold some of the Donana specialities. It also has the largest White Stork breeding colony in Spain. We arrived just on lunchtime hoping to use one of the picnic tables under the olives but it was very busy with school children. Eduardo however negotiated for us to use a quiet inner courtyard eating area which worked fine as the day was now very warm. Once lunch was finished, we made our way down to the lake, first admiring the numerous Storks on their nests, some only about three metres off the ground. On the lake there were literally hundreds of Common Coots and we were trying to find the Red-knobbed Coot amongst them! We tried hard but we were unsuccessful, however we did find a distant group of Marbled Teal on the far side. We also saw three Ferruginous Ducks, more Flamingos, and Avocets. Back in El Rocio we stopped at the western end to try and catch up with the Golden Orioles again. They weren't playing ball but we did all see a group of Collared Pratincoles roosting on a small island.

## Day 5

Friday 29th April

### Transfer to Madroñera Extramadura - Presa de Alange - Arroyo de la Gargantilla

A last look at the marismas and then after breakfast we had to set off back to Seville then north towards the dehesa and plains of Extremadura. A stop at Presa de Alange a reservoir with some impressive rock cliffs near the dam gave the opportunity for the group to have a walk with Eduardo and see some local specialities while John stayed with the vans and prepared the picnic. The reservoir is notable for the large number of Alpine Swift's that nest on the dam. The walk was definitely productive with Griffon, Cinereous and Egyptian Vultures, Black Wheatear, Crag Martin, Red-billed Chough, Blue Rock Thrush and Rock Bunting all being seen. Our next port of call was another reservoir, this time well into the Extremadura region.

Here we visited a small sub reservoir at the top end of Arroyo de la Gargantilla which has a more constant water level and some surrounding emergent vegetation. A Purple Heron, Kingfisher, Marsh Harrier and Pied Flycatcher were seen plus an unusual species for this inland area, a first summer immature Black-headed Gull.

After a shortish final stretch back in the vans we arrived at our hotel in Madroñera just after 6pm, giving us time to enjoy a drink in the garden do a checklist and then enjoy dinner.

## Day 6

Saturday 30th April

### Trujillo - Monfrague National Park

As this was a bank holiday weekend, we decided to visit to the popular Monfrague National Park today. We set off early, first to Trujillo to get picnic bread at the Panaderia which was very conveniently situated near the large grain store complex that had numerous nest box nesting Lesser Kestrels. These were very active around their nests at this early time, one male was particularly entertaining with his attempts at offering his mate a large mole cricket.

Leaving the Kestrels to enjoy their breakfast we set off Northwards through the dehesa towards the heart of Monfrague. At the bridge over the Rio Almonte, we had a brief stop enjoying the very scenic river in the early morning light. A Little Ringed Plover and a Grey Wagtail were new species for our list.

On reaching the car park for the Castillo we were relieved to find it still fairly empty and a free bus waiting to take us up, saving a not inconsiderable climb. From the viewing areas of the Castillo, we could look down on Griffon Vultures gliding past and see some really close at eye level. There were some distant identification challenges which later resolved as Short-toed Eagle and Goshawk. An Egyptian Vulture and a Black Stork were seen and a little later a Bonelli's Eagle was spotted high above the vulture nesting cliff of Pena Falcon. It was now quite hot and getting very busy with people so we made our way down to the car park again using the free bus provided.

We made a comfort stop in the village of Villarreal then headed back to a shady spot near the Fuente Del Francés bridge with its hundreds of House Martin nests where we had our picnic and received some advice from a park ranger as to where we should point our 'scopes to watch a Black Vulture on a nest.

After lunch we continued through the park towards the dam where we stopped to scan the cliffs on the opposite side of the river at Mirador La Tajadilla - this being a Spanish Imperial Eagle nesting site in the past. However all we could find today was a Black Kite on its nest. By now it was getting quite hot and by the river a red deer was seen wading into the water to cool down perhaps? We carried on until we reached Hotel Rural Puerta de Monfrague which was very good stop in that as well as cold drinks we saw a Spanish Imperial Eagle overhead. We retraced our steps from here stopping for an obliging Egyptian Vulture and then at another viewpoint we had excellent views of a Lesser Spotted Woodpecker. Returning to Peña Falcón there were fewer people than earlier and we were able to park and scan the cliffs. Eduardo turned up trumps finding a pair of Black Storks on their nest on the cliff and we also had an excellent view of a Blue Rock Thrush under the bushes just below us. It was now getting late so we had a straight drive back to our hotel for our evening list catch up and dinner.

## Day 7

Sunday 1st May

### Plains of Magasca

Today we set off to explore the plains north-west of Trujillo towards the small town of Magasca. Our first stop on a slight rise gave us good views of the dehesa, pasture fields and heathland habitat. The air was full of the songs of Calandra Larks and twice we heard the calls of Pin-tailed Sandgrouse flying rapidly overhead. A distant Great Spotted Cuckoo perched obligingly in the top of a tree. Moving on, we turned onto a gravel track leading

us through rolling farmland with large fields. Again numerous Calandra Larks were displaying and singing all around and a female Montague's Harrier flew past. We scanned the distant raptors which usually were Griffon Vultures but we did see our first Spanish Imperial Eagle of the day. Our target species - the Great Bustard was not in sight so we moved on to the village of Magasca for a welcome drink to the accompaniment of the village House Martins and Swifts.

Leaving Magasca we continued westwards along a road where numerous nest boxes had been fitted to the roadside utility poles, several were occupied by European Rollers and we had excellent views of these birds and sometimes a pair together. A few boxes had Lesser Kestrels also and it was as we were stopped admiring these birds that we had another of the several Spanish Imperial Eagles seen during the day. It was difficult on the open plains to find a sheltered shady lunch stop, but we did find a grassy area near a farm that where a pair of Lesser Kestrels were nesting and the male particularly provided entertainment carrying a Western three-toed Skink. Our afternoon return was firstly halted when Eduardo amazingly heard a displaying Little Bustard quite a long way from the road. However with 'scopes we could see the bird jumping up in the grass as it displayed. Eventually we managed to see three individuals. Later Eduardo's bus again scored with a female Great Bustard that we all watched as it walked regally along a farm track periodically indulging in a dust bath kicking up clouds of dust. As it moved further away it was time for us to head for our hotel where we enjoyed another evening of relaxing and catching up on the day's sightings for our list.

## Day 8

Monday 2nd May

### Trujillo - Belén plains

We started the day checking out the small lake in Trujillo the Estanque de San Lázaro while John went to get picnic supplies. There were a good selection of birds including Little Ringed Plover but sadly a dead Eagle Owl was found in the water presumably a bird that had come to bathe then could not get up the steep bank as sometimes happens to Barn Owls in cattle water troughs at home.

Our objective for the morning were the plains beyond the village of Belén, an agricultural area with large fields mostly grazed and ungrazed pasture. We spotted our first Great Bustard, unfortunately a long way away in one of these large pasture fields. Other birds here included the ubiquitous Corn Bunting, Spanish Yellow Wagtail, and Calandra Larks. At another stop we managed to spot a couple more Great Bustards but again rather distant unfortunately. Other species seen during the morning included Short-toed Eagle, Hoopoe, Marsh Harrier and a Red Fox. After our picnic lunch we returned to our hotel and then later in the afternoon made the trip back to Trujillo for a look at the town. The town was very busy as it was the end of the Trujillo National Cheese Fair. We eventually found a parking space and spent a very pleasant couple of hours exploring the town and castle from where some of us watched a Booted Eagle make many unsuccessful attempts to catch one of the numerous feral pigeons. We also had good views of several White Storks which were nesting on the rooftops below us. Some of us spent a relaxing half hour with a drink in the main Plaza, musing on the impressive buildings around us. One such being the Palacio del Marques de la Conquista which is one of the best in Trujillo depicting with carved heads the conquistadors Fernando Pizarro, his brother and their Inca wives.

Back at our hotel we enjoyed our last evening together with a sparkling cava provided with our dinner.

## Day 9

Tuesday 3rd May

### Travel to Madrid - Embalse de Arrocampo

Our late afternoon flight from Madrid gave us time to stop on the way and spend an hour or so at Embalse de Arrocampo at Saucedilla. The ornithological reserve area proved good for several species with a male Little Bittern new for our list and Eduardo found in the last minutes a singing Savi's Warbler which we all managed to see. Finally we had to make our way to Madrid and after a quick pit stop in a service area cafe we arrived at the airport and bade our farewells to those staying on in Madrid and to Eduardo who was travelling by train back to Portugal.

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## Species lists

Birds (H = Heard only)

	Common name	Scientific name	April/May 2022								
			25	26	27	28	29	30	1	2	3
1	Greylag Goose	<i>Anser anser</i>	✓	✓	✓	•	•				
2	Egyptian Goose	<i>Alopochen aegyptiaca</i>	•	•	•	•	✓				
3	Common Shelduck	<i>Tadorna tadorna</i>	•		1	•					
4	Gadwall	<i>Mareca strepera</i>	4	2	✓	✓	•		✓		
5	Eurasian Wigeon	<i>Mareca penelope</i>	✓	✓							
6	Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
7	Northern Shoveler	<i>Spatula clypeata</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	•				
8	Marbled Duck	<i>Marmaronetta angustirostris</i>				✓					
9	Red-crested Pochard	<i>Netta rufina</i>	2	4	✓	100s					
10	Common Pochard	<i>Aythya ferina</i>	✓	✓		✓					
11	Ferruginous Duck	<i>Aythya nyroca</i>				3					
12	Red-legged Partridge	<i>Alectoris rufa</i>			✓		✓		1		
13	Common Quail	<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>			H						
14	Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓			5	✓	✓
15	Great Crested Grebe	<i>Podiceps cristatus</i>		4	✓	✓	✓				✓
16	Black-necked Grebe	<i>Podiceps nigricollis</i>				✓					
17	Greater Flamingo	<i>Phoenicopterus roseus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓					
18	Black Stork	<i>Ciconia nigra</i>						✓			
19	White Stork	<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
20	Glossy Ibis	<i>Plegadis falcinellus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓					
21	Eurasian Spoonbill	<i>Platalea leucorodia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓					
22	Little Bittern	<i>Ixobrychus minutus</i>									1
23	Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>	✓	✓							
24	Squacco Heron	<i>Ardeola ralloides</i>			2						
25	Western Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓
26	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1	2	✓
27	Purple Heron	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓
28	Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>	✓	✓	1	1					

			April/May 2022								
	Common name	Scientific name	25	26	27	28	29	30	1	2	3
29	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	1	✓	✓	✓	✓				
30	Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>					✓				
31	Egyptian Vulture	<i>Neophron percnopterus</i>					✓	✓	.		
32	Griffon Vulture	<i>Gyps fulvus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
33	Cinereous Vulture	<i>Aegypius monachus</i>					✓	✓	20	✓	
34	Short-toed Snake Eagle	<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>		1	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	
35	Booted Eagle	<i>Hieraaetus pennatus</i>		2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
36	Spanish Imperial Eagle	<i>Aquila adalberti</i>							1	6	
37	Bonelli's Eagle	<i>Aquila fasciata</i>						1			
38	Goshawk	<i>Accipiter gentilis</i>						1			
39	Western Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>		1			✓		2	1	✓
40	Montagu's Harrier	<i>Circus pygargus</i>							3		
41	Red Kite	<i>Milvus milvus</i>	1	1					2	1	.
42	Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
43	Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>					1	✓	1	1	✓
44	Great Bustard	<i>Otis tarda</i>							1	3	
45	Little Bustard	<i>Tetrax tetrax</i>							3		
46	Purple Swampphen	<i>Porphyrio porphyrio</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓					✓
47	Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
48	Red-knobbed Coot	<i>Fulica cristata</i>									
49	Eurasian Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓
50	Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1	2	2	
51	Pied Avocet	<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>		2	✓	✓					
52	Common Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius hiaticula</i>		1	✓						
53	Little Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius dubius</i>						1		✓	
54	Common Snipe	<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>		1							
55	Black-tailed Godwit	<i>Limosa limosa</i>	✓	150	✓	✓					
56	Common Redshank	<i>Tringa totanus</i>			✓						
57	Common Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>			✓						
58	Green Sandpiper	<i>Tringa ochropus</i>			H						
59	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>		1							
60	Curlew Sandpiper	<i>Calidris ferruginea</i>			2						

			April/May 2022								
	Common name	Scientific name	25	26	27	28	29	30	1	2	3
61	Dunlin	<i>Calidris alpina</i>			10						
62	Ruff	<i>Philomachus pugnax</i>		5							
63	Collared Pratincole	<i>Glareola pratincola</i>			25	✓					
64	Black-headed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus ridibundus</i>					✓				
65	Yellow-legged Gull	<i>Larus michahellis</i>		✓		✓					
66	Lesser Black-backed Gull	<i>Larus fuscus</i>									
67	Gull-billed Tern	<i>Gelochelidon nilotica</i>			2		✓				
68	Whiskered Tern	<i>Chlidonias hybrida</i>		✓	✓	✓					
69	Black Tern	<i>Chlidonias niger</i>		1							
70	Pin-tailed Sandgrouse	<i>Pterocles alchata</i>							✓		
71	Black-bellied Sandgrouse	<i>Pterocles orientalis</i>									
72	Rock Dove	<i>Columba livia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
73	Common Wood Pigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>		1	✓	✓	✓	✓	.	.	
74	European Turtle Dove	<i>Streptopelia turtur</i>			✓	✓					
75	Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	.	.
76	Great Spotted Cuckoo	<i>Clamator glandarius</i>							1		
77	Common Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus canorus</i>		1	H	H	H	H	H	1	
78	Eurasian Eagle-owl	<i>Bubo bubo</i>								1 dead	
79	Little Owl	<i>Athene noctua</i>			1						
80	Alpine Swift	<i>Tachymarptis melba</i>					✓	✓	✓		
81	Common Swift	<i>Apus apus</i>		✓	✓	✓				✓	✓
82	Pallid Swift	<i>Apus pallidus</i>	✓	✓	✓	5		✓			
83	European Roller	<i>Coracias garrulus</i>							10		
84	Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>				1	1				
85	European Bee-eater	<i>Merops apiaster</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
86	Eurasian Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>		1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
87	Lesser Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos minor</i>						1			
88	Great Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos major</i>			H						
89	Lesser Kestrel	<i>Falco naumanni</i>			1		1	✓	✓	✓	
90	Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>			✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	
91	Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>						1			
92	Southern Grey Shrike	<i>Lanius meridionalis</i>			✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	

			April/May 2022								
	Common name	Scientific name	25	26	27	28	29	30	1	2	3
93	Woodchat Shrike	<i>Lanius senator</i>		1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
94	Eurasian Golden Oriole	<i>Oriolus oriolus</i>		2	✓	✓					
95	Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>					✓	✓			
96	Iberian Magpie	<i>Cyanopica cooki</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
97	Eurasian Magpie	<i>Pica pica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
98	Red-billed Chough	<i>Pyrrhocorax pyrrhocorax</i>					2				
99	Western Jackdaw	<i>Coloeus monedula</i>		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
100	Northern Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>		1		1	✓		✓	✓	
101	European Crested Tit	<i>Lophophanes cristatus</i>		H							
102	Eurasian Blue Tit	<i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>			✓			✓	✓	✓	
103	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>		H	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	
104	Eurasian Penduline Tit	<i>Remiz pendulinus</i>	1	1							
105	Thekla Lark	<i>Galerida theklæ</i>		2			✓	✓	✓	✓	
106	Crested Lark	<i>Galerida cristata</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
107	Greater Short-toed Lark	<i>Calandrella brachydactyla</i>			✓				✓	✓	
108	Calandra Lark	<i>Melanocorypha calandra</i>							✓	✓	
109	Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>		✓	✓						
110	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
111	Eurasian Crag Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓	
112	Common House Martin	<i>Delichon urbicum</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
113	Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Cecropis daurica</i>		✓		✓	✓		✓	✓	
114	Cetti's Warbler	<i>Cettia cetti</i>		✓	H	H	H	H	1	H	
115	Long-tailed Tit	<i>Aegithalos caudatus</i>		✓			✓	✓			
116	Iberian Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus ibericus</i>		H							
117	Great Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus arundinaceus</i>	1	1	✓	✓	H				.
118	Eurasian Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus scirpaceus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	H				✓
119	Melodious Warbler	<i>Hippolais polyglotta</i>				1					
120	Savi's Warbler	<i>Locustella luscinioides</i>			3H						2
121	Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
122	Eurasian Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>		H				✓			
123	Garden Warbler	<i>Sylvia borin</i>		1		1					
124	Dartford Warbler	<i>Sylvia undata</i>		H							

	Common name	Scientific name	April/May 2022								
			25	26	27	28	29	30	1	2	3
125	Western Subalpine Warbler	<i>Curruca iberiae</i>						1			
126	Sardinian Warbler	<i>Sylvia melanocephala</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
127	Eurasian Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>		1				H			
128	Eurasian Nuthatch	<i>Sitta europaea</i>						1			
129	Short-toed Treecreeper	<i>Certhia brachydactyla</i>		✓	✓						
130	Spotless Starling	<i>Sturnus unicolor</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
131	Common Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
132	European Robin	<i>Erithacus rubecula</i>						✓			
133	Common Nightingale	<i>Luscinia megarhynchos</i>		✓	✓	✓	H	✓	H		
134	European Pied Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula hypoleuca</i>					1				
135	Black Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>								1	
136	Blue Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola solitarius</i>					✓	✓			
137	Whinchat	<i>Saxicola rubetra</i>								1	
138	European Stonechat	<i>Saxicola rubicola</i>		✓	✓		✓	✓		✓	
139	Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>		1							
140	Black Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe leucura</i>					✓				
141	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
142	Spanish Sparrow	<i>Passer hispaniolensis</i>		.		.	✓	✓	✓		
143	Eurasian Tree Sparrow	<i>Passer montanus</i>		✓		✓					
144	Common Waxbill	<i>Estrilda astrild</i>		✓							
145	Spanish Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava iberiae</i>	✓	1	✓	✓				1	
146	Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>						1	1		
147	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>					✓	✓	1		
148	Common Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>		✓	✓			✓		✓	
149	Hawfinch	<i>Coccothraustes coccothraustes</i>		.	.	.		1	.	.	
150	European Greenfinch	<i>Chloris chloris</i>		✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	
151	Common Linnet	<i>Linaria cannabina</i>			✓	✓	✓				
152	European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
153	European Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
154	Corn Bunting	<i>Emberiza calandra</i>		1	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
155	Rock Bunting	<i>Emberiza cia</i>					✓				

## Others

		April/May 2022								
<b>Mammals</b>										
<b>Common name</b>	<b>Scientific name</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>
Granada Hare	<i>Lepus granatensis</i>									
European Rabbit	<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>			✓	✓					
Iberian Lynx	<i>Lynx pardinus</i>									
Red Fox	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>							1		
Red Deer	<i>Cervus elaphus elaphus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓		1			
Egyptian Mongoose	<i>Herpestes ichneumon</i>							1 dead		
Brown Rat	<i>Rattus norvegicus</i>								1	
<b>Butterflies</b>										
<b>Common name</b>	<b>Scientific name</b>									
Iberian Marbled White	<i>Melanargia lachesis</i>							✓		
Small White	<i>Artogeia rapae</i>			✓	✓					
Clouded Yellow	<i>Colias crocea</i>			✓	✓					
Small Copper	<i>Lycaena phlaeas</i>			✓	✓					
Red Admiral	<i>Vanessa atalanta</i>								✓	
Swallowtail	<i>Papilio machaon</i>				✓					
<b>Odenata</b>										
<b>Common name</b>	<b>Scientific name</b>									
Emperor Dragonfly	<i>Anax imperator</i>				✓					
Common Darter	<i>Sympetrum striolatum</i>				✓					
Blue-tailed Damselfly	<i>Ischnura elegans</i>				•			✓		
Common Blue Damselfly	<i>Enallagma cyathigerum</i>				•			✓		
<b>Reptiles and amphibians</b>										
<b>Common name</b>	<b>Scientific name</b>									
Iberian Grass Snake	<i>Natrix (natrix) astreptophora</i>		✓					✓		
Iberian pond turtle	<i>Mauremys leprosa</i>		✓					✓		
European pond turtle	<i>Emys orbicularis</i>		✓							

<b>Reptiles and amphibians</b>										
<b>Common name</b>	<b>Scientific name</b>									
Algerian sand racer Lizard	<i>Psammodromus algirus</i>				✓					
<b>Other</b>										
<b>Common name</b>	<b>Scientific name</b>									
Red-striped Oil beetle	<i>Berberomeloe majalis</i>								✓	