

# Spain's Coto Doñana & Extremadura

Naturetrek Tour Report

23rd April – 1st May 2023



European Roller and Rock Bunting



Tour report by Niki Williamson, images by Simon Tonkin



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Tour participants: Simon Tonkin and Niki Williamson (leaders) with 14 Naturetrek clients.

## Summary

Within our first hour of birding - on the heaths of Coto Doñana - the bar for this trip was set rather high when an Iberian Lynx strolled right past us! But thanks to wonderful weather, scenery and obliging nature, there were plenty of delights each day to rival it!

The lagoons of Doñana, though worryingly shallow, still sparkled with Marbled Ducks, Red-knobbed Coot, Greater Flamingoes, Purple Herons, Savi's and Great Reed Warblers, Western Swamphens, Red-crested Pochards, Wood Sandpipers, Pied Avocets, and more, while the air above filled with hundreds of Collared Pratincoles!

In Extremadura, we continued literally on a high in the mountains, with raptors including Griffon and Black Vultures taking to the air around us and Booted Eagles, Black Kites, Egyptian Vulture and glorious Spanish Imperial Eagle flybys. We had great views of Golden Orioles, Rock Buntings, Blue Rock Thrush, Black and Black-eared Wheatears and Western Subalpine Warbler, as well as fishing European Otters.

On the plains, as if competing with our Iberian Lynx, the first bird spotted on arrival was a Great Bustard, and the second a Little Bustard!

The highlights kept coming with European Rollers, Great Spotted Cuckoos, European Bee-eaters, Eurasian Scops Owl, Red-necked Nightjar and more – not to mention plenty of ice creams and exceptional local cheeses!

## Day 1

**Sunday 23rd April**

Simon and Niki met the group from their late afternoon arrival into Sevilla airport, and we were soon heading out of the city and to our first base in the village of El Rocío, on the edge of Coto Doñana National Park.

We arrived in time to settle into our rooms in Hotel Toruño and enjoy views out over the Madre de las Marismas lagoon, where we could already spot Glossy Ibis, Eurasian Spoonbills, and Black-winged Stilts among hundreds of Greater Flamingoes.

Then it was time to cross the sandy Plaza Acebuchal for dinner, admiring the extra tall tables outside, designed for the town's *caballeros* and *caballeras* to enjoy a drink while still on horseback!

## Day 2

**Monday 24th April**

We set out for a day's local birding in the area. But what was supposed to be a relaxed first day soon turned into high drama as we made our first stop at Acebron Heath – as we birded from the pathway, an Iberian Lynx popped out from the undergrowth and strolled right past us! The glimpse was brief and only some of the group caught sight of this young female, but by using a thermal imaging scope we were clearly able to see where she was watching us from behind a bush! We could also admire her delicate footprints in the sand where she had tiptoed just moments before.

We stayed a while longer and enjoyed good views of Thekla's Larks and Woodchat Shrike before moving on to our next spot.

Here we embarked on a walk through the cool, wet woodlands, filled with Common Nightingale song. Short-toed Treecreeper, Crested Tit, Iberian Chiffchaff and Western Bonelli's Warbler joined the chorus. The stars for most were two Lesser Spotted Woodpeckers joined by two Eurasian Wrynecks!

We headed on to the picnic area at Acebuche where we were joined by some flamboyant Iberian Magpies!

We spent the afternoon exploring the western end of the Madre de las Marismas, giving that famous picture postcard view back towards El Rocío, nicknamed La Paloma Blanca or The White Dove, reflecting in the lagoon. In front of us were a couple of hundred Greater Flamingoes and an army of Common Coots!

Many Collared Pratincoles swirled noisily over the water, joined by a couple of Gull-billed Terns. Among a few hundred Common Ringed Plover, we could pick out a couple of Little Ringed and Kentish. We could hear Golden Orioles calling from the trees and a small group of Common Waxbills darted about. Iberian Yellow Wagtails flitted along the shore.

## Day 3

## Tuesday 25th April

We headed inland across a mixture of low-intensity farmland pasture and huge areas of intensive strawberry production to the private nature reserve at Dehesa de Abajo. As we passed through a more pleasant and sustainably-managed part of the landscape, we made a stop to enjoy European Bee-eaters. We also caught up with two Common Cuckoos chasing each other through a copse!

We arrived to find the freshwater lagoon, which was worryingly low after months of drought and over-abstraction from the Doñana aquifer. What should have been relatively deep water all season was already showing substantial muddy edges. There were winners to this, and feeding on the mud were Wood and Common Sandpipers with Pied Avocets, Grey, Kentish and Little Ringed Plovers among hundreds of Common Ringed and Dunlin, Common Snipe, and Ruff. Western Swampheens were clearly visible among the reeds. There were plenty of ducks on the remaining water, including lovely Red-crested Pochards. We were thrilled when a group of Marbled Ducks hove into view - two were really close and gave crippling views! We watched a pair of Black-headed Weavers around their nest.

There were some good butterflies today too, including Green-striped White, Swallowtail and Mallow Skipper.

We headed up to the picnic area outside the Visitor Centre to enjoy our lunch in the company of White Storks, bill-clapping loudly on their nests. As we were about to leave, we were treated to a stunning close flyby from two Booted Eagles – one light morph, one dark.

Back in El Rocío we took a *siesta* from the unseasonably hot weather, before heading out again late afternoon to the pools of La Rocina. Here from the shade of the surrounding woodland we found a single Red-knobbed Coot on one of the islands! A great Doñana speciality to see! Golden Oriole and Short-toed Treecreeper called in the woodland, and we managed views of a Savi's Warbler.

## Day 4

Wednesday 26th April

Today we headed out with local company Doñana Nature, whose 4x4 minibuses would take us to areas of Coto Doñana other companies can't reach, into the heart of the realm of the Iberian Lynx! We seemingly used up our Lynx luck on the first morning, but we had some lovely sightings on the early morning woodlands and heaths, including perched Little Owls, stunning views of a Great Spotted Cuckoo calling and flying, and a Wild Boar mother with many babies!

We explored a privately-owned section of the reserve, Coto del Rey, which used to be the heart of the royal hunting estate. Here on the heath we had nice views of Woodlarks and Iberian Grey Shrike. Amongst the woody groves were two Granada Hares, European Bee-eaters and a huge noisy colony of Spanish Sparrows.

We caught sight of a huge bird of prey flying – a young male Spanish Imperial Eagle! Later we approached an area from which we could view the nest site without disturbance, and we found the Queen of Doñana – the oldest Spanish Imperial Eagle in the world at 33 years old!

Heading for the shade of the old Ranger's house, Jose Manuel and Ana, our Doñana Nature guides, provided us with drinks, salads, Spanish omelette and a delicious selection of goods from the local bakery for lunch.

After relaxing for a while and having fun with an affectionate Praying Mantis, we headed to the Jose Valverde Visitor Centre on the edge of the park, where water was being maintained in the lagoons. We enjoyed a surprise roosting Barn Owl in the reeds. It was great to see another eight Marbled Ducks, seemingly doing well after reintroductions. Purple Herons flew by, a Great Reed warbler shouted from the reeds and Western Swamphens patrolled the shores.

## Day 5

Thursday 27th April

Today we said goodbye to the friendly team at Hotel Restaurante Toruño and travelled up to our second base in Extremadura. We broke up the journey at Monesterio, where the group could enjoy the first Griffon Vultures and Red Kites leaving their roosts and Simon and Niki could stock up on fantastic local cheeses and some of the largest tomatoes known to man!

We stopped for lunch at the Embalse de Alange, where we were entertained by one of the largest Alpine Swift colonies in Europe. These enormous swifts can have a two-foot wingspan and we enjoyed their swooping flight and giggling call as they flew in and out of nests along the dam wall.

The mountain bird suite here was really impressive and we picked up Rock Bunting, Blue Rock Thrush, Crag Martins and a gorgeous Black Wheatear. Griffon and Egyptian Vultures flew by and Gull-billed terns hunted over the water.

Not much further and we arrived at our new home at Las Canteras, a rural house near Trujillo, situated right out on the plains. We were greeted by hosts Paco and his mother Pilar and Chulo the dog, and a dinner of Iberian pork steak.

## Day 6

Friday 28th April

Today we headed to Monfragüe National Park, the craggy heart of Extremadura. We spent a glorious morning at the steep cliffs of Peña Falcon as Griffon and Eurasian Black Vultures took to the air around us, along with Booted Eagles, Black Kites and an Egyptian Vulture. Some of the Griffon Vulture nests were really close, and we could see their goofy-looking chicks – hard to believe these fluffy turkey-like things would be migrating to sub-Saharan Africa in just a few months! Two pairs of Black Storks glided around their nest sites, iridescent in the sun. European Otters fished in the reservoir. On the scree around the sheer rocks, Rock Bunting, Blue Rock Thrush and Black Redstart showed well.

We made a coffee stop at the reconstructed village of Villareal before heading on to our lunch spot at Mirador La Bascula. Here we enjoyed delicious local olives, wines, tomatoes and fresh bread and a tangy local sheep's cheese, while clouds of House Martins hunted over the river. There were views of Black-eared Wheatears and a Lesser Spotted Woodpecker peeping from its nest hole.

At our last stop at Portilla del Tietar, a Spanish Imperial Eagle gave us two stunning flybys. A Western Subalpine Warbler sang and showed well. We admired an Egyptian Vulture looking very yellow-faced on the nest. Two Golden Orioles delighted us by swooping repeatedly down to the water to drink.

## Day 7

Saturday 29th April

Plains day – for those that wished, we made a pre-breakfast dawn foray up the road to nearby Monroy Plains. The first bird spotted on leaving the buses was a Great Bustard! It paraded along the skyline in the rising sun in a most photogenic fashion!

Just as we had finished admiring it, the next bird out was a Little Bustard! A male was standing right out in the open displaying in a nearby field with gusto! There were at least three more nearby, perhaps explaining his fervour! Calandra and Thekla's Larks gave a beautiful morning soundtrack.

After a well-earned breakfast we headed to a different section of plains around Santa Marta de Magasca. A pair of Great Bustards were spotted at our first stop. In the adjoining loose *dehesa* habitat were Iberian Magpies, European Bee-eaters, Iberian Grey and Woodchat Shrikes.

At our next stop, yet more bustards! Here, a group of eight with more joining them all the time. We could also see two Spanish Imperial Eagles perched on a lone Eucalyptus where they had their nest! Several Pin-tailed Sandgrouse were flying around, and we had a great view of a male on the ground.

Next, we headed for a coffee in the cute main square of Santa Marta village, before taking our picnic in the shade nearby accompanied by a big cloud of Griffon Vultures.

Crossing the Rio Tamuja, we headed to the protected Llanos de Cáceres area. Here European Rollers showed well around specially-provided nestboxes, as well as Lesser Kestrels, Eurasian Hoopoes and Short-toed Larks.

Relaxing in the conservatory back at base with a cold drink, we were treated to a Great Spotted Cuckoo flyby just before dinner! The day was made complete by Pilar's legendary homemade *tortilla de patatas*.

## Day 8

Sunday 30th April

We began the day in the village of Madroñera. After some searching a Scops Owl called and was located peering at us from a tree!

Next, we headed up into the hills above Garciaz, where the Downy Oak woodland was full of French Lavender and Giant Fennel. Butterflies included Spanish Festoon, Small Copper, Brown Argus, Bath White and Cleopatra. The soundtrack was of Golden Oriole and Woodlark singing, both of which we saw well.

Our last picnic was by a beautiful little stream heavy with Common Nightingale song and calling Iberian Pond Frogs. Also singing were Eurasian Blackcap, Melodious Warbler and Western Orphean Warbler. Common Kingfisher and Grey Wagtail stopped by. Viperine Water Snakes patrolled the pools.

We ended our trip with a visit to the fascinating historic town of Trujillo, inhabited since at least Roman times, and famously home to the Pizarro brothers, *conquistadores* of Peru. But not before a visit to the noteworthy Lesser Kestrel colony on the outskirts of town, where we counted seventeen of these delicate raptors floating around the nest site on an old grain silo.

The town square of Trujillo was bustling with life due to the annual cheese festival where over two hundred stallholders had set out their tasty wares! While some were in their element, some chose to escape the hubbub to the higher, medieval parts of the city, taking in the beautiful view out across the plains. The urban birding was superb, with Common and Pallid Swifts and Crag Martins, White Storks on their nests and Lesser Kestrels, Booted Eagles, Black Kites, Griffon and Eurasian Black Vultures overhead.

After our final hearty dinner and a toast to the trip with *licor de bellota* – the local acorn liqueur – we headed out for a night walk on the plains. Our thermal imager added a new dimension to the walk and we could clearly see the outlines of Granada Hares and a Barn Owl in flight. But the magic was there without the technology too, and we ended our trip under a starlit sky, with the sounds of Iberian Pond Frogs and the eerie *chotok* song of Red-necked Nightjars.

## Day 9

Monday 1st May

Time to head home – we said goodbye to Paco, Pilar and Chulo, who had hosted us so generously in their home, and headed towards Madrid.

We managed another birding stop on the way at Arrocampo reservoir, with Little Bittern, Western Swampphen, Savi's Warbler and Purple Heron providing some final treats.

Then it was on to Madrid airport where we arrived in plenty of time for a relaxed departure!



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Eurasian Scops Owl

## Species lists

Birds (H = Heard only)

		April/May 2023								
Common name	Scientific name	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	1
Greylag Goose	<i>Anser anser</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				
Egyptian Goose	<i>Alopochen aegyptiaca</i>							2		
Common Shelduck	<i>Tadorna tadorna</i>		10	10						
Northern Shoveler	<i>Spatula clypeata</i>		2	2	2	4				
Gadwall	<i>Mareca strepera</i>				5			3		
Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>		4		✓		2	8	✓	✓
Marbled Duck	<i>Marmaronetta angustirostris</i>			8	8					
Red-crested Pochard	<i>Netta rufina</i>			30	10					
Common Pochard	<i>Aythya ferina</i>			2						
Ferruginous Duck	<i>Aythya nyroca</i>									2
Red-legged Partridge	<i>Alectoris rufa</i>				✓	✓	4	10	6	✓
Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>				✓	2		2	6	2
Great Crested Grebe	<i>Podiceps cristatus</i>					5				
Greater Flamingo	<i>Phoenicopterus roseus</i>	300	200	1,000	✓	✓				
Black Stork	<i>Ciconia nigra</i>						6			
White Stork	<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>	10	20	50	✓	✓	✓	50	✓	✓
Glossy Ibis	<i>Plegadis falcinellus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				
Eurasian Spoonbill	<i>Platalea leucorodia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				
Little Bittern	<i>Ixobrychus minutus</i>									1
Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>	1	4			2				
Squacco Heron	<i>Ardeola ralloides</i>					1				
Western Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓
Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>		2	4	5	1		2	2	
Purple Heron	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>				3					
Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>			20		2				
Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>			2		4	1			
Black-winged Kite	<i>Elanus caeruleus</i>	1								
Egyptian Vulture	<i>Neophron percnopterus</i>					1	2			
Griffon Vulture	<i>Gyps fulvus</i>				20	30	200	70	30	✓
Cinereous Vulture	<i>Aegypius monachus</i>					1	7	10	3	10
Short-toed Snake Eagle	<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>				15		1	3	2	2
Booted Eagle	<i>Hieraaetus pennatus</i>	1	2	4	10	3	2	2	4	10
Spanish Imperial Eagle	<i>Aquila adalberti</i>				1		1	2		
Eurasian Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>									2
Western Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>				2					
Hen Harrier	<i>Circus cyaneus</i>									1
Montagu's Harrier	<i>Circus pygargus</i>					1	1	4		1
Red Kite	<i>Milvus milvus</i>		2			1	1	2	2	
Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>		2	3	2	1	1	7	1	3
Great Bustard	<i>Otis tarda</i>							13		
Little Bustard	<i>Tetrax tetrax</i>							4		
Water Rail	<i>Rallus aquaticus</i>			1	1					
Purple Swamphen	<i>Porphyrio porphyrio</i>		2	15	10	1				
Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>			1	2				4	



Common name	Scientific name	April/May 2023								
		23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	1
Red-knobbed Coot	<i>Fulica cristata</i>			1						
Eurasian Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>	✓	400	✓	✓	✓			✓	
Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				
Pied Avocet	<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>			4						
Grey Plover	<i>Pluvialis squatarola</i>			1						
Common Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius hiaticula</i>		150	200						
Little Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius dubius</i>		2	1						
Kentish Plover	<i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i>		2	1						
Common Snipe	<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>			1						
Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>			5		1				
Dunlin	<i>Calidris alpina</i>		✓	✓						
Ruff	<i>Calidris pugnax</i>			4						
Gull-billed Tern	<i>Gelochelidon nilotica</i>		2			2				
Common Wood Pigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	5	15	
European Turtle Dove	<i>Streptopelia turtur</i>				2					
Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	4	✓	
Great Spotted Cuckoo	<i>Clamator glandarius</i>				2		1	2	3	
Common Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus canorus</i>			2	2	1	2	4	8	
Barn Owl	<i>Tyto alba</i>				1	1	1	1		
Little Owl	<i>Athene noctua</i>				2	1	1			
Scops Owl	<i>Otus scops</i>								1	
Red-necked Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus ruficollis</i>						2			
Alpine Swift	<i>Tachymarptis melba</i>					100				
Common Swift	<i>Apus apus</i>				✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
Pallid Swift	<i>Apus pallidus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
European Roller	<i>Coracias garrulus</i>							11		
Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>								1	
European Bee-eater	<i>Merops apiaster</i>		20	50	200	50	✓	✓	✓	10
Eurasian Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>		4	5	15	2	30	✓	✓	6
Eurasian Wryneck	<i>Jynx torquilla</i>		2						1	
Lesser Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dryobates minor</i>		2				1		1	
Great Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos major</i>		1		1				1	
Iberian Green Woodpecker	<i>Picus sharpei</i>				1					
Lesser Kestrel	<i>Falco naumanni</i>							10	17	5
Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>				2	2	2	2		2
Iberian Grey Shrike	<i>Lanius meridionalis</i>				2			5	3	2
Woodchat Shrike	<i>Lanius senator</i>	2	5	5	10	2	3	5	10	10
Eurasian Golden Oriole	<i>Oriolus oriolus</i>	1	2	2	4		4		15	
Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>						2			
Iberian Magpie	<i>Cyanopica cooki</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Eurasian Magpie	<i>Pica pica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Western Jackdaw	<i>Coloeus monedula</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
Northern Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>	2	6	4	30	20	10	✓	✓	8
European Crested Tit	<i>Lophophanes cristatus</i>		4							
Eurasian Blue Tit	<i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>		✓	✓	✓		2		✓	✓
Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	10		✓	✓
Eurasian Penduline Tit	<i>Remiz pendulinus</i>				1					
Woodlark	<i>Lullula arborea</i>				10				20	
Thekla's Lark	<i>Galerida theklae</i>		3		4	5	✓	✓	✓	✓

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Common name	Scientific name	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	1
Crested Lark	<i>Galerida cristata</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Greater Short-toed Lark	<i>Calandrella brachydactyla</i>					1		8		
Calandra Lark	<i>Melanocorypha calandra</i>						✓	400	✓	✓
Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>	5	5	5	5	5				
Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Eurasian Crag Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i>					10	✓	✓	✓	✓
Common House Martin	<i>Delichon urbicum</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Cecropis daurica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	4	✓
Cetti's Warbler	<i>Cettia cetti</i>	1	2	4	6		2		2	
Long-tailed Tit	<i>Aegithalos caudatus</i>			10			✓	10	7	
Iberian Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus ibericus</i>		2		2					
Western Bonelli's Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus bonelli</i>		1							
Great Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus arundinaceus</i>				10					
Eurasian Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus scirpaceus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				
Melodious Warbler	<i>Hippolais polyglotta</i>		2		2			1		
Savi's Warbler	<i>Locustella luscinioides</i>			2						
Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	2	4	3	
Eurasian Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓		1		1	
Western Orphean Warbler	<i>Curruca hortensis</i>								1	
Western Subalpine Warbler	<i>Curruca cantillans</i>						1			
Sardinian Warbler	<i>Curruca melanocephala</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Eurasian Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>		2				2		2	
Eurasian Nuthatch	<i>Sitta europaea</i>						2		4	
Short-toed Treecreeper	<i>Certhia brachydactyla</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓		3		10	
Spotless Starling	<i>Sturnus unicolor</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Common Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	5	4	✓	
Mistle Thrush	<i>Turdus viscivorus</i>								4	
European Robin	<i>Erithacus rubecula</i>		2							
Common Nightingale	<i>Luscinia megarhynchos</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	10	5	✓	
Black Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>						2			
Common Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus phoenicurus</i>			1						
Blue Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola solitarius</i>					1	7			
European Stonechat	<i>Saxicola rubicola</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	8	10	✓
Black-eared Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe hispanica</i>						3			
Black Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe leucura</i>					1				
House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Spanish Sparrow	<i>Passer hispaniolensis</i>				✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Eurasian Tree Sparrow	<i>Passer montanus</i>		2							
Common Waxbill	<i>Estrilda astrild</i>		3							
Spanish Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava iberiae</i>		✓		4					
Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>							2	1	
White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>					3	5	1	7	
Common Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	
European Greenfinch	<i>Chloris chloris</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		1	
Common Linnet	<i>Linaria cannabina</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
European Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Corn Bunting	<i>Emberiza calandra</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Rock Bunting	<i>Emberiza cia</i>					1	4			

Common name	Scientific name	April/May 2023								
		23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	1
Black-headed Weaver	<i>Ploceus melanocephalus</i>			2						

## Others

		April/May 2023								
Common name	Scientific name	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	1
MAMMALS										
Granada Hare	<i>Lepus granatensis</i>				2			2		
Iberian Lynx	<i>Lynx pardinus</i>		1							
Red Fox	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>							1		
Red Deer	<i>Cervus elaphus elaphus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				
European Otter	<i>Lutra lutra</i>						2			
REPTILES & AMPHIBIANS										
Moorish Gecko	<i>Tarentol mauritanica</i>					✓		✓	✓	
Vaucher's Wall Lizard	<i>Podarcis vaucherii</i>	✓	✓		✓			✓	✓	
Large Psamodromus	<i>Psammodromus algirus</i>						✓	✓	✓	
Iberian Pond Tortoise	<i>Mauremys leprosa</i>						✓	✓	✓	
Ocellated Lizard	<i>Timon lepidus</i>						✓			
Viperine Snake	<i>Timon lepidus</i>								3	
Mediterranean Tree Frog	<i>Hyla meridonalis</i>						✓	✓	✓	
Iberian Marsh Frog	<i>Rana iberica</i>						✓	✓	✓	
BUTTERFLIES										
Spanish Festoon	<i>Zerynthia rumina</i>								✓	
Large White	<i>Pieris brassicae</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Small White	<i>Artogeia rapae</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Green-striped White	<i>Euchloe belemia</i>			✓						
Clouded Yellow	<i>Colias crocea</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Small Copper	<i>Lycaena phlaeas</i>							✓	✓	
Brown Argus	<i>Aricia agestis</i>								✓	
Swallowtail	<i>Papilio machaon</i>			✓	✓					
Common Blue	<i>Polyommatus icarus</i>						✓	✓		
Bath White	<i>Pontia daplidice</i>						✓	✓	✓	
Dusky Meadow Brown	<i>Hyponephele lycaon</i>							✓	✓	
Cleopatra	<i>Gonepteryx cleopatra</i>								✓	
OTHER INVERTEBRATES										
European Praying Mantis	<i>Mantis religiosa</i>				✓					
Red-striped Oil Beetle	<i>Berberomeloe majalis</i>							✓	✓	
Iberian Blue-tail Damselfly	<i>Ischnura graellsii</i>								✓	
Emperor Dragonfly	<i>Anax imperator</i>								✓	