

# Spain - Spring Flowers of Western Andalusia

Naturetrek Tour Report

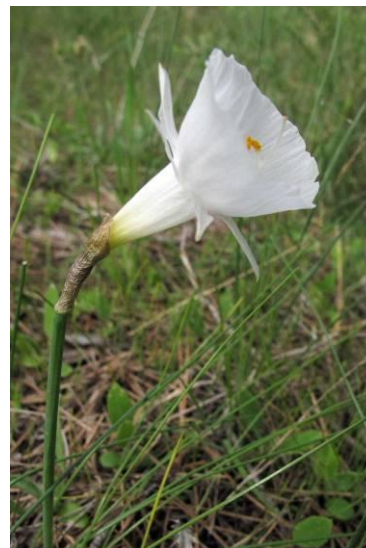
9 - 16 March 2011



*Himantoglossum robertianum* by Bob Parker



*Cistus albidus* by Paul Harnes



*Narcissus cantabricus* by Paul Harnes



2011 Naturetrek Group (taken by owner of finca)



Spanish Ibex by Bob Parker

Report and photos compiled by Paul Harnes  
Images courtesy of Bob Parker



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## Day 1

Wednesday 9th March

Weather: Continuous rain

Eight tour members met with Paul at Malaga airport, having arrived on three separate flights from London Gatwick, Exeter and Birmingham. We made our way from the arrivals hall to the multi-storey car park, to collect our minibus. Leaving the airport, we drove west and then north towards Alhaurin de la Torre, and on towards Cartama, where we joined the A355 in the direction of Campillos, turning left for Ronda just north of Ardarles. On the outskirts of Ronda, we turned onto the El Burgo road, and were soon arriving at the 'Finca de Guzmaná', our base for the week. We were met by Peter, our host, who soon had us settled into our rooms. After freshening up, we met in the lounge for sherry and nibbles, before heading off for dinner at the local Vente la Codorniz.

## Day 2

Thursday 10th March

Weather: Overcast with some rain & drizzle

After a splendid breakfast, we drove down to a mini market on the outskirts of Ronda, to buy our picnic, before setting off on the Seville road to the village of Grazalema. As we left the main road, west of Ronda, we saw several Crested Larks and Corn Buntings. As we approached the village the occasional Griffon Vulture was spotted and a large flock of Red-billed Chough were seen. Parking in the main village car park, we made our way to the Visitor Centre to buy maps and to collect our National Park permits. *Saxifraga granulata* (Meadow Saxifrage) was noted covering a wall, and a few Serins were seen.

We now made our way some 14 km to the Garganta Verde, the location of our first walk. This is renowned as the largest nesting colony of Griffon Vulture in Europe. Owing to the unfavourable weather, not too many of these majestic birds were present and, in these circumstances, we were quite fortunate to see a bird sitting on a ledge and a few in the air, struggling with the lack of thermal currents. However, the lack of Vultures was compensated by two separate groups of Spanish Ibex. These normally shy creatures were seen browsing on vegetation, whilst young ones played chase me. Plants here included *Ophrys fusca* (Sombre Bee Orchid), *Ophrys tentredinifera* (Sawfly Orchid), *Chamaerops humilis* (Dwarf Fan Palm) and *Clematis cirrhosa* (Maiden's Bower). Black Redstarts were also fairly numerous, and Sardinian Warbler was heard.

We now drove the short distance From the Garganta Verde to the car park at the start of our afternoon walk at the Sierra del Pinar. Before setting off we had our picnic as the rain began to fall. After lunch, we set off up the path towards a ridge. Just after leaving the car park, we found *Ophrys fusca* (Sombre Bee Orchid), and the young leaves of *Ptilostemon hispanicus* (a Thistle). The path rose through *Pinus pinaster* (Maritime Pine) forest, mixed with *Quercus* species (Oaks) and *Juniperus* species (Juniper). After about a kilometre and a half, we emerged from the forest onto an open saddle, with splendid views in all directions, when the fast moving clouds permitted. Exploration of an area of broken limestone boulders, adjacent to the path, revealed *Narcissus assoanus* (Rush-leaved Jonquil) in bud and the diminutive, yellow *Viola demetria*. Looking along the northern side of the ridge, towards the Cerro de San Cristobel, we were able to see one of only two relic remnants of *Abies pinsapo* (Spanish Fir) forest. On our descent, we stopped look at a small pool which contained Newt tadpoles, and we also found the emerging spikes of *Orchis olbiensis* (an Early Purple Orchid). Rejoining our vehicle, we set off back towards Ronda in time for dinner.

## Day 3

## Friday 11th March

Weather: Rain and drizzle

We travelled in the opposite direction today, towards the village of El Burgo. Just after we crossed the 'Puerto del Viento' we stopped to see *Iris planifolia* (Broad-leaved Iris). A large flock of Spotless Starlings were seen on a nearby overhead line. We drove on through El Burgo and took the road to Ardales, breaking the journey with a second stop to examine a very floristic bank. *Rhamnus alaternus* (Mediterranean Buckthorn), *Narcissus assoanus*, *Prunus dulcis* (Almond) and *Ophrys fusca* (Sombre Bee Orchid), were all found.

Continuing on towards Ardales, we took the road along the eastern shore of the Embalse del Conde de Guadalhorce Lake. Our objective was the 'Mirador' where three lakes meet, where we parked. An exploration the *Pinus halepensis* (Aleppo Pine) woodland revealed *Orchis italica* (Naked Man Orchid), *Orchis collina* (Fan-lipped Orchid), *Narcissus cantabrica* (White Hooped Petticoat Daffodil), *Fritillaria lusitanica* (Portuguese Fritillary), *Orchis anthropophora* (Man Orchid) and *Aristolochia baetica* (Birthwort). Birds were once again, hard to detect due to the weather, but we did hear a distant Great Tit!

After our picnic lunch, we walked down the track back towards the road, adding *Polygala rupestris* (Rock Milkwort), *Chaenorhinum villosum*, *Dipcardi serotina* (Brown Bluebell), *Juniperus phoenicea* (Phoenician Juniper), *Rupicapnos africana* and *Lithodora prostrata* subsp. *lusitanica* (a Gromwell). By now, the rain had become particularly heavy, so we began our homeward journey with coffee at the little café by El Chorro railway station. Before heading back towards Ronda, we found *Echium plantagineum* (Purple Viper's-bugloss), *Mercurialis annua* (Annual Mercury) and *Andryala integrifolia*.

We retraced our route back via El Burgo and made our way to a track on the outskirts of Ronda, our last stop of the day. Exploration of the verges and banks revealed *Orchis collina* (Fan-lipped Orchid), *Nicotiana glauca* (Shrub Tobacco), *Cynoglossum chierifolium* (a Hounds-tongue), *Calycotome villosa* (Spiny Broom) and *Antirrhinum barrelieri* (a Snapdragon). It was now time to return to the Finca to prepare for dinner.

## Day 4

Saturday 12th March

Weather: Cloudy at first, some rain and some sun later

After breakfast, we headed off in a south easterly direction and into the Sierra de las Nieves National Park. Our objective was the Los Quejigales recreation area, situated some seven kilometres from the road. The park road took us, initially, through *Quercus* woodland with shrubby scrub below, then on up through a mixture of *Pinus halepensis* and *Pinus pinaster* woodland, before emerging above the tree line into a karst limestone area. It was in this latter habitat that we made our first stop to check out a colony of *Narcissus assoanus* (Rush-leaved Jonquil) with *Paronychia capitata* (Paronychia), and emerging *Orchis olbiensis* (an Early Purple Orchid).

Our second stop in similar habitat was made to see *Narcissus bugei* (Long-spathed Daffodil). This was growing on a damp slope, where we also found *Helleborus foetidus* (Stinking Hellebore), *Jonopsidium prolongoi* (False Candytuft), and *Crataegus monogyna* (Hawthorn), each of which supported a good colony of *Viscum cruciatum* (Red-berried Mistletoe). At this same point, we also had a distant view of Alpine Accentor and close views of a single Common Crossbill.

From here, we continued on to Los Quejigales. After parking, we set off up the path towards the region's second relic population of *Abies pinsapo* (Spanish Fir), passing good numbers of *Ranunculus ficaria* subsp. *ficariformis* (Lesser Celandine). Passing through more mixed pine forest, as we went, we recorded Great Tits and Wrens, both of which were very much in evidence. As we continued, the pine began to thin out making way for shrubs such as *Ulex parviflorus* (Small-flowered Gorse), *Daphne gnidium* (Mediterranean Daphne), *Daphne laureola* (Spurge Laurel) and *Berberis hispanicus* (Spanish Barberry). We also began to find young *Abies pinsapo*. It was not too long before we reached some of the more ancient and noble specimens. Growing below them we also found *Lavandula lanata* (Felted Lavender), a local endemic. Coal Tit was also recorded.

After our picnic lunch, we made our way into the Moorish influenced town of Ronda for the afternoon. As we were leaving the National Park, we stopped to watch a Short-toed Eagle, a Sparrowhawk, a pair of Ravens and a Northern Wheatear. After we had parked in Ronda, we walked along the cliff edge walkway where we recorded Rock Thrush, and a good number of Chough. *Moricandia moricandioides* (Moricandia) and *Ailanthus altissima* (Tree of Heaven) were seen clinging to the cliff edge. After spending some free time exploring Ronda, we made our way back to base for dinner.

## Day 5

Sunday 13th March

Weather: Dry and cloudy with some sun, rain later

Leaving Finca de Guzman, we took the road towards Campillos. Swallows and a good number of Corn Buntings were seen as we went. When we reached the small village of Teba, we turned east and stopped to explore a cutting and river gorge at Tajo del Molino. The roadside had a number of clumps of the white *Antirrhinum graniticum* (a Snapdragon), *Erodium gruinum* (Long-beaked Stork's-bill) and *Geranium rotundifolium* (Round-leaved Crane's-bill). In the gorge we saw a skittish group of Rock Doves and a good number of Red-billed Chough. The highlight however, was a steady stream of raptors. Short-toed Eagles were the most numerous with seven. There was a single Bonelli's Eagle and a Sparrowhawk. These birds were probably moving north following the recent bad weather.

Moving on towards Antequera, via Campillos, we passed a small lagoon in a field. Here we saw a pair of Gull-billed Terns and a flock of feeding Black-winged Stilts. Moving on we passed a second of these temporary pools with a large flock of Greater Flamingo feeding. Passing through Antequera, we made our way up to the summit of El Torcal, the highest point in the El Torcal de Antequera National Park, and parked by the visitor centre. We immediately took our picnic lunch among the spectacular limestone outcrops and boulders. *Himantoglossum robertianum* (Giant Orchid) was present here. After lunch we walked one of the circular tracks finding *Euphorbia characias subsp. characias* (Mediterranean Spurge), *Ruscus aculeatus* (Butchers Broom) and the beautiful *Linaria anticaria* (Toadflax), a local endemic. Black Redstarts and Rock Bunting were also seen.

We made the return journey via Alora, where we stopped to check out the River Guadalhorce for wildlife. Unfortunately, the river was somewhat swollen from recent rain, and the normally plant rich gravels were submerged. Nevertheless, we did find *Stellaria neglecta* (Greater Chickweed), *Reseda alba* (White Mignonette) and *Allium ampeloprasum* (Wild Leek). The birdlife comprised, Common Sandpiper, Mallard, Cormorant and Little Egret. We now made our way back Ronda, in time for dinner.

## Day 6

Monday 14th March

Weather: Wet, with occasional dry periods

After breakfast, we again left the hotel to a chorus of House Sparrows with a little Serin for good measure. Today, we made our way out of Ronda on the Seville road, turning off towards Benaolan and Montejaque. Our objective was the famous Cueva de la Pileta. This cave is the only site where you can still see original wall paintings. All of the group visited the cave and marvelled at its subterranean splendour. When they emerged, Booted Eagle and a solitary Alpine Swift were seen for the first time on the trip. Just outside the cave entrance, we found *Jasminum fruticans* (Yellow Jasmine), *Linaria platycalyx* (a Snapdragon) and *Anogramma leptophylla* (Jersey Fern) growing by the path.

From here we moved on to the small town of Montejaque, making our way up to the 'Hidden Valley' in the Sierra de Montalata. Stonechat, Rock Bunting and a Griffon Vultures were seen. This valley has some special plants, and Paul pointed out *Ornithogalum reverchonii* (a Star of Bethlehem), *Narcissus cuatrecasasii* (Rock Jonquil), *Saxifraga bourgaeana* and *Linaria tristis* (a Snapdragon).

Leaving the Hidden Valley, we sent off north from the village of Montejaque, stopping by a failed hydro dam system at Cerro Tavizna, where we saw Griffon Vultures struggling to gain altitude owing to lack of thermals. Plants included *Orchis albiensis* (an Early Purple Orchid), *Linaria aeruginea* (Toadflax) and *Vinca difformis* (Periwinkle). A little further along the road, we stopped to explore a scrubby area by a corn field. Here we found a good colony of *Himantoglossum robertianum* (Giant Orchid) [including a white form], *Ophrys fusca* (Sombre Bee Orchid) and *Sanguisorba minor agg.* (Salad Burnet).

We now made our way back to Ronda and back out onto the road Road to El Burgo, to the area around Cerro del Viento. Here we were entertained to an arial display by a flock of Red-billed Choughs. Around our feet we found *Iris panifolius* (Broad-leaved Iris), *Urtica membranacea* (Mediterranean Nettle) and the diminutive *Viola demetria*, as well as tightly budded *Paeonia broteroi* (Peony).

## Day 7

Tuesday 15th March

Weather: Cloudy for much of the day, with some sunny periods

Following a leisurely breakfast, we set off in the direction of Montejaque, to revisit the Hidden Valley, in order to photograph some of the plants we had seen the previous day, when it was too wet for photography. From here, we moved on to Grazelama, parking under the cliffs on the outskirts of the village. The cliffs held a number of special plants including *Centaurea clementei* (an endemic Knapweed), *Hesperis laciniatus* (Cut-leaved Dame's-violet) and *Biscutella frutescens* (Perennial Buckler-mustard). We continued on, exploring the boulder-strewn fields and wet roadside, finding *Cerintho major* (Honeywort), *Ophrys tenthredinifera* (Sawfly Orchid), *Ophrys bombyliflora* (Bumblebee Orchid) and *Narcissus paperaceus* (Paper-white Daffodil). Birds included, Black Wheatear, Whinchat, Rock Bunting, Chough and Blue Rock Thrush.

Returning to our vehicle, we now drove on through Grazelama towards Zahara, passing over the Puerto de las Palomas (the Pass of the Doves), where we paused to enjoy the view, before continuing on to a Mirador (viewpoint), overlooking the Garganta Verde, where we stopped for our picnic. Around the Mirador, we found *Romulea bulbocodium* (Sand Crocus), *Astragalus lusitanicus* (a Milk Vetch) and *Fritillaria lusitanica* (Portuguese Fritillary).

We now moved on down past the village of Zahara in order to explore the banks of the Embalse de Zahara-El-Gastor. Here we began to examine the ancient olive groves. Thekla Lark and Great Crested Grebe were both seen. *Arisarum vulgare* (Friar's Cowl) and *Ophrys lutea* (Yellow Bee Orchid), *Solanum herculeum* and *Himantoglossum robertianum* (Giant Orchid) were all recorded.

We completed the day by visiting Zahara for refreshments. Here, we also found *Erodium tordylioides* (a Stork's-bill), *Linaria platycalyx* and *Rupicapnos africana*, as well as seeing Lesser Kestrel, Short-toed Eagle and Booted Eagle. It was now time to make our way back to Ronda in time to pack before dinner.

## Day 8

Wednesday 16th March

Weather: Dry, warm and sunny

After breakfast, and before we departed to Malaga airport, we took time to explore the area around the Finca, finding *Muscari neglectum* (Grape Hyacinth) and *Erodium moschatum* (Musk Stork's-bill). We also saw Serin, Hoopoe and Spotless Starling.

It was now time to say our farewells to Peter, thanking him for a wonderful stay in this beautiful area. We arrived in Malaga in good time for our various flights back to the UK.

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## Species Lists

### Plants

Scientific name	Common name	Location
<b>PTERIDOPHYTES</b>	<b>Ferns and Allies</b>	
<b>Selaginellaceae</b>	<b>Lesser Clubmoss Family</b>	
<i>Selaginella denticulata</i>	Mediterranean Clubmoss	Near El Chorro
<b>Equisetaceae</b>	<b>Horsetail Family</b>	
<i>Equisetum arvense</i>	Field Horsetail	Grazalema
<b>Adiantaceae</b>	<b>Maidenhair Ferns</b>	
<i>Anogramma leptophylla</i>	Jersey Fern	Curva de la Pileata
<i>Cheilanthes pteridioides</i>	Resurrection Fern	Near El Chorro
<b>Aspleniaceae</b>	<b>Spleenwort Family</b>	
<i>Asplenium trichomanes</i>	Maidenhair Spleenwort	El Torcal
<i>Ceterach officinarum</i>	Rusty-back	Sierra del Pinar
<b>Polypodiaceae</b>	<b>Polypody Family</b>	
<i>Polypodium cambricum</i>	Southern Polypody	Grazalema
<b>PINOPSIDA</b>	<b>Conifers &amp; Allies</b>	
<b>Cupressaceae</b>	<b>Juniper Family</b>	
<i>Cupressus macrocarpa</i>	Monterey Cypress	Planted
<i>Cupressus sempervirens</i>	Italian Cypress	Probably Planted
<i>Juniperus communis</i>	Juniper	N of Grazalema
<i>Juniperus phoenicea subsp. phoenicea</i>	Phoenician Juniper	Gargante Verde
<b>Pinaceae</b>	<b>Pine Family</b>	
<i>Abies pinsapo</i>	Spanish Fir	Sierra de las Nieves
<i>Cedrus deodar</i>	Deodar Cedar	Planted
<i>Pinus halepensis</i>	Aleppo Pine	Sierra del Pinar
<i>Pinus pinea</i>	Stone or Umbrella Pine	Near Ronda
<i>Pinus pinaster</i>	Maritime Pine	Sierra del Pinar
<b>MAGNOLIOPSIDA</b>	<b>Flowering Plants</b>	
	<b>Magnoliidae (Dicotyledons)</b>	
<b>Acanthaceae</b>	<b>Bear's-breech Family</b>	
<i>Acanthus mollis</i>	Bear's-breech	El Chorro
<b>Anacardiaceae</b>	<b>Sumach Family</b>	
<i>Pistacia lentiscus</i>	Mastic Tree	Gargante Verde
<b>Apiaceae</b>	<b>Carrot Family</b>	
<i>Bupleurum fruticosum</i>	Shrubby Hare's-ear	Near El Chorro
<i>Bupleurum spinosum</i>	-	Sierra del Pinar
<i>Ferula communis</i>	Giant Fennel	El Chorro



Scientific name	Common name	Location
<i>Foeniculum vulgare</i>	Fennel	Roadsides
<i>Scandix pecten-veneris</i>	Shepherd's Needle	Tajo del Molino
<i>Smyrniolus olusatrum</i>	Alexanders	Near Ronda
<i>Thapsia garganica (leaves only)</i>	Thapsia	Near El Chorro
<b>Apocynaceae</b>	<b>Periwinkle Family</b>	
<i>Nerium oleander</i>	Oleander	Roadsides
<i>Vinca difformis</i>	Periwinkle	Common
<b>Araliaceae</b>	<b>Ivy Family</b>	
<i>Hedera helix</i>	Ivy	Sierra de las Nieves
<b>Aristolochiaceae</b>	<b>Birthwort Family</b>	
<i>Aristolochia bætica</i>	A Birthwort	Near El Chorro
<b>Asteraceae</b>	<b>Daisy Family</b>	
<i>Andryala integrifolia</i>	Andryala	El Chorro
<i>Bellis perennis</i>	Daisy	Below Grazalema
<i>Bellis sylvatica</i>	Southern Daisy	Gargante Verde
<i>Calendula arvensis</i>	Wild Marigold	Gargante Verde
<i>Carduus pycnocephalus</i>	Plymouth Thistle	Embalse de Zahara-El-Gastor
<i>Carlina corymbosa (in fruit)</i>	Flat-topped Carlina Thistle	Gargante Verde
<i>Centaurea clementei</i>	Clemente's Knapweed	Grazalema
<i>Centaurea pullata</i>	-	Sierra del Pinar
<i>Cynara cardunculus</i>	Cardoon	Sierra del Pinar
<i>Galactites tomentosa</i>	Galactites	Common
<i>Glebionis coronarium</i>	Crown Daisy	Pizzara
<i>Glebionis coronarium var. discolor</i>	Crown Daisy	El Chorro
<i>Glebionis segetum</i>	Corn Marigold	Tajo del Molino
<i>Hyoseris radiata</i>	-	Ronda
<i>Phagnalon saxatile</i>	-	El Chorro
<i>Ptilostemon hispanica*</i>	Spanish Thistle	Sierra del Pinar
<i>Reichardia tingitana</i>	-	Tajo del Molino
<i>Senecio nevadensis</i>	a Ragwort	Cerro Tavizna
<i>Senecio vulgare</i>	Groundsel	Gargante Verde
<i>Silybum marianum</i>	Milk Thistle	Common
<i>Sonchus asper</i>	Prickly Sow-thistle	Pizzara
<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	Smooth Sow-thistle	Ronda
<i>Urospermum picroides</i>	-	Tajo del Molino
<i>Xanthium spinosum</i>	Spiny Cocklebur	Pizzara
<b>Berberidaceae</b>	<b>Barberry Family</b>	
<i>Berberis hispanica</i>	Spanish Barberry	Sierra de las Nieves
<b>Bignoniaceae</b>	<b>Bignonia Family</b>	
<i>Catalpa bignonioides</i>	Indian Bean Tree	Planted
<b>Boraginaceae</b>	<b>Forget-me-not Family</b>	
<i>Borago officinalis</i>	Borage	Ronda
<i>Cerintho major</i>	Honeywort	Below Grazalema
<i>Cynoglossum cheirifolium</i>	-	Near El Chorro



Scientific name	Common name	Location
<i>Echium boissieri</i> (in fruit)	Boissier's Viper's Buglos	Sierra de las Nieves
<i>Echium plantagineum</i>	Purple Viper's Buglos	El Chorro
<i>Lithodora prostrata</i> subsp. <i>lusitanica</i>	a Gromwell	Near El Chorro
<i>Nonea viscaria</i>	Nonea	Tajo del Molino
<b>Brassicaceae</b>	<b>Cabbage Family</b>	
<i>Biscutella baetica</i>	Andaluz Buckler Mustard	Sierra de las Nieves
<i>Biscutella frutescens</i>	-	Below Grazalema
<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>	Shepherd's Purse	Finca la Guzmaná
<i>Cardamine hirsuta</i>	Hairy Bitter-cress	
<i>Clypeola jonthlaspi</i>	Clypeola	Gargante Verde
<i>Draba hispanica</i> (leaves)	-	Sierra del Pinar
<i>Eruca sativa</i>	Eruca	Common
<i>Erysimum cheiri</i>	Wallflower	Grazalema
<i>Hesperis laciniatus</i>	Cut-leaved Dame's Violet	Below Grazalema
<i>Hornungia petraea</i>	Hutchinsia	Sierra del Pinar
<i>Iberis sempervirens</i>	Candytuft	Near El Chorro
<i>Jonopsidium prolongoi</i>	False Candytuft	Sierra de las Nieves
<i>Lobularia maritima</i>	Sweet Alison	Near El Chorro
<i>Moricandia moricandioides</i>	Purple Cabbage	Ronda
<i>Rorippa nasturtium-aquaticum</i>	Watercress	Alora
<i>Sinapis alba</i>	White Mustard	Zahara
<i>Sinapis arvensis</i>	Charlock	Ronda
<b>Cactaceae</b>	<b>Cactus Family</b>	
<i>Opuntia ficus-indica</i>	Barbary Fig or Prickly Pear	Naturalised
<b>Campanulaceae</b>	<b>Bellflower Family</b>	
<i>Campanula mollis</i>	-	Zahara
<b>Caprifoliaceae</b>	<b>Honeysuckle Family</b>	
<i>Lonicera arborea</i>	Tree Honeysuckle	Sierra de las Nieves
<i>Viburnum tinus</i>	Laurustinus	Near El Burgo
<b>Caryophyllaceae</b>	<b>Pink Family</b>	
<i>Arenaria montana</i> subsp. <i>intricata</i>		Embalse de Zahara-El-Gastor
<i>Cerastium glomeratum</i>	Sticky Mouse-ear	Embalse de Zahara-El-Gastor
<i>Paronychia capitata</i>	Paronychia	Sierra de las Nieves
<i>Silene colorata</i>	-	Near El Chorro
<i>Silene gallica</i>	Small-flowered Catchfly	Pizarra
<i>Stellaria media</i>	Chickweed	Grazalema
<i>Stellaria neglecta</i>		Pizarra
<b>Cistaceae</b>	<b>Rock-rose Family</b>	
<i>Cistus albidus</i>	Grey-leaved Cistus	Sierra del Pinar
<i>Cistus ladanifer</i>	Gum Cistus	Near Grazalema
<i>Cistus salvifolius</i>	Sage-leaved Cistus	Near El Chorro
<i>Helianthemum nummularium</i>	Common Rockrose	Near El Chorro
<i>Helianthemum origanifolium</i>	Marjoram-leaved Rock-rose	Gargante Verde

Scientific name	Common name	Location
<b>Convolvulaceae</b>	<b>Bindweed Family</b>	
<i>Convolvulus althaeoides</i>	Mallow-leaved Bindweed	Pizarra
<i>Cuscuta epithymum</i>	Dodder	El Chorro
<b>Crassulaceae</b>	<b>Stonecrop Family</b>	
<i>Mucizonia hispida</i>	Mucizonia	Zahara
<i>Sedum brevifolium</i>	Short-leaved Stonecrop	Near El Chorro
<i>Sedum dasyphyllum</i>	Fat-leaved Stonecrop	Gargante Verde
<i>Sedum sediforme</i>	Large Stonecrop	Common on Rocks
<i>Umbilicus rupestris</i>	Navelwort	Gargante Verde
<b>Cucurbitaceae</b>	<b>White Bryony Family</b>	
<i>Bryonia cretica</i>	White Bryony	Curva de la Pileata
<i>Ecballium elaterium</i>	Squirting Cucumber	Pizarra
<b>Euphorbiaceae</b>	<b>Spurge Family</b>	
<i>Euphorbia characias</i> subsp. <i>characias</i>	Large Mediterranean Spurge	El Torcal
<i>Euphorbia exigua</i>	Dwarf Spurge	Near El Chorro
<i>Euphorbia helioscopia</i>	Sun Spurge	Gargante Verde
<i>Euphorbia nicaeensis</i>	-	Roadsides
<i>Mercurialis annua</i>	Annual Mercury	El Chorro
<i>Ricinus communis</i>	Castor Oil Plant	El Chorro
<b>Fabaceae</b>	<b>Pea Family</b>	
<i>Anagyris foetida</i>	Bean Trefoil	Below Grazalema
<i>Anthyllis cystoides</i>	Shrubby Kidney Vetch	El Chorro
<i>Anthyllis tetraphylla</i>	Bladder Vetch	Tajo del Molino
<i>Anthyllis vulneraria</i> subsp. <i>maura</i>	Mediterranean Kidney Vetch	Near El Chorro
<i>Astragalus lusitanicus</i>	-	Above Grazalema
<i>Bitumaria bituminosa</i>	Pitch Trefoil	Tajo del Molino
<i>Calycotome villosa</i>	-	West of Ronda
<i>Ceratonia siliqua</i>	Carob	Gargante Verde
<i>Lathyrus clymenum</i>	-	Pizarra
<i>Lathyrus sphaericus</i>	-	Alhaurin de la Torre
<i>Lathyrus tingitanus</i>	-	Verge in Ronda
<i>Lygos monosperma</i>	White Broom	Sierra del Pinar
<i>Medicago arabica</i>	Spotted Medick	Grazalema
<i>Scorpiurus muricatus</i>	Spiny Scorpion-vetch	Pizarra
<i>Spartium junceum</i>	Spanish Broom	Common on Roadsides
<i>Ulex parviflorus</i>	Small-flowered Gorse	Common
<i>Vicia faba</i>	Broad Bean	Cultivated only
<i>Vicia sativa</i> subsp. <i>sativa</i>	Fodder Vetch	Pizarra
<b>Fagaceae</b>	<b>Oak &amp; Beech Family</b>	
<i>Quercus coccifera</i>	Kermes Oak	Sierra del Pinar
<i>Quercus faginea</i>	-	
<i>Quercus ilex</i>	Holm Oak	Sierra del Pinar
<i>Quercus suber</i>	Cork Oak	S.E. of Ronda
<b>Fumariaceae</b>	<b>Fumitory Family</b>	
<i>Fumaria muralis</i>	-	West of Ronda

Scientific name	Common name	Location
<i>Fumaria officinalis</i>	Common Fumitory	Gargante Verde
<i>Platycapnos spicatum</i>	-	Tajo del Molino
<i>Rupicapnos africana</i>	-	Near El Chorro
<b>Geraniaceae</b>	<b>Geranium Family</b>	
<i>Erodium cicutarium</i>	Common Stork's-bill	Gargante Verde
<i>Erodium gruinum</i>	Long-beaked Stork's-bill	Tajo del Molino
<i>Erodium malacoides</i>	Mallow-leaved Stork's-bill	El Chorro
<i>Erodium moschatum</i>	Musk Stork's-bill	Finca la Guzmaná
<i>Erodium tordylioides</i>	-	Zahara
<i>Geranium lucidum</i>	Shining Crane's-bill	Gargante Verde
<i>Geranium purpureum</i>	Little Robin	Gargante Verde
<i>Geranium rotundifolium</i>	Round-leaved Crane's-bill	Tajo del Molino
<b>Lamiaceae</b>	<b>Dead-nettle Family</b>	
<i>Ballota pseudodictamnus (leaves)</i>	Garden Horehound	Gargante Verde
<i>Lamium amplexicaule</i>	Henbit Deadnettle	Near Montejaque
<i>Lavandula lanata*</i>	Woolly lavender	Sierra de las Nieves
<i>Lavandula multifida</i>	Cut-leaved Lavender	El Chorro
<i>Lavandula stoechas subsp. stoechas</i>	French Lavender	Near El Chorro
<i>Phlomis purpurea (leaves)</i>	Purple Phlomis	Gargante Verde
<i>Rosmarinus officinalis</i>	Rosemary	Near El Chorro
<i>Salvia verbenaca</i>	Wild Clary	Gargante Verde
<i>Stachys oxymastrum</i>	Hairy Woundwort	Pizarra
<i>Teucrium polium</i>	Felty Germander	Near El Chorro
<i>Thymus capitatus</i>	Capitate Thyme	Sierra del Pinar
<b>Lauraceae</b>	<b>Laurel Family</b>	
<i>Laurus nobilis</i>	Bay	El Torcal
<b>Loranthaceae</b>	<b>Mistletoe Family</b>	
<i>Viscum cruciatum</i>	Red-berried Mistletoe	Sierra de las Nieves
<b>Malvaceae</b>	<b>Mallow Family</b>	
<i>Malva sylvestris</i>	Common Mallow	Gargante Verde
<b>Moraceae</b>	<b>Fig Family</b>	
<i>Ficus carica</i>	Fig	El Chorro
<b>Myrtaceae</b>	<b>Myrtle &amp; Gum Family</b>	
<i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i>	River Red Gum	Planted
<i>Eucalyptus globosus</i>	Tasmanian Blue Gum	Planted
<i>Eucalyptus robusta</i>	Iron Bark	Planted
<i>Myrtis communis</i>	Myrtle	Gargante Verde
<b>Oleaceae</b>	<b>Olive Family</b>	
<i>Fraxinus angustifolia</i>	Narrow-leaved Ash	North of El Burgo
<i>Jasminum fruticans</i>	Jasmine	Cueva de la Pileta
<i>Olea europaea</i>	Olive	Common

Scientific name	Common name	Location
<b>Oxalidaceae</b>	<b>Wood-sorrel Family</b>	
<i>Oxalis pes-caprae</i>	Bermuda Buttercup	Very Common
<b>Papaveraceae</b>	<b>Poppy Family</b>	
<i>Papaver rhœas</i>	Common Poppy	Ronda
<b>Paeoniaceae</b>		
<i>Paeonia broteroi</i> (leaves)	a Peony	Near El Burgo
<i>Paeonia coriacia</i> (leaves)	a Peony	Hidden Valley
<b>Plantaginaceae</b>	<b>Plantain Family</b>	
<i>Plantago arenaria</i>	Branched Plantain	Pizarra
<i>Plantago lagopus</i>	Hare's-tail Plantain	Tajo del Molino
<i>Plantago lanceolata</i>	Ribwort Plantain	Finca la Guzmaná
<b>Polygalaceae</b>	<b>Milkwort Family</b>	
<i>Polygala rupestris</i>	Rock Milkwort	Near El Chorro
<b>Polygonaceae</b>	<b>Dock Family</b>	
<i>Rumex scutatus</i>	French Sorrel	Tajo del Molino
<b>Primulaceae</b>	<b>Primrose Family</b>	
<i>Anagallis arvensis</i>	Scarlet Pimpernel	Tajo del Molino
<b>Punicaceae</b>	<b>Pomegranate Family</b>	
<i>Punica granatum</i>	Pomegranate	Below Grazalema
<b>Ranunculaceae</b>	<b>Buttercup Family</b>	
<i>Anemone palmata</i>	Yellow Anemone	Near El Chorro
<i>Clematis cirrhosa</i>	Virgin's Bower	Gargante Verde
<i>Helleborus foetidus</i>	Stinking Hellebore	Sierra de las Nieves
<i>Ranunculus ficaria</i> subsp. <i>ficariformis</i>	Lesser Celandine	Sierra de las Nieves
<i>Ranunculus spicatus</i> subsp. <i>blepharicarpos</i>	a Buttercup	El Burgo
<b>Resedaceae</b>	<b>Mignonette Family</b>	
<i>Reseda alba</i>	White Mignonette	El Chorro
<i>Reseda lutea</i>	Mignonette	Tajo del Molino
<i>Reseda luteola</i>	Weld	Benaolan
<i>Reseda phyteuma</i>	Corn Mignonette	West of Ronda
<i>Reseda suffruticosa</i>	a Mignonette	Near El Chorro
<b>Rhamnaceae</b>	<b>Buckthorn Family</b>	
<i>Rhamnus alaternus</i>	Mediterranean Buckthorn	Near El Burgo
<b>Rosaceae</b>	<b>Rose Family</b>	
<i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	Hawthorn	Sierra de las Nieves
<i>Prunus dulcis</i>	Almond	Near El Burgo
<i>Prunus prostratus</i>	Prostrate Plum	Sierra del Pinar
<i>Prunus spinosa</i>	Blackthorn	Roadsides
<i>Rubus fruticosus</i> agg.	Bramble	Alhaurin de la Torre
<i>Sanguisorba minor</i> subsp. <i>minor</i>	Salad Burnet	Cerro Tavizna

Scientific name	Common name	Location
<b>Rubiaceae</b>	<b>Bedstraw Family</b>	
<i>Galium aparine</i>	a Bedstraw	Common
<i>Putoria calabrica (leaves)</i>	Putoria	Sierra del Pinar
<i>Rubia peregrina</i>	Wild Madder	Gargante Verde
<i>Sherardia arvensis</i>	Field Madder	Finca la Guzmaná
<b>Rutaceae</b>	<b>Rue Family</b>	
<i>Citrus limon</i>	Lemon	Planted
<i>Citrus sinensis</i>	Orange	Planted
<i>Citrus aurantium</i>	Bitter Orange	Planted
<b>Saxifragaceae</b>	<b>Saxifrage Family</b>	
<i>Saxifraga bourgaeana</i>	-	Hidden Valley
<i>Saxifraga granulata</i>	Meadow Saxifrage	Grazalema
<b>Santalaceae</b>	<b>Sandalwood Family</b>	
<i>Osyris alba</i>	Osyris	Grazalema
<b>Scrophulariaceae</b>	<b>Figwort Family</b>	
<i>Antirrhinum barrelieri</i>	a Snapdragon	Frequent
<i>Antirrhinum graniticum</i>	a Snapdragon	Tajo del Molino
<i>Chaenorhinum villosum</i>	-	Near El Chorro
<i>Cymbalaria muralis</i>	Ivy-leaved Toadflax	Ronda
<i>Linaria aeruginea</i> *	a Toadflax	Cerro Tavizna
<i>Linaria anticaria</i> *	a Toadflax	El Torcal
<i>Linaria platycalyx</i> *	a Toadflax	Curva de la Pileata
<i>Linaria tristis</i>	a Toadflax	Hidden Valley
<i>Scrophularia canina</i>	Dog Figwort	West of Ronda
<i>Scrophularia sambucifolia</i>	Elder-leaved Figwort	Below Grazalema
<i>Verbascum sinuatum</i>	a Mullein	West of Ronda
<b>Solanaceae</b>	<b>Nightshade Family</b>	
<i>Nicotiana glauca</i>	Shrub Tobacco	Ardales
<i>Solanum herculeum</i>	-	Embalse de Zahara-El-Gastor
<b>Thymelaeaceae</b>	<b>Daphne Family</b>	
<i>Daphne gnidium (leaves)</i>	Mediterranean Mezereon	Sierra de las Nieves
<i>Daphne laureola</i>	Spurge Laurel	Sierra de las Nieves
<b>Ulmaceae</b>	<b>Elm Family</b>	
<i>Ulmus minor agg</i>	Small-leaved Elm	Roadsides
<b>Urticaceae</b>	<b>Nettle Family</b>	
<i>Parietaria judaica</i>	Pellitory-on-the-wall	Ronda
<i>Parietaria officinalis</i>	Large Pellitory-of-the-wall	Grazalema
<i>Urtica membranacea</i>	Mediterranean Nettle	N of Ronda
<i>Urtica urens</i>	Small Nettle	Finca la Guzmaná
<b>Valerianaceae</b>	<b>Valerian Family</b>	
<i>Fedia cornucopiae</i>	Fedia	Gargante Verde

Scientific name	Common name	Location
<b>Violaceae</b>	<b>Violet Family</b>	
<i>Viola demetria</i>	-	Sierra del Pinar
<b>Liliidae (Monocotyledons)</b>		
<b>Agavaceae</b>	<b>Century Plant Family</b>	
<i>Agave americana</i>	Century Plant	Planted
<b>Araceae</b>	<b>Arum Family</b>	
<i>Arisarum vulgare</i>	Friar's Cowl	Embalse de Zahara-El-Gastor
<i>Arum italicum</i>	Italian Arum	Gargante Verde
<b>Arecaceae</b>	<b>Palm Family</b>	
<i>Chamærops humilis</i>	Dwarf Fan Palm	Gargante Verde
<i>Phœnix dactylifera</i>	Date Palm	Planted
<i>Phœnix canariensis</i>	Canary Palm	Planted
<b>Iridaceae</b>	<b>Iris Family</b>	
<i>Iris foetidissima</i>	Stinking Iris	El Torcal
<i>Iris planifolia</i>	Broad-leaved Iris	North of Ronda
<i>Romulea bulbocodium</i>	Romulea	Above Gargante Verde
<b>Liliaceae</b>	<b>Lily Family</b>	
<i>Allium ampeloprasum</i>	Wild Leek	Finca la Guzmaná
<i>Allium neapolitanum</i>	Naples Garlic	Montejaque
<i>Allium triquetrum</i>	Three-cornered Leek	Below Grazalema
<i>Asparagus acutifolius</i>	Sharp-leaved Asparagus	Tajo del Molino
<i>Asparagus albus</i>	White-Stemmed Asparagus	West of Ronda
<i>Asphodelus aestivus</i>	Common Asphodel	Roadsides
<i>Asphodelus albus</i>	White Asphodel	Gargante Verde
<i>Asphodelus fistulosus</i>	Small Asphodel	Tajo del Molino
<i>Dipcadi serotinum</i>	Brown Bluebell	Near El Chorro
<i>Fritillaria lusitanica</i>	Portuguese Fritillary	Near El Chorro
<i>Gagea foliosa</i>	a Yellow Star of Bethlehem	Near El Chorro
<i>Hyacinthoides hispanica (leaves)</i>	Spanish Bluebell	El Torcal
<i>Muscari neglectum</i>	Grape Hyacinth	Near El Chorro
<i>Narcissus assoanus</i>	Rush-leaved Jonquil	Sierra de las Nieves
<i>Narcissus bugei</i>	A Daffodil	Sierra de las Nieves
<i>Narcissus cantabricus</i>	White Hooped-petticoat Daffodil	Near El Chorro
<i>Narcissus cuatrecasasii</i>	Rock Jonquil	Hidden Valley
<i>Narcissus paperaceus</i>	Paper White Daffodil	Below Grazalema
<i>Ornithogalum reverchonii*</i>	Star of Bethlehem	Hidden Valley
<i>O. orthophyllum subsp. baeticum</i>	Star of Bethlehem	Hidden Valley
<i>Ruscus aculeatus</i>	Butcher's Broom	El Torcal
<i>Smilax aspera</i>	Common Smilax	Gargante Verde
<i>Urginea maritima (leaves)</i>	Sea Squill	Gargante Verde
<b>Orchidaceae</b>	<b>Orchid Family</b>	
<i>Himantoglossum robertianum</i>	Giant Orchid	El Torcal
<i>Ophrys bombyliflora</i>	Bumble Bee Orchid	Below Grazalema

Scientific name	Common name	Location
<i>Ophrys fusca</i>	Sombre Bee Orchid	Gargante Verde
<i>Ophrys lutea</i>	Yellow Bee Orchid	Embalse de Zahara-El-Gastor
<i>Ophrys speculum</i>	Mirror Orchid	Near El Chorro
<i>Ophrys tenthredinifera</i>	Sawfly Orchid	Gargante Verde
<i>Orchis anthropophora</i>	Man Orchid	Near El Chorro
<i>Orchis collina</i>	Fan-lipped Orchid	Near El Burgo
<i>Orchis italica</i>	Naked Man Orchid	El Chorro
<i>Orchis olbiensis</i>	an Early Purple Orchid	Common in mountains
<i>Orchis papilionacea</i>	Pink Butterfly Orchid	Near El Chorro
<b>Poaceae</b>	<b>Grass Family</b>	
<i>Anisantha diandra</i>	Great Brome	Tajo del Molino
<i>Arundo donax</i>	Giant Reed	Common
<i>Avena barbata</i>	Bristle Oat	Tajo del Molino
<i>Avena sterilis</i>	Winter Wild Oat	Finca la Guzmaná
<i>Bromus rubens</i>	Red Brome	El Chorro
<i>Dactylis glomerata</i>	Cock's-foot	Zahara
<i>Hyparrhenia hirta</i>	-	Tajo del Molino
<i>Lagurus ovatus</i>	Hare's-tail Grass	Near El Chorro
<i>Lamarckia aurea</i>	Lamarck's Golden Grass	Zahara
<i>Phragmites australis</i>	Common Reed	Pizarra
<i>Poa annua</i>	Annual Meadow Grass	Finca la Guzmaná
<i>Stipa tenacissima</i>	-	El Chorro
<b>Typhaceae</b>	<b>Reedmace Family</b>	
<i>Typha latifolia</i>	Bulrush	Pizarra

## Fungi

	Common name	Scientific name	March								
			09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
1	Cage Fungus	<i>Clethra rubra</i>		✓							

## Birds (H = heard only LO = leader only)

	Common name	Scientific name	March							
			09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1	Mallard	<i>Anus platyrhynchos</i>					✓	✓		
2	Great Crested Grebe	<i>Podiceps cristatus</i>							✓	
3	Greater Flamingo	<i>Phoenicopterus roseus</i>					✓			
4	Western Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>		✓						
5	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>					✓			
6	Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>					✓			
7	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>					✓			
8	Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>					✓		✓	
9	Eurasian Griffon Vulture	<i>Gyps fulvus</i>		✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	
10	Short-toed Snake Eagle	<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>				✓	✓		✓	
11	Eurasian Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>				✓	✓			
12	Bonelli's Eagle	<i>Aquila fasciata</i>					✓			
13	Booted Eagle	<i>Hieraaetus pennatus</i>						✓	✓	
14	Lesser Kestrel	<i>Falco naumanni</i>							✓	
15	Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>	✓	✓			✓			



	Common name	Scientific name	March								
			09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
16	Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>							✓		
17	Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>						✓			
18	Eurasian Coot	<i>Fulicia atra</i>						✓			
19	Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>						✓			
20	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>						✓			
21	Black-headed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus ridibundus</i>						✓			
22	Yellow-legged Gull	<i>Larus michahellis</i>		✓	✓			✓			
23	Lesser black-backed Gull	<i>Larus fuscus</i>						✓			
24	Gull-billed Tern	<i>Gelochelidon nilotica</i>						✓			
25	Common Pigeon	<i>Columba livia 'feral'</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓	
26	Rock Dove	<i>Columba livia</i>						✓			
27	Common Wood Pigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>			✓						
28	Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
29	Common Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus canorus</i>			H						
30	Little Owl	<i>Athene noctua</i>						LO			
31	Alpine Swift	<i>Tachymarptis melba</i>							✓		
32	Eurasian Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>				✓	H	H			
33	Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>			✓					✓	
34	Red-billed Chough	<i>Pyrrhocorax pyrrhocorax</i>		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
35	Carrion Crow	<i>Corvus corone</i>			✓					✓	
36	Northern Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>				✓					
37	Coal Tit	<i>Parus ater</i>		H		✓					
38	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>		H	H	✓	✓	U	✓		
39	European Blue Tit	<i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>				H					
40	Crested Lark	<i>Galerida cristata</i>		✓		✓	✓	✓			
41	Thekla Lark	<i>Galerida theklae</i>							✓		
42	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
43	House Martin	<i>Delichon urbicum</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
44	Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Cercropis daurica</i>					✓				
45	Cetti's Warbler	<i>Cettia cetti</i>					✓				
46	Sardinian Warbler	<i>Sylvia melanocephala</i>		H					H		
47	Common Firecrest	<i>Regulus ignicapill</i>				H					
48	Eurasian Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>		✓		H	H			H	
49	Spotless Starling	<i>Sturnus unicolor</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
50	Common Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
51	Mistle Thrush	<i>Turdus viscivorus</i>		✓						✓	
52	European Robin	<i>Erithacus rubecula</i>			H	H	H				
53	Black Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>		✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	
54	Whinchat	<i>Saxicola rubetra</i>								✓	
55	European Stonechat	<i>Saxicola rubicola</i>					✓	✓	✓		
56	Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>				✓					
57	Black Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe leucura</i>								✓	
58	Common Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola saxatilis</i>				✓					
59	Blue Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola solitarius</i>							✓	✓	
60	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
61	Alpine Accentor	<i>Prunella collaris</i>				✓					
62	Dunnock	<i>Prunella modularis</i>		✓							
63	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
64	Water Pipit	<i>Anthus spinoletta</i>				✓					
65	Common Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	

	Common name	Scientific name	March							
			09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
66	European Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>		✓		✓	H	✓	✓	
67	European Greenfinch	<i>Carduelis chloris</i>					✓	✓	H	
68	Eurasian Siskin	<i>Carduelis spinus</i>							✓	
69	European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
70	Red Crossbill	<i>Loxia curvirostra</i>				✓				
71	Corn Bunting	<i>Emberiza calandra</i>		✓			✓		H	
72	Rock Bunting	<i>Emberiza cia</i>					✓	✓	✓	

**NB.** This species list follows the names, taxonomy and species order of the International Ornithological Congress (version 2.9 , July 2011)

## Butterflies

	Common name	Scientific name	March							
			09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	<b>Papilionidae</b>									
1	Spanish Festoon	<i>Zerynthia rumina</i>							✓	
	<b>Pieridae</b>									
2	Large White	<i>Pieris brassicae</i>				✓	✓			
	<b>Nymphalidae</b>									
3	Red Admiral	<i>Vanessa atalanta</i>							✓	

## Moths (B = Bivouac)

	Common name	Scientific name	March							
			09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1	Common Carpet	<i>Epirrhoe alternata</i>						✓	✓	
2	Pine Processionary Moth	<i>Thaumetopoea pityocampa</i>		B		B				

## Other Invertebrates

	Common name	Scientific name	March							
			09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1	Assassin Bug	<i>Rhinocoris sp.</i>				✓				
2	a Chafer	<i>Oxythera funesta</i>				✓				
3	'Rhino' Dung Beetle	<i>Copris lunaris</i>			✓	✓				
4	Ladybird	<i>Epilachna chrysomelina</i>							✓	

## Mammals

	Common name	Scientific name	March							
			09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1	Spanish Ibex	<i>Capra pyrenaica</i>		23						
2	Red Deer	<i>Cervus elaphus</i>							✓	
3	Brown Hare	<i>Lepus europaeus</i>					✓		✓	
4	Rabbit	<i>Oryctolagus cuniculatus</i>							✓	

## Amphibians &amp; Reptiles (T = Tadpoles)

	Common name	Scientific name	March							
			09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1	Newt sp.	<i>Salamandridae sp.</i>		T						
2	Common Frog	<i>Rana temporaria</i>					✓			
3	Moorish Gecko	<i>Tarentola mauritanica</i>	✓							

## Molluscs

	Common name	Scientific name	March							
			09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1	Great Grey Slug	<i>Limax maximus</i>					✓			

## Naturetrek Facebook

We are delighted to launch the Naturetrek Facebook page so that participants of Naturetrek tours can remain in touch after the holiday and share photos, comments and future travel plans.

Setting up a personal profile at [www.facebook.com](http://www.facebook.com) is quick, free and easy. The [Naturetrek Facebook page](#) is now live; do please pay us a visit!