

The Spanish Pyrenees

Naturetrek Tour Report

20 – 27 May 2018



Alpine Marmot, *Marmotta marmotta* by Richard Jones



Spurge Hawk Moth by Julian Venables



Spanish Swallowtail, *Iphiclides feisthamelii* by Ricard Jones



Ramonda myconi Pyrenean Violet by Julian Venables

Report compiled by Philip Thompson
Images courtesy of Richard Jones & Julian Venables



Naturetrek Mingledown Barn Wolf's Lane Chawton Alton Hampshire GU34 3HJ UK

T: +44 (0)1962 733051

E: info@naturetrek.co.uk

W: www.naturetrek.co.uk

Tour participants: Philip Thompson and Sergio Padura (leaders) with 12 Naturetrek clients

Day 1

Sunday 20th May

With our late afternoon arrival into Zaragoza we only had time to complete the formalities of collecting our minibus and driving direct to Berdun where our guesthouse accommodation lay. Once we had arrived and settled into our rooms we were soon sitting down to the first of many enjoyable evening meals. During our journey we had only been able to spot birds from the rapidly moving vehicle that included several raptors, storks and common farmland species.

Day 2

Monday 21st May

Our first day was spent exploring the local area beginning with a morning's walk down from the guesthouse to the River Veral. As we made our slow progress we spent time examining the plants, insects and birds we encountered. The local flora comprised numerous interesting and exciting species, a number of which were particularly attractive such as the aptly named Beautiful Flax *Linum narbonense* and Shrubby Restharrow *Ononis fruticans*. A number of orchids were found such as Lady Orchid *Orchis purpurea* and a range of Ophrys species. In the corner of a small arable field among the eroded badlands a couple of examples of the stunning Violet Horned Poppy *Roemeria hybrida* had produced their strikingly coloured flowers.

As we reached the river we left the main road and took a rather river eroded track that ran alongside through the alluvial gravelly soils. Here we encountered many more plants of a different nature around which several butterflies were seen mainly comprising Green-underside and Panoptes Blues. We were fortunate in picking out a singing Subalpine Warbler that, after moving around somewhat, eventually chose an exposed leafless tree, allowing the group to obtain an unobstructed view of this usually skulking species. During our time here we would periodically spot an overhead raptor or two that mainly comprised Griffon Vultures but also include both Red and Black Kites and Short-toed Snake and Booted Eagles. The deep blue flowered *Aphyllanthes monspeliensis* caught the group's attention followed by the equally intense blue of *Lithodora fruticosa*. Reaching the end of the path we retraced our steps back to the main dirt road to continue further, ultimately reaching a lush grassy meadow in which several species of orchid were found. Both *Ophrys apifera* and *lutea* were in full bloom, but we were disappointed by the young spikes of Lizard Orchid *Himantoglossum hircinum* being still some way off flowering. With the morning warming up our thoughts began to turn towards a refreshing drink and lunch back at our guesthouse.

Once lunch was completed the afternoon was spent exploring the riverside areas of the River Aragon a short drive away. On our initial arrival the weather was somewhat inclement with a light rain falling with the result that we sat it out in the vehicle waiting for things to improve. After a short wait it was deemed suitable to risk a walk during which we again found several interesting plants such as *Arenaria aggregata* subsp. *oscensis*, *Dipcadi serotinum*, *Coris monspeliensis* and *Ajuga chamaepitys*. The rather overcast conditions with a rather persistent light intermittent rain had kept birdlife activity down but we did manage to pick out a quartering Marsh Harrier and spot one or two singing Garden Warblers which were joined by a single Melodious Warbler. This area held a range of confusing 'species' of Ophrys orchids whose current classification is somewhat in flux but we confidently ID'd *Ophrys sphegodes* plus a couple of subspecies and hybrids. The rain returned rather heavier producing a return to the buses and pre-empting any further examination of this fascinating and difficult group. We opted to explore

the opposite bank following a path through a more wooded environment. Here a rich mix of orchids was found with the highlight being several mature flower spikes of Military Orchid *Orchis militaris*. Of a rather less showy nature was a good find of a colony of the parasitic Purple Toothwort *Lathraea clandestina* growing at the base of the riverside trees with the flowers just protruding from the ground.

The weather continued to rather problematic so an early end to the day was opted for by some while a few hardier souls continued on with a visit to Berdun Marsh, an area of Redbud and Poplar plantation to the south of the town. Again the birds were rather quiet due to the light rain that continued but we were pleased with the discovery of numerous White Helleborines *Cephalanthera damosonium* in the plantation and a small colony of Lax-flowered Orchid *Anacamptis laxiflora* in the marsh. A singing Western Bonelli's Warbler high in the Poplars proved typically elusive with only a few fleeting glimpses obtained. Feeling decidedly damp by now we also returned to the guesthouse to dry off in preparation for dinner!

Day 3

Tuesday 22nd May

Our weather was still due to be somewhat unsettled so we headed south to visit a variety of areas and locations in the pre-Pyrenean range of hills with its different mix of flora and birds compared to the high tops.

We began by stopping at the dam wall of the Embalse de la Pena. Once out of the buses we were immediately admiring the many Crag Martins swooping above us among the sheer cliffs mixed among several House Martins nesting in a rather more natural situation than our accustomed man-made structures! Roosting on the cliffs were a small number of Griffon Vultures with a couple of Egyptian Vultures adding to the spectacle. A passing Peregrine was duly noted and seen to settle on the cliffs high above the dam. A smart male Blue Rock Thrush made several appearances as it moved about the dam wall, rock pinnacles and buildings enabling the whole group to connect with it. It was the plants however that stole the show with several iconic Pyrenean species found growing on the rock-faces and scree slopes alongside the path. Most notable were numerous colonies of both *Ramonda myconi* and *Saxifraga longifolia* both in all their glory with an abundance of flowers to admire.

After this initial short walk we drove on to visit the Pinnacles of Riglos, the impressive eroded towers of red conglomerate rock that overlook the small village and river valley below. Parking in the village we walked through the houses towards the most impressive towers pausing to admire a freshly emerged Giant Peacock Moth (as big as your hand!), before the path reached the tower base. Overhead a typical mix of birds of this habitat soared and swept past that included numerous vultures, Red-billed Choughs and Alpine Swifts. On the rock face could be seen Rock Sparrow, Blue Rock Thrush and Black Redstart whilst below in the warm scrub several singing Sardinian Warblers flitted to and fro.

With morning heading into lunchtime we returned to the vehicle to cross to the opposite side of the valley and a visit to the Chapel of Iglesias de Santiago near to the lesser-known Pinnacles of Aguero. This very interesting small chapel was adorned by several interesting carvings and makers' marks to hold the group's attention while lunch was prepared. Near the parked vehicles a splendid flowering spike of *Limadorum arbortivum*, a species new to most.

Our final stop of the day was taken after another drive reaching the impressive and historic Castillo de Loarre perched on its promontory overlooking the plains stretching off into the distance southwards. The group were

given free time to explore as they fancied during which a number of birds and flowers were found by most, although the café with coffee and ice-cream proved similarly attractive to some! The Red-billed Choughs, Rock Sparrows and Black Redstarts breeding in the castle walls proved popular whilst the adjoining pine plantation held Western Bonelli's Warblers and Firecrests found by some of the group.

After a long and varied day we then headed directly back to freshen up for dinner.

Day 4

Wednesday 23rd May

With better weather forecast we headed north up into the high realms of the Pyrenees starting with a visit to the Refugio de Gabardito. We did not linger too long upon our arrival, but headed directly up along the footpath leading towards the sheer cliffs. Our route led through pine forest, past a pleasant open meadow with several interesting plants (that delayed some!) before climbing steadily beneath the cliff face. Once here we stopped, rested and began to scour the rocks for our target of the elusive and sought-after Wallcreeper. With great good fortune our wait did not last long with a bird flying in after only a couple of minutes! Unfortunately many of the group had still not arrived. All ended well with both male and female Wallcreepers making a couple of appearances once the remainder of the group had arrived allowing everyone interested to at least obtain a view of sorts. During our time here we also spotted our first Izard on the far mountain slopes and overhead both Red-billed and Alpine Choughs, Griffon and Egyptian Vultures and Common Kestrel put in appearances. Returning to the vehicles we allowed ourselves the luxury of spending a little time admiring the abundant flora followed by picking up a couple of small parties of Citril Finches in the open pastures near the Refugio.

For lunch, with the weather forecast to remain dry if changeable, we decided to head further up the Hecho valley, passing through the Boca del Infierno gorge, to stop at a campsite area with some benches. The weather had clearly not paid attention to the forecast but did not spoil our picnic too much, during which a pair of breeding White-bellied Dippers were spotted on the river alongside.

With our final move up to the end of the road at the head of the valley we made a couple of stops and walks in the open alpine meadows. Our first stop had the group scrambling up a steep grassy slope photographing the many colourful specialist alpine flowers on show with an abundance of Spring Gentian *Gentiana verna* and Early Purple Orchid *Orchis mascula* dotting the area. After a further short drive, and after a short stop to admire a colony of Alpine Marmots, we parked and walked further up the track spotting a healthy herd of Izard and a pair of Lammergeier flying high among the peaks. Making slow and steady progress we were able to enjoy the surroundings, scenery and wildlife on offer before time necessitated a return.

Day 5

Thursday 24th May

Another day was spent in the pre-Pyrenees when we visited the monastery of St Juan de la Pena. Leaving the valley of the Aragon we climbed south into the massif within which the old monastery is perched and the new on the summit plateau. A stop was taken at a fine viewpoint on the way up where we were entertained by a Griffon Vulture cruising past within metres before climbing effortlessly in the rising air currents. On top of the steep and inaccessible slope behind us a fine selection of plants grew that included a few nodding *Fritillaria lusitanica* and Wild Tulip *Tulipa sylvestris*.

Passing the old monastery as we continued up we reached the sheltered car park. From here we took a pleasant walk through the Scots Pine *Pinus sylvestris* woods to reach another splendid viewpoint with a huge panorama of high Pyrenean peaks spread before us. At the start of the walk we spent a little time in the car park pines picking out several of the abundant Firecrests, Short-toed Treecreeper, Nuthatch and a Red Squirrel. Reaching an area of meadow we found numerous diminutive floral spikes of Champagne Orchid *Anacamptis morio* subsp. *champagneuxii* mixed with abundant Grape Hyacinth *Muscari neglectum*. Once at the viewpoint we relaxed on the convenient benches for a short while before 'itchy feet' got the better of most and we walked a short distance further spotting a couple of good butterflies, plants and views for our trouble. A loudly drumming Black Woodpecker below us could not be found within the thick forest.

We headed back to have our picnic on the benches in the large open meadow alongside the new monastery. While it was set out a few of the group took the opportunity to be shuttled down to have a look at the old monastery built beneath a huge overhang of rock. The remainder of the group relaxed in the sun to await their return and tuck into lunch.

For the afternoon we headed east towards Arres. We parked up a few kilometres from this small village where we disembarked and undertook the short remaining distance on foot, following a section of the famous Camino de Santiago pilgrims' route. It was warm and sunny now with, thankfully, a cooling breeze to help us on our way. Notable plants continued to be found alongside the abundant Duke of Burgundy butterflies all along our route. The hoped for Orphean Warbler put in an appearance after we had been made aware of its presence from its distinctive song. The song was lovely but the appearance was all too brief with only a short flight view afforded the keen watchers. Upon reaching the village of Arres it became clear that the bar was only staffed by a local 'helping out' (the barmaid apparently off sick). This comprised much fun and games in getting our desire for a cold beer over to him, to the evident frustration of some!

Day 6

Friday 25th May

An early morning thunderstorm and heavy rain made for a slight change in plans as we visited the town of Jaca to admire the important Romanesque cathedral and historic city centre. During our short tour the weather passed and brightened up allowing our return and continuation of our original plans with a drive up to the high Aisa valley. A rather uncharacteristic Short-toed Treecreeper allowed for a clear view as it sang prominently from the apex of a nearby roof before we set off.

The drive up took us through much attractive scenery and mountain pastures before the road ended and we took to our legs to continue our full day enjoying the unspoilt tranquility of this beautiful Pyrenean valley.

After having climbed the steepest initial stretch of the walk the terrain flattened out and we were presented with pastures awash with a multitude of colourful flowers mainly comprising Spring Squill *Scilla verna*, Elder-flowered Orchid *Dactylorhiza sambucina*, *Gentiana verna* and *acaulis* and innumerable Cowslips *Primula veris* subsp. *suaveolens*. The scenery had opened out and we found ourselves within a beautiful and enormous amphitheatre formed by the snow-clad high summits. Swirling among them were large numbers of both Alpine and Red-billed Chough. Our route led towards a rushing torrent of the headwaters of the Rio Estarrun that prevented our crossing. We remained on the western side and continued up the valley. Many fresh and exciting plants were spotted with several highlights. After careful scanning through the dense Cowslip colonies we detected a lovely area of

grassland full of the delicate *Narcissus assoanus*, followed a little further on with a few rather past their best examples of *Narcissus pseudonarcissus* subsp. *minor*. Close to the river's edge and lining the wet flushes were huge numbers of pink Bird's-eye primrose *Primula farinosa* creating a colourful haze when seen from a distance. A couple of young Izard were seen coming down into the valley floor to lick at the salt put down for the grazing cattle and sheep when they are brought up in the summer. Their nervous approach was cut short when they detected our presence and they scampered off to the safety of higher ground.

Making slow progress with much to see and admire, we eventually opted to have our picnic in the lee of some large boulders with fine views all around. A few of the group had climbed higher for doubtless superior views but having forgotten that the main party was carrying their cheese and chorizo rations to accompany their lunch salad! As we awaited their return we spotted a large colony of *Narcissus pseudonarcissus* subsp. *bicolor* on the opposite side of the valley. Most chose to admire from afar with only one diehard enthusiast eager for a closer look. The majority lay back and admired his progress with a few bellowed directions to help! All too soon our rather curtailed day came to an end and we retraced our route back, but not before a couple of Lammergeiers and Griffon Vultures drifted by.

After dinner a final foray of the day was undertaken by some with a trip out in the dusk to scan for an Eagle Owl leaving its roost. Having arrived at our viewing point it was not long before the bird put in an appearance. Unfortunately it flew low across the valley before us without breaking the skyline and was thus missed by most. Luckily a short while later it flew again away from us but this time silhouetted against the darkening sky. The hoped for Nightjars could only be heard intermittently at some distance. After a little planet watching we drove off taking a different circuitous route in the hope of some nocturnal fauna. We succeeded in spotting nothing more exotic than a Hare, Rabbit and Fox for our efforts!

Day 7

Saturday 26th May

Due to the rather late spring being experienced throughout Europe this year we had left our final exploration of the high Pyrenees until last when we were to visit the Lady's Slipper Orchid site close to the French border. The season was still not with us, as when we arrived at the spot we were informed that the plants were still in bud, with most of the group opting to have a look nonetheless.

Moving on we parked up at the border hypermarkets where we set out on our first walk of the day. This initially led past a stunning slope covered with abundant flowering *Narcissus pseudonarcissus* subsp. *bicolor* and *Fritillaria pyrenaica*. The rocky outcrops all around were clothed in bright cerise-flowered *Primula hirsuta* and a splendid flowering colony of *Scilla pyrenaica* nestled in the wet flush beneath one such outcrop. The attractive *Anemone narcissiflora* that are abundant here were just coming into flower with only a couple of examples fully out. Among the rocky slopes a couple of Water Pipits performed their song flights. Right on cue a distant Golden Eagle was sighted that then proceeded to drift our way passing close overhead. Looking up to the rocks above us breaking the skyline a number of family groups of Izard with young kids were seen making for a particularly fine photo. Walking among the recently exposed grassy meadows an abundance of *Soldanella alpina* dotted the turf. A few of the group opted to scramble further into this stunning area being rewarded with a small patch of *Crocus caeruleus*, *Primula integrifolia*, *Daphne mezereum* and all too fleetingly a distant Alpine Accentor. Retracing our steps we reached the vehicles and then on into the nearby café for a short break.

Our weather that had been forecast to be dry in the morning with storms building lived up to the billing so we headed down a short distance to take our picnic on the benches alongside the reservoir of the Rio Aguas Limpias. This we just managed in time before the rain began to hamper our enjoyment of our excursion! The periodic passing showers did not deter most from opting to take the planned walk up the valley. This route led through some delightful scenery gently ascending up through the valley, which we made the most of in the rather inclement conditions. Reaching a pleasant vista of a rushing waterfall and with the rain beginning to match the view we decided to return to dry off with a coffee in the café below. Having re-joined the rest of the group in the café we sat and watched the changing clouds and occasional flash of lightning before feeling it was best to head back

Day 8

Sunday 27th May

We were stymied in our hoped for final morning spent seeking butterflies in some nearby meadows by the morning fog that lay in the valley. So, after saying our farewells, we headed directly south stopping first at the castle of Montearagon near Huesca. Our first halt was at the base of the isolated hilltop on which the castle is located. Here we were viewing into a small amphitheatre with rocky protrusions all around. After some careful scanning we managed to pick out not only Northern and Black-eared Wheatears but also our target of the scarce and localized Black Wheatear. A single male was picked out hopping among the boulders showing the white tail base against its all black plumage. With this success we drove on up to the castle itself and the fine views from its strategic location. Attention shifted to the butterflies that were flying here, the majority of which were Western Marbled Whites with a few blues and fritillaries mixed in that proved tricky to ID due to their constant motion.

Our next stop was a small reservoir, the Alberca de Loreto, not too far away, where we had our lunch before the group had time to explore in their own way. On the lake were several Great Crested Grebes joined by a pair of Black-necked Grebes that made their way across the open water before vanishing into the fringing rushes. Within the reed bed at the northern end a couple of Purple Herons could be picked out from time to time, whilst a Marsh Harrier made an appearance to quarter the area. Shortly after a male Montagu's Harrier was spotted behaving in a similar manner over the surrounding arable fields. A couple of the group were fortunate in spotting a Water Rail that flew from one patch of reed to another before vanishing. Loudly singing from the reeds were a number of Great Reed Warblers that proved elusive, similar to the rather less vociferous European Reed Warblers that were also present. With the day gently winding down all that remained was to complete our journey to Zaragoza and our homeward flight.

We arrived in perfect time to check in and await the arrival of our plane. It was then that we were to become the victims of not one, but two, freak occurrences of nature that brought about a somewhat roundabout and complex return home, but that's another story.

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Species Lists

Plants

Scientific name	Common name
PINOPSIDA (GYMNOSPERMS)	CONIFERS
Cupressaceae	Cypress Family
<i>Cupressus sempervirens</i>	Italian Cypress
<i>Juniperus communis</i>	Common Juniper
<i>Juniperus oxycedrus</i>	Prickly Juniper
<i>Juniperus phoenicea</i>	Phoenician Juniper
Pinaceae	Pine Family
<i>Pinus halepensis</i>	Aleppo Pine
<i>Pinus nigra ssp. salzmannii</i>	Austrian Pine
<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>	Scots Pine
<i>Pinus uncinata</i>	
MAGNOLIOPSIDA	FLOWERING PLANTS
Magnoliidae (Dicotyledons)	
Aceraceae	Maple Family
<i>Acer campestre</i>	Field Maple
<i>Acer monspessulanum</i>	Montpelier Maple
Anacardiaceae	Sumach Family
<i>Pistacia terebinthus</i>	Turpentine Tree
Apiaceae	Carrot Family
<i>Anthriscus sylvestris</i>	Cow Parsley
<i>Bupleurum rigidum</i>	
<i>Conopodium majus</i>	Earthnut
<i>Daucus carota</i>	Wild Carrot
<i>Eryngium bourgatii</i>	Pyrenean Eryngo
<i>Eryngium campestre</i>	Field Eryngo
<i>Foeniculum vulgare</i>	Fennel
<i>Heracleum sphondylium</i>	
<i>Laserpitium gallicum</i>	a Sermountain
<i>Laserpitium latifolium</i>	Broad-leaved Sermountain
<i>Ligusticum lucidum</i>	
<i>Meum athamanticum</i>	Spignel
<i>Sanicula europaea</i>	Sanicle
<i>Torilis arvensis</i>	
<i>Torilis nodosa</i>	Knotted Hedge Parsley
<i>Trinia glauca</i>	Honewort
Aquifoliaceae	Holly Family
<i>Ilex aquifolium</i>	Holly
Araliaceae	Ivy Family
<i>Hedera helix</i>	Ivy

Scientific name	Common name
Asteraceae	Daisy Family
<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	Yarrow
<i>Anthemis arvensis</i>	
<i>Artemesia campestris</i>	Field Wormwood
<i>Artemesia herba-alba</i>	Pyrenean Wormwood
<i>Artemesia vulgaris</i>	
<i>Bellis perennis</i>	Daisy
<i>Bellis sylvestris</i>	Southern Daisy
<i>Carduncellus mitissimus</i>	Dwarf Blue Thistle
<i>Carduus nutans</i>	Musk Thistle
<i>Centaurea calcitrapa</i>	Red Star Thistle
<i>Cichorium intybus</i>	Chicory
<i>Filago pyramidata</i>	
<i>Helichrysum stoechas</i>	Curry Plant
<i>Lactuca perennis</i>	Blue Lettuce
<i>Leucanthemum vulgare</i>	Oxe-eye Daisy
<i>Leuzia conifera</i>	Leuzia
<i>Onopordum acanthium</i>	Cotton Thistle
<i>Onopordum acaulon</i>	Stemless Cotton Thistle
<i>Pallenis spinosa</i>	Pallenis
<i>Pilosella officinarum</i>	Mouse-ear Hawkweed
<i>Santolina chamaecyparissus</i>	Lavender Cotton
<i>Scolymus hispanicus</i>	Spanish Oyster Plant
<i>Silybum marianum</i>	Milk Thistle
<i>Tragopogon crocifolius</i>	-
<i>Tragopogon porrifolius</i>	Salsify
<i>Tragopogon pratensis</i>	Goat's-beard
<i>Tussilago farfara</i>	Colt's-foot
Boraginaceae	Borage Family
<i>Anchusa azurea</i>	Large Blue Alkanet
<i>Borago officinalis</i>	Borage
<i>Cynoglossum creticum</i>	Blue Hound's-tongue
<i>Echium vulgare</i>	Viper's Bugloss
<i>Lithodora fruticosa</i>	Shrubby Gromwell
<i>Lithospermum officinale</i>	Common Gromwell
<i>Myosotis alpestris</i>	Alpine Forget-me-not
Brassicaceae	Cabbage Family
<i>Aethionema saxatile</i>	Burnt Candytuft
<i>Alliaria petiolata</i>	Garlic Mustard
<i>Arabis caucasica subsp. alpina</i>	Alpine Rock-cress
<i>Arabis glabra</i>	Tower Mustard
<i>Arabis hirsuta</i>	Hairy Rock-cress
<i>Arabis turrata</i>	Tower Cress
<i>Barbarea intermedia</i>	
<i>Biscutella brevifolia</i>	a Buckler Mustard
<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>	Shepherd's Purse
<i>Cardamine raphanifolia</i>	Greater Cuckooflower
<i>Coincya monensis</i>	
<i>Descurainia sophia</i>	Flixweed
<i>Draba aizoides</i>	Yellow Whitlow-grass
<i>Erophila verna</i>	Common Whitlowgrass

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Erysimum canescens</i>	
<i>Thlaspi arvense</i>	
Buxaceae	Box Family
<i>Buxus sempervirens</i>	Box
Campanulaceae	Bellflower Family
<i>Campanula glomerata</i>	Clustered Bellflower
<i>Campanula persicifolia</i>	Peach-leaved Bellflower
<i>Campanula trachelium</i>	Nettle-leaved Bellflower
<i>Jasione laevis</i>	
<i>Legousia scabra</i>	
<i>Phyteuma orbiculare</i>	Round-headed Rampion
Caprifoliaceae	Honeysuckle Family
<i>Lonicera etrusca</i>	Etruscan Honeysuckle
<i>Lonicera nigra</i>	
<i>Lonicera periclymenum</i>	Honeysuckle
<i>Lonicera pyrenaica</i>	Pyrenean Honeysuckle
<i>Lonicera xylosteum</i>	Fly Honeysuckle
<i>Sambucus ebulus</i>	Dwarf Elder
<i>Sambucus racemosa</i>	Red-berried Elder
<i>Sambucus nigra</i>	Elder
<i>Scabiosa atropurpurea</i>	
<i>Scabiosa columbaria</i>	Small Scabious
<i>Viburnum lantana</i>	Wayfaring Tree
Caryophyllaceae	Pink Family
<i>Arenaria grandiflora</i>	
<i>Arenaria aggregata</i> subsp. <i>oscensis</i>	
<i>Cerastium alpinum</i>	
<i>Cerastium arvense</i>	Field Mouse-ear
<i>Dianthus pungens</i> subsp. <i>hispanicus</i>	-
<i>Minuartia verna</i>	Spring Sandwort
<i>Paronychia capitata</i>	-
<i>Paronychia kapela</i> subsp. <i>serpyllifolia</i>	
<i>Petrorhagia nantueilii</i>	
<i>Petrorhagia prolifera</i>	Proliferous Pink
<i>Saponaria ocyroides</i>	Rock Soapwort
<i>Silene glaucifolia</i>	
<i>Silene latifolia</i>	White Campion
<i>Silene nocturna</i>	
<i>Silene nutans</i>	Nottingham Catchfly
<i>Silene vulgaris</i>	Bladder Campion
<i>Stellaria media</i>	Common Chickweed
<i>Telephium imperati</i>	
Celastraceae	Spindle Family
<i>Euonymus europaeus</i>	Common Spindle
Cistaceae	Rockrose Family
<i>Fumana ericoides</i>	Fumana
<i>Fumana procumbens</i>	

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Helianthemum apenninum</i>	White Rockrose
<i>Helianthemum nummularium</i>	Common Rockrose
<i>H.nummularium subsp. pyrenaicum</i>	Pink Rockrose
<i>H.oelandicum subsp. incanum</i>	Hoary Rockrose
Convolvulaceae	Bindweed Family
<i>Convolvulus arvensis</i>	Field Bindweed
<i>Convolvulus cantabrica</i>	Pink Bindweed
<i>Cuscuta epithymum</i>	Dodder
Cornaceae	Dogwood Family
<i>Cornus sanguinea</i>	Common Dogwood
Crassulaceae	Stonecrop Family
<i>Sedum acre</i>	Biting Stonecrop
<i>Sedum album</i>	White Stonecrop
<i>Sedum dasyphyllum</i>	Thick-leaved Stonecrop
<i>Sedum sediforme</i>	
<i>Sempervivum montanum</i>	
<i>Umbelicus rupestris</i>	Navelwort
Cucurbitaceae	Cucumber Family
<i>Bryonia dioica</i>	White Bryony
Ericaceae	Heath Family
<i>Arctostaphylos uva-ursi</i>	Bearberry
<i>Calluna vulgaris</i>	Ling
<i>Rhododendron ferrugineum</i>	Alpenrose
<i>Vaccinium myrtillus</i>	Bilberry
Euphorbiaceae	Spurge Family
<i>Euphorbia characias subsp. characias</i>	Large Mediterranean Spurge
<i>Euphorbia helioscopia</i>	Sun Spurge
<i>Euphorbia serrata</i>	-
Fabaceae	Pea Family
<i>Anthyllis montana</i>	Mountain Kidney Vetch
<i>Anthyllis vulneraria subsp. pyrenaica</i>	Pink Kidney Vetch
<i>Astragalus depressus</i>	
<i>Astragalus glycyphyllos</i>	Wild Liquorice
<i>Astragalus monspessulanus</i>	False Vetch
<i>Astragalus sempervirens</i>	Mountain Tragacanth
<i>Bitumaria bituminosa</i>	Pitch Trefoil
<i>Coronilla minima</i>	
<i>Coronilla scorpioides</i>	Annual Scorpion Vetch
<i>Cytisophyllum sessilifolium</i>	
<i>Dorycnium pentaphyllum</i>	-
<i>Echinopartum horridum</i>	Echinopartum
<i>Genista hispanica</i>	
<i>Genista scorpius</i>	
<i>Genista tinctoria</i>	Dyer's Greenweed
<i>Hippocrepis comosa</i>	Horseshoe vetch
<i>Hippocrepis emerus</i>	Scorpion Senna

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Lathyrus aphaca</i>	Yellow Vetchling
<i>Lathyrus cicera</i>	-
<i>Lathyrus latifolius</i>	Broad-leaved Everlasting Pea
<i>Lathyrus linifolius</i>	Bitter Vetch
<i>Lathyrus pannonicus</i>	-
<i>Lathyrus pratensis</i>	Meadow Vetchling
<i>Lotus corniculatus</i>	Common Bird's-foot Trefoil
<i>Lotus maritimus</i>	Dragon's Teeth
<i>Medicago lupulina</i>	
<i>Medicago sativa</i>	Lucerne
<i>Medicago suffruticosa</i>	
<i>Medicago minima</i>	
<i>Melilotus altissima</i>	Tall Melilot
<i>Onobrychis argentea subsp. hispanica</i>	
<i>Onobrychis saxatilis</i>	
<i>Ononis fruticosa</i>	Shrubby Restharrow
<i>Pisum sativum</i>	Wild Pea
<i>Retama sphaerocarpa</i>	
<i>Spartium junceum</i>	Spanish Broom
<i>Trifolium campestre</i>	
<i>Trifolium ochroleucon</i>	Sulphur Clover
<i>Trifolium pratense</i>	
<i>Vicia cracca</i>	Tufted Vetch
<i>Vicia pyrenaica</i>	Pyrenean Vetch
<i>Vicia sativa</i>	
<i>Vicia sepium</i>	
Fagaceae	Oak Family
<i>Castanea sativa</i>	Sweet Chestnut
<i>Fagus sylvatica</i>	Beech
<i>Quercus x cerrioides</i>	
<i>Quercus coccifera</i>	Kermes Oak
<i>Quercus faginea</i>	
<i>Quercus ilex</i>	Holm Oak
<i>Quercus pubescens</i>	Downy Oak
Gentianaceae	Gentian Family
<i>Blackstonia perfoliata</i>	Yellow-wort
<i>Gentiana acaulis</i>	Trumpet Gentian
<i>Gentiana occidentalis</i>	Pyrenean Trumpet Gentian
<i>Gentiana verna</i>	Spring Gentian
Geraniaceae	Geranium Family
<i>Erodium ciconium</i>	
<i>Erodium cicutarium</i>	
<i>Erodium malacoides</i>	Mallow-leaved Stork's-bill
<i>Geranium lucidum</i>	Shining Crane's-bill
<i>Geranium purpureum</i>	Little Robin
<i>Geranium pyrenaicum</i>	Hedge Crane's-bill
<i>Geranium robertianum</i>	Herb Robert
<i>Geranium rotundifolium</i>	Round-leaved Crane's-bill

Scientific name	Common name
Gesneriaceae <i>Ramonda myconi</i>	Gloxinia Family Ramonda
Globulariaceae <i>Globularia cordifolia</i> <i>Globularia nudicaulis</i> <i>Globularia repens</i> <i>Globularia vulgaris</i>	Globularia Family Matted Globularia Leafless-stemmed Globularia - Common Globularia
Grossulariaceae <i>Ribes alpinum</i>	Gooseberry Family Mountain Currant
Hypericaceae <i>Hypericum perforatum</i>	St John's-wort Family Perforate St John's-wort
Lamiaceae <i>Acinos alpinus</i> <i>Acinos arvensis</i> <i>Ajuga chamaepitys</i> <i>Ajuga pyramidalis</i> <i>Horminum pyrenaicum</i> <i>Lamium maculatum</i> <i>Lavandula angustifolia</i> <i>Marrubium vulgare</i> <i>Melittis melissophyllum</i> <i>Origanum vulgare</i> <i>Phlomis herba-venti</i> <i>Phlomis lychnitis</i> <i>Salvia verbenaca</i> <i>Sideritis hirsuta</i> <i>Stachys recta</i> <i>Thymus pulegioides</i> <i>Thymus vulgaris</i>	Dead-nettle Family Alpine Calamint Basil Thyme Ground Pine Pyramidal Bugle Dragonmouth Spotted Dead-nettle Common Lavender White Horehound Bastard Balm Marjoram - - Wild Clary - Yellow Woundwort Large Thyme Common Thyme
Lentibulariaceae <i>Pinguicula alpina</i> <i>Pinguicula grandiflora</i> <i>Pinguicula vulgaris</i>	Butterwort Family Alpine Butterwort Greater Butterwort Common Butterwort
Linaceae <i>Linum narbonense</i> <i>L. suffruticosum subsp. salsaloides</i>	Flax Family Beautiful Flax Pyrenean Flax
Loranthaceae <i>Viscum album subsp. austriacum</i>	Mistletoe Family Mistletoe
Malvaceae <i>Althaea hirsuta</i> <i>Malva neglecta</i> <i>Malva sylvestris</i> <i>Tilia platyphyllos</i>	Mallow Family Rough Marsh Mallow Common Mallow Large-leaved Lime

Scientific name	Common name
Moraceae <i>Ficus carica</i>	Mulberry Family Wild Fig
Oleaceae <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i> <i>Jasminium fruticans</i>	Olive Family Ash Wild Jasmine
Orobanchaceae <i>Lathraea clandestina</i> <i>Pedicularis sylvatica</i> <i>Rhinanthus mediterraneus</i> <i>Orobranche hederæ</i> <i>Orobanche latisquama</i>	Broomrape Family Purple Toothwort a Yellow Rattle Ivy Broomrape
Oxalidaceae <i>Oxalis acetosella</i>	Oxalis Family Wood-sorrel
Papaveraceae <i>Corydalis solida</i> <i>Fumaria officinalis</i> <i>Fumaria parviflora</i> <i>Mecanopsis cambrica</i> <i>Papaver argemone</i> <i>Papaver rhoeas</i> <i>Roemeria hybrida</i>	Poppy Family Bird-in-a-Bush Common Fumitory Fine-leaved Fumitory Welsh Poppy Prickly Poppy Field Poppy Violet Horned Poppy
Plantaginaceae <i>Antirrhinum majus</i> <i>Chaenorhinum organifolium</i> <i>Erinus alpinus</i> <i>Linaria alpina</i> <i>Linaria supina</i> <i>Plantago alpina</i> <i>Plantago lanceolata</i> <i>Plantago major</i> <i>Plantago maritima subsp. serpentina</i> <i>Plantago media</i> <i>Plantago sempervirens</i> <i>Veronica orsiniana</i> <i>Veronica prostrata</i>	Plantain Family Snapdragon Malling Toadflax Fairy Foxglove Alpine Toadflax Pyrenean Toadflax Hoary Plantain
Polygalaceae <i>Polygala calcarea</i> <i>Polygala vulgaris</i>	Milkwort Family Chalk Milkwort Common Milkwort
Polygonaceae <i>Oxyria digyna</i> <i>Rumex acetosa</i> <i>Rumex scutatus</i>	Dock Family Mountain Sorrel Sorrel French Sorrel
Primulaceae <i>Anagallis arvensis subsp. foemina</i> <i>Androsace villosa</i>	Primrose Family Blue Pimpernel

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Coris monspeliensis</i>	Coris
<i>Primula elatior</i>	Oxlip
<i>Primula farinosa</i>	Bird's-eye Primrose
<i>Primula hirsuta</i>	
<i>Primula integrifolia</i>	
<i>Primula veris</i> subsp. <i>suaveolens</i>	Cowslip
<i>Soldanella alpina</i>	Alpine Snowbell
<i>Vitaliana primuliflora</i>	Vitaliana
Pyrolaceae	Wintergreen Family
<i>Pyrola chlorantha</i>	Pale-green Wintergreen
<i>Pyrola minor</i>	Common Wintergreen
Ranunculaceae	Buttercup Family
<i>Adonis annua</i>	Pheasant's-eye
<i>Adonis vernalis</i>	Yellow Pheasant's-eye
<i>Anemone narcissiflora</i>	Narcissus-flowered Anemone
<i>Aquilegia vulgaris</i>	Common Columbine
<i>Caltha palustris</i>	Marsh Marigold
<i>Clematis vitalba</i>	Traveller's Joy
<i>Helleborus foetidus</i>	Stinking Hellebore
<i>Helleborus viridis</i>	Green Hellebore
<i>Hepatica nobilis</i>	Hepatica
<i>Ranunculus amplexicaulis</i>	Amplexicaule Buttercup
<i>Ranunculus arvensis</i>	Corn Buttercup
<i>Ranunculus bulbosus</i>	Bulbous Buttercup
<i>Ranunculus carinthiacus</i>	
<i>Ranunculus gouanii</i>	Gouan's Buttercup
<i>Ranunculus gramineus</i>	Grass-leaved Buttercup
<i>Ranunculus pyrenaicus</i>	Pyrenean Buttercup
<i>Thalictrum aquilegifolium</i>	Greater Meadow Rue
<i>Thalictrum tuberosum</i>	-
<i>Trollius europaeus</i>	Globeflower
Resedaceae	Mignonette Family
<i>Reseda lutea</i>	Wild Mignonette
<i>Reseda luteola</i>	Weld
<i>Reseda phyteuma</i>	Corn Mignonette
Rhamnaceae	Buckthorn Family
<i>Frangulus alnus</i>	Alder Buckthorn
<i>Rhamnus alaternus</i>	Mediterranean Buckthorn
<i>Rhamnus alpina</i>	
<i>Rhamnus cathartica</i>	Purging Buckthorn
<i>Rhamnus saxatilis</i>	Rock Buckthorn
Rosaceae	Rose Family
<i>Alchemilla alpina</i>	Alpine Lady's Mantle
<i>Amelanchier ovalis</i>	Juneberry
<i>Filipendula vulgaris</i>	Dropwort
<i>Fragaria vesca</i>	Wild Strawberry
<i>Geum montanum</i>	Alpine Avens
<i>Geum pyrenaicum</i>	Pyrenean Avens

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Geum sylvaticum</i>	
<i>Potentilla crantzii</i>	Alpine Cinquefoil
<i>Potentilla neumanniana</i>	Spring Cinquefoil
<i>Potentilla rupestris</i>	Rock Cinquefoil
<i>Prunus mahaleb</i>	St. Lucie Cherry
<i>Rosa agrestis</i>	
<i>Rosa arvensis</i>	
<i>Rosa canina</i>	
<i>Rubus fruticosus</i> agg.	Bramble
<i>Sanguisorba minor</i>	Salad Burnet
Rubiaceae	Bedstraw Family
<i>Cruciata laevipes</i>	Crosswort
<i>Galium aparine</i>	Cleavers
<i>Galium lucidum</i>	
<i>Galium mollugo</i>	Hedge Bedstraw
<i>Galium tricornutum</i>	Corn Cleavers
<i>Rubia peregrina</i>	Wild Madder
<i>Rubia tinctorum</i>	Common Madder
Rutaceae	Rue Family
<i>Ruta angustifolia</i>	
Santalaceae	Sandalwood Family
<i>Osyris alba</i>	Osyris
<i>Thesium humifusum</i>	
<i>Thesium pyrenaicum</i>	
Saxifragaceae	Saxifrage Family
<i>Saxifraga fragilis</i>	
<i>Saxifraga granulata</i>	Meadow Saxifrage
<i>Saxifraga longifolia</i>	Pyrenean Saxifrage
<i>Saxifraga paniculata</i>	Livelong Saxifrage
Scrophulariaceae	Figwort Family
<i>Scrophularia canina</i>	French Figwort
Solanaceae	Nightshade Family
<i>Atropa belladonna</i>	Deadly Nightshade
<i>Hyoscyamus niger</i>	Henbane
<i>Solanum dulcamara</i>	Bittersweet
Thymelaceae	Daphne Family
<i>Daphne laureola</i>	Spurge Laurel
<i>Daphne mezereum</i>	Mezereum
<i>Thymelaea pubescens</i>	
Ulmaceae	Elm Family
<i>Ulmus glabra</i>	Wych Elm
<i>Ulmus minor</i>	
Urticaceae	Nettle Family
<i>Parietaria judaica</i>	Pellitory-of-the-wall

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Urtica dioica</i>	Common Nettle
<i>Urtica urens</i>	Small Nettle
Valerianaceae	Valerian Family
<i>Centranthus ruber</i>	Red Valerian
<i>Valeriana montana</i>	-
<i>Valeriana tuberosa</i>	
Violaceae	Violet Family
<i>Viola alba</i>	
<i>Viola pyrenaica</i>	Pyrenean Violet
<i>Viola reichenbachiana</i>	
<i>Viola riviniana</i>	
<i>Viola rupestris</i>	
Vitaceae	Vine Family
<i>Vitis vinifera</i>	Wild Grape-vine
Liliidae (Monocotyledons)	
Amaryllidaceae	Daffodil Family
<i>Allium ampeloprasum</i>	Wild Leek
<i>Allium moly</i>	Yellow Garlic
<i>Allium roseum</i>	Rosy Garlic
<i>Allium sphaerocephalon</i>	Round-headed Leek
<i>Narcissus assoanus</i>	
<i>Narcissus asturiensis</i>	
<i>Narcissus pseudonarcissus</i> subsp. <i>bicolor</i>	
<i>Narcissus pseudonarcissus</i> subsp. <i>minor</i>	
Asparagaceae	Asparagus Family
<i>Anthericum liliago</i>	St. Bernard's Lily
<i>Aphyllanthes monspeliensis</i>	Blue Aphyllanthes
<i>Asparagus officinalis</i>	Asparagus
<i>Brimeura amethystina</i>	Pyrenean Hyacinth
<i>Dipcadi serotinum</i>	
<i>Leopoldia comosum</i>	Tassel Hyacinth
<i>Muscari neglectum</i>	Grape Hyacinth
<i>Ornithogalum narbonense</i>	
<i>Ruscus aculeatus</i>	Butcher's Broom
<i>Scilla lilo-hyacinthus</i>	Pyrenean Squill
<i>Scilla verna</i>	Spring Squill
Dioscoreaceae	Yam Family
<i>Dioscorea communis</i>	Black Bryony
Iridaceae	Iris Family
<i>Crocus caeruleus</i>	Spring Crocus
<i>Gladiolus italicus</i>	
<i>Iris germanica</i>	
<i>Iris graminea</i>	Grass-leaved Iris
<i>Iris latifolia</i>	-
<i>Iris pseudacorus</i>	Yellow Flag

Scientific name	Common name
Liliaceae	
<i>Fritillaria lusitanica</i>	Pyrenean Snakeshead
<i>Fritillaria pyrenaica</i>	
<i>Gagea liotardii</i>	Martagon Lily Wild Tulip
<i>Lilium martagon</i>	
<i>Tulipa sylvestris</i> subsp. <i>australis</i>	
Melanthiaceae	
<i>Veratrum album</i>	White False Helleborine
Orchidaceae	
<i>Anacamptis laxiflora</i>	Lax-flowered Orchid
<i>Anacamptis morio</i> subsp. <i>champagneuxii</i>	Champagne Orchid
<i>Anacamptis pyramidalis</i>	Pyramidal Orchid
<i>Cephalanthera damasonium</i>	White Helleborine
<i>Cephalanthera longifolia</i>	Sword-leaved Helleborine
<i>Cypripedium calceolus</i>	Lady's Slipper Orchid
<i>Dactylorhiza majalis</i>	Broad-leaved Marsh Orchid
<i>Dactylorhiza sambucina</i>	Elder-flowered Orchid
<i>Gymnadenia conopsea</i>	Fragrant Orchid
<i>Himantoglossum hircinum</i>	Lizard Orchid
<i>Limodorum arbortivum</i>	Violet Limadore
<i>Neottia ovata</i>	Twayblade
<i>Ophrys apifera</i>	Bee Orchid
<i>Ophrys x arachnitiformis</i>	
<i>Ophrys fusca</i>	Sombre Bee Orchid
<i>Ophrys insectifera</i>	Fly Orchid
<i>Ophrys lutea</i>	Yellow Bee Orchid
<i>Ophrys scolopax</i>	Woodcock Orchid
<i>Ophrys speculum</i>	Mirror Orchid
<i>Ophrys sphegodes</i>	Early Spider Orchid
<i>Ophrys sphegodes</i> subsp. <i>araneola</i>	
<i>Orchis mascula</i>	Early Purple Orchid
<i>Orchis mascula</i> subsp. <i>laxifloriformis</i>	
<i>Orchis militaris</i>	Military Orchid
<i>Orchis pallens</i>	
<i>Orchis provincialis</i>	
<i>Orchis purpurea</i>	Lady Orchid
<i>Platanthera bifolia</i>	Lesser Butterfly Orchid
<i>Platanthera chlorantha</i>	Greater Butterfly Orchid
Xanthorrhoeaceae	
<i>Asphodelus albus</i>	White Asphodel
<i>Asphodelus cerasiferus</i>	
<i>Asphodelus fistulosus</i>	

Birds (✓=recorded but not counted; H = heard only)

	Common name	Scientific name	May							
			20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
1	Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>								8
2	Red-legged Partridge	<i>Alectoris rufa</i>			H					2
3	Common Quail	<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>					H			

	Common name	Scientific name	May							
			20	21	22	23	24	25	26	
4	Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>								H
5	Black-necked Grebe	<i>Podiceps nigricollis</i>								2
6	Great Crested Grebe	<i>Podiceps cristatus</i>			4					8
7	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	1	3	3					3
8	Purple Heron	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>								3
9	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>								2
10	White Stork	<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>	6							25
11	Lammergeier	<i>Gypaetus barbatus</i>				2		2	1	
12	Eurasian Griffon Vulture	<i>Gyps fulvus</i>		12	40	20	20	10	3	6
13	Egyptian Vulture	<i>Neophron percnopterus</i>		3	6	2	8	4		
14	Golden Eagle	<i>Aquila chrysaetos</i>							2	
15	Short-toed Snake Eagle	<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>		2						
16	Booted Eagle	<i>Hieraaetus pennatus</i>		2	3		1			2
17	Red Kite	<i>Milvus milvus</i>		3	10	3	4	2	2	4
18	Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>	6	15	10	6	6	2	4	12
19	Western Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>		1						1
20	Montagu's Harrier	<i>Circus pygargus</i>								1
21	Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>	1		1					3
22	Water Rail	<i>Rallus aquaticus</i>								1
23	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>						1		
24	Yellow-legged Gull	<i>Larus michahellis</i>		2	3	1		1	5	1
25	Rock Dove / Feral Pigeon	<i>Columba livia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
26	Common Wood Pigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>	3	15	✓					8
27	Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
28	Common Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus canorus</i>		H		H	H			
29	Eurasian Eagle Owl	<i>Bubo bubo</i>						1		
30	European Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus europaeus</i>						H		
31	Common Swift	<i>Apus apus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
32	Alpine Swift	<i>Tachymarptis melba</i>			12	2				
33	Eurasian Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>			2		H			H
34	European Bee-eater	<i>Merops apiaster</i>	1	1	8	3				4
35	European Roller	<i>Coracias garrulus</i>	1							
36	Great Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos major</i>		2			2			
37	Black Woodpecker	<i>Dryocopus martius</i>					H			
38	Iberian Green Woodpecker	<i>Picus sharpei</i>		H	H					
39	Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>	2		1	1	1	2	1	
40	Eurasian Hobby	<i>Falco subbuteo</i>		2					1	
41	Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>			1					
42	Red-backed Shrike	<i>Lanius collurio</i>			5			2		
43	Eurasian Golden Oriole	<i>Oriolus oriolus</i>		3						
44	Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>		2		4	2	2	2	
45	Eurasian Magpie	<i>Pica pica</i>	✓	✓	✓	3	✓	✓	✓	✓
46	Red-billed Chough	<i>Pyrrhocorax pyrrhocorax</i>			8	20	2	✓	✓	
47	Alpine Chough	<i>Pyrrhocorax graculus</i>				40		✓	✓	
48	Western Jackdaw	<i>Coloeus monedula</i>	✓							
49	Carrion Crow	<i>Corvus corone</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
50	Northern Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>		1	2				1	2
51	Coal Tit	<i>Parus ater</i>					2			
52	European Crested Tit	<i>Lophophanes cristatus</i>			3	2	2			
53	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>		2	✓		✓			1
54	European Blue Tit	<i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>		1	✓		✓			

	Common name	Scientific name	May							
			20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
55	Woodlark	<i>Lullula arborea</i>		1						
56	Common Skylark	<i>Alauda arvensis</i>		1						
57	Thekla Lark	<i>Galerida theklae</i>								3
58	Crested Lark	<i>Galerida cristata</i>	✓		✓			✓		✓
59	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓		✓
60	Eurasian Crag Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i>			30	12	2	1		
61	Common House Martin	<i>Delichon urbicum</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
62	Cetti's Warbler	<i>Cettia cetti</i>		H						H
63	Common Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>		2		H	H			
64	Western Bonelli's Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus bonelli</i>		1	5	3	H			
65	Great Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus arundinaceus</i>								4
66	European Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus scirpaceus</i>								✓
67	Melodious Warbler	<i>Hippolais polyglotta</i>		3						
68	Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>		6	H	H	H	H		
69	Garden Warbler	<i>Sylvia borin</i>		6		4	H			
70	Western Orphean Warbler	<i>Sylvia hortensis</i>			1		1			H
71	Western Subalpine Warbler	<i>Sylvia inornata</i>		1	2		2			
72	Sardinian Warbler	<i>Sylvia melanocephala</i>			6					
73	Firecrest	<i>Regulus ignicapillus</i>				H	12			
74	Eurasian Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>				H				
75	Eurasian Nuthatch	<i>Sitta europaea</i>					4			
76	Wallcreeper	<i>Tichodroma muraria</i>				2				
77	Short-toed Treecreeper	<i>Certhia brachydactyla</i>		H	1	H	1	1		
78	Spotless Starling	<i>Sturnus unicolor</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
79	Common Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
80	Song Thrush	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>				1				
81	European Robin	<i>Erithacus rubecula</i>				2	H	1	1	
82	Common Nightingale	<i>Luscinia megarhynchos</i>	H	H	H	2	H	H	H	H
83	Black Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>		2	3	1	3	2	2	2
84	Blue Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola solitarius</i>			5					
85	European Stonechat	<i>Saxicola rubicola</i>			4			2	2	
86	Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>						1	2	1
87	Black-eared Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe hispanica</i>		1						2
88	Black Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe leucura</i>								1
89	White-throated Dipper	<i>Cinclus cinclus</i>			1	2		1		
90	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
91	Common Rock Sparrow	<i>Petronia petronia</i>		2	6					
92	Alpine Accentor	<i>Prunella collaris</i>							1	
93	Dunnock	<i>Prunella modularis</i>				1		H		
94	Western Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava iberiae</i>								2
95	Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>				2		2		
96	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>		3	1	4	3	1	2	
97	Tawny Pipit	<i>Anthus campestris</i>								1
98	Water Pipit	<i>Anthus spinoletta</i>				1			4	
99	Common Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
100	Eurasian Bullfinch	<i>Pyrrhula pyrrhula</i>						1		
101	European Greenfinch	<i>Chloris chloris</i>		3		1		✓	✓	1
102	Common Linnet	<i>Linaria cannabina</i>		1		6		1		
103	European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>	✓	✓	✓			✓		✓
104	Citril Finch	<i>Carduelis citrinella</i>				5		4		
105	European Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>		3	8					

	Common name	Scientific name	May							
			20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
106	Corn Bunting	<i>Emberiza calandra</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
107	Yellowhammer	<i>Emberiza citrinella</i>				3				
108	Cirl Bunting	<i>Emberiza cirlus</i>		4						

Mammals

Red Fox, *Vulpes vulpes*

Pyrenean Chamois (Izard), *Rupicapra pyrenaica*

Alpine Marmot, *Marmotta marmotta*

Rabbit, *Oryctolagus cuniculus*

Weasel, *Mustela nivalis*

Red Squirrel, *Sciurus vulgaris*

European Hare, *Lepus europaeus*

Amphibians & Reptiles

Palmate Newt, *Lissotriton helveticus*

Green Lizard, *Lacerta viridis*

Common Wall Lizard, *Podarcis muralis*

Iberian Water Frog, *Rana perezi*

Common Lizard, *Podarcis vivipera*

Iberian Wall Lizard, *Podarcis hispanica*

Butterflies

Dingy Skipper, *Erynnis tages*

Grizzled Skipper, *Pyrgus malvae*

Spanish Swallowtail, *Iphiclides feisthamelii*

Wood White, *Leptidea sinapis*

Large White, *Pieris brassicae*

Provence Orange Tip, *Anthocharis euphenoides*

Cleopatra, *Gonepteryx cleopatra*

Duke of Burgundy, *Hamearis lucina*

Small Copper, *Lycaena phlaeas*

Black-eyed Blue, *Glaucopsyche melanops*

Chapman's Blue, *Polyommatus thersites*

Southern White Admiral, *Limentitis reducta*

Knapweed Fritillary, *Melitaea phoebe*

Queen-of-Spain Fritillary, *Issoria lathonia*

Speckled Wood, *Pararge aegeria*

Western Marbled White, *Melanargia occitanica*

Red-underwing Skipper, *Spialia sertorius*

Oberthur's Grizzled Skipper, *Pyrgus armoricanus*

Swallowtail, *Papilio machaon*

Black-veined White, *Aporia cratargi*

Orange Tip, *Anthocharis cardamines*

Clouded Yellow, *Colias crocea*

Brimstone, *Gonepteryx rhamni*

Green Hairstreak, *Callophrys rubi*

Green-underside Blue, *Glaucopsyche alexis*

Panoptes Blue, *Pseudophilotes panoptes*

Common Blue, *Polyommatus icarus*

Red Admiral, *Vanessa atalanta*

Spanish Fritillary, *Euphydryas desfontainii*

Weaver's Fritillary, *Boloria dia*

Wall Brown, *Lasiommata megera*

Moths

Burnet Companion, *Euclidia glyphica*

The Tiger, *Atlantarctia tigrina*

Cream-spot Tiger, *Arctia villica*

Mother Shipton, *Callistege mi*

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