

# The Spanish Pyrenees

Naturetrek Tour Report

26 May - 2 June 2019

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Report by Philip Thompson & Peter Rich

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Tour participants: Philip Thompson & Peter Rich (leaders) with 10 Naturetrek clients

## Day 1

Sunday 26th May

Having arrived into Zaragoza in the mid afternoon, we were soon on our way heading north across the plains towards the pre-Pyrenees and the small historic town of Berdun, our base for the tour. During the journey a selection of familiar birds were seen, with a number of raptors that consisted mainly of Red and Black Kites but also included both Egyptian and Griffon Vultures. We took a short stop opposite the Pinnacles of Riglos to stretch our legs and pick up a few early birds for the trip.

Arriving safely at our comfortable converted farmhouse accommodation, we were able to unpack and relax before the first of our tasty and enjoyable dinners.

## Day 2

Monday 27th May

Our first morning was spent with a walk from the hotel through Berdun and on down to the eroded 'badlands' beneath the village. Several interesting plants were noted as we made slow progress to a viewpoint across the slopes leading down to the Rio Veral. The Rock Sparrows of the village were picked up, perched on a pylon, giving the group a chance to appreciate the subtle plumage characteristics of these distinctive vocal birds. Our walk led down a rough track to a bridge across the river where we then took a rather overgrown sidetrack that ran alongside the river through the alluvial shingle. Recent heavy flooding from the river had swept several large trees and logs across the track that itself is rather in flux due to the changes in the rivers channel.

We retraced our steps back to the road where we then continued up through some interesting farmland and scrub to check out a small grassy pasture for orchids. Continuing on, we followed the road before another detour down across a field to the rivers edge where we were able to examine the stump of a recently Beaver-felled tree! This was an individual that had spread into the local area but had not remained, indicating their spread across Europe.

At this point we returned back along our previous route to return to the hotel for an enjoyable refreshing drink and buffet lunch. During our morning we had enjoyed sightings of a wide range of birds, flowers and butterflies. Raptors had been notable with good sightings of Lammergeier, Griffon and Egyptian Vultures, both Red and Black Kites, Booted and Short-toed Snake Eagles and European Honey Buzzard all passing by at some stage.

After a pleasant lunch and short period of relaxation we then drove the short distance to explore the Rio Aragon and surrounding areas. The day had warmed up and bird activity was somewhat quieter, but we were still able to enjoy several notable plants as we walked a level gravel track parallel with the river. We passed through a variety of habitats before reaching a small Poplar plantation on the bank of the river. We spent a time exploring this spot for flowers, birds and butterflies before making our way back via a different path that was closer to the river. A rich and confusing array of Ophrys orchids were seen along the way, with a wide variety of variation, although the botanical authorities have now mostly included them within the Early Spider Orchid *Ophrys sphegodes* complex. Other members of the Ophrys group seen were the Woodcock Orchid *Ophrys scolopax*, Yellow Bee Orchid *Ophrys lutea*, Fly Orchid *Ophrys insectifera* and the Bee Orchid *Ophrys apifera*, as well as five other orchid species.

## Day 3

Tuesday 28th May

The day dawned with bright warm sunshine but very strong winds, bringing about the decision to avoid the high tops and head south to explore the area of the pre-Pyrenees and lower levels.

Our first stop was at the dam wall of the Embalse de la Pena. Here, despite the strong gusting wind, we found an array of classic Pyrenean plants growing on the walls that included such gems as *Saxifraga longifolia* and *S. umbrosa*, *Ramonda myconi*, *Brimeura amethystina*, *Allium moly* and *Globularia vulgaris*. Birds were keeping a low profile due to the inclement conditions!

For a change, we opted to next take a walk beneath the quieter Pinnacles of Aguero, avoiding the climbers and wind at Riglos. The track led around the base of the imposing conglomerate pinnacles with several vultures and Red-billed Chough clearly enjoying the updraughts created. Crag Martins put on a fine display, with one pair actively feeding low over the track providing some great close and personal views! A different mix of plants was present, with a number of exciting finds of species not to be found in the high mountains. We walked along the track as it led around into a steep gully in the hope of finding the elusive Black Wheatears that are reputed to occur here but the strong wind may well have scuppered our chances. We headed back to the vehicles where we drove on to the chapel of Iglesias de Santiago where we planned to have lunch to be met by a man with a jackhammer digging a trench and rather destroying the pleasant ambience of the spot! We opted to head into Murillo de Gallego where we drove to small secluded picnic spot with a spring and tables where we were able to find peace and quiet and, more importantly, a little shelter from the wind.

From here we headed next further south to visit the imposing fortification of Castillo de Loarre perched on its craggy extremity with distant views across the plains south towards Zaragoza. Here the group were able to enjoy some time at leisure to explore and relax. Some opted to take the opportunity to utilise Peter's historical knowledge with a visit within the castle itself, while most opted for a gentle exploration of the slopes and woodland of the surrounding area, with an obligatory trip to the café. A range of birds, flowers and butterflies were seen by the groups' participants, varying on how much exploration each individual undertook!

## Day 4

Wednesday 29th May

The wind was forecast to drop somewhat today so we took the gamble of heading high up into the Aisa valley. Unfortunately, this did not prove to be the case; the day was rather challenging, with communication among the group difficult and the buffeting making birding observation tricky.

After we had arrived at the end of the road and negotiated the steep initial ascent on a nasty concrete track, we stopped to enable us to catch our breath and enjoy the vista at the levelling out of the path. Abundant wildflowers lay all around at our feet, comprising mainly *Dactylorhiza sambucina*, *Scilla verna*, *Gentiana acaulis*, *Vicia pyrenaica* and *Ranunculus pyrenaicus*, making for a glorious show combined with the snow-clad peaks around the perimeter of the valley. We walked down to the river and made a crossing to follow the track on the valley floor. Several new plants were found at the waters edge, notably the abundant *Primula farinosa* and *Caltha palustris*. We were hampered by the strong wind in finding much in the way of smaller birds of these high pastures and scrub, with only fleeting views of Water Pipit, Rock Pipit, Citril Finch, Black Redstart, Northern Wheatear and Ring Ouzel. One lucky member of the group encountered an Alpine Accentor, presumably pushed down from the

higher tops by the wind, as we were still very much in Dunnock altitude and territory as demonstrated by a few birds singing nearby.

We pushed on towards some large rocky protrusions where we could shelter in the sun from the wind and eat our lunch. Once we had rested and finished our meal, we attempted to continue a little higher but, once we stepped from behind our sheltering rocks, the buffeting wind made for an unpleasant and fruitless experience, so we opted to begin our slow return. Conditions improved a little, making the return rather more enjoyable than the outward journey. Overhead we had been pleased to spot both Golden Eagle and Lammergeier, joined by both species of Chough. At our feet we were delighted to discover a fine colony of *Narcissus assoanus* still blooming strongly, having previously found numerous seeding heads of the localised *Narcissus jacetanus*.

Back at the vehicles we drove a little way back down the valley before pulling over to take a short track down to a picnic site alongside the river. The cliffs nearby had an Egyptian Vulture cruising along their face whilst the grassy meadows had a pair of obliging Citril Finches. We took a short walk along a woodland track during which we picked up a few butterflies and plants of interest, before making our return back to the hotel.

## Day 5

Thursday 30th May

Finally, we awoke to a windless day with accompanying hot sunny weather. Our first destination was to the south into the pre-Pyrenees and a visit to the monastery of San Juan de la Pena. The terrain and vegetation here was in marked contrast to the higher regions, with numerous more warmth-loving plants.

Our first stop was at a roadside pull-in on a bend of the winding access road that climbed steadily to the summit. Here was a splendid view with several interesting plants and a few Griffon Vultures drifting by. Botanically, the highlight was a small mixed colony of *Fritillaria lusitanica* and *Tulipa sylvestris* subsp. *australis*, unfortunately growing on a high ledge above the road and inaccessible for a close-up encounter.

Continuing up to the top, we passed the old monastery built beneath an enormous rock overhang, on the walls of which was growing abundantly the localised endemic *Silene glaucifolia*. Upon reaching the top plateau we parked in the Scots Pine- *Pinus sylvestris*-cloaked car park and took a slow gentle walk through the area, reaching a fantastic panoramic viewpoint looking towards the high peaks of the Pyrenees. As we made our slow progress, we encountered Crested Tit, Firecrest, Short-toed Treecreeper and Eurasian Nuthatch among the forest trees. At an area of open grassy meadow, a small colony of the rather grandly named but diminutive Champagne Orchid, *Anacamptis morio* subsp. *champagneuxii* was admired.

We retraced our steps back towards the vehicles where we continued past a small pond and on along another track leading to a similar viewpoint, this time facing south with another splendid view. With the warm still conditions the butterfly variety had increased with a few good finds that included the charismatic Duke of Burgundy. Returning the pond, we set up our lunch on the tables alongside to relax in the pleasant surroundings.

Our next stop was a walk along the length of the Foz de Binies gorge. During this dramatic walk alongside the rushing Rio Veral several emblematic Pyrenean plants were found such as *Ramonda myconi*, *Saxifraga longifolia*, *Lonicera pyrenaica*, *Silene glaucifolia* and *Brimeura amethystina*. The warm weather seemed to be keeping bird activity low, but we still picked up numerous Griffon Vultures overhead. At the end of the gorge the valley opened out

to a pleasant flat meadow alongside the river. Here a few of the group chose to relax under the shade of the riverside trees and indulge in a little paddling in the cold refreshing water. For the entomologists within the group, some time was spent identifying the abundant and diverse range of butterflies present that included gems such as Twin-spot and Weaver's Fritillaries.

## Day 6

Friday 31st May

Another hot windless day dawned with us travelling up the Hecho valley to climb up the narrow winding side road to the Garbardito refugio, where we disembarked and took a walk through the Beech woodland towards a high rock face alongside the path. Here we sat and spent some considerable time scanning the rock above us in the hope of spotting an elusive Wallcreeper. We were out of luck this year, despite our best efforts and patience. During the vigil, we did manage to see an interesting range of birds and numerous interesting forest plants during the walk to and from the site. Having returned to the refugio we set up lunch on the tables and enjoyed the Citril Finches that fed and cavorted around us.

For the afternoon we drove further up the valley with, firstly a stop by a riverside meadow to seek out butterflies and anything else of interest. Our main highlight here was a rapidly passing Camberwell Beauty that did not hang around.

Driving on we continued as far as the road would take us in the open grassy meadows approaching the French border. We took an enjoyable walk along the broad track that ascended gradually. One objective was to view the Alpine Marmots that have a colony here and we were not disappointed, with a number seen keeping vigil from boulders and grazing among the lush vegetation.

Back at the hotel we took an evening excursion after dinner to a roadside in the hope of seeing the local Eagle-Owl leaving its roost. Once more we were out of luck, but were consoled with a pair of European Nightjars catching insects in the middle of the road, illuminated by the vehicles lights, on our return journey.

## Day 7

Saturday 1st June

Weather conditions remained kind to us as we headed out for the scenic drive up to the high summit region alongside the French border at Portelet.

Our first stop a short distance from the border was a rather anonymous roadside stop in a small car park where we were met by the local warden who led us across to view one of only two colonies of Lady's Slipper Orchid in the Pyrenees. Having left this visit to the end of the trip together with the recent warm sun meant that the first couple of flowers were just being open to admire, with most of the colony still in bud.

We then drove on to the large car park at the border, serving the array of tourist supermarkets found here. We crossed the road and took a walk into the high alpine meadows set among the boulders and high rocky summits all around. Leaving behind the roadside clutter and debris, we were soon admiring several beautiful Pyrenean plants growing in profusion on the slopes, most notably the handsome *Fritillaria pyrenaica* and *Narcissus pseudonarcissus* subsp. *bicolor*. We made slow progress once more as we scanned for birds and admired the floral delights, with the path slowly petering out, leaving us walking freely in the open meadows and wet flushes. A few

of the group opted to continue climbing through the increasingly difficult terrain in the hope of spotting an Alpine Accentor, but we were only successful in finding Black Redstart, Water Pipit and Northern Wheatear.

After an enjoyable morning we headed back to drive on into the Sarda valley where we parked up by the river and had lunch among the many locals on the picnic tables. We next took a pleasant walk through a range of habitats up the valley that produced a profusion of butterflies, plants and a few birds as well! Highlights for most were several Camberwell Beauties that flew along the track settling occasionally. Having returned to the vehicles to head home, a single early Apollo flew over the car park, to the delight of the keen butterfly people.

## Day 8

## Sunday 2nd June

On this our final day we still had ample time to explore a couple of new areas before catching our homeward flight.

Once loaded up and having said our goodbyes we drove the short distance to a local marsh and Poplar wood. Here we took a short walk, spotting the ever-elusive Golden Orioles, a couple of new orchids and several other interesting finds.

We then drove on south before taking a side road and visit to the large Sotonero reservoir. A short stop was taken to admire a small Bee-eater colony nesting in a sandy bank by the road, followed by a Little Owl perched on an old farm building.

Arriving at the lake we were soon spotting an array of new birds for the trip both on the water and within the surrounding hot arable fields. A range of herons were present that included Squacco and Purple Herons and Great, Cattle and Little Egrets. Among the small number of wildfowl present were a few handsome Red-crested Pochard. Several Calandra and Greater Short-toed Larks were singing and displaying over the fields, but the biggest surprise was a Western Orphean Warbler singing strongly and eventually showing well from the few thin trees present.

With time precious we next headed on towards Huesca and the castle of Montearagon nearby. An initial stop at the base of the isolated hilltop that the castle was built on soon found us admiring a handsome Black Wheatear, followed by its Black-eared close relative. We drove on up to the top to enjoy a cooling breeze and eat our packed lunches and use our final minutes admiring the views and checking out the flora and butterflies present.

Having finished our lunch, from here it was a straightforward drive on to Zaragoza and our returning flight home.

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## Species Lists

Birds (✓=recorded but not counted; H = heard only)

	Common name	Scientific name	May - June									
			26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2		
1	Common Quail	<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>		H				H				
2	Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>										4
3	Common Pochard	<i>Aythya ferina</i>										2
4	Red-crested Pochard	<i>Netta rufina</i>										6
5	European Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus europaeus</i>								2		
6	Common Swift	<i>Apus apus</i>		✓	✓	2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
7	Alpine Swift	<i>Tachymarptis melba</i>		3	1				4			
8	Common Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus canorus</i>		H				H	1			
9	Rock Dove / Feral Pigeon	<i>Columba livia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
10	Common Wood Pigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>	✓	✓		1	1	2	✓	✓		✓
11	Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
12	European Turtle Dove	<i>Streptopelia turtur</i>		6	1	1	1	1	1	1		
13	Great Crested Grebe	<i>Podiceps cristatus</i>										10
14	Yellow-legged Gull	<i>Larus michahellis</i>	2	4		1				1		6
15	White Stork	<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>	8									12
16	Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>		2	3							
17	Squacco Heron	<i>Ardeola ralloides</i>										2
18	Western Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>										15
19	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>		6							1	1
20	Purple Heron	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>										1
21	Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>										1
22	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	1									3
23	Western Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>		1								
24	Lammergeier (Bearded Vulture)	<i>Gypaetus barbatus</i>		3		2						
25	Egyptian Vulture	<i>Neophron percnopterus</i>	1	2	2	1	3	3				3
26	European Honey Buzzard	<i>Pernis apivorus</i>		2			1	2	1	1		
27	Eurasian Griffon Vulture	<i>Gyps fulvus</i>	16	15	✓	✓	✓	✓	3	6		
28	Short-toed Snake Eagle	<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>		1			1		1			
29	Booted Eagle	<i>Aquila pennata</i>		1	3							3
30	Golden Eagle	<i>Aquila chrysaetos</i>				2		1	1			
31	Western Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>		1								2
32	Red Kite	<i>Milvus milvus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
33	Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
34	Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>		1		2	2	2	2			
35	Eurasian Scops Owl	<i>Otus scops</i>							H			
36	Little Owl	<i>Athene noctua</i>										1
37	Eurasian Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>	1				1					2
38	Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>					1					
39	European Bee-eater	<i>Merops apiaster</i>	5	4	6	1				1		20
40	Eurasian Wryneck	<i>Jynx torquilla</i>		H								
41	Great Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos major</i>		2				H	1	1		
42	Iberian Green Woodpecker	<i>Picus sharpei</i>						H	H			1
43	Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>	1		2	1	1	2	1	2		
44	Eurasian Hobby	<i>Falco subbuteo</i>		1	1	1	1					
45	Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>	1		1	1						
46	Woodchat Shrike	<i>Lanius senator</i>	1		1	1	1	1	1			1
47	Eurasian Golden Oriole	<i>Oriolus oriolus</i>		H		H	H	H	H	H		3

	Common name	Scientific name	May - June							
			26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2
48	Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>	1				1		2	1
49	Eurasian Magpie	<i>Pica pica</i>	✓	2	1	✓		✓	✓	✓
50	Red-billed Chough	<i>Pyrrhocorax pyrrhocorax</i>			5	10	6	✓	✓	
51	Alpine Chough	<i>Pyrrhocorax graculus</i>				70		4		
52	Western Jackdaw	<i>Coloeus monedula</i>	✓							✓
53	Carrion Crow	<i>Corvus corone</i>	✓	2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
54	Northern Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>	2	3	3	3	1	2	1	
55	Coal Tit	<i>Periparus ater</i>				3	2	2	✓	
56	European Crested Tit	<i>Lophophanes cristatus</i>			H	H	6	H		
57	Eurasian Blue Tit	<i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	
58	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>		✓	✓	H	✓	✓	✓	
59	Eurasian Skylark	<i>Alauda arvensis</i>		H					H	
60	Crested Lark	<i>Galerida cristata</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
61	Woodlark	<i>Lullula arborea</i>			H	H	1	1		
62	Greater Short-toed Lark	<i>Calandrella brachydactyla</i>								8
63	Calandra Lark	<i>Melanocorypha calandra</i>								6
64	Eurasian Crag Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i>			30	12	12	✓	✓	
65	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
66	Common House Martin	<i>Delichon urbicum</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
67	Cetti's Warbler	<i>Cettia cetti</i>		1			1	H	H	H
68	Long-tailed Tit	<i>Aegithalos caudatus</i>					4			
69	Western Bonelli's Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus bonelli</i>	H		2	H	6	2	H	
70	Common Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>		H		H	H	H	H	
71	Great Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus arundinaceus</i>								2
72	Melodious Warbler	<i>Hippolais polyglotta</i>		2	3	4	2	1	1	1
73	Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>								3
74	Eurasian Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>		H	1	✓	✓	✓	H	
75	Garden Warbler	<i>Sylvia borin</i>		4		✓	4	✓	2	
76	Western Orphean Warbler	<i>Sylvia hortensis</i>	H				1			2
77	Dartford Warbler	<i>Sylvia undata</i>		H						
78	Subalpine Warbler	<i>Sylvia cantillans</i>		2	1	10	4	6	4	
79	Sardinian Warbler	<i>Sylvia melanocephala</i>		4	6		1	1		
80	Common Firecrest	<i>Regulus ignicapillus</i>		3	H	H	6	H	H	
81	Goldcrest	<i>Regulus regulus</i>						H		
82	Eurasian Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>		H	H	H	2	H	H	
83	Eurasian Nuthatch	<i>Sitta europaea</i>					3			
84	Short-toed Treecreeper	<i>Certhia brachydactyla</i>		H	H		1	1		H
85	Spotless Starling	<i>Sturnus unicolor</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
86	Ring Ouzel	<i>Turdus torquatus</i>				1				
87	Common Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
88	Song Thrush	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>	1			H	2	1	1	
89	Mistle Thrush	<i>Turdus viscivorus</i>		2		1		1		
90	Spotted Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa striata</i>		1	2	1	3			
91	European Robin	<i>Erithacus rubecula</i>			1	2	4	6		
92	Common Nightingale	<i>Luscinia megarhynchos</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
93	Black Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>		1	6	6	4	3	6	
94	Common Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola saxatilis</i>							2	
95	Blue Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola solitarius</i>			3					
96	European Stonechat	<i>Saxicola rubicola</i>	2	1	1	3	2	2	1	
97	Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>				1		2	✓	
98	Black-eared Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe hispanica</i>								2



	Common name	Scientific name	May - June									
			26	27	28	29	30	31	1	2		
99	Black Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe leucura</i>										1
100	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
101	Common Rock Sparrow	<i>Petronia petronia</i>		6	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
102	Alpine Accentor	<i>Prunella collaris</i>				1						
103	Dunnock	<i>Prunella modularis</i>		1		2			H		1	
104	Western Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava iberiae</i>		2				1				
105	Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>	1		1	1	2	✓		1		
106	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
107	Tawny Pipit	<i>Anthus campestris</i>		1								2
108	Water Pipit	<i>Anthus spinoletta</i>				2					✓	
109	Common Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>		H	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
110	Common Linnet	<i>Linaria cannabina</i>		6	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
111	European Greenfinch	<i>Chloris chloris</i>		✓	✓		1	✓	✓	✓		
112	European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>		✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
113	Citril Finch	<i>Carduelis citrinella</i>				4		30				
114	European Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>		10	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
115	Yellowhammer	<i>Emberiza citrinella</i>				2		2				
116	Cirl Bunting	<i>Emberiza cirlus</i>	1	H	1	H		1	H			
117	Corn Bunting	<i>Emberiza calandra</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
118	Rock Bunting	<i>Emberiza cia</i>				3						

## Mammals

Pyrenean Chamois (Izard), *Rupicapra pyrenaica*  
Alpine Marmot, *Marmotta marmotta*

Red Squirrel, *Sciurus vulgaris*

## Amphibians & Reptiles

Palmate Newt, *Triturus helveticus*  
Large Psammodromus, *Psammodromus algirus*  
Western Green Lizard, *Lacerta bilineata*  
Common Wall Lizard, *Podarcis muralis*  
Iberian Grass Snake, *Natrix astreptophora*

Iberian Water Frog, *Rana perezi*  
Ocellated Lizard, *Timon lepidus*  
Viviparous Lizard, *Zootoca vivipara*  
Catalonian Wall Lizard, *Podarcis liolepis*

## Butterflies

Dingy Skipper, *Erynnis tages*  
Grizzled Skipper, *Pyrgus malvae*  
Olive Skipper, *Pyrgus serratalae*  
Mallow Skipper, *Cacharodus alceae*  
Large Skipper, *Ochlodes venatus*  
Swallowtail, *Papilio machaon*  
Clouded Apollo, *Parnassius mnemosyne*  
Black-veined White, *Aporia crataegi*  
Small White, *Pieris rapae*  
Bath White, *Pontia daplidiae*  
Provence Orange Tip, *Anthocharis euphenoides*  
Clouded Yellow, *Colias crocea*  
Brimstone, *Gonepteryx rhamni*  
Blue-spot Hairstreak, *Satyriscum spini*  
Small Copper, *Lycaena phlaeas*  
Osiris Blue, *Cupido osiris*

Red-underwing Skipper, *Spialia sertorius*  
Oberthur's Grizzled Skipper, *Pyrgus armoricanus*  
Safflower Skipper, *Pyrgus carthami*  
Essex Skipper, *Thymelicus lineola*  
Spanish Swallowtail, *Iphiclides feisthamelii*  
Apollo, *Parnassius apollo*  
Wood White, *Leptidea sinapis*  
Large White, *Pieris brassicae*  
Green-veined White, *Pieris napi*  
Orange Tip, *Anthocharis cardamines*  
Berger's Clouded Yellow, *Colias australis*  
Cleopatra, *Gonepteryx cleopatra*  
Duke of Burgundy, *Hamearis lucina*  
Green Hairstreak, *Callophrys rubi*  
Little Blue, *Cupido minimus*  
Holly Blue, *Celastrina argiolus*

Green-underside Blue, *Glaucopsyche alexis*  
 Panoptes Blue, *Pseudophilotes panoptes*  
 Mazarine Blue, *Cyaniris semiargus*  
 Escher's Blue, *Polyommatus escheri*  
 Adonis Blue, *Polyommatus bellargus*  
 Southern White Admiral, *Limentitis reducta*  
 Large Tortoiseshell, *Nymphalis polychloros*  
 Red Admiral, *Vanessa atalanta*  
 Comma, *Polygonia c-album*  
 Knapweed Fritillary, *Melitaea phoebe*  
 Heath Fritillary, *Melitaea athalia*  
 Spanish Fritillary, *Euphydryas desfontainii*  
 Queen-of-Spain Fritillary, *Issoria lathonia*  
 Weaver's Fritillary, *Boloria dia*  
 Pearly Heath, *Coenonympha arcania*  
 Wall Brown, *Lasiommata megera*  
 Spanish Gatekeeper, *Pyronia bathseba*  
 Western Marbled White, *Melanargia occitanica*

Baton Blue, *Pseudophilotes baton*  
 Chequered Blue, *Scolitantides orion*  
 Turquoise Blue, *Polyommatus dorylas*  
 Common Blue, *Polyommatus icarus*  
 Provence Chalk-hill Blue, *Polyommatus hispanus*  
 Camberwell Beauty, *Nymphalis antiopa*  
 Small Tortoiseshell, *Aglaia urticae*  
 Painted Lady, *Vanessa cardui*  
 Glanville Fritillary, *Melitaea cinxia*  
 Spotted Fritillary, *Melitaea didyma*  
 Marsh Fritillary, *Euphydryas aurinia*  
 Silver-washed Fritillary, *Argynnis paphia*  
 Twin-spot Fritillary, *Brenthis hecate*  
 Spanish Heath, *Coenonympha iphioides*  
 Speckled Wood, *Pararge aegeria*  
 Large Wall Brown, *Lasiommata maera*  
 Piedmont Ringlet, *Erebia meolans*

## Moths

Burnet sp., *Zygaena sp.*  
 Hummingbird Hawkmoth, *Macroglossum stellatarum*  
 Pine Processionary, *Thaumetopoea pityocampa*  
 Silver Y, *Autographa gamma*  
 Burnet Companion, *Euclidia glyphica*

Latticed Heath, *Semiothisa clathrata*  
 Broad-bordered Bee Hawkmoth, *Hemaris fuciformis*  
 Cream-spot Tiger, *Arctia villica*  
 Mother Shipton, *Callistege mi*

## Plants

Scientific name	Common name
<b>GYMNOSPERMS</b>	
<b>Cupressaceae</b>	
<i>Cupressus sempervirens</i>	Italian Cypress
<i>Juniperus communis</i>	Common Juniper
<i>Juniperus oxycedrus</i>	Prickly Juniper
<i>Juniperus phoenicea</i>	Phoenician Juniper
<b>Pinaceae</b>	
<i>Pinus halepensis</i>	Aleppo Pine
<i>Pinus nigra</i> ssp. <i>salzmannii</i>	Austrian Pine
<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>	Scots Pine
<i>Pinus uncinata</i>	Mountain Pine
<b>ANGIOSPERMS</b>	
<b>FLOWERING PLANTS</b>	
<b>Dicotyledons</b>	
<b>Adoxaceae</b>	
<i>Sambucus ebulus</i>	Dwarf Elder
<i>Sambucus nigra</i>	Elder
<i>Viburnum lantana</i>	Wayfaring Tree
<b>CONIFERS</b>	
<b>Cypress Family</b>	
<b>Pine Family</b>	

Scientific name	Common name
<b>Anacardiaceae</b>	<b>Sumach Family</b>
<i>Pistacia lentiscus</i>	Mastic Tree
<i>Pistacia terebinthus</i>	Turpentine Tree
<b>Apiaceae</b>	<b>Carrot Family</b>
<i>Anthriscus sylvestris</i>	Cow Parsley
<i>Bupleurum rigidum</i>	
<i>Conopodium majus</i>	Earthnut
<i>Daucus carota</i>	Wild Carrot
<i>Eryngium bourgatii</i>	Pyrenean Eryngo
<i>Eryngium campestre</i>	Field Eryngo
<i>Foeniculum vulgare</i>	Fennel
<i>Heracleum sphondylium</i>	
<i>Laserpitium gallicum</i>	a Sermountain
<i>Laserpitium latifolium</i>	Broad-leaved Sermountain
<i>Ligusticum lucidum</i>	
<i>Meum athamanticum</i>	Spignel
<i>Sanicula europaea</i>	Sanicle
<i>Selinum pyrenaicum</i>	
<i>Seseli montanum</i>	-
<i>Thapsia villosa</i>	
<i>Torilis arvensis</i>	
<i>Torilis nodosa</i>	Knotted Hedge Parsley
<i>Trinia glauca</i>	Honewort
<b>Apocynaceae</b>	<b>Periwinkle Family</b>
<i>Vincetoxicum hirundinaria</i>	Swallow-wort
<b>Aquifoliaceae</b>	<b>Holly Family</b>
<i>Ilex aquifolium</i>	Holly
<b>Araliaceae</b>	<b>Ivy Family</b>
<i>Hedera helix</i>	Ivy
<b>Boraginaceae</b>	<b>Borage Family</b>
<i>Borago officinalis</i>	Borage
<i>Buglossoides purpureocaerulea</i>	Purple Gromwell
<i>Cynoglossum creticum</i>	Blue Hound's-tongue
<i>Echium vulgare</i>	Viper's Bugloss
<i>Lithodora fruticosa</i>	Shrubby Gromwell
<i>Lithospermum officinale</i>	Common Gromwell
<i>Myosotis alpestris</i>	Alpine Forget-me-not
<i>Myosotis alpina</i>	
<b>Brassicaceae</b>	<b>Cabbage Family</b>
<i>Alliaria petiolata</i>	Garlic Mustard
<i>Arabis caucasica</i> subsp. <i>alpina</i>	Alpine Rock-cress
<i>Arabis glabra</i>	Tower Mustard
<i>Arabis hirsuta</i>	Hairy Rock-cress
<i>Arabis turrata</i>	Tower Cress
<i>Barbarea intermedia</i>	
<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>	Shepherd's Purse
<i>Cardamine raphanifolia</i>	Greater Cuckooflower

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Coincya monensis</i>	
<i>Descurainia sophia</i>	Flixweed
<i>Draba aizoides</i>	Yellow Whitlow-grass
<i>Erophila verna</i>	Common Whitlowgrass
<i>Erysimum canescens</i>	
<i>Erysimum duriaei</i> subsp. <i>pyrenaicum</i>	
<i>Iberis sempervirens</i>	Evergreen Candytuft
<b>Buxaceae</b>	<b>Box Family</b>
<i>Buxus sempervirens</i>	Box
<b>Campanulaceae</b>	<b>Bellflower Family</b>
<i>Campanula trachelium</i>	Nettle-leaved Bellflower
<i>Jasione laevis</i>	
<b>Caprifoliaceae</b>	<b>Honeysuckle Family</b>
<i>Centranthus ruber</i>	Red Valerian
<i>Knautia arvensis</i>	Field Scabious
<i>Knautia arvernensis</i>	
<i>Lonicera periclymenum</i>	Honeysuckle
<i>Lonicera pyrenaica</i>	Pyrenean Honeysuckle
<i>Scabiosa atropurpurea</i>	
<i>Scabiosa columbaria</i>	Small Scabious
<i>Valeriana montana</i>	-
<i>Valeriana tuberosa</i>	
<b>Cannabaceae</b>	<b>Hop Family</b>
<i>Celtis australis</i>	Nettle Tree
<i>Humulus lupulus</i>	Wild Hop
<b>Caryophyllaceae</b>	<b>Pink Family</b>
<i>Arenaria aggregata</i> subsp. <i>oscensis</i>	
<i>Cerastium arvense</i>	Field Mouse-ear
<i>Dianthus pungens</i> subsp. <i>hispanicus</i>	-
<i>Gypsophila repens</i>	
<i>Herniaria latifolia</i>	
<i>Minuartia verna</i>	Spring Sandwort
<i>Paronychia capitata</i>	-
<i>Paronychia kapela</i> subsp. <i>serpyllifolia</i>	
<i>Petrorhagia prolifera</i>	Proliferous Pink
<i>Saponaria ocymoides</i>	Rock Soapwort
<i>Silene glaucifolia</i>	
<i>Silene latifolia</i>	White Champion
<i>Silene nutans</i>	Nottingham Catchfly
<i>Silene vulgaris</i>	Bladder Champion
<i>Stellaria media</i>	Common Chickweed
<i>Telephium imperati</i>	
<b>Cistaceae</b>	<b>Rockrose Family</b>
<i>Fumana ericoides</i>	Fumana
<i>Fumana procumbens</i>	
<i>Helianthemum apenninum</i>	White Rockrose
<i>Helianthemum nummularium</i>	Common Rockrose

Scientific name	Common name
<i>H. nummularium</i> subsp. <i>pyrenaicum</i>	Pink Rockrose
<i>H. oelandicum</i> subsp. <i>incanum</i>	Hoary Rockrose
<b>Compositae (Asteraceae)</b>	<b>Daisy Family</b>
<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	Yarrow
<i>Andrayala integrifolia</i>	Andrayala
<i>Anthemis arvensis</i>	
<i>Artemesia campestris</i>	Field Wormwood
<i>Artemesia herba-alba</i>	Pyrenean Wormwood
<i>Artemesia vulgaris</i>	
<i>Bellis perennis</i>	Daisy
<i>Bellis sylvestris</i>	Southern Daisy
<i>Carduncellus mitissimus</i>	Dwarf Blue Thistle
<i>Carduus nutans</i>	Musk Thistle
<i>Catananche caerulea</i>	Cupid's Dart
<i>Centaurea aspera</i>	
<i>Centaurea calcitrapa</i>	Red Star Thistle
<i>Cichorium intybus</i>	Chicory
<i>Filago pyramidata</i>	
<i>Helichrysum stoechas</i>	Curry Plant
<i>Hieracium pilosella</i>	Mouse-ear Hawkweed
<i>Lactuca perennis</i>	Blue Lettuce
<i>Leucanthemum vulgare</i>	Oxe-eye Daisy
<i>Onopordum acanthium</i>	Cotton Thistle
<i>Pallenis spinosa</i>	Pallenis
<i>Rhaponticum coniferum</i>	
<i>Santolina chamaecyparissus</i>	Lavender Cotton
<i>Scorzonera angustifolia</i>	
<i>Silybum marianum</i>	Milk Thistle
<i>Staehelina dubia</i>	Staehelina
<i>Tragopogon crocifolius</i>	-
<i>Tragopogon porrifolius</i>	Salsify
<i>Tragopogon pratensis</i>	Goat's-beard
<i>Tussilago farfara</i>	Colt's-foot
<i>Xeranthemum cylindraceum</i>	
<b>Convolvulaceae</b>	<b>Bindweed Family</b>
<i>Convolvulus arvensis</i>	Field Bindweed
<i>Convolvulus cantabrica</i>	Pink Bindweed
<i>Cuscuta epithimum</i>	Dodder
<b>Cornaceae</b>	<b>Dogwood Family</b>
<i>Cornus sanguinea</i>	Common Dogwood
<b>Crassulaceae</b>	<b>Stonecrop Family</b>
<i>Sedum acre</i>	Biting Stonecrop
<i>Sedum album</i>	White Stonecrop
<i>Sedum dasyphyllum</i>	Thick-leaved Stonecrop
<i>Sedum sediforme</i>	
<i>Sempervivum montanum</i>	
<i>Umbelicus rupestris</i>	Navelwort

Scientific name	Common name
<b>Cucurbitaceae</b> <i>Bryonia dioica</i>	<b>Cucumber Family</b> White Bryony
<b>Ericaceae</b> <i>Arctostaphylos uva-ursi</i> <i>Calluna vulgaris</i> <i>Rhododendron ferrugineum</i> <i>Vaccinium myrtillus</i>	<b>Heath Family</b> Bearberry Ling Alpenrose Bilberry
<b>Euphorbiaceae</b> <i>Euphorbia characias</i> subsp. <i>characias</i> <i>Euphorbia helioscopia</i> <i>Euphorbia serrata</i>	<b>Spurge Family</b> Large Mediterranean Spurge Sun Spurge -
<b>Fagaceae</b> <i>Castanea sativa</i> <i>Fagus sylvatica</i> <i>Quercus x cerriooides</i> <i>Quercus coccifera</i> <i>Quercus faginea</i> <i>Quercus ilex</i> <i>Quercus pubescens</i>	<b>Oak Family</b> Sweet Chestnut Beech  Kermes Oak  Holm Oak Downy Oak
<b>Gentianaceae</b> <i>Gentiana acaulis</i> <i>Gentiana occidentalis</i> <i>Gentiana verna</i>	<b>Gentian Family</b> Trumpet Gentian Pyrenean Trumpet Gentian Spring Gentian
<b>Geraniaceae</b> <i>Erodium ciconium</i> <i>Erodium cicutarium</i> <i>Erodium malacoides</i> <i>Geranium columbinum</i> <i>Geranium lucidum</i> <i>Geranium pyrenaicum</i> <i>Geranium robertianum</i> <i>Geranium rotundifolium</i> <i>Geranium sylvaticum</i>	<b>Geranium Family</b>  Mallow-leaved Stork's-bill Long-stalked Crane's-bill Shining Crane's-bill Hedge Crane's-bill Herb Robert Round-leaved Crane's-bill Wood Crane's-bill
<b>Gesneriaceae</b> <i>Ramonda myconi</i>	<b>Gloxinia Family</b> Ramonda
<b>Hypericaceae</b> <i>Hypericum nummularium</i> <i>Hypericum perforatum</i>	<b>St John's-wort Family</b> Western St John's-wort Perforate St John's-wort
<b>Lamiaceae</b> <i>Acinos arvensis</i> <i>Ajuga chamaepitys</i> <i>Ajuga pyramidalis</i> <i>Ballota nigra</i> <i>Clinopodium vulgare</i> <i>Horminum pyrenaicum</i>	<b>Dead-nettle Family</b> Basil Thyme Ground Pine Pyramidal Bugle Black Horehound Wild Basil Dragonmouth

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Lamium amplexicaule</i>	Hen-bit
<i>Lamium maculatum</i>	Spotted Dead-nettle
<i>Marrubium vulgare</i>	White Horehound
<i>Melittis melissophyllum</i>	Bastard Balm
<i>Phlomis herba-venti</i>	-
<i>Phlomis lychnitis</i>	-
<i>Rosmarinus officinalis</i>	Rosemary
<i>Salvia pratensis</i>	Meadow Clary
<i>Salvia sclarea</i>	
<i>Salvia verbenaca</i>	Wild Clary
<i>Satureja montana</i>	Winter Savory
<i>Sideritis hirsuta</i>	-
<i>Stachys recta</i>	Yellow Woundwort
<i>Teucrium polium</i>	
<i>Thymus pulegioides</i>	Large Thyme
<i>Thymus vulgaris</i>	Common Thyme
<b>Leguminosae (Fabaceae)</b>	<b>Pea Family</b>
<i>Anthyllis montana</i>	Mountain Kidney Vetch
<i>Anthyllis vulneraria</i> subsp. <i>pyrenaica</i>	Pink Kidney Vetch
<i>Argyrobium zanonii</i>	
<i>Astragalus monspessulanus</i>	False Vetch
<i>Astragalus sempervirens</i>	Mountain Tragacanth
<i>Bitumaria bituminosa</i>	Pitch Trefoil
<i>Coronilla minima</i>	
<i>Coronilla scorpioides</i>	Annual Scorpion Vetch
<i>Cytisophyllum sessilifolium</i>	
<i>Cytisus hirsutus</i>	
<i>Dorycnium pentaphyllum</i>	-
<i>Echinopartum horridum</i>	Echinopartum
<i>Genista hispanica</i>	
<i>Genista scorpius</i>	
<i>Genista tinctoria</i>	Dyer's Greenweed
<i>Hippocrepis comosa</i>	Horseshoe vetch
<i>Hippocrepis emerus</i>	Scorpion Senna
<i>Lathyrus aphaca</i>	Yellow Vetchling
<i>Lathyrus cicera</i>	-
<i>Lathyrus linifolius</i>	Bitter Vetch
<i>Lathyrus niger</i>	Black Pea
<i>Lathyrus pratensis</i>	Meadow Vetchling
<i>Lotus corniculatus</i>	Common Bird's-foot Trefoil
<i>Lotus maritimus</i>	Dragon's Teeth
<i>Medicago lupulina</i>	
<i>Medicago sativa</i>	Lucerne
<i>Medicago suffruticosa</i>	
<i>Medicago minima</i>	
<i>Mellilotus altissima</i>	Tall Melilot
<i>Onobrychis argentea</i> subsp. <i>hispanica</i>	
<i>Ononis fruticosa</i>	Shrubby Restharrow
<i>Pisum sativum</i>	Wild Pea
<i>Retama sphaerocarpa</i>	
<i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i>	
<i>Spartium junceum</i>	Spanish Broom

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Trifolium campestre</i>	
<i>Trifolium montanum</i>	Mountain Clover
<i>Trifolium ochroleucon</i>	Sulphur Clover
<i>Trifolium pratense</i>	
<i>Vicia cracca</i>	Tufted Vetch
<i>Vicia pyrenaica</i>	Pyrenean Vetch
<i>Vicia sativa</i>	
<i>Vicia sepium</i>	
<b>Lentibulariaceae</b>	<b>Butterwort Family</b>
<i>Pinguicula alpina</i>	Alpine Butterwort
<i>Pinguicula grandiflora</i>	Greater Butterwort
<i>Pinguicula vulgaris</i>	Common Butterwort
<b>Linaceae</b>	<b>Flax Family</b>
<i>Linum bienne</i>	Pale Flax
<i>Linum catharticum</i>	Purging Flax
<i>Linum narbonense</i>	Beautiful Flax
<i>L. suffruticosum</i> subsp. <i>salsaloides</i>	Pyrenean Flax
<b>Malvaceae</b>	<b>Mallow Family</b>
<i>Althaea hirsuta</i>	Rough Marsh Mallow
<i>Malva neglecta</i>	
<i>Malva sylvestris</i>	Common Mallow
<i>Tilia platyphyllos</i>	Large-leaved Lime
<b>Moraceae</b>	<b>Mulberry Family</b>
<i>Ficus carica</i>	Wild Fig
<b>Oleaceae</b>	<b>Olive Family</b>
<i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	Ash
<i>Jasminium fruticans</i>	Wild Jasmine
<i>Ligustrum vulgare</i>	Privet
<i>Olea europaea</i>	Olive
<b>Orobanchaceae</b>	<b>Broomrape Family</b>
<i>Lathraea clandestina</i>	Purple Toothwort
<i>Rhinanthus mediterraneus</i>	a Yellow Rattle
<i>Orobancha gracilis</i>	Slender Broomrape
<b>Papaveraceae</b>	<b>Poppy Family</b>
<i>Corydalis solida</i>	Bird-in-a-Bush
<i>Fumaria officinalis</i>	Common Fumitory
<i>Fumaria parviflora</i>	Fine-leaved Fumitory
<i>Papaver argemone</i>	Prickly Poppy
<i>Papaver rhoeas</i>	Field Poppy
<b>Plantaginaceae</b>	<b>Plantain Family</b>
<i>Antirrhinum majus</i>	Snapdragon
<i>Chaenorhinum organifolium</i>	Malling Toadflax
<i>Erinus alpinus</i>	Fairy Foxglove
<i>Globularia nudicaulis</i>	Leafless-stemmed Globularia
<i>Globularia repens</i>	-



Scientific name	Common name
<i>Globularia vulgaris</i>	Common Globularia
<i>Linaria alpina</i>	Alpine Toadflax
<i>Linaria supina</i>	Pyrenean Toadflax
<i>Plantago alpina</i>	
<i>Plantago lanceolata</i>	
<i>Plantago major</i>	
<i>Plantago media</i>	Hoary Plantain
<i>Plantago sempervirens</i>	
<i>Veronica orsiniana</i>	
<i>Veronica prostrata</i>	
<b>Plumbaginaceae</b>	<b>Thrift Family</b>
<i>Armeria arenaria</i>	
<i>Armeria alpina</i>	Mountain Thrift
<b>Polygalaceae</b>	<b>Milkwort Family</b>
<i>Polygala alpina</i>	
<i>Polygala calcarea</i>	Chalk Milkwort
<i>Polygala monspeliaca</i>	
<i>Polygala vulgaris</i>	Common Milkwort
<b>Polygonaceae</b>	<b>Dock Family</b>
<i>Oxyria digyna</i>	Mountain Sorrel
<i>Polygonum viviparum</i>	Alpine Bistort
<i>Rumex acetosa</i>	Sorrel
<i>Rumex scutatus</i>	French Sorrel
<b>Primulaceae</b>	<b>Primrose Family</b>
<i>Androsace villosa</i>	
<i>Coris monspeliensis</i>	Coris
<i>Primula elatior</i>	Oxlip
<i>Primula farinosa</i>	Bird's-eye Primrose
<i>Primula hirsuta</i>	
<i>Primula integrifolia</i>	
<i>Primula veris</i>	Cowslip
<i>Soldanella alpina</i>	Alpine Snowbell
<i>Vitaliana primuliflora</i>	Vitaliana
<b>Pyrolaceae</b>	<b>Wintergreen Family</b>
<i>Moneses uniflora</i>	One-flowered Wintergreen
<i>Pyrola chlorantha</i>	Pale-green Wintergreen
<b>Ranunculaceae</b>	<b>Buttercup Family</b>
<i>Anemone narcissiflora</i>	Narcissus-flowered Anemone
<i>Aquilegia vulgaris</i>	Common Columbine
<i>Caltha palustris</i>	Marsh Marigold
<i>Clematis vitalba</i>	Traveller's Joy
<i>Helleborus foetidus</i>	Stinking Hellebore
<i>Helleborus viridis</i>	Green Hellebore
<i>Hepatica nobilis</i>	Hepatica
<i>Nigella gallica</i>	Love-in-a-mist
<i>Ranunculus amplexicaulis</i>	Amplexicaule Buttercup
<i>Ranunculus bulbosus</i>	Bulbous Buttercup

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Ranunculus carinthiacus</i>	
<i>Ranunculus gouanii</i>	Gouan's Buttercup
<i>Ranunculus gramineus</i>	Grass-leaved Buttercup
<i>Ranunculus pyrenaicus</i>	Pyrenean Buttercup
<i>Thalictrum tuberosum</i>	-
<i>Trollius europaeus</i>	Globeflower
<b>Resedaceae</b>	<b>Mignonette Family</b>
<i>Reseda lutea</i>	Wild Mignonette
<i>Reseda luteola</i>	Weld
<i>Reseda phyteuma</i>	Corn Mignonette
<b>Rhamnaceae</b>	<b>Buckthorn Family</b>
<i>Frangulus alnus</i>	Alder Buckthorn
<i>Rhamnus alaternus</i>	Mediterranean Buckthorn
<i>Rhamnus alpina</i>	
<i>Rhamnus saxatilis</i>	Rock Buckthorn
<b>Rosaceae</b>	<b>Rose Family</b>
<i>Alchemilla alpina</i>	Alpine Lady's Mantle
<i>Amelanchier ovalis</i>	Juneberry
<i>Filipendula vulgaris</i>	Dropwort
<i>Fragaria vesca</i>	Wild Strawberry
<i>Geum pyrenaicum</i>	Pyrenean Avens
<i>Geum sylvaticum</i>	
<i>Potentilla crantzii</i>	Alpine Cinquefoil
<i>Potentilla neumanniana</i>	Spring Cinquefoil
<i>Potentilla rupestris</i>	Rock Cinquefoil
<i>Prunus mahaleb</i>	St. Lucie Cherry
<i>Rosa agrestis</i>	
<i>Rosa arvensis</i>	
<i>Rosa canina</i>	
<i>Rubus fruticosus</i> agg.	Bramble
<i>Sanguisorba minor</i>	Salad Burnet
<b>Rubiaceae</b>	<b>Bedstraw Family</b>
<i>Cruciata laevipes</i>	Crosswort
<i>Galium aparine</i>	Cleavers
<i>Galium lucidum</i>	
<i>Galium mollugo</i>	Hedge Bedstraw
<i>Galium tricornutum</i>	Corn Cleavers
<i>Rubia peregriana</i>	Wild Madder
<i>Rubia tinctorum</i>	Common Madder
<b>Rutaceae</b>	<b>Rue Family</b>
<i>Ruta angustifolia</i>	
<b>Santalaceae</b>	<b>Sandalwood Family</b>
<i>Osyris alba</i>	Osyris
<i>Thesium humifusum</i>	
<i>Viscum album</i> subsp. <i>austriacum</i>	Mistletoe

Scientific name	Common name
<b>Sapindaceae (Aceraceae)</b>	<b>Maple Family</b>
<i>Acer campestre</i>	Field Maple
<i>Acer monspessulanum</i>	Montpelier Maple
<i>Acer opalus</i>	
<b>Saxifragaceae</b>	<b>Saxifrage Family</b>
<i>Saxifraga aizoides</i>	Yellow Saxifrage
<i>Saxifraga fragilis</i>	
<i>Saxifraga granulata</i>	Meadow Saxifrage
<i>Saxifraga hirsuta</i>	Kidney Saxifrage
<i>Saxifraga longifolia</i>	Pyrenean Saxifrage
<i>Saxifraga moschata</i>	White Musky Saxifrage
<i>Saxifraga paniculata</i>	Livelong Saxifrage
<i>Saxifraga umbrosa</i>	
<b>Scrophulariaceae</b>	<b>Figwort Family</b>
<i>Scrophularia canina</i>	French Figwort
<i>Verbascum lychnitis</i>	White Mullein
<i>Verbascum pulverulentum</i>	Hoary Mullein
<b>Solanaceae</b>	<b>Nightshade Family</b>
<i>Atropa belladonna</i>	Deadly Nightshade
<i>Hyoscyamus albus</i>	White Henbane
<i>Solanum dulcamara</i>	Bittersweet
<b>Thymelaceae</b>	<b>Daphne Family</b>
<i>Daphne laureola</i>	Spurge Laurel
<i>Daphne mezereum</i>	Mezereum
<i>Thymelaea pubescens</i>	
<b>Ulmaceae</b>	<b>Elm Family</b>
<i>Ulmus glabra</i>	Wych Elm
<i>Ulmus minor</i>	
<b>Urticaceae</b>	<b>Nettle Family</b>
<i>Parietaria judaica</i>	Pellitory-of-the-wall
<i>Urtica dioica</i>	Common Nettle
<b>Verbenaceae</b>	<b>Verbena Family</b>
<i>Verbena officinalis</i>	Vervain
<b>Violaceae</b>	<b>Violet Family</b>
<i>Viola cornuta</i>	
<i>Viola hirta</i>	
<i>Viola pyrenaica</i>	Pyrenean Violet
<b>Vitaceae</b>	<b>Vine Family</b>
<i>Vitis vinifera</i>	Wild Grape-vine
<b>Monocotyledons</b>	
<b>Amaryllidaceae</b>	<b>Daffodil Family</b>
<i>Allium moly</i>	Yellow Garlic
<i>Allium pyrenaicum</i>	

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Allium sphaerocephalon</i>	Round-headed Leek
<i>Allium vineale</i>	Crow Garlic
<i>Narcissus assoanus</i>	
<i>Narcissus jacetania</i>	
<i>N. pseudonarcissus</i> subsp. <i>bicolor</i>	
<b>Asparagaceae</b>	<b>Asparagus Family</b>
<i>Aphyllanthes monspeliensis</i>	Blue Aphyllanthes
<i>Asparagus officinalis</i>	Asparagus
<i>Brimeura amethystina</i>	Pyrenean Hyacinth
<i>Dipcadi serotinum</i>	
<i>Leopoldia comosa</i>	Tassel Hyacinth
<i>Muscari neglectum</i>	Grape Hyacinth
<i>Ruscus aculeatus</i>	Butcher's Broom
<i>Scilla lilio-hyacinthus</i>	Pyrenean Squill
<i>Scilla verna</i>	Spring Squill
<b>Colchicaceae</b>	<b>Colchicum Family</b>
<i>Colchicum montanum</i>	
<b>Dioscoreaceae</b>	<b>Yam Family</b>
<i>Dioscorea communis</i>	Black Bryony
<b>Iridaceae</b>	<b>Iris Family</b>
<i>Gladiolus illyricus</i>	
<i>Iris germanica</i>	
<i>Iris latifolia</i>	-
<i>Iris pseudacorus</i>	Yellow Flag
<b>Liliaceae</b>	<b>Lily Family</b>
<i>Fritillaria lusitanica</i>	
<i>Fritillaria pyrenaica</i>	Pyrenean Snakeshead
<i>Lilium martagon</i>	Martagon Lily
<i>Tulipa sylvestris</i> subsp. <i>australis</i>	Wild Tulip
<b>Melanthiaceae</b>	<b>Herb-Paris Family</b>
<i>Veratrum album</i>	White False-helleborine
<b>Orchidaceae</b>	<b>Orchid Family</b>
<i>Anacamptis laxiflora</i>	Lax-flowered Orchid
<i>A. morio</i> subsp. <i>champagneuxii</i>	Champagne Orchid
<i>Anacamptis pyramidalis</i>	Pyramidal Orchid
<i>Cephalanthera damasonium</i>	White Helleborine
<i>Cephalanthera longifolia</i>	Sword-leaved Helleborine
<i>Cypripedium calceolus</i>	Lady's Slipper Orchid
<i>Dactylorhiza fuchsii</i>	Common Spotted Orchid
<i>Dactylorhiza majalis</i>	Broad-leaved Marsh Orchid
<i>Dactylorhiza sambucina</i>	Elder-flowered Orchid
<i>Himantoglossum hircinum</i>	Lizard Orchid
<i>Neotinea ustulata</i>	Burnt Orchid
<i>Ophrys apifera</i>	Bee Orchid
<i>Ophrys insectifera</i>	Fly Orchid
<i>Ophrys lutea</i>	Yellow Bee Orchid

**Scientific name**

*Ophrys scolopax*  
*Ophrys sphegodes*  
*Ophrys sphegodes* subsp. *araneola*  
*Orchis mascula*  
*Orchis militaris*  
*Orchis purpurea*  
*Platanthera bifolia*

**Xanthorrhoeaceae**

*Asphodelus albus*  
*Asphodelus cerasiferus*

**Common name**

Woodcock Orchid  
 Early Spider Orchid  
 Early Purple Orchid  
 Military Orchid  
 Lady Orchid  
 Lesser Butterfly Orchid

**Asphodel family**

White Asphodel

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