

# Wallcreepers & Cranes in Northern Spain

Naturetrek Tour Report

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Report by Niki Williamson



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Tour participants: Niki Williamson & Chris Hodges (Leaders) with twelve Naturetrek clients

## Summary

What a thoroughly brilliant trip this was, delivering fun times and the best of early winter birding in Spain's high bits!

The group arrive to Gallocanta amid skeins of bugling Common Cranes and enjoyed being amongst their constant joyous presence throughout our stay. Our sightings of hunting Merlins, Black-winged Kite, dozens of Hen and Marsh Harriers were accompanied by huge flocks of Corn Buntings and Linnets and a cacophony of lark song including Lesser Short-toed, Calandra, Thekla, Crested and Skylark. The ever-elusive Dupont's Lark even gave us a pre-dawn serenade! Great and Little Bustards treated us to flyovers and views on the ground, as did both Pin-tailed and Black-bellied Sandgrouse.

Moving up into the mountains the group enjoyed views of Wallcreepers every day, simply by walking out through the labyrinthine medieval streets of Alquézar and watching down into the spectacular Vero Gorge. Blue Rock Thrush, Rock Sparrow, Red-billed Chough, Black Redstart and Rock Bunting were highlights, as were non-avian sightings including Wild Boar, Roe Deer, Red Squirrel, Red Fox, Iberian Wall Lizard, and a broad array of late-emerging butterflies. For many though, the ultimate 'high bit' was sharing a feast on a mountain with over 100 Griffon Vultures, culminating in heart-stopping close views of two amazing adult Lammergeiers!

## Day 1

Thursday 24th October

Niki and Chris met the group at Zaragoza airport and we were soon on our way over the high plains of Spain's *meseta central*. As we drove, we were joined by a wavy skein of fifty or more Common Cranes, which seemingly followed us the whole way to our accommodation at Gallocanta!

Gallocanta comes from the Arabic *allucant*, meaning valley of light, and we could certainly see why as the setting sun cast pink hues over the sweeping landscape. Many more Cranes were arriving as we did, filling the sky with their gentle, bugling calls as darkness fell over the mirror-like waters of the Laguna de Gallocanta.

As the Cranes settled into their overnight roosts, so did we at the wonderful Allucant hotel, where we checked in and headed down to the restaurant to enjoy our first meal by chef Vipul, featuring a soup made from local tomatoes, a juicy cut of pork in tomato and chocolate sauce and a mojito ice cream – simply genius!

## Day 2

Friday 25th October

This morning we made a pre-breakfast outing to a private site on land owned by Allucant's proprietor, Javi.

A Little Owl called as we arrived. As the sun rose, birds started to move around us, including many Corn Buntings in small flocks and White Wagtails. A solitary Eurasian Siskin called as it flew over, and we observed a handful of Spanish Sparrows in a nearby bush.

As the light increased, we began to see groups of hundreds of Common Cranes silhouetted against pink reflections in the water. We counted around 2000 of these elegant birds resting on the lagoon before they took off, calling, to fly to nearby feeding fields. Spectacular!

The Cranes left the lagoon *en masse*, leaving behind ducks including Common Shelduck and Gadwall amongst the Mallards. A lone Greater Flamingo also foraged in the shallows. A Red Fox trying its luck succeeded only in flushing all the ducks!

As the day broadened, we began to see dozens of Hen Harriers and Marsh Harriers leaving their roosts, as well as the first of the day's ubiquitous Common Kestrels. A surprise came when a huge object on the horizon turned out to be a Great Bustard in flight!

An eventful early morning was completed by views of Little Owl, a small group of Roe Deer, Iberian Grey Shrike and flocks of hundreds of Common Linnets and Corn Buntings. We headed back to Allucant for a hearty breakfast, a long rest and a chance to enjoy Black Redstarts and Spotless Starlings singing from the village rooftops.

Next, we headed out with Javi as our local guide to enjoy fields teeming with Crested, Calandra and Skylarks. A group of fifteen Black-bellied Sandgrouse flew by us, showing beautifully in the morning light. We also had lovely close-up views of a Northern Wheatear. Common Ravens, Carrion Crows and Common Buzzards were numerous, and several Griffon vultures circled over nearby hills. Butterflies included Bath White, Clouded Yellow, Painted Lady in the unseasonably warm weather. We were astounded by the numbers of both Hen and Marsh Harriers.

Our picnic at the lakeside visitor centre was universally dropped when fifteen Great Bustards flew right over our heads! A Yellow Wagtail called as it flew over with White Wagtails – one of many late migrating birds we were to encounter on this trip.

Completing the tour around the lake, we stopped by some farm buildings to get a better look at a Rock Sparrow, where we also found Tree Sparrows galore, as well as a Common Redstart amongst the Black Redstarts – another late migrant. A lone Great Bustard strolled along the lakeside where Cranes were already coming into roost. A Merlin hunted in a nearby field. We rounded off a wonderful day's birding with a waterside vista of Dunlin, Red Knot, Ruff, Eurasian Teal, Northern Pintail, Common Shelduck and Gadwall amongst the many Mallard.

## Day 3

## Saturday 26th October

A pre-dawn raid saw us arrive at an area of chilly heathland, where the complete lack of light pollution allowed us amazing views of the stars. Almost immediately as we got out of the vehicles, we could hear the eerie song of Dupont's Larks, creaking and wailing in the growing morning light. We listened spellbound for some time to at least three individuals, all the while scanning in the hope that one of these incredibly elusive larks would pop into view.

In the end none did, and we contented ourselves with this spooky symphony, which gradually faded as the sun rose. Now many more larks were on the move, and we were able to compare the songs, calls and appearance of Skylark, Calandra and Lesser Short-toed Larks in flocks. And all this against a backdrop of a beautiful sunrise over a mist-covered valley! Well worth the early start!

We made a brief stop on the way back by some ruined farm buildings at a high point on the plains. We were rewarded with great views of Corn Buntings, Rock Sparrows, Tree Sparrows and Iberian Grey Shrike. A Thekla Lark perched nearby, allowing us to go through the features that differentiate it from the superficially similar Crested Lark - its short, neat crest; distinct but abruptly-ending breast streaking; relatively short, fine bill and upright posture confirming its identity, not to mention its distinctive song.

After breakfast (today it seemed, we had earned omelette and sausages!) and some relaxing time, we continued our exploration of the local lake area.

The group walked down through the village to an area by the lake typified by scrub, copses and a small orchard area. A wealth of passerines awaited us, including Rock Sparrows, a stunning male Black Redstart, Tree Sparrows, a Sardinian Warbler, Common Chiffchaffs and Eurasian Blackcaps. A Pied Flycatcher and an Iberian Chiffchaff continued our theme of late migrants.

Reaching a hide, we got our closest view yet of Common Cranes loafing in the shallows, and the group were able to enjoy these views over a prolonged time. A single Reed Bunting flitted in the reeds and a Water Rail called.

We took our picnic at the Ermita de Buen Acuerdo, a restored monastery overlooking the lagoon. We were accompanied by a watchful Iberian Wall Lizard!

Moving on through the steppe habitat we made a few stops, enjoying views of an extended family of Wild Boar, and several hunting and perching Merlins. As we were about to re-emerge onto the main road, a bird in flight caught our attention. A Little Bustard was flying over us! It landed not far away, and as we searched for it in our telescopes, we could see it had joined a group! Eight heads were poking out from the vegetation! We watched the birds for a while, before they moved on to the bottom of the field and out of sight.

After a nice long relax back at base, for those that wanted we headed out for a brief dusk jaunt to enjoy the evening roost. As well as the many, many Common Cranes calling, we enjoyed upwards of sixty Marsh and Hen Harriers drifting low over the grass and reeds before settling into the long vegetation in front of us. An extra treat was a tiny, shiny Black-winged Kite perched in a tree.

## Day 4

Sunday 27th October

Today we said goodbye to our hosts Javi and Vipul and left a misty Gallocanta to head for the hills. We broke our journey with a visit to Belchite, a village destroyed during an intense Spanish Civil War battle, its ruins retained as a memorial. Birds now flitting amongst this post-apocalyptic scene included Spotless Starlings, Black Redstarts and a beautiful Blue Rock Thrush.

After a comfort stop, we headed to the open expanses of El Planerón Nature Reserve. Here we were thrilled to pick up a group of Pin-tailed Sandgrouse as they flew over us into a stubble field. Stopping for our picnic, we were joined by a Golden Eagle perched on a rocky knoll, surveying the beautiful scenery in search of lunch! We enjoyed our own lunch surrounded by the calls of Calandra Larks.

We completed our journey via the farmlands and steppes of Zaragoza, with raptors at every turn including Red Kites, Common Buzzards, Common Kestrels, Griffon Vultures and two unexpected Booted Eagles. Crossing the River Ebro we found ourselves in the midst of a White Stork city, with hundreds of huge nests occupying pylons and rooftops, and hundreds wintering birds circling overhead. As we flashed by the wetlands, we could also see Great Cormorants, Little and Great Egrets.

We arrived at Hotel Maribel to meet our host Gervasio who settled us into our rooms with time for a quick wander through the village down to the viewpoint over the Vero Gorge before dark. A search of the imposing rocky walls produced Crag Martins, Blue Rock Thrush, Black Redstart and a random singing Nightingale!

Soon we were settled in and enjoying our introduction to the hearty, traditional cooking of Gervasio's mum, Maribel herself, which tonight featured *potaje*, a filling bean soup, and roast lamb.

## Day 5

## Monday 28th October

After a superb breakfast we headed out through the rolling hills, and wooded valleys of the Sierra de Guara. We soon arrived at the village of Santa Clía, where we met with Manu, founder and driving force behind the local conservation organisation *Fondo Amigos del Buitre* – Friends of the Vulture Foundation. Part of their work involves the creation of a network of supplementary feeding stations around the Aragón Pyrenees, particularly to help the Near-Threatened Lammergeier and the Endangered Egyptian Vulture.

We drove up the slopes above the village and walked the remainder of the distance to the feeding area, through sparse, scrubby vegetation jam-packed with Sardinian Warblers.

There were already numerous Griffon Vultures circling overhead, which soon began to fly low and land on the rocks around us, making it difficult not to lose our footing on the narrow pathway!

We took up positions quietly on a rocky slope while Manu distributed livestock bits from a wheelbarrow onto the ground. Mere seconds passed before we were surrounded by Griffon Vultures, only feet away! We watched enthralled as they scabbled and scuffled over scraps of sheep and goat carcass, intimidating each other by extending their terrifying two metre wingspan, and emitting unearthly hisses and screeches.

We enjoyed the spectacle for some time as Northern Ravens and Carrion Crows waited patiently on the sidelines of this extraordinary show, before retreating a little further back from the feeding area.

As the main body of Griffon Vultures began to disperse, suddenly two beautiful adult Lammergeiers appeared, seemingly from nowhere! They circled low so that we could look them right in the eyes and enjoy their golden bodies and distinctive facial plumage which gives them their alternative name - Bearded Vulture.

They came right in to land and we were able to enjoy watching these *quebrantabuesos* (“Bone-breakers”) at length, picking over the remains of the feed and deciding which ovine or cabrine limb to carry off!

We had our lunch in the tiny village park, from where we could look out over the hillside to enjoy further views of the now distant Lammergeiers and Griffon Vultures. The group had the opportunity to wash down their tasty local cheeses and olives with spring water, straight out of the mountainside!

Returning to Alquézar, we had a leisurely afternoon with opportunity to explore the narrow, labyrinthine streets of this medieval town founded on the site of a Moorish town of the same name. We finished the day with another viewing session out over the Vero Gorge, where Red-billed Chough called before coming in to land on the monastery building nearby. Rock Sparrows came in to roost in the scrub and a Blue Rock Thrush again sang beautifully from its perch on a boulder. And at last - not one but two Wallcreepers appeared! The two individuals interacted as they flew from cliff to cliff, and were active and agitated, leaving us to wonder if they were newly-arrived individuals in the process of establishing winter territories. We shared some long enjoyable minutes with them, watching them together and individually.

An extremely memorable day!

## Day 6

Tuesday 29th October

A dawn raid on the stunning gorge viewpoint was again productive. This time we spent time on the other side of the monastery looking out over the broader valleys of the Vero River. It wasn't long before we located a single Wallcreeper on the side of the gorge which ultimately flew much closer, enabling us all to get 'scope views.

The morning was gorgeous, with soft pink light in a blue sky illuminating the usual entourage of Blue Rock Thrush, Rock Sparrow and today briefly a single Rock Bunting. Distant perched Griffon Vultures surveyed the scene and we enjoyed seeing Rock Doves and Crag Martins leaving their roosts.

After another of Gervasio's delicious breakfasts – a banquet unto themselves, featuring freshly baked croissants, *tortilla de patatas*, *tostadas*, hams, feisty local cheese, freshly-squeezed orange juice and strong coffee – we headed out for the day around the Vero Gorge area .

Stopping at a well-preserved Roman Bridge by a fast-flowing stream, we had superb views of two Black-bellied Dippers diving in pools. Firecrests, Short-toed Treecreepers, Cirl Bunting and Long-tailed Tit, Cetti's and Sardinian Warbler were present in the riverine vegetation, and we got great views of a Woodlark in songflight and a perched Great Spotted Woodpecker. Red Kites and Griffon Vultures began leaving their roosts as the air warmed.

We made a couple of stops along the numerous well-worn gorges of the Vero Valley, picking up nice close views of Common Raven and Common Buzzard as well as a constant ebb and flow of Griffon Vultures overhead. The cliffs held numerous circular tussocks of *Corona del Rey*, an interesting plant endemic to the mountainous regions of Spain and Morocco.

We walked to our lunch spot overlooking one of the more dramatic stretches of the Vero Gorge and the distant snow-covered Pyrenees. We arrived to find a handsome Cirl Bunting perched right in front of us. As Chris and Niki prepared the feast, some of the group picked up nearby Rock Buntings and Coal Tits.

Griffon Vultures were now travelling overhead and could also be seen at nesting and roosting sites on the nearby cliffs. One adolescent individual – which should have been well on its way to Africa by now – was seemingly unwilling to move out and was trying its luck begging from a nearby adult!

After lunch we headed to our next stop to take a walk through mixed deciduous and coniferous forests. On the way, the front vehicle was lucky enough to glimpse a Red Squirrel crossing the road! In the woods we could hear Firecrests, Short-toed Treecreepers and Crested Tits.

Our brisk walk took us to the 5000-year old cave paintings at Tozal de Mallata. Just beyond them a viewpoint took in the whole expanse of the breath-taking Vero Gorge. Many Griffon Vultures circled as did a Peregrine Falcon and a couple of Common Kestrels. And just as we were about to say goodbye to this lovely spot, a gorgeous adult Lammergeier appeared, flying above us and coming into land on a ledge, next to its waiting mate! A fine end to our day out.

We headed back to the hotel to freshen up and relax for a while. Then, for those that wished, we headed back to the village edge to do some more gorge birding. As well as most of the morning's cast of mountain birds, we were again graced by the presence of a Wallcreeper, this time foraging for several minutes on the cliff face!

## Day 7

## Wednesday 30th October

This morning we said a fond farewell to Ted and Gillian who were off on the next leg of their own adventures, driving north toward Bilbao. A late afternoon flight for the group meant we had time for yet more adventures in Alquezar!

We had great fun adhering to the *ayuntamiento's* new Health & Safety regulations, donning hairnets and hard hats for our walk into the gorge with hilarious effect!

We descended steadily deeper into the beautiful gorge, enjoying Crag Martins and Red-billed Choughs overhead. The vegetation closed in over us and we found ourselves surrounded by European Robins and Eurasian Blackcaps.

Reaching the bottom, we made a small detour to enjoy the beautiful sandy walls and blue waters of the gorge and the Cueva del Picamartillos. This proved to be well-timed, as there was a Wallcreeper, on the cliff just metres away! This was our best view so far, and the bird's flicking ruby-red wings were clearly visible through binoculars.

We tackled the exhilarating *pasarelas* over the river and ascended the far side, accompanied by Griffon Vultures overhead, and arrived back to find Alquezar peeping in and out of a thin mist – stunning!

One last picnic was in order (featuring some to-die-for Roquefort-style local goats' cheese!) before we were bound for Zaragoza airport, where we said our goodbyes, taking away some fantastic memories of a great trip full of fun times and great birding!

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## Species Lists

Birds (✓=recorded but not counted; H = heard only)

	Common name	Scientific name	October						
			24	25	26	27	28	29	30
1	Common Shelduck	<i>Tadorna tadorna</i>		50+					
2	Gadwall	<i>Mareca strepera</i>		10					
3	Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>		✓					
4	Northern Pintail	<i>Anas acuta</i>		6					
5	Eurasian Teal	<i>Anas crecca</i>		20+					
6	Red-legged Partridge	<i>Alectoris rufa</i>		8	6+	✓		6	
7	Greater Flamingo	<i>Phoenicopterus roseus</i>		1					
8	White Stork	<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>				200+			✓
9	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>		✓		✓			
10	Great Egret	<i>Egretta alba</i>		2		1			
11	Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>				✓			
12	Black-winged Kite	<i>Elanus caeruleus</i>			1				
13	Bearded Vulture	<i>Gypaetus barbatus</i>					2	2	
14	Griffon Vulture	<i>Gyps fulvus</i>		6	10	✓	80+	100+	✓
15	Golden Eagle	<i>Aquila chrysaetos</i>				1			
16	Booted Eagle	<i>Aquila pennata</i>				2			
17	Eurasian Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>		1					1
18	Western Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>		30+	30+	1			✓
19	Hen Harrier	<i>Circus cyaneus</i>		30+	30+	1			
20	Red Kite	<i>Milvus milvus</i>		1	2	4	2	6	3
21	Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	1	✓
22	Great Bustard	<i>Otis tarda</i>		22					
23	Little Bustard	<i>Tetrax tetrax</i>			8				
24	Water Rail	<i>Rallus aquaticus</i>			1				
25	Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>				1			
26	Common Crane	<i>Grus grus</i>	150	2000	2000	✓			
27	Eurasian Stone-curlew	<i>Burhinus oedicephalus</i>	1						
28	Northern Lapwing	<i>Vanellus vanellus</i>			2				
29	Red Knot	<i>Calidris canutus</i>		2					
30	Dunlin	<i>Calidris alpina</i>		8					
31	Ruff	<i>Philomachus pugnax</i>		4					
32	Black-headed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus ridibundus</i>				✓			
33	Black-bellied Sandgrouse	<i>Pterocles orientalis</i>		20	10+				
34	Pin-tailed Sandgrouse	<i>Pterocles alchata</i>				8			
35	Rock Dove / Feral Pigeon	<i>Columba livia</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
36	Common Wood Pigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>		6	1	✓	✓	✓	✓
37	Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>			✓	✓			✓
38	Tawny Owl	<i>Strix aluco</i>					1		
39	Little Owl	<i>Athene noctua</i>		1					
40	Alpine Swift	<i>Tachymarptis melba</i>						1	
41	Great Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos major</i>						2	
42	Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>		✓	✓	✓	1	✓	✓
43	Merlin	<i>Falco columbarius</i>		2	5	✓			
44	Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>						1	
45	Iberian Grey Shrike	<i>Lanius meridionalis</i>		4+	2	1			
46	Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>				4		✓	
47	Eurasian Magpie	<i>Pica pica</i>	✓			✓		✓	✓

	Common name	Scientific name	October							
			24	25	26	27	28	29	30	
48	Red-billed Chough	<i>Pyrhocorax pyrrhocorax</i>		12	10+			20+	✓	✓
49	Western Jackdaw	<i>Coloeus monedula</i>				1				
50	Carrion Crow	<i>Corvus corone</i>		✓	✓	✓		2		✓
51	Northern Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>		✓	✓			2	✓	
52	Coal Tit	<i>Periparus ater</i>							1	
53	European Crested Tit	<i>Lophophanes cristatus</i>							2	
54	Eurasian Blue Tit	<i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>			✓			✓	✓	
55	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>		✓	✓	1		✓	✓	
56	Woodlark	<i>Lullula arborea</i>							1	1
57	Eurasian Skylark	<i>Alauda arvensis</i>		✓	✓	✓				
58	Thekla Lark	<i>Galerida theklae</i>			20+	✓				
59	Crested Lark	<i>Galerida cristata</i>		✓						✓
60	Calandra Lark	<i>Melanocorypha calandra</i>		✓	200+	✓				
61	Dupont's Lark	<i>Chersophilus duponti</i>			3H					
62	Lesser Short-toed Lark	<i>Alaudala rufescens</i>			100+					
63	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>				1	1			
64	Eurasian Crag Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i>				4+	✓	✓	✓	✓
65	Cetti's Warbler	<i>Cettia cetti</i>		2	3	1				
66	Long-tailed Tit	<i>Aegithalos caudatus</i>							✓	
67	Common Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>			10+	1	✓			✓
68	Iberian Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus ibericus</i>			1					
69	Eurasian Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>			✓		1	✓	✓	✓
70	Dartford Warbler	<i>Sylvia undata</i>							1	
71	Sardinian Warbler	<i>Sylvia melanocephala</i>			1	1	✓	✓	✓	✓
72	Common Firecrest	<i>Regulus ignicapilla</i>							4	
73	Pied Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula hypoleuca</i>			1					
74	Eurasian Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>							2	
75	Wallcreeper	<i>Tichodroma muraria</i>					2	2	1	
76	Short-toed Treecreeper	<i>Certhia brachydactyla</i>					1	✓		
77	Spotless Starling	<i>Sturnus unicolor</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
78	Common Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>				✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
79	Song Thrush	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>			1					
80	Redwing	<i>Turdus iliacus</i>			6+					
81	Mistle Thrush	<i>Turdus viscivorus</i>					✓	✓		
82	European Robin	<i>Erithacus rubecula</i>			2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
83	Common Nightingale	<i>Luscinia megarhynchos</i>				1				
84	Black Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>		4	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
85	Common Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus phoenicurus</i>		1						
86	Blue Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola solitarius</i>				2	2	3	1	
87	European Stonechat	<i>Saxicola rubicola</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓			✓
88	Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>		2	1	1				
89	White-throated Dipper	<i>Cinclus cinclus</i>						2		
90	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
91	Spanish Sparrow	<i>Passer hispaniolensis</i>		2	2					
92	Eurasian Tree Sparrow	<i>Passer montanus</i>		✓	✓		✓			
93	Rock Sparrow	<i>Petronia petronia</i>		1	3		✓	6		
94	Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava</i>		1						
95	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
96	Meadow Pipit	<i>Anthus pratensis</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓			
97	Common Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
98	Common Linnet	<i>Linaria cannabina</i>		✓	✓	✓		✓		

	Common name	Scientific name	October							
			24	25	26	27	28	29	30	
99	European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>		✓	✓				✓	
100	Siskin	<i>Spinus spinus</i>		1					1	
101	European Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>			1		12	10+		
102	Corn Bunting	<i>Emberiza calandra</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓			
103	Rock Bunting	<i>Emberiza cia</i>							2	
104	Cirl Bunting	<i>Emberiza cirlus</i>					✓		2	
105	Common Reed Bunting	<i>Emberiza schoeniclus</i>			1					

## Mammals

1	Red Fox	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>		✓						
2	Roe Deer	<i>Capreolus capreolus</i>		✓	✓					
3	European Rabbit	<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>	✓							
4	Wild Boar	<i>Sus scrofa</i>			✓					
5	Red Squirrel	<i>Sciurus vulgaris</i>							✓	
6	Pipistrelle spp	<i>Pipistrellus spp</i>			✓	✓				
7	Free-tailed Bat	<i>Tadarida teniotis</i>					✓	✓		

## Reptiles

1	Iberian Wall Lizard	<i>Podarcis hispanicus</i>			✓					
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## Butterflies &amp; Moths

1	Red Admiral	<i>Vanessa atalanta</i>		✓	✓				✓	
2	Painted Lady	<i>Vanessa cardui</i>		✓	✓				✓	
3	Clouded Yellow	<i>Colias croceus</i>		✓	✓	✓			✓	
4	Large White	<i>Pieris brassicae</i>		✓	✓	✓				
5	Small White	<i>Pieris rapae</i>			✓	✓			✓	
6	Bath White	<i>Pontia daplidice</i>		✓						
7	Common Blue	<i>Polyommatus icarus</i>		✓	✓					
8	Speckled Wood	<i>Pararge aegeria</i>		✓	✓				✓	
9	Wall Brown	<i>Lasiommata megera</i>								
10	Scarce Swallowtail	<i>Iphiclides podalirius</i>			✓					
11	Hummingbird hawkmoth	<i>Macroglossum stellatarum</i>							✓	

## Other Invertebrates

1	Ruddy Darter	<i>Sympetrum sanguineum</i>		✓	✓					
2	Southern Hawker	<i>Aeshna cyanea</i>		✓	✓					
3	Egyptian Locust	<i>Anacridium aegyptium</i>			✓					
4	Millipede spp					✓				