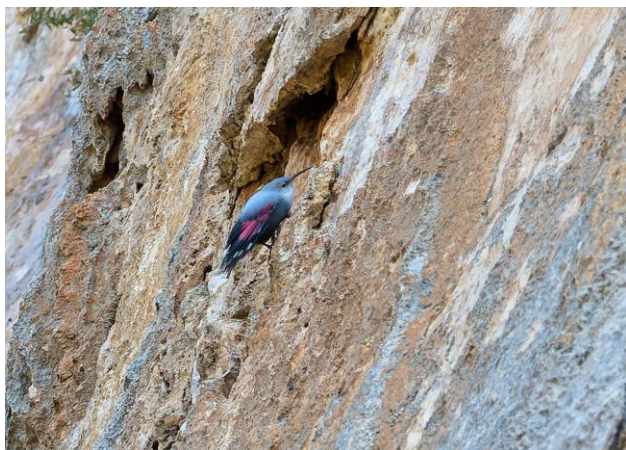


Cranes & Wallcreepers in Northern Spain

Naturetrek Tour Report

23rd – 29th October 2021



Wallcreeper



Lammergeier



Common Cranes



Griffon Vultures

Report by Chris Hodge & images by client Mark Woodhead



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Chris Hodge & Rob Mileto (leaders) with 12 Naturetrek clients.

Summary

We were exceptionally lucky with the weather during this holiday; with sunny skies and mid-day temperatures exceeding 20 degrees on most days. This set the scene for a bird-packed week, which certainly did not disappoint.

We were treated to prolonged views of Wallcreepers on each of the three days that we spent at our first base, the medieval town of Alquézar. Although the Wallcreepers stole the show, the supporting cast wasn't bad either, with Lammergeiers, Griffon and Cinereous Vultures, Golden Eagles, Blue Rock Thrushes and Red-billed Choughs - just a few of the species that we saw well during our time here. The stunning crags and gorges on the outskirts of this enchanting little village added to the atmosphere and ensured that we all had a memorable first part of our holiday.

We enjoyed a warm welcome and sophisticated cuisine at Allucant, our accommodation set in the wide-open spaces of Laguna de Gallocanta. As the sun rose over the lagoon, we watched thousands of Cranes flying off into the dawn, calling to one another – a beautiful and uplifting experience. As well as the ubiquitous elegance of the Cranes, our days in the Gallocanta area were filled with Little Bustards, Black-Bellied Sandgrouse and a variety of wintering raptors, not to mention large numbers of Corn Buntings, Linnets, Meadow Pipits and four species of Lark.

Day 1

Saturday 23rd October

Chris met Rob and the group at Zaragoza airport, and after a short wait while Rob picked up his van, we were on the road and on our way to our first base of the trip, Hotel Mirabel in Alquézar. As we left the city behind, we started to see our first birds of the trip, with Red Kites and Buzzards, Spotless Starlings and a Griffon Vulture seen from one of the vans, whetting our appetite for the week ahead.

Making good time, we arrived around lunchtime and after checking in, we made our way down to a local bar and enjoyed a traditional Spanish lunch on one of the terraces overlooking the gorge. With bellies full, we explored some of the tracks above the village and were treated to our first proper views of Choughs and Griffon Vultures, both of which would be a familiar sight here. We also had nice views of a male Hen Harrier and two distant eagles, which we decided in the end, were probably Booted Eagles. In the undergrowth, Sardinian Warblers and Blackcaps flitted around, and we had superb views of an impressive little Firecrest.

After a long day of travelling, some of the group decided to call it a day at this point, however, the majority of us went back to the viewpoint in the village. Looking across the spectacular Vero gorge, we had at least three Blue Rock Thrushes, Crag Martins, and more Choughs. The excitement increased a notch when the shout of Wallcreeper went out, and although fairly distant, we all managed to have prolonged views of this most sought after species.

After an action packed first day, we decided that it was time to go back to our hotel and get ready for dinner. Gervasio, the hotel owner, also runs a family restaurant in the village, and this would be our dinner venue for the next three nights. We enjoyed plates of salads, a selection of meat, vegetables and potato chips, which proved to be very popular with most of the group.

Tired and content we headed off to bed, excited for what the week would bring.

Day 2

Sunday 24th October

At 8am in this part of the world in mid-October it is still quite dark; anyhow, most of the group still got up early and went for a pre breakfast walk down to the viewpoint. This was followed by a hearty breakfast consisting of croissants, toast, jam, cheese and ham, not to mention a selection of fruit, freshly squeezed orange juice and our choice of tea or coffee.

After loading up the vans, we drove a short distance to our first stop, which was a short, circular walk over the medieval bridge, which crosses the River Vero. No dippers on the stream this morning, but we did find a couple of Grey Wagtails showing nicely in the morning sun. Some heard a Firecrest and Short-toed Treecreepers calling as we walked through the small woodland and at a clearing, which overlooked a stubble field, there were reasonable-sized flocks of finches. Chaffinch was the most numerous species but Bramblings and Hawfinches were also present, both heard more clearly than seen on this occasion. Siskins were numerous and a Gull Bunting called from across the other side of the field, frustratingly remaining hidden.

Moving on, we stopped for a coffee on the outskirts of a small village, while some members of the group enjoyed watching Goldfinches and Chiffchaffs that were feeding in the seedy roadside verges. Small White and Clouded Yellow butterflies were also starting to become active as the day warmed up.

After a couple more stops, and a scrumptious picnic, which included a selection of local cheeses and hams, breads, fruit and vegetables, we enjoyed a leisurely stroll through a pine woodland, which opened up to reveal spectacular views of the gorges of “Abrigos de Mallatera”. We were constantly checking the Griffon Vultures in the hope that one of them would turn out to be a Lammergeier, but it wasn't to be. On our way back to the vehicles, we all managed to obtain superb views of a couple of Crested Tits, which was the highlight of the day for most of the group.

On this note we headed back to Alquézar, and after spending the last hour of the day at the viewpoint, and watching more Wallcreepers, we got ready to enjoy another traditional Spanish meal, washed down with some local red wine.

One member of the group, David Sales, is a keen moth-er, and some of the group decided to join him on a moth expedition after dinner. The lights outside of one of the local bars proved to be quite attractive to the moths, and species seen well included Pigmy Footman, Flame Brocade and some which do not have common English names; *Eupithecia oxycedrata*, *Onychora agaritharia* and *Agrochola meridionalis* to name a few.

Day 3

Monday 25th October

The day dawned full of hope and excitement, as today was the day that we headed north to Santa Cilia to meet Manu. Manu has been working with vultures since he was a young boy, and the support he provides them is vital in helping to keep the vulture populations stable at a time they have lost much of their natural food supply due to a change in farming practices and less livestock carcasses being available for them. On the way here, we had nice views of a large Wild Boar, which crossed the road right in front of our vans!

We met Manu and got into position, sitting down on the rocks, and watched in awe as he put on quite a show, even talking to the Griffon Vultures and calling them by name. How does he recognise them all? After enjoying watching the Griffon Vultures at close quarters, and being very surprised to see a lone Cinereous Vulture in amongst them, we were given the instructions to move back some 50 metres and wait to see if the Lammergeiers would come in.

We didn't have to wait long, as not one but two beautiful adult Lammergeiers gave superb fly-by views, much to the delight of the group. Whilst enjoying these special birds, we also had a surprise visitor in the form of a Golden Eagle, who soared overhead to see what all the fuss was about. All in agreement that this was a morning to be remembered, we made our way back to the village and were given a short tour of the local village visitor centre by Manu's assistant Jessica, while Chris and Rob prepared another, well deserved picnic lunch for us.

We spent the afternoon at a new site for this tour, Embalse de Guara. The plan here was to help two members of the group, Margaret and Barbara to obtain view of Wallcreepers, as they had been unlucky up until this point and had not been present for the previous sightings.

The lake itself was quite, with just a small group of Mallards and some Little Grebes; however, we enjoyed watching some Spanish Ibex performing their balancing acts along the rock face opposite. Then the call went out "Wallcreeper!", initially seen clinging to the dam wall, before flying directly over our heads and onto the adjacent rock face. After a bit of shuffling around and setting up telescopes, everyone managed to have great views of this bird, flicking its wings and showing striking flashes of crimson red as it searched for hibernating insects in the cracks of the rocks.

Satisfied and exhausted, we headed back to Alquézar for our final dinner in this enchanting and rewarding destination.

Day 4

Tuesday 26th October

Today was transfer day, and we started the long journey to our next destination, Gallocanta, south of Zaragoza. After a brief toilet stop, and much to our surprise, we started to see White Storks already sitting on nests! One of the vans even got lucky and saw a Black Stork, which must have been a late migrant still on its journey south.

Arriving at the El Planeron reserve on the steppes of Belchite, we had a frustrating time looking for Pin-tailed Sandgrouse and Dupont's Lark. The population of the latter has been seriously affected by the cold winter of the previous year, with some local ornithologists estimating that populations are down by around 80% in this area. We gave it our best shot though, driving slowly around the lanes hoping to catch a glimpse of something. There was a bit of excitement at one point as a group of "Sandgrouse sized" birds were seen from the vans, however much to our disappointment these turned out to be Red-legged Partridges and not the hoped for Sandgrouse. As a consolation, we had some nice views of more Golden Eagles, and there were small groups of Red-billed Choughs on the derelict farm buildings.

Our next stop was another new site for this tour, Embalse de Mezalocha. After negotiating some road closures in the village, this proved to be successful and we all had nice views of the target bird, Black Wheatear. This is another species that seems to be declining in Spain, so we were happy to see at least three individuals on the rocks here. Blue-rock Thrush was also present and there were some Green Sandpipers feeding along the stony shore of the lake. Some of the group had nice views of Cirl Bunting, and there was a strip of wildflowers still in bloom, which attracted butterflies like Clouded Yellow, Common Blue and Brown Argus.

We pressed on and arrived at Gallocanta just before dusk. After settling in and receiving a warm welcome from our hosts Javi and Nipal, we settled down to enjoy another delicious dinner in the hotel restaurant, before retiring to our rooms and drifting off to sleep to the sounds of distant Common Cranes calling in the darkness.

Day 5

Wednesday 27th October

We woke up early, while it was still pitch black outside, and followed our local guide Javi, to a spot on the opposite side of the lake where we would wait to watch Common Cranes leaving their night-time roost. It was a

bit foggy at first light, but this added to the atmosphere as Cranes started to appear out of the fog. Small groups at first, but larger groups soon followed, as they headed off to their daytime feeding grounds. We had our first glimpses of Mediterranean Short-toed Larks while watching the cranes and a ringtail Hen Harrier quartered the fields nearby.

With our bellies rumbling, we made our way to back to our base to fill up on scrambled eggs, toast, jam, cheese and a selection of cakes, not to mention tea and coffee. We then went back out into the field and explored the farmland surrounding the lake. It was disappointing to learn from Javi that some of the local farms have changed owners recently and are now being more intensively farmed. Meaning the Great Bustards usually present in this area were not around; however, we still managed to have interesting views of flocks of Calandra and Skylarks, Linnets and Meadow Pipits. We arrived at the tower hide and were lucky to find three Black-bellied Sandgrouse, which we all managed to see well through the telescopes.

There were plenty of Cranes around, and we spent some time observing these through the scopes, never getting too close in order not to disturb them. When Cranes first arrive at their wintering grounds in October they are far more easily spooked than in January and February, for example. Large flocks of finches were feeding on the ready-to-harvest sunflower crops, and some managed to see Bramblings in amongst the Chaffinches and Goldfinches.

We stopped for lunch and explored the visitor centre here, but not before watching a small group of Tree Sparrows that were perched close by on top of a small farm building.

The remainder of the afternoon was spent searching the surrounding farmland for Bustards and Larks. We had more Skylarks, Crested larks and Mediterranean Short-toed Larks, but no Bustards unfortunately. Our final stop of the day was at the side of the lake, with the sun behind us, the large groups of Common Cranes and Greater Flamingos looked glorious, as did the selection of ducks and waders, which included Common Shelducks, Red-crested Pochards, Common Pochards, Northern Pintails, Common Snipe, Dunlins, Ruffs, Greenshanks and Spotted Redshanks.

Dragging ourselves away from this interesting spot, we made our way back to our base, where we enjoyed another hearty Spanish meal and reflected on the days birding.

Day 6

Thursday 28th October

This morning we started the day with a stroll through the village of Gallocanta. Our aim was to see if we could find the Spanish Sparrows that breed here during the spring. This was unsuccessful; however, we did find the other three species of Sparrows which occur in Spain; House Sparrow, Rock Sparrow and Tree Sparrow. At one point, a small group containing all three species sat together on the top of a house!

We then took a stroll down to the hide that overlooks the east side of the lake, passing some allotments on our way, where we found Sardinian Warblers, Blackcaps and a smart Great Spotted Woodpecker. The lighting wasn't great from the hide as we were looking into the sun. Nevertheless, we still managed to see more Green Sandpipers, Dunlins, Greenshanks and a Little Stint. There were plenty of ducks still on the lake in the form of Eurasian Wigeons, Eurasian Teals, Gadwalls, Northern Shovelers and Common Shelducks. There were also Stonechats and Chiffchaffs in the reeds.

We then decided that it was time for lunch, so we made our way back to Allucant, passing some singing Cetti's Warblers and Black Redstarts, to enjoy our sandwiches, which had been prepared for us by our hosts Javi and Nipal.

After lunch, we retraced our footsteps from the previous day to see if we could locate any bustards. We had a frustrating couple of hours, but eventually our efforts were rewarded with flight views of nine Little Bustards.

We watched their beautiful white plumage glisten in the afternoon sunlight and even managed to see where they landed, which meant we could all obtain reasonable scope views of this special species.

The final expedition for the day was to the nearby village of Daroca, where we met a local guide who took us to a pine forest above the village. Eagle Owls breed in this area and our plan was to wait until dusk, in the hope that we would hear or even see the owls. On arrival, a Bonelli's Warbler was calling, which was unexpected as most of these have already passed through on their migration south well before late October. As the light started to fade, we waited in hope, but unfortunately, we were out of luck tonight, as the owls did not perform. Were they watching us from nearby, waiting until we had left before they started calling?

We had to get back for our dinner as we had an early start the next morning, so reluctantly, we gave up and headed back to our base for our final meal of the holiday.

Day 7

Friday 29th October

We woke up to heavy rain, which was the first time that it had rained all week. We were on the road at around 6am and after negotiating the Zaragoza morning rush hour traffic, we made it to the airport just as the day was breaking. We said our goodbyes to the guides, who had to take the vans back to the hire companies, and made our way inside, out of the rain, to check in for our flights back to the UK.

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Checklist

Birds

	Common name	Scientific name	Date: 23-28th October 2021					
			23	24	25	26	27	28
1	Red-legged Partridge	<i>Alectoris rufa</i>				✓		
2	Common Shelduck	<i>Tadorna tadorna</i>					✓	✓
3	Northern Shoveler	<i>Spatula clypeata</i>					✓	✓
4	Gadwall	<i>Mareca strepera</i>					✓	✓
5	Eurasian Wigeon	<i>Mareca penelope</i>					✓	✓
6	Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓
7	Northern Pintail	<i>Anas acuta</i>					✓	✓
8	Eurasian Teal	<i>Anas crecca</i>					✓	✓
9	Red-crested Pochard	<i>Netta rufina</i>					✓	✓
10	Tufted Duck	<i>Aythya fuligula</i>				✓		
11	Common Pochard	<i>Aythya ferina</i>					✓	✓
12	Little Bustard	<i>Tetrax tetrax</i>						✓
13	Black-bellied Sandgrouse	<i>Pterocles orientalis</i>					✓	
14	Rock Dove	<i>Columba livia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓		
15	Common Wood Pigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
16	Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	✓		✓	✓		✓
17	Water Rail	<i>Rallus aquaticus</i>						H
18	Eurasian Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>				✓	✓	✓
19	Common Crane	<i>Grus grus</i>				✓	✓	✓
20	Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>			✓	✓		
21	Greater Flamingo	<i>Phoenicopterus roseus</i>					✓	✓
22	Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>					✓	✓
23	Pied Avocet	<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>					✓	
24	Northern Lapwing	<i>Vanellus vanellus</i>					✓	✓
25	Black-tailed Godwit	<i>Limosa limosa</i>					✓	
26	Ruff	<i>Calidris pugnax</i>					✓	✓
27	Dunlin	<i>Calidris alpina</i>					✓	✓
28	Little Stint	<i>Calidris minuta</i>						✓
29	Common Snipe	<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>					✓	✓
30	Green Sandpiper	<i>Tringa ochropus</i>				✓	✓	✓
31	Common Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>					✓	✓
32	Spotted Redshank	<i>Tringa erythropus</i>					✓	
33	Black-headed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus ridibundus</i>				✓	✓	✓
34	Yellow-legged Gull	<i>Larus michahellis</i>			✓			
35	Black Stork	<i>Ciconia nigra</i>				✓		
36	White Stork	<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>	✓			✓		
37	Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>				✓	✓	✓
38	Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>					✓	
39	Western Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	✓				✓	
40	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>				✓	✓	
41	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>				✓	✓	✓
42	Bearded Vulture	<i>Gypaetus barbatus</i>			✓			
43	Cinereous Vulture	<i>Aegypius monachus</i>			✓			
44	Griffon Vulture	<i>Gyps fulvus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

			Date: 23-28th October 2021					
	Common name	Scientific name	23	24	25	26	27	28
45	Booted Eagle	<i>Hieraaetus pennatus</i>	✓					
46	Golden Eagle	<i>Aquila chrysaetos</i>			✓	✓		
47	Eurasian Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>			✓			
48	Northern Goshawk	<i>Accipiter gentilis</i>						✓
49	Western Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>					✓	✓
50	Hen Harrier	<i>Circus cyaneus</i>	✓				✓	✓
51	Red Kite	<i>Milvus milvus</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
52	Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>	✓			✓	✓	✓
53	Tawny Owl	<i>Strix aluco</i>		H	H			
54	Eurasian Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>			✓	✓		
55	Great Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos major</i>						✓
56	Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
57	Merlin	<i>Falco columbarius</i>				✓	✓	
58	Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>			✓			
59	Iberian Grey Shrike	<i>Lanius meridionalis</i>				✓	✓	✓
60	Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>		✓				
61	Eurasian Magpie	<i>Pica pica</i>	✓			✓	✓	✓
62	Red-billed Chough	<i>Pyrrhocorax pyrrhocorax</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓		
63	Western Jackdaw	<i>Coloeus monedula</i>				✓		
64	Carrion Crow	<i>Corvus corone</i>	✓			✓	✓	✓
65	Northern Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>	✓	✓	✓			
66	European Crested Tit	<i>Lophophanes cristatus</i>		✓				
67	Eurasian Blue Tit	<i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>	✓	✓	✓			
68	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
69	Woodlark	<i>Lullula arborea</i>			✓			
70	Eurasian Skylark	<i>Alauda arvensis</i>					✓	✓
71	Thekla's Lark	<i>Galerida theklae</i>			H			
72	Crested Lark	<i>Galerida cristata</i>				✓	✓	✓
73	Calandra Lark	<i>Melanocorypha calandra</i>					✓	✓
74	Lesser Short-toed Lark	<i>Alaudala rufescens</i>					✓	✓
75	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>				✓	✓	✓
76	Eurasian Crag Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓		
77	Common House Martin	<i>Delichon urbicum</i>	✓	✓	✓			
78	Cetti's Warbler	<i>Cettia cetti</i>				H		H
79	Long-tailed Tit	<i>Aegithalos caudatus</i>		✓				
80	Common Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
81	Western Bonelli's Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus bonelli</i>						✓
82	Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>				H		
83	Eurasian Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>	✓		✓			
84	Sardinian Warbler	<i>Sylvia melanocephala</i>	✓	✓			✓	✓
85	Common Firecrest	<i>Regulus ignicapilla</i>	✓	✓				
86	Eurasian Nuthatch	<i>Sitta europaea</i>		H				
87	Wallcreeper	<i>Tichodroma muraria</i>	✓	✓	✓			
88	Short-toed Treecreeper	<i>Certhia brachydactyla</i>		H				
89	Spotless Starling	<i>Sturnus unicolor</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
90	Common Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
91	Redwing	<i>Turdus iliacus</i>			H			
92	Fieldfare	<i>Turdus pilaris</i>			✓			
93	Song Thrush	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
94	Mistle Thrush	<i>Turdus viscivorus</i>		✓	✓	✓		

			Date: 23-28th October 2021					
	Common name	Scientific name	23	24	25	26	27	28
95	European Robin	<i>Erithacus rubecula</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
96	Duncock	<i>Prunella modularis</i>	✓	✓				
97	Black Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
98	Blue Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola solitarius</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓		
99	European Stonechat	<i>Saxicola rubicola</i>				✓	✓	✓
100	Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>						✓
101	Black Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe leucura</i>				✓		
102	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
103	Eurasian Tree Sparrow	<i>Passer montanus</i>					✓	✓
104	Rock Sparrow	<i>Petronia petronia</i>		✓	✓		✓	✓
105	Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>		✓		✓		✓
106	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>		✓	✓			✓
107	Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava</i>						✓
108	Meadow Pipit	<i>Anthus pratensis</i>	H	✓	✓		✓	✓
109	Common Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>		✓	✓		✓	✓
110	Hawfinch	<i>Coccothraustes coccothraustes</i>		✓	✓			
111	Brambling	<i>Fringilla montifringilla</i>		✓			✓	
112	European Greenfinch	<i>Chloris chloris</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓
113	Common Linnet	<i>Linaria cannabina</i>				✓	✓	✓
114	European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
115	European Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>	✓	H		✓		
116	Eurasian Siskin	<i>Spinus spinus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
117	Corn Bunting	<i>Emberiza calandra</i>				✓	✓	✓
118	Cirl Bunting	<i>Emberiza cirlus</i>		H		✓		

Other

	Mammals							
1	Wild Boar	<i>Sus scrofa</i>			✓			
2	Spanish Ibex	<i>Capra pyrenaica</i>			✓	✓		
3	Red Fox	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>				✓		
4	Roe Deer	<i>Capreolus capreolus</i>				✓	✓	✓
5	Iberian Hare	<i>Lepus granatensis</i>						✓
6	European Rabbit	<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>		✓		✓		
	Butterflies							
1	Southern Brown Argus	<i>Arícia cramer</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Small Heath	<i>Coenonympha pamphilus</i>					✓	✓
3	Berger's Clouded Yellow	<i>Colias alfacariensis</i>		✓			✓	✓
4	Clouded Yellow	<i>Colias crocea</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
5	Long-tailed Blue	<i>Lampides boeticus</i>				✓		
6	Wall Brown	<i>Lasiommata megera</i>	✓	✓	✓			
7	Lang's Short-tailed Blue	<i>Leptotes pirithous</i>	✓					
8	Small Copper	<i>Lycaena phlaeas</i>		✓				
9	Speckled Wood	<i>Pararge aegeria</i>					✓	✓
10	Apollo	<i>Parnassius apollo</i>				✓		
11	Large White	<i>Pieris brassica</i>					✓	
12	Small White	<i>Pieris rapae</i>			✓			
13	Common Blue	<i>Polyommatus icarus</i>				✓	✓	✓

14	Red Admiral	<i>Vanessa atalanta</i>	✓	✓	✓			
15	Painted Lady	<i>Vanessa cardui</i>	✓					
	<u>Moths</u>							
		<i>Agrochola meridionalis</i>			✓	✓		
1	Black Rustic	<i>Aporophyla nigra</i>			✓			
2	Silver Y	<i>Autographa gamma</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
3	Brindled Green	<i>Dryobotodes eremita</i>			✓			
4	Pigmy Footman	<i>Eilema pygmaeola</i>			✓	✓		
5	Cypress Pug	<i>Eupithecia phoeniceata</i>		✓	✓	✓		
6	Lychnis	<i>Hadena bicruris</i>		✓				
7	Bordered Straw	<i>Heliothis peltigera</i>			✓			
8		<i>Isturgia miniosaria</i>			✓			
9	Hummingbird Hawkmoth	<i>Macroglossum stellatarum</i>	✓	✓		✓		
10		<i>Onychora agaritharia</i>			✓			
11		<i>Polymixis dubia</i>				✓		
12	Willowherb Hawkmoth	<i>Proserpinus proserpina</i>	✓	✓				
13	Vestal	<i>Rhodometra sacraria</i>					✓	✓
14	Flame Brocade	<i>Trigonophora flammea</i>			✓			
15	Garden Carpet	<i>Xanthorhoe fluctuata</i>			✓	✓		
	<u>Other insects</u>							
	Preying Mantis sp			✓				
	Bumble Bee sp			✓	✓	✓		
	Carpenter Bee sp					✓		
	Locust sp							✓