

Go Slow in Extremadura

Naturetrek Tour Report

14th – 21st May 2022



Black Stork



Cirl Bunting



Lesser Kestrel



Purple Heron

Tour report and images by Rob Williams & Taea Romangnuolo



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Tour participants: Rob Williams and Taea Romagnuolo (Leaders) with 14 Naturetrek clients.

Day 1

Saturday 14th May

We arrived in Madrid a bit later than planned and then had to wait for several pieces of wayward luggage that seemed to have been kidnapped by the luggage system and were apparently doing circuits of Terminal 4. A helpful lady eventually persuaded the computer to release our bags and we were soon on our way to Extremadura. As we drove we saw a few birds including Monk Parakeets, Red Kites and the first of many White Storks. Taking a stop for a leg stretch and a drink we enjoyed watching a few Gull-billed Terns feeding over some fields. We also saw a few Montagu's and Western Marsh Harriers over fields along the route.

Arriving at the hotel at Las Canteras we were greeted by the sounds of Eurasian Hoopoe and European Bee-eaters. An adjacent ruined building was adorned with White Stork nests, with House Sparrows, Spotless Starlings and even a couple of pairs of Lesser Kestrels nesting under the Stork nests. As we ate dinner we met the resident Mediterranean House Geckos (formerly called Turkish Gecko) that became nightly visitors.

Day 2

Sunday 15th May

Before breakfast a few of us took a short walk near the hotel enjoying views of a Little Owl, and a suite of larks with comparative views of both Crested and Thekla's Larks. The highlight was a perched subadult Golden Eagle that gave good scope views and helpfully stayed long-enough for the whole group to see it during breakfast. Some lovely flowers were enjoyed in the garden, including many Purple Vipers-Bugloss, Boar and Musk Thistles, as well as being surrounded by Algerian Tea and some Wand Mullein.

We then headed north to Monfragüe National Park. Our first stop was the impressive Peña Falcon gorge where dozens of Griffon Vultures could be seen on the rocks and in the air, some flying past at eye-level. Amongst them were a few Cinereous Vultures and a pair of Egyptian Vultures. A pair of Peregrine Falcons of the Mediterranean subspecies *brookei* were repeatedly flying overhead, often dive-bombing the Griffon Vultures and frequently also mobbed by Crag Martins. Three Black Storks were seen, including one incubating on a nest; the scope views allowed a full appreciation of the green and purple hues of the "black" plumage. The rocks below the view point offered us incredible views of Rock Buntings feeding young, singing Blue Rock Thrush and Black Redstarts.

We drove to Villareal San Carlos to have a coffee and pick up some sandwiches for our picnic. We then headed back to an overlook over the Rio Tajo. Here we saw firstly an immature Bonelli's Eagle and then were treated to superb views of two adults flying right overhead. An adult Short-toed Eagle drifted by and some Alpine Swifts fed high overhead amongst a cloud of Common House Martins. We saw some new plants and flowers in this area, including Mediterranean Marigold, Purple Foxgloves, Bluehead Gilia, Spanish Lavender and Spiny Starwort.

After a rest at the hotel, we headed out to explore the grasslands along the road to Monroy. The highlight was good views of four Great Bustards wading through the sea of grass. We also saw several Western Marsh Harriers and a single Montagu's Harrier female. We took time to get to grips with the common larks of the plains, sorting out Crested Lark, Calandra Lark and Thekla's Lark. We also had our first sighting of Spanish Imperial Eagle with

somewhat distant views of a subadult soaring over the plains. Some group members also spotted a couple of Red-striped Oil Beetles and a Spoonwing Lacewing flitting nearby.

Just before dinner, Taea and a few of the group watched the sunset and the nesting storks from the garden, whilst standing under a beautiful Chinaberry tree. After dinner, Rob and Richard headed out for a moonlit walk to see what was about and heard Stone-Curlew and several Red-necked Nightjars, one of which they managed to get decent flight and brief perched views of.

Day 3

Monday 16th May

A few early risers caught a glimpse of the blood moon eclipse. Before breakfast some of us found a perched Short-toed Snake Eagle. We further documented American Wild Carrot, Atlas Cedar, Slender Thistles and Mediterranean Catchfly near the roadside. After breakfast we birded near the hotel for a bit whilst Taea bought some picnic supplies. We all enjoyed instructive looks at Thekla's Larks (one of which seems to be our 'sentinel' lark on the gate post of the hotel), scope views of the Short-toed Eagles, a couple of flyby Booted Eagles - both pale and dark phase and a slightly secretive pair of Sardinian Warblers.

We then headed west to the plains of Caceres. It was hot and whilst activity on the ground seemed quiet we enjoyed good looks at lots of raptors including several Short-toed Snake Eagles, Booted Eagle, Western Marsh Harriers and Common Buzzards as well as masses of Griffon and a few Cinereous Vultures. A roadside powerline gave us great views and great photo opportunities of multiple European Rollers and several Lesser Kestrels. A small lagoon held a brood of Gadwall and our first Zitting Cisticola was attending a nest in roadside grass. We had our picnic lunch in Santa Marta de Magasca, where we enjoyed great views of Spanish Sparrows flying in and out of their nest nearby whilst we ate, as well as Iberian Magpies finishing off some crumbs off a nearby picnic table. Then, we headed back to the hotel for a rest during the heat of the day.

In the early evening we headed to Trujillo. First we checked out the bullring area and saw a couple of Lesser Kestrels. Then we headed to the main plaza of this fascinating historic city. The impressive buildings were built with the riches plundered from South America during the conquest of the Inca's by the town's most famous son, Francisco Pizarro. A carved crest on the Palacio de la Conquista, reflected this and celebrates the enslavement of the indigenous people with imagery of people with neck halters and chains. The massive bronze statue of Francisco Pizarro outside the church was originally created by American sculptor, Charles Cary Rumsey, to depict Hernan Cortez but when declined was sent to Spain instead to represent Pizarro. Taea and some of the group walked up to the castle and enjoyed the impressive views across the plains, whilst others enjoyed the ambience and refreshments available in the square. We studied the swifts passing overhead and soon we were all confident with differentiated Common Swifts from the scarcer Pallid Swift. A trio of Red-rumped Swallows chased over the square. We headed back for dinner, though a few of us sneaked in a Bee-eater photography session before dinner and watched several that were actively excavating and prospecting nine holes in an earthen bank by a small pool.

Day 4

Tuesday 17th May

The forecast was for increasingly hot weather so we breakfasted slightly earlier and were en route by 8.15 to the Steppes near Campo Lugar. Here we enjoyed good looks at multiple Montagu's Harriers and also a couple of distant Great Bustards, although the heat haze was already becoming an issue.

After a "coffee and comfort" break at a local bar, we headed to the Alacollarin Reservoir. The main reservoir held many Great Crested Grebes and some distant Eurasian Coots and other waterfowl. The impressive flower meadows on the banks were inhabited by Eurasian Hoopoes, Woodchat and Iberian Grey Shrikes and many Crested Larks. An adult Short-toed Snake Eagle circled overhead, allowing great views and numerous photos.

The smaller reservoir held the most interesting birds. We immediately heard, and with patience enjoyed good looks at, a singing Great Reed Warbler. A Cetti's Warbler spluttered its song and showed briefly, whilst two Common Nightingales had a sing-off but remained ensconced in their respective bushes. The reed beds held several Purple Herons, one of which we enjoyed through the scope. A Whiskered Tern appeared and did a circuit of the reservoir before vanishing again. Two Common Kingfishers perched on the dam wall. The water's edge also held a few Odonates including: Lesser Emperor, Epaulet Skimmer, Red-veined Darters and Small Red-eyed Damselfly.

A quick stop in the village of Madroñera allowed people to get a post-lunch coffee or even beer while a few of us diligently searched the trees in the delightful Municipal Park. After a while we found our target, a roosting Eurasian Scops Owl and we all enjoyed scope-full-a-Scops views of this wonderful owl. Overhead, Pallid Swifts whizzed around. Some of the group also enjoyed the plants and flowers the local park had to offer, including Weeping Bottlebrush, Mediterranean Linseed and Blue Potatobrush. Then it was back to the hotel for a well-earned siesta, though Common Cuckoo along the road just as we arrived delayed our arrival slightly.

After dinner most of the group headed out a few kilometres from the hotel. Arriving at our chosen area we immediately located a subadult male Great Bustard that gave good flight views and then scope views. A Black-bellied Sandgrouse called a few times but remained out of sight. As the sky turned red two male Little Bustards were seen in flight and one was followed back to a distant field. Approaching, we found a displaying male and enjoyed great scope views of it calling amongst the sheep. Soon after two Stone Curlews flew in and landed near the Little Bustard and we enjoyed these through the scope. We were thinking things could not get any better when three Pin-tailed Sandgrouse flew past calling. What a great end to a fantastic day.

Day 5

Wednesday 18th May

It was forecast to be even hotter today, so we headed off promptly north to the reservoir at Arrocampo. Here a small reed-lined side channel gave us good looks at several wetland species. Herons were particularly well represented; a Black-crowned Night-Heron flew across as soon as we arrived, many Purple Herons were flying to and fro over the reedbeds, Great, Little and Cattle Egrets were seen, a few Grey Herons passed by, but it was the fabulous Little Bitterns that stole the show and we enjoyed good flight and perched scoped views of both males and females. Several Glossy Ibis flew over. A slightly unusual sighting was a Ferruginous Duck that flew past and dropped into a hidden pool in the reeds. Many Eurasian Reed Warblers were flying about the reedbeds and we heard a distant singing Savi's Warbler, finally another sang closer and we all enjoyed decent looks at this often-

skulking warbler. A single Western Swamphen, formerly Purple Swamphen or Purple Gallinule, was scoped clambering about the reedbeds and a Water Rail called nearby and was glimpsed. A Common Kingfisher flew past a few times and several Gull-billed Terns patrolled overhead. Another spot gave us our first views of a Cetti's Warbler. Some lovely plants and flowers were also present, including Pink Mallow, Chicory, Common Andryala and Oleander, which the group enjoyed photographing.

Heading the the north side of Monfragüe we stopped at the Spanish Imperial Eagle nest to discover that the chick had disappeared in the previous days and the adults had abandoned the nest. Moving on we lunched at Portillo de Tietar. Birding was quite quiet but many Crag Martins and a few Red-rumped Swallows patrolling over the river entertained us. On the way back to the hotel an Egyptian Mongoose crossed the road in front of us.

After snoozing through the heat of the afternoon and an early dinner, we headed back out to the steppes nearby. On arrival we found a pair of Stone Curlews and soon found two displaying Little Bustards, enjoying scope views of one in great evening light. Later a group of five were seen in flight. Many pairs and small groups of Pin-tailed Sandgrouse were seen, some giving nice flight views.

Day 6

Thursday 19th May

Yet again, the forecast was for a hot day so we made a prompt start south to an area of dehesa near the village of Madragalejo. Some small wetland areas added Black-winged Stilt and Common Waxbill to our list. Our main target here was the fantastic Black-shouldered Kite and we soon found a pair that we watched for 30 minutes as they displayed and copulated three times. Fantastic scope views allowed full appreciation of this delicate raptor, including the bright red eyes. We then checked the Campo Lugar road but it was quiet as tractors worked several of the most-promising fields. After a coffee in Alcollarín village we headed to the reservoir and enjoyed a lunch in the shade of the Holm Oaks.

After a siesta, some of the group opted for an afternoon drive near the hotel. We saw a large gathering of vultures feeding on something just over the brow and a nearby ridge. A Roe Deer was followed by a small fawn as they made their way up the slopes above the Magasca river. A mixed pair of light and dark phase Booted Eagles soared overhead.

We picked up the rest of the group and spent an evening in Trujillo with some of the group heading to a restaurant in the plaza and others opting for a pizza. As dusk came the numbers of swifts built up into a screaming frenzy and then suddenly they were gone and the light on the buildings enhanced the quiet of the night, only the odd bill clacking of storks interrupting the noise of human bonhomie.

Day 7

Friday 20th May

We awoke to a windy day. Heading north we birded the mixed Holm and Cork Oak woodland below Monfragüe castle. It was very windy and the Western Subalpine Warbler we found was tricky to see as it stayed low in the bushes. This was to prove a theme for the morning, but with persistence we obtained brief views of Hawfinch and good looks at both Cirl Bunting and Short-toed Treecreeper. A few people opted to walk up to the castle to enjoy the views.

After a welcome coffee stop we headed to the Fuente del Frances area where we enjoyed good views of Alpine Swifts at the bridge and picked up a European Robin by the picnic site. We picnicked in the lee of some trees and only a few things blew off the tables. We then headed to Peña Falcon again for another look at this impressive rock formation and its birds, before making a quick stop along the Almonte river where the impressive chorus of Iberian River Frogs was the highlight.

Before dinner a few of us took a drive in a last hopeful search for the Great Spotted Cuckoo that had eluded us. We drove slowly scanning bushes in some likely looking areas. We enjoyed good looks at several Hoopoes and enjoyed watching a Hawfinch feeding on Musk Thistles. A pair of Woodlarks on a gate post were a welcome sight after a couple of fleeting glimpses previously. Finally, as we turned off the road into the hotel, a juvenile Great Spotted Cuckoo flew beside us, then crossed in front and disappeared into the distance. It had been a brief but very close and good view of this elusive bird.

Before dinner we enjoyed helping Avril and Alan celebrate their 50th wedding anniversary. After dinner a quick look at the bat detector revealed that the pipistrelles we had been seeing in the week were Soprano Pipistrelle.

Day 8

Thursday 21st May

A more leisurely start to the day as we packed up and headed off to Madrid. On the way out to the Motorway an adult Great Spotted Cuckoo perched on a roadside bush and then flew down into the grassland. A final new trip bird for most of the group and a great finale to our tour. A coffee stop and a quick lunch in a cafe and we were at the airport saying our goodbyes with some staying on in Madrid for a bit and others heading home.

We had enjoyed a fabulous week exploring the varied habitats of Extremadura and had some memorable wildlife sightings to take home as memories and documented in many photos.

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Species lists

Birds (H = Heard only, * = leader only)

	Common name	Scientific name	May 22							
			14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
1	Egyptian Goose - I	<i>Alopochen aegyptiaca</i>						3		
2	Gadwall	<i>Mareca strepera</i>			8	10				
3	Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	4			10	10	4		
4	Ferruginous Duck	<i>Aythya nyroca</i>					1			
5	Red-legged Partridge	<i>Alectoris rufa</i>			2	H				
6	Red-necked Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus ruficollis</i>			1			H		
7	Alpine Swift	<i>Tachymarptis melba</i>		3					6	
8	Common Swift	<i>Apus apus</i>			10	10	20	✓	✓	✓
9	Pallid Swift	<i>Apus pallidus</i>			5	5		20		
10	Great Bustard	<i>Otis tarda</i>		4		3				
11	Little Bustard	<i>Tetrax tetrax</i>				2	7			
12	Great Spotted Cuckoo	<i>Clamator glandarius</i>							1	1
13	Common Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus canorus</i>		H	H	1	H	5	H	
14	Pin-tailed Sandgrouse	<i>Pterocles alchata</i>				3	30			
15	Black-bellied Sandgrouse	<i>Pterocles orientalis</i>				H				
16	Rock Dove (Wild Type)	<i>Columba livia</i>		5	2				5	
	Rock Dove (Feral Type)	<i>Columba livia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
17	Common Wood Pigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
18	European Turtle Dove	<i>Streptopelia turtur</i>		1			1		1	
19	Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
20	Water Rail	<i>Rallus aquaticus</i>					1			
21	Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>				1				
22	Eurasian Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>				10		3		
23	Western Swampen	<i>Porphyrio porphyrio</i>					1			
24	Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>	1		2	10		2		
25	Great Crested Grebe	<i>Podiceps cristatus</i>						10		
26	Eurasian Stone-curlew	<i>Burhinus oediconemus</i>					2	2		
27	Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>				1			2	
28	Little Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius dubius</i>			H*					
29	Gull-billed Tern	<i>Gelochelidon nilotica</i>	3					5		
30	Whiskered Tern	<i>Chlidonias hybrida</i>					1			
31	Black Stork	<i>Ciconia nigra</i>		3					1	
32	White Stork	<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
33	Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>					20	10	1	
34	Little Bittern	<i>Ixobrychus minutus</i>						5	1	
35	Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>						1		
36	Western Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	✓					✓	4	
37	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>		3		10	10	5	2	
38	Purple Heron	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>				3	10	2		
39	Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>				1	2	1		
40	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>				10	5	5		

	Common name	Scientific name	May 22							
			14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
41	Glossy Ibis	<i>Plegadis falcinellus</i>	1				4			
42	Black-winged Kite	<i>Elanus caeruleus</i>						2		
43	Egyptian Vulture	<i>Neophron percnopterus</i>		3					1	
44	Griffon Vulture	<i>Gyps fulvus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
45	Cinereous Vulture	<i>Aegypius monachus</i>		20	10	2	5	10	5	
46	Short-toed Snake Eagle	<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>		3	3	3		4	1	
47	Booted Eagle	<i>Hieraaetus pennatus</i>	1		3			3		
48	Spanish Imperial Eagle - N	<i>Aquila adalberti</i>		1						
49	Golden Eagle	<i>Aquila chrysaetos</i>		1			1			
50	Bonelli's Eagle	<i>Aquila fasciata</i>		3						
51	Western Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>	5	3	2	5	2	2	1	1
52	Montagu's Harrier	<i>Circus pygargus</i>	3	1		3				
53	Red Kite	<i>Milvus milvus</i>	1	1		1	1		1	1
54	Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>	20	30	20	✓	20	20	10	5
55	Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>	2	10	2	2	3	2	3	1
56	Little Owl	<i>Athene noctua</i>		1				H	1	
57	Eurasian Scops Owl	<i>Otus scops</i>				1				
58	Eurasian Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>	5	5	10	5	20	10	10	2
59	European Roller	<i>Coracias garrulus</i>			10	2		3	1	
60	Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>				2	1	2		
61	European Bee-eater	<i>Merops apiaster</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
62	Great Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos major</i>					1			
63	Lesser Kestrel	<i>Falco naumanni</i>		5	20	10		30	5	2
64	Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>	2	1		1				
65	Eurasian Hobby	<i>Falco subbuteo</i>					1			
66	Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>		2						
67	Monk Parakeet - I	<i>Myiopsitta monachus</i>	4							2
68	Iberian Grey Shrike	<i>Lanius meridionalis</i>	1	10	2	5	2	10	5	2
69	Woodchat Shrike	<i>Lanius senator</i>	1	5	2	10	5	10	10	2
70	Eurasian Golden Oriole	<i>Oriolus oriolus</i>		1			2	1	1	
71	Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>					1		2	
72	Iberian Magpie - N	<i>Cyanopica cooki</i>	2	10	2	20	✓	✓	✓	10
73	Eurasian Magpie	<i>Pica pica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
74	Western Jackdaw	<i>Coloeus monedula</i>	5		20	5	20	20	5	
75	Carrion Crow	<i>Corvus corone</i>	5							
76	Northern Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>	2	20	2	2	2	6	5	
77	European Crested Tit	<i>Lophophanes cristatus</i>							H	
78	Eurasian Blue Tit	<i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>					2	5	30	
79	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>		2	5	5	2	5	10	
80	Eurasian Penduline Tit	<i>Remiz pendulinus</i>					1			
81	Woodlark	<i>Lullula arborea</i>		1					2	
82	Thekla's Lark	<i>Galerida theklae</i>		2	5	2	5	2	4	1
83	Crested Lark	<i>Galerida cristata</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
84	Calandra Lark	<i>Melanocorypha calandra</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

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85	Eurasian Crag Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i>		30	10	2	20	10	20	
86	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
87	Common House Martin	<i>Delichon urbicum</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
88	Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Cecropis daurica</i>	1	3	3	5	10	10	20	2
89	Cetti's Warbler	<i>Cettia cetti</i>				2	10	H	H	
90	Long-tailed Tit	<i>Aegithalos caudatus</i>				2		1		
91	Common Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>					1			
92	Great Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus arundinaceus</i>				3	2	2		
93	Eurasian Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus scirpaceus</i>				1	10	5		
94	Melodious Warbler	<i>Hippolais polyglotta</i>	1				2			
95	Savi's Warbler	<i>Locustella luscinioides</i>					2			
96	Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>			10	5	20	10	5	
97	Eurasian Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>					2			
98	Sardinian Warbler	<i>Curruca melanocephala</i>	1		2	2	1	6	8	2
99	Western Subalpine Warbler	<i>Curruca iberiae</i>							2	
100	Dartford Warbler	<i>Curruca undata</i>							1	
101	Common Firecrest	<i>Regulus ignicapilla</i>							H	
102	Eurasian Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>		2			1			
103	Short-toed Treecreeper	<i>Certhia brachydactyla</i>							1	
104	Spotless Starling	<i>Sturnus unicolor</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
105	Common Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>		2	1	5	5	10	10	1
106	European Robin	<i>Erithacus rubecula</i>							1	
107	Common Nightingale	<i>Luscinia megarhynchos</i>				H	H	H	H	
108	Black Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>		4					2	
109	Blue Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola solitarius</i>		3			5		2	
110	European Stonechat	<i>Saxicola rubicola</i>		5	5	30	10	10	5	2
111	Rock Sparrow	<i>Petronia petronia</i>						4*		
112	Spanish Sparrow	<i>Passer hispaniolensis</i>		2		600	10	20	100	
113	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
114	Common Waxbill - I	<i>Estrilda astrild</i>							5	
115	Western Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava</i>					H*			
116	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>		1		10	2	2	2	
117	Common Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>		5		2	2	5	10	
118	Hawfinch	<i>Coccothraustes coccothraustes</i>							3	
119	European Greenfinch	<i>Chloris chloris</i>		3					1	
120	Common Linnet	<i>Linaria cannabina</i>							4	
121	European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>	5	10	10	20	20	10	10	5
122	European Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>		10	2	10	10	10	10	5
123	Corn Bunting	<i>Emberiza calandra</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
124	Rock Bunting	<i>Emberiza cia</i>		5					2	
125	Cirl Bunting	<i>Emberiza cirlus</i>							1	

			May 22							
	Common name	Scientific name	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Mammals										
1	Eurasian Otter	<i>Lutra lutra</i>				T				
2	Egyptian Mongoose	<i>Herpestes ichneumon</i>					1			
3	Red Fox	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>		1						
4	Wild Boar	<i>Sus scrofa</i>				T				
5	European Roe Deer	<i>Capreolus capreolus</i>						2		
6	Fallow Deer	<i>Dama dama</i>							1	
7	Red Deer	<i>Cervus elaphus</i>					1			
8	Granada Hare - N	<i>Lepus granatensis</i>		1					1	
9	European Rabbit	<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>	1			1				
10	Soprano Pipistrelle	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	2		1	1			1	
Reptiles & Ampibians										
1	Iberian Water frog - N	<i>Rana iberica</i>	H		H	H		H	2+H	
2	Mediterranean Tree Frog	<i>Hyla meridionalis</i>						2		
3	Ladder Snake	<i>Zamenis scalaris</i>			1					
4	Smooth Snake	<i>Coronella austriaca</i>							1	
5	Ocellated Lizard	<i>Lacerta lepida</i>		1*	1					
6	Large Psammadromus	<i>Psammadromus algirus</i>			1*			1		
7	Spanish Psammodrammus	<i>Psammadromus hispanicus</i>							1	
8	Iberian Wall Lizard	<i>Podarcis hispanicus</i>							1	
9	Spanish Pond Turtle	<i>Mauremys leprosa</i>			10		5		1	
10	Mediterranean House Gecko	<i>Hemidactylus turcicus</i>	5	3	2	2	2	2	2	2
Insects										
Odonata - Dragonflies										
1	Blue-eye	<i>Erythromma lindenii</i>							1	
2	Small Redeye	<i>Erythromma viridulum</i>				2		3		
3	Iberian Bluetail	<i>Ischnura graellsii</i>				2		2		
4	Blue Emperor	<i>Anax imperator</i>						3		
5	Lesser Emperor	<i>Anax parthenope</i>				1				
6	Broad-bodied Chaser	<i>Libellula depressa</i>				1				
7	Black-tailed Skimmer	<i>Orthetrum cancellatum</i>						1		
8	Red-veined Darter	<i>Sympetrum fonscolombii</i>				2		4		
9	Broad Scarlet	<i>Crocothemis erythraea</i>					1			
10	Violet Dropwing	<i>Trithemis annulata</i>				1		2		
11	Northern Banded Groundling	<i>Brachythemis impartia</i>				1		10		
Lepidoptera - Butterflies										
1	Swallowtail	<i>Papilio machaon</i>					1			
2	Large White	<i>Pieris brassicae</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
3	Small White	<i>Artogeia rapae</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	

			May 22							
	Common name	Scientific name	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
4	Green-veined White	<i>Artogeia napi</i>			1					
5	Clouded Yellow	<i>Colias crocea</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
6	Cleopatra	<i>Gonepteryx cleopatra</i>			1					
7	Meadow Brown	<i>Maniola jurtina</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
8	Spanish Gatekeeper	<i>Pyronia bathseba</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
9	Small Heath	<i>Coenympha pamphilus</i>						1		
10	Holly Blue	<i>Celastrina argiolus</i>		1						
11	Red Admiral	<i>Vanessa atalanta</i>							1	
12	Queen of Spain Fritillary	<i>Issoria lathonia</i>							1	
13	Wall Brown	<i>Lasiommata megera</i>							1	
14	Essex Skipper	<i>Thymelicus lineola</i>						1		
	Other Notable Insects									
1	Red-striped Oil Beetle	<i>Berberomeloe majalis</i>	5	2		3		2	2	1
2	Spoonwing Lacewing	<i>Nemoptera bipennis</i>	1	2	5		2	2	1	
	Fish									
1	Carp	<i>Cyprinus carpio</i>								