

# Spain - Ronda & The Strait of Gibraltar

Naturetrek Tour Report

2 - 8 November 2016



Griffon Vultures over the Straits of Gibraltar



Monarch Butterfly



Sierra de las Nieves



Iberian Ibex

Report and images by Simon Tonkin & Niki Williamson



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Tour participants: Simon Tonkin & Niki Williamson (leaders) with 16 Naturetrek clients

## Summary

This tour had two bases – a mountain hotel with outstanding food in the quirky and fabulous blue village of Júzcar and the tranquil eco-lodge of Huerta Grande in the village of Pelayo near Tarifa. It yielded a great quality bird list from mountain habitats, coastal and inland wetlands, salt pans, farmland and cork oak forest as well as views of thousands of migrating and resident Griffon Vultures. Highlights included excellent views of raptors, including no less than three Bonelli's Eagles just metres overhead, Short-toed and Booted Eagles providing near-daily sightings, Ruppell's Vulture, Black-winged Kite, Lesser Kestrel and Osprey.

The group also had close encounters with many species, including Black Wheatear, Blue Rock Thrush, Rock Sparrow, Crag Martin, Red-billed Chough, Hawfinch, Firecrest, Short-toed Treecreeper, Northern Bald Ibis, Audouin's Gull, Purple Swamphen, huge flocks of White Storks and some exciting Spanish rarities in the form of Yellow-browed Warbler and Atlas Long-legged Buzzard. Non-avian stars came in the form of Iberian Ibex sauntering along a cliff face, daily encounters with Monarch Butterflies and Portuguese Sundew.

## Day 1

## Wednesday 2nd November

The group arrived early on their respective flights to Málaga, and Simon and Niki were pleased to greet them at the airport, before a short drive up into the Serranía de Ronda to our first base at Hotel Bandolero - a characterful hotel with outstanding cuisine in the quirky blue mountain village of Júzcar.

En route we stopped for a picnic lunch in the Sierra de las Nieves National Park, where the group were treated to amazing close-up views of a flock of around 30 wintering Black Redstarts, who obligingly posed for photos just metres from where we were eating. We had our first glimpse of over 30 Griffon Vultures circling over nearby hills and were able to scope up two Short-toed Eagles, who were surveying our picnic from perches on nearby rocks. We were also taken aback when a beautiful male Hen Harrier joined us near the picnic area to eat its very own picnic, perhaps in the form of a Thekla Lark!

We completed the brief journey to Júzcar along dramatic mountain roads, where our hosts David and Ivan settled us into our rooms and welcomed us to the Hotel Bandolero with a stunning three-course meal.

## Day 2

## Thursday 3rd November

Today was spent in numerous dramatic mountainside venues, where key species abounded.

Our first stop was at Los Riscos, an imposing rocky limestone outcrop at 1400 metres above sea level. After pausing on the way up through olive groves and cork oak trees to admire an Southern (Iberian) Grey Shrike, several Chiffchaffs and Blackcaps and large flocks of farmland birds, we ensconced ourselves in a viewing area high up in the crag. Here we enjoyed the aerial antics of Crag Martins as well as some great views of Woodlark and Thekla Lark, and a female Hen Harrier flying down the valley being mobbed by a Lesser Kestrel. We were also treated to brief glimpses of Rock Bunting and Alpine Accentor before we travelled on.

While Simon and Niki prepared a delicious open-air picnic for the group, they had some time to wander around the caves and crystal-blue streams at Cueva del Gato. This awe-inspiring beauty spot - whose streams and pools are frequented by Black-bellied Dipper and Grey Wagtail - forms the downstream end of a vast eight kilometre cave system, of which the group would be birding both ends today. We ate while Griffon Vultures and Crag Martins swirled overhead, and Cetti's Warblers skirmished in the undergrowth, so busy with their antics they were oblivious to our gaze.

Niki and Simon then rewarded the group for their excellent spotting skills so far with a stop for coffee and local apple-and-nut cake before continuing on to the final stop of the day at Cueva del Huididero.

This second cave lies at the base of a spectacular mountain gorge and forms the northern end of the Huididero/Gato cave system. From our viewpoint at Montejaque dam, we spent a spectacular afternoon observing the canyon's nature, listening to Cirl Buntings and Iberian Green Woodpecker as many species passed through and eventually came in to roost among the crags and scrub. A mammalian highlight was a majestic Iberian Ibex sauntering along the skyline. The group had superb views of four Black Wheatears and several Blue Rock Thrushes flitting among the boulders. As the afternoon wore on, the scrub filled with groups of roosting Rock Sparrows and Hawfinch, and Red-billed Choughs and Griffon Vultures lined up along the rock faces.

We returned to the hotel as the sun was setting over the impressive scenery, to more fabulous food including a sensational fennel and manchego risotto.

## Day 3

Friday 4th November

Today it was time to say goodbye to our lovely hosts David and Ivan, and travel coastwards to our second base in the Straits.

On the way, we spent a morning in the charming historic town of Ronda. The group had ample time to wander the pathways and bridges traversing the El Tajo gorge, for which the town is perhaps best known, and which separates the city's circa-15th-Century new town from its old town, dating to Moorish rule.

On arrival at the eco-lodge of Huerta Grande we received the customary warm welcome from Katrin and the team, who provided the group with a delicious buffet lunch as Red-rumped Swallows and a steady stream of Griffon Vultures passed overhead. Simon and Niki then helped the group move into their secluded lodgings, from which can be seen local resident species such as Firecrest, Crested Tit and Short-Toed Treecreeper.

We then headed to a private farm nearby, where we hoped a recent goat carcass would be pulling in resident and migrating vultures for a closer look.

No sooner had we arrive than a massive kettle of hundreds of Griffon Vultures formed overhead, providing the group with an awe-inspiring spectacle! Sadly the winds prevented the vultures from landing but as they continually amassed and dissipated we were also able to enjoy great opportunities to compare Lesser and Common Kestrels and watch numerous Booted Eagles and other raptors drift by across a backdrop of stunning views of The Straits and Morocco.

## Day 4

## Saturday 5th November

The day began with a visit to Los Lances inter-tidal habitat. On the short stroll along the boardwalk across pastureland to the viewing hide, we encountered confiding Crested Larks, Zitting Cisticolas and Corn Buntings. From the hide we had excellent views of Audouin's Gulls and Sandwich Terns as well as large numbers of Kentish, Common Ringed and Grey Plovers, Ruddy Turnstones, Sanderling and Dunlin. Niki was able to celebrate her 40th birthday in style with incredible views of a hunting Osprey which perched up in front of the group, affording fantastic photographic opportunities. As we were about to leave, a Bluethroat emerged from the vegetation directly in front of the hide, rounding off the visit with a lifer for many in the group.

Simon and Niki then took the group for a picnic lunch at El Trafico, a clifftop site next to the coast with wonderful views across the Straits. It was a clear day and the Jebel Musa mountain on Morocco's northern coast looked well within reach! Not so for two young Booted Eagles, who decided to ignore the crosswinds and their lack of altitude and attempt the crossing! The group watched with our hearts in our mouths as they changed their minds part way across and flapped frantically to return to land, barely metres above the sea. To our relief both birds made it back to Spain, having learned a valuable lesson about migrating over water!

As we ate, we mused on the number of late migrants we were seeing, including Barn Swallow, Pallid Swift, Sand Martin and Yellow Wagtail. Several of the group were able to photograph a passing Swallowtail butterfly.

The crosswind was a little too strong for vultures to be migrating, so after a brief stop for ice cream at the Mirador viewpoint café, we set off in search of raptors coming into roost along the tracks of El Cabrito. We were not disappointed, as several groups of Griffon Vultures numbering well over 1000 birds – and at least one Ruppell's Vulture - were drifting around the hillsides. A sheep carcass at one of the farms brought the birds down spectacularly low as we observed them spiralling down to eat.

We then returned to Huerta Grande for dinner, with a slice of Niki's birthday cake for everyone!

## Day 5

## Sunday 6th November

We started the day with a visit to the huge plain of La Janda, formerly a vast wetland which was mostly drained for agriculture in the 19th Century. Fragments of wetland remain amongst the low-intensity farmland and we spent the morning finding a host of wetland and farmland treasures. Spoonbills and Common Cranes mingled with massive flocks of thousands of White Storks, while Red Kites, Marsh Harriers and a Hen Harrier quartered the land. The group got amazing views of a Purple Swamphen, iridescent in the sun, and two Black-winged Kites perched on overhead wires. The highlight of the day – and of the trip for many – was superb views of not one, but three Bonelli's Eagles, two first-year birds and a stunning adult, which passed low over the vans and drifted around us for many minutes. Other highlights included Great Egret, Black Tern, Penduline Tit calling, Black-winged Stilt, Spanish Sparrow and Calandra Lark.

After our picnic next to a pool which yielded further views of Purple Swamphen, it was on to the salt pans at Barbate. No sooner had we arrived than we spotted a group of Northern Bald Ibis on the nearby farmland! These birds are the product of a successful reintroduction scheme in the area, and are arguably one of the rarest

species we were likely to see on the trip. The group were able to observe and photograph these strange creatures at close hand before they flew.

While pausing to look at Kentish Plovers on the salt pans, we noticed that one of the nearby rocks had a yellow eye. It turned out to be a Stone-curlew, wintering there with 20+ of its friends, which the group were thrilled to observe. We were also treated to Caspian Tern and Audouin's Gulls amongst the many hundreds of waders on the pans.

## Day 6

## Monday 7th November

The group was greeted at breakfast with some exciting news. Thanks to special access to satellite tagging data, we had been keeping an eye on the movements of a tagged hybrid Greater/Lesser Spotted Eagle which had been resting inland for some months. Overnight, it had decided to move, and was roosting on crags just a short drive away, en route to our day's first planned destination!

However we were not to be lucky – by the time we arrived at Zahara, the last recorded site, the eagle had literally passed over us and was in the hills directly above Huerta Grande. Rather than continuing on a 'wild eagle chase' (thanks David!) we let it go as a 'Not-Spotted Eagle' (thanks Tony!). This was just as well – within hours this incredible bird was sending a signal from the Rif Mountains in Morocco! Despite not seeing the bird, the group agreed it was an exciting experience to almost be part of its migration.

Continuing with our planned day, we visited the rocks at Sierra de la Plata, where the group were impressed by stunning views of the resident Griffon Vulture colony as they soared overhead and perched on the rocks in front of us. We were also entertained by Blue Rock Thrushes flitting amongst them. At the upper part of the rock face we had perhaps the best views of the trip of hundreds of Crag Martins, which were actually perched up on the rocks in some places, affording fantastic photo opportunities.

Stopping in the coastal village of Bolonia, the group were able to watch waders including Sanderling, Common Ringed and Kentish Plover on the sands in front of us, and Northern Gannets out to sea.

After a relaxing picnic back at Huerta Grande, during which Crested Tits were present in the trees around the reception area, we headed up to the nearby mountainside. As well as yet more fantastic views of Griffon Vultures, the stop proved to be fruitful for the botanists on the trip. We found several fresh specimens of Autumn Crocus, and also visited a colony of Portuguese Sundew.

Apart from populations in Portugal and Northern Morocco, this endangered, carnivorous plant species is only recorded in this part of Spain. It is becoming increasingly rare due to habitat destruction, and has been lost from many of its previously known strongholds in the region. It differs from other sundews because it grows in dry, stony, calcareous habitats rather than the acid conditions in the marshes and bogs which are the usual habitat for other carnivorous plants.

In common with other sundew species, Portuguese Sundew catches its small insect prey by entrapping them with a sticky substance that not only emanates from the leaves but also from the stem. Once trapped the insects

become asphyxiated and, following death, are eventually digested by enzymes in the leaves of the plant. The group were able to witness this sinister little plant trapping flies first hand.

We concluded the day with a relaxed walk around the grounds at Huerta Grande, ensuring that the group had had good views of the resident specialities such as Firecrest, Short-toed Creeper and Crested Tit. We also managed to round off a truly fantastic trip with not one but two rarities for Spain – a Yellow-browed Warbler and an Atlas Long-legged Buzzard which had drifted across the Straits from Morocco.

## Day 7

Tuesday 8th November

Seven days had flown by and it was already time for the group to say goodbye for now to Katrin and the wonderful team at Huerta Grande. We made our way to Málaga airport and arrived for check-in in good time, with plenty of good memories and great photographs to remind us of our time in Ronda and the Straits.

Simon and Niki thoroughly enjoyed leading this fantastically diverse trip together and are grateful to a wonderful group for their enthusiasm, good humour, spotting skills and sparkling dinner conversations!

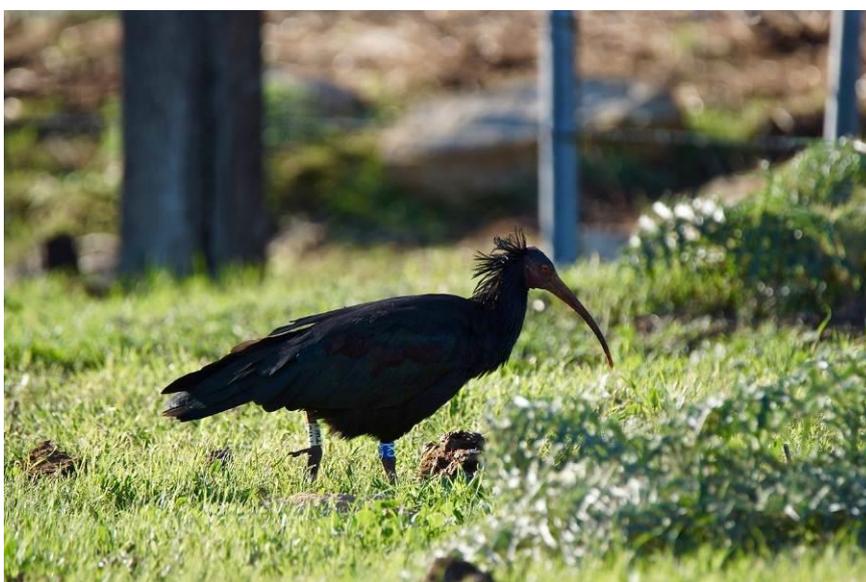
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Northern Bald Ibis

## Species Lists

Birds (✓=recorded but not counted; H = heard only)

	Common name	Scientific name	November						
			2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>					6+		
2	Red-legged Partridge	<i>Alectoris rufa</i>					5+		
3	Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>					3		
4	White Stork	<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>			3+	31	3000		
5	Eurasian Spoonbill	<i>Platalea leucorodia</i>					30+		
6	Western Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>			✓	✓	5000	✓	
7	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>				5	20+	✓	
8	Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>					1		
9	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>				2	40+		
10	Northern Bald Ibis	<i>Geronticus eremita</i>					4		
11	Northern Gannet	<i>Morus bassanus</i>				20+		5+	
12	Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>				10	20+	1+	
13	Western Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>				1			
14	Black-winged Kite	<i>Elanus caeruleus</i>					2		
15	Rüppell's Vulture	<i>Gyps rueppellii</i>				1			
16	Griffon Vulture	<i>Gyps fulvus</i>	30+	100+	400+	1600+	30+	70+	
17	Short-toed Snake Eagle	<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>	2		1	6		1+	
18	Booted Eagle	<i>Hieraaetus pennatus</i>	1		5+	6	1		
19	Bonelli's Eagle	<i>Aquila fasciata</i>					3		
20	Eurasian Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>	1	3+	2	3		2	
21	Hen Harrier	<i>Circus cyaneus</i>	1	2+			1		
22	Western Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>					15+		
23	Red Kite	<i>Milvus milvus</i>					2		
24	Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>			1+	1			
25	Atlas Long-legged Buzzard	<i>Buteo rufinus cirtensis</i>						1	
26	Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>	1		1	2+	5+	3	
27	Water Rail	<i>Rallus aquaticus</i>					H		
28	Purple Swamphen	<i>Porphyrio porphyrio</i>					2		
29	Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>		1			3	2	
30	Common Pheasant	<i>Phasianus colchicus</i>					1		
31	Common Crane	<i>Grus grus</i>					6		
32	Eurasian Stone-curlew	<i>Burhinus oedicnemus</i>					22+		
33	Eurasian Oystercatcher	<i>Haematopus ostralegus</i>				6	1		
34	Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>					3+		
35	Northern Lapwing	<i>Vanellus vanellus</i>					30+		
36	Grey Plover	<i>Pluvialis squatarola</i>				30+	5+		
37	Common Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius hiaticula</i>				50+	100+	10+	
38	Kentish Plover	<i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i>				20+	50+	2+	
39	Common Snipe	<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>					2+		
40	Common Redshank	<i>Tringa totanus</i>					4+		
41	Common Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>					1		
42	Green Sandpiper	<i>Tringa ochropus</i>					5+		
43	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>				1	2		
44	Ruddy Turnstone	<i>Arenaria interpres</i>				2			
45	Sanderling	<i>Calidris alba</i>				60+	100+	20+	
46	Dunlin	<i>Calidris alpina</i>				40+	150+		
47	Black-headed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus ridibundus</i>				1+	✓		

	Common name	Scientific name	November						
			2	3	4	5	6	7	8
48	Audouin's Gull	<i>Ichthyaetus audouinii</i>				20+	27		
49	Mediterranean Gull	<i>Ichthyaetus melanocephalus</i>					4		
50	Great Black-backed Gull	<i>Larus marinus</i>					1		
51	Yellow-legged Gull	<i>Larus michahellis</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	
52	Lesser Black-backed Gull	<i>Larus fuscus</i>					✓	✓	
53	Caspian Tern	<i>Hydroprogne caspia</i>					1		
54	Sandwich Tern	<i>Thalasseus sandvicensis</i>				50+		4	
55	Black Tern	<i>Chlidonias niger</i>					1		
56	Feral Dove	<i>Columba livia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
57	Common Wood Pigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	600+	20+	
58	Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
59	Tawny Owl	<i>Strix aluco</i>		H			2	1	
60	Pallid Swift	<i>Apus pallidus</i>				20+			
61	Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>					2		
62	Eurasian Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>					1	1	
63	Great Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos major</i>	1	1	2+		1	4	
64	Iberian Green Woodpecker	<i>Picus sharpei</i>		1+			1		
65	Lesser Kestrel	<i>Falco naumanni</i>			4+	5+		2	
66	Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>		3+	2+	1	5+	3+	
67	Southern (Iberian) Grey Shrike	<i>Lanius meridionalis</i>		1+					
68	Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>		✓	✓			✓	
69	Red-billed Chough	<i>Pyrrhocorax pyrrhocorax</i>		6+					
70	Western Jackdaw	<i>Coloeus monedula</i>		1+			✓	✓	
71	Northern Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>		4+	2+	5			
72	European Crested Tit	<i>Lophophanes cristatus</i>	2H					5+	
73	Eurasian Blue Tit	<i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓		3+	
74	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	1	2	
75	Woodlark	<i>Lullula arborea</i>	1	5+	2+				
76	Thekla Lark	<i>Galerida theklae</i>		4+					
77	Crested Lark	<i>Galerida cristata</i>				10+	50+	✓	
78	Calandra Lark	<i>Melanocorypha calandra</i>					5+		
79	Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>				4+			
80	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>				2			
81	Eurasian Crag Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i>		30+	20+		4+	60+	
82	Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Cecropis daurica</i>			100+	50+		2+	
83	Cetti's Warbler	<i>Cettia cetti</i>		2+	1+	3+	10+	1+	
84	Long-tailed Tit	<i>Aegithalos caudatus</i>		5+					
85	Eurasian Penduline Tit	<i>Remiz pendulinus</i>					2H		
86	Common Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>	5+	10+	5+	4	30+	✓	
87	Yellow-browed Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus inornatus</i>						1	
88	Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>				3	10+	2+	
89	Eurasian Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
90	Dartford Warbler	<i>Sylvia undata</i>			1				
91	Sardinian Warbler	<i>Sylvia melanocephala</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
92	Common Firecrest	<i>Regulus ignicapilla</i>	1	1+	10+	3		5+	2+
93	Eurasian Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>		3+				1+	
94	Eurasian Nuthatch	<i>Sitta europaea</i>		2+				1+	
95	Short-toed Treecreeper	<i>Certhia brachydactyla</i>	1	10+	5+	H	1+	5+	2+
96	Common Starling	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>				1			
97	Spotless Starling	<i>Sturnus unicolor</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
98	Common Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

	Common name	Scientific name	November							
			2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
99	Mistle Thrush	<i>Turdus viscivorus</i>		10+				1		1
100	Spotted Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa striata</i>							1	
101	European Robin	<i>Erithacus rubecula</i>	30+	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	10+
102	Bluethroat	<i>Luscinia svecica</i>				1				
103	Black Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>	30+	✓	5+	1	2	10+		1
104	Blue Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola solitarius</i>		6					3+	
105	European Stonechat	<i>Saxicola rubicola</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
106	Black Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe leucura</i>		4						
107	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
108	Spanish Sparrow	<i>Passer hispaniolensis</i>					4+			
109	Rock Sparrow	<i>Petronia petronia</i>		c.10						
110	Spanish Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava iberiae</i>					1+			
111	Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>		2			1+	1+		1
112	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>	10+	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Pied Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba yarrelli</i>				1+				
113	Meadow Pipit	<i>Anthus pratensis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
114	Common Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
115	Hawfinch	<i>Coccothraustes coccothraustes</i>		2					1	
116	European Greenfinch	<i>Chloris chloris</i>		1+	2+					
117	Common Linnet	<i>Linaria cannabina</i>	5+	✓	✓	2+	✓	✓	✓	2+
118	European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
119	European Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
120	Corn Bunting	<i>Emberiza calandra</i>		3+		3+	50+			
121	Rock Bunting	<i>Emberiza cia</i>		1						
122	Cirl Bunting	<i>Emberiza cirlus</i>		2+	3+					

## Other Taxa

1	Iberian Ibex	<i>Capra pyrenaica</i>		1M						
2	Southern Hawker	<i>Aeshna cyanea</i>		✓						
3	Migrant Hawker	<i>Aeshna mixta</i>		✓		3	✓	✓		
4	Red-veined Darter	<i>Sympetrum fonscolombii</i>				10+	✓	✓		
5	Swallowtail	<i>Papilio machaon</i>				1	1			
6	Red Admiral	<i>Vanessa atalanta</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
7	Geranium Bronze	<i>Cacyreus marshalli</i>			✓					
8	Painted Lady	<i>Vanessa cardui</i>		✓		✓	✓	✓		
9	Small Copper	<i>Lycaena phlaeas</i>		✓			✓			
10	Clouded Yellow	<i>Colias croceus</i>					✓			
11	Green-veined White	<i>Pieris napi</i>								
12	Large White	<i>Pieris brassicae</i>	✓							
13	Small White	<i>Pieris rapae</i>		✓	✓		✓			
14	Speckled Wood	<i>Pararge aegeria</i>		✓	✓					
15	Monarch	<i>Danaus plexippus</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓		
16	Zellars Skipper	<i>Borbo borbonica</i>					1			
17	Lang's Short-tailed Blue	<i>Leptotes pirithous</i>							✓	
18	Cleopatra	<i>Gonepteryx cleopatra</i>			✓		✓			
19	Vestal	<i>Rhodometra sacraria</i>					1			
20	Purple Marbled	<i>Eublemma ostrina</i>			✓					
21	Mediterranean Tree Frog	<i>Hyla meridionalis</i>				✓				
22	Common Toad	<i>Bufo bufo</i>				2				
23	Moorish Gecko	<i>Tarentola mauritanica</i>	✓	✓	✓					
24	Iberian Rock Lizard	<i>Iberolacerta monticola</i>		✓						

	Common name	Scientific name	November						
			2	3	4	5	6	7	8
25	Iberian Wall Lizard	<i>Podarcis hispanica</i>		✓	✓		✓		
26	Praying Mantis sp.				✓				
27	Iberian Marsh Frog	<i>Pelophylax ridibundus</i>					✓		
28	Portuguese Sundew	<i>Drosophyllum lusitanicum</i>						✓	
29	Autumn Crocus	<i>Colchicum autumnale</i>						✓	



Black Redstart



Griffon Vulture