

Go Slow ... Relaxed Birding in Mallorca

Naturetrek Tour Report

13 - 20 April 2019



Balearic Warbler



Blue Rock Thrush



Red-knobbed Coot



Swallowtail

Report & images compiled by Andy Bunten



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Summary

This 'Go Slowin Mallorca' was a hugely enjoyable holiday with a gentle pace and plenty of opportunities for people to enjoy the hotel facilities if they so wished. We had some wonderful wildlife experiences too, with an amazing feeding frenzy of shearwaters and tuna fish at Cap Formentor, a beautiful walk up the Bocquer valley with a flock of migrating Black Kites going through, Cinereous and Griffon Vultures at Cuber Reservoir and a host of wonderful species at S'Albufera, including some very close views of a Collared Pratincole.

In total we recorded 119 bird species, many plants and some spectacular fish too!

Thanks must go to all the group for working so well together to make it a productive, enjoyable and rewarding week on a lovely island.

Day 1

Saturday 13th April

UK - Palma Airport – Pollença Bay & Hotel

Group members set out from a few UK airports to Mallorca, with the main contingent leaving from London Gatwick airport. One flight had a slight delay but we all met pretty much as planned at the airport. We organised the buses for the week and eventually headed off from the airport around 5pm or so.

Our route initially headed towards Palma then turned right, eventually heading north-east across the island to the opposite coast. This drive north was pretty uneventful and we had a few nice sightings – Barn Swallows flitting across the front of the bus and a Common Swift zipping through the air were signs that we were further south where spring had really started to get going. A couple of Red Kites twisting their tails as they glided past us were a nice bonus - though familiar sights to those in the M40 corridor.

We followed Pollença Bay towards Puerto Pollença and reached the Pollentia Club Resort, our base for the week and ideally located on the coast road, overlooking Pollença Bay and backing onto S'Albufereta Marsh. We checked in, then found our rooms and arranged to meet later after our meal.

After eating, we adjourned to the reception area and met our friends from Canada who had arrived earlier. We discussed our plans for the future and specifically for the next day's adventures, before everyone drifted away to finish unpacking, or for an early night after a long travelling day.

Day 2

Sunday 14th April

Bocquer Valley and south S'Albufereta Marsh

Our 'Go Slow' itinerary gave people the opportunity to dip in and out of some activities. We started by offering a visit to the hotel hide at dawn but, probably due to the morning after a travelling day, it wasn't well attended. It was, however, a good introduction to Mediterranean birding, with Cetti's Warblers, Great Tits and European Greenfinches singing from bushes, whilst migration could be witnessed with Barn Swallows heading north over the marsh. It was good to see Black-winged Stilts, while on the water were Gadwall, Mallard, Eurasian Coot,

Great Cormorant and a few Common Pochard. A Stone-curlew sat immobile on the mound of excavated material at the back of the pond and an Iberian race Yellow Wagtail picked its way along the pond edge. After a pleasant start to the day, the early risers headed for breakfast and to meet up with the rest of the group.

At 9am we left the hotel and started with a drive along the seafront before the town bypass took us to our supermarket for our first shop for our lunch. Thereafter we drove round to the car park at the start of the Bocquer Valley and commenced our walk up this famous birding landmark. Our initial new sightings included a female Cirl Bunting, before we noticed a group of distant raptors over the valley ridges ahead of us. These turned out to be Kites - 14 Black and one Red. An excellent start.

We stopped at the Finca site and gazed across the fields, hedgerows and buildings, where we found some distant Song Thrushes and a lovely male Common Redstart. A Common Cuckoo flew past and then we noticed more bird of prey activity, with Booted Eagles and Peregrine Falcons circling over the hills and looking resplendent in the sunshine.

We moved onwards and upwards along the valley and found more raptors – Peregrine, a Booted Eagle against the valley side, which gave wonderful views, and a Common Kestrel. As we passed through a wall which bounded the path sides, we heard a warbler singing which sounded suspiciously like Balearic Warbler but couldn't get a sight of it.

We discussed the way the vegetation here - and indeed in other parts of the Mediterranean - had adapted to living with the grazing pressures of goats by developing tough spines or, in the case of the Asphodel, being toxic and unpalatable to these animals. The plentiful but low-growing specimens of 'hedgehog' plant *Astragalus balearicus* well-demonstrated this spiny aspect, as did the specimens of *Smilax*.

We arrived at our destination at the top of the valley where we had a lovely view of the sea as well as good views of European Stonechat, Northern Wheatear, and of a pair of Blue Rock Thrushes cavorting amongst the rocks. We made our way back down the track in the now very hot sunshine through the plentiful Dwarf Fan Palm (*Chamaerops humilis*) and on the way back the rear-guard of the party stopped at our previous site and were fortunate enough to get some good views, and even photographs, of the Balearic Warbler.

Once back to buses we drove, via the hotel, to the southern end of S'Albufereta reserve where we had our lunch. At the reserve, new sightings included Common Shelducks, Purple Heron, Corn Bunting and three Eurasian Stone-curlews. At this site there also some very fine Mirror Orchids (*Ophrys speculum*). From the tower hide we had some excitement as first a Western Osprey and then a Greater Flamingo flew past. There were three Western Marsh Harriers around and Black-winged Stilts galore.

Our final stop was at the new hide overlooking the pools, where we found a number of Kentish and Little Ringed Plovers, as well as Common Terns, another Eurasian Stone-curlew and a bobbing Common Sandpiper. Eventually, it was time to return to the hotel and we reconvened in Bar Triton at 5.45pm to talk over a most enjoyable first full day.

We did a roll-call of sightings and the plan of action for the next day was outlined. We then adjourned to the dining room for a tasty evening meal.

Day 3

Monday 15th April

Formentor Peninsula and north S'Albufereta Marsh

It was another lovely start to the day with clear blue sky and no wind. A couple of us turned up for a pre-breakfast look over the marsh and recorded sightings which included a couple of Great Tits, a noisy Cetti's Warbler, a feeding and singing Willow Warbler and, in the distant marsh, four hunched Eurasian Stone-curlews. A Water Rail could be heard 'squealing'.

After breakfast we set off towards Puerto Pollença along the coast road. We made a stop for picnic provisions and then continued through Puerto Pollença and on to the Formentor Peninsula, driving to the end at the Lighthouse car park. It was an interesting journey as the road was being used as a training route by hundreds of cyclists, who had to be leapfrogged on the narrow carriageway.

We arrived safely and set up station overlooking the sea, about 100 metres below us. Almost immediately, we noticed that there were a good number of Scopoli's Shearwaters below us. Closer examination revealed that there were hundreds of these birds in the area. A large flock were settled on the sea a few hundred yards away and smaller groups of birds were flying just below us giving the most marvellous views. Then we realised that there were birds congregating and feeding and that there were substantial - we counted at least 22 - Atlantic Bluefin Tuna fishing beneath the birds and clearly driving smaller fish to the surface in diving distance of the shearwaters. To begin with we'd only noticed Scopoli's but then we started picking up much smaller numbers of Balearic Shearwaters also joining in the feeding fun: an excellent opportunity to compare and contrast these two species.

It wasn't only the Shearwaters that entertained us as we also had incredibly good views of a lovely male Blue Rock Thrush and brief views of the dashing Peregrine that often inhabits these cliffs.

After all this fun, we relaxed with a coffee in the café and then did battle with the streaming traffic and cyclists back down the hill. We reached Cases Velles where we stopped for a brief period to find a few Common Redstarts and then track down a couple of Red Crossbills which were singing and were stationary long enough for us to get the telescopes on them.

We drove on then for our lunch stop at the north end of S'Albufereta reserve before taking a gentle stroll around this pleasant marshy area. The sun had brought out some butterflies including a beautiful Swallowtail, and birds included Little Ringed Plovers, Common Sandpipers and a well camouflaged Common Snipe. Western Marsh Harriers quartered the ground and the ever present Cetti's Warblers competed with the more melodious sounds of Common Nightingales – all birds hidden deep in the undergrowth. While some of us watched a Purple Heron fly by a small portion of the group found a Moltoni's Warbler which popped up from the depth of a bush and just as quickly popped back again. A nice bird to find.

We made our way back to the hotel and met a little while later to do our ever-burgeoning list, to discuss the wonderful day we'd had and then to tuck in to the excellent food on offer.

Day 4

Tuesday 16th April

Cuber Reservoir & Lluc Monastery

After breakfast, we met just before 9am for a full day in the Tramuntana Mountains. After stopping to collect food for our picnic we made the scenic journey to Cuber Reservoir for our planned day's birding. The route was again made more interesting by the large number of cyclists who had to be passed on twisty mountain roads; however, the early morning rain seemed to keep their numbers down and it was an easier drive than the day before.

We left the vehicles at Cuber car park and made our way to the start of our walk. With a blue sky dotted with some clouds but little wind, the conditions were good. We set off from the information boards, scanning the top of the mountains, and were immediately rewarded with a few Griffon Vultures. The sun lit these birds perfectly and enabled us to see clearly the paler forewing of these huge birds. We examined their distinctive silhouette and habit of occasionally taking a very characteristic deep wing beat. The ridge which we were walking parallel to also produced a Black and a Red Kite and a nice dark-morph Booted Eagle. After a little while a Cinereous Vulture appeared and flew across the distinctive 'golf ball' at the top of the ridge, giving distant, but reasonable, views.

In the low vegetation around the reservoir we heard a Eurasian Wren singing lustily and eventually found it perched on top of a tree. A Tawny Pipit was calling too from a lower bush quite close to us and enabling good telescope views. Red Crossbills 'chupp-chupped' and five were seen flying across into a small tree but we couldn't find them again until they flew back across the road and into the low conifer woodlands. Stonechats, Common Redstart and a calling Cuckoo entertained us as we walked along the wide track.

A Common Firecrest indulging in some flycatching was fun to watch and eventually it settled into the nearby bush and gave us some very good views indeed. A lovely bird with bold head markings.

We walked as far as the quarry where we noted the endemic Balearic Cyclamen *Cyclamen balearicum*, then returned to the dam where we had some brief views of a fly-catching European Pied Flycatcher before returning to the car park and setting up our lunch on the nearby picnic tables. There we enjoyed another picnic whilst some watched Common Firecrests in the trees above us.

After a most enjoyable visit to Cuber, we set off on our return journey (with a bit of a hiatus as one bus was slipping on the loose gravel in the car park) with a stop at Lluc Monastery. We had just over an hour here and some looked at the cultural aspects, some visited the Jardin Botanico (Botanical Garden), and most visited the coffee shop. The walk around the gardens was made more interesting by a seeing numerous Iberian Water Frogs, some very vocal, and having bursts of Common Nightingale song.

We then headed back to our hotel arriving at around 4.30pm, giving us an hour and half to relax before meeting to do our list and then tackle another massive buffet meal.

Day 5

Wednesday 17th April

S'Albufera Nature Reserve

We'd bought the food for our picnic the night before so we could make an early start at around 8.20am and headed through Alcudia to the S'Albufera Nature Reserve car park. It was as well that we'd left early as the small car park filled up rapidly. The weather was still, fine and sunny, and it was warm rather than hot: perfect to spend the day in the reserve. After an orientation explanation at the information board, we set off along the access driveway. We heard the rather unexpected song of Thekla Lark and finally saw the bird in song flight above us.

The egret roost contained many noisy and squabbling Western Cattle Egrets and Little Egrets bubbling away, and there were a few Black-crowned Night Herons standing sentinel in the bushes, enabling good views through the telescopes. We checked the reeds from the elevated walkway as we'd heard a Moustached Warbler singing and were able to get brief views of this quintessentially S'Albufera bird before it disappeared in the reeds. Whilst watching this we had a Caspian Tern overhead. A good start to the day!

We continued along the raised boardwalk to the Information Centre where we booked in and re-orientated ourselves. Due to the size of the party, we split into two smaller groups to make access to the hides easier. We then visited the three Sa Roca hides. Even though we were separated, both parties saw mainly the same things.

At Sa Roca pool there were lots of birds including a couple of Little Ringed and many Kentish Plovers, Black-winged Stilts, Common Shelducks, some beautiful Red-crested Pochard, a couple of male Garganey and four nice Ruff - one male and three females. We had brief views of a Purple Swamphen and a Glossy Ibis and better and longer views of Marsh Harriers. The bird of the morning though was a lovely Collared Pratincole which was initially somewhat distant but eventually flew to only a few yards in front of us in the hide.

After the hides, we walked slowly back to the information area where we could also hear the loud distinctive song of a Great Reed Warbler. We didn't find it on this occasion so returned to the Information Centre area for our packed lunches. Once replete, and chocolate consumed, we set off on our afternoon route with the intention of visiting the Bishop Hides. As we crossed the canal bridge we saw a couple of Red-eared Terrapins and some nice Gadwall, but the main event was three Red-knobbed Coots which were really close to us just by the bridge and giving excellent photographic opportunities.

We then spent a pleasant couple of hours around the Bishop Hides, looking north over the reserve. Interesting sightings included many Pied Avocets, Spotted Redshanks, Common Greenshanks, Wood Sandpipers, an Osprey perched, immobile, on a distant post and lots of scuttling, squabbling Kentish Plovers. It was just lovely to spend time, in fortunately fairly empty hides, watching the life of these birds unfolding before us.

All too soon, it was time to set off towards our rendezvous point at the Information Centre and make our way back down the track to our buses. Chatting away we almost overlooked six gulls on the canal but, checking them out, we found they were beautiful Audouin's Gulls. A wonderful sight and the birds stayed swimming serenely on the canal as we watched and photographed them. Wonderful.

From here it was just a short walk back to our buses and the half-hour drive back to our hotel to freshen up, meet to discuss the next day and discuss the wonderful day's sighting and dive into the plentiful and ever-tempting buffet.

Day 6

Thursday 18th April

Salinas de Levante and South Mallorca

It was a cooler morning this morning, but a few people gathered to visit the platform at the southern end of the hotel. There they were rewarded with Black-winged Stilts, Common Pochards and a Black-crowned Night Heron.

Today we explored the south of the island and after breakfast we set off at 9am. After stopping in Alcudia to collect the food for our picnic, we headed south via Santa Margalida and Manacor, and then stopped at Es Cruce service area. Sadly, they were on a week's holiday so after searching the roof unsuccessfully for Thekla Lark, we drove the short distance further south.

Here we were on a minor road through an agricultural area. The group on one of the buses saw a Thekla Lark perched on a rock and all of us saw a fine Red Kite, tail twisting as it quartered the ground. We stopped at a slightly raised area and scanned. We enjoyed good views of a Greater Short-toed Lark on the ground and later other individuals performed well in song-flight above us. The odd Red-legged Partridge were spotted in the field and European Stonechats moved around at the edge. A Booted Eagle appeared and flew over our heads - another nice pale-morph bird. Corn Buntings jangled around us as we searched for other birds before deciding to move on south to the salt pans.

After this enjoyable stop we moved on to Salinas de Llevant, a working salt pan with new areas regularly being flooded whilst others dried. We chose a picnic spot overlooking the pans and backing on to scrub. Before and during lunch we scanned the area, finding lots of Pied Avocets, Black-winged Stilts, Common Shelducks and Kentish Plovers, together with a couple of Common Redshanks and low flying Barn Swallows refuelling from their flight across the Mediterranean.

After our picnic we walked a little way into the scrubby grassland where we found a few migrants moving around the low trees and bushes. Around four Pied Flycatchers – both male and female – darted around the lower branches of the trees. A Whinchat appeared and stayed still long enough for us to see through the telescope, a group of Swifts, including four Alpine Swifts, shot through and a Wood Warbler lurked in a thick, dark bush occasionally venturing to the edge before melting back into the depths again. Serins, that had previously been rather shy, appeared on the edge of a fig tree and showed themselves well. A couple of Turtle Doves flashed past us.

After this nice little purple patch of migration, we upped sticks and headed back north. We drove towards Felanitx and then turned off to drive up the twisty narrow road to the Castell de Santueri – a 14th-century castle. It was quite misty but we could see across to the sea from our vantage point and the cliffs to our left produced three Crag Martins which twisted and sped at around our eye level and some more Alpine Swifts which this time gave better views and showed off their white bellies.

Eventually, it was time to move on and we returned, passing through a few small Mallorcan towns and it was nice to see the 'real' island away from the tourist areas. We arrived back at the hotel just before 5pm, which allowed a bit of free time before our evening meeting and then adjourning to the restaurant for dinner.

Day 7

Friday 19th April

Southern end of S'Albufera Marsh (S'Illot and Depuradora) and south S'Albufereta

After breakfast we set off to visit the south end of S'Albufera reserve. We went straight to S'Illot, the old salt pans, via a supermarket to pick up our lunchtime food. We birded the pans and the track through the reedbed to a sandy, open area. On and around the water pans sightings included Black-winged Stilt, Kentish Plover, Common and Red-crested Pochard and five lovely Marbled Duck. The cooler weather had caused the Barn Swallows and Common Swifts to be very evident and, together with a number of Sand Martins, these birds were flying in some numbers around us. Western Marsh Harriers were very much in evidence and we saw an extremely finely marked male together with two females.

Walking along the track through the reedbed we heard and, very briefly saw, Moustached Warbler. We came across a nice group of Bee Orchids (*Ophrys apifera*) alongside the track. At the end of the track we watched the Barn Swallows swooping low for insects in the lee of a number of conifers. Back at the vehicles, we used the facilities at a very upmarket hotel and then continued round to the rear of the reserve and down the lane leading to the Depuradora (Water Works). On our drive down we found two skulking Stone-curlews and a Woodchat Shrike.

From Son Bosc observation platform we checked the ponds at the Depuradora which held good numbers of birds including lots of Gadwall, two Little Grebes, a Common Sandpiper, four Common Terns and a Spanish Yellow and a White Wagtail. In the adjacent field were a few loud Peafowl and a Red-legged Partridge which popped up onto a wall. A Melodious Warbler sang surreptitiously from a bush, giving only the slightest hints of a view, whereas a normally difficult-to-see Zitting Cisticola perched brazenly on a dead Asphodel stem only a few yards away from us. We walked in the area to the back of the reserve for a short while and found another Woodchat Shrike which, although slightly obscured, remained still enough for most of the group to have good telescope views.

Our drive back down the track produced our first good extended views of a sitting Hoopoe - a great relief to many of the group who really wanted to see this beautiful and unusual looking bird.

We rounded off our day with another trip to the southern end of the S'Albufereta where, from the hide, we saw a few Common Terns, Kentish Plovers, Gadwall and the ever entertaining Black-winged Stilts.

We met before dinner to do our last log call and debriefed a wonderful week of 'Go slow' birding sights and magnificent scenery.

We discussed the endemic Mediterranean Tapeweed (a seagrass) which, through the action of the waves, deposits balls of fibrous material from the foliage called egagropili onto the beaches, especially opposite our hotel. We also discussed the link between the Carob tree distribution and the extent of the Mediterranean region, and that the carob seed was the source of our word 'carat' the unit for measuring of gold's purity.

Thanks were said to the group for being such a pleasure to be with and generally ensuring we all had a splendid time with some extremely good bird sightings.

Day 8

Saturday 20th April

Puerto Pollença to Palma Airport

All group members had afternoon flights home so we had the luxury of a lazy start to the day and no need to pack till after breakfast.

We gathered at the platform at the southern end of the hotel to overlook S'Albufereta for the last time. Here we saw old friends of Eurasian Stone-curlew – or at least the eye thereof visible through the vegetation – Cetti's Warbler, male European Stonechat, Booted Eagle and an excellent Zitting Cisticola.

Then the group relaxed until their check out at midday when they brought their cases to Andy and Mike's room for the last picnic of the holiday. We toasted the tour before loading the minibuses and departing for the airport. The journey was uneventful, and our last sighting was an Audouin's Gull on the shore, before we turned inland away from the coast. At the airport farewells were said as group members departed to check in for their various flights home. Once back in the UK, another Naturetrek adventure came to an end.

Thank you for your companionship during a wonderful week on a beautiful island.

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Species Lists

Birds (✓=recorded but not counted; H = heard only)

	Common name	Scientific name	April							
			13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1	Common Shelduck	<i>Tadorna tadorna</i>		6			20	60+	15	2
2	Gadwall	<i>Mareca strepera</i>		6	2		8	2	25	8
3	Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	2	8	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
4	Northern Shoveler	<i>Spatula clypeata</i>					1		1	
5	Garganey	<i>Spatula querquedula</i>					2			
6	Eurasian Teal	<i>Anas crecca</i>					2			
7	Marbled Duck	<i>Marmaronetta angustirostris</i>							5	
8	Red-crested Pochard	<i>Netta rufina</i>					20		8	
9	Common Pochard	<i>Aythya ferina</i>		4	2			4	6	
10	Red-legged Partridge	<i>Alectoris rufa</i>						6	1	
11	Scopoli's Shearwater	<i>Calonectris diomedea</i>			200+					
12	Balearic Shearwater	<i>Puffinus mauretanicus</i>			20					
13	Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>					H		2	
14	Greater Flamingo	<i>Phoenicopterus roseus</i>		1					1	
15	Glossy Ibis	<i>Plegadis falcinellus</i>					1			
16	Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>					8	1		
17	Western Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	1		2	1	30	6	4	
18	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>				1				
19	Purple Heron	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>		2	1		2			
20	Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>								
21	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	2	8	6	1	20		4	4
22	European Shag	<i>Phalacrocorax aristotelis</i>			6					
23	Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>		3	4	2	4	1	2	1
24	Western Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>		1			1		1	
25	Griffon Vulture	<i>Gyps fulvus</i>				4				
26	Cinereous Vulture	<i>Aegypius monachus</i>				2				
27	Booted Eagle	<i>Hieraaetus pennatus</i>		4	1	4		4	5	1
28	Western Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>		4	3		8	2	6	4
29	Red Kite	<i>Milvus milvus</i>	2	1		1		6		1
30	Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>		14		1				1
31	Water Rail	<i>Rallus aquaticus</i>		H	H					
32	Western Swamphen	<i>Porphyrio porphyrio</i>					3		1	
33	Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	1	4	6	6	10	4	10	3
34	Red-knobbed Coot	<i>Fulica cristata</i>					4			
35	Eurasian Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>		30	20		12		60	
36	Eurasian Stone-Curlew	<i>Burhinus oediconemus</i>	1	4	5		H	1	2	1
37	Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>		20	6		15	10	16	6
38	Pied Avocet	<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>					80	20	4	
39	Common Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius hiaticula</i>					1			
40	Little Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius dubius</i>		3	4	4	2		1	1
41	Kentish Plover	<i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i>		6			40	20	6	1
42	Common Snipe	<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>			1					
43	Spotted Redshank	<i>Tringa erythropus</i>					6			
44	Common Redshank	<i>Tringa totanus</i>					2	2		
45	Common Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>					4			
46	Wood Sandpiper	<i>Tringa glareola</i>					11			
47	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>		1	1		2	1	3	

	Common name	Scientific name	April							19	20
			13	14	15	16	17	18			
48	Dunlin	<i>Calidris alpina</i>					1				
49	Ruff	<i>Calidris pugnax</i>					4				
50	Collared Pratincole	<i>Glareola pratincola</i>					1				
51	Black-headed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus ridibundus</i>					4		15		
52	Audouin's Gull	<i>Ichthyaetus audouinii</i>			1		6			1	
53	Yellow-legged Gull	<i>Larus michahellis</i>	1	4	6	28	2	20	6	6	
54	Caspian Tern	<i>Hydroprogne caspia</i>					1				
55	Common Tern	<i>Sterna hirundo</i>		2			4		6		
56	(Feral) Rock Dove	<i>Columba livia (feral)</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
57	Common Wood Pigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>	2	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
58	European Turtle Dove	<i>Streptopelia turtur</i>						2			
59	Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	2	6	4	2	4	6		6	
60	Common Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus canorus</i>		1		H					
61	Alpine Swift	<i>Tachymarptis melba</i>						6			
62	Common Swift	<i>Apus apus</i>	6	6	6	3	6	20	✓	✓	
63	Eurasian Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>			1		2	1	2		
64	Eurasian Wryneck	<i>Jynx torquilla</i>				H					
65	Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>		2	1	1	1	6	2	2	
66	Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>		2	1						
67	(Balearic) Woodchat Shrike	<i>Lanius senator badius</i>		1		1			2		
68	Eurasian Golden Oriole	<i>Oriolus oriolus</i>					1				
69	Northern Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>		2	2	6		2			
70	Eurasian Blue Tit	<i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>				2					
71	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>		H	6	4	4	2	2	2	
72	Eurasian Skylark	<i>Alauda arvensis</i>				H					
73	Thekla Lark	<i>Galerida theklae</i>					1	2	1		
74	Greater Short-toed Lark	<i>Calandrella brachydactyla</i>						6			
75	Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>							30	4	
76	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	6	20	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
77	Eurasian Crag Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i>		6		2		3			
78	Common House Martin	<i>Delichon urbicum</i>		6				6	4		
79	Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Cecropis daurica</i>			1						
80	Cetti's Warbler	<i>Cettia cetti</i>	H	H	1	H	2	1	H		
81	Willow Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus trochilus</i>		1	1	1	1		1		
82	Common Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>		1							
83	Wood Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus sibilatrix</i>						1			
84	Great Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus arundinaceus</i>					1				
85	Moustached Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus melanopogon</i>					1		1		
86	Melodious Warbler	<i>Hippolais polyglotta</i>							1		
87	Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>		2	4	H	2	H	3	2	
88	Eurasian Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>		3	1	2	1		H	1	
89	Balearic Warbler	<i>Sylvia balearica</i>		1							
90	Moltoni's Warbler	<i>Sylvia subalpina</i>			1						
91	Sardinian Warbler	<i>Sylvia melanocephala</i>		12	10		3	1	H	2	
92	Common Firecrest	<i>Regulus ignicapilla</i>				4			H		
93	Eurasian Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>		H	H	2					
94	Common Starling	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>			5						
95	Common Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>		6	10	12	10	6	10	6	
96	Song Thrush	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>		2							
97	Mediterranean Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa tyrrenica balearica</i>							1		
98	Common Nightingale	<i>Luscinia megarhynchos</i>			H	1	H	H	H		

	Common name	Scientific name	April							
			13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
99	European Pied Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula hypoleuca</i>				1		4		
100	Common Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus phoenicurus</i>		2	3	3	1	2		
101	Blue Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola solitarius</i>		5	3					
102	Whinchat	<i>Saxicola rubetra</i>						1		
103	European Stonechat	<i>Saxicola rubicola</i>	2	5	4	2	2	4	2	2
104	Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>		1			1			
105	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	6	12	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
106	Dunnock	<i>Prunella modularis</i>					1			
107	Yellow (Spanish) Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava iberiae</i>		1	1		3		1	
108	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>			1				2	
110	Tawny Pipit	<i>Anthus campestris</i>				1				
111	Water Pipit	<i>Anthus spinoletta</i>				H	1			
112	Common Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>		2	6	✓				
113	European Greenfinch	<i>Chloris chloris</i>		12	20	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
114	Common Linnet	<i>Linaria cannabina</i>		4	1			4	8	
115	Red Crossbill	<i>Loxia curvirostra</i>			2	5				
116	European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>		20	20	26	6	6	8	4
117	European Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>		8	2	2	4	6	2	2
118	Corn Bunting	<i>Emberiza calandra</i>		4	1	H		20	4	
119	Cirl Bunting	<i>Emberiza cirlus</i>		2						

Mammals

1	Rabbit	<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>						D		
2	Majorcan Hare	<i>Lepus granatensis solisi</i>						D		
3	Brown Rat	<i>Rattus norvegicus</i>						D		
4	Pipistrelle Bat sp	<i>Pipistrellus sp</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
5	Pine Marten	<i>Martes martes</i>						D		D

Reptiles and Amphibians

1	Iberian Water Frog	<i>Rana perezi</i>				12			H	
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Butterflies

1	Swallowtail	<i>Papilio machaon</i>		✓	✓		✓			
2	Clouded Yellow	<i>Colias crocea</i>		✓		✓				
3	Painted Lady	<i>Vanessa cardui</i>							✓	
4	Small Tortoiseshell	<i>Aglais urticae</i>				✓				
5	Red Admiral	<i>Vanessa atalanta</i>					✓			
6	Speckled Wood	<i>Pararge aegeria</i>			✓	□	✓			
7	Large White	<i>Pieris brassicae</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	□		
8	Small White	<i>Pieris rapae</i>		✓	□					
9	Wall Brown	<i>Lasiommata megera</i>		✓	✓					
10	Common Blue	<i>Polyommatus icarus</i>						✓		
11	Holly Blue	<i>Celastrina argiolus</i>			✓					

Dragonflies

1	Blue-tailed Damselfly	<i>Ischnura elegans</i>			✓					
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Other fauna of note

1	Egyptian Grasshopper	<i>Anacridium aegyptium</i>			✓					
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	Common name	Scientific name	April							
			13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
2	7-Spot ladybird	<i>Coccinella septempunctata</i>						✓		
3	Atlantic Blue-fin Tuna	<i>Thunnus thynnus</i>			✓					
4	Thicklip Grey Mullet	<i>Chelon labrosus</i>					✓			
5	Common Carp	<i>Cyprinus carpio</i>					✓			

Orchids

1	Mirror Orchid	<i>Ophrys speculum</i>		✓					✓	
2	Bug Orchid	<i>Anacamptis coriophora</i>							✓	
3	Bee Orchid	<i>Ophrys apifera</i>							✓	



Sardinian Warbler