

The Wild Flowers and Gardens of the Isles of Scilly

Naturetrek Tour Report

24 April - 1 May 2014



Echium x scilloniensis by Gilly Wright



Aeonium cuneatum by Dawn Nelson



Protea compacta by Dawn Nelson



2014 Naturetrek Group on St Mary's quay by Dawn Nelson

Report compiled by Dawn Nelson
Images by Dawn Nelson & Gilly Wright



Naturetrek Cheriton Mill Cheriton Alresford Hampshire SO24 0NG England

T: +44 (0)1962 733051

F: +44 (0)1962 736426

E: info@naturetrek.co.uk

W: www.naturetrek.co.uk

Tour Leader: Dawn Nelson Naturetrek Botanist

Participants: Gilly Wright
Jane Hughes
Christine Fisher
Penny Metcalfe
Anne Beament
Frances Slater
Pam Chubb
Gilly Barter

Day 1

Thursday 24th April

St Mary's

Weather: Sunny and warm

Dawn met the group on St Mary's Quay and after settling in at the hotel and then exploring Hugh Town to have lunch, we met up again. After a short detour to see the Mexican Stonecrop (*Sedum confusum*), we went up onto The Garrison through Sally Port, and spotted Cineraria and some of the tiny Forget-me-nots (*Myosotis ramosissimus* and *M. discolor*) and Wall Speedwell (*Veronica arvensis*). Dawn explained and showed us the differences between the Spanish and English Bluebells (*Hyacinthoides hispanica*, *H. non-scripta*) and their hybrid (*H. × massartiana*). She also told us the names of the larger of the islands we could see across the glistening turquoise seas. Along the huge rampart walls we found Wild Madder (*Rubbia peregrina*), Small Catchfly (*Silene gallica*) and Sea Spleenwort (*Asplenium marinum*). We spotted black rabbits and an intriguing Oil Beetle (*Meloe proscarabaeus*). Back on the town side of The Garrison we came across one of the local very tame Song Thrushes (*Turdus philomelos*). After a hearty meal and coffee in the bar we gathered in the lounge to go over our first day's list.

Day 2

Friday 25th April

St Agnes

Weather: Sunny early clouding over a little, windy later

Today after a delicious breakfast we set off in glorious sunshine to St. Agnes. Our first sighting was a series of extended leaps of a Dolphin (*Tursiops truncatus*) in St Mary's harbour even before the boat set off. Plant records included Pride of Madeira (*Echium candicans*), *Osteospermum* 'Tresco Peggy' and Greater Bird's-foot Trefoil (*Lotus pedunculatus*). We had permission to explore some bulb-fields and found Corn Marigold (*Glebionis segetum*), Lambs Lettuce or Common Cornsalad (*Valerianella locusta*) and Great Brome (*Anisantha diandra*) all in abundance, as well as Tall and White Ramping Fumitories (*Fumaria bastardii* and *F. capreolata* ssp. *babingtonii*). More Oil beetles were seen, one of which was more accommodating than the others and posed patiently while we all took photographs of it. Not to be outdone the plants produced Field Woundwort (*Stachys arvensis*) and Spring Beauty (*Claytonia perfoliata*). We had refreshments at Covene Cafe accompanied by another very tame Song Thrush. Next we set off towards Big Pool noting Prickly and Smooth Sow-thistles (*Sonchus asper* and *S. oleraceus*) standing side by side which enabled Dawn to explain the differences.

We found Sea Sandwort (*Honckenya peploides*) at Periglis and had our sandwiches overlooking the green to the delightful avian displays of hirundines. After that we had a quick visit to the churchyard and then on to Wingletang Down where we managed to find four fronds of Least Adder's-tongue (*Ophioglossum lusitanicum*) and three of Small Adder's-tongue (*O. azoricum*). After hunting for Venetian beads at Beady Pool we headed back to Higher Town for some retail therapy in the bulb shop and then down to the Turks Head, the most SW hostelry in England, for more refreshments, before catching the boat back which was quite exciting due to the increase in the wind. Our biggest problem of the day was deciding which was most exciting - seeing the spectacular Aeoniums in flower or managing to find the diminutive and very rare Adder's Tongue Ferns.

Day 3

Saturday 26th April

Tresco

Weather: Strong SW winds and rain at times

Today we had to alter our plans due to wet and windy weather. We had a very exhilarating boat trip over to Tresco, luckily we were all kitted out in full waterproofs, so that drenching spray and surging waves became an adventure. Our first sighting of the day was a pair of Great Northern Divers (*Gavia immer*) spotted on the journey over and confirmed by our boatman. On arrival we needed some fortification with hot chocolate and coffee at the New Inn.

Thus refreshed we headed out to explore and were soon in the shelter of Abbey Road with a vast array of planted and escaped species as well as natives to keep us enthralled. The blurring of exotics and rare natives is partly what Scilly is all about, but on a Tresco the divisions are even more intermingled. Natives included Wood and Heath Speedwells (*Veronica montana* and *V. officinalis*), the first exotics were Kangaroo Berry (*Solanum laciniatum*), New Zealand Flax (*Phormium tenax*) and Giant Rhubarb (*Gunnera tinctoria*). We then spent many happy minutes photographing the Golden Pheasant (*Phasianus pictus*). We also heard a Goldcrest. The established African Hemp (*Sparmannia africana*) and Hedge Ragwort (*Brachyglottis repanda*) caught our attention as did a planted Norfolk Island Pine (*Araucaria heterophylla*) and huge Cedars. Chasmanthe (*Chasmanthe bicolor*) and Tree Heather (*Erica arborea*) were both noted. Past the Abbey entrance we spotted Hoop-petticoat Daffodils (*Narcissus bulbocodium*) establishing in the lawn and Proteas starting to flower. Cape tulip (*Homeria collina*) and Silver tree (*Leucadendron argenteum*) were admired.

Lunch was enjoyed in the cafe and then we set off back to the quay via Pool Road taking in wetland habitats and some bulbfields, where we added Balm-leaved Figwort (*Scrophularia scorodonia*) and Water Starwort (*Callitriche*) to our list. The journey back was equally exciting and on arrival back at St Mary's we found an extraordinarily high tide lapping the buildings on the foreshore including our hotel; putting a new perspective on the term sea-front location! After yet another wonderful meal at our hotel and a quick run through the day's lists; we finished the day by going to see an illustrated talk on the wildlife of Scilly in the church hall.

Day 4

Sunday 27th April

Tresco Abbey Gardens

Weather: Sunny with a light breeze

The tides and the weather were in control again today, taking us back to Tresco but this time with a good long day to appreciate the gardens at leisure. The sun shone all day enhancing the entire experience of exploring this unique creation. However before arriving at the gardens, on our way past the old Heliport we noticed an Iceland Gull (*Larus glaucooides*) and patches of Birdsfoot (*Ornithopus perpusillus*). In the garden a small group of us were lucky enough to chance upon one of the gardeners, giving a tour, who encouraged us to tag along. Stories of plant discoveries such as Wollemi Pine (*Wollemi nobilis*), mingled with anecdotes of the invention of a reliable time piece for sailing ships all combined to make a very enjoyable and informative experience.

We all met up for lunch at the cafe and then headed off to explore some more. Plants of note included a South African Pigmyweed (*Crassus socialis*) a delightful small succulent, several Leptospermums and a huge Agave (*Agave americana*) sending up its towering flower spike. A Goldcrest (*Regulus regulus*) and a Treecreeper (*Certhia familiaris*) were seen. We made our way to New Grimsby Quay via the coastal route this time, noting Sea Campion (*Silene uniflora*) as well as Bird's-foot Clover (*Trifolium ornithopodioides*).

Day 5

Monday 28th April

St Mary's

Weather: Sunny and warm with a bit of a breeze

Today we chose to explore St Mary's. We caught the bus to Maypole and wandered through Holy Vale at a leisurely pace noting, Angels Trumpets (*Brugmansia spp*), Scented leaved and Zonal Pelargoniums as well as Annual Wall Rocket (*Diplotaxis muralis*) in flower.

Next we went through Higher Moors Nature Reserve where plants of note included Watercress (*Nasturtium officinale*), Lady Fern (*Athyrium filix-femina*) and huge stands of Greater Tussock Sedge (*Carex paniculata*) which called for photos all round to emphasise their enormous size. At the hide we saw a Black-tailed Godwit (*Limosa limosa*)

Out at Porth Hellick most of the group opted to bask in the sunshine and look at the view whilst a Dawn took Gilly and Pam on a short detour to see the established Chilean Hard Fern (*Blechnum cordatum*). We had lunch at Porth Hellick enjoying the stunning rock formations and indulging in some beachcombing.

Next we headed up to Salakee Down to see the waved Heath and noted Lousewort (*Pedicularis sylvatica*), and Pill Sedge (*Carex pilulifera*). After crossing the runway at the pedestrian traffic lights, we identified a male Linnet (*Carduelis cannabina*) and its mate. On reaching Porth Minnick we explored the beach finding Sea Kale (*Crambe maritima*), Sea Pea (*Lathyrus japonica*) and Sea Bindweed (*Cabystegia soldanella*). Ice creams and cakes at Old Town Cafe were a welcome break, then we set off again through Lower Moors Nature Reserve noting the Scillonian endemic Sea Rush (*Juncus maritimus var atlanticus*) and just over the road an established patch of House Holly Fern (*Cryptomium falcatum*).

Five group members decided to go on the Manx Shearwater cruise out to Annett this evening, not only did they see their target but also a Puffin (*Fratercula artica*), Sandwich Terns (*Sterna sandvicensis*) and more Great Northern Divers (*Gavia immer*) as well as enjoying the experience of an evening cruise in such a wonderful location with unsurpassable scenery.

Day 6

Tuesday 29th April

St Martin's

Weather: Sunny and warm

Today we set off for St Martin's at an extreme spring low tide. There were so many exposed sandbars and rocks it looked quite a feasible possibility to walk from St. Martin's to Tresco and on to Bryher, which in fact it is. However our attention was soon brought back to plants when we spotted Toothed Medick (*Medicago polymorpha*) and Deltoid-leaved Dewplant (*Oscularia deltoides*) along the lane. A little further on came Heart-leaved Dewplant (*Aptenia cordifolia*) and Alter Lily (*Zantedeschia aethiopica*). Many of the small bulb fields had interesting species such as Corn Lilies, both Red (*Ixia campanulata*) and Tubular (*I. paniculata*) as well as more Ramping Fumitories in flower. Over on The Plains there is extensive maritime heathland intermingled with maritime grassland; here we found more Birdsfoot and its very rare relation Orange Birdsfoot (*Ornithopus pinnatus*). We had our sandwiches sitting on the springy heather in brilliant sunshine, overlooking the stunning white sands and shimmering sea. However the intricate tapestry of colours and textures of the plants along with the botanical interest of most of the group inspired us to do a small sample quadrat. We found within a 30 cm square 13 species of higher plants as well as moss and lichen, with Ling (*Calluna vulgaris*) and Autumn Hawkbit (*Scorzoneroides autumnalis*) nearby, a fine example of the richness of an ancient native community. On our way back to the lane we found Wild Angelica (*Angelica sylvestris*).

At Church Farm we were treated to a guided tour by Zoe who not only showed us the extremely rare St. Martin's Buttercup (*Ranunculus marginatus var trachycarpus*) and other interesting arable weeds but also explained the multi-tasking needed for running a farm in today's demanding circumstances.

Next we headed to Polreath Cafe for well earned refreshments and then Penny and Christine set off to get to the day mark whilst the rest of us luxuriated in the aroma of Chamomile (*Chamaemelum nobile*) as we headed across Pool Green to the pool to see Brackish Water-Crowfoot (*Ranunculus baudotii*) and the coastal subspecies of Curled Dock (*Rumex crispus spp. littoralis*). On our way to the quay we saw a Wood mouse (*Apodemus sylvaticus*), birds of note today included Sedge Warblers (*Acrocephalus schoenbaenus*), Sandwich Terns (*Sterna sandvicensis*) and Swallows (*Hirundo rustica*).

Day 7

Wednesday 30th April

Bryher

Weather: mist and drizzle to start with, sunny by late morning

Bryher was our destination for today. We set off in a fine mist and poor visibility but predictably the island landscape still held an ethereal beauty. Landing at Bar Quay we headed down the road to the Church where we admired the stained glass windows and quilts, as well as the Daisy bush (*Olearia traversii*) one of the evergreens frequently used for hedging and distinctive for its shining underside to the leaves which can at a distance be mistaken for flowers, when fluttering in the breeze. We continued round the south end of the island following the coastal path through now abandoned bulb-fields that are however still rich in relict species such as various Narcissus varieties and Whistling Jacks (*Gladiolus communis spp. byzantinus*) which was just starting to flower. As we rounded the headland we found a good sized patch of Spring Squill (*Scilla verna*).

The sun was shining now and our next task was to find Dwarf Pansy (*Viola kitaibeliana*) which certainly lives up to its name, but does repay the effort of the search by its enchanting beauty. Whilst lying on our tummies to photograph this, other tiny treasures were noted too. These included Sea Mouse-ear (*Cerastium diffusum*), Sea Ferngrass (*Catapodium marinum*) and thanks to Gilly who had by now become our 'finder of diminutive plants' par excellence; no less than 10 specimens of Small Adders-tongue (*Ophioglossum azoricum*) including one with a fine fertile frond.

Extremely satisfied with our finds we headed to the Hell Bay Hotel for lunch which we had over looking great pool with its pair of Mute Swans (*Cygnus olor*) and the Norrard Rocks beyond. We also admired the wonderful art collection housed here. After lunch Penny and Christine set off again to cover more ground; whilst the rest of us circumnavigated the brackish pool adding Beaked Tasselweed (*Ruppia maritima*) and Saltmarsh Rush (*Juncus gerardii*) to our list of plants as well as Wheatear (*Oenanthe oenanthe*) and Grey Heron (*Ardrea cinerea*) to our bird list. We then had a look around a gallery and artistic garden which appeared to pay homage to Derek Jarman. Before we ambled slowly back to the pier for our last boat journey before returning to the mainland.

Day 8

Thursday 1st May

St .Mary's and return to Penzance

Weather: Sunny with a light breeze

Today was our last day so once our bags were all packed and labelled ready to be collected by the Island Carriers we were free, until we sailed at 4.30pm. Gilly decided to have a relaxing morning and would meet up with us for lunch. The rest of us headed for Old Town Churchyard to see Harold Wilson's grave and then Carreg Dhu Garden. First we spotted Sea Stork's-bill (*Erodium maritimum*), then we found a jolly looking Policeman in a real Police helmet; so we asked to take his photo, he duly posed with the group and told us to check out the Scilly Police page on Facebook – the sort of experience one would only get in these fortunate isles.

At Old Town Churchyard we duly viewed the grave and also saw Chaffinch (*Phylloscopus collybita*), then as we passed the beach a Cuckoo (*Cuculus canorus*). Along the lane we came across a Pottery which was duly explored, behind it was an entire field full of Corn Marigold (*Glebionis segetum*) and more Fumitories in the hedgerows.

Carreg Dhu Garden had good specimens of many of the plants seen in Tresco Abbey Gardens as well as other interesting plants and an adjacent Historic Narcissus collection. Along the lane and with a few detours into more galleries and bulb fields we added Field Marigold (*Calendula arvensis*). Juliette's Garden Restaurant was our destination for lunch today not just for the spectacular views over the harbour, but also for the excellent menu.

The World Championship Pilot Gig Races are held in Scilly annually and this year they were starting the day after our departure, so there was a vast influx of people and racing gigs which we found fascinating adding even more delightful and colourful additional interest to this tour. The sail back to Penzance was spectacular; we sat on the top deck, bathed in sunshine with just a gentle swell to the sparking seas the whole way, as the islands disappeared from view. Wolf Lighthouse came and went and then St. Michael's Mount appeared with the lowering sun shining off its western walls. I don't think any of us really wanted it all to end...

Species List

Plants

Group/Species	English Name (if any)	Location
PTERIDOPSIDA		
FERNS & ALLIES		
Aspleniaceae		
<i>Asplenium adiantum-nigrum</i>	Black Spleenwort	Frequent
<i>Asplenium marinum</i>	Sea Spleenwort	Frequent
<i>Asplenium obovatum</i> subsp. <i>lanceolatum</i>	Lanceolate Spleenwort	St. Agnes
<i>Phyllitis scolopendrium</i>	Hart's-tongue	Occasional
Blechnaceae		
<i>Blechnum cordatum</i>	Chilean Hard-fern	St. Mary's
Dennstaedtiaceae		
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i>	Bracken	Common
	Angel's Trumpet, (<i>Brugmansia</i>) by Gilly Wright	
Dryopteridaceae		
<i>Cyatium falcatum</i>	House Holly-fern	St. Mary's
<i>Dryopteris dilatata</i>	Broad Buckler-fern	Tresco
<i>Dryopteris filix-mas</i>	Male-fern	Occasional
Ophioglossaceae		
<i>Ophioglossum azoricum</i>	Lesser Adder's-tongue	St. Agnes
<i>Ophioglossum lusitanicum</i>	Early Adder's-tongue	St. Agnes & Bryher
Osmundaceae		
<i>Osmunda regalis</i>	Royal Fern	St. Mary's
Polypodiaceae		
<i>Polypodium interjectum</i>	Intermediate Polypody	St. Agnes
<i>Polypodium vulgare</i>	Common Polypody	Frequent
Woodsiaceae		
<i>Athyrium filix-femina</i>	Lady-fern	St. Mary's
PINOPSIDA		
CONIFERS		
Cupressaceae		
<i>Cupressus macrocarpa</i>	Monterey Cypress	Frequent
Pinaceae		
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	Lodgepole Pine	St. Mary's
<i>Pinus radiata</i>	Monterey Pine	Frequent
MAGNOLIOPSIDA		
FLOWERING PLANTS		
Aceraceae		
<i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	Sycamore	Occasional
Aizoaceae		
<i>Aptenia cordifolia</i>	Heart-leaf Ice-plant	St. Martin's

Group/Species	English Name (if any)	Location
<i>Caprobotus edulis</i>	Hottentot Fig	Frequent
<i>Disphyma crassifolium</i>	Purple Dewplant	Tresco & St Mary's
<i>Drosanthemum floribundum</i>	Pale Dewplant	St. Mary's
<i>Lampranthus roseus</i>	Rosy Dewplant	St. Agnes
<i>Lampranthus falliformis</i>	Sickle-leaved Dewplant	Tresco & St Mary's
<i>Oscularia deltoides</i>	Deltoid-leaved Dewplant	Frequent
Apiaceae	Carrot Family	
<i>Apium nodiflorum</i>	Fool's Water-cress	St. Mary's
<i>Angelica sylvestris</i>	Wild Angelica	St. Martin's
<i>Anthriscus sylvestris</i>	Cow Parsley	St. Mary's
<i>Crithmum maritimum</i>	Rock Samphire	Frequent
<i>Daucus carota subsp. carota</i>	Wild Carrot	Occasional
<i>Daucus carota subsp. gummifera</i>	Sea Carrot	St Mary's & Bryher
<i>Foeniculum vulgare</i>	Fennel	Frequent
<i>Heracleum sphondylium</i>	Hogweed	Occasional
<i>Hydrocotyle vulgare</i>	Marsh Pennywort	St. Agnes & Bryher
<i>Oenanthe crocata</i>	Hemlock Water-dropwort	St. Mary's
<i>Smyrniolum olusatrum</i>	Alexanders	Common
Apocynaceae	Periwinkle Family	
<i>Vinca major</i>	Greater Periwinkle	Occasional
Aquifoliaceae	Holly Family	
<i>Ilex aquifolium</i>	Holly	Tresco & St. Martin's
Araliaceae	Ivy Family	
<i>Hedera helix subsp. helix</i>	Common Ivy	St. Mary's
<i>Hedera helix subsp. hibernica</i>	Irish Ivy	Common
Asteraceae	Daisy Family	
<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	Yarrow	Common
<i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	Plain Treasureflower	Tresco & St. Mary's
<i>Bellis perennis</i>	Daisy	Common
<i>Brachyglottis repanda</i>	Hedge Ragwort	Tresco
<i>Calendula arvensis</i>	Field Marigold	St. Mary's
<i>Calendula officinalis</i>	Pot Marigold	St. Martin's
<i>Chamaemelum nobile</i>	Chamomile	St. Mary's & St. Martin's
<i>Chrysocoma coma-aurea</i>	Shrub Goldilocks	Tresco
<i>Cirsium arvense</i>	Creeping Thistle	St. Agnes
<i>Cirsium vulgare</i>	Spear Thistle	Occasional
<i>Delaria odorata</i>	German Ivy	St. Agnes & St. Mary's
<i>Erigeron karvinskianus</i>	Mexican Fleabane	Occasional
<i>Gazania rigens</i>	Treasureflower or Gazania	Occasional
<i>Glebionis (Chrysanthemum)segetum</i>	Corn Marigold	St. Agnes & St Mary's
<i>Helichrysum petiolare</i>	Silver-bush Everlasting Flower	St. Mary's
<i>Helminthotheca (Picris) echioides</i>	Bristley Oxtongue	Bryher
<i>Hypochaeris radiata</i>	Cat's-ear	Occasional
<i>Lapsana communis</i>	Nipplewort	St. Mary's
<i>Leucanthemum vulgare</i>	Oxeye Daisy	Bryher
<i>Matricaria discoidea</i>	Pinappleweed	St. Martin's
<i>Olearia paniculata</i>	Akiraho	Tresco Abbey Gardens
<i>Olearia traversii</i>	Ake-ake	Tresco & Bryher

Group/Species	English Name (if any)	Location
<i>Osteospermum ecklonis</i>	Cape Daisy	Tresco & St. Martin's
<i>Osteospermum 'Tresco Peggy'</i>	a Cape Daisy	Common
<i>Pericallis hybrida</i>	Cineraria	Occasional
<i>Petasites fragrans</i>	Winter Heliotrope	Occasional
<i>Scorzonneroides autumnalis</i>	Autumn Hawkbit	St. Agnes & St. Martin's
<i>Senecio glastifolius</i>	Woad-leaved Ragwort	Tresco
<i>Senecio vulgaris</i>	Groundsel	Occasional
<i>Sonchus asper</i>	Prickly Sow-thistle	Occasional
<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	Smooth Sow-thistle	Occasional
<i>Tanacetum vulgare</i>	Tansy	St. Agnes
<i>Taraxacum agg.</i>	Dandelion	Occasional
Boraginaceae	Borage Family	
<i>Borago officinalis</i>	Borage	St. Agnes & Bryher
<i>Echium candicans</i>	Pride of Madeira	Frequent
<i>Echium pininana</i>	Giant Viper's-bugloss	Frequent
<i>Echium x scillonensis</i>	Scilly Viper's-bugloss	Occasional
<i>Myosotis discolor</i>	Changing Forget-me-not	Occasional
<i>Myosotis ramossissima</i>	Early Froget-me-not	St. Mary's
Brassicaceae	Cabbage Family	
<i>Arabidopsis thaliana</i>	Thale Cress	St. Agnes
<i>Cakile maritima</i>	Sea Rocket	St. Mary's
<i>Cardamine flexuosa</i>	Wavy Bittercress	Occasional
<i>Cardamine hirsuta</i>	Hairy Bittercress	Occasional
<i>Cardamine pratensis</i>	Lady's Smock	St. Mary's
<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>	Shepherd's Purse	Occasional
<i>Cochlearia danica</i>	Danish Scurvygrass	Common
<i>Cochlearia officinalis</i>	Common Scurvygrass	Bryher & St Mary's
<i>Crambe maritima</i>	Sea Kale	St. Mary's
<i>Diplotaxis muralis</i>	Annual Wall-rocket	St. Mary's & St. Martin's
<i>Erysium cheiri</i>	Wallflower	Occasional
<i>Lepidium (Coronopus) didymus</i>	Lesser Swine-cress	St. Agnes & Tresco
<i>Lepidium heterophyllum</i>	Smith's Pepperwort	
<i>Lobularia maritima</i>	Sweet Alyssum	Occasional
<i>Lunaria annua</i>	Honesty	
<i>Matthiola longipetala</i>	a Hoary Stock	St. Agnes & Bryher
<i>Nasturtium anagallis-aquaticum</i>	Water-cress	St. Mary's
<i>Raphanes raphanistrum subsp maritimum</i>	Sea Radish	St. Mary's
<i>Raphanes raphanistrum subsp raphanistrum</i>	Wild Radish	Occasional
<i>Sisymbrium officinale</i>	Hedge Mustard	St. Mary's
Buddlejaceae	Butterfly-bush Family	
<i>Buddleja davidii</i>	Buttefly-bush	St. Mary's
<i>Buddleja globosa</i>	Orange-ball Tree	Carreg Dhu Garden
Callitrichaceae	Water-starwort Family	
<i>Callitriche agg</i>	Water-starwort	Tresco & St. Mary's
Campanulaceae	Bellflower Family	
<i>Campanula portenschlagiana</i>	Adria Bellflower	St. Mary's
Caprifoliaceae	Honeysuckle Family	

Group/Species	English Name (if any)	Location
<i>Lonicera periclymenum</i>	Honeysuckle	Frequent
Caryophyllaceae	Pink Family	
<i>Arenaria serpyllifolia</i> agg.	Thyme-leaved Sandwort	
<i>Cerastium diffusum</i>	Sea Mouse-ear	Bryher
<i>Cerastium fontanum</i>	Common Mouse-ear	Occasional
<i>Cerastium glomeratum</i>	Sticky Mouse-ear	Common
<i>Honkenya peploides</i>	Sea Sandwort	St. Agnes & St. Mary's
<i>Sagina procumbens</i>	Procumbent Pearlwort	Frequent
<i>Silene dioica</i>	Red Campion	Common
<i>Silene gallica</i>	Small-flowered Catchfly	Frequent
<i>Silene uniflora</i>	Sea Campion	Tresco & St. Martin's
<i>Spergula arvensis</i>	Corn Spurrey	St. Martin's
<i>Spergularia marina</i>	Lesser Sea-spurrey	Frequent
<i>Stellaria media</i>	Common Chickweed	Frequent
Celastraceae	Spindle Family	
<i>Euonymus japonicus</i>	Evergreen spindle	Occasional
Chenopodiaceae	Goosefoot Family	
<i>Atriplex prostrata</i>	Spear-leaved Orache	Occasional
<i>Beta vulgaris</i> subsp. <i>maritima</i>	Sea Beet	Occasional
Clethraceae	Lily-of-the-valley-tree Family	
<i>Clethra arborea</i>	Lily-of-the-valley-tree	
Clusiaceae	St. John's-wort Family	
<i>Hypericum humifusum</i>	Trailing St. John's-wort	St. Mary's & St Agnes
Convolvulaceae	Bindweed Family	
<i>Calystegia silvatica</i>	Large Bindweed	Occasional
<i>Calystegia soldanella</i>	Sea Bindweed	St. Mary's
Cornaceae	Dogwood Family	
<i>Griselelinia littoralis</i>	New Zealand Broadleaf	Tresco
Crassulaceae	Stonecrop Family	
<i>Aeonium arboreum</i>	Tree Aeonium	Occasional
<i>Aeonium cuneatum</i>	Aeonium	Common
<i>Achryson laxum</i>	Achryson	Tresco
<i>Crassula socialis</i>	a Pigmyweed	Tresco
<i>Sedum anglicum</i>	English Stonecrop	Occasional
<i>Sedum confusum</i>	Lesser Mexican-stonecrop	St. Mary's
<i>Umbilicus rupestris</i>	Navelwort	Frequent
Ericaceae	Heather Family	
<i>Calluna vulgaris</i>	Ling	Common
<i>Erica arborea</i>	Tree Heather	Tresco
<i>Erica cinerea</i>	Bell Heather	St. Martin's
<i>Rhododendron ponticum</i>	Rhododendron	Tresco
Euphorbiaceae	Spurge Family	
<i>Euphorbia amygdaloides</i>	Wood spurge	Bryher
<i>Euphorbia characias</i>	Mediterranean Spurge	St. Mary's

Group/Species	English Name (if any)	Location
<i>Euphorbia helioscopa</i>	Sun Spurge	St. Agnes
<i>Euphorbia mellifera</i>	Honey Spurge	Occasional
<i>Euphorbia portlandica</i>	Portland Spurge	Tresco
Fabaceae	Pea Family	
<i>Cytisus scoparius</i>	Broom	St. Mary's
<i>Lathyrus japonicus subsp. maritimus</i>	Sea Pea	St. Mary's
<i>Lathyrus latyfolius</i>	Everlasting Pea	Bryher
<i>Lotus corniculatus</i>	Bird's-foot Trefoil	St. Mary's
<i>Lotus pedunculatus</i>	Greater Bird's-foot Trefoil	St Agnes & St . Mary's
<i>Lupinus arboreus</i>	Tree Lupin	Tresco
<i>Medicago arabica</i>	Spotted Medick	Common
<i>Medicago polymorpha</i>	Toothed Medick	St. Mary's & St. Martin's
<i>Ornithopus perpusillus</i>	Common Bird's-foot	Tresco & St. Martin's
<i>Ornithopus pinnatus</i>	Orange Bird's-foot	St. Martin's
<i>Trifolium dubium</i>	Lesser trefoil	St. Martin's
<i>Trifolium ornithopodioides</i>	Bird's-foot Clover	Tresco
<i>Trifolium pratense</i>	Red Clover	St. Agnes
<i>Trifolium repens</i>	White Clover	Frequent
<i>Trifolium repens var. townsendii</i>	a White Clover	Bryher
<i>Ulex europaeus</i>	Gorse	Common
<i>Ulex gallii</i>	Western Gorse	Frequent
<i>Vicia sativa subsp. nigra</i>	Common Vetch	Frequent
<i>Vicia sativa subsp. segetalis</i>	Common Vetch	St. Martin's
Fagaceae	Beech Family	
<i>Quercus ilex</i>	Holm Oak	Tresco
<i>Quercus robur</i>	Pendunculate Oak	St. Mary's
Geraniaceae	Crane's-bill Family	
<i>Erodium cicutarium</i>	Common Stork's-bill	St. Martin's & Bryher
<i>Erodium maritimum</i>	Sea Stork's-bill	St. Mary's
<i>Erodium moschatum</i>	Musk Stork's-bill	Frequent
<i>Geranium dissectum</i>	Cut-leaved Crane's-bill	St. Agnes
<i>Geranium maderense</i>	Giant Herb-Robert	Frequent
<i>Geranium molle</i>	Dove's-foot Crane's-bill	Frequent
<i>Pelargonium tomentosum</i>	Peppermint-scented Geranium	Tresco & St Mary's
<i>Pelargonium x hybridum</i>	Zonal Geranium	St. Mary's
Gunneraceae	Gunnera Family	
<i>Gunnera tinctoria</i>	Giant Rhubarb	Tresco & Bryher
Lamiaceae	Dead-nettle Family	
<i>Glechoma hederacea</i>	Ground Ivy	St. Mary's & Bryher
<i>Mellissa officinalis</i>	Lemon Balm	St. Mary's
<i>Mentha aquatica</i>	Water Mint	St. Mary's
<i>Mentha x rotundifolia</i>	False Apple-mint	St. Agnes
<i>Prunella vulgaris</i>	Self-heal	Tresco & St. Mary's
<i>Stachys arvensis</i>	Field Woundwort	St Agnes
<i>Teucrium scorodonia</i>	Wood Sage	Occasional
Lythraceae	Purple Loosestrife Family	
<i>Lythrum salicaria</i>	Purple Loosestrife	St. Mary's

Group/Species	English Name (if any)	Location
Malvaceae	Mallow Family	
<i>Lavatera arborea</i>	Tree Mallow	Occasional
<i>Malva moschata</i>	Musk Mallow	
<i>Malva neglecta</i>	Dwarf Mallow	
<i>Malva pseudolavaera (Lavatera cretica)</i>	Smaller Tree-mallow	
<i>Malva sylvestris</i>	Common Mallow	Occasional
Myrtaceae	Myrtle Family	
<i>Leptospermum scoparium</i>	Broom Tea-tree	Tresco Abbey Garden
<i>Luma apiculata</i>	Chilean Myrtle	Tresco
Onagraceae	Willowherb Family	
<i>Epilobium montanum</i>	Broad-leaved Willowherb	St. Agnes
<i>Fuchsia magellanica</i>	Fuchsia	St Mary's & Bryher
Orobanchaceae	Broomrape Family	
<i>Pedicularis sylvatica</i>	Lousewort	St. Mary's & St. Martin's
Oxalidaceae	Wood Sorrel Family	
<i>Oxalis articulata</i>	Pink-sorrel	Occasional
<i>Oxalis megalorrhiza</i>	Fleshy Yellow-sorrel	Occasional
<i>Oxalis pes-caprae</i>	Bermuda Buttercup	Frequent
Papaveraceae	Poppy Family	
<i>Eschscholzia californica</i>	Californian Poppy	Bryher
<i>Fumaria bastardii</i>	Tall Ramping-fumitory	Occasional
<i>Fumaria capreolata</i> subsp. <i>babingtonii</i>	White Ramping-fumitory	St. Agnes & St. Martin's
<i>Fumaria occidentalis</i>	Western Ramping-fumitory	St. Mary's
<i>Fumaria officinalis</i> agg.	Common Fumitory	St. Mary's
<i>Fumaria muralis</i> subsp. <i>boraei</i>	Common Ramping Fumitory	St. Mary's
Pittosporaceae	Pittosporum Family	
<i>Pittosporum crassifolium</i>	Karo	Common
<i>Pittosporum tenuifolium</i>	Kohuhu	Tresco
Plantaginaceae	Plantain Family	
<i>Plantago coronopus</i>	Stag's-horn Plantain	Common
<i>Plantago lanceolata</i>	Ribwort Plantain	Common
<i>Plantago major</i>	Greater Plantain	Frequent
<i>Plantago maritima</i>	Sea Plantain	St. Mary's
Plumbaginaceae	Thrift Family	
<i>Armeria maritima</i>	Thrift	Frequent
Polygalaceae	Milkwort Family	
<i>Polygala serpyllifolia</i>	Heath Milkwort	Bryher & St. Martins
<i>Polygala vulgaris</i>	Common Milkwort	St. Mary's
Polygonaceae	Knotweed Family	
<i>Fallopia japonica</i>	Japanese Knotweed	St. Mary's
<i>Muehlenbeckia complexia</i>	Wireplant	St. Mary's & Tresco

Group/Species	English Name (if any)	Location
<i>Rumex acetosa</i>	Common Sorrel	Common
<i>Rumex acetosella</i>	Sheep's Sorrel	Frequent
<i>Rumex crispus</i>	Curled Dock	Common
<i>Rumex crispus ssp littoralis</i>	Maritime form of Curled Dock,	St. Martin's
<i>Rumex obtusifolius</i>	Broad-leaved Dock	Frequent
Portulacaceae	Blinks Family	
<i>Claytonia perfoliata</i>	Spring Beauty	St. Agnes & St. Martin's
<i>Portulaca oleracea</i>	Common Purslane	St. Agnes
Primulaceae	Primrose Family	
<i>Anagallis arvensis</i>	Scarlet Pimpernel	Occasional
<i>Primula vulgaris</i>	Primrose	Occasional
Proteaceae	Protea Family	
<i>Leucadendron argentea</i>	Silver Tree	Tresco
<i>Protea cynaroides</i>	King Protea	Tresco Abbey Gardens
Ranunculaceae	Buttercup Family	
<i>Caltha palustris</i>	Marsh Marigold	Tresco
<i>Ficaria verna ssp fertilis (Ran. fic. ssp ficaria)</i>	Lesser Celandine	Frequent
<i>Ranunculus baudotii</i>	Brackish Water-crowfoot	St. Martin's
<i>Ranunculus bulbosus</i>	Bulbous Buttercup	Common
<i>Ranunculus flammula</i>	Lesser Spearwort	St. Mary's
<i>Ranunculus marginatus var. trachycarpus</i>	St Martin's Buttercup	St. Martin's
<i>Ranunculus muricatus</i>	Rough-fruited Buttercup	St. Mary's
<i>Ranunculus repens</i>	Creeping Buttercup	Frequent
Rosaceae	Rose Family	
<i>Aphanes arvensis</i>	Parsley-piert	Tresco & St. Martin's
<i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	Hawthorn	St. Martin's
<i>Malus pumila</i>	Domestic Apple	St. Mary's
<i>Potentilla anserina</i>	Silverweed	Occasional
<i>Potentilla erecta</i>	Tormentil	Frequent
<i>Rosa rugosa</i>	Japanese Rose	St. Agnes
<i>Rubus fruticosus agg.</i>	Bramble	Common
Rubiaceae	Bedstraw Family	
<i>Coprosma repens</i>	Tree Bedstraw	Frequent
<i>Galium aparine</i>	Goosegrass	Frequent
<i>Galium verum</i>	Ladies Bedstraw	St. Martin's & Bryher
<i>Rubia peregrina</i>	Wild Madder	Occasional
<i>Sherardia arvensis</i>	Field Madder	St. Agnes
Rutaceae	Rue Family	
<i>Corea backhousiana</i>	Tasmanian Fuchsia	St. Mary's
Salicaceae	Willow Family	
<i>Populus alba</i>	White Poplar	Tresco
<i>Salix cinerea subsp oleifolia</i>	Grey Willow	Occasional
Scrophulariaceae	Figwort Family	
<i>Cymbalaria muralis</i>	Ivy-leaved Toadflax	St. Mary's

Group/Species	English Name (if any)	Location
<i>Cymbalaria muralis forma. alba</i>	White Ivy-leaved Toadflax	St. Mary's & St. Martin's
<i>Digitaria purpurea</i>	Foxglove	Frequent
<i>Scrophularia scorodonia</i>	Balm-leaved Figwort	Frequent
Solanaceae	Nightshade Family	
<i>Solanum dulcamara</i>	Bittersweet	St. Mary's
<i>Solanum laciniatum</i>	Kangaroo Berry	Tresco
<i>Solanum tuberosum</i>	Potato	St. Agnes
Tamaricaceae	Tamarisk Family	
<i>Tamarix gallica</i>	Tamarisk	Occasional
Tiliaceae	Lime Family	
<i>Sparmania africana</i>	African Hemp	Tresco
Tropaeolaceae	Nasturtium Family	
<i>Tropaeolum majus</i>	Nasturtium	St. Mary's
Ulmaceae	Elm family	
<i>Ulmus sp</i>	Elm	St. Mary's
Urticaceae	Nettle Family	
<i>Parietaria judaica</i>	Pellitory-of-the-wall	Frequent
<i>Soleirolia soleirolii</i>	Mind-your-own-business	Common
<i>Urtica dioica</i>	Common Nettle	Frequent
Valerianaceae	Valerian Family	
<i>Centranthus ruber</i>	Red Valerian	St. Mary's & St. Martin's
<i>Valerianella locusta</i>	Common Cornsalad	St Agnes & St. Martin's
Veronicaceae	Speedwell family	
<i>Misopates orontium</i>	Weasel Snout	
<i>Veronica agrestis</i>	Green Field-speedwell	Bryher
<i>Veronica arvensis</i>	Wall Speedwell	Occasional
<i>Veronica chamaedrys</i>	Germander Speedwell	Occasional
<i>Veronica montana</i>	Wood Speedwell	Tresco
<i>Veronica officinalis</i>	Heath Speedwell	Tresco
<i>Veronica persica</i>	Common Field-speedwell	St. Agnes & St. Martin's
<i>Veronica serpyllifolia</i>	Thyme-leaved Speedwell	St. Mary's & St. Martin's
<i>Veronica (Hebe) x franciscana</i>	Hedge Veronica	Occasional
Violaceae	Violet Family	
<i>Viola arvensis</i>	Field Pansy	
<i>Viola kitaibeliana</i>	Dwarf Pansy	Bryher
<i>Viola odorata</i>	Sweet Violet	St. Mary's
<i>Viola riviniana</i>	Common Dog-violet	Frequent
Liliidae - Monocotylons		
Agavaceae	Centuryplant family	
<i>Agave americana</i>	Centuryplant	Tresco
<i>Beschorneria yuccoides</i>	Mexican Lily	Tresco

Group/Species	English Name (if any)	Location
Araceae	Arum Family	
<i>Arum italicum</i> subsp. <i>italicum</i>	Large Cuckoo Pint	Occasional
<i>Zantedechia aethiopoica</i>	Altar-lily	
Asparagaceae	Asparagus Family	
<i>Ornithogalum angustifolium</i>	Common Star of Bethlehem	St. Martin's
<i>Scilla verna</i>	Spring Squill	Bryher
Bromeliaceae	Rhodostachys Family	
<i>Fascicularia bicolor</i>	Rhodostachys	Occasional
<i>Ochagavia camea</i>	Tresco Rhodostachys	Tresco
Iridaceae	Iris Family	
<i>Aristea ecklonii</i>	Blue Corn-lily	
<i>Chasmanthe bicolor</i>	Chasmanthe	Occasional
<i>Crocsmia x crocosmiifloa</i>	Montbretia	Occasional
<i>Gladiolus communis</i>	Eastern Gladiolus	Occasional
<i>Homreria collina</i>	Cape tulip	Tresco & St. Martin's
<i>Iris foetidissima</i>	Stinking Iris	Occasional
<i>Iris orientalis</i>	Turkish Iris	St Agnes
<i>Iris pseudacorus</i>	Yellow Iris	Occasional
<i>Ixia campanulata</i>	Red Corn-lily	St. Martin's
<i>Ixia paniculata</i>	Tubular Corn-lily	St. Martin's
<i>Libertia formosa</i>	Chilean-iris	Occasional
<i>Sparaxis grandiflora</i>	Plain Harlequinflower	St. Mary's & Tresco
Liliaceae	Lily Family	
<i>Agapanthus praecox</i> subsp. <i>orientalis</i>	African Lily	Tresco & Bryher
<i>Allium ampeloprasum</i> var. <i>babingtonii</i>	Babington's Leek	Tresco & St. Martin's
<i>Allium neapolitanum</i>	Neapolitan Garlic	St. Martin's
<i>Allium roseum</i>	Rosy Garlic	St. Martin's
<i>Allium triquetrum</i>	Tree-cornered Leek	Common
<i>Hyacinthoides hispanica</i>	Spanish Bluebell	Common
<i>Hyacinthoides non-scripta</i>	Bluebell	Common
<i>H. Hispanica</i> x <i>H. non-scripta</i>	Hybrid Bluebell	Occasional
<i>Narcissus aggregate</i>	Daffodil cultivars	Common
<i>Narcissus bolbocodium</i>	Hoop-petticoat daffodil	Tresco
<i>Narcissus poeticus</i>	Pheasant's-eye	Occasional
<i>Narcissus tazetta</i>	Bunch-flowered narcissi	Occasional
<i>Tristagma uniflorum</i>	Spring starflower	St. Agnes & St. Mary's
Ruppiaceae	Tasselweed Family	
<i>Ruppia maritima</i>	Beaked Tasselweed	Bryher
Orchidaceae	Orchid family	
<i>Spirantus spiralis</i>	Autumn Ladies-tresses	St. Mary's
Xanthorrhoeaceae	Asphodel Family	
<i>Phormium cookianum</i>	Lesser New Zealand Flax	Bryher
<i>Phormium tenax</i>	New Zealand Flax	St. Martin's
Cyperaceae	Sedge Family	

Group/Species	English Name (if any)	Location
<i>Carex arenaria</i>	Sand Sedge	Occasional
<i>Carex binervis</i>	Green-ribbed Sedge	St. Mary's
<i>Carex paniculata</i>	Greater Tussock Sedge	St. Mary's
<i>Carex pendula</i>	Pendulous Sedge	St. Mary's
<i>Carex pilulifera</i>	Pill Sedge	St. Mary's
<i>Carex remota</i>	Remote Sedge	St. Mary's
<i>Cyperus eragrostis</i>	Galingale	St. Martin's
Juncaceae	Rush Family	
<i>Juncus bufonis</i>	Toad Rush	St. Agnes
<i>Juncus effusus</i>	Soft Rush	St. Mary's
<i>Juncus gerardii</i>	Saltmarsh Rush	St. Agnes & Bryher
<i>Juncus maritimus var. atlanticus</i>	Sea Rush (St Mary's)	St. Mary's
<i>Luzula campestris</i>	Field Wood-rush (Good Friday Grass)	Common
Poaceae	Grass Family	
<i>Agrostis capillaris</i>	Common Bent	
<i>Agrostis stolonifera</i>	Creeping Bent	
<i>Aira caryophyllea</i>	Silver Hair-grass	St. Martin's & Bryher
<i>Aira praecox</i>	Early Hair-grass	St. Martin's & Bryher
<i>Ammophila arenaria</i>	Marram	Frequent
<i>Anisantha diandra</i>	Great Brome	St. Agnes
<i>Anisantha sterilis</i>	Barren Brome	Occasional
<i>Anthoxanthum odoratum</i>	Sweet Vernal Grass	Common
<i>Brachypodium sylvaticum</i>	False Brome	Occasional
<i>Briza maxima</i>	Greater Quaking-grass	St. Martin's & Bryher
<i>Catapodium marinum</i>	Sea Fern-grass	St. Martin's & Bryher
<i>Ceratochloa cathartica</i>	Rescue Brome	St. Martin's
<i>Dactylis glomerata</i>	Cock's-foot	Occasional
<i>Festuca ovina agg.</i>	Sheep's Fescue	Tresco
<i>Holcus lanatus</i>	Yorkshire Fog	Bryher
<i>Leymus arenarius</i>	Lyme Grass	Bryher
<i>Lolium perenne</i>	Perennial Rye-grass	St. Martin's
<i>Molinia caerulea</i>	Purple Moor-grass	St Mary's
<i>Phragmites australis</i>	Common Reed	Tresco & St. Mary's
<i>Poa annua</i>	Annual Meadow-grass	Common
<i>Poa infirma</i>	Early Meadow-grass	Common
<i>Vulpia bromoides</i>	Squirrel-tail Fescue	St. Agnes

Birds (✓ = recorded but not counted; H = heard only)

	Common name	Scientific name	April/May							
			24	25	26	27	28	29	30	1
1	Red-legged Partridge	<i>Alectoris rufa</i>			✓	✓				
2	Common Pheasant	<i>Phasianus colchicus</i>			✓	✓		✓		
3	Golden Pheasant	<i>Chrysolophus pictus</i>			✓	✓				
4	Canada Goose	<i>Branta canadensis</i>				✓	✓			
5	Mute Swan	<i>Cygnus olor</i>							✓	
6	Common Shelduck	<i>Tadorna tadorna</i>			✓			✓		
7	Mallard	<i>Anus platyrhynchos</i>			✓	✓	✓		✓	
8	Great Northern Diver	<i>Gavia immer</i>			✓		✓			
9	Northern Fulmar	<i>Fulmarus glacialis</i>					✓			
10	Manx Shearwater	<i>Puffinus puffinus</i>					✓			✓

	Common name	Scientific name	April/May							1
			24	25	26	27	28	29	30	
11	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>							✓	
12	Northern Gannet	<i>Morus bassanus</i>	✓		✓					
13	European Shag	<i>Phalacrocorax aristotelis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
14	Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
15	Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>					✓			
16	Eurasian Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>			✓					
17	Eurasian Oystercatcher	<i>Haematopus ostralegus</i>	✓		✓	✓	H	H	✓	
18	Black-tailed Godwit	<i>Limosa limosa</i>					✓			
19	Whimbrel	<i>Numenius phaeopus</i>							✓	
20	Eurasian Curlew	<i>Numenius arquata</i>		✓			✓			
21	Common Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>							✓	
22	Ruddy Turnstone	<i>Arenaria interpres</i>			✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
23	Great Black-backed Gull	<i>Larus marinus</i>	✓			✓	✓	✓		
24	European Herring Gull	<i>Larus argentatus</i>	✓		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
25	Lesser Black-backed Gull	<i>Larus fuscus</i>		✓	✓					
26	Iceland Gull	<i>Larus glaucooides</i>				✓				
27	Sandwich Tern	<i>Sterna sandvicensis</i>					✓	✓		
28	Common Tern	<i>Sterna hirundo</i>							✓	
29	Razorbill	<i>Alca torda</i>				✓	✓			
30	Common Guillemot	<i>Uria aalge</i>			✓		✓			
31	Atlantic Puffin	<i>Fratercula arctica</i>					✓			
32	Rock Dove	<i>Columba livia (Feral)</i>						✓		
33	Common Wood Pigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
34	Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>				✓	✓	✓		
35	Common Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus canorus</i>								✓
36	Common Swift	<i>Apus apus</i>	✓							
37	Carrion Crow	<i>Corvus corone</i>		✓					✓	✓
38	Eurasian Blue Tit	<i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>				✓				
39	Eurasian Treecreeper	<i>Certhia familiaris</i>				✓				
40	Common Skylark	<i>Alauda arvensis</i>		✓						
41	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	✓	✓				✓	✓	
42	Common House Martin	<i>Delichon urbicum</i>		✓						
43	Wood Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus sibilatrix</i>						✓		
44	Common Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>		H	H					
45	Sedge Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus schoenobaenus</i>						✓		
46	Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>						H		
47	Garden Warbler	<i>Sylvia borin</i>				H				
48	Goldcrest	<i>Regulus regulus</i>			H	✓				
49	Eurasian Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>		✓			✓	✓	✓	
50	Common Starling	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>	✓	✓				✓	✓	
51	Common Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
52	Song Thrush	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
53	Mistle Thrush	<i>Turdus viscivorus</i>								
54	European Robin	<i>Erithacus rubecula</i>	✓		✓	✓				✓
55	European Stonechat	<i>Saxicola rubicola</i>	✓			✓				
56	Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>							✓	
57	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
58	Dunnock	<i>Prunella modularis</i>						✓		
59	Eurasian Rock Pipit	<i>Anthus petrosus</i>		✓		✓	✓			
60	Common Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>								✓
61	European Greenfinch	<i>Carduelis chloris</i>				H				

	Common name	Scientific name	April/May							
			24	25	26	27	28	29	30	1
62	European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>				✓		✓		
63	Common Linnet	<i>Acanthus cannabina</i>					✓			

Butterflies

1	Large White	<i>Pieris brassicae</i>	✓				✓			
2	Holly Blue	<i>Celastrina argiolus</i>				✓	✓			
3	Red Admiral	<i>Vanessa atalanta</i>				✓		✓		
4	Speckled Wood	<i>Pararge aegeria</i>	✓							

Moths

1	Yellow-barred Brindle	<i>Acasis viretata</i>					✓			
---	-----------------------	------------------------	--	--	--	--	---	--	--	--

Other Invertebrates

1	Oil Beetle	<i>Meloe proscarabaeus</i>	✓	✓						
2	Tiger Beetle	<i>Cicindela sp.</i>					✓			
3	Seven-spot Ladybird	<i>Coccinella 7-punctata</i>		✓				✓		
4	Buff-tailed Bumblebee	<i>Bombus terrestris</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
5	Garden Bumblebee	<i>Bombus hortorum</i>						✓		
6	Honey Bee	<i>Apis mellifera</i>		✓		✓	✓	✓		
7	Hoverfly	<i>Syrphidae sp</i>					✓			

Mammals

1	Bottle-nose Dolphin	<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>		✓						
2	Rabbit	<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>	✓		✓					
3	Brown Rat	<i>Ratus norvegicus</i>				✓			✓	
4	Red Squirrel	<i>Sciurus vulgaris</i>				✓	✓			
5	Scilly Shrew [sadly dead]	<i>Crocidura suaveolens cassiteridum</i>				✓				

Receive our e-newsletter

Join the Naturetrek e-mailing list and be the first to hear about new tours, additional departures and new dates, tour reports and special offers. Visit www.naturetrek.co.uk to sign up.

Naturetrek Facebook

We are delighted to launch the Naturetrek Facebook page so that participants of Naturetrek tours can remain in touch after the holiday and share photos, comments and future travel plans.

Setting up a personal profile at www.facebook.com is quick, free and easy. The [Naturetrek Facebook page](#) is now live; do please pay us a visit!