

# The Wild Flowers of Upper Teesdale

Naturetrek Tour Report

9th – 13th June 2025



Bird's-eye Primrose (*Primula farinose*)



Upper Hay Meadows



Alpine Bartsia (*Bartsia alpina*)



Alpine Bistorta (*Bistorta vivipara*)

Tour report and photos by Steve Gater



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## Summary

Upper Teesdale is one of the top five botanical spots in Britain and Ireland, and has long drawn botanists of all levels of expertise to enjoy its amazing array of wild plants, in particular the 'Teesdale Assemblage' of rare and notable species. In addition, thirteen species of wading birds breed here, as do the more elusive Merlin and Peregrine Falcon. Black and Red Grouse, Brown Hare, deer, butterflies and other interesting fauna extend the biodiversity.

Traditional farming methods within a tight U-shaped glacial valley, almost unique weather patterns, and some very canny local people add to the area's charm. Our hotel in Middleton-in-Teesdale was an ideal base from which to explore and enjoy the local riches, with a minimum of driving. The long list of plants seen during the week covered almost all of the Teesdale Assemblage, and more. We saw all of the breeding waders and many other birds. The geology and geomorphological features were fascinating. We enjoyed great company, shared interesting stories, and had much fun. And we left with wonderful memories of a well-explored dale, yet with more left to discover: that will have to be on a return trip one day.

## Day 1

**Monday 9th June**

By 2.30pm clients were ready to jump into two vans to head north, a brief drive to Bowlees. The walk through a meadow to the River Tees is no more than 200 metres, but for a group keen to see plants it took a long time! More plants on the Whin Sill rock were an additional attraction. We noted Scots Pine, Beech, Elder, Goat Willow and Hazel in an adjacent wood. Damp areas underneath these trees were awash with cream-flowering Meadowsweet, Dog's Mercury (long 'gone over'), Foxgloves coming into flower and more woodland specialists. Wynch Bridge offered a wobbly walk over the Tees, leading to a copse of Aspen trees, whose leaves were fluttering noisily as we passed. These trees grow by clonal suckering, so we were unsure as to how many separate plants there might actually be. We headed downstream, learning about a massive slab of Whin Sill and its impact on the sandstone and mudstone above. Wood Crane's-bill, Melancholy Thistle, Harebell, Northern Bedstraw, Common Spotted Orchid were in leaf or flower, and plentiful.

Further along the track, part of The Pennine Way, we crossed Scoberry Bridge, found fossils in the exposed Cockleshell Limestone, and took delight in seeing Dipper, Pied Wagtail and Common Sandpiper flying over the water. Mallards were swimming on the river, and Willow Warbler and Chiffchaff were singing in the trees on the banks. We admired several Chimney Sweeper moths, but the nets of Bird Cherry Ermine moth caterpillars, which had completely denuded a food plant tree were not so delightful to find. As we crossed the upland meadows, we enjoyed seeing Lapwing, Oystercatcher and Curlew in flight, all busy with chicks to feed and us to keep away. Small flocks of Starlings flew over, and Carrion Crows and Jackdaws were present.

The ancient settlement of Holwick was evidenced by remains of two medieval houses and narrow strips of allotments, known here as 'tofts'. Several geomorphological features were also pointed out: an esker, drumlins, crag and tail, and erratic boulders with striations, all the result of Upper Teesdale having had a glacier up to a kilometre thick until about 10,000 years ago.

From the 'tail' at the top of Holwick settlement, some of us scrambled down a track to reach scree that was liberally covered with Parsley Fern, comprising fertile and sterile fronds. Juniper trees had been planted on the steep hillsides, and naturally germinated Rock Whitebeam clung onto the cliff edges. Heath Bedstraw was plentiful, and we enjoyed finding different colour combinations of Mountain Pansy flowers. We were delighted to find one of the 'Teesdale Assemblage' plants, Alpine Bartsia, after earlier seeing the more frequent Common Bartsia.

Numerous Rabbits guarded their burrows, and a small Common Toad managed safely to hop out of our way. Ashy Miner Bees had dug into a mound of sandy soil, and two were near their entrance holes.

By this time, persistent rain had made its impact, so we were ready to head back to our vehicles and return to our hotel in nearby Middleton-in-Teesdale. There was much to talk about over a filling dinner, before we completed a surprisingly long checklist. It had been a great start to our discovery of the wonders of Upper Teesdale, and we were well set up to savour more in the days to come.

## Day 2

## Tuesday 10th June

Today was a fine day with warm sunshine in the afternoon; it made a welcome change from the previous day's downpour. Our venue was to be the delightful Cetry Bank, a steep glacial feature made floriferous by alkaline flushes. But before visiting that site, we left our vans at the gate to Widdybank Farm to look in vegetation at the side of a full stream, and found leaves of Grass of Parnassus, exactly what we wanted to see. As we walked along the metalled road to the farm, we passed pasture and meadows full of plants. These included Flea, Tawny, Star, Glaucous and Carnation Sedges, and Northern and Early Marsh Orchids.

The farm is home to the local Natural England office, and also to a breeding pair of Ring Ouzels. We enjoyed brief views of the female, before having more extended views of the resplendent male through the scope. Common Sandpipers flew along the river and perched on rocks, as did a Pied Wagtail. A Kestrel flew off over planted Juniper bushes. Common Blue, Green-veined White, Red Admiral and Small Heath butterflies added further interest, and once again we admired Chimney Sweeper moths in flight.

The base-rich flushes seeping through the till which makes up Cetry bank offer a distinctive habitat, in which many of the renowned 'Teesdale Assemblage' plants grow. It was a tricky place to find a good footing, but the rewards were well worthwhile. Yellow or Mountain Saxifrage was in bud, but a great number of spikes of purple-flowered Alpine Bartsia really caught the eye. Bird's-eye Primrose was in fruit, with the odd one still in flower. More Alpine Bistort was most conspicuous, with white-topped flower spikes. Lesser Clubmoss was a less showy plant, but no less interesting. Burnet-saxifrage, Common Rock-rose, Common Butterwort, Creeping Willow and Tea-leaved Willow were seen.

Taking lunch watching birds on the river was a calm and soothing experience, before we set off along The Pennine Way to find our vans back in Langdon Beck. Along the way, we found Meadow Pipits, Sand Martins, Swallows, Oystercatchers, Curlews and Redshank. Hybrid Monkeyflowers grew along the river.

A short drive then took us to the Visitor Centre and café at Bowlees, where we ordered tea and cakes. From the carpark, we planned to walk along to Gibson's Cave, which is topped by Summergill Waterfall. It was a delightful walk along the beck and through geological time, passing a series of low waterfalls created by the differential

weathering of the “sandwich stack” of rocks: limestone, mudstone and sandstone. An abandoned quarry added a further damp limestone habitat to explore.

Common Butterwort, Northern Marsh Orchid, Common Twayblade and several different sedges grew and flowered in the damp. Further along, we found Brittle Bladder Fern in among a thick carpet of liverworts and mosses. A Dipper skipped between rocks only metres away, unconcerned by our presence. The views and photographic opportunities were excellent. Returning back down the path, we stopped to look at an impressive Wytch Elm, which was fortuitous, as a female Pied Flycatcher flew by several times. We also watched a Grey Wagtail as it shuffled along its perch against the quarry wall.

We had enjoyed a full and successful day, so we returned to our hotel to relax before completing an interesting checklist and consuming another tasty dinner.

## Day 3

## Wednesday 11th June

This was a warm, sunny, long and delightful day; we saw spectacular landscapes and great wildlife. We started at 6.15am with a short drive to Langdon Beck to overlook a traditional Black Grouse lekking spot. While it was too late in the year to observe the amazing mating ritual of these handsome birds, we enjoyed seeing a dozen of them through binoculars, scopes and by naked eye. We watched for more than thirty minutes before driving into the almost empty dale of Harwood, where Hares and Rabbits were running in the fields. We saw good numbers of Snipe, Oystercatchers, Lapwings and Curlews, and a Buzzard was spotted from the van. We enjoyed ourselves so much that breakfast was delayed!

We had decided next to visit Cow Green Reservoir, which was a little low, but on this warm, sunny day still looked an inviting body of water. However, its construction remains a contentious issue, as it drowned more than eight hectares of flower-rich meadows, habitat to so many rare and uncommon plants. We delighted in seeing some of these special species, including Scottish Asphodel, Teesdale Violet, Mountain Everlasting, Alpine Bistort, False Sedge, Mountain Pansy and Variegated Horsetail.

Meadow Pipits, Wheatears, Skylarks, Jackdaws, Pied Wagtails and Kestrels gave good views throughout the day. We saw Green-veined White, Common Blue, Red Admiral and Small Heath butterflies. A brightly coloured male Broad-bodied Chaser dragonfly repeatedly flew back and forth to an old thistle stalk, giving great and prolonged views.

Cauldron Spout Waterfall spills down at the dam end of the reservoir, and is spectacular. The adjacent path to descend is a little tricky in places, so only a few of the party took the option of following it to the bottom in search of more plants. We were delighted to see Fir Club-moss, and even more pleased to see another pair of Ring Ouzels. We retraced our steps back to the top of the waterfall, where some had lunch. Others waited to eat until we reached our vans again.

All too soon it was mid-afternoon, and we took the opportunity to revisit Harwood to find and appreciate multiple stands of Globeflower along the narrow road. The plants were in full flower and made for a wonderful sight. Further along, we stopped to look along a small beck with wet margins, where Monkeyflowers were in full bloom and most attractive. We also found less showy plants: Marsh Arrowgrass, Jointed Rush, Carnation Sedge and

Floating Reed Grass. Creeping Jenny was indeed creeping along the side of the beck, and easily spotted on account of its bright yellow flowers.

And speaking of bright yellow flowers, the Sting's song 'Fields of Gold' came to mind when we looked across the buttercup-rich upland meadows here. The views were breathtaking. Searching these meadows was productive; we found quite a few Bird's-eye Primroses in flower, as well as Northern Marsh Orchid, Heath Fragrant Orchid and newly-emerging white butterfly orchids. We closely examined open flowers of the latter to confirm their identity as Greater Butterfly Orchids. Our final visit was to see a large stand of Melancholy Thistles, which was an amazing sight, even though the flowers were still young.

The long and terrific day ended with recording our finds and much animated chatter over dinner. We had earned a good sleep.

## Day 4

## Thursday 12th June

The day started misty, but by the time we left our vans to walk to the top of Cronkley Fell, the sun was shining, as per the weather forecast. The small carpark at Hanging Shaw hosted Hairy Sedge and Common Spotted Orchid. Vegetation along the Tees bank had been cut, but the margin held Flat Sedge. Over the bridge, two pastures were full of grasses, including Soft Brome and Yellow Oat-grass. Further up, a wide stand of Globeflower was in full flower, and simply wonderful. A gap between rocks with Common Juniper was populated with ferns: Common, Scaly and Mountain Male-ferns, Lady-fern, Oak Fern, Hard-fern and Bracken. We followed The Pennine Way and turned right onto the Green Trod, to trudge uphill for some way to the plateau of Cronkley Fell. Leaves of Alpine Meadow-rue were a good find along the edge of a dry gill, and the delicate Hair Sedge was another star plant here. Wheatears were on the rocks, a Cuckoo was heard and seen, and Meadow Pipits were flitting around.

A short coffee break gave us the impetus to reach the top, and our first chance to explore in detail. Male and female Dioecious Sedge were found, while Common and Hoary Rock-roses were compared closely. Horseshoe Vetch was in leaf and under protection. Patches of sugar limestone held mats of white-flowering Spring Sandwort, another uncommon plant. Northern Marsh Orchids had gone over, while Common Twayblades were coming up. The heather was very carefully pulled to one side to reveal Sphagnum Moss, in which several Lesser Twayblades were growing, one showing its flower stalks.

We walked a short way to a sheltered spot for lunch and a chatter. Then the search was on for Hoary Whitlow-grass and Moonwort. Persistence and patient observation paid off. It was a great pleasure to find both of these uncommon plants; we saw lots of both, and all in really good condition. Equally in good condition was a Golden Plover, at its best in summer plumage, and picked up first by its short, repeated call. Spring Gentians were common, in fruit and a bit bedraggled, but still very much appreciated.

The final botanical hotspot held good patches of Mountain Avens. While we had just missed seeing most of it at its best, we were delighted to see a few with remaining flowers. Common Twayblades were emerging, along with two Dark Red Helleborines. Several Small Scabious plants were also seen, as were patches of Spring Sandwort and a few Knotted Pearlwort plants.



A long trek along the Tees to complete a loop provided the bonus of Ring Ouzels flying across, and Curlews and Lapwings anxiously guiding us away from their chicks. The plaintive call of Common Sandpiper alerted us to its presence on a rock in the river, and Grey Wagtail was seen. Sand Martins and Swallows were over the river; so too were Black-headed Gulls. We saw a few butterflies (Green-veined White and Small Heath), and more Chimney Sweeper moths. We admired lots of Shrubby Cinquefoil on the river bank.

Having ordered scones earlier in the day, we drove to the café in Bowlees to enjoy them, fruit- or cheese-flavoured, washed down with hot tea, before driving back to Middleton-in-Teesdale. Although tired from our walk, we had time to relax and refresh ourselves before a final chance to record our findings and appreciate what an amazing list we had compiled. With a final walk to complete, we had seen all of the Teesdale Assemblage plants to which we had access, and many more interesting species. Additionally, we had seen the full range of waders that breed in the dale, and more birds besides. With other fauna, this made a very impressive list, both in terms of quantity and very much in quality. We headed to our rooms well-pleased.

## Day 5

## Friday 13th June

Following our final, filling breakfast, we drove once again to Bowlees, from where we crossed Wynch Bridge and turned right to walk upstream along The Pennine Way.

First, we found Saw-wort, Devil's-bit Scabious and Melancholy Thistle, while Dwarf Goldenrod and Shrubby Cinquefoil grew on rocks at the side of the Tees. A Small Heath butterfly and Chimney Sweeper moths were flying, Willow Warbler and Wren were singing, and family parties of Mallard were idling on the river. It was a very pleasant morning with warm sunshine and little breeze. We saw more Teesdale Assemblage plants, including lots of Alpine Bistort and Shrubby Cinquefoil.

A large stand of Lesser Pond Sedge was impressive, and we were able to compare the differences between three horsetail species growing together: Wood, Shady and Field. Ferns were in good numbers, including striking specimens of Lady-fern, many Broad Buckler-ferns and Male-ferns, and a single Lemon-scented Fern. Many small Maidenhair Spleenwort ferns grew on a supporting wall of Holwick Bridge.

We admired the magnificent waterfall of High Force from above, where its formation was explained to a party of schoolchildren by their geography teacher; we successfully eavesdropped. Then we moved on to see the waterfall from below. The wooded walk down to the base of the waterfall extended the number of plant species seen by virtue of its acid, shaded habitat. We added Remote Sedge, Oak Fern, Common Figwort, Wood Melick, Giant Bellflower, Square-stalked St John's-wort and others to the list. We saw Great Spotted Woodpecker, Grey Wagtail, a Brimstone butterfly and more fauna, before our highly productive and most enjoyable week in the amazing valley of Upper Teesdale came to an end.

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## Species lists

### Plants

Scientific Name	Common Name	Location
This species list follows the nomenclature in New Flora of the British Isles 3rd Edition by Clive Stace.		
<b>PTERIDOPHYTES</b>	<b>FERNS &amp; ALLIES</b>	
<b>Lycophytes</b>	<b>Clubmosses &amp; Quillworts</b>	
<b>Selaginellaceae</b>	<b>Lesser Clubmoss Family</b>	
<i>Selaginella selaginoides</i>	Lesser Clubmoss	Cetry Bank
<i>Huperzia selago</i>	Fir Clubmoss	Falcon Cliffs
<b>Eusporangiate Ferns</b>	<b>Adder's-tongues &amp; Moonworts</b>	
<b>Ophioglossaceae</b>	<b>Adder's-tongue Fern Family</b>	
<i>Botrychium lunaria</i>	Moonwort	Cronkley Fell
<b>Calamophytes</b>	<b>Horsetails</b>	
<b>Equisetaceae</b>	<b>Horsetail Family</b>	
<i>Equisetum arvense</i>	Field Horsetail	Tees bank
<i>Equisetum palustre</i>	Marsh Horsetail	Widdybank
<i>Equisetum pratense</i>	Shady Horsetail	Langdon Beck
<i>Equisetum sylvaticum</i>	Wood Horsetail	Tees bank
<i>Equisetum variegatum</i>	Variegated Horsetail	Widdybank Fell
<b>Leptosporangiate Ferns</b>	<b>True Ferns</b>	
<b>Aspleniaceae</b>	<b>Spleenwort Family</b>	
<i>Asplenium scolopendrium</i>	Hart's-tongue	High Force
<i>Asplenium trichomanes</i> subsp. <i>quadrivalens</i>	Maidenhair Spleenwort	Holwick Bridge
<b>Blechnaceae</b>	<b>Hard-fern Family</b>	
<i>Blechnum spicant</i>	Hard-fern	Bowlees
<b>Dennstaedtiaceae</b>	<b>Bracken Family</b>	
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i>	Bracken	Tees
<b>Dryopteridaceae</b>	<b>Buckler-fern Family</b>	
<i>Dryopteris affinis</i>	Scaly Male-fern	Tees bank
<i>Dryopteris dilatata</i>	Broad Buckler-fern	Low Force
<i>Dryopteris filix-mas</i>	Male-fern	Tees
<i>Dryopteris oreades</i>	Mountain Male-fern	Holwick Scarr
<i>Polystichum aculeatum</i>	Hard Shield-fern	Gibson's Cave
<i>Polystichum setiferum</i>	Soft Shield-fern	High Force
<b>Polypodiaceae</b>	<b>Polypody Family</b>	
<i>Polypodium vulgare</i>	Common Polypody	Tees
<b>Pteridaceae</b>	<b>Ribbon Fern Family</b>	
<i>Cryptogramma crispa</i>	Parsley Fern	Holwick Crag
<b>Thelypteridaceae</b>	<b>Marsh Fern Family</b>	
<i>Oreopteris limbosperma</i>	Lemon-scented Fern	High Force
<i>Phegopteris connectilis</i>	Beech Fern	Cronkley Farm
<b>Woodsiaceae</b>	<b>Lady-fern Family</b>	
<i>Anhyrium felix-femina</i>	Lady-fern	Tees
<i>Cystopteris fragilis</i>	Brittle Bladder-fern	Gibson's cave
<i>Gymnocarpium dryopteris</i>	Oak Fern	High Force
<b>PINACEAE</b>	<b>CONIFERS</b>	
<b>Cupressaceae</b>	<b>Juniper Family</b>	
<i>Juniperus communis</i>	Common Juniper	Tees bank
<b>Pinaceae</b>	<b>Pine Family</b>	
<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>	Scot's Pine	Bowlees esker
<b>Taxaceae</b>	<b>Yew Family</b>	
<i>Taxus baccata</i>	Yew	High Force



Scientific Name	Common Name	Location
<b>ANGIOSPERMS</b>	<b>FLOWERING PLANTS</b>	
<b>Eu-dicots</b>	<b>True Dicotyledons</b>	
<b>Amaranthaceae</b>	<b>Goosefoot Family</b>	
<i>Chenopodium album</i>	Fat Hen	Tees
<i>Chenopodium bonus-henricus</i>	Good King Henry	Bowlees
<b>Apiaceae</b>	<b>Carrot Family</b>	
<i>Aegopodium podagraria</i>	Ground Elder	Bowlees
<i>Angelica sylvestris</i>	Angelica	Bpwlees
<i>Anthriscus sylvestris</i>	Cow Parsley	Tees
<i>Conopodium majus</i>	Pignut	Meadows
<i>Heracleum sphondylium</i>	Hogweed	Meadows
<i>Myrrhis odorata</i>	Sweet Cicely	Tees
<i>Pimpinella saxifraga</i>	Burnet Saxifrage	Cetry Bank
<i>Sanicula europaea</i>	Sanicle	Tees
<b>Araliaceae</b>	<b>Ivy Family</b>	
<i>Hedera helix</i>	Ivy	Common
<b>Asteraceae</b>	<b>Daisy Family</b>	
<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	Yarrow	Tees
<i>Achillea ptarmica</i>	Sneezewort	Widdybank Farm
<i>Antennaria dioica</i>	Mountain Everlasting	Cow Green Reservoir
<i>Arctium minus</i>	Lesser Burdock	Tees
<i>Bellis perennis</i>	Daisy	Tees
<i>Carduus crispus</i>	Wetted Thistle	Cronkley Farm
<i>Centaurea montana</i>	Perennial Cornflower	roadside
<i>Cirsium heterophyllum</i>	Melancholy Thistle	Tees
<i>Cirsium arvense</i>	Creeping Thistle	Meadows
<i>Cirsium palustre</i>	Marsh Thistle	Meadows
<i>Cirsium vulgare</i>	Spear Thistle	Widdybank Farm
<i>Crepis paludosa</i>	Marsh Hawk's-beard	Tees
<i>Hieracium agg</i>	Hawkweed	Tees
<i>Hypochaeris radicata</i>	Cat's-ear	Meadow
<i>Lapsana communis</i>	Nipplewort	Gibson's cave
<i>Leontodon hispidus</i>	Rough Hawkbit	Meadow
<i>Leucanthemum vulgare</i>	Oxeye Daisy	roadside
<i>Matricaria discoides</i>	Pineappleweed	Meadows
<i>Mycelis muralis</i>	Wall Lettuce	High Force
<i>Petasites hybridus</i>	Butterbur	Roadside
<i>Pilosella officinarum</i>	Mouse-ear Hawkweed	Tees
<i>Senecio aquatilis</i>	Marsh Ragwort	Harwood Beck
<i>Senecio erucifolius</i>	Hoary Ragwort	Tees
<i>Senecio jacobaea</i>	Ragwort	Roadside
<i>Senecio vulgaris</i>	Groundsel	Middleton-in-Teesdale
<i>Serrulata tinctoria</i>	Sawwort	Low Force
<i>Solidago virgaurea</i>	Goldenrod	Low Force
<i>Solidago virgaurea</i> subsp. <i>minuta</i>	Dwarf goldenrod	Widdybank
<i>Sonchus asper</i>	Prickly Sow-thistle	Harwood Beck
<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	Smooth Sow-thistle	Middleton-in-Teesdale
<i>Taraxacum agg</i>	Dandelion group	Common
<i>Tragopogon pratensis</i>	Goat's-beard	roadside
<i>Tussilago farfara</i>	Coltsfoot	Harwood Beck
<b>Betulaceae</b>	<b>Birch Family</b>	
<i>Alnus glutinosa</i>	Alder	Tees
<i>Betula pubescens</i>	Downy Birch	Tees
<i>Corylus avellana</i>	Hazel	Tees

Scientific Name	Common Name	Location
<b>Boraginaceae</b>	<b>Borage Family</b>	
<i>Myosotis arvensis</i>	Field Forget-me-not	Meadow
<i>Myosotis discolor</i>	Changing Forget-me-not	Tees
<i>Myosotis scorpiodes</i>	Water Forget-me-not	Cronkley Farm
<i>Myosotis sylvatica</i>	Wood Forget-me-not	High Force
<i>Symphytum x uplandicum</i>	Russian Comfrey	Holwick
<b>Brassicaceae</b>	<b>Cabbage Family</b>	
<i>Alliaria petiolata</i>	Garlic Mustard	Meadows
<i>Barbarea vulgaris</i>	Yellow Rocketcress	Harwood Beck
<i>Cardamine flexuosa</i>	Wavy Bitter-cress	Gibson's Cave
<i>Cardamine pratensis</i>	Cuckooflower	Meadows
<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>	Shepherd's Purse	Wasteland
<i>Draba incana</i>	Hoary Whitlowgrass	Cronkley Fell
<i>Hesperis matronalis</i>	Dame's-violet	Holwick
<i>Noccaea caerulea</i>	Alpine Pennycress	Cronkley Fell
<i>Cochlearia officinalis</i>	Common Scurvygrass	Widdybank
<b>Campanulaceae</b>	<b>Bellflower Family</b>	
<i>Campanula latifolia</i>	Giant Bellflower	High Force
<i>Campanula rotundifolia</i>	Harebell	Tees
<b>Caprifoliaceae</b>	<b>Honeysuckle Family</b>	
<i>Lonicera periclymenum</i>	Honeysuckle	High Force
<i>Sambucus nigra</i>	Elderberry	Tees
<b>Caryophyllaceae</b>	<b>Pink Family</b>	
<i>Arenaria serpyllifolia</i> s.l.	Thyme-leaved Sandwort	High Force
<i>Cerastium fontanum</i>	Common Mouse-ear	Meadows
<i>Minuartia verna</i>	Spring Sandwort	Widdybank Fell
<i>Moehringia trinerva</i>	Three-nerved Sandwort	Tees
<i>Sagina procumbens</i>	Procumbent Pearlwort	Cow Green Reservoir
<i>Silene dioica</i>	Red Campion	Tees
<i>Silene flos-cuculi</i>	Ragged Robin	Tees
<i>Stellaria alsine</i>	Bog Stichwort	Howlick
<i>Stellaria graminea</i>	Lesser Stichwort	Harwood Beck
<i>Stellaria hollostea</i>	Greater Stichwort	Tees
<i>Stellaria media</i>	Common Chickweed	Cronkley Farm
<i>Sagina nodosa</i>	Knotted Pearlwort	Cronkley Fell
<b>Cistaceae</b>	<b>Rockrose Family</b>	
<i>Helianthemum nummularium</i>	Common Rock-rose	Cetry Bank
<i>Helianthemum oelandicum</i> subsp. <i>levigatum</i>	Hoary Rock-rose	Cronkley Fell
<b>Convolvulaceae</b>	<b>Bindweed Family</b>	
<i>Convolvulus arvensis</i>	Field Bindweed	Tees
<b>Cornaceae</b>	<b>Dogwood family</b>	
<i>Cornus sanguineus</i>	Dogwood	Middleton-in-Teesdale
<b>Crassulaceae</b>	<b>Stonecrop Family</b>	
<i>Sedum acer</i>	Biting Stonecrop	Bowlees
<i>Sedum album</i>	White Stonecrop	Harwood Beck
<i>Phedimus spurius</i>	Caucasian-stonecrop	Bowlees
<i>Sempervivum tectorum</i>	House-leek	Widdybank Farm
<b>Dipsacaceae</b>	<b>Teasel Family</b>	
<i>Succisa pratensis</i>	Devil's-bit Scabious	Tees
<i>Knautia arvensis</i>	Field Scabious	Tees
<b>Droseraceae</b>	<b>Sundew Family</b>	
<i>Drosera rotundifolia</i>	Round-leaved Sundew	Cronkley Fell
<b>Ericaceae</b>	<b>Heather Family</b>	
<i>Calluna vulgaris</i>	Heather	Tees

Scientific Name	Common Name	Location
<i>Empetrum nigrum</i> subsp. <i>nigrum</i>	Crowberry	Widdybank Fell
<i>Erica cinerea</i>	Bell Heather	Cronkley Fell
<i>Erica tetralix</i>	Cross-leaved Heath	Widdybank Fell
<i>Vaccinium myrtillus</i>	Bilberry	Tees
<i>Vaccinium vitis-idaea</i>	Cowberry	
<b>Euphorbiaceae</b>	<b>Spurge Family</b>	
<i>Mercurialis perennis</i>	Dog's Mercury	Low Force
<b>Fabaceae</b>	<b>Pea Family</b>	
<i>Anthyllis vulneraria</i>	Kidney Vetch	Cronkley Fell
<i>Hippocrepis comosa</i>	Horseshoe Vetch	Cronkley Fell
<i>Trifolium dubium</i>	Lesser Trefoil	Tees
<i>Trifolium medium</i>	Zig-zag Clover	Tees
<i>Trifolium pratense</i>	Red Clover	Tees
<i>Trifolium repens</i>	White Clover	Tees
<i>Lathyrus linifolius</i>	Bitter Vetch	Tees
<i>Lathyrus pratensis</i>	Meadow Vetchling	Tees
<i>Lotus corniculatus</i>	Bird's-foot-trefoil	Tees
<i>Medicago lupulina</i>	Black Medick	Harwood
<i>Vicia sepium</i>	Bush Vetch	Tees
<i>Ulex europaea</i>	Gorse	Harwood
<b>Fagaceae</b>	<b>Beech Family</b>	
<i>Fagus sylvatica</i>	Beech	Low Force
<b>Gentianaceae</b>	<b>Gentian Family</b>	
<i>Gentiana verna</i>	Spring Gentian	Cronkley Fell
<b>Geraniaceae</b>	<b>Crane's-bill Family</b>	
<i>Geranium pratense</i>	Meadow Crane's-bill	Tees
<i>Geranium robertianum</i>	Herb Robert	Tees
<i>Geranium sylvaticum</i>	Wood Crane's-bill	Tees
<b>Grossulariaceae</b>	<b>Gooseberry Family</b>	
<i>Ribes uva-crispa</i>	Gooseberry	Middleton-in-Teesdale
<b>Hypericaceae</b>	<b>St John's-wort Family</b>	
<i>Hypericum hirsutum</i>	Hairy St John's-wort	High Force
<i>Hypericum pulchrum</i>	Slender St John's-wort	Cetry bank
<i>Hypericum tetrapterum</i>	Square-stalked St John's-wort	Low Force
<i>Hypericum maculatum</i>	Imperforate St John's-wort	Cetry bank
<b>Lamiaceae</b>	<b>Dead-nettle Family</b>	
<i>Ajuga reptans</i>	Common Bugle	Widdybank Farm
<i>Lamium album</i>	White Dead-nettle	Bowlees
<i>Prunella vulgaris</i>	Selfheal	Meadows
<i>Stachys sylvatica</i>	Hedge Woundwort	Bowlees
<i>Teucrium scorodonia</i>	Wood Sage	Low Force
<i>Thymus polytrichus</i>	Wild Thyme	Tees
<b>Linaceae</b>	<b>Flax Family</b>	
<i>Linum catharticum</i>	Purging or Fairy Flax	Cetry Bank
<b>Lentibulariaceae</b>	<b>Butterwort Family</b>	
<i>Pinguicula vulgaris</i>	Common Butterwort	Cetry Bank
<b>Lythraceae</b>	<b>Purple Loosestrife Family</b>	
<i>Lythrum salicaria</i>	Purple Loosetrife	Middleton-in-Teesdale
<b>Malvaceae</b>	<b>Mallow Family</b>	
<i>Malva sylvestris</i>	Common Mallow	Tees
<i>Tilia platyphyllos</i>	Large-leaved Lime	High Force
<i>Tilia x europaea</i>	Hybrid Lime = <i>T. platyphyllos</i> x <i>T. cordata</i>	Middleton-in-Teesdale
<b>Oleaceae</b>	<b>Olive Family</b>	
<i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	Ash	Tees

Scientific Name	Common Name	Location
<b>Onagraceae</b>	<b>Willowherb Family</b>	
<i>Chamerion angustifolium</i>	Rosebay Willowherb	Bowlees
<i>Circaea lutetiana</i>	Enchanter's-nightshade	Bowlees
<i>Epilobium montanum</i>	Broad-leaved Willowherb	Bowlees
<b>Orobanchaceae</b>	<b>Broomrape Family</b>	
<i>Bartsia alpina</i>	Alpine Bartsia	Cetry bank
<i>Euphrasia arctica</i> subsp. <i>borealis</i>	Arctic Eyebright	Cronkley Fell
<i>Euphrasia scottica</i>	Scottish Eyebright	Tees
<i>Euphrasia</i> sp.	Eyebright	Meadow
<i>Euphrasia nemorosa</i>	Eyebright	Meadow
<i>Pedicularis palustris</i>	Marsh Lousewort	Widdybank
<i>Pedicularis sylvatica</i>	Lousewort	Holwick
<i>Rhinanthus minor</i>	Yellow-rattle	Meadows
<b>Oxalidaceae</b>	<b>Wood Sorrel Family</b>	
<i>Oxalis acetosella</i>	Wood-sorrel	Tees
<b>Papaveraceae</b>	<b>Poppy Family</b>	
<i>Mecanopsis cambrica</i>	Welsh Poppy	Bowlees
<b>Parnassiaceae</b>	<b>Grass-of-Parnassus Family</b>	
<i>Parnassia palustris</i>	Grass-of-Parnassus	Langdon Beck
<b>Phrymaceae</b>	<b>Monkeyflower Family</b>	
<i>Mimulus x robertsii</i>	Hybrid Monkeyflower	Langdon Beck
<b>Plantaginaceae</b>	<b>Plantain Family</b>	
<i>Plantago lanecolata</i>	Ribwort Plantain	Meadows
<i>Plantago major</i>	Greater Plantain	Meadows
<i>Plantago maritima</i>	Sea Plantain	Holwick
<b>Polygalaceae</b>	<b>Milkwort Family</b>	
<i>Polygalla serpyllifolia</i>	Heath Milkwort	Cronkley Fell
<i>Polygalla vulgaris</i>	Common Milkwort	Wynch Bridge
<b>Polygonaceae</b>	<b>Knotweed Family</b>	
<i>Persicaria bistorta</i>	Common Bistort	Holwick
<i>Persicaria vivipara</i>	Alpine Bistort	Wynch Bridge
<i>Rumex acetosa</i>	Sorrel	Meadows
<i>Rumex obtusifolius</i>	Broad-leaved Dock	Cronkley Farm
<i>Rumex crispus</i>	Curled Dock	Harwood Beck
<b>Primulaceae</b>	<b>Primrose Family</b>	
<i>Primula farinosa</i>	Bird's-eye Primrose	Wynch Bridge
<i>Primula veris</i>	Cowslip	Bowlees
<i>Primula vulgaris</i>	Primrose	Bowlees
<i>Lysimachia nemorum</i>	Yellow Pimpernel	Tees
<i>Lysimachia nummularia</i>	Creeping Jenny	Harwood Beck
<b>Ranunculaceae</b>	<b>Buttercup Family</b>	
<i>Aquilegia vulgaris</i>	Columbine	Bowlees Quarry
<i>Anemone nemorosa</i>	Wood Anemone	Pennine Way
<i>Caltha palustris</i>	Marsh Marigold	Wynch Bidge
<i>Ficaria verna</i>	Lesser Celandine	High Force
<i>Ranunculus acris</i>	Meadow Buttercup	Meadows
<i>Ranunculus bulbosus</i>	Bulbous Buttercup	Cetry bank
<i>Ranunculus flammula</i>	Lesser Spearwort	Wynch Bidge
<i>Ranunculus repens</i>	Creeping Buttercup	Meadows
<i>Thalictrum alpinum</i>	Alpine Meadow-rue	Green Trod
<i>Trollius europaeus</i>	Globeflower	Harwood
<b>Rosaceae</b>	<b>Rose Family</b>	
<i>Alchemilla filicaulis</i> subsp. <i>vestita</i>	Hairy Lady's-mantle	Tees
<i>Alchemilla glabra</i>	Smooth Lady's-mantle	Cetry bank
<i>Alchemilla vulgaris</i> agg.	Lady's-mantle group	Tees

Scientific Name	Common Name	Location
<i>Alchemilla wickhamiae</i>	Rock Lady's-mantle	
<i>Alchemilla xanthochlora</i>	Pale Lady's-mantle	Tees
<i>Comarum palustre</i>	Marsh Cinquefoil	Cetry Bank
<i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	Hawthorn	Tees
<i>Dryas octopetala</i>	Mountain Avens	Cronkley Fell
<i>Filipendula ulmaria</i>	Meadow Sweet	Tees
<i>Fragaria vesca</i>	Wild Strawberry	Bowlees Quarry
<i>Geum rivale</i>	Water Avens	Tees
<i>Geum urbanum</i>	Wood Avens	Tees
<i>Potentilla anserina</i>	Silverweed	Tees
<i>Potentilla erecta</i>	Tormentil	Tees
<i>Potentilla fruticosa</i>	Shrubby Cinquefoil	Tees
<i>Potentilla reptans</i>	Creeping Cinqufoil	Tees
<i>Potentilla sterilis</i>	Barren Strawberry	Cronkley Fell
<i>Prunus avium</i>	Wild Cherry	Tees
<i>Prunus padus</i>	Bird Cherry	Tees
<i>Prunus spinosa</i>	Blackthorn	Tees
<i>Rosa caesia</i> subsp. <i>vosagiaca</i>	Glaucous Dog-rose	Bowlees
<i>Rubus fruticosus</i>	Bramble	Tees
<i>Rubus ideaus</i>	Raspberry	Bowlees
<i>Rubus saxatilis</i>	Stone Bramble	Tees
<i>Sanguisorba officinalis</i>	Great Burnet	Holwick
<i>Sorbus aria</i>	Whitebeam	High Force
<i>Sorbus aucuparia</i>	Rowan	Tees
<i>Sorbus rupicola</i>	Rock Whitebeam	Howlick Cragg
<i>Potentilla palustre</i>	Marsh Cinquefoil	Cetry Bank
<b>Rubiaceae</b>	<b>Bedstraw Family</b>	
<i>Cruciata laevipes</i>	Crosswort	Tees
<i>Galium aparine</i>	Cleavers	Langdon Beck
<i>Galium boreale</i>	Northern Bedstraw	Tees
<i>Galium odoratum</i>	Sweet Woodruff	High Force
<i>Galium saxatile</i>	Heath Bedstraw	Holwick
<i>Galium sternerii</i>	Limestone Bedstraw	Cronkley Fell
<i>Galium verum</i>	Lady's Bedstraw	Tees
<b>Salicaceae</b>	<b>Willow Family</b>	
<i>Populus tremula</i>	Aspen	Low Force
<i>Salix aurita</i>	Eared Willow	Tees
<i>Salix caprea</i>	Goat Willow	Tees
<i>Salix cinerea</i>	Grey Willow	Tees
<i>Salix phylicifolia</i>	Tea-leaved Willow	Tees
<i>Salix repens</i>	Creeping Willow	Scoberly Bridge
<b>Sapindaceae</b>	<b>Maple Family</b>	
<i>Acer campestre</i>	Field Maple	Bowlees
<i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	Sycamore	Tees
<b>Saxifragaceae</b>	<b>Saxifrage Family</b>	
<i>Chrysosplenium oppositifolium</i>	Opposit-leaved Golden-saxifrage	Gibson's Cave
<i>Saxifraga aizoides</i>	Yellow Saxifrage	Cetry Bank
<i>Saxifraga bryoides</i>	Mossy Saxifrage	Cronkley Fell
<b>Scrophulariaceae</b>	<b>Figwort Family</b>	
<i>Scrophularia nodosa</i>	Figwort	High Force
<b>Ulmaceae</b>	<b>Elm Family</b>	
<i>Ulmus glabra</i>	Wych Elm	Bowlees
<b>Urticaceae</b>	<b>Nettle Family</b>	
<i>Urtica dioica</i>	Common Nettle	Wasteland

Scientific Name	Common Name	Location
<b>Valerianaceae</b>	<b>Valerian Family</b>	
<i>Valeriana dioica</i>	Marsh Valerian	Cetry bank
<i>Valeriana officinalis</i>	Valerian	Middleton-in-Teesdale
<b>Veronicaceae</b>	<b>Speedwell Family</b>	
<i>Digitalis purpurea</i>	Foxglove	Tees
<i>Cymbalaria muralis</i>	Ivy leaved Toadflax	High Force
<i>Veronica beccabunga</i>	Brooklime	Holwick
<i>Veronica chamaedrys</i>	Germander Speedwell	Tees
<i>Veronica montana</i>	Wood Speedwell	High Force
<i>Veronica officinalis</i>	Heath Speedwell	Cetry Bank
<i>Veronica serpyllifolia</i> subsp. <i>humifusa</i>	Thyme-leaved Speedwell	Tees, Middleton-in-Teesdale churchyard
<b>Violaceae</b>	<b>Violet Family</b>	
<i>Viola lutea</i>	Mountain Pansy	Holwick
<i>Viola palustris</i>	Marsh Violet	Cronkley Farm
<i>Viola riviniana</i>	Common Dog-violet	Tees
<b>Monocots</b>	<b>Monocotyledons</b>	
<b>Amaryllidaceae</b>	<b>Daffodil Family</b>	
<i>Allium ursinum</i>	Wild Garlic	Low Force
<b>Araceae</b>	<b>Arum Family</b>	
<i>Arum maculatum</i>	Lords and Ladies	High Force
<b>Asparagaceae</b>	<b>Asparagus Family</b>	
<i>Hyacinthoides non-scripta</i>	Bluebell	Tees
<b>Cyperaceae</b>	<b>Sedge Family</b>	
<i>Blysmus compressus</i>	Flat sedge	Scoberly Bridge
<i>Carex acutiformis</i>	Lesser Pond Sedge	Tees
<i>Carex aquatilis</i>	Water Sedge	Tees
<i>Carex binervis</i>	Green-ribbed Sedge	Pennine Way
<i>Carex capillaris</i>	Hair Sedge	Green Trod
<i>Carex careophyllea</i>	Spring Sedge	Tees
<i>Carex demissa</i>	Long-bracted Yellow-sedge	Tees
<i>Carex dioica</i>	Dioecious Sedge	Cronkley Fell
<i>Carex echinata</i>	Star Sedge	Low Force
<i>Carex flacca</i>	Glaucous Sedge	Wynch Bridge
<i>Carex hirta</i>	Hairy Sedge	Cronkley Farm
<i>Carex hostiana</i>	Tawny Sedge	Cetry Bank
<i>Carex nigra</i>	Common Sedge	Low Force
<i>Carex pallescens</i>	Pale Sedge	Bowlees
<i>Carex panicea</i>	Carnation Sedge	Low Force
<i>Carex pilulifera</i>	Pill Sedge	Wynch Bridge
<i>Carex pulicaris</i>	Flea Sedge	Low Force
<i>Carex remota</i>	Remote Sedge	High Force
<i>Carex rostrata</i>	Bottle Sedge	Tees
<i>Carex sylvatica</i>	Wood Sedge	Tees
<i>Eriophorum angustifolium</i>	Common Cottongrass	Cetry Bank
<i>Eriophorum vaginiatum</i>	Hare's-tail Cottongrass	Widdybank Fell
<i>Eleocharis palustris</i>	Common Spike'rush	Low Force
<i>Kobresia simpliciuscula</i>	False Sedge	Cow Green Reservoir
<i>Trichophorum germanicum</i>	Deer Grass	Cauldron Snout
<b>Iridaceae</b>	<b>Iris Family</b>	
<i>Iris pseudacorus</i>	Yellow Iris	Cauldron Snout
<b>Juncaceae</b>	<b>Rush Family</b>	
<i>Juncus acutiflorus</i>	Sharp-flowered Rush	Cronkley Fell
<i>Juncus articulatus</i>	Jointed Rush	Harwood Beck
<i>Juncus bufonis</i>	Toad Rush	Low Force, Falcon Clints

Scientific Name	Common Name	Location
<i>Juncus bulbosus</i>	Bulbous Rush	Tees
<i>Juncus conglomeratus</i>	Compact Rush	Pennine Way
<i>Juncus effusus</i>	Soft Rush	Low Force
<i>Juncus inflexus</i>	Hard Rush	Tees
<i>Juncus squarrosus</i>	Heath Rush	Low Force
<i>Luzula campestris</i>	Field Wood-rush	Bowlees
<i>Luzula multiflora</i> subsp. <i>congesta</i>	Dense-headed Wood-rush	Cronkley Fell
<i>Luzula pilosa</i>	Hairy Wood-rush	High Force
<i>Luzula sylvatica</i>	Greater Wood-rush	Tees
<b>Juncaginaceae</b>	<b>Arrowgrass Family</b>	
<i>Triglochin palustris</i>	Marsh Arrowgrass	Harwood Beck
<b>Liliaceae</b>	<b>Lily Family</b>	
<i>Narthecium ossifragum</i>	Bog Asphodel	High Force
<i>Tofieldia pusilla</i>	Scottish Asphodel	Cow Green Reservoir
<b>Orchidaceae</b>	<b>Orchid Family</b>	
<i>Dactylorhiza fuchsii</i>	Common Spotted Orchid	Tees
<i>Dactylorhiza incarnata</i> subsp. <i>incarnata</i>	Early Marsh Orchid	Widdybank
<i>Dactylorhiza maculata</i> subsp. <i>ericetorum</i>	Heath Spotted Orchid	Tees
<i>Dactylorhiza purpurella</i>	Northern Marsh Orchid	Tees
<i>Gymnadenia borealis</i>	Heath Fragrant Orchid	Harwood
<i>Neottia ovata</i>	Common Twayblade	Bowlees
<i>Neottia cordata</i>	Lesser Twayblade	Cronkley Fell
<i>Platanthera chlorantha</i>	Greater Butterfly Orchid	Harwood
<i>Epipactis atrorubens</i>	Dark Red Helleborine	Cronkley fell
<b>Poaceae</b>	<b>Grass Family</b>	
<i>Alopecurus pratensis</i>	Meadow Foxtail	Harwood
<i>Anthoxanthum odoratum</i>	Sweet Vernal Grass	Meadows
<i>Arrhenatherum elatius</i>	False Oat-grass	High Force
<i>Agrostis capilaris</i>	Common Bent	roadside
<i>Agrostis stolonifera</i>	Creeping Bent	roadside
<i>Avenula pratensis</i>	Meadow Oat Grass	Low Force
<i>Brachypodium sylvaticum</i>	False Brome	Wood
<i>Briza media</i>	Quaking Grass	Tees
<i>Bromus hordeaceus</i>	Soft-brome	Cronkley Farm
<i>Bromopsis ramosa</i>	Hairy-brome	Bowlees
<i>Cynosorus cristatus</i>	Crested Dog's-tail	Meadows
<i>Dactylis glomerata</i>	Cock's-foot	Common
<i>Danthonia decumbens</i>	Heath Grass	Cronkley Fell
<i>Deschampsia cespitosa</i>	Tufted Hair-grass	Pennine Way
<i>Deschampsia flexuosa</i>	Wavy Hair-grass	Holwick
<i>Festuca rubra</i>	Red Fescue	Meadow
<i>Festuca ovina</i>	Sheep's Fescue	High Force
<i>Glyceria fluitans</i>	Floating Sweet-grass	Harwood
<i>Holcus lanata</i>	Yorkshire Fog	Meadow
<i>Holcus mollis</i>	Creeping Soft-grass	Tees
<i>Koeleria macrantha</i>	Crested Hair-grass	Widdybank
<i>Lolium perenne</i>	Perennial Rye-grass	Meadows
<i>Melica nutans</i>	Mountain Melick	High Force
<i>Melica uniflora</i>	Wood Melick	Low Force
<i>Millium effusum</i>	Wood Millet	High Force
<i>Molinia caerulea</i>	Purple Moor-grass	Tees
<i>Nardus stricta</i>	Mat-grass	Holwick
<i>Poa annua</i>	Annual Meadow-grass	Meadows
<i>Poa pratensis</i>	Smooth Meadow-grass	Tees



Scientific Name	Common Name	Location
<i>Sesleria caerulea</i>	Blue Moor-grass	Cetry Bank
<i>Trisetum flavescens</i>	Yellow Oat-grass	Cronkley Farm
<i>Poa nemoralis</i>	Wood Meadow Grass	High Force
<i>Schedonorus giganteus</i>	Giant Fescue	High Force
<i>Helictotrichon pubescens</i>	Downy Oat Grass	Langdon Beck
<i>Poa trivialis</i>	Rough Meadow Grass	Bowlees
<i>Puccinella distans</i>	Reflexed Saltmarsh Grass	roadside
<i>Hordeum murinum</i>	Wall Barley	roadside
<b>Mosses and Liverworts</b>		
<b>Bryophyta</b>		
<i>Racomitrium lanuginosum</i>		
<i>Polytrichum commune</i>		
<i>Philonotis fontana</i>		
<i>Hypnum jutlandicum</i>		
<i>Marchantia polymorpha</i>		
<i>Homalothecium sericeum</i>		
<i>Dicranum scoparium</i>		
<i>Conocephalum conicum</i>		
<i>Tortella tortuosa</i>		
<i>Brutelia chrysocoma</i>		
<i>Climacium dendroides</i>		
<i>Thamnobryum alopecurum</i>		
<i>Rhytidiadelphus squarrosus</i>		
<i>Hylocomiadelphus triquetrus</i>		
<i>Pleurozium schreberi</i>		
<i>Thuidium tamariscinum</i>		
<i>Eurhynchium striatum</i>		
<i>Fontinalis antipyretica</i>		
<i>Aulacomnium palustre</i>		
<i>Plagiothecium undulatum</i>		

## Birds (H = Heard only)

Common name	Scientific name	June 2025				
		9	10	11	12	13
Greylag Goose	<i>Anser anser</i>		✓	✓		
Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Black Grouse	<i>Lyrurus tetrix</i>		✓	✓		
Grey Partridge	<i>Perdix perdix</i>		✓			
Common Pheasant	<i>Phasianus colchicus</i>		H	✓	✓	✓
Common Swift	<i>Apus apus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓
Common Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus canorus</i>				✓	
Rock (Feral) Dove	<i>Columba livia 'feral'</i>		✓		✓	✓
Stock Dove	<i>Columba oenas</i>			✓		
Common Wood Pigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>		✓	✓		
Eurasian Oystercatcher	<i>Haematopus ostralegus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
European Golden Plover	<i>Pluvialis apricaria</i>				✓	
Northern Lapwing	<i>Vanellus vanellus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Eurasian Curlew	<i>Numenius arquata</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Common Snipe	<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>		✓	✓	✓	
Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	✓	✓		✓	
Common Redshank	<i>Tringa totanus</i>		✓	✓	✓	
Black-headed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus ridibundus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

Common name	Scientific name	June 2025				
		9	10	11	12	13
Lesser Black-backed Gull	<i>Larus fuscus</i>				✓	
Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>			✓	✓	
Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>					
Great Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos major</i>					✓
Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>			✓	✓	
Eurasian Magpie	<i>Pica pica</i>					✓
Western Jackdaw	<i>Coloeus monedula</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Rook	<i>Corvus frugilegus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Carrion Crow	<i>Corvus corone</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Eurasian Blue Tit	<i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>	✓	✓		✓	✓
Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>	✓	✓		✓	✓
Eurasian Skylark	<i>Alauda arvensis</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓
Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Western House Martin	<i>Delichon urbicum</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Willow Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus trochilus</i>	H	H		H	H
Common Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>	H	H	H	H	H
Eurasian Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>	H				H
Garden Warbler	<i>Sylvia borin</i>		H			
Eurasian Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>		✓	✓	H	H
Eurasian Treecreeper	<i>Certhia familiaris</i>	✓				
Common Starling	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Song Thrush	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>			H	✓	✓
Mistle Thrush	<i>Turdus viscivorus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Common Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>		✓		✓	✓
Ring Ouzel	<i>Turdus torquatus</i>		✓	✓	✓	
European Robin	<i>Erithacus rubecula</i>				✓	✓
European Pied Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula hypoleuca</i>		✓			
European Stonechat	<i>Saxicola rubicola</i>				✓	
Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>		✓	✓		
White-throated Dipper	<i>Cinclus cinclus</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓
House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>				✓	✓
Dunnock	<i>Prunella modularis</i>				H	✓
Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>		✓		✓	✓
White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Meadow Pipit	<i>Anthus pratensis</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓
Eurasian Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>		✓		✓	✓
Eurasian Bullfinch	<i>Pyrrhula pyrrhula</i>				✓	
European Greenfinch	<i>Chloris chloris</i>			H		
Redpoll	<i>Acanthis flammea</i>				✓	
European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>			✓	✓	✓
Eurasian Siskin	<i>Spinus spinus</i>		✓		✓	
Common Reed Bunting	<i>Emberiza schoeniclus</i>	✓				

## Mammals

Common name	Scientific name	June 2025				
		9	10	11	12	13
Rabbit	<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓
European Hare	<i>Lepus europaeus</i>			✓		
Roe Deer	<i>Capreolus capreolus</i>	✓				

## Amphibians

		June 2025				
Common name	Scientific name	9	10	11	12	13
Common Frog	<i>Rana temporaria</i>			✓	✓	
Common Toad	<i>Bufo bufo</i>	✓		✓		

## Butterflies

		June 2025				
Common name	Scientific name	9	10	11	12	13
Small White	<i>Pieris rapae</i>					✓
Green-veined White	<i>Pieris napi</i>			✓	✓	✓
Common Blue	<i>Polyommatus icarus</i>			✓		
Red Admiral	<i>Vanessa atalanta</i>			✓		
Small Heath	<i>Coenonympha pamphilus</i>			✓	✓	✓

## Other invertebrates

		June 2025				
Common name	Scientific name	9	10	11	12	13
<b>Grasshoppers</b>						
Common Green Grasshopper	<i>Omoncestus viridulus</i>				✓	✓
<b>Dragonflies</b>						
Four-spotted Chaser	<i>Libellula quadrimaculata</i>			✓		
<b>Miscellaneous insects</b>						
a click beetle	Elateridae sp.			✓	✓	
a froghopper	Cercopoidea sp.				✓	
<b>Crustaceans</b>						
American Crayfish	<i>Pacifastacus leniusculus</i>				✓	
<b>Molluscs</b>						
Black Slug	<i>Arion ater</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓