

# Alderney – Wildlife & History in Style

Naturetrek Tour Report

18 - 22 May 2018



Wall Brown by Barbara Evans



Northern Gannet by Barbara Evans



Green Hairstreak by John Horton



Blonde Hedgehog by Barbara Evans

Report compiled by John Horton  
Images P courtesy of Barbara Evans and John Horton



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Tour participants: John Horton & Suzy Weir (Leaders) with six Naturetrek clients

## Day 1

Friday 18th May

Straight from the airport we headed down to Platte Saline beach where we quickly located Harestail Cotton Grass and during the next 20 minutes in the immediate vicinity we recorded over 30 more species of wild flowers. We then headed up to Fort Albert, one of the best spots from which to get a panoramic view across much of the island, offering the group an opportunity to get their bearings and a sense of scale of Alderney. It was a beautiful clear evening and we enjoyed commanding views of the island and across to our group hotel in Braye Bay.

## Day 2

Saturday 19th May

The whole group opted for a 7am start hoping to see some bird ringing at Alderney Bird Observatory. This observatory was started in the spring of 2016 and is Britain's most southerly and the first ever in the Channel Islands. The numbers and variety of birds it has recorded during spring and autumn migration periods have been astounding, identifying Alderney as being on one of Europe's most important bird migration flyways. The observatory HQ is set inside the 1,900 year old walls of the best examples of a Roman signal fort and we were treated to a historical tour of the premises, seeing the layers of historical fortifications from the Romans through Napoleonic to World War Two. The bird ringers had caught, along with other species, a large flock of Swallows and martins which allowed us to observe the ringing of several Swallows and a Sand Martin at close quarters. We then looked at sexing Swallows by tail length and also the identification features of Chiffchaff against a Willow Warbler in the hand. During the ringing demonstration we heard a Cuckoo calling from Essex Hill and got superb views of a Wall Butterfly on the observatory wall.

Next it was back to the hotel for a hearty breakfast before moving on to meet with local moth expert David Wedd at the Mannez lighthouse garden. Moths, along with everything else this year after the long winter, have been late migrating and emerging but we still managed eight species along with a Caddis Fly. Just in front of the lighthouse we located Hairy Birds-foot Trefoil

We then set off on our first walk, from The Odeon to Longis Hide. We quickly located some late flowering Green-winged Orchid and at the same time we encountered around 20 Common Blue Butterflies. Migrating Swifts regularly passed over and either side of the footpath Whitethroats sang and displayed. We also found two Small Heath butterflies along with several more Wall Browns. Nearing Longis Hide we had great views of a Hobby overhead. From the recently built 'Naturetrek sponsored' Longis hide we focussed on a single summer plumage Little Grebe which was very vocal and the Swallows and martins which constantly swooped in for a drink and dip on the open water surrounded by Amphibious Bistort, over which we saw Emperor Dragonflies and Large White Butterfly. It was a good day for bird migration, the day saw a constant passage of Swifts, the group recording 50+ across the island.

We had a fine Lunch at The Old Barn and while travelling back to the hotel we stopped off to add more roadside wildflowers to our trip list including Yarrow, British Bluebell, Vipers Bugloss and Greater Broomrape. In the afternoon the whole group headed out on a boat trip to see the various seabird colonies surrounding the island. The flat calm sea and clear blue sky were just perfect to enjoy the close encounters with wildlife which

this excursion to Alderney's islets offers. The group took in the Puffins of Burhou island and the impressive Gannet colony on Les Etacs Rock along with the Shag, Cormorant, Guillemot, Razorbill and Gull colonies. The boat trip was led by the bird observatory Assistant Warden Justin Hart who is a seabird specialist. The group also managed to see a migrating Whimbrel passing close by their boat.

## Day 3

## Sunday 20th May

Leading moth expert David Wedd invited the group to his private gardens at Water Lane where he showed us the moths from his moth-trap set overnight. David explained to us all things moth related, from migration routes, food plants and how each species came by their names! An unusual species seen was the May Highflyer moth. Most were handled and released into David's garden by our group of Naturetrekers. On the return walk to our minibus we found Maidenhair Fern.

Our next stop was the Alderney museum, which gave us a fascinating insight to Alderney's past, going back as far as the Bronze age. The museum retains a wealth of artefacts and its WW2 collection alone is well worth.

Immersed in history we walked to the nearby Alderney allotments. This well-kept gardener's paradise set in a secluded valley has proven a magnet for butterflies and also holds several wildflowers around its margins. The flowering Comfrey just inside the entrance gate attracted good numbers of bees including the Red-shanked and Common Carder bees. Amongst the wilder areas we found a Silver Y moth in the grass. Wall Brown butterfly was again present in good numbers along with a few Small Whites. Settling amongst the brambles and nettles we enjoyed close views of three or four beautiful Holly Blue butterflies.

Our picnic lunch was taken at Cambridge Battery where further wild flower species were located including Pellitory of the Wall, Woody Nightshade and some magnificent Yellow-horned Poppy. In the Victorian military tunnels, we found the rarely seen Bloxworth Snout moth.

Refreshed after lunch we set out on our afternoon walk to Victorian Fort Clonque. On another fine, sunny afternoon we encountered bracken covered slopes on our left and views across Clonque Bay to our right. We soon picked out a wonderfully obliging male Stonechat perching on the Gorse tops. Further along a pair of Wheatears were displaying around a rocky outcrop - a likely nesting site. From a good viewpoint at about the halfway point we watched a summer plumage Rock Pipit and a White Wagtail, and at this noted spot for waders we found two fine summer plumage Grey Plovers. Lastly, before we headed back, a beautiful Green Hairstreak butterfly showed very well in the sunshine. This year being late for the arrival of all things wild due to the long cold winter, this was the first of this species recorded on Alderney in 2018. A Common Sandpiper flew by along the shoreline. On our return to the minibus a small wader flock of around 20 birds was feeding amongst the seaweed so we picked through them with the telescope and found both winter and summer plumage Sanderling along with some fine summer plumage Dunlin.

In the evening we headed out at 9.30pm to try and see some bats. At our first stop our detector quickly picked up a Common Pipistrelle Bat which we managed to see by torch light whizzing back and forth. Next we looked for a species that has proved to be many visitors' favourite - the famous "blonde" Western Hedgehog. Led by island expert Suzy Weir, we were not disappointed, quickly finding both the blonde and brown forms of these mammals spread across the island golf course.

## Day 4

Monday 21st May

With an increasingly ‘across the board’ impressive list of species already, we made a stop specifically at Longis Bay where we saw the island’s only breeding pair of Shelduck. Also, a good site for Stock Doves, we spotted one on a distant telegraph pole.

On next to the popular South Cliffs walk, an excellent site for wildflowers and magnificent views across the south cliffs with a backdrop of France to the south east and Guernsey to the south west. Setting off we stopped first to look at two Thick-legged Flower Beetles on an Ox-eye Daisy. As we slowly made our way along the cliff path through an area of Gorse a male Dartford Warbler suddenly sprang up and flew alongside our group landing briefly on a bush top before disappearing below. Brief views, but everyone got onto what is a rare and always hard bird to see. Rock Rose was not flowering but the plant leaves were present at several points. We suddenly disturbed a Cream-spot Tiger moth from the path, this spectacular moth having been enjoying the flowering Gorse. Wall butterflies seemed to be everywhere with at least 50 individuals present. From an impressive view point we located Prostrate Broom, Sheep’s Bit, White Stone-crop, Foxgloves and a perched Raven. Taking the dirt track road back to the van there were several Whitethroats displaying and a pair of Stonechat.

Next we took a walk out onto the South west facing headland known as Giffione. Reaching the south cliff’s edge, we marvelled at the thousands strong Gannet colony from above. The group then experienced an unlikely wildlife moment as seven Mute Swans passed by out at sea. This transpired to be the first time in Alderney history that any swan species has been recorded beyond scattered records of individual birds. We moved along the cliffs a little to the west and settled to watch the nesting Fulmar colony. All around the headland were little black red-headed Glanville Fritillary caterpillars.

We next visited the exact site of the WW2 German surrender to the British army, a site surrounded by Prostrate Broom and for good measure two Ravens. Maintaining the history theme we drove down to the off-the-beaten-track entrance to the only SS torture camp ever established on British soil – the Lager Sylt camp. Lightening the mood, we took in the pig pens, adding Jackdaw to our trip list. The ‘Oxford Sandy and Black’ breed of pigs had piglets galore. The little ones take part in the piglet racing held during the summer festival of ‘Alderney Week’ in August.

Lunch for most consisted of fresh local crab sandwiches at the Georgian house. Rested, we headed down to Braye Bay to add yet more variety to the trip with various wild flowers including Wild Clary, Sea Beet, Sea Spurge, Sea Rocket, Sea Sandwort and Pale Flax, plus several Common Blue and three Red Admiral butterflies. On the beach were three White Wagtails allowing us to look at the features which separate these from the more familiar Pied Wagtails found in the UK.

## Day 5

Tuesday 22nd May

Our first stop today was Arch Bay and parking up we were treated to a pair of Stonechats with two recently fledged chicks very close to the minibus. Approaching the Arch tunnel leading to Arch Bay we picked out Sea Pea at our feet and Sea Beet commonly along the sandy bank. Exiting the tunnel into the bay there was plenty of

Sea Holly, Sea Spurge and Sea Campion. A single Common Tern passed over us on the beach and we found a 'sharks purse' containing shark or ray species eggs.

Setting out from the Napoleonic "Target Wall" we set out on a favourite walk along the North East coastline of Houme-Herbe to Mannez lighthouse. Always particularly good in spring for butterflies and wild flowers, several privately-owned south-facing fields left as wild flower meadows gently slope down to the coast, offering shelter from the wind for numerous butterflies amongst a profusion of wild flowers incorporating the magnificent Eastern Wild Gladioli. From the outset of this walk we were inundated with Common Blue and Wall Brown butterflies, both species into three figures by the walk's end! The target for some was the very rare and endemic Alderney Sea Lavender, which took some searching for, but we came up trumps locating a spot with around 50 plants. A pair of Peregrine Falcons whizzed over, no doubt seeking prey for hungry chicks. Another dozen or so new wild flowers included Spring Squill, Common Century and Stinking Iris added to our already 100+ wild flower species list. John headed back to retrieve the van while Suzy led the group for the last short stretch to the Lighthouse. John had spotted a Song Thrush and retracing our steps there were two Small Copper butterflies on the path.

From the lighthouse we walked over to Mannez Nature Reserve. The hot sun continued to be perfectly accompanied by a cool breeze and from the reserve hide we looked out over the former granite quarry which is now a pool smothered in Lesser Reed Mace gently rustling in the breeze, and alive with the songs of competing Reed Warblers, one of which showed close to the hide. A Red Admiral passed by and along the pathway blooming with Gorse we found a Speckled Wood Butterfly.

Lunch was at the popular outdoor garden setting of the Old Barn restaurant adjacent to Longis Bay. Wanting to see more, and with just enough time before heading back to the airport, we explored Barrackmasters Lane successfully finding Alderney's other endemic wildflower the Alderney Cranesbill, whilst overhead our second Hobby of the trip raced after alarm calling Swallows.

Finally we had to call it a day and head to the airport for our flights home after a wonderful short holiday on this peaceful and beautiful island. The weather had been extremely kind to us and the flora and fauna had been fascinating, all contributing to a memorable holiday.

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## Species Lists

Birds (✓=recorded but not counted)

	Common name	Scientific name	May				
			18	19	20	21	22
1	Mute Swan	<i>Cygnus olor</i>				7	
2	Common Shelduck	<i>Tadorna tadorna</i>				2	
3	Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>		4			1
4	Common Pheasant	<i>Phasianus colchicus</i>	1	2	✓	✓	✓
5	Northern Fulmar	<i>Fulmarus glacialis</i>				30	
6	Northern Gannet	<i>Morus bassanus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
7	Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>			1	1	1
8	European Shag	<i>Phalacrocorax aristotelis</i>	3	4		✓	✓
9	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>					1
10	Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>		1			
11	Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>	1	1	2	2	1
12	Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>		1			1
13	Eurasian Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>		2			
14	Eurasian Oystercatcher	<i>Haematopus ostralegus</i>	5	✓	60	✓	50
15	Common Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius hiaticula</i>			7	7	
16	Grey Plover	<i>Pluvialis squatarola</i>			2		
17	Whimbrel	<i>Numenius phaeopus</i>		1			
18	Eurasian Curlew	<i>Numenius arquata</i>			1		
19	Sanderling	<i>Calidris alba</i>			9		
20	Dunlin	<i>Calidris alpina</i>			8		3
21	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>			1		
22	Atlantic Puffin	<i>Fratercula arctica</i>		200			
23	Razorbill	<i>Alca torda</i>		20		10	
24	Common Guillemot	<i>Uria aalge</i>		50		10	
25	Common Tern	<i>Sterna hirundo</i>					1
26	Black-headed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus ridibundus</i>			1		
27	Lesser Black-backed Gull	<i>Larus fuscus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
28	European Herring Gull	<i>Larus argentatus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
29	Great Black-backed Gull	<i>Larus marinus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
30	Rock/Feral Dove	<i>Columba livia</i>			10	5	3
31	Stock Dove	<i>Columba oenas</i>				1	1
32	Common Wood Pigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>	3	✓	✓	✓	✓
33	Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>			2		
34	Cuckoo	<i>Culculus canorus</i>		1			
35	Common Swift	<i>Apus apus</i>		50		1	
36	Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>				1	1
37	Hobby	<i>Falco Subbuteo</i>		1			1
38	Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>					2
39	Western Jackdaw	<i>Coloeus monedula</i>				6	
40	Carrion Crow	<i>Corvus corone</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
41	Northern Raven	<i>Emberiza schoeniclus</i>				2	
42	Eurasian Blue Tit	<i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>		2	2		1
43	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>		1	2	2	1
44	Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>	2	20			1
45	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	30	200	✓	✓	50
46	Common House Martin	<i>Delichon urbicum</i>	10	30			2
47	Common Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>		2	2		1

	Common name	Scientific name	May				
			18	19	20	21	22
48	Eurasian Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>		4	2		1
49	Common Whitethroat	<i>Sylvia communis</i>		10	5	10	3
50	Dartford Warbler	<i>Sylvia undata</i>				1	
51	Eurasian Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus scirpaceus</i>		1			3
52	Eurasian Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>		2	2	2	1
53	Common Starling	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>			2	2	
54	Common Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>	2	2	10	4	2
55	Song Thrush	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>					1
56	European Robin	<i>Erithacus rubecula</i>	1	2	2	2	1
57	European Stonechat	<i>Saxicola rubicola</i>			1	1	4
58	Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>		4	3		
59	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>		1		4	2
60	Dunnock	<i>Prunella modularis</i>			1	2	1
61	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>		1		3	1
62	Meadow Pipit	<i>Anthus pratensis</i>		5	10	10	10
63	Eurasian Rock Pipit	<i>Anthus petrosus</i>		1	1	2	
64	Common Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>		1	1		1
65	European Greenfinch	<i>Chloris chloris</i>		10		2	
66	Common Linnet	<i>Linaria cannabina</i>	1	20	5	5	10
67	European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>		2	2		2

## MAMMALS

1	Western Hedgehog	<i>Erinaceus europaeus</i>			5		
2	Common Pipistrelle	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>			2		
3	European Rabbit	<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>		20	10		

## BUTTERFLIES

1	Large White	<i>Pieris brassicae</i>		1			
2	Small White	<i>Artogeia (Pieris) rapae</i>		5	2	4	10
3	Green Hairstreak	<i>Callophrys rubi</i>			1		
4	Small Copper	<i>Lycaena phlaeas</i>			1		2
5	Holly Blue	<i>Celastrinas argiolus</i>			5		
6	Common Blue	<i>Polyommatus icarus</i>		20	3	10	50
7	Red Admiral	<i>Vanessa atalanta</i>			1	2	1
8	Common Grayling	<i>Hipparchia semele</i>			1		
9	Speckled Wood	<i>Pararge aegeria</i>					1
10	Small Heath	<i>Coenonympha pamphilus</i>		2			
11	Wall Brown	<i>Lasiommata megera</i>		10	5	30	30
12	Glanville Fritillary	<i>Melitaea cinxia</i>			Cater	✓ illars only	

## MOTHS

1	Apple Moth	<i>micro moth</i>			1		
2	Bloxworth Snout	<i>Hypena obsitalis</i>			1		
3	Brimstone Moth	<i>Opisthograptis luteolata</i>			2		
4	Brown Silverline	<i>Petrophora chlorosata</i>		3			
5	Common Pug	<i>Eupithecia vulgata</i>			1		
6	Common White Wave	<i>Cabera pusaria</i>			1		
7	Cream-spot Tiger	<i>Epicallia villica</i>				2	
8	Flame Shoulder	<i>Ochropleura plecta</i>		1	1		
9	Garden Carpet	<i>Xanthorhoe fluctuata</i>			1		

	Common name	Scientific name	May				
			18	19	20	21	22
10	Garden Pebble	<i>Pionea forficalis</i>					
11	Green Carpet	<i>Colostygia pectinataria</i>			3		
12	Heart and Dart	<i>Agrotis eclamationis</i>		1			
13	Lackey	<i>Malacosoma neustria</i>			1		
14	Least Black Arches	<i>Nola confusalis</i>			1		
15	Lychris	<i>Hadena bicruris</i>		1	1		
16	Marbled Coronet	<i>Hadena confusa</i>		1			
17	May Highflyer	<i>Hydriomena impluvaita</i>			20		
18	Pod Lover	<i>Hadena perplexa</i>		2			
19	Red Twin-spot Carpet	<i>Xanthorhoe spadicearia</i>			1		
20	Rusty-dot Pearl	<i>Udea ferrugalis</i>			1		
21	Shuttle-shaped Dart	<i>Agrotis puta</i>		4			
22	Silver Y	<i>Autographa gamma</i>			1		
23	Swallow Prominent	<i>Pheosia tremula</i>		1	1		
24	Yellow barred Brindle	<i>Acasis viretata</i>			1		

## OTHER INSECTS

1	Great Green Bush Cricket	<i>Tettigonia viridissima</i>			1		
2	Cockchafer	<i>Melolontha melolontha</i>			4		
3	Thick-legged Flower Beetle	<i>Oedemera nobilis</i>		2			
4	Caddis Fly	<i>Trichoptera</i>					
5	Large Carder Bee	<i>Bombus Muscorum</i>			1		1
6	Common Carder Bee	<i>Bombus pascourum</i>	1		20		
7	White-tailed Bee	<i>Bombus Lucorum</i>		1	2		
8	Red-shanked Carder	<i>Bombus ruderarius</i>		3			
9	Red-tailed Bee	<i>Bombus Lapidarius</i>	2				
10	Ichneumon Wasp sp	<i>Ichneumonoidea sp</i>			1		

## DRAGONFLIES

1	Emperor Dragonfly	<i>Anax imperator</i>		2			
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## OTHERS

1	White lipped Snail	<i>Cepaea hortensis</i>	10			2	
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## Plants

Scientific Name	Common Name	Location
<b>LEPTOSPORANGIATE FERNS</b>	<b>TRUE FERNS</b>	
<b>Aspleniaceae</b>	<b>Spleenwort Family</b>	
<i>Asplenium scolopendrium</i>	Hart's-tongue Fern	Alderney Allotments (AA)
<i>Asplenium trichomanes</i>	Maidenhair Spleenwort	Water Lane (WL)
<b>Dennstaeditiaceae</b>	<b>Bracken Family</b>	
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i>	Bracken	Fort Clonque (FC)
<b>DICOTS</b>	<b>DICOTYLEDONS</b>	
<b>Aizoaceae</b>	<b>Dewplant Family</b>	
<i>Carpobrotus edulis</i>	Hottentot-fig	Fort Albert (FA)



<b>Scientific Name</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Location</b>
<b>Apiaceae</b>	<b>Carrot Family</b>	
<i>Crambe maritima</i>	Sea-kale	Platte Saline (PS)
<i>Crithmum maritimum</i>	Rock Samphire	PS
<i>Daucus carota</i>	Wild Carrot	PS
<i>Eryngium maritimum</i>	Sea-holly	Braye Bay (BB)
<i>Foeniculum vulgare</i>	Fennel	PS
<i>Heracleum sphondylium</i>	Hogweed	Mannez Lighthouse (ML)
<b>Araliaceae</b>	<b>Ivy Family</b>	
<i>Hedera helix</i>	Common Ivy	Mannez Garenne ((MG)
<b>Asteraceae</b>	<b>Daisy Family</b>	
<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	Yarrow	MG
<i>Bellis perennis</i>	Daisy	PS
<i>Cirsium vulgare</i>	Spear Thistle	PS
<i>Hypochoeris radicata</i>	Common Cat's-ear	Houme Herbe (HH)
<i>Leucanthemum vulgare</i>	Ox-eye Daisy	South Cliffs (SC)
<i>Pilosella officinarum</i>	Mouse-ear Hawkweed	FC
<i>Senecio jacobaea</i>	Common Ragwort	FA
<i>Senecio vulgaris</i>	Groundsel	HH
<i>Sonchus asper</i>	Prickly Sow-thistle	PS
<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	Smooth Sow-thistle	WL
<b>Boraginaceae</b>	<b>Borage Family</b>	
<i>Anchusa arvensis</i>	Borage	Essex Hill (EH)
<i>Echium vulgare</i>	Viper's-bugloss	MG/FA
<i>Myosotis ramosissima</i>	Early Forget-me-not	AA/EH
<b>Brassicaceae</b>	<b>Cabbage Family</b>	
<i>Cakile maritima</i>	Sea Rocket	BB
<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>	Shepherd's-Purse	PS
<i>Lobularia maritima</i>	Sweet Alison	EH
<i>Raphanus raphanistrum ssp. maritimum</i>	Sea Radish	PS/FA
<b>Campanulaceae</b>	<b>Bellflower Family</b>	
<i>Jasione montana</i>	Sheep's-bit	SC
<b>Caprifoliaceae</b>	<b>Honeysuckle Family</b>	
<i>Lonicera periclymenum</i>	Honeysuckle	MG
<b>Caryophyllaceae</b>	<b>Pink Family</b>	
<i>Cerastium fontanum</i>	Common Mouse-ear	FA
<i>Silene dioica</i>	Red Campion	MG/FC
<i>Silene latifolia</i>	White Campion	BB
<i>Silene uniflora (vulgare ssp maritima)</i>	Sea Campion	FA/PS/ML
<b>Chenopodiaceae</b>	<b>Fat-hen Family</b>	
<i>Beta vulgaris subsp. maritima</i>	Sea Beet	BB
<i>Chenopodium album</i>	Fat-hen	HH
<b>Cistaceae</b>	<b>Rock-rose Family</b>	
<i>Tuberaria guttata</i>	Spotted Rock-rose	SC

<b>Scientific Name</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Location</b>
<b>Convolvulaceae</b> <i>Calystegia soldanella</i>	<b>Bindweed Family</b> Sea Bindweed	BB
<b>Ericaceae</b> <i>Calluna vulgaris</i>	<b>Heather Family</b> Heather	SC
<b>Euphorbiaceae</b> <i>Euphorbia helioscopia</i> <i>Euphorbia paralias</i>	<b>Spurge Family</b> Sun Spurge Sea Spurge	Saye Bay (SB) BB
<b>Fabaceae</b> <i>Cytisus scoparius subsp.maritimus</i> <i>Lotus corniculatus</i> <i>Medicago lupulina</i> <i>Trifolium pratense</i> <i>Trifolium repens</i> <i>Ulex europaeus</i> <i>Vicia sativa</i>	<b>Pea Family</b> Prostrate Broom Bird's-foot Trefoil Black Medick Red Clover White Clover Gorse Common Vetch	SC PS/FA/BB FA PS/FA BB FA/MG FA/MG
<b>Gentianaceae</b> <i>Centaurium erythraea</i>	<b>Gentian Family</b> Common Centaury	HH
<b>Geraniaceae</b> <i>Geranium robertianum</i>	<b>Geranium Family</b> Herb Robert	PS
<b>Lamiaceae</b> <i>Glechoma hederacea</i> <i>Mentha aquatica</i> <i>Mentha suaveolens</i> <i>Prunella vulgaris</i> <i>Thymus polytrichus</i>	<b>Dead-nettle Family</b> Ground Ivy Water Mint Round-leaved Mint Selfheal Wild Thyme	BB Mannez reserve (MR) FC FA FA
<b>Malvaceae</b> <i>Lavatera arborea</i>	<b>Mallow Family</b> Tree Mallow	PS
<b>Onagraceae</b> <i>Oenothera glazioviana</i>	<b>Willowherb Family</b> Large-flowered Evening Primrose	EH
<b>Orobanchaceae</b> <i>Orobanche minor</i> <i>Orobanche rapum-genistae</i>	<b>Broomrape Family</b> Common Broomrape Greater Broomrape	HH MG
<b>Papaveraceae</b> <i>Fumaria muralis</i> <i>Fumaria officinalis</i> <i>Glaucium flavum</i>	<b>Poppy Family</b> Common Ramping-fumitory Common Fumitory Yellow Horned-poppy	AA EH FC
<b>Plantaginaceae</b> <i>Plantago coronopus</i> <i>Plantago lanecolata</i> <i>Cymbalaria muralis</i>	<b>Plantain Family</b> Buck's-horn Plantain Ribwort Plantain Ivy-leaved Toadflax	LR (Longis reserve) WL WL

<b>Scientific Name</b>	<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Location</b>
<b>Plumbaginaceae</b> <i>Armeria maritima</i>	<b>Sea-lavender Family</b> Thrift	PS/FA
<b>Polygonaceae</b> <i>Persicaria amphibia</i> <i>Rumex acetosa</i>	<b>Knotweed Family</b> Amphibious Bistort Common Sorrel	LR FA
<b>Primulaceae</b> <i>Anagallis arvensis</i> <i>Primula vulgaris</i>	<b>Primrose Family</b> Scarlet Pimpernel Primrose	MG AA
<b>Ranunculaceae</b> <i>Ranunculus bulbosus</i> <i>Ranunculus repens</i>	<b>Buttercup Family</b> Bulbous Buttercup Creeping Buttercup	FA/PS/ML AA
<b>Rosaceae</b> <i>Crataegus monogyna</i> <i>Potentilla reptans</i> <i>Prunus spinosa</i> <i>Rubus fruticosus</i>	<b>Rose Family</b> Hawthorn Creeping Cinqufoil Blackthorn Bramble	MG AA MR MG
<b>Rubiaceae</b> <i>Galium aparine</i>	<b>Bedstraw Family</b> Cleavers	WL
<b>Salicaceae</b> <i>Populus alba</i>	<b>Willow Family</b> White Poplar	LR
<b>Solanaceae</b> <i>Lycium barbarum</i> <i>Solanum dulcamara</i>	<b>Potato Family</b> Duke of Argyll's Teapant Bittersweet	SC FC
<b>Urticaceae</b> <i>Parietaria judaica</i> <i>Urtica dioica</i>	<b>Nettle Family</b> Pellitory-of-the-wall Stinging Nettle	FC PS
<b>Valerianaceae</b> <i>Centranthus ruber</i>	<b>Valerian Family</b> Red Valerian	BB
<b>Veronicaceae</b> <i>Cymbalaria muralis</i> <i>Veronica chamaedrys</i>	<b>Speedwell Family</b> Ivy-leaved Toadflax Germander Speedwell	SC MG
<b>Violaceae</b> <i>Viola canina</i> <i>Viola reichenbachiana</i>	<b>Violet Family</b> Heath Dog-violet Early Dog-violet	HH FC
<b>MONOCOTS</b>	<b>MONOCOTYLEDONS</b>	
<b>Amaryllidaceae</b> <i>Allium triquetrum</i>	<b>Allium Family</b> Three-cornered Leek	PS
<b>Asparagaceae</b> <i>Hyacinthoides hispanica</i> <i>Hyacinthoides non-scripta</i>	<b>Asparagus Family</b> 'Spanish' Bluebell Bluebell	FA MG

Scientific Name	Common Name	Location
<b>Iridaceae</b>	<b>Iris Family</b>	
<i>Iris foetidissima</i>	Stinking Iris	HH
<b>Orchidaceae</b>	<b>Orchid Family</b>	
<i>Orchis morio</i>	Green-winged Orchid	MG
<b>Poaceae</b>	<b>Grass Family</b>	
<i>Phragmites australis</i>	Common Reed	LR
<b>Additions</b>		
<i>Eriophorum vaginatum</i>	Hare's-tail Cottongrass	
<i>Euphorbia portlandica</i>	Portland Spurge	
<i>Anthriscus sylvestris</i>	Cow Parsely	
<i>Iris pseudacorus</i>	Yellow Flag Iris	
<i>Gladiolus communis</i>	Eastern Gladioli	
<i>Lotus subbiflorus</i>	Hairy Birds-foot Trefoil	
<i>Umbilicus rupestris</i>	Navelwort	
<i>Anthyllis vulneraria</i>	Kidney Vetch	
<i>Verbascum thapsus</i>	Mullien	
<i>Symphytum officinale</i>	Comfry	
<i>Rumex patientia</i>	Docleaf	
<i>Linum bienne</i>	Pale Flax	
<i>Sedum album</i>	White Stonecrop	
<i>Salvia sclarea</i>	Clary	
<i>Honckenya peploides</i>	Sea Sandwort	
<i>Digitalis purpurea</i>	Fox Glove	
<i>Geranium herrerae</i>	Alderney Cranesbill	
<i>Limonium normannicum</i>	Alderney Sea Lavender	
<i>Lathyrus japonicus</i>	Sea Pea	
<i>Typha angustifolia</i>	Lesser Reedmace	
<i>Tamarix aphylla</i>	Tamarisk	



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The Group by John Horton