# Go Slow in Alderney

## Naturetrek Tour Report 8th – 15th September 2021

Small Copper

Hedgehog expert Suzy Weir showing the group Western Hedgehog brown and blonde forms

Peach Blossom Moth

Grasshopper Warbler

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Tour Participants - John Horton and Matthew Scragg (Leaders) with 10 Naturetrek clients.

## Day 1 Wednesday 8th September

The group were due in at 1530hrs but unfortunately the flight managed to coincide with the only fog we had seen in weeks. The weather had cleared in two hours but the slot had been missed and the group were re-scheduled to arrive on the 1630hrs flight the following day. Two of the group did manage to get in a little earlier via Guernsey and once settled in the hotel had dinner at the Georgian Hotel.

## Day 2 Thursday 9th September

The two group members who had arrived were particularly interested in wildflowers, so we went in search of the wonderful flora of the island taking in locations unlikely to be covered once the rest of the group arrived. At the second time of asking the rest of the group arrived and were soon settled into the hotel. We had a productive meet and greet session in the hotel cinema and before heading out for dinner stopped to observe several Wheatears on the Douglass Quay adjacent to the hotel, against which Wall Rocket was prominent. Also here we found White Wagtail, Stonechat, and a late migrating Common Swift.

## Day 3 Friday 10th September

After a delayed start, our group were happy to get out on our first walk. Beginning at the west end of Platte Saline beach we saw Ringed Plover and Dunlin on the shoreline, John H spotted a Knot - a locally rare migrant - on offshore rocks, which was observed by everyone via the spotting scope. Around us were half a dozen Wheatears and the same number of White Wagtails. At the head of the beach we found Sea Kale and some wonderful flowering Yellow Horned Poppy.

Walking west overlooking Clonque Bay on our right the leaders had timed this walk to coincide with high tide when large numbers of waders usually gather here. We stopped to watch a 200 strong flock of Oystercatchers together with over 30 Curlews, and also saw various other species including Holly Blue butterfly, Stonechat, Round-leaved Mint, Large Birds-foot Trefoil and Small Bloody-nosed Beetle. A young Peregrine Falcon patrolling the bay scattered hundreds of waders and offered us great views. After lunch at La Ville hotel in town we walked to St. Anne's church where we visited the grave of George 'Sapper' Onions, the only casualty from the British army that took over after the German occupation in May 1945. Moving on to the nearby well-kept allotments, often frequented by migrant birds, we saw several garden bird species including Song Thrush and Blue Tit along with Chiffchaff and Spotted Flycatcher. Comfrey and Hedge Woundwort were added to our wildflowers total, while the location was awash with Red Admiral, Peacock and Speckled Wood butterflies.

Report and images compiled by John Horton

## Day 4 Saturday 11th September

Today we took advantage of a very still morning and an early start for the much-anticipated bird ringing session at the bird observatory research station. Matt and John were able to show the group a wide variety of migrant birds including Willow Warbler, Chiffchaff, Blackcap, Whitethroat, Garden Warbler, Sedge Warbler, the elusive


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Spotted Flycatcher and to the delight of all, the rarely seen Grasshopper Warbler. Walking back to the minibus we stopped in our tracks on hearing the 'Zip zip' song flight of a Zitting Cisticola, the only pair in the British Isles. The male bird was seen descending and disappearing into some Bramble. The group returned to the hotel for breakfast whilst the leaders returned to close down the bird ringing.

Meeting up again mid-morning we went to what is locally known as the 'Bat Cave.' This important historical site consists of an underground tunnel built by slave labourers during the German occupation of Alderney during WW11. At this location long range missiles were stored and parts of the narrow-gauge rail track used to transport the huge weapons are still in situ. Visiting this location is a truly extraordinary and thought-provoking experience.

We moved on to the Nunnery, only recently discovered to be the site of a Roman fort. Over the last 2.000 years since the Romans it has been occupied as a military base during the Norman, Napoleonic, Victorian and WW11 periods. John H gave a historical tour pointing out the numerous features. Matthew then emptied the bird observatory moth trap, carefully identifying and showing the group over 30 species of moths including Rosy Underwing, as well as six Sexton Beetles.

After lunching our next destination was the gorse covered slopes above the south west cliffs and the chance of seeing Dartford Warblers, several of the group being very keen to see this species. The tour leaders monitor the Dartford Warbler population as part of their research work for the bird observatory, so we were in good hands for seeing this elusive avian species. Arriving at a specific location up to five Dartford Warblers were at close quarters, showing well though typically briefly and sporadically on several occasions. At the same site were several Wheatears, a Whinchat and two Yellow Wagtails. The pig farm and its Oxford Sandy and Black pigs were also enjoyed by the group.

Following dinner, we met with local Hedgehog expert Suzy Weir who has been studying the phenomena that is the local blonde 'leucistic' Hedgehog, recently working with a UK based scientist taking DNA samples and exploring the animals gene pool. Embarking on our 'after dark safari' we soon came across a fine example of these local 'blonde bombshells'. Suzy was on top form fielding numerous questions from the group as she handled the Hedgehog. John H spotted a Barn Owl and lit its progress with a powerful torch beam, illuminating it for the group as it silently passed by. We then stopped at the Bird Observatory where the lit moth trap was attracting a variety of moths and at least half a dozen Pipistrelle bats flew around our heads. We returned our attention to the Hedgehogs finding both the Brown and Blonde forms on the golf course. A long but memorable day ended at 11pm with the promise of a lie in the following morning ahead of our scheduled boat trip.

## Day 5 Sunday 12th September

Experienced local charter boat skipper Dave Venn was ready for our party late morning and just ahead of mid-day we were all aboard. With the whole group keen for this adventure, that just left enough space for trip co-leader Matthew on board. Throughout the season Matthew leads wildlife boat trips with Dave that are arranged locally by the bird observatory. On exiting the harbour, the first spot was of an Atlantic Grey Seal. The spectacle and undoubted highlight of this excursion at the back end of the seabirds season is the immense Gannet colony situated on Les Etacs rocks, heaving with thousands of Gannets including numerous chicks, the noise of the birds at this colony and the constant traffic of birds back and forth are an impressive spectacle, especially at such close quarters. With accompanying historical commentary from Dave, our trip completed a circuit of the island,

Cormorants, Shags, Ravens, and Peregrine Falcons were also spotted. Bathed in sunshine on a glass-flat sea we could not have asked for more.

After a short break we travelled to the south cliffs for our afternoon walk. At the outset we admired the outstanding views from our start point taking in all of the Channel Islands; from east to west we could see the Contentin peninsula of France, then the islands of Jersey, Sark, Herm and Guernsey. This walk is one of the best locations for Small Copper butterfly and not too far along the trail we were fortunate that a fine fresh example was happy to oblige our group as it absorbed the sunshine whilst perched on some Gorse. Ravens regularly accompanied us, and a constant stream of migrating Swallows and Martins passed by headed south-west. We stopped to watch a Willow Warbler feeding in a gully just below us and picked up two perched Peregrines on the cliff tops ahead. Jaff and Bryan spotted a Redstart and a Tree Pipit passed overhead. White Stonecrop, Honeysuckle and Butchers Broom were also seen.

## Day 6 Monday 13th September

Our first destination was Longis Bay, our visit timed to coincide with the just falling tide and the best opportunity to see shorebirds. A Bar-tailed Godwit showed well on the beach and we soon picked up a flock of smaller waders; amongst 12 Turnstones, 40 Ringed Plovers, eight Dunlins, one Sanderling, one Curlew and 20 Oystercatchers were two Little Stints and a Curlew Sandpiper. Also, here in the sand dunes beside the Napoleonic 'Target wall' a Bee Wolf (a large solitary wasp which preys on bees) travelled to and from its hole in the sand.

We set out on our morning walk from the Target Wall along the north-east coast toward Mannez Lighthouse. The south facing slopes fields and gardens along the way are excellent on sunny days for a variety of butterflies and although it was late in the year, given today's warm sunshine and low winds we had high hopes. We soon totted up Wall Brown, Large & Small White, Common Blue, Small Heath, Peacock and Red Admiral ahead of finding our first Small Copper but the best was to come. We stopped to admire other wildlife highlights in this part of the island and rare shoreline wildflowers included Alderney Sea Lavender, Rock Sea Lavender and Sea Milkwort, plus Autumn Lady's Tresses Orchid, Autumn Squill and Sea Rush. Moving on we found a cracking and very obliging male Brown Argus butterfly basking on the footpath in the sunshine for the whole group to enjoy. We also added Sea Sedge to a feast of wildflowers, butterflies and birds enjoyed by all.

On our way back to our lunch venue, 'The Moorings' at Braye Bay, we stopped off at the north end of the bay and recorded Sea Sandwort, Bush Vetch, Frosted Orache, some 21 Mediterranean Gulls and four Sandwich Terns.

Our afternoon began with a visit to Longis Common, one of many sites on Alderney where slave labourers who perished in Alderney during its WW11 occupation are buried. Continuing the gritty historical theme, we travelled to Lager Sylt SS concentration camp to learn about this darkest chapter in Alderney's history.

The sunshine continuing to prevail, we walked to Telegraph Bay where a Skylark gave brief views. A fine Whinchat, two Wheatears and three Stonechats sat prominently on top of the Gorse further along the path, along which we added Foxglove, Greater Broomrape, Prostrate Broom, and Chicory to our trip lists. From the headland were magnificent views over the Les Etacs Gannet colony.

Dinner was taken at the Georgian House restaurant.


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## Day 7 Tuesday 14th September

This morning we headed to Arch Bay. Before alighting from the minibus we chanced upon a puddle that was attracting lots of song birds bathing and drinking and we enjoyed Whinchat, House Sparrows, Meadow Pipits, White Wagtails, Linnets, Stonechats and Wheatears before walking to and through the Norman built tunnel. This leads to the picturesque Arch Bay where we soon found our location target species - Sea Spurge, and also here were flowering Sea Holly, Sea Rocket, a Garden Pebble moth and a Whimbrel.

From here we headed to a wildflower meadow on the west coast where the prevailing species was Corn Marigold, but we were also fortunate to find some late flowering Scarlet Clover. John H spotted a Southern Hawker Dragonfly that was confident enough in its camouflage on the Bramble that it sat tight for all to enjoy. Mary spotted a Dock Shield Bug and Jaff found a Brown-lipped Snail.

Our afternoon walk began at Longis Common, and took us across the reserve and up to the WW11 German Range finding Tower once occupied by the Luftwaffe. From the Naturetrek hide, we added Little Grebe, Teal, Water Rail and Reed Warbler to an impressive bird list for the week.

## Day 8 Wednesday 15th September

Some of the group were on early flights but after checking out of the hotel there was time for those with mid-day flights to enjoy another moth trapping session and one last guided walk. Given the warm southerly winds and warm temperatures the moth trap was again busy adding another dozen species to the list including Peach Blossom and Purple Bar. Our final walk took us up Essex Hill to the 16th century Essex Castle offering magnificent and memorable views on another beautiful day, across to the French coast eight miles to the north-east, along with an overview of the whole of the north east of Alderney Island.

Great Green Bush Cricket was a late addition to the trip list, and rounded off a memorable week on this attractive island, enjoying its wildlife and learning something of its history.

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# Species Lists

## Birds (✓ = recorded but not counted)

| | | | September 2021 | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **Common name** | ***Scientific name*** | **8** | **9** | **10** | **11** | **12** | **13** | **14** | **15** |
| 1 | Mallard | *Anas platyrhynchos* | | | 2 | | 1 | 5 | 28 | |
| 2 | Teal | *Anas crecca* | | | 2 | | | | 3 | |
| 3 | Common Pheasant | *Phasianus colchicus* | | | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| 4 | Little Grebe | *Tachybaptus ruficollis* | | | | | | | 2 | |
| 5 | Grey Heron | *Ardea cinerea* | | 1 | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 6 | Little Egret | *Egretta garzetta* | | 3 | 9 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 3 |
| 7 | Northern Gannet | *Morus bassanus* | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 8 | European Shag | *Phalacrocorax aristotelis* | | 4 | 10 | 2 | 84 | 12 | 20 | 20 |
| 9 | Great Cormorant | *Phalacrocorax carbo* | | 1 | | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | |
| 10 | Eurasian Sparrowhawk | *Accipiter nisus* | | | 1 | 1 | | | 1 | |
| 11 | Common Buzzard | *Buteo buteo* | | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 2 |
| 12 | Water Rail | *Rallus aquaticus* | | | | | | | 3 | |
| 13 | Common Moorhen | *Gallinula chloropus* | | | | | | | 2 | |
| 14 | Eurasian Coot | *Fulica atra* | | | | | | | 3 | |
| 15 | Eurasian Oystercatcher | *Haematopus ostralegus* | | 40 | 150 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | |
| 16 | Common Ringed Plover | *Charadrius hiaticula* | | 2 | 13 | 12 | 25 | 40 | 12 | |
| 17 | Red Knot | *Calidris canutus* | | | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| 18 | Eurasian Whimbrel | *Numenius phaeopus* | | 1 | | | | | 2 | |
| 19 | Eurasian Curlew | *Numenius arquata* | | 1 | 32 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | |
| 20 | Ruddy Turnstone | *Arenaria interpres* | | | | 1 | 12 | 12 | | |
| 21 | Common Sandpiper | *Actitis hypoleucos* | | | | | | 1 | | |
| 22 | Bar-Tailed Godwit | *Limosa lapponica* | | | | | | 1 | | |
| 23 | Common Snipe | *Gallinago gallinago* | | | | | | 1 | | |
| 24 | Sanderling | *Calidris alba* | | 4 | 5 | | | 1 | | 5 |
| 25 | Dunlin | *Calidris alpina* | | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 7 | | |
| 26 | Curlew Sandpiper | *Calidris ferruginea* | | | | | | 1 | | |
| 27 | Little Stint | *Calidris minuta* | | | | | | 1 | | |
| 28 | Black-headed Gull | *Chroicocephalus ridibundus* | | ✓ | 50+ | 60 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 29 | Mediterranean Gull | *Ichthyaetus melanocephalus* | | 6 | 10 | 2 | | 21 | | |
| 30 | Great Black-backed Gull | *Larus marinus* | | | 4 | 2 | 5 | 4 | ✓ | |
| 31 | European Herring Gull | *Larus argentatus* | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 32 | Lesser Black-backed Gull | *Larus fuscus* | | | | 2 | | | | |
| 33 | Sandwich Tern | *Thalasseus sandvicensis* | | 2 | | | 2 | 5 | | |
| 34 | Rock/Feral Dove | *Columba livia* | | | 2 | 4 | 2 | 20 | 10 | |
| 35 | Common Wood Pigeon | *Columba palumbus* | | | 30 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 20 | |
| 36 | Collared Dove | *Streptopelia decaocto* | | | | 2 | | | | |
| 37 | Barn Owl | *Tyto alba* | | | | 2 | | | | |
| 38 | Common Swift | *Apus apus* | | 1 | | | | | | |
| 39 | Common Kestrel | *Falco tinnunculus* | | | 5 | 5 | 4 | 10 | 10 | 3 |
| 40 | Peregrine Falcon | *Falco peregrinus* | | | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| 41 | Western Jackdaw | *Coloeus monedula* | | | | | | 1 | | |
| 42 | Carrion Crow | *Corvus corone* | | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| 43 | Northern Raven | *Emberiza schoeniclus* | | | 2 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 44 | Eurasian Blue Tit | *Cyanistes caeruleus* | | | 1 | 2 | | | | 1 |
| 45 | Great Tit | *Parus major* | | | 3 | 1 | | | 1 | 3 |
| 46 | Eurasian Skylark | *Alauda arvensis* | | | | | | 1 | | |
| 47 | Sand Martin | *Riparia riparia* | | | | 5 | 10 | | 2 | |


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| 48 | Barn Swallow | *Hirundo rustica* | | ✓ | 50 | ✓ | 300 | ✓ | 30 | |
| 49 | Common House Martin | *Delichon urbicum* | | | | 2 | 6 | | | |
| 50 | Willow Warbler | *Phylloscopus trochilus* | | | 5 | 40 | 3 | 2 | 1 | |
| 51 | Common Chiffchaff | *Phylloscopus collybita* | | | | 4 | | | 2 | |
| 52 | Eurasian Blackcap | *Sylvia atricapilla* | | | | 3 | | | | |
| 53 | Garden Warbler | *Sylvia borin* | | | | 2 | | | | |
| 54 | Common Whitethroat | *Curruca communis* | | | | 10 | 1 | 1 | 3 | |
| 55 | Dartford Warbler | *Curruca undata* | | | | 5 | 1 | 1 | | |
| 56 | Sedge Warbler | *Acrocephalus schoenobaenus* | | | | 2 | | | | |
| 57 | Reed Warbler | *Acrocephalus scirpaceus* | | | | | | 1 | 6 | |
| 58 | Grasshopper Warbler | *Locustella naevia* | | | | 1 | | | | |
| 59 | Zitting Cisticola | *Cisticola juncidis* | | | | 1 | | | | |
| 60 | Eurasian Wren | *Troglodytes troglodytes* | | | 4 | ✓ | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| 61 | Spotted Flycatcher | *Muscicapa striata* | | | 3 | 2 | 1 | | | |
| 62 | Common Blackbird | *Turdus merula* | | | 2 | 2 | | 2 | 4 | |
| 63 | Song Thrush | *Turdus philomelos* | | | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| 64 | European Robin | *Erithacus rubecula* | | | 10 | 3 | | 4 | | |
| 65 | Common Redstart | *Phoenicurus phoenicurus* | | | | | 1 | | | |
| 66 | Whinchat | *Saxicola rubetra* | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 67 | European Stonechat | *Saxicola rubicola* | | 1 | 3 | | | 3 | 12 | |
| 68 | Northern Wheatear | *Oenanthe oenanthe* | | 3 | 15 | 10 | 6 | 20 | 10 | 2 |
| 69 | House Sparrow | *Passer domesticus* | | | 1 | | 6 | 5 | 12 | |
| 70 | Dunnock | *Prunella modularis* | | | 1 | | | | 1 | |
| 71 | Yellow Wagtail | *Motacilla flava* | | | | 2 | 1 | | | |
| 72 | Grey Wagtail | *Motacilla cinerea* | | | | | | 1 | | |
| 73 | White Wagtail | *Motacilla alba* | | 1 | 6 | 2 | 6 | 2 | 6 | |
| 74 | Pied Wagtail | *Motacilla alba yarrelli* | | | 1 | | | | | |
| 75 | Meadow Pipit | *Anthus pratensis* | | | 1 | | 120 | 2 | 20 | |
| 76 | Tree Pipit | *Anthus trivialis* | | | | | 1 | | | 2 |
| 77 | Eurasian Rock Pipit | *Anthus petrosus* | | | 5 | 3 | 6 | | | |
| 78 | Common Chaffinch | *Fringilla coelebs* | | | 1 | 2 | | | | |
| 79 | European Greenfinch | *Chloris chloris* | | | | | | | 4 | |
| 80 | Common Linnet | *Linaria cannabina* | | | | | 20 | | 52 | |
| 81 | European Goldfinch | *Carduelis carduelis* | | | 4 | | | | 40 | |

## Butterflies

| | | | September 2021 | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **Common name** | **Scientific name** | **8** | **9** | **10** | **11** | **12** | **13** | **14** | **15** |
| 1 | Brown Argus | *Aricia agestis* | | | | | | 3 | | |
| 2 | Common Blue | *Polyommatus icarus* | | 2 | 2 | | 10 | 1 | | |
| 3 | Holly Blue | *Celastrinas argiolus* | | | 2 | | 1 | | 1 | 1 |
| 4 | Large White | *Pieris brassicae* | | 1 | 10 | 20 | 10 | 10 | 6 | 2 |
| 5 | Meadow Brown | *Maniola jurtina* | | | | | | | 2 | |
| 6 | Painted Lady | *Cynthia cardui* | | | 1 | | | | | |
| 7 | Peacock | *Inachis io* | | 3 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 10 | 20 | 20 |
| 8 | Red Admiral | *Vanessa atalanta* | | 2 | 10 | 10 | 25 | 30 | 20 | |
| 9 | Small Copper | *Lycaena phlaeas* | | | | | 1 | 3 | 1 | |
| 10 | Small Heath | *Coenonympha pamphilus* | | | | 1 | 2 | 20 | 2 | |
| 11 | Small White | *Artogeia (Pieris) rapae* | | | 5 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | |

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|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **Common name** | **Scientific name** | **8** | **9** | **10** | **11** | **12** | **13** | **14** | **15** |
| 12 | Speckled Wood | *Pararge aegeria* | | 1 | 10 | 5 | 2 | | 12 | 8 |
| 13 | Wall Brown | *Lasiommata megera* | | | | 1 | 1 | 3 | | |

## Moths

| | | | September 2021 | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **Common name** | **Scientific name** | **8** | **9** | **10** | **11** | **12** | **13** | **14** | **15** |
| 1 | Archer's Dart | *Agrotis vestigialis* | | | | | | | | 1 |
| 2 | Bright-line Brown Eye | *Lacanobia oleracea* | | | | 1 | | | | 5 |
| 3 | Brimstone | *Opisthograptis luteolata* | | | | | | | | 2 |
| 4 | Broad-bordered Yellow Underwing | *Noctua fimbriata* | | | | 3 | | | | 2 |
| 5 | Common Carpet | *Epirrhoe alternata* | | | | 1 | | | | 2 |
| 6 | Common Rustic | *Mesapamea secalis* | | | | 1 | | | | |
| 7 | Common Snout | *Libytheana carinenta* | | | | 2 | | | | 1 |
| 8 | Common Wainscot | *Mythimna pallens* | | | | 3 | | | | 3 |
| 9 | Crescent Dart | *Agrotis trux lunigera* | | | | 3 | | | | 7 |
| 10 | Dark Spectacle | *Abrostola triplasia* | | | | | | | | 2 |
| 11 | Dark Swordgrass | *Agrotis ipsilon* | | | | 1 | | | | 3 |
| 12 | Delicate | *Mythimna vitellina* | | | | 1 | | | | 1 |
| 13 | Drinker | *Euthrix potatoria* | | | | 1 | | | | |
| 14 | Early Thorn | *Selenia dentaria* | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | Feathered Runnunculous | *Polymixis lichenea* | | | | 1 | | | | |
| 16 | Flame Shoulder | *Ochropleura plecta* | | | | 2 | | | | 1 |
| 17 | Galium Carpet | *Epirrhoe galiata* | | | | | | | | 1 |
| 18 | Garden Pebble | *Evergestis forficalis* | | | | | | | 2 | |
| 19 | Grass Eggar | *Lasiocampa trifolii* | | | | 1 | | | | |
| 20 | Grass-veneer | *Crambus agitatellus* | | | | | | | 10 | |
| 21 | Green Carpet | *Colostygia pectinataria* | | | | 1 | | | | |
| 22 | Large Yellow Underwing | *Noctua pronuba* | | | | 15 | | | | 17 |
| 23 | Lesser Yellow Underwing | *Noctua comes* | | | | 5 | | | | 3 |
| 24 | Lucerne Moth | *Nomophila nearctica* | | | | 1 | | | | |
| 25 | Peach Blossom | *Thyatira batis* | | | | | | | | 1 |
| 26 | Privet Tortrix | *Clepsis consimilana* | | | | | | | | 1 |
| 27 | Purple Bar | *Cosmorhoe ocellata* | | | | | | | | 2 |
| 28 | Red-green Carpet | *Chloroclysta siterata* | | | | 1 | | | | |
| 29 | Red Underwing | *Catocala nupta* | | | | 1 | | | | |
| 30 | Rosy Rustic | *Hydraecia micacea* | | | | 1 | | | | |
| 31 | Ruby Tiger | *Phragmatobia fuliginosa* | | | | 10 | | | | 4 |
| 32 | Rusty Dot Pearl | *Udea ferrugalis* | | | | 2 | | | | 4 |
| 33 | Straw Underwing | *Thalpophila matura* | | | | 2 | | | | 3 |
| 34 | Scarce Footman | *Manulea complana* | | | | | | | | 1 |
| 35 | Setaceous Hebrew Character | *Xestia c-nigrum* | | | | 6 | | | | 8 |
| 36 | Silver Y | *Autographa gamma* | | | 1 | 15 | 6 | 2 | | |
| 37 | Shuttle-shaped Dart | *Agrotis puta* | | | | 6 | | | | |
| 38 | Small Dusty Wave | *Idaea seriata* | | | | 1 | | | | |
| 39 | Square-spot Rustic | *Xestia xanthographa* | | | | 8 | | | | 14 |
| 40 | The Herald | *Scoliopteryx libatrix* | | | | 1 | | | | |
| 41 | Treble-bar | *Aplocera plagiata* | | | | | | | 1 | |
| 42 | Vine's Rustic | *Hoplodrina ambigua* | | | | 6 | | | | 2 |


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| 43 | White-point | *Mythimna albipuncta* | | | | 3 | | | | 2 |
| 44 | Willow Beauty | *Peribatodes rhomboidaria* | | | | 1 | | | | 4 |

## Other species

| | | | September 2021 | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | **Common name** | **Scientific name** | **8** | **9** | **10** | **11** | **12** | **13** | **14** | **15** |
| | **DRAGONFLIES** | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Emperor Dragonfly | *Anax imperator* | | | 1 | | | | | |
| 2 | Common Darter | *Sympetrum striolatum* | | | | 1 | | 2 | | 1 |
| 3 | Migrant Hawker | *Aeshna mixta* | | | | 2 | | | | |
| 4 | Southern Hawker | *Aeshna cyanea* | | | | | | | 1 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | **OTHER INSECTS** | | | | 2 | 10 | 20 | P | 100 | P |
| 1 | European Garden Spider | *Araneus Diadematus* | | | | | | | | 3 |
| 2 | Field Grasshopper | *Chorthippus brunneus* | | | | | | | | 1 |
| 3 | Great Green Bush-cricket | *Tettigonia viridissima* | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Long-winged Conehead | *Conocephalus fuscus* | | 1 | | | | | | |
| 5 | Sexton Beetle | *Nicrophorus vespillo* | | | | 4 | | | | |
| 6 | Small Bloody-nosed Beetle | *Timarcha goettingensis* | | | 1 | | | | | |
| 7 | Bee Wolf | *Philanthus triangulum* | | | 1 | | 1 | 1 | | |
| 8 | Cliff Mining Bee | *Andrena thoracica* | | | | | | | 1 | |
| 9 | Common Carder Bee | *Bombus pascuorum* | | | 2 | | | | | |
| 10 | Common Honey Bee | *Apis mellifera* | | | 1 | | | | | |
| 11 | Large Carder Bee | *Bombus muscorum* | | | | 2 | | | | |
| 12 | Scilly Bee | *Bombus muscorum* | | | 3 | 2 | | 1 | 1 | |
| 13 | Tree Carder Bee | *Bombus pascuorum* | | | 1 | | | 1 | | |
| 14 | White-tailed Bee | *Bombus Lucorum* | | | 1 | | | 2 | 3 | |
| 15 | Large Tiger Hoverfly | *Helophilus trivittatus* | | | 1 | | | | | |
| 16 | Long Hoverfly | *Sphaerophoria scripta* | | | | 1 | | | | |
| 17 | Green Shield Bug | *Palomena prasina* | | | 1 | | | | | |
| 28 | Dock Shieldbug | *Coreus marginatus* | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | Marmalade Hoverfly | *Episyrphus balteatus* | | | 1 | | | | 1 | |
| 20 | Marsh Crane Fly | *Tipula oleracea.* | | | 5 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | **SLUGS/SNAILS** | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Brown Lipped Snail | *Cepaea nemoralis* | | | | | | | 1 | |
| 2 | White Lipped Snail | *Cepaea hortensis* | | | 6 | | | | | |
| 3 | Large Red Slug | *Arion rufus* | | | | | | | 1 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | **MAMMALS** | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Atlantic Grey Seal | *Halichoerus grypus* | | | | | 1 | | | |
| 2 | European Rabbit | *Oryctolagus cuniculus* | | | 1 | 10 | | | | |
| 3 | Soprano Pipistrelle | *Pipistrellus pygmaeus* | | | | 7 | | | | |
| 4 | Western Hedgehog | *Erinaceus europaeus* | | | | 6 | | | | |

## Plants

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| | ***Scientific Name*** | **Common Name** |
| | **PLANTS** | |
| | ***LEPTOSPORANGIATE FERNS*** | **TRUE FERNS** |
| | ***Aspleniaceae*** | **Spleenwort Family** |
| 1 | *Asplenium ruta-muraria* | Wall-rue |
| 2 | *Asplenium scolopendrium* | Hart's-tongue Fern |
| | | |
| | ***Dennstaeditiaceae*** | **Bracken Family** |
| 3 | *Pteridium aquilinum* | Bracken |
| | | |
| | ***GYMNOSPERMS*** | **CONIFERS** |
| | ***Pinaceae*** | **Pine Family** |
| 4 | *Pinus radiata* | Monterey Pine |
| | | |
| | ***DICOTS*** | **DICOTYLEDONS** |
| | ***Aizoaceae*** | **Dewplant Family** |
| 5 | *Carpobrotus edulis* | Hottentot-fig |
| | | |
| | ***Amaranthaceae*** | **Amaranth Family** |
| 6 | *Atriplex laciniata* | Frosted Orache |
| | | |
| | ***Apiaceae*** | **Carrot Family** |
| 7 | *Crambe maritima* | Sea-kale |
| 8 | *Crithmum maritimum* | Rock Samphire |
| 9 | *Daucus carota* | Wild Carrot |
| 10 | *Eryngium maritimum* | Sea-holly |
| 11 | *Foeniculum vulgare* | Fennel |
| 12 | *Heracleum sphondylium* | Hogweed |
| | | |
| | ***Araliaceae*** | **Ivy Family** |
| 13 | *Hedera helix* | Common Ivy |
| | | |
| | ***Asteraceae*** | **Daisy Family** |
| 14 | *Achillea millefolium* | Yarrow |
| 15 | *Carlina vulgaris* | Carline Thistle |
| 16 | *Cichorium intybus* | Chicory |
| 17 | *Cirsium vulgare* | Spear Thistle |
| 18 | *Conyza canadensis* | Canadian Fleabane |
| 19 | *Hypochoeris radicata* | Common Cat's-ear |
| 20 | *Leucanthemum vulgare* | Ox-eye Daisy |
| 21 | *Senecio jacobaea* | Common Ragwort |
| 22 | *Sonchus oleraceus* | Smooth Sow-thistle |
| 23 | *Taraxacum agg.* | Dandelion group |
| 24 | *Tripleurospermum inodorum* | Scentless Mayweed |
| 25 | *Helminthotheca echioides* | Bristly Oxtongue |
| 26 | *Glebionis segetum* | Corn Marigold |
| | | |
| | ***Boraginaceae*** | **Borage Family** |
| 27 | *Anchusa arvensis* | Borage |
| 28 | *Echium vulgare* | Viper's-bugloss |
| | | |
| | ***Brassicaceae*** | **Cabbage Family** |


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| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 29 | *Cakile maritima* | Sea Rocket |
| 30 | *Lobularia maritima* | Sweet Alison |
| 31 | *Raphanus raphanistrum ssp. maritimum* | Sea Radish |
| 32 | *Diplotaxis muralis* | Wall Rocket |
| | | |
| | ***Campanulaceae*** | **Bellflower Family** |
| 33 | *Jasione montana* | Sheep's-bit |
| | | |
| | ***Caprifoliacae*** | **Honeysuckle Family** |
| 34 | *Lonicera periclymenum* | Honeysuckle |
| | | |
| | ***Caryophyllaceae*** | **Pink Family** |
| 35 | *Cerastium fontanum* | Common Mouse-ear |
| 36 | *Silene dioica* | Red Campion |
| 37 | *Silene uniflora (vulgare ssp maritima)* | Sea Campion |
| 38 | *Spergularia rubicola* | Rock Spurrey |
| 39 | *Honckenya peploides* | Sea Sandwort |
| | | |
| | ***Chenopodiaceae*** | **Fat-hen Family** |
| 40 | *Beta vulgaris subsp. maritima* | Sea Beet |
| | | |
| | ***Convolvulaceae*** | **Bindweed Family** |
| 41 | *Calystegia sepium* | Hedge Bindweed |
| 42 | *Calystegia soldanella* | Sea Bindweed |
| | | |
| | ***Crassulaceae*** | **Stonecrop Family** |
| 43 | *Crassula helmsii* | New Zealand Pygmyweed |
| 44 | *Umbilicus rupestris* | Navelwort |
| | | |
| | ***Ericaceae*** | **Heather Family** |
| 45 | *Calluna vulgaris* | Heather |
| 46 | *Erica cinerea* | Bell Heather |
| | | |
| | ***Euphorbiaceae*** | **Spurge Family** |
| 47 | *Euphorbia paralias* | Sea Spurge |
| 48 | *euphorbia portlandica* | Portland Spurge |
| | | |
| | ***Fabaceae*** | **Pea/Bean family** |
| 49 | *Cytisus scoparius subsp.maritimus* | Prostrate Broom |
| 50 | *Lotus corniculatus* | Bird's-foot Trefoil |
| 51 | *Medicago sativa* | Lucerne |
| 52 | *Melilotus officinalis* | Ribbed Melilot |
| 53 | *Trifolium pratense* | Red Clover |
| 54 | *Trifolium repens* | White Clover |
| 55 | *Ulex europaeus* | Gorse |
| 56 | *Vicia sativa* | Common Vetch |
| 57 | *Vicia sepium* | Bush Vetch |
| 58 | *Trifolium campestre* | Hop Trefoil |
| 59 | *Lotus pedunculatus* | Large Birdsfoot Trefoil |
| | | |
| | ***Fagaceae*** | **Beech Family** |
| 60 | *Castanea sativa* | Sweet-Chestnut |
| | | |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| | ***Gentianaceae*** | **Gentian Family** |
| 61 | *Centaurium erythraea* | Common Centaury |
| | | |
| | ***Geraniaceae*** | **Geranium Family** |
| 62 | *Erodium cicutarium* | Common Stork's-bill |
| 63 | *Geranium robertianum* | Herb Robert |
| | | |
| | ***Lamiaceae*** | **Dead-nettle Family** |
| 64 | *Mentha aquatica* | Water Mint |
| 65 | *Mentha suaveolens* | Round-leaved Mint |
| 66 | *Stachys sylvatica* | Hedge Woundwort |
| 67 | *Teucrium scorodonia* | Wood Sage |
| 68 | *Thymus polytrichus* | Wild Thyme |
| | | |
| | ***Malvaceae*** | **Mallow Family** |
| 70 | *Malva sylvestris* | Common Mallow |
| | | |
| | ***Oleaceae*** | **Olive Family** |
| 71 | *Fraxinus excelsior* | Ash |
| 72 | *Ligustrum vulgare* | Wild Privet |
| | | |
| | ***Onagraceae*** | **Willowherb Family** |
| 73 | *Epilobium montanum* | Broad-leaved Willowherb |
| 74 | *Oenothera glazioviana* | Large-flowered Evening Primrose |
| 75 | *Circaea lutetiana* | Enchanted Nightshade |
| | | |
| | ***Orchidaceae*** | |
| 76 | *Spiranthes spiralis* | Autumn Ladies Tresses |
| | | |
| | ***Orobnachaceae*** | **Broomrape Family** |
| 77 | *Orobnache rapum-genistae* | Greater Broomrape |
| 78 | *Orobanche hederae* | Ivy-leaved Broomrape |
| | | |
| | ***Oxalidaceae*** | **Wood-sorrel Family** |
| 79 | *Oxalis articulata* | Pink-sorrel |
| | | |
| | ***Papaveraceae*** | **Poppy Family** |
| 80 | *Fumaria muralis* | Common Ramping-fumitory |
| 81 | *Glaucium flavum* | Yellow Horned-poppy |
| 82 | *Papaver rhoeas* | Common Poppy |
| | | |
| | ***Plantaginaceae*** | **Plantain Family** |
| 83 | *Plantago lanecolata* | Ribwort Plantain |
| 84 | *Digitalis purpurea* | Foxglove |
| | | |
| | ***Plumbaginaceae*** | **Sea-lavender Family** |
| 85 | *Armeria maritima* | Thrift |
| 86 | *Limonium binervosum* | Rock Sea Lavender |
| 87 | *Limonium normannicum* | Alderney Sea Lavender |
| | | |
| | ***Polygalaceae*** | **Milkwort Family** |
| 88 | *Polygala vulgaris* | Common Milkwort |
| | | |


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| | | |
|---|---|---|
| | ***Polygonaceae*** | **Knotweed Family** |
| 89 | *Persicaria amphibia* | Amphibious Bistort |
| 90 | *Polygonun arenastrum* | Common Knotgrass |
| | | |
| | ***Primulaceae*** | **Primrose Family** |
| 91 | *Anagallis arvensis* | Scarlet Pimpernel |
| 92 | *Lysimachia maritima* | Sea Milkwort |
| | | |
| | ***Rosaceae*** | **Rose Family** |
| 93 | *Crataegus monogyna* | Hawthorn |
| 94 | *Potentilla anserina* | Silverweed |
| 95 | *Potentilla erecta* | Tormentil |
| 96 | *Prunus spinosa* | Blackthorn |
| 97 | *Rubus fruticosus* | Bramble |
| | | |
| | ***Salicaceae*** | **Willow Family** |
| 98 | *Populus alba* | White Poplar |
| | | |
| | ***Sapindaceae (Aceraceae)*** | **Maple Family** |
| 99 | *Acer pseudoplatanus* | Sycamore |
| 100 | *Aesculus hippocastanum* | Horse-chestnut |
| | | |
| | ***Solanaceae*** | **Potato Family** |
| 101 | *Solanum dulcamara* | Bittersweet |
| | | |
| | ***Urticaceae*** | **Nettle Family** |
| 102 | *Parietaria judaica* | Pellitory-of-the-wall |
| 103 | *Urtica dioica* | Stinging Nettle |
| | | |
| | ***Valerianaceae*** | **Valerian Family** |
| 104 | *Centranthus ruber* | Red Valerian |
| | | |
| | ***Veronicaceae*** | **Speedwell Family** |
| 105 | *Cymbalaria muralis* | Ivy-leaved Toadflax |
| 106 | *Veronica chamaedrys* | Germander Speedwell |
| | ***MONOCOTS*** | **MONOCOTYLEDONS** |
| | ***Araceae*** | **Arum Family** |
| 107 | *Arum maculatum* | Lord's-and-Ladies |
| | | |
| | ***Asparagaceae*** | **Asparagus Family** |
| 108 | *Prospero autumnale* | Autumn Squill |
| | | |
| | ***Iridaceae*** | **Iris Family** |
| 109 | *Crocosmia aurea* | Montbretia |
| 110 | *Iris foetidissima* | Stinking Iris |
| | ***Poaceae*** | **Grass Family** |
| 111 | *Phragmites australis* | Common Reed |