Somerset's Summer Wildlife

Naturetrek Tour Report

12th – 15th June 2023



Privet Hawk Moth

Tour report and images by Jonathan Mycock



Tour participants: Jonathan Mycock (Leader) with eight Naturetrek clients

Introduction

Somerset is home to a wealth of habitats and species, partly comprising the various hill formations, coastline and woodland. The urban centres of Taunton, Minehead and Weston-Super-Mare are surrounded by villages and large areas of open countryside. The focus of the tour was to cover many areas of the county, to capture enigmatic or special species for the region. We visited the newer Somerset Levels and Steart Marshes, along with walks in the hills of the Mendips, Polden and Quantocks.

The tour was very general and not focussing on any single wildlife group, although birds factored highly. The group had a range of interests, so all invertebrate groups and flora were covered too, making this a diverse and interesting tour. Highlights included booming Bittern, Great Egret and several Hobbies at Ham Wall, Large Blues on the Polden Hills, Redstart and Wood Warbler in the Quantocks, and lastly, two species of Owl and a broad selection of moths in the Hotel grounds!

Monday 12th June

The group met their Naturetrek Leader, Jonathan Mycock, in the restaurant of the Batch Country Hotel for dinner. Jonathan gave an outline of the itinerary for the week. After dinner we explored the very attractive grounds of the hotel and set up the moth trap in anticipation of viewing a selection of moths the following morning.

Day 2

Day 1

Tuesday 13th June

A pre-breakfast inspection of the moth trap revealed a varied catch of moths, and in the short time available we were able to identify 17 species. Highlights included the lovely pink Elephant Hawk Moth, Poplar Hawk Moth, Buff Ermine, Heart and Dart, and Light Emerald.

After breakfast we headed to Ham Wall RSPB reserve, in the wonderful Somerset Levels. It was a warm, sunny day, so lots of the colourful *Vanessid* butterflies were on the wing, including several Small Tortoiseshells, a species which sadly has undergone a steep decline in recent years. The marshes and reedbeds either side of the main trackway, which follows an old railway line, were alive with birds, many coming and going to feed hungry youngsters. A distant booming Eurasian Bittern was heard, and several Great Egrets and hunting Marsh Harriers were seen. The Hawthorn and Willow bushes lining the trackway held good numbers of Blackcap and Willow Warbler, and we were able to obtain good views of both, unlike the Cetti's, which we heard regularly, but remained elusive. We even obtained brief views of the usually skulking Garden Warbler!

A Barred Grass Snake was seen swimming across one of the larger wet ditches, ending up lying across the fringing vegetation and enabling photos to be taken. The loud croaking of introduced Iberian Water Frogs could be heard from down below. Eventually we reached the Avalon Hide, and we climbed up to the 'top deck', which gave elevated views of the pools and reedbeds in three directions, and Glastonbury Tor to the east. The squealing, pig-like call of a Water Rail was heard several times, and a few Bearded Tits were also heard, but remained frustratingly hidden among the tops of the reeds!

In the midday heat, eight species of Odonata were active, including Emperor, Broad-bodied and Four-spotted Chasers and Black-tailed Skimmer dragonflies, together with Banded and Beautiful Demoiselles. The numerous dragonflies on the wing attracted the attention of several Hobbies, which we observed catching these quick-flying insects, before biting off their wings and eating them, whilst held in one foot.

As the temperature soared to the high 20s, we headed back to the visitor hut and stopped for ice creams and cold drinks, before winding our way to Holford, where we had an enjoyable lunch sitting outdoors at The Sheppey Inn. Afterwards we headed east to the Polden Hills and the National Trust reserve at Collard Hill. Unfortunately, the hot dry summer had resulted in a dearth of orchids in the meadows, but we were compensated by good numbers of Marbled Whites and Meadow Browns.

We slowly searched the chalk grassland on the steep-sided escarpment, along with a few other Lepidopterists, for the enigmatic Large Blue. Eventually our perseverance paid off as we saw three individuals between us, although they were difficult to photograph as it was quite windy. Small Heath butterflies were common here, while Pyramidal Orchids were frequent amongst the grassy sward. Birds included Linnet in the Hawthorn scrub and Swifts and Swallows along the ridge.

After dinner we set the moth trap in a slightly different location within the hotel grounds, hoping to attract some different species. A Barn Owl was seen flying past the bedroom window of one of the clients and was later seen by other members of the group, doing a circuit of the grounds. Bat detectors were deployed, and we managed to pick up two or three Common Pipistrelles.

Day 3

Wednesday 14th June

A pre-breakfast inspection of the moth trap produced 12 species, highlights of which included Brimstone, Buff Tip, Ribboned Wave and White Ermine.

After breakfast we headed west to the Quantocks, passing through the quaint village of Holford to the start of our walk, up Hodder's Combe. After a short distance Jonathan picked up the distinctive song of a Wood Warbler, and everyone managed to hear its lovely descending song, though seeing it amongst the foliage of the Oak and Beech trees proved challenging. Eventually we crossed a stream, which held a pair of handsome Grey Wagtails. We walked up the side of the Combe (valley) through cool Sessile Oak woodland, with an understorey of Bilberry. Amongst the Oaks we saw or heard Nuthatch, Great Spotted Woodpecker, Marsh and Coal Tits, Goldcrest and a distant Pied Flycatcher. The narrow path opened out onto a heathland ridge, with wondrous views to the Bristol Channel to the west, and onto the high moorland to the east.

At the woodland edge we found a female Redstart, which appeared to be nesting in the Holly bushes and gave fleeting glimpses as it dashed out to catch insects. Family groups of Linnets flew over, and Stonechats were encountered at regular intervals in gorse bushes amongst the tall Heather. Across the valley a herd of 30 Red Deer was spotted, grazing on the heather or lying down on the slopes. Crossing the Bracken covered moorland, we came across singing Meadow Pipit and Yellowhammer. Along the edge of the footpath, several Green Hairstreaks were seen sheltering among the Bracken. We descended the ridge back to the minibus, then drove the short distance to the village, where a delicious lunch awaited us at the Plough Inn. After lunch we headed to Steart Marshes, which lie between Bridgewater Bay and the estuary of the River Parrett, passing through lovely pastoral countryside and picturesque villages. An unexpected road closure led to a wide detour and some very skilled map reading. Eventually we reached the reserves car park, then visited the various hides, each named after the view in front of it. The first was Mendip hide, which overlooked a large area of grazing marsh, which in winter would be inundated by the tides. Few birds were visible in mid-summer, but a male Marsh Harrier flew past very close to the hide. Next, we moved onto Quantock hide, where several islands were in the foreground. Unfortunately, due to the very hot, dry summer, the pools had dried up. The warden informed us that the adult Avocets had taken their chicks down to the river edge, where they would be able to find insect prey. Some groups of duck had remained, including some splendid Shelduck. A family of four Ravens were perched on some large electricity pylons, detected by their "cronking" calls. Emergent plants growing from the wet ditches included Purple Loosestrife and Yellow Flag, whilst the songs of Reed Warbler could be heard from beds of *Phragmites* reed.

On the reserve, large areas had been sown with wildflower species, and these attracted a variety of butterflies, including Small Tortoiseshell and Small Skipper. The hedgerow bordering the car park held a singing Sedge Warbler, which we all eventually managed to see.

After dinner we ventured into the hotel grounds again with our bat detectors. Before long, a Little Owl flew across the garden, much to everyone's surprise, and then later the Barn Owl re-appeared. Bat activity was lower than the previous evening, possibly due to the drizzly weather, but one or two Common Pipistrelles were seen/'heard'.

Day 4

Thursday 15th June

Before breakfast we held our final inspection of the moth trap. A total of seven species were identified, including a stunning Privet Hawk Moth, a second Elephant Hawk Moth and a few new species such as Angle Shades, Scalloped Hook-tip, and Large Yellow Underwing. The resident Barn Owl also put in an appearance! After breakfast we headed east to Cheddar Gorge, stopping en-route to purchase our picnic lunch items. At the top of the gorge, we reached the Blackrock NNR and walked through this limestone grassland and ash woodland reserve. The grassy slopes were very herb-rich and covered in ant hills, with Wild Thyme and Marjoram attracting butterflies, including Common Blue, Silver-Spotted Skipper and the moth-like Dingy Skipper. The footpath then entered the Velvet Bottom reserve, where there was much evidence of old lead mining works.

Beneath the shade of some Elder bushes, we found a fine colony of Common Spotted Orchids, while the Hawthorn scrub opposite held a singing Common Whitethroat. Further on, we managed to find a group of mature Sycamores, beneath which we sat and ate our picnic lunch. Higher up the valley we passed the remains of Roman lead mines, near the hamlet of Charterhouse. The group carried on to inspect the chapel in the hamlet, whilst Jonathan re-traced his steps at a rapid pace, in order to bring the minibus around to save everyone the long walk back. We then headed back down the gorge to Cheddar, where we enjoyed a pot of tea and an ice cream! The clear waters of the stream by the roadside held a large European Eel and a few Brown Trout.

We later drove back to the Batch Country Hotel and said our goodbyes. A few of the group stayed on for an extra night. Everyone agreed that they had enjoyed a wonderful few days observing some of Somerset's summer wildlife!

Receive our e-newsletter

Join the Naturetrek e-mailing list and be the first to hear about new tours, additional departures and new dates, tour reports and special offers. Visit <u>www.naturetrek.co.uk</u> to sign up.

Social Media

We're social! Follow us on Facebook, Twitter and Instagram and be the first to hear about the launch of new tours, offers and exciting sightings and photos from our recently returned holidays.

facebook	www.facebook.com/naturetrekwildlifeholidays
twitter	www.twitter.com/naturetrektours
Instagram	www.instagram.com/naturetrek_wildlife_holidays

Species lists

Birds (H = Heard only)

I=Introduced		June 2023			
Common name	Scientific name	12	13	14	15
Canada Goose - I	Branta canadensis		\checkmark	\checkmark	
Mute Swan	Cygnus olor		\checkmark		
Common Shelduck	Tadorna tadorna			\checkmark	
Gadwall	Mareca strepera		\checkmark		
Mallard	Anas platyrhynchos		\checkmark	\checkmark	
Tufted Duck	Aythya fuligula		\checkmark		
Common Pheasant - I	Phasianus colchicus	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Common Swift	Apus apus		\checkmark	\checkmark	
Common Cuckoo	Cuculus canorus		\checkmark		
Stock Dove	Columba oenas		\checkmark	\checkmark	
Common Wood Pigeon	Columba palumbus	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Eurasian Collared Dove	Streptopelia decaocto	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark
Common Moorhen	Gallinula chloropus	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Eurasian Coot	Fulica atra		\checkmark		
Little Grebe	Tachybaptus ruficollis		\checkmark		
Great Crested Grebe	Podiceps cristatus		\checkmark		
Northern Lapwing	Vanellus vanellus		\checkmark	\checkmark	
Common Redshank	Tringa totanus		\checkmark		
Black-headed Gull	Chroicocephalus ridibundus	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Common Gull	Larus canis			3	
European Herring Gull	Larus argentatus	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Lesser Black-backed Gull	Larus fuscus			\checkmark	

I=Introduced		June 2023				
Common name Scientific name		12	13	14	15	
Great Cormorant	Phalacrocorax carbo		\checkmark			
Eurasian Bittern	Botaurus stellaris		Н			
Cattle Egret	Bulbulculus ibis		1			
Grey Heron	Ardea cinerea		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Great Egret	Ardea alba		\checkmark			
Little Egret	Egretta garzetta			\checkmark		
Eurasian Sparrowhawk	Accipiter nisus	\checkmark				
Western Marsh Harrier	Circus aeruginosus		\checkmark	\checkmark		
Red Kite	Milvus milvus			\checkmark	\checkmark	
Common Buzzard	Buteo buteo		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Western Barn Owl	Tyto alba		1	1	1	
Little Owl - I	Athene noctua			1		
Great Spotted Woodpecker	Dendrocopos major	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
European Green Woodpecker	Picus viridis	•	\checkmark	 ✓	Р Н	
Common Kestrel	Falco tinnunculus		\checkmark	 ✓	\checkmark	
Eurasian Hobby	Falco subbuteo		3	v	v	
Eurasian Jay	Garrulus glandarius		H	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Eurasian Magpie	Pica pica	\checkmark	\checkmark	 	\checkmark	
Western Jackdaw	Coloeus monedula	 	\checkmark	 		
Rook	Corvus frugilegus	V	V	 ✓	-	
Carrion Crow	Corvus corone	1		•	\checkmark	
Northern Raven	Corvus corax	<u> </u>	\checkmark	<u> </u>	\checkmark	
Coal Tit	Periparus ater	\checkmark		<u> </u>	\checkmark	
Eurasian Blue Tit	Cyanistes caeruleus			<u></u>	\checkmark	
Great Tit	Parus major			<u> </u>	1	
Eurasian Skylark	Alauda arvensis		\checkmark		\checkmark	
Sand Martin Barn Swallow	Riparia riparia Hirundo rustica					
		\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	
Common House Martin	Delichon urbicum		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Cetti's Warbler	Cettia cetti		\checkmark	\checkmark		
Long-tailed Tit	Aegithalos caudatus		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Willow Warbler	Phylloscopus trochilus		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Wood Warbler	Phylloscopus sibilatrix			\checkmark		
Common Chiffchaff	Phylloscopus collybita		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Sedge Warbler	Acrocephalus schoenobaenus			\checkmark		
Eurasian Reed Warbler	Acrocephalus scirpaceus		\checkmark	\checkmark		
Eurasian Blackcap	Sylvia atricapilla		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Garden Warbler	Sylvia borin		\checkmark			
Common Whitethroat	Curruca communis		\checkmark		\checkmark	
Goldcrest	Regulus regulus	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
Eurasian Wren	Troglodytes troglodytes	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Eurasian Nuthatch	Sitta europaea			\checkmark		
Common Starling	Sturnus vulgaris		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	

I=Introduced		June 2023			
Common name	Scientific name	12	13	14	15
Song Thrush	Turdus philomelos		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Common Blackbird	Turdus merula	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
European Robin	Erithacus rubecula	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Pied Flycatcher	Ficedula parva			Н	
Common Redstart	Phoenicurus phoenicurus			1F	
European Stonechat	Saxicola rubicola			\checkmark	
House Sparrow	Passer domesticus		\checkmark	\checkmark	
Dunnock	Prunella modularis		\checkmark	\checkmark	
Grey Wagtail	Motacilla cinerea			\checkmark	
Pied Wagtail	Motacilla alba	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Meadow Pipit	Anthus pratensis			\checkmark	
Tree Pipit	Anthus trivialis			\checkmark	
Common Chaffinch	Fringilla coelebs		\checkmark	\checkmark	
Eurasian Bullfinch	Pyrrhula pyrrhula			Н	
European Greenfinch	Chloris chloris	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Common Linnet	Linaria cannabina		\checkmark	\checkmark	
European Goldfinch	Carduelis carduelis	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Yellowhammer	Emberiza citrinella			\checkmark	
Common Reed Bunting	Emberiza schoeniclus			\checkmark	

Mammals

Common name		June 2023			
	Scientific name	12	13	14	15
European Rabbit - I	Oryctolagus cuniculus			1	
Red Deer	Cervus elaphus			30	
Common Pipistrelle	Pipistrellus pipistrellus		2	1	
Grey Squirrel	Scuirus carolensis			2	

Other vertebrates

			June 2023			
Common name	Scientific name	12	13	14	15	
Barred Grass Snake	Natrix helvetica		1			
Iberian Water Frog	Pelophylax perezi		Н			
P ¹						
Fish						
European Eel	Anguilla anguilla				1	
Brown Trout	Salmo trutta				1	

Invertebrates

		June 2023			
Common name	ne Scientific name	12	13 14		15
Butterflies	Pappilonaceae				
Large White	Pieris brassicae			\checkmark	\checkmark
Green-veined White	Pieris napi				\checkmark
Brimstone	Gonepteryx rhamni				\checkmark
Green Hairstreak	Callophrys rubi			4	
Holly Blue	Celastrina argiolus			\checkmark	
Large Blue	Phengaris arion		3		
Common Blue	Polyommatus icarus		2		
Speckled Wood	Pararge aegeria			\checkmark	\checkmark
Small Heath	Coenonympha pamphilus		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Meadow Brown	Maniola jurtina		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Marbled White	Melanargia galathea		\checkmark		
Comma	Polygonia c-album				\checkmark
Red Admiral	Vanessa atalanta		\checkmark	\checkmark	·
Peacock Butterfly	Aglais io		\checkmark		
Small Tortoiseshell	Aglais urticae		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Dingy Skipper	Erynnis tages				· ~
Large Skipper	Ochlodes sylvanus				·
Grizzled Skipper	Pyrgus malvae				· ~
Small Skipper	Thymelicus sylvestris	\checkmark		\checkmark	
Essex Skipper	Thymelicus lineola			\checkmark	
Moths	Noctuidae				
Mint Moth	Pyrausta aurata		\checkmark	√	
Large Fruit-tree Tortrix	Archips podana		V	V	√
Common Swift	Korscheltellus lupulina		\checkmark	√	v
Ghost Moth	Hepialus humuli		V	 √	
Oak Hook-tip	Watsonia binaria			 √	
Scalloped Hook-tip	Falcaria lacertinaria			V	√
Riband Wave	Idaea aversata			√	V
Brimstone Moth	Opisthograptis luteola			√ √	
Great Oak Beauty	Hypomecis roboraria		1	V	
Light Emerald	Campaea margaritaria		\checkmark		
Pale Prominent	Pterostoma palpina		\checkmark		
	Phalera bucephala		\checkmark		
Buff Tip				\checkmark	
White Ermine	Spilosoma lubricipeda		√ 	√ ,	
Buff Ermine	Spilosoma lutea		\checkmark	\checkmark	
Poplar Hawk-moth	Laothoe populi		\checkmark		
Privet Hawk-moth	Sphinx ligustri				\checkmark
Elephant Hawk-moth	Deilephila elpenor		\checkmark		\checkmark
Straw Dot	Rivula sericealis		\checkmark	\checkmark	

	Scientific name	June 2023			
Common name		12	13	14	15
Snout	Hypena proboscidalis		\checkmark	\checkmark	
Cinnabar Moth	Tyria jacobaeae		\checkmark		
Common Footman	Eilema caniola		\checkmark		
Burnished Brass	Diachrysia chrysitis		\checkmark		
Heart and Dart	Agrotis exclamationis		\checkmark	\checkmark	
Treble Lines	Charancya trigrammatica		\checkmark		\checkmark
Angle Shades	Phlogophora meticulosa				\checkmark
Turnip Moth	Agrotis segetum		\checkmark		
Large Yellow Underwing	Noctua fimbriata				\checkmark
Dragons and Damsels					
Banded Demoiselle	Calopteryx splendens		\checkmark		\checkmark
Beautiful Demoiselle	Calopteryx virgo		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Common Bluetail	Ischnura elegans		\checkmark		\checkmark
Azure bluet	Coenagrion puella		\checkmark		\checkmark
Blue Emperor	Anax imperator		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Four-spotted Chaser	Libellula quadrimaculata		\checkmark		\checkmark
Broad-bodied Chaser	Libellula depressa		\checkmark		
Black-tailed Skimmer	Orthetrum cancellatum		\checkmark		

Plants noted - Common Spotted Orchid, Pyramidal Orchid