

# Butterflies of Hungary

Naturetrek Tour Report

17 - 24 June 2014

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2014 Naturetrek Group Photo by Terry Goble



Purple Emperor by Terry Goble



Woodland Brown by Andy Daw



Yellow-legged Tortoiseshell by Terry Goble

Report & Images compiled by Terry Goble  
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## Day 1

**Tuesday 17th June**

The group all met up at Budapest Airport arrivals, and after brief introductions we were soon on our way towards the village of Josvafo and our hotel for the next three nights. The journey was about three hours so we stopped en route after about an hour for a comfort stop and to have a picnic lunch. At the stop we enjoyed our first Lepidoptera in the shape of a few moths unfamiliar to the group, and several bird species like Crested Lark, White Wagtail and Greenfinch added to the parade of Buzzards and Red-backed Shrikes adorning the roadside posts and fences. Several other common species were seen along the way including Swallows, House Martins and Black Redstarts.

We eventually arrived at our hotel at around 17:30 and after a little settling in we all met up at 18:15pm for a quick stroll before dinner. A Hawfinch was seen but went through before anyone could get a sighting of it. A Great Spotted Woodpecker was more obliging and fed for a while so we had good views. Chaffinches could be heard all around the woodland and we saw a few Great Tits. A froglet was probably an Agile Frog and a slightly larger frog certainly had the right features of a pointed head and possibly the beginnings of dark ear covers. It was soon time to head back to the bus to drive the short distance to the restaurant where we enjoyed a filling meal. A Lesser Stag Beetle provided some entertainment for the evening, but it was time to head back after a long journey, and to get some much needed rest. We postponed the species listing until tomorrow.

## Day 2

**Wednesday 18th June**

We met pre-breakfast to check on the moths. There was a reasonable haul, which included Buff Tip, Willow Beauty and Lilac Beauty amongst others. After this we boarded the bus to drive the short distance to the restaurant for a buffet breakfast. A Dark Green Fritillary on the bus was a bonus!

After being suitably nourished we set off on our first walk out of the village up through a wooded valley. Almost immediately the butterflies came thick and fast, Hungarian Glider, White Admiral, several fritillaries, including the tricky Heath types, of which Heath and Assmann's were ascertained. Gerard called a Great Banded Grayling, but it was speeding through too quickly for others to get a reasonable view. A similar situation with the Lesser Purple Emperor, with the temperatures already quite high the butterflies were very active. Silver Studded, Short-tailed, Reverdins and Small Blues were also seen. Probably the butterfly of the morning was a Yellow-legged Tortoiseshell seen mainly by Andy - a very rare sighting indeed. Probably not far behind was a sumptuous Scarce Copper. We later found horse dung, which attracted hoards of butterflies of many different hues. Two Berger's Clouded Yellows were a nice find, before we slowly made our way back to the minibus and back to the hotel for lunch. It had been an excellent and hectic morning with many different butterflies with many being 'lifers' for some.

In the afternoon with the sun still shining and temperatures getting very warm we headed up the hill passed the 'salamander' to a glorious flower meadow that delivered all it promised. The fritillaries were very prominent with High Brown being particularly abundant (including a Cleodoxa form, without the silver spots) and Heath types. Among the blues there were Large and Alcon Blue to admire along with a host of others including Adonis, Reverdins, Mazarine, Eastern Baton, Small and Silver Studded. The amount and variety of butterflies was mesmerizing. Marbled Whites were simply everywhere, however the highlight of the afternoon session was undoubtedly a Woodland Brown, possibly the rarest butterfly in Europe! As we were making our way back a huge eagle passed overhead a probable Eastern Imperial Eagle crowned a fine afternoon. On the way back we had a short stop to watch Beautiful Demoiselles, some damselflies and also recorded Tree Sparrow.

After another excellent session we went back to have a rest and undertake the last two days species listing as we had a special treat this evening in meeting up with Gerard's friend to monitor bats. After the listing we drove to the restaurant for dinner and discussed the plans for this evening and the following day. Afterwards the bus ferried those who wished to get some rest, while the remaining group went down to a near-by bridge to meet Gerard's friend who was monitoring bats for the National Park authority. He was very informative discussing the ecology of bats and some of the natural and man-made hazards they faced. We managed to catch three species of bats; Serotin, Noctule and Daubenton's. It was fascinating to see these creatures so close and be able to see their identification features rather than something that slips by unseen at night. After a very interesting and rewarding evening we thanked Gerard's friend and made our way back to the bus serenaded by Green Toads. As a final treat to the evening we saw a firefly flitting around as we got on board. A happy and tired group retired to the rooms after a fantastic day enjoying wildlife in Hungary.

## Day 3

Thursday 19th June

The group met to study the haul from the moth trap before breakfast, although there were many repeats there were still a few new species and some that were unfamiliar. We then set off for breakfast after which we went for a walk along the trail we did on the previous day. There were many butterflies to be found, but no new species, but we enjoyed a pleasant hour in the shade.

We finally got underway and drove to an upland flower meadow. The scenery was lovely with wooded rolling hills spreading into the distance. The meadow itself was awash with both butterflies and flowers.

Many blues and fritillaries were seen and a Woodlark was also found. Some of the heath types were separated and we identified both Nickerl's and Assman's as well as Heath. A very pale female clouded yellow was a real difficult species to get to grips with. After some debate we settled for Berger's Clouded Yellow. Gerard managed to show the group a Great Banded Grayling, which had eluded some. After a couple of hours we had to leave this beautiful site and prepare for lunch.

We drove on a little while and found a hut to have our lunch in as there was a threat of rain. Whilst enjoying the buffet spread we were entertained first by Silver Washed Fritillaries and then by a stunning Lesser Purple Emperor, which unfortunately did not stay around for long. After lunch it was time to head off again to a promising looking quarry. The overcast conditions made searching for butterflies a little slow, however we were soon picking up several species including an Ilex Hairstreak and a lovely Blue Spot Hairstreak. A Weaver's Fritillary was also a nice find.

We then moved on to our last stop, which provided some of the best wildlife of the day. A Honey Buzzard overhead was a great start to the afternoon, which just got better. We had some prolonged views of Silver Washed Fritillaries, Lesser Purple Emperor and later Yellow-legged Tortoiseshell and Large Tortoiseshell together! In between we also enjoyed Scarce and Large Coppers which are simply stunning butterflies and a mating pair of Geranium Argus provided some entertainment as we tried to get some photographs. On the birding front a White-backed Woodpecker was a special find as this enigmatic woodpecker is often tricky to locate and see. Gerard also managed to show some of the group a Noble Crayfish and later an Agile Frog and Yellow-bellied Toad, which as its name implies has a startlingly yellow pattern to its belly. There were also a few new dragonflies in the form of an Emperor and Keeled Chaser amongst a few others. This was a superb wildlife day in which we saw some rare and gorgeous butterflies and birds. We returned to the hotel very happy with the day's events. The group then got ready for dinner and looked forward to a relaxing evening.

## Day 4

Friday 20th June

Today was change over day and we were heading for the Bukk Hills after breakfast. Before that we managed to squeeze in a pre-breakfast walk, after the mornings moths were investigated. On the walk we saw a few birds including a flock of about ten Hawfinches and later a Spotted Flycatcher.

After breakfast we packed up the bus and got under way. We made several stops along the way. At the first stop in a flowery meadow we had to share the area with a group of school children. It was pleasing to see them learning about their rich natural heritage. Meanwhile the butterflies were very evident this morning with warm and mostly sunny conditions. There were a number of hairstreaks in the appropriately named 'Hairstreak Valley' with Ilex, Sloe and Green seen in reasonable numbers, Richard also added White-letter Hairstreak to the sightings. We finally got to grips with Idas Blue, separating it from the many Silver-studded Blues and the similar Reverdin's, which were both present. There was a variety of fritillaries including a *cleodoxa* form of High Brown. Both Large and Scarce Coppers were seen in good numbers both are stunning butterflies, particularly the male's almost iridescent orange upper wings. Sue had a Hungarian Glider and a Common Glider and White Admiral were also seen by the group. A Peacock was another new species added to the growing list. Among the moths there were possible Belted Clearwing and a variety of Burnets. The ever popular Owl Fly made its usual appearance. There were a few birds around and Quail were calling throughout the morning

We then stopped by a quarry and explored the grassy slopes, despite looking promising for new species we only recorded species already seen, however it was still a lovely site with many butterflies on the wing. There were several Weaver Fritillaries looking tiny compared to the High Brown's flying around at high speed.

Traveling on a short distance along the same valley we came to an area with sloping grassy flower meadows and some damp meadows along the valley floor. Here there were many varieties of blue. Andy found a cracking Provencal Blue, perhaps the butterfly of the day. There were also some pristine Green Underside Blues amongst the more expected fare of Adonis, Idas and Silver Studded Blue. There were also a few good birds at this site with glimpses of Barred Warbler (a River Warbler was heard by Gerard) and a distant fly-by of bee-eater, Ravens and Hawfinch. A pair of Stonechats and many Red-backed Shrikes, were also enjoyed.

We then drove on into the Bukk region and had one last stop to stretch our legs before arriving at the hotel. In the last of the sunshine we enjoyed a walk that was made more pleasurable due to the close sighting of a Lesser Spotted Woodpecker. It stayed around for most of the group to see it. After this we headed back to the van and drove to our final destination that day our next hotel. We gathered later for dinner and updating the list. Everyone seemed keen on an early night after a tiring but enjoyable day.

## Day 5

## Saturday 21st June

The group met for breakfast at 8am and had the customary buffet style breakfast. Jean reported another mammal in the shape of a Red Squirrel, a great start to the day! We promptly got under way as we were heading high into the Bukk Hills and the weather forecast was predicting showers. The heavy overnight rain and cool temperatures did not augur well for butterfly watching, but ever hopeful we drove up into the hills. We parked up and elected to do a circular walk also mainly Beech forest and open clearings. As feared the butterfly activity was low, but we picked up a few species of heaths, whites and the odd heath type fritillary, however we also managed to find one of our target species Woodland Ringlet. The specimens were not at their best but were nevertheless pleasing to find. Gerard entertained the group with some difficult birds including Crested Tit, Willow Tit and Coal Tit among the many Great Tits. We eventually looped around for the return leg, which was pretty quiet. We got back to the car park and set up a picnic. At some nearby bird feeders there were several birds coming to feed. Greenfinch and Nuthatch were seen and fleeting glimpses of Hawfinch were had. We then settled down for lunch and rested for a while.

The weather started to brighten and we decided to walk up to the ski lifts and search the upland meadows. Andy was quick to spot our first Clouded Apollo, another of our target butterflies. After getting good photo opportunities with this butterfly we next (Andy again) saw the Queen of Spain Fritillary and a Glanville Fritillary, which again posed nicely. We then pressed on just over the hill top and had impressive views over the flat plains of Hungry and the vast wooded hills in between. We looked through another grassy meadow and amongst other blues and fritillaries we had our first False Heath Fritillaries, separated by their dark sub-marginal bands with black spots. We also had earlier the more familiar Small Tortoiseshell and Orange Tip. The higher altitudes mean that in particular the Orange-Tip emerges later. So after what looked to be a difficult day it turned out to be very successful and this was enhanced by Gerard managing to show the group a European Swallowtail on our last stop on a roadside meadow. A species that has been mysteriously absent up until then! A good high note to end on after a successful day...now rest, dinner and the fun and thrill of logging today's species, in particular Rosa's bugs!

## Day 6

Sunday 22nd June

Today was another transition day so after breakfast we had to pack up and move on at 9am. However before that we did manage to do some 'mothing', but we added only two new species to our moth records. We set off to the restaurant for our usual buffet breakfast before packing and loading the minibus prior to setting off towards our final destination, the Nomad Hotel. On the way we made several stops - the first at the site of an historic Abbey, which we duly ignored in the pursuit of butterfly species. We found a good number of species, including a Lesser Purple Emperor; however we found no new butterflies despite our efforts to reach the magic 80 species! We then moved on to our next stop where we walked down a railway line and again picked up some lovely butterflies, including Silver Washed and Great Banded Grayling. We also managed to find a Hungarian Glider that sat posing for photographs, a real treat. We also had a Grayling, which was finally a new species. It was getting quite warm and the call of ice creams seemed to lure most of the group back to the village and signalled the end of our efforts at this site.

After the break we moved on again to our lunch site in a charming rustic village (Cserepfalu) under a Mulberry Tree, complete with ripe mulberries, which most of the group sampled. Whilst preparing lunch the group found a few birds including Hawfinch (tantalisingly brief views) and Tree Sparrows. After lunch we were off again to a site of old wine cellars. In previous trips butterflies have been attracted to the walls of the cellars basking in the heat radiating from the walls or perhaps imbibing some minerals from the clay rendering? However on this day there were no butterflies at all, which was a little disappointing and we had to content ourselves with a Marsh Frog and dead Shrew (Bicoloured White Toothed).

We then moved on to our last stop, which proved to be a butterfly and birding bonanza and rescued what was looking like a slightly disappointing day for species. On the birding front we watched a colony of gaudy European Bee-eaters the afternoon sun catching their brilliant colours, a truly stunning bird. The supporting cast was headed by Golden Orioles and Turtle Doves. One of the leaders also accidentally flushed a quail. This great birding spectacle was rivalled by the butterflies. Alongside the lovely fritillaries we saw the butterfly of the day in the shape of a gorgeous male Purple Shot Copper. We also had excellent views of the Map and also added Small Copper to our list of species. There were also clouds of 'orangey' skippers and Marbled Whites to add to the scene. A great ending to the day!

We arrived at Nomad Hotel just after 16:30 and settled into our rooms. The hotel is very charming and has a relaxed and welcoming ambiance. Everyone seemed pleased with the hotel and their rooms. We all met up again at 17:30 and went for a stroll up a track running to the side of the hotel. We passed a glorious flower meadow that contained many butterflies including Short-tailed Blue. Further on there were fewer species but at the top of the track was a lovely view across the Hungarian Plains. At this point all the group returned to the hotel to get ready for dinner. The dinner was both tasty and huge, with no-one managing to clear their platters! Afterwards we settled down to do the listing with more of Rosa's obscure bugs to add to the many other taxa. After an enjoyable and relaxing evening we retired to our rooms for the final full day.

## Day 7

Monday 23rd June

Our last full day, and the last chance to pick up on some of the species missing from our list...

Firstly we had a moth session and bird walk to negotiate. The moths were a little disappointing as we had a trap full of ants carrying off moth bodies!!! We did however manage to salvage a battered Hawk-moth probably Oak Hawk-moth? A Large Yellow Underwing, and a mystery species with white spots underneath its forewings. The bird walk was more successful with Hawfinch seen well, Middle Spotted Woodpecker eventually seen well and a great view of Spotted Flycatcher. It was then time for coffee and breakfast. Breakfast was a huge buffet with sweet and savoury courses. You need a will of iron not to 'pig out'.

After breakfast we set off for our first stop of the day. This incorporated a longish walk along the bottom of a valley, taking in two quarries and a long wooded walk. The species were coming in thick and fast, mostly repeats of previous species but lovely to see. Weavers, Spotted, Heath, Nickerl's, Assman's, Marbled. High Brown and the large showy Silver Washed Fritillaries, a little later we also picked up Dark Green Fritillary. Our first new species were Sooty Copper and Woodland Grayling, amongst the brighter Great Banded Graylings. Further down the track we picked up the unusual Nettle Tree, another first for the trip. The walk was a glorious procession of butterflies and towards the end of the walk lots of whites and Fritillaries were 'puddling', giving great views and photos. A final surprise was the appearance of the *chytie* form of Lesser Purple Emperor, which has an orange tinged upper side. We got to see this alongside the nominate form, both gorgeous butterflies. After this excellent display we made the trip back and added another first in the shape of the handsome Checkered Blue a lovely end to the walk.

Back at the bus Gerard had already gone ahead and prepared lunch, we sat outside a museum to enjoy lunch in the hot sun. Suitably refreshed we set off to try our luck in the Lucerne fields. Of our target species we only managed Pale Clouded Yellow, still another one for the trip. We then moved on to another site and our last scheduled walk of the day. However it proved productive with Purple Hairstreak finally revealing itself high up in an Oak. More down to earth we had another Purple Shot Copper and finally a Cardinal, before we decided it was time to get back to the hotel and rest. A great last day of some spectacular butterflies to round off the trip!

## Day 8

Tuesday 24th June

We woke to a dull overcast sky, which resulted in the best moth session of the week. A large Goat Moth and an Oak Hawk-moth were the highlights, but there were several macro and micro species to work through. After spending about an hour sifting through the moths we went for breakfast, which was the usual feast.

It was then time to pack up and head to the airport. En route we had several raptor species, including an Eastern Imperial Eagle overhead, a lovely male Marsh Harrier at close quarters and more familiar Sparrow hawk, Kestrel and Buzzard. At the roadside stop we even managed to see our final butterflies of the trip with Small Copper, Common Blue and Red Admiral around. The last few birds were Crested Lark, Tree and House Sparrow and our constant companions Red-Backed Shrike.

Back on the bus we made good time to the airport and a swift exit and farewell to Gerard and Andras and then Rosa and Bob as we entered the terminal. Once the checking process had been complete we all said our "goodbyes" and went on our way. It had been a lovely relaxing trip and a very successful one in terms of butterflies with possibly 89 species, plus three different forms...but where on earth were those Scarce Swallowtails?

## Postscript

As so often with the butterfly tours the post mortem often reveals surprising results. I recall one year a client reviewing his pictures only to realise that a large snake was lurking inches away from the butterfly he was photographing. Unfortunately the photograph was not clear enough to identify the snake but you get the picture!

This year was no exception and firstly I must confess to missing a very obvious Purple Emperor! When I looked through my photographs I was a little surprised to see it staring at me! A few people have also pointed it out. For those of you that also overlooked this beautiful butterfly it was seen on the 22nd June when we were looking at the Noble Crayfish (or at least where it had been!).

A butterfly that we have to delete was the Niobe Fritillary as it was in fact a form of the High Brown Fritillary (*Cleodoxa*). These are often difficult to distinguish from the Eris form of Niobe (The Niobe retains the black lines on the hind wing underside and therefore appears darker).

Lastly Ken sent in a photograph of a Heath type butterfly that was very tough to identify. It had similarities to the Eastern Large Heath with the white mark on the hind wing underside not reaching the costa. However the bold eye patterning suggested Large Heath. I eventually found a form of Large Heath that has reduced white on the hind wing and fitted the specimen in the photograph.

Having consulted with others I am convinced that Fenton's Wood White is not separable by appearance after the spring brood has finished. Tom Brereton suggests that the best way of separating these species is by courtship dance!

I would just like to thank everyone who has contributed to the identification of the wildlife...not so much a butterfly tour as a bio blitz! I enjoyed it very much I hope you all did too.

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## Species List

Butterflies (✓ = recorded but not counted)

|    | Common name                 | Scientific name                 | June |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
|    |                             |                                 | 17   | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 |
| 1  | Safflower Skipper           | <i>Pyrgus carthami</i>          |      | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |    |    |    |    |
| 2  | Grizzled Skipper            | <i>Pyrgus malvae</i>            |      |    | 1  | 1  |    |    |    |    |
| 3  | Essex Skipper               | <i>Thymelicus lineola</i>       |      | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |    |
| 4  | Small Skipper               | <i>Thymelicus sylvestris</i>    |      | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |    |
| 5  | Large Skipper               | <i>Ochlodes sylvanus</i>        |      |    |    | 2  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |    |
| 6  | Clouded Apollo              | <i>Parnassius mnemosyne</i>     |      |    |    |    | 4  |    |    |    |
| 7  | Swallowtail                 | <i>Papilio machaon</i>          |      |    |    |    | 2  | 2  | 1  |    |
| 8  | Wood White                  | <i>Leptidea sinapis complex</i> |      | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |    | ✓  | ✓  |    |
| 9  | Orange Tip                  | <i>Anthocharis cardamines</i>   |      |    |    |    | 1  |    |    |    |
| 10 | Black-veined white          | <i>Aporia crataegi</i>          |      | ✓  |    | 2  |    |    |    |    |
| 11 | Large White                 | <i>Pieris brassicae</i>         |      | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |
| 12 | Small White                 | <i>Pieris rapae</i>             | ✓    | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |    |
| 13 | Green-veined White          | <i>Pieris napi</i>              |      | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |    | ✓  | ✓  |    |
| 14 | Pale Clouded Yellow         | <i>Colias hyale</i>             |      |    |    |    |    |    | 1  |    |
| 15 | Berger's Clouded Yellow     | <i>Colias alfacariensis</i>     |      | ✓  | 2  |    |    |    |    |    |
| 16 | Brimstone                   | <i>Gonepteryx rhamni</i>        |      |    | 1  |    |    |    |    |    |
| 17 | Small Copper                | <i>Lycaena phlaeas</i>          |      |    |    |    |    | 1  |    | 1  |
| 18 | Large Copper                | <i>Lycaena dispar</i>           |      |    | 3  | 3  | 1  |    |    |    |
| 19 | Scarce Copper               | <i>Lycaena virgaureae</i>       |      | 2  | 1  | 10 |    |    |    |    |
| 20 | Purple-shot Copper          | <i>Lycaena alciphron</i>        |      | 1  |    | 1  |    | 1  | 1  |    |
| 21 | Purple Hairstreak           | <i>Favonius quercus</i>         |      |    |    |    |    |    | 1  |    |
| 22 | Green Hairstreak            | <i>Callophrys rubi</i>          |      | 3  |    | 4  |    | 2  |    |    |
| 23 | White-letter Hairstreak     | <i>Satyrium w-album</i>         |      |    |    | 1  |    |    |    |    |
| 24 | Black Hairstreak            | <i>Satyrium pruni</i>           |      | 1  |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 25 | Blue-spot Hairstreak        | <i>Satyrium spini</i>           |      | 1  | 2  |    |    |    | 1  |    |
| 26 | Ilex Hairstreak             | <i>Satyrium ilicis</i>          |      |    | 2  | 2  |    |    |    |    |
| 27 | Sloe Hairstreak             | <i>Satyrium acaciae</i>         |      | 4  | 1  | 5  |    |    |    |    |
| 28 | Small Blue                  | <i>Cupido minimus</i>           |      | ✓  | ✓  |    |    |    |    |    |
| 29 | Short-tailed Blue           | <i>Cupido argiades</i>          |      | ✓  |    | ✓  | 1  | ✓  |    |    |
| 30 | Provençal Short-tailed Blue | <i>Everes alcetas</i>           |      |    |    | 1  |    |    |    |    |
| 31 | Holly Blue                  | <i>Celastrina argiolus</i>      |      |    | 1  | 1  |    | ✓  | ✓  |    |
| 32 | Eastern Baton Blue          | <i>Pseudophilotes vicrama</i>   |      | ✓  |    |    |    | ✓  |    |    |
| 33 | Chequered Blue              | <i>Scolitantides orion</i>      |      |    |    |    |    |    | 1  |    |
| 34 | Green Underside Blue        | <i>Glaucopsyche alexis</i>      |      | 2  |    | ✓  |    | 1  | 1  |    |
| 35 | Large Blue                  | <i>Phengaris arion</i>          |      | ✓  |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 36 | Alcon Blue                  | <i>Phengaris alcon</i>          |      | ✓  | ✓  |    | 1  |    |    |    |
| 37 | Silver-studded Blue         | <i>Plebejus argus</i>           |      | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |    |    | 1  |    |
| 38 | Idas Blue                   | <i>Plebejus idas</i>            |      |    |    | ✓  |    |    |    |    |
| 39 | Reverdin's Blue             | <i>Plebejus argyrognomon</i>    |      | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |    |    |    |    |
| 40 | Brown Argus                 | <i>Aricia agestis</i>           |      |    |    |    |    | ✓  | 1  |    |
| 41 | Geranium Argus              | <i>Plebejus eumedon</i>         |      |    | 1  |    |    |    |    |    |
| 42 | Mazarine Blue               | <i>Cyaniris semiargus</i>       |      | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | 2  |    |    |    |
| 43 | Turquoise Blue              | <i>Polyommatus dorylas</i>      |      |    |    | 1  |    |    |    |    |

|    | Common name                     | Scientific name              | June |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |   |
|----|---------------------------------|------------------------------|------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|
|    |                                 |                              | 17   | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 |   |
| 44 | Common Blue                     | <i>Polyommatus icarus</i>    |      | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |    |    | 1  | ✓  | 1 |
| 45 | Adonis Blue                     | <i>Polyommatus bellargus</i> |      | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |    |    |    |    |   |
| 46 | Nettle-tree Butterfly           | <i>Libythea celtis</i>       |      |    |    |    |    |    |    | ✓  |   |
| 47 | Silver-washed Fritillary        | <i>Argynnis paphia</i>       |      | ✓  | ✓  | 1  |    |    | ✓  | ✓  |   |
| 48 | Cardinal                        | <i>Argynnis pandora</i>      |      |    |    |    |    |    |    | 1  |   |
| 49 | Dark Green Fritillary           | <i>Argynnis aglaja</i>       |      | 1  | 1  | ✓  |    |    |    | ✓  |   |
| 50 | High Brown Fritillary           | <i>Argynnis adippe</i>       |      | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |    |    | ✓  | ✓  |   |
| 51 | Queen of Spain Fritillary       | <i>Issoria lathonia</i>      |      |    |    | 1  | 4  | ✓  | ✓  |    |   |
| 52 | Lesser Marbled Fritillary       | <i>Brenthis ino</i>          |      | 1  | ✓  | 2  |    |    |    |    |   |
| 53 | Marbled Fritillary              | <i>Brenthis daphne</i>       |      | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |    |    | ✓  | ✓  |   |
| 54 | Twin-spot Fritillary            | <i>Brenthis hecate</i>       |      | ✓  | ✓  | 2  |    |    | ✓  | ✓  |   |
| 55 | Small Pearl-bordered Fritillary | <i>Boloria selene</i>        |      |    |    |    |    | 1  |    |    |   |
| 56 | Weaver's Fritillary             | <i>Boloria dia</i>           |      |    | 2  | ✓  |    |    | ✓  | ✓  |   |
| 57 | Red Admiral                     | <i>Vanessa atalanta</i>      |      | 3  | 3  |    |    |    | 1  | ✓  | 1 |
| 58 | Painted Lady                    | <i>Vanessa cardui</i>        |      |    |    |    |    |    |    | 1  |   |
| 59 | Peacock                         | <i>Aglais io</i>             |      |    |    | 1  |    |    | 2  | ✓  |   |
| 60 | Small Tortoiseshell             | <i>Aglais urticae</i>        |      |    |    |    |    | 2  |    |    |   |
| 61 | Comma                           | <i>Polygonia c-album</i>     |      | 3  | 3  | 2  |    |    | ✓  | ✓  |   |
| 62 | Map Butterfly                   | <i>Araschnia levana</i>      |      | 1  | ✓  | 2  |    |    | ✓  | ✓  |   |
| 63 | Large Tortoiseshell             | <i>Nymphalis polychloros</i> |      | 3  | 2  |    |    |    |    | 3  |   |
| 64 | Yellow-legged Tortoiseshell     | <i>Nymphalis xanthomelas</i> |      | 1  | 1  |    |    |    |    |    |   |
| 65 | Glanville Fritillary            | <i>Melitaea cinxia</i>       |      |    |    | 1  | 1  |    |    |    |   |
| 66 | Spotted Fritillary              | <i>Melitaea didyma</i>       |      | 1  |    | 1  | ✓  |    |    | 1  |   |
| 67 | False Heath Fritillary          | <i>Melitaea diamina</i>      |      | 1  |    |    |    | ✓  |    |    |   |
| 68 | Nickerl's Fritillary            | <i>Melitaea aurelia</i>      |      |    | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |   |
| 69 | Assmann's Fritillary            | <i>Melitaea britomartis</i>  |      | 2  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |   |
| 70 | Heath Fritillary                | <i>Melitaea athalia</i>      |      | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |   |
| 71 | White Admiral                   | <i>Limenitis camilla</i>     |      | 2  | 1  | 1  |    |    |    | ✓  |   |
| 72 | Common Glider                   | <i>Neptis sappho</i>         |      | 2  |    | 1  |    |    |    | ✓  |   |
| 73 | Hungarian Glider                | <i>Neptis rivularis</i>      |      | 2  | 1  | 1  |    |    | 1  | ✓  |   |
| 74 | Lesser Purple Emperor           | <i>Apatura ilia</i>          |      |    | 2  |    |    |    |    | ✓  |   |
| 75 | Purple Emperor                  | <i>Apatura iris</i>          |      |    |    |    |    |    | 1  | □  |   |
| 76 | Speckled Wood                   | <i>Pararge aegeria</i>       |      | 1  | 2  | 1  |    |    | 2  | ✓  |   |
| 77 | Woodland Brown                  | <i>Lopinga achine</i>        |      | 1  |    |    |    |    |    |    |   |
| 78 | Pearly Heath                    | <i>Coenonympha arcania</i>   |      | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |   |
| 79 | Chestnut Heath                  | <i>Coenonympha glycerion</i> |      | 2  | 3  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |    |    |   |
| 80 | Small Heath                     | <i>Coenonympha pamphilus</i> |      | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |   |
| 81 | Ringlet                         | <i>Aphantopus hyperantus</i> |      | 2  | ✓  |    |    | ✓  | 1  | ✓  |   |
| 82 | Meadow Brown                    | <i>Maniola jurtina</i>       | ✓    | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |   |
| 83 | Woodland Ringlet                | <i>Erebia medusa</i>         |      |    |    |    |    | 2  |    |    |   |
| 84 | Marbled White                   | <i>Melanargia galathea</i>   | ✓    | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |   |
| 85 | Woodland Grayling               | <i>Hipparchia fagi</i>       |      |    |    |    |    |    |    | ✓  |   |
| 86 | Great Banded Grayling           | <i>Brintesia circe</i>       |      | 1  | 2  | 2  |    |    | 4  | ✓  |   |
| 87 | Sooty Copper                    | <i>Lycaena tityrus</i>       |      |    |    |    |    |    |    | 1  |   |
| 88 | Grayling                        | <i>Hipparchia semele</i>     |      |    |    |    |    |    | 1  |    |   |

|        | Common name           | Scientific name           | June |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|--------|-----------------------|---------------------------|------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
|        |                       |                           | 17   | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 |
| Forms: |                       |                           |      |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 1      | Lesser Purple Emperor | <i>A.i Clytie</i>         |      |    |    |    |    |    |    | 3  |
| 2      | High Brown Fritillary | <i>A.a Cleodoxa</i>       |      | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |    | ✓  | ✓  |    |
| 3      | Large Heath           | <i>Coenonympha tullia</i> |      |    |    |    |    | 1  |    |    |

## Birds

|    |                           |                              |   |   |   |   |   |    |   |   |
|----|---------------------------|------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|---|
| 1  | Common Quail              | <i>Coturnix coturnix</i>     |   | H |   | H |   |    |   |   |
| 2  | Common Pheasant           | <i>Phasianus colchicus</i>   |   | H | H | 3 | H | 3  |   |   |
| 3  | Mallard                   | <i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>    |   |   |   |   |   |    | 3 |   |
| 4  | White Stork               | <i>Ciconia ciconia</i>       | ✓ |   | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓  |   | 1 |
| 5  | Grey Heron                | <i>Ardea cinerea</i>         |   | 1 |   | 1 |   | 1  |   |   |
| 6  | Great Egret               | <i>Ardea alba</i>            | 1 |   |   |   |   |    |   |   |
| 7  | Great Cormorant           | <i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>   |   |   |   |   |   |    | 1 |   |
| 8  | European Honey Buzzard    | <i>Pernis apivorus</i>       |   |   | 1 |   |   | 2  |   |   |
| 9  | Western Marsh Harrier     | <i>Circus aeruginosus</i>    | ✓ |   |   |   | 1 |    |   | 1 |
| 10 | Eurasian Sparrowhawk      | <i>Accipiter nisus</i>       |   |   |   | 1 |   |    |   | 1 |
| 11 | Common Buzzard            | <i>Buteo buteo</i>           | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓  | ✓ | ✓ |
| 12 | Eastern Imperial Eagle    | <i>Aquila heliaca</i>        |   | 1 |   |   |   |    |   | 1 |
| 13 | Common Kestrel            | <i>Falco tinnunculus</i>     | 2 |   |   |   |   |    |   | 2 |
| 14 | Corn Crane                | <i>Crex crex</i>             |   | H | H |   |   |    |   |   |
| 15 | Common (Feral) Pigeon     | <i>Columba livia 'feral'</i> | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓  | ✓ | ✓ |
| 16 | Common Wood Pigeon        | <i>Columba palumbus</i>      |   |   |   |   |   | 1  | ✓ |   |
| 17 | European Turtle Dove      | <i>Streptopelia turtur</i>   |   |   | ✓ | H | H | ✓  | ✓ |   |
| 18 | Eurasian Collared Dove    | <i>Streptopelia decaocto</i> | ✓ |   | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓  | ✓ | ✓ |
| 19 | Tawny Owl                 | <i>Strix aluco</i>           |   |   | H |   |   |    |   |   |
| 20 | Common Cuckoo             | <i>Cuculus canorus</i>       |   | H |   | H | H | H  |   |   |
| 21 | Common Swift              | <i>Apus apus</i>             | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |   | 2 | 3  |   |   |
| 22 | European Roller           | <i>Coracias garrulus</i>     | 1 |   |   |   |   |    |   |   |
| 23 | European Bee-Eater        | <i>Merops apiaster</i>       |   |   |   | ✓ |   | 10 |   |   |
| 24 | Eurasian Hoopoe           | <i>Upupa epops</i>           |   |   |   |   |   | 2  |   |   |
| 25 | Eurasian Wryneck          | <i>Jynx torquilla</i>        |   | 1 |   | H |   |    | H |   |
| 26 | Lesser Spotted Woodpecker | <i>Dendrocopos minor</i>     |   |   |   | 1 |   |    |   |   |
| 27 | Middle Spotted Woodpecker | <i>Dendrocopos medius</i>    |   | 1 | 1 | 1 |   |    | 1 |   |
| 28 | Great Spotted Woodpecker  | <i>Dendrocopos major</i>     | 1 | 1 | 1 | H | 1 | 3  | 1 |   |
| 29 | White-backed Woodpecker   | <i>Dendrocopos leucotos</i>  |   |   | 1 |   |   |    |   |   |
| 30 | Black Woodpecker          | <i>Dryocopus martius</i>     |   |   |   | H | H |    |   |   |
| 31 | European Green Woodpecker | <i>Picus viridis</i>         |   | H | 3 | 1 | H | 1  | ✓ |   |
| 32 | Grey-headed Woodpecker    | <i>Picus canus</i>           |   |   |   |   |   |    | 1 |   |
| 33 | Red-backed Shrike         | <i>Lanius collurio</i>       | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓  | ✓ | ✓ |
| 34 | Eurasian Golden Oriole    | <i>Oriolus oriolus</i>       | 1 | H | H | H |   | ✓  |   |   |
| 35 | Eurasian Jay              | <i>Garrulus glandarius</i>   | 1 | 1 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓  | ✓ |   |
| 36 | Eurasian Magpie           | <i>Pica pica</i>             | ✓ |   | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |    |   | ✓ |
| 37 | Western Jackdaw           | <i>Coloeus monedula</i>      |   |   |   | ✓ |   |    |   |   |
| 38 | Hooded Crow               | <i>Corvus cornix</i>         | ✓ |   |   | ✓ | ✓ | ✓  | ✓ | ✓ |
| 39 | Northern Raven            | <i>Corvus corax</i>          |   | H | ✓ | 4 |   | 3  | ✓ |   |
| 40 | Crested Tit               | <i>Lophophanes cristatus</i> |   |   |   |   | 2 |    |   |   |

|    | Common name           | Scientific name                      | June |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
|    |                       |                                      | 17   | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 |
| 41 | Marsh Tit             | <i>Poecile palustris</i>             |      |    |    |    |    | 1  | 1  |    |
| 42 | Willow Tit            | <i>Poecile montanus</i>              |      |    |    |    | 2  |    |    |    |
| 43 | Coal Tit              | <i>Periparus ater</i>                |      |    |    |    | ✓  |    |    |    |
| 44 | Great Tit             | <i>Parus major</i>                   | 2    |    | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |
| 45 | Eurasian Blue Tit     | <i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>           |      |    | ✓  |    |    | ✓  | ✓  |    |
| 46 | Woodlark              | <i>Lullula arborea</i>               |      |    | 1  |    |    |    |    |    |
| 47 | Crested Lark          | <i>Galerida cristata</i>             | 6    |    |    |    |    |    |    | 4  |
| 48 | Eurasian Skylark      | <i>Alauda arvensis</i>               |      | ✓  | ✓  |    | ✓  |    |    |    |
| 49 | Barn Swallow          | <i>Hirundo rustica</i>               | ✓    | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |
| 50 | Common House Martin   | <i>Delichon urbicum</i>              | ✓    | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |
| 51 | Long-tailed Tit       | <i>Aegithalos caudatus</i>           |      |    |    |    |    |    | ✓  |    |
| 52 | Common Chiffchaff     | <i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>        | H    |    | H  | H  | H  | ✓  |    |    |
| 53 | Wood Warbler          | <i>Phylloscopus sibilatrix</i>       | H    |    |    |    |    | □  |    |    |
| 54 | River Warbler         | <i>Locustella fluviatilis</i>        |      |    |    | H  |    |    |    |    |
| 55 | Eurasian Blackcap     | <i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>            |      | H  | H  | ✓  | ✓  | 2  | ✓  |    |
| 56 | Garden Warbler        | <i>Sylvia borin</i>                  |      |    | H  |    |    |    |    |    |
| 57 | Barred Warbler        | <i>Sylvia nisoria</i>                |      |    |    | 1  |    |    |    |    |
| 58 | Lesser Whitethroat    | <i>Sylvia curruca</i>                |      |    | H  |    |    | 6  | ✓  |    |
| 59 | Common Whitethroat    | <i>Sylvia communis</i>               |      |    |    |    | 1  |    |    |    |
| 60 | Goldcrest             | <i>Regulus regulus</i>               |      |    | H  |    |    |    |    |    |
| 61 | Eurasian Wren         | <i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>       |      |    |    |    | H  |    |    |    |
| 62 | Eurasian Nuthatch     | <i>Sitta europaea</i>                |      | ✓  | 3  | 1  | 1  | 1  | ✓  | 1  |
| 63 | Eurasian Treecreeper  | <i>Certhia familiaris</i>            |      |    |    |    | 1  |    |    |    |
| 64 | Common Starling       | <i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>              | ✓    | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |
| 65 | Common Blackbird      | <i>Turdus merula</i>                 | ✓    | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |
| 66 | Song Thrush           | <i>Turdus philomelos</i>             | □    | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |
| 67 | Mistle Thrush         | <i>Turdus viscivorus</i>             |      |    | 1  | H  |    |    |    |    |
| 68 | European Robin        | <i>Erithacus rubecula</i>            |      | H  | H  |    |    | 1  | ✓  |    |
| 69 | Common Nightingale    | <i>Luscinia megarhynchos</i>         |      | H  | H  |    |    |    |    |    |
| 70 | Black Redstart        | <i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>          | ✓    | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |    | ✓  | ✓  |    |
| 71 | European Stonechat    | <i>Saxicola rubicola</i>             | 2    |    |    | 2  | 2  | 1  | 2  | 1  |
| 72 | Northern Wheatear     | <i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>             |      |    |    |    |    | 1  |    |    |
| 73 | Spotted Flycatcher    | <i>Muscicapa striata</i>             |      |    | 2  | 1  |    | 1  | ✓  |    |
| 74 | House Sparrow         | <i>Passer domesticus</i>             | ✓    | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |
| 75 | Eurasian Tree Sparrow | <i>Passer montanus</i>               | □    | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |
| 76 | Blue-headed Wagtail   | <i>Motacilla flava flava</i>         | ✓    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 77 | Grey Wagtail          | <i>Motacilla cinerea</i>             | 1    | ✓  | ✓  | 2  | ✓  |    |    |    |
| 78 | White Wagtail         | <i>Motacilla alba</i>                | 2    | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |
| 79 | Common Chaffinch      | <i>Fringilla coelebs</i>             | ✓    | H  | H  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |    |
| 80 | European Serin        | <i>Serinus serinus</i>               | ✓    |    |    |    |    | 2  | 1  |    |
| 81 | European Greenfinch   | <i>Carduelis chloris</i>             | 2    |    |    |    | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  |    |
| 82 | European Goldfinch    | <i>Carduelis carduelis</i>           | ✓    |    | ✓  |    |    | ✓  | ✓  |    |
| 83 | Common Linnet         | <i>Carduelis cannabina</i>           |      |    |    | 2  |    |    |    |    |
| 84 | Hawfinch              | <i>Coccothraustes coccothraustes</i> |      | ✓  |    | ✓  | 2  | ✓  | ✓  |    |
| 85 | Corn Bunting          | <i>Emberiza calandra</i>             |      |    |    |    | 1  |    |    |    |
| 86 | Yellowhammer          | <i>Emberiza citrinella</i>           |      | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | ✓  | H  |    |

|    | Common name  | Scientific name     | June |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |  |
|----|--------------|---------------------|------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|--|
|    |              |                     | 17   | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 |  |
| 87 | Rock Bunting | <i>Emberiza cia</i> |      |    |    |    |    |    |    | ✓  |  |

## Dragonflies &amp; Damselflies

|    |                        |                                 |   |   |   |  |  |  |   |   |  |
|----|------------------------|---------------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|
| 1  | Beautiful Demoiselle   | <i>Calopteryx virgo</i>         | 1 | ✓ | ✓ |  |  |  | ✓ | ✓ |  |
| 2  | White-legged Damselfly | <i>Platycnemis pennipes</i>     |   | 3 | ✓ |  |  |  |   |   |  |
| 3  | Blue-tailed Damselfly  | <i>Ischnura elegans</i>         |   |   | ✓ |  |  |  |   |   |  |
| 4  | Azure Damselfly        | <i>Coenagrion puella</i>        |   | 1 |   |  |  |  |   |   |  |
| 5  | Large Red Damselfly    | <i>Pyrrhosoma nymphula</i>      |   |   | ✓ |  |  |  |   |   |  |
| 6  | Southern Hawker        | <i>Aeshna cyanea</i>            |   |   |   |  |  |  |   |   |  |
| 7  | Broad-bodied Chaser    | <i>Libellula depressa</i>       |   |   |   |  |  |  |   | 2 |  |
| 8  | Keeled Skimmer         | <i>Orthetrum coerulescens</i>   |   |   | 1 |  |  |  |   | 1 |  |
| 9  | Black-tailed Skimmer   | <i>Orthetrum cancellatum</i>    |   |   | ✓ |  |  |  |   |   |  |
| 10 | Southern Skimmer       | <i>Orthetrum brunneum</i>       |   |   |   |  |  |  | ✓ |   |  |
| 11 | Banded Demoiselle      | <i>Calopteryx splendens</i>     |   |   | ✓ |  |  |  |   |   |  |
| 12 | Emperor Dragonfly      | <i>Anax imperator</i>           |   |   | ✓ |  |  |  |   |   |  |
| 13 | Scarce Chaser          | <i>Libellula fulva</i>          |   |   | ✓ |  |  |  |   |   |  |
| 14 | Small Pincertail       | <i>Onychogomphus forcipatus</i> |   |   |   |  |  |  | ✓ |   |  |

## Reptiles

Sand Lizard, *Lacerta agilis*Eastern Green Lizard, *Lacerta viridis*

## Amphibians

Agile Frog, *Rana dalmatina*Yellow-bellied Toad, *bombina variegata*Marsh Frog, *Pelophylax ridibundus*

## Mammals

Roe Deer, *Capreolus capreolus*Serotine, *Eptesicus serotinus*Noctule, *Nyctalus noctula*Daubentons, *Myotis daubentonii*Savi's Pipistrelle, *Hypsugo savii*European Red Fox, *Vulpes vulpes*Red Squirrel, *Sciurus vulgaris*

## Invertebrates

Field Cricket, *Gryllus campestris*Hawthorn Shield Bug, *Acanthosoma haemorrhoidale**Eurydema dominulus*Bishop's Mitre, *Aelia acuminata**Graphosoma italicum*Forest Bug, *Pentatoma rufipes*Sloe Bug, *Dolycoris baccarum*Fire Bug, *Pyrrhocoris apterus**Lygaeus saxatilis**Lygaeus equestis**Rhinocoris iracundus**Cercopis vulnerata**Thyridanthrax fenestratus**Volucella zonaria**Rhagoaster viridis**Ichneumon suspiciosus*

Ruby-Tail, x2 sp

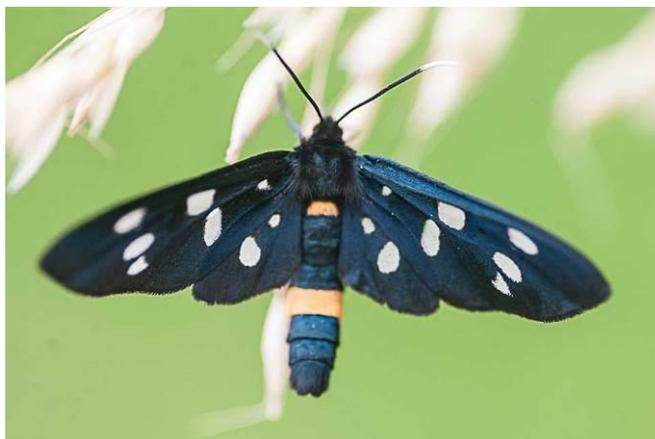
*Cryptocheileilus comparatus*Hornet, *Vespa crabro*Lesser Stag Beetle, *Dorcuc parallelopipedus*Stag Beetle, *Lucanus cervus*Dor Beetle, *Geotrupes stercorarius**Mylabris polymorpha**Oxythyrea funesta*Rose Chafer, *Cetonia aurata**Strangalia maculata**Cryptocephalus menthastri**Chysomela populi*Tortoise Beetle, *Cassida viridis**Nemastoma bimaculatum**Araniella cucurbitina**Misumena vitia*

## Macro Moths

|                              |                      |                        |
|------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| Straw Dot                    | Nine Spot            | Transparent Burnett    |
| Narrow-boarded Burnett       | Common Forrester     | Bright Wave            |
| Brown lines Bright eyes      | Silver 'y'           | Yellow Shell           |
| Common Emerald               | Fanfoot sp           | Buff Tip               |
| Willow Beauty                | Lilac Beauty         | Common Footman         |
| Treble Brown Spot            | Four Spotted Footman | Rest Harrow            |
| Little Emerald               | Engraled             | Dusky Brocade          |
| Rosy Footman                 | Riband wave          | Fausta Burnett         |
| Scarce Blackneck             | Magpie               | Rustic Brown           |
| Triple lined Clay            | Northern Spinach     | Great Oak Beauty       |
| Brussels Lace                | Thorn sp             | Oak Hawk-moth          |
| <i>Oncocera semi-bubella</i> | Current clearwing    | Orange                 |
| Small Magpie                 | Common Emerald       | Goat Moth              |
| Nutmeg                       | Silver ground carpet | Large Yellow Underwing |
| Spotted Sulphur              | Common Emerald       | Cinnabar               |
| Lattice Heath                | Common Carpet        | Black-veined White     |
| Double Square Spot           | <i>Aedia funesta</i> |                        |

## Micros Moths

|                           |                        |                       |
|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| Light grey Tortrix        | Plum Tortix            | Diamond Back          |
| <i>Nemaphona Metalica</i> | <i>Z. Carnioka</i>     | <i>Adela Croeslla</i> |
| <i>Thyris Fenestella</i>  | <i>Crysoteuchia sp</i> |                       |



Nine Spotted Moth