

India - Assam, Darjeeling & Bhutan

Naturetrek Tour Report

17 February - 8 March 2018



Black-necked Crane



Greater One-horned Rhino



Eurasian Sparrowhawk - Paro Dzong



Green-tailed Sunbird

Report and images by Dhanya Venkatesh



Naturetrek

Mingledown Barn

Wolf's Lane

Chawton

Alton

Hampshire

GU34 3HJ

UK

T: +44 (0)1962 733051

E: info@naturetrek.co.uk

W: www.naturetrek.co.uk

Tour participants: Dhanya Venkatesh (leader) with eight Naturetrek clients

Day 1

Saturday 17th February

The group tour started with overnight flights from the UK to Kolkata via Dubai.

Day 2

Sunday 18th February

The flight landed at 7.20am in Kolkata; it took the group an hour to sort out immigration. The group met Dhanya at the airport. We then drove to the Hyatt hotel, had a good breakfast and spent the day at rest as the next day was going to be an early start, or should I say the start of more early mornings to come!

Day 3

Monday 19th February

Kolkatta - Paro

The flight to Paro was a pleasant one. We didn't have views of the mountains as there was major cloud cover. The immigration process was by far the quickest some of us had ever had so far; the officials were warm and welcoming too! We were greeted by Norbu, local guide & leader for the next few days, and Pema, Norbu's assistant. We went to Hotel Gangtey Palace, built 150 years ago by the king but converted to a hotel about 50 years ago. We checked in, had tea and then headed to the rooms to freshen up and meet back.

Lunch was organised at a hotel in town. This gave us a chance to see the town and witness the daily routine of people. After lunch we visited the Paro Dzong, where Pema explained with great patience and in detail the paintings, culture, traditional values etc. The birders had a great photo opportunity of a Eurasian Sparrowhawk feeding on a rock pigeon that it had just killed. Well, the pigeon wasn't fully dead yet and another local guide chased the hawk to try to save the pigeon, but it would die anyway.

After the Dzong, we walked down to the river and saw our first Brown Dipper, Redstarts and Red-billed Choughs around the place. We then took a short bus ride to get to the river further ahead; we walked alongside and spotted the Ibisbill. We then headed back to the comforts of the hotel at around 5.30pm and met for the checklist at 6.30pm. Dinner was at 7pm.

Day 4

Tuesday 20th February

Chele La-Paro

Our saga of early mornings begins from today!! We started at 5am for Chele La. The drive took us about an hour and a half and, as we neared the top, we spotted a few Blood Pheasants. We got off the bus and started walking. It was chill up here with a serious wind chill. We saw Spotted Nutcracker and Black-faced Laughingthrush. We also saw some Spot-winged Grosbeaks. A quick drive further yielded us a pair of Himalayan Monals and a Large-eared Pika.

From here we headed back straight to the Tiger's Nest: the monastery clings impossibly to a sheer cliff face 900 metres above the Paro Valley. Taktsang Lhakhang is Bhutan's most iconic landmark and religious site. Some stayed back at the base, while others braved the climb uphill. It took longer than expected and we got to the café

which is the mid-point to the full hike by 2pm. We decided to return from here as Norbu told us that the temple closed by 3.30, and there was no way we would get up the steep incline in such a short time.

On our way back, we stopped at a spot for the Black-tailed Crake. We were really lucky and saw two pairs of crakes, one showed really well creating an excellent photo opportunity. Since we had some time, we spent about half an hour in Paro town for some shopping and street photography. We got back to the hotel by 5.30pm. We met back for the checklist at 6.30pm, followed by dinner. We enjoyed our much-deserved rest after a long day!

Day 5

Wednesday 21st February

Paro-Punakha

We had an early breakfast at 5.30am and left for Punakha. We took the wide road via Thimpu and reached Dochu La at about 8.20am. There was a lot of cloud cover and so we were not able to view the Bhutan Himalayan range. We drove to the Botanical Gardens where we could walk around and do some birding. We walked through the beautiful grounds and ticked off several forest species including Whiskered Yuhina, Hoary-throated Barwing, Streak-breasted Scimitar Babbler, sunbirds, tits, laughing thrushes etc, but the highlight had to be the Fire-tailed Myzornis.

We had an early lunch, and our cook spotted a Collared Owlet! After lunch we left for Punakha. During the drive we spotted Black Eagle in flight from the bus. We reached Punakha and headed straight to the Dzong. We spent some time exploring the Dzong and, as there was some festival going on, we saw some traditional dancing as well, in the Dzong grounds.

After our Dzong visit, we drove along the Pho Chu to look for the rare White-bellied Heron. We saw a Crested Serpent Eagle, but no heron. We saw more Brown Dippers, cormorants and some of the more common species. We got back to the hotel, checked in, and met back at 7pm for the checklist, followed by dinner.

Day 6

Thursday 22nd February

Punakha - Jigme Dorji NP

This morning seemed colder than last night and it seemed to have rained too! We still went out at 5.30am and headed for Jigme Dorji National Park. We spent the day looking for birds in spite of the misty weather and very poor visibility. We started the day with a Scaly Thrush followed by a Rufous-gorgeted Flycatcher. We saw some forktails, White-throated Laughing Thrushes and Grey Treepie. Breakfast and lunch were prepared for us close to the river and surrounded by forest. After breakfast we part walked, and part drove, looking for more birds, but there was very little activity. On our way to lunch Pema spotted a pair of Yellow-throated Martens and we followed them all the way to the lunch spot.

Since the weather was bad we decided to wind up early from here and headed to look for the White-bellied Herons. We scanned the length of the river but, again, no luck. We headed back to the hotel and our routine was followed, of checklist first, then dinner.

Day 7

Friday 23rd February

Punakha-Phobjika

We left the hotel at 6am -most of us felt that the half-hour's lie-in made a lot of difference. The first thing that we saw was a procession of monks performing a ritual at the Punakha dzong. We couldn't stop for pictures as it was a religious affair. We continued with our drive, making a short stop by the river to scan. We added a Steppe Gull, thanks to Andrew spotting it and Martin calling the bird. We also found some Red-crested Pochard, Common Shelduck, Eurasian Teal and Mallards among the Ruddy Shelducks. The next stop was to quickly fuel up!

We stopped next at a row of silk cotton trees; this was very productive as the trees are below eye-level and we found a Black-winged Cuckooshrike, Striated Prinia, barbets, tits and bulbuls. At 8.15am we stopped for breakfast; again, our kitchen team had found an amazing spot for us to peacefully eat. Martin spotted the Dark-breasted Rosefinches here, on adjacent cherry blossom.

We continue the drive towards Phobjika; en route we stopped at a spot for Honeyguides as Glen missed it last time. We see the Spotted Forktail, Wren-babbler, Bhutan Laughingthrush - a split from the Streaked Laughingthrush and also the Honeyguide. Some great adds-ins to the list so far. We tried a couple of known areas for the Ward's Trogon, but in vain. We got a Rusty-flanked Treecreeper instead! Not a bad catch!!

We stopped for lunch at 1pm, and we saw some Grey Langur across in the forest area. We were back on the road in 30 minutes. We reached the pass at 2.30pm, at a height of 3,400 metres; it was snowing here, so we didn't spend much time at the pass. We got to Phobjika Valley in half an hour. We saw the Black-necked Cranes, for which the area is famous, and they were seemingly very comfortable around the village houses, feeding on the farm land. We spent an hour with the cranes and then headed towards the hotel. At 4.30 we reached the resort; after discussing plans for the morrow, we decided to have a relaxed evening. We met back for the checklist at 6pm, followed by dinner at 6.30pm.

Day 8

Saturday 24th February

Phobjika - Pele La

This morning we left the warmth of our rooms and headed out towards Pele La at 6.30am. It had snowed overnight and place was transformed totally. We got great views of the high passes on the Inner Himalayan range, and stopped to take some photos of the peaks. Our first bird here is the Oriental Skylark.

We proceeded to Pele La, reaching there we see a Eurasian Wren, Snow Pigeons and scurrying Pika. Our kitchen team set up breakfast in a sunny spot overlooking the snow-clad mountains. After breakfast we walked down, but turned around as there was no bird activity. Since it was only 9.30am, we decided to do some more birding on the road as we walked down from the pass to the resort. We got some tits, grosbeak, and Himalayan Vultures, but the Bearded Vulture stole the show.

We had lunch at a spot from where we could hear the cranes. After lunch we headed out for about an hour's drive to see the valley from the opposite side. We saw many cranes again, only this time they were all in the swampy area in the middle of the fields.

We were back at the resort by 2.30pm. The rest of the afternoon was at leisure; some relaxed in their rooms while others walked with us to the village to see the cranes. We got some good flight shots and got back to the hotel, happy but frozen, as the temperature dropped drastically when we walked back. We met at 6pm for the checklist, followed by dinner.

Day 9

Sunday 25th February

Phobjika-Thimphu

We had a warm breakfast and left the hotel at 6.30am. It was cold and misty all over the valley. We drove along and found the cranes close to the road in one of the fields. This was our last photo opportunity of the cranes. We continued with drive, making a stop to try our luck again to spot the Spotted Laughingthrush. Well, after about half an hour, we caught glimpses of it. We decided to leave the birds alone and drive on; suddenly Tenzing stopped the bus as there were about four Spotted Laughingthrushes feeding by the side of the road - great views for all this time.

We drove on and made another stop to look for the Ward's Trogon. No luck, but we caught up on some species like the White-tailed Nuthatch, laughing thrushes and Crimson-breasted Woodpecker; however, the Black-eared Shrike-babbler remains our highlight!

We drove from here and stopped for an early lunch at 12noon. We reached Thimphu at 2pm and headed straight to the Takin conservation centre. We got lucky and saw these goat-antelopes, the national animals of Bhutan, close enough in the enclosures. We also see the Goral, Serow and both Sambar and Barking Deer. We then headed to the biggest Buddha statue atop the hill. After this visit we checked into the hotel and had a relaxed evening. Almost all of us wandered into town and do some shopping. We met for the checklist at 6.30pm, followed by dinner at 7pm.

Day 10

Monday 26th February

Thimphu - Phuentsholing

Finally, a relaxed morning! We had breakfast at 7.30am and left shortly after to go to the Chorten Memorial. We spent about half an hour exploring the place, watching the locals pray here. Since we still had time before the textile museum opened, we visited the secretariat building - Tashichho Dzong - seeing the outside and getting some pictures, before heading to the textile museum. We visited the Royal Textile Academy at 9.15am and spent an hour there. We headed out of Thimphu by 10.30am. We stopped at the joining point of Paro Chu and Thimphu Chu; here they merge to become the Wang Chu that flows towards Phuentsholing. This merging point has stupas made following the Nepalese, Tibetan and Bhutanese style of architecture.

Our next stop was lunch at Bunagu at 12.30pm. We found some Green-backed Tits, Olive Pipits and the Himalayan Striped Squirrel. An hour later we were back on the road and stopped briefly to see some Rufous-fronted Barwings and White-breasted Parrotbills. We also see some Black Eagles, martins and swifts en route to Phuentsholing. We arrived at Phuentsholing at 5.30pm. Norbu headed out to sort out the immigration formalities so that we could leave early tomorrow. We checked in at Druk Palace Hotel, and met back at 6.30 for the checklist, followed by dinner.

Day 11

Tuesday 27th February

Phuentsholing - Darjeeling

We had another relaxed morning. Breakfast was at 7.30am and we left for India at 8am. The border was just five minutes away. The stark difference in traffic, buildings and the sheer amount of people around signified the start of our Indian holiday.

We stopped at the immigration point and sorted out the exit formalities which took us about 30 minutes. We carried on with the drive and made a short stop for fuel which gave some of us the chance to photograph tea-picking. We saw some Indian Rollers, mynas, Black Drongos and kingfishers as we drove along. We passed several tea gardens which are mostly of Assam tea. The weather changed when we crossed Mungpoo and started the climb. The whole area was blanketed in heavy fog with low visibility.

We arrived at Darjeeling by 1.30pm. We quickly checked in and then headed to lunch, followed by three types of dessert. We met back at 3.30pm and walk to the tea-tasting section via the view point, but the weather played spoil-sport again. We saw some tits, laughing thrushes and added a Grey-headed Canary-flycatcher to our list. We met up at 7pm for the checklist, followed by dinner.

Day 12

Wednesday 28th February

Darjeeling

We woke up to see that the fog seemed heavy but, actually, visibility wasn't too bad. We went on a walk to look for birds around the view point. We saw some Stripe-throated Yuhina, Lesser Yellownape woodpecker and Fire-tailed Sunbirds, which were new for the list. We also saw some warblers, laughing thrushes and sibilias. We headed back to hotel for a lovely breakfast and left at 9am for Tiger Hill. The drive up to the hills is through some heavy traffic. The sun seemed to be appearing, but it wasn't strong enough for it to clear the mist. We decided to walk downhill and do some birding. We got some Chestnut-crowned, White-throated and Spotted Laughing Thrushes among the bamboo patches. Some of us also see an Orange-bellied Squirrel briefly, before it scurried away.

We got back to the hotel at 12.30pm just in time for lunch. After lunch we walked to the Himalayan Mountaineering Institute and Zoo. We spent the rest of the afternoon just birding around the place and walked back to the hotel at ease. Our routine continued with us meeting at 7pm for the checklist, followed by another royal spread for dinner.

Day 13

Thursday 1st March

Darjeeling

Martin and Sue braved an earlier start this morning to bird around the view point at 6am. The mist seemed to be worse and there was nothing but white cloud all around us. We saw some yuhinas, laughing thrushes, leothrix and more of the common birds. Breakfast was at 7.30am and we left for the observatory at 8.30am. We then headed straight to the Darjeeling railway station for our toy-train ride to Ghoom and back. It was two hours well spent and the weather luckily cleared up for this session. Glen totally enjoyed the ride on the train and we could

see the smile on his face from the moment we reached the station. We decided to take the train back to Darjeeling instead of the car ride back.

Lunch was at 12.30pm, after which we headed out to the Botanical Gardens. We explored the Botanical Garden, which is a great place, but the weather was foggy again, hampering visibility. We saw a Peregrine Falcon feeding on its pigeon kill. We got some tits, warblers, Blue Whistling Thrush and Brown Bullfinches. Martin and Liz walked back to the hotel while the rest of us drove up. We met again at 7pm for the checklist, after which we discussed plans for tomorrow and had dinner.

Day 14

Friday 2nd March

Darjeeling to Kaziranga

One last chance of seeing some new birds encouraged Martin and Sue to walk up to the observatory, where they were soon joined by Andy and Janice. We got there to find no sound of birds and fog building up further. We went around the temple and walked back, doing some birding along the way. We saw the Fire-tailed Sunbirds, yuhinas, thrushes, warblers and a male Red-flanked Bluetail, Scarlet Finches and Rufous-capped Babblers. We got back for breakfast and set off for Bagdogra at 9am. We were at the airport by 12noon. We dropped off the baggage and headed to have lunch.

After an hour's flight, we reached Guwahati. We collected our luggage and headed out straight away towards Kaziranga. The roads are good and, owing to Holi, there was very little traffic. We reached our dinner stop at 7pm. We had another simple yet tasty dinner and got back on the road at 8.30pm.

We reached Kaziranga Infinity Lodge at 10.15pm, and after a really quick check-in, we headed to our rooms for the well-deserved rest after a long day.

Day 15

Saturday 3rd March

Kaziranga

We had a relaxed morning today and woke up late. Most of us heard the rain lashing on our roofs in the night. Martin, Andrew and Glen had a wander around the grounds and spot their first Chestnut-headed Bee-eaters, Stork-billed Kingfisher, mynas and Indian Pond Herons among the more common sparrows and bulbuls.

Breakfast was at 7am; we then drove about 15 minutes to get to the central or Kohora range. We had Polosh as the guide in one jeep with Bikram and Tapon driving us around. The weather changed from bright to cloudy and, just as we had expected, it came down with heavy rain with a lot of thunder and lightning. We decided to do the safari, despite the weather. We saw Hog and Eastern Swamp Deer, Greater One-horned Rhinos and Water Buffaloes. Birds like the Spangled Drongo, Brown Fish Owls and Greater Adjutant were definite highlights this morning. We got back to the hotel by 12.15pm.

Our afternoon game drive began at 2.30pm. We were in the western zone - Bagori range. We crossed the lake when we heard word of Tiger. We got to see many buffaloes and rhinos by the Donga Lake, we also heard some Hog Deer alarm calls; however, there was no sign of the big cat. We waited for quite a while, but it seemed in

vain, so we carried on with the drive and saw many more rhinos and few birds as well.

The bush telegraph informed us that the Tiger had been spotted again. Despite a number of other jeeps and watchers, we managed to see the tiger sat peacefully, staring at the human chaos around him. It was truly a lovely way to end the safari. We got back to hotel by 6pm and met back for the checklist, followed by dinner.

Day 16

Sunday 4th March

Kaziranga

It was an early start as we had the much-awaited elephant safari this morning. We left at 6am for the central zone for the safari. All of us enjoyed the slow yet lovely elephant safari through the grasslands and swampland of Kaziranga. We see some Hog Deer stags, rhinos with young, and some Swamp Deer at close quarters. It was indeed amazing to watch the Asian Elephants and their young walk in the forest eating the grass tips – a wonderful safari. We had breakfast at the gate and headed back for a jeep safari into central zone itself. We drove along looking at some birds and rhinos. Great Hornbill was definitely a highlight for the morning! We were back at the resort for lunch.

We left at 1.30pm and headed towards the eastern zone - Agoratoli range. Here we saw lots of ducks, geese, Asian Elephants and rhinos. We heard Hog Deer alarm calls and decided to wait for the cat to arrive. It was interesting to watch how the Wild Buffalo watched where the tiger sat and kept trying to scare it. After waiting for about an hour, we saw the tiger come right out in the open; in fact, as it walks towards the forest, Liz said she could see a second one. Wow!!! Amazing!!! We were back at the resort at 6pm. We met back for the checklist, followed by dinner.

Day 17

Monday 5th March

Kaziranga

Our priority for the day was the Hoolock Gibbons. So, we drove on towards Burrpahar range and soon we heard them but couldn't see them. We drove on a bit further to scan the roadside trees and Bikram, our driver, spotted a Malayan Giant Squirrel. That's a lovely squirrel to see and soon Sheila spotted a second one. Wow!! A great start for the morning. Bikram suggested we head back as the gibbons we heard earlier may come out to feed. As we drove towards the place, Bikram quickly spots a gibbon family. It was a mother and young, one sub-adult male and a full-grown male. They gave us great photo opportunities. What a successful morning! We proceeded to the western range for a morning safari and got back to the hotel for lunch.

We headed out again this afternoon at 2pm to central zone. It was our last safari here at Kaziranga. We explored the forest a bit and decided to try our luck to see the tigress with her cubs from the watchtower. We saw Smooth-coated Otters playing, fishing and feeding on the lake. No cats were seen today, but we enjoyed a lovely sunset. What a way to end our adventure here.

We were back at the resort at 5.30pm and met back for the checklist followed by dinner.

Day 18

Tuesday 6th March

Kaziranga - Kolkata

Our last morning for the holiday and all of us went on a short walk through the village, enjoying the scenes around here. It was amazing watching the kids getting ready for school while some toddlers were just happily waving to us. We headed towards a small forested patch and try to spot the Blue-naped Pitta. We heard it call loudly, but just a few of us got brief glimpses as it flew further away from us. We managed to see a Siberian Rubythroat in the tea gardens and heard a Plaintive Cuckoo. That definitely added to the trip highlights.

We got back to the resort and had a relaxed breakfast, before leaving for the two-hour journey to Jorhat. We arrive in Kolkata at 4.30pm and headed to the Hyatt Regency Hotel where we would spend the night. The drive to the hotel was through blaring horns and traffic of all sorts - auto-rickshaw, cars, motorbikes, buses etc. Such a contrast to our wilderness experience!

Day 19/20

Wednesday 7th/Thursday 8th March

On our overnight flights, we could sit back and reminisce about our wonderful trip to north-east India and Bhutan, with over 300 species of birds and mammals seen, alongside the people and culture - not to forget the toy train!

The main flight arrived back at London Heathrow Airport and another Naturetrek adventure came to an end.

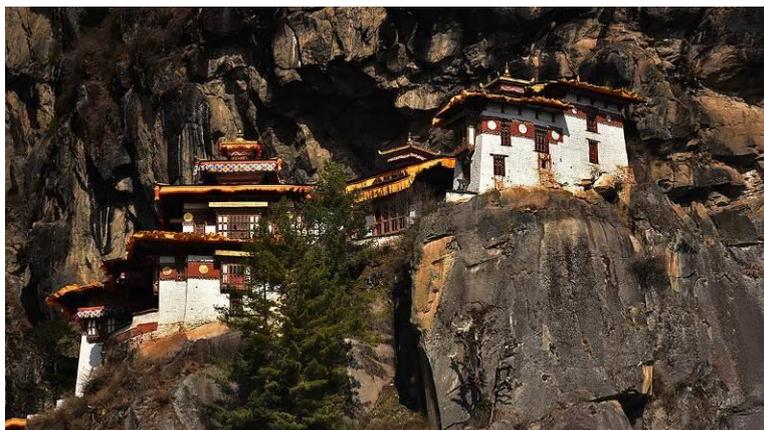
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Tiger Nest

Species Lists

Birds (✓=recorded but not counted; H = heard only)

	Common name	Scientific name	February/March																	
			19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	1	2	3	4	5	6		
1	Bar-headed Goose	<i>Anser indicus</i>															✓	✓	✓	
2	Greylag Goose	<i>Anser anser</i>																✓	✓	
3	Ruddy Shelduck	<i>Tadorna ferruginea</i>			✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓						✓	✓	✓	
4	Cotton Pygmy Goose	<i>Nettapus coromandelianus</i>																✓		
5	Gadwall	<i>Mareca strepera</i>				✓											✓	✓	✓	
6	Falcated Duck	<i>Mareca falcata</i>				✓														
7	Eurasian Wigeon	<i>Mareca penelope</i>			✓		✓										✓	✓	✓	
8	Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>															✓	✓		
9	Indian Spot-billed Duck	<i>Anas poecilorhyncha</i>															✓	✓	✓	
10	Northern Shoveler	<i>Spatula clypeata</i>																✓		
11	Northern Pintail	<i>Anas acuta</i>				✓											✓	✓		
12	Garganey	<i>Spatula querquedula</i>																✓		
13	Eurasian Teal	<i>Anas crecca</i>				✓	✓										✓	✓	✓	
14	Red-crested Pochard	<i>Netta rufina</i>					✓													
15	Common Pochard	<i>Aythya ferina</i>															✓			
16	Baer's Pochard	<i>Aythya baeri</i>																✓		
17	Ferruginous Duck	<i>Aythya nyroca</i>															✓	✓		
18	Tufted Duck	<i>Aythya fuligula</i>																✓		
19	Common Merganser	<i>Mergus merganser</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓													
20	Blood Pheasant	<i>Ithaginis cruentus</i>	✓																	
21	Himalayan Monal	<i>Lophophorus impejanus</i>	✓																	
22	Red Junglefowl	<i>Gallus gallus</i>															✓	✓	✓	
23	Kalij Pheasant	<i>Lophura leucomelanos</i>	✓		H		✓	✓												
24	Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>																✓		
25	Asian Openbill	<i>Anastomus oscitans</i>															✓	✓	✓	
26	Black Stork	<i>Ciconia nigra</i>																?		
27	Woolly-necked Stork	<i>Ciconia episcopus</i>															✓	✓	✓	
28	Black-necked Stork	<i>Ephippiorhynchus asiaticus</i>															✓	✓	✓	
29	Lesser Adjutant	<i>Leptoptilos javanicus</i>															✓	✓	✓	

	Common name	Scientific name	February/March															
			19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	1	2	3	4	5	6
30	Greater Adjutant	<i>Leptoptilos dubius</i>														✓	✓	✓
31	Black-headed Ibis	<i>Threskiornis melanocephalus</i>														✓	✓	✓
32	Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>																✓
33	Striated Heron	<i>Butorides striata</i>														✓		
34	Indian Pond Heron	<i>Ardeola grayii</i>							✓							✓	✓	✓
35	Eastern Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus coromandus</i>	✓						✓					✓	✓	✓	✓	
36	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>														✓	✓	✓
37	Purple Heron	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>															✓	✓
38	Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>			✓											✓	✓	✓
39	Intermediate Egret	<i>Ardea intermedia</i>														✓	✓	
40	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>														✓	✓	✓
41	Spot-billed Pelican	<i>Pelecanus philippensis</i>														✓	✓	✓
42	Little Cormorant	<i>Microcarbo niger</i>							?							✓	✓	✓
43	Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>			✓	✓	✓									✓	✓	✓
44	Oriental Darter	<i>Anhinga melanogaster</i>														✓	✓	✓
45	Western Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>															✓	
46	Bearded Vulture	<i>Gypaetus barbatus</i>							✓									
47	Crested (Oriental) Honey Buzzard	<i>Pernis ptilorhynchus</i>														✓	✓	
48	Slender-billed Vulture	<i>Gyps tenuirostris</i>														✓		✓
49	Himalayan Vulture	<i>Gyps himalayensis</i>							✓									
50	Red-headed Vulture	<i>Sarcogyps calvus</i>														✓	✓	
51	Crested Serpent Eagle	<i>Spilornis cheela</i>			✓	✓	✓									✓	✓	✓
52	Short-toed Snake Eagle	<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>									✓							
53	Changeable Hawk-Eagle	<i>Nisaetus cirrhatus</i>														✓	✓	✓
54	Mountain Hawk-Eagle	<i>Nisaetus nipalensis</i>					✓		✓									
55	Black Eagle	<i>Ictinaetus malaiensis</i>			✓						✓							
56	Indian Spotted Eagle	<i>Clanga hastata</i>															✓	
57	Steppe Eagle	<i>Aquila nipalensis</i>														✓		
58	Crested Goshawk	<i>Accipiter trivirgatus</i>										✓						
59	Besra	<i>Accipiter virgatus</i>				✓												
60	Eurasian Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>	✓			✓	✓	✓										
61	Northern Goshawk	<i>Accipiter gentilis</i>						✓										

	Common name	Scientific name	February/March																
			19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	1	2	3	4	5	6	
62	Western Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>															✓		
63	Hen Harrier	<i>Circus cyaneus</i>					✓	✓											
64	Pied Harrier	<i>Circus melanoleucos</i>																✓	
65	Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans lineatus</i>									✓	✓		✓					
66	Pallas's Fish Eagle	<i>Haliaeetus leucoryphus</i>				✓										✓	✓	✓	
67	Grey-headed Fish Eagle	<i>Haliaeetus ichthyaetus</i>														✓		✓	
68	Himalayan Buzzard	<i>Buteo burmanicus</i>	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓									
69	White-breasted Waterhen	<i>Amaurornis phoenicurus</i>														✓	✓	✓	
70	Black-tailed Crake	<i>Porzana bicolor</i>		✓	✓														
71	Eurasian Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>															✓		
72	Black-necked Crane	<i>Grus nigricollis</i>					✓		✓										
73	Ibisbill	<i>Ibidorhyncha struthersii</i>	✓			✓													
74	Northern Lapwing	<i>Vanellus vanellus</i>							✓							✓	✓	✓	
75	River Lapwing	<i>Vanellus duvaucelii</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓										✓		
76	Grey-headed Lapwing	<i>Vanellus cinereus</i>														✓	✓		
77	Red-wattled Lapwing	<i>Vanellus indicus</i>			✓	✓										✓	✓	✓	
78	Little Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius dubius</i>															✓	✓	
79	Pheasant-tailed Jacana	<i>Hydrophasianus chirurgus</i>															✓		
80	Bronze-winged Jacana	<i>Metopidius indicus</i>															✓		
81	Common Snipe	<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>																	✓
82	Spotted Redshank	<i>Tringa erythropus</i>															✓	✓	
83	Common Redshank	<i>Tringa totanus</i>															✓	✓	✓
84	Common Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>															✓	✓	✓
85	Green Sandpiper	<i>Tringa ochropus</i>															✓	✓	✓
86	Wood Sandpiper	<i>Tringa glareola</i>															✓		✓
87	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>			✓	✓											✓	✓	✓
88	Temminck's Stint	<i>Calidris temminckii</i>																✓	✓
89	Steppe Gull	<i>Larus fuscus barabensis</i>					✓												
90	Rock Dove	<i>Columba livia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓							
91	Snow Pigeon	<i>Columba leuconota</i>							✓										
92	Oriental Turtle Dove	<i>Streptopelia orientalis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓			
93	Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>														✓			

	Common name	Scientific name	February/March																
			19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	1	2	3	4	5	6	
94	Red Turtle Dove	<i>Streptopelia tranquebarica</i>														✓	✓		
95	Spotted Dove	<i>Spilopelia chinensis</i>									✓				✓	✓	✓	✓	
96	Barred Cuckoo-Dove	<i>Macropygia unchall</i>				✓							✓	✓					
97	Yellow-footed Green Pigeon	<i>Treron phoenicopterus</i>														✓	✓	✓	
98	Green Imperial Pigeon	<i>Ducula aenea</i>																✓	
99	Greater Coucal	<i>Centropus sinensis</i>												✓				✓	
100	Lesser Coucal	<i>Centropus bengalensis</i>														✓			
101	Green-billed Malkoha	<i>Phaenicophaeus tristis</i>																✓	✓
102	Brown Fish Owl	<i>Ketupa zeylonensis</i>														✓		✓	
103	Collared Owlet	<i>Glaucidium brodiei</i>			✓														
104	Asian Barred Owlet	<i>Glaucidium cuculoides</i>														✓	✓		
105	Brown Hawk-Owl	<i>Ninox scutulata</i>																H	H
106	Grey Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus jotaka</i>		✓															
107	Himalayan Swiftlet	<i>Aerodramus brevirostris</i>			✓	✓				✓	✓								
108	Asian Palm Swift	<i>Cypsiurus balasiensis</i>														✓	✓	✓	
109	Fork-tailed Swift	<i>Apus pacificus leuconyx</i>										✓							
110	House Swift	<i>Apus nipalensis</i>									✓							✓	
111	Ward's Trogon	<i>Harpactes wardi</i>						H											
112	Indian Roller	<i>Coracias benghalensis (affinis)</i>														✓	✓	✓	
113	Stork-billed Kingfisher	<i>Pelargopsis capensis</i>														✓	✓	✓	
114	White-throated Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon smyrnensis</i>			✓	✓										✓	✓	✓	
115	Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>				✓										✓	✓	✓	
116	Pied Kingfisher	<i>Ceryle rudis</i>														✓	✓	✓	
117	Blue-bearded Bee-eater	<i>Nyctornis athertoni</i>																✓	✓
118	Green Bee-eater	<i>Merops orientalis</i>													✓			✓	
119	Eurasian Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>							✓	✓								✓	✓
120	Great Hornbill	<i>Buceros bicornis</i>																✓	
121	Oriental Pied Hornbill	<i>Anthracoceros albirostris</i>														✓	✓	✓	
122	Great Barbet	<i>Psilopogon virens</i>				✓	✓			✓		✓	✓	✓	✓				
123	Blue-throated Barbet	<i>Psilopogon asiaticus</i>					✓			✓						✓			
124	Coppersmith Barbet	<i>Psilopogon haemacephalus</i>																✓	✓
125	Yellow-rumped Honeyguide	<i>Indicator xanthonotus</i>			✓		✓												

	Common name	Scientific name	February/March														
			19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	1	2	3	4	5
126	Grey-capped Pygmy Woodpecker	<i>Yungipicus canicapillus</i>								✓							✓
127	Crimson-breasted Woodpecker	<i>Dryobates cathpharius</i>					✓		✓								
128	Rufous-bellied Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos hyperythrus</i>															✓
129	Lesser Yellownape	<i>Picus chlorolophus</i>										✓	✓		✓		
130	Streak-throated Woodpecker	<i>Picus xanthopygaeus</i>															✓
131	Black-rumped Flameback	<i>Dinopium benghalense</i>															✓
132	Bay Woodpecker	<i>Blythipicus pyrrhotis</i>				✓											
133	Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓							
134	Peregrine Falcon (Shaheen)	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>		✓					✓								✓
135	Blossom-headed Parakeet	<i>Psittacula roseata</i>													✓		✓
136	Red-breasted Parakeet	<i>Psittacula alexandri</i>													✓		✓
137	Alexandrine Parakeet	<i>Psittacula eupatria</i>								✓	✓		H	✓	✓	✓	✓
138	Rose-ringed Parakeet	<i>Psittacula krameri</i>								✓					✓	✓	✓
139	Ashy Woodswallow	<i>Artamus fuscus</i>								✓					✓		
140	Common Iora	<i>Aegithina tiphia</i>													✓		H
141	Black-winged Cuckooshrike	<i>Coracina melaschistos</i>					✓										✓
142	Ashy Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus divaricatus</i>															✓
143	Grey-chinned Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus solaris</i>				✓											
144	Long-tailed Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus ethologus</i>															✓
145	Scarlet Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus speciosus</i>													✓		
146	Brown Shrike	<i>Lanius cristatus</i>													✓		
147	Long-tailed Shrike	<i>Lanius schach(tricolor)</i>				✓				✓	✓				✓	✓	✓
148	Grey-backed Shrike	<i>Lanius tephronotus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓		✓					✓		✓
149	Green Shrike-Babbler	<i>Pteruthius xanthochlorus</i>		✓					✓								
150	Black-eared Shrike-babbler	<i>Pteruthius melanotis</i>							✓								
151	Black-hooded Oriole	<i>Oriolus xanthornus</i>													✓		✓
152	Black Drongo	<i>Dicrurus macrocercus</i>	✓						?		✓				✓	✓	✓
153	Hair-crested Drongo (spl fr Spangled)	<i>Dicrurus hottentottus (bracteatus)</i>													✓	✓	✓
154	White-throated Fantail	<i>Rhipidura albicollis</i>									✓						
155	Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>		✓					✓								
156	Yellow-billed Blue Magpie	<i>Urocissa flavirostris</i>		✓	✓			✓	✓	✓							
157	Rufous Treepie	<i>Dendrocitta vagabunda</i>													✓	✓	✓

	Common name	Scientific name	February/March															
			19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	1	2	3	4	5	6
158	Grey Treepie	<i>Dendrocitta formosae</i>				✓			✓	✓				✓				
159	Eurasian Magpie	<i>Pica pica</i>						✓										
160	Spotted Nutcracker	<i>Nucifraga caryocatactes</i>			✓	✓		✓										
161	Red-billed Chough	<i>Pyrrhocorax pyrrhocorax</i>	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓									
162	House Crow	<i>Corvus splendens</i>			✓	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				
163	Large-billed Crow	<i>Corvus macrorhynchos</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓							
164	Eastern Jungle Crow	<i>Corvus levaillantii</i>													✓	✓	✓	
165	Yellow-bellied Fantail	<i>Chelidorhynx hypoxanthus</i>				✓												
166	Grey-headed Canary-flycatcher	<i>Culicicapa ceylonensis</i>									✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
167	Yellow-browed Tit	<i>Sylviparus modestus</i>			✓													
168	Rufous-vented Tit	<i>Periparus rubidiventris</i>		✓				✓	✓									
169	Coal Tit	<i>Periparus ater</i>		✓			✓	✓	✓									
170	Grey Crested Tit	<i>Lophophanes dichrous</i>		H				H	✓									
171	Cinereous Tit	<i>Parus cinereus</i>									✓		✓	✓	✓			
172	Green-backed Tit	<i>Parus monticolus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					
173	Bengal Bush Lark	<i>Mirafra assamica</i>																✓
174	Oriental Skylark	<i>Alauda gulgula</i>						✓										
175	Striated Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus striatus</i>										✓						
176	Red-whiskered Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus jocosus</i>											✓	✓				
177	Red-vented Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus cafer</i>			✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
178	Black Bulbul	<i>Hypsipetes leucocephalus</i>			✓	✓	✓											
179	Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>													✓			
180	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>								✓					✓	✓	✓	
181	Eurasian Crag Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i>								✓								
182	Nepal House Martin	<i>Delichon nipalense</i>								✓								
183	Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Cecropis daurica</i>										✓						
184	Striated Swallow	<i>Cecropis striolata</i>																✓
185	Scaly-breasted Wren-babbler	<i>Pnoepyga albiventer</i>					✓											
186	Brown-flanked Bush Warbler	<i>Horornis fortipes</i>										?						
187	Black-throated Bushtit	<i>Aegithalos concinnus</i>					✓				✓	✓	✓					
188	Rufous-fronted Bushtit	<i>Aegithalos iouschistos</i>		✓					✓									
189	Tickell's Leaf Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus affinis</i>													✓	✓	✓	

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			19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	1	2	3	4	5	6
190	Buff-barred Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus pulcher</i>										✓	✓	✓				
191	Ashy-throated Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus maculipennis</i>			✓	✓	✓			✓			✓					
192	Lemon-rumped Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus chloronotus</i>				✓												
193	Hume's Leaf Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus humei</i>										✓	✓			✓		
194	Greenish Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus trochiloides</i>										✓	✓					
195	Grey-hooded Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus xanthoschistos</i>				✓	✓		✓		✓	✓	✓					
196	Chestnut-crowned Warbler	<i>Seicercus castaniceps</i>				✓												
197	Striated Grassbird	<i>Megalurus palustris</i>														✓	✓	
198	Striated Prinia	<i>Prinia crinigera</i>					✓											
199	Plain Prinia	<i>Prinia inornata</i>										✓						
200	Common Tailorbird	<i>Orthotomus sutorius</i>												✓			✓	
201	Dark-necked Tailorbird	<i>Orthotomus atrogularis</i>																✓
202	Rusty-cheeked Scimitar Babbler	<i>Pomatorhinus erythrogegens</i>					H											
203	Streak-breasted Scimitar Babbler	<i>Pomatorhinus ruficollis</i>			✓		✓											
204	Rufous-capped Babbler	<i>Stachyridopsis ruficeps</i>												✓				
205	Chestnut-capped Babbler	<i>Timalia pileata</i>																✓
206	Rufous-winged Fulvetta	<i>Alcippe castaneiceps</i>			✓		✓					✓	✓					
207	Abbott's Babbler	<i>Malacocincla abbotti</i>															✓	
208	Puff-throated Babbler	<i>Pellorneum ruficeps</i>													✓			
209	Striated Babbler	<i>Turdoides earlei</i>																✓
210	Spotted Laughingthrush	<i>Garrulax ocellatus</i>						H	✓			✓						
211	White-throated Laughingthrush	<i>Garrulax albogularis</i>		✓	✓						✓	✓						
212	Striated Laughingthrush	<i>Garrulax striatus</i>				✓			✓	✓								
213	Bhutan Laughingthrush	<i>Trochalopteron imbricatum</i>					✓			?								
214	Black-faced Laughingthrush	<i>Trochalopteron affine</i>		✓							✓							
215	Chestnut-crowned Laughingthrush	<i>Trochalopteron erythrocephalum</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓			?		✓	✓	✓				
216	Bar-throated Minla	<i>Minla strigula</i>		✓														
217	Red-tailed Minla	<i>Minla ignotincta</i>											✓					
218	Rusty-fronted Barwing	<i>Actinodura egertoni</i>									✓							
219	Hoary-throated Barwing	<i>Actinodura nipalensis</i>			✓													
220	Red-billed Leiothrix	<i>Leiothrix lutea</i>										✓	✓	✓	✓			
221	Rufous Sibia	<i>Heterophasia capistrata</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			

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			19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	1	2	3	4	5	6
222	Fire-tailed Myzornis	<i>Myzornis pyrrhoura</i>			✓													
223	White-browed Fulvetta	<i>Fulvetta vinipectus</i>			✓			✓	✓			✓						
224	Brown Parrotbill	<i>Cholornis unicolor</i>			✓													
225	White-breasted Parrotbill	<i>Psittiparus ruficeps</i>								✓								
226	Striated Yuhina	<i>Yuhina castaniceps</i>										✓	✓	✓				
227	Whiskered Yuhina	<i>Yuhina flavicollis</i>				✓				✓								
228	Stripe-throated Yuhina	<i>Yuhina gularis</i>						H						✓				
229	Rufous-vented Yuhina	<i>Yuhina occipitalis</i>			✓													
230	Black-chinned Yuhina	<i>Yuhina nigrimenta</i>				✓												
231	Oriental White-eye	<i>Zosterops palpebrosus</i>			✓	✓	✓									✓	✓	
232	Eurasian Wren (Winter)	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>							✓									
233	White-tailed Nuthatch	<i>Sitta himalayensis</i>								✓		✓	✓	✓				
234	Wallcreeper	<i>Tichodroma muraria</i>				✓												
235	Hodgson's Treecreeper	<i>Certhia hodgsoni</i>		✓								✓						
236	Rusty-flanked Treecreeper	<i>Certhia nipalensis</i>					✓											
237	Spot-winged Starling	<i>Saroglossa spilopterus</i>														✓	✓	✓
238	Common Hill Myna	<i>Gracula religiosa</i>									✓							
239	Great Myna	<i>Acridotheres grandis</i>														✓	✓	✓
240	Jungle Myna	<i>Acridotheres fuscus</i>									✓	✓				✓	✓	✓
241	Bank Myna	<i>Acridotheres ginginianus</i>														✓		
242	Common Myna	<i>Acridotheres tristis</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓
243	Pied Myna	<i>Gracupica contra</i>									✓	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓
244	Chestnut-tailed Starling	<i>Sturnia malabarica</i>				✓					✓	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓
245	Common Starling	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>				✓												
246	Alpine Thrush (Plain-backed)	<i>Zoothera mollissima</i>			✓		✓											
247	Long-tailed Thrush	<i>Zoothera dixonii</i>			✓													
248	Scaly Thrush	<i>Zoothera dauma</i>				✓												
249	White-collared Blackbird	<i>Turdus albocinctus</i>	✓				✓	✓	✓				✓	✓				
250	Grey-winged Blackbird	<i>Turdus boulboul</i>										✓						
251	Oriental Magpie-Robin	<i>Copsychus saularis</i>			✓	✓					✓	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓
252	White-rumped Shama	<i>Copsychus malabaricus</i>														✓		
253	Bluethroat	<i>Luscinia svecica</i>																✓

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			19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	1	2	3	4	5	6
254	Siberian Rubythroat	<i>Calliope calliope</i>																✓
255	Red-flanked Bluetail	<i>Tarsiger cyanurus</i>					✓						?	✓	✓			
256	Little Forktail	<i>Enicurus scouleri</i>				✓												
257	Slaty-backed Forktail	<i>Enicurus schistaceus</i>				✓												
258	Spotted Forktail	<i>Enicurus maculatus</i>				✓	✓				✓							
259	Blue Whistling Thrush	<i>Myophonus caeruleus</i>	✓		✓		✓	✓		✓	✓		✓	✓				
260	Rufous-gorgeted Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula strophciata</i>				✓												
261	Taiga Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula albicilla</i>												✓			✓	
262	Hodgson's Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus hodgsoni</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓								
263	White-throated Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus schisticeps</i>	✓	✓				✓	✓									
264	Blue-fronted Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus frontalis</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓			✓					
265	Plumbeous Water Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus fuliginosus</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓											
266	White-capped Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus leucocephalus</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓											
267	Blue Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola solitarius</i>			✓													
268	Chestnut-bellied Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola rufiventris</i>				✓	✓		✓	✓			✓					
269	Siberian Stonechat	<i>Saxicola maurus</i>														✓	✓	✓
270	Brown Dipper	<i>Cinclus pallasii</i>	✓		✓	✓												
271	Orange-bellied Leafbird	<i>Chloropsis hardwickii</i>				✓												
272	Fire-breasted Flowerpecker	<i>Dicaeum ignipectus</i>					✓											
273	Green-tailed Sunbird	<i>Aethopyga nipalensis</i>			✓		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				
274	Crimson Sunbird	<i>Aethopyga siparaja</i>							✓							✓	✓	✓
275	Fire-tailed Sunbird	<i>Aethopyga ignicauda</i>										✓		✓				
276	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	✓								?	✓				✓	✓	✓
277	Russet Sparrow	<i>Passer rutilans</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓									
278	Eurasian Tree Sparrow	<i>Passer montanus</i>				✓	✓	✓		✓	✓		✓			✓		✓
279	Black-breasted Weaver	<i>Ploceus benghalensis</i>														✓		
280	Finn's Weaver	<i>Ploceus megarhynchus</i>																✓
281	Scaly-breasted Munia	<i>Lonchura punctulata</i>				✓												✓
282	Alpine Accentor	<i>Prunella collaris</i>						✓										
283	Rufous-breasted Accentor	<i>Prunella strophciata</i>	✓	✓	✓				✓									
284	Citrine Wagtail	<i>Motacilla citreola</i>														✓	✓	✓
285	Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>				✓							✓					✓

	Common name	Scientific name	February/March																
			19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	1	2	3	4	5	6	
286	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓									✓	✓	✓	
287	White-browed Wagtail	<i>Motacilla maderaspatensis</i>				✓													
288	Paddyfield Pipit	<i>Anthus rufulus</i>																✓	
289	Olive-backed Pipit	<i>Anthus hodgsoni</i>	✓				✓	✓	✓	✓		✓							
290	Rosy Pipit	<i>Anthus roseatus</i>															✓	✓	
291	Collared Grosbeak	<i>Mycerobas affinis</i>	✓																
292	White-winged Grosbeak	<i>Mycerobas carnipes</i>	✓						✓										
293	Brown Bullfinch	<i>Pyrrhula nipalensis</i>											✓						
294	Red-headed Bullfinch	<i>Pyrrhula erythrocephala</i>			✓														
295	Dark-breasted Rosefinch	<i>Procarduelis nipalensis</i>					✓					✓	✓						
296	Plain Mountain Finch	<i>Leucosticte nemoricola</i>		✓			✓	✓											
297	Common Rosefinch	<i>Carpodacus erythrinus</i>											✓	✓					
298	Dark-rumped Rosefinch	<i>Carpodacus edwardsii</i>							✓	✓									
299	Himalayan White-browed Rosefinch	<i>Carpodacus thura</i>		✓															
300	Yellow-breasted Greenfinch	<i>Chloris spinoides</i>							✓										
301	Red Crossbill	<i>Loxia curvirostra</i>		✓															
302	Tibetan Siskin	<i>Spinus thibetanus</i>			✓														
303	Little Bunting	<i>Emberiza pusilla</i>				✓	✓												

Mammals

1	Indian Flying Fox	<i>Pteropus giganteus</i>										✓							
2	Western Hoolock Gibbon	<i>Bunopithecus hoolock</i>																	✓
3	Assam Macaque	<i>Macaca assamensis</i>				✓					✓	✓							
4	Rhesus Macaque	<i>Macaca mulatta</i>										✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	
5	Grey Langur	<i>Semnopithecus entellus</i>					✓			✓	✓								
6	Smooth-coated Otter	<i>Lutrogale perspicillata</i>														✓			✓
7	Tiger	<i>Panthera tigris</i>														✓	2		
8	Asian Elephant	<i>Elephas maximus</i>																✓	✓
9	Greater One-horned Rhino	<i>Rhinoceros unicornis</i>																✓	✓
10	Wild Pigs	<i>Sus scrofa</i>																✓	✓
11	Muntjac (Barking Deer)	<i>Muntiacus muntjak</i>				✓													
12	Hog Deer	<i>Cervus porcinus</i>																✓	✓

	Common name	Scientific name	February/March															
			19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	1	2	3	4	5	6
13	Eastern Swamp Deer	<i>Rucervus duvaucelii ranjitsinhi</i>														✓	✓	✓
14	Sambar	<i>Cervus unicolor</i>			✓												✓	
15	Wild Water Buffalo	<i>Bubalus arnee</i>														✓	✓	✓
16	Orange-bellied Squirrel	<i>Dremomys lokriah</i>		✓								✓						
17	Himalayan Striped Squirrel	<i>Tamiops mccllellandii</i>			✓		✓		✓	✓								
18	Hoary-bellied Squirrel	<i>Callosciurus pygerythrus</i>										✓		✓			✓	✓
19	Malayan Giant Squirrel	<i>Ratufa bicolor</i>																2
20	Yellow-throated Marten	<i>Martes flavigula</i>				✓												
21	Large-eared Pika	<i>Ochotona macrotis</i>		✓	✓													
22	Bhutanese Yak						✓	✓										

Reptiles

1	Bengal Monitor Lizard	<i>Varanus bengalensis</i>																✓	
2	Assam Roofed Turtle	<i>Pangshura sylhetensis</i>																✓	

Butterflies

Grey Pansy, *Junonia atlites*

Plain Tiger, *Danaus chrysippus*

Peacock Pansy, *Junonia almana*

Dark Clouded Yellow, *Colias fieldii*

Blue Tiger, *Tirumala limniace*

Cabbage White, *Pieris rapae*

Purple Sapphire, *Heliophorus epicles latilimbata*

Vietnamese Red-spot Jezebel, *Delias descombesi descombesi*

Striped Tiger, *Danaus genutia*

Grey Baron, *Euthalia anosia*

Long-branded Blue Crow, *Euploea algea*



Paro Dzong at night