

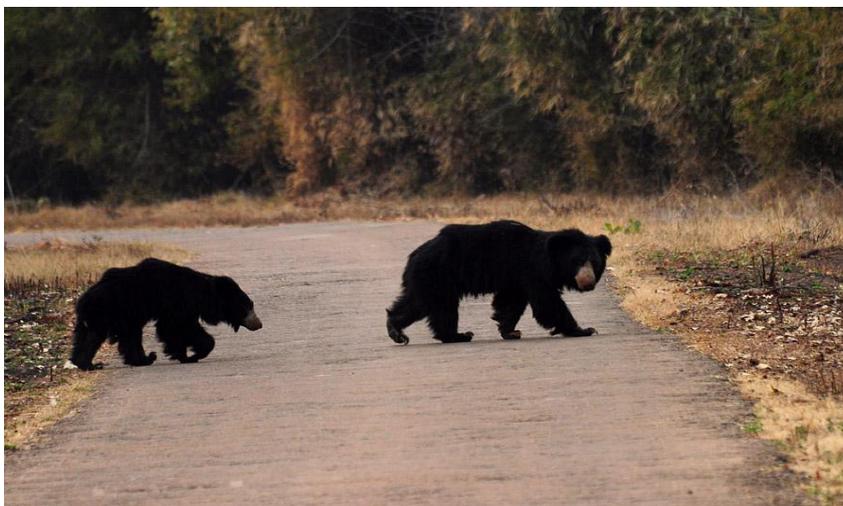
India - Tigers Direct!

Naturetrek Tour Report

17 - 27 February 2011



Mating Tigers



Sloth Bears

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Day 1

Thursday 17th February

Weather: Clear sky, sunny & pleasant

Group arrived at Nagpur for Tiger Direct pre-extension to Tadoba and met the group leaders. For most of them it was their first time in India. By evening at dinner all of them got to know each other and were excited for the coming days. We spent the night at Tuli Imperial at Nagpur.

Day 2

Friday 18th February

Weather: Clear sky, sunny & warm

After having an early breakfast we left for a 3 hour drive to Tadoba - on our way, most of them saw interesting birds for first time like Indian Rollers, Black-winged Kites, Short-toed Snake Eagle, Pied Bush-chat, doves and parakeets. We also saw Common Langur monkeys.

By lunch time we arrived at Tiger Trails at Tadoba and after having a quick lunch we headed for our first afternoon drive into the park. It was still warm when we entered the park; we stopped for our first big troop of Langur monkeys and Spotted Deer. Tadoba was getting into dry season, so the park was slowly changing its colour from green to brown. We visited a few watering holes as we had heard that tigers had been active there. On one of the large water bodies we saw Indian Marsh Crocodile.

By end of our drive we visited one of the water holes again and to our surprise we had a good sighting of our first Sloth Bear with two sub-adults foraging in the thicket. After watching them disappear we were driving back to the gate and all of a sudden one of the guests spotted another sloth at the edge of the forest close to the road! When the sloth quickly turned its back a few of us in the Jeep saw two small cubs piggy-backing it! At the same time one of our jeeps saw a sloth crossing the road. So our first drive in Tadoba we saw 7 Sloth Bears!!!

Day 3

Saturday 19th February

Weather: Scattered clouds, breezy & warm

It was a beautiful morning even though it was cloudy. In the early hours of the morning a few guests saw Indian Gaur outside their room and one of them also saw Common Palm Civet getting mobbed by Spotted Owlets! We visited different parts of the park where there is a very large lake called Tadoba where a few of us saw beautiful Grey-headed Fish Eagle, many water birds and crocodiles. For many they saw their first Sambar deer, Barking deer, mongoose and fresh tracks of Tiger! One vehicle was lucky to see an uncommon antelope 'Chowshinga or Four-horned Antelope'.

In the afternoon we planned to visit the water holes for tigers but it was quiet - maybe because of cloudy weather and a breeze. Most of the time the jungle was quiet but one of the jeeps saw a Sloth Bear crossing the road at two different places. On our way back we saw one vehicle had stopped and they said they had seen sloths inside the thicket. We waited for some time without making any noise and after few minutes we saw a mother Sloth Bear with two sub-adults come out in the open and cross the road.

Day 4

Sunday 20th February

Weather: Rain/Cloudy

During the previous night and in the morning it rained heavily. We came to know that the park was closed for the morning. So after breakfast when the rain stopped we went for a short walk in the open fields. We had a great view of Indian Rollers displaying. We also saw many birds and a few tracks of deer and jackal.

The afternoon was still cloudy but the park was open and we went inside with our finger crossed. There was news that a deer was killed by tiger, so we went and waited there for a long time but nothing appeared except at the end Wild Boars came foraging. On our way back one of our jeeps, to their surprise, saw a 'Dhole' or Indian Wild Dog in middle of the road marking its territory. Another dog joined it and both walked on the road followed by our jeep. Other jeeps had a good view of a large herd of Gaurs.

Day 5

Monday 21st February

Weather: Clear sky & sunny

On our last drive in Tadoba we all went in different directions to look for the elusive cat. The sky was clear and the forest was beautiful after the rain, and the morning light was perfect. We came across a large herd of Gaurs with calves resting on the road and they slowly moved to the side. A few got really nice pictures in that light. Later we heard funny noise made by a bird and found out it was Greater Racket-tailed Drongo. There was a lot of activity of birds as the rain had stopped and insects were out with the sun.

We saw fresh tracks of tiger but monkeys and deer around suggested that it had moved from there. We were driving in the general direction where the tracks had disappeared when we saw a car in front of us coming towards us which had stopped, so we quickly drove towards them...there at the edge of the forest under the bamboo behind the grass we could see the beautiful face of a male Tiger staring at us! Wow! What a sight! As we watched we saw another tiger behind this one in the shade and we wondered if this could be a courting pair! This was clarified as both walked together into a small opening in the dry stream and started mating in front of us! The growls and snarls created were unforgettable. The male walked away leaving the female, so we drove on a little and saw him resting in the open but much further away from the road. As we watched for few minutes the female came and both mated for a second time and slowly disappeared. At the same time other two jeeps had great sightings of two Wild Dogs making a kill and feeding on Spotted Deer. Wow, what a way end our last drive in Tadoba.

After reaching the lodge we packed and left for Pench with a short stop at Nagpur for lunch. We reached Pench in the evening and on our way we saw few Open bill Storks, jacanas and Rhesus monkeys. The rest of the group booked on the main tour only, joined us at night for dinner.

Day 6

Tuesday 22nd February

Weather: Clear sky, pleasant

Our first morning drive in Pench National Park was beautiful. We were in 4 different jeeps and took different routes and as we entered one of the jeeps spotted a Jungle Cat in the grass. Later we had our first good sighting of Indias largest antelope - 'Blue Bull or Nilgai'. Pench is similar to Tadoba but with more Teak trees. Half way through the drive we came to know that the Elephants had tracked a tiger and we were getting a chance to go on the elephants to view the tiger! As we all waited for our turn in our jeep, we saw Long-billed and Indian White-backed Vultures soaring above us. And then we came to know that the elephants have not just tracked a tiger but 6 of them!!! A mother with 5 three-month-old cubs! The Tigress had made a kill of a Spotted Deer and she was resting in a thick lantana bush. So when we went on the elephants, a few in the group saw 4 cubs and a few saw all five cubs playing in the thicket! It is very rare for a Tigress to give birth to 5 cubs.

The afternoon drive was pleasant, everyone was thinking about the morning's sighting. One of the jeeps had got a route which goes to a rocky area and Indrajit the group leader said to the group that this is a good habitat for Leopards and in 10 minutes they saw a handsome male Leopard walking on the road and in front of them. The Leopard walked for few metres and took a huge leap and sat behind a tree and later disappeared.

Day 7

Wednesday 23rd February

Weather: Scattered clouds, pleasant

Today in the morning we went for the last drive in Pench and had good views of Jackals and Nilgais. A few of us visited Pench reservoir and saw interesting birds like Black Storks, River Terns and Stork-billed Kingfisher. We also had good views of Ruddy Mongoose on a rock. After the drive we came back to the lodge and had a quick lunch and drove 5 hours through the beautiful countryside of Central India and reached Kanha Earth Lodge at Kanha. After a quick check in we went for a short walk to try for flying squirrels but instead we saw Owlets, Langur monkeys and also interestingly Wild Dog scats around the lodge.

Day 8

Thursday 24th February

Scattered clouds, rained in the evening

We tried to be one of the first vehicles to enter the Kanha as it is very popular, but it looked like all the others who visit also had the same idea. Driving through Kanha for everyone was very different from Pench and Tadoba as huge Sal trees replaced Teak and beautiful meadows here and there. The guests, who had not come to Tadoba, saw their first Sloth Bear in the grassland and also 2 Wild Dogs resting in a rocky area. We also had good sightings of a special deer - the 'Barasingha' or "Swamp Deer".

In the afternoon, two of our jeep had taken different routes to increase their chances of tracking tiger, and they were lucky. One jeep had a really nice sighting of a Tigress sitting in the bush facing their jeep. For many guests this was their first clear view of a tiger. As they watched she got up and disappeared when another jeep arrived. As they were waiting, they could hear alarm calls given by deer and monkeys and they searched in that direction and by luck they got a glimpse of a male Tiger walking in the grass.

Day 9

Friday 25th February

Another beautiful day in Kanha - all of us were looking for a tigress called Umarpani – a female who had 3 sub-adults with her and she was seen regularly. As we waited at the edge of the grassland, we heard alarm calls of Spotted Deer from the hills followed by the roar of the Tiger! Initially it was far away but the calls became much louder and echoing and closer. Unfortunately the tiger never showed up, but nevertheless the experience was unforgettable. When we headed for breakfast we came to know that a tiger had been tracked by elephant in another area, so we rushed as soon as possible. Few of our guests had already gone on the elephant and had a good view of a tigress. By the time more jeeps arrived and got on to the elephants the tigress had got up and moved. It was a great experience for everyone following a Tiger through the jungle on elephant back!

In the afternoon we went back to same place where we had heard the tiger roaring in the morning and a few of us saw the dominant male Tiger sitting between trees in the jungle. As there were lots of vehicles we left the spot and looked for the tigress with cubs, and sure enough we saw the mother with 3 sub-adults come out of the forest and walk into the huge meadow and disappear into the grass.

Day 10

Saturday 26th February

Scattered clouds

This morning all of us were very excited to look for the family of tigers. After reaching the grassland and waiting, sure enough we saw one of the sub-adults moving far away in the grassland. After driving all around the grassland trying to predict where they might appear we all stopped at a place where these tigers regularly cross. After waiting for a long time we heard sudden loud alarm calls of Barasingha and Spotted Deer followed by the roar of a Tiger! It appeared to us that these sub-adults were by themselves and looking for their mother. They slowly came into view and sat in the grass and waited. After some time all 3 of them got up but only two of them crossed the road in full view and disappeared into the other side of the meadow. Later in the afternoon the jungle was quiet but we had good sightings of a huge bull Gaur, and a display of peacocks. Later a few from our jeep saw one of the sub-adult tigers far away in the meadow. While coming back from drive, a huge bull Gaur had blocked the road and all had to wait for a long time for it to leave!

Day 11

Sunday 27th February

It was our last morning drive and everyone was excited. We went to the meadow to look for the tigers but it was quiet so we drove to the highest point in Kanha called Bamni dadar for breakfast and had a great view of the Kanha jungle. A few of the jeeps that arrived first saw a Wild Dog on top! On our way back we tried again for the tigers but we already had great sightings...but still it was very difficult for us to leave Kanha.

After coming back to the lodge we had a quick lunch and drove to Nagpur for our nights stay and the following day we all said goodbye to each other having made new friends and remembering a great experience.

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Species Lists

Birds

	Common name	Scientific name	February										
			17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	
1	Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>						✓	✓	✓	✓		
2	Indian Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax fuscicollis</i>					✓	✓					
3	Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>							✓				
4	Little Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax niger</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
5	Oriental Darter	<i>Anhinga melanogaster</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
6	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>		✓	✓			✓					
7	Purple Heron	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>											
8	Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>		✓	✓			✓					
9	Intermediate Egret	<i>Egretta intermedia</i>		✓	✓	✓		✓					
10	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓					
11	Indian Pond-heron	<i>Ardeola grayii</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
12	Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
13	Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>			✓								
14	Asian Openbill	<i>Anastomus oscitans</i>						✓	✓	✓			
15	Black Stork	<i>Ciconia nigra</i>						✓		✓	✓		
16	Woolly-necked Stork	<i>Ciconia episcopus</i>		✓				✓					
17	Lesser Adjutant	<i>Leptoptilos javanicus</i>					✓						
18	Black-headed Ibis	<i>Threskiornis melanocephalus</i>			✓		✓						
19	Red-naped Ibis	<i>Pseudibis papillosa</i>				✓		✓		✓	✓	✓	
20	Lesser Whistling-duck	<i>Dendrocygna javanica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
21	Ruddy Shelduck	<i>Tadorna ferruginea</i>						✓	✓				
22	Spot-billed Duck	<i>Anas poecilorhyncha</i>						✓					
23	Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>						✓					
24	Oriental Honey-buzzard	<i>Pernis ptilorhynchus</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
25	Black-shouldered Kite	<i>Elanus caeruleus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
26	Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>					✓		✓				
27	Brahminy Kite	<i>Haliastur indus</i>						✓					
28	Grey-headed Fish-eagle	<i>Ichthyophaga ichthyaetus</i>			✓								✓
29	White-rumped Vulture	<i>Gyps bengalensis</i>						✓		✓			✓
30	Long-billed Vulture	<i>Gyps indicus</i>						✓	✓	✓			✓
31	Short-toed Eagle	<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>	✓	✓		✓							
32	Crested Serpent-eagle	<i>Spilornis cheela</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
33	Eurasian Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>						✓					
34	Crested Goshawk	<i>Accipiter trivirgatus</i>								✓			
35	Shikra	<i>Accipiter badius</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
36	Eurasian Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>		✓			✓						
37	White-eyed Buzzard	<i>Butastur teesa</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				
38	Indian Spotted Eagle	<i>Aquila hastata</i>			✓								
39	Changeable Hawk-eagle	<i>Spizaetus cirrhatus</i>					✓	✓		✓			✓
40	Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>	✓	✓									
41	Jungle Bush-quail	<i>Perdica asiatica</i>		✓	✓								
42	Grey Jungle	<i>Gallus sonneratii</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓						
43	Red Jungle	<i>Gallus gallus</i>								✓	✓	✓	
44	Red Spurfowl	<i>Galloperdix spadicea</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓					✓	✓	
45	Indian Peafowl	<i>Pavo cristatus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
46	Brown Crake	<i>Amauornis akool</i>								✓			
47	White-breasted Waterhen	<i>Amauornis phoenicurus</i>				✓	✓		✓				

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			17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26		
48	Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>					✓							
49	Bronze-winged Jacana	<i>Metopidius indicus</i>					✓							
50	Pied Avocet	<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>									✓			
51	Yellow-wattled Lapwing	<i>Vanellus malabaricus</i>					✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
52	Red-wattled Lapwing	<i>Vanellus indicus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
53	Little -ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius dubius</i>		✓									✓	
54	Marsh Sandpiper	<i>Tringa stagnatilis</i>					✓							
55	Common Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓						
56	Wood Sandpiper	<i>Tringa glareola</i>								✓				
57	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>						✓			✓	✓		
58	River Tern	<i>Sterna aurantia</i>			✓			✓	✓					
59	Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓		✓			✓	✓	✓
60	Spotted Dove	<i>Streptopelia chinensis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
61	Laughing Dove	<i>Streptopelia senegalensis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓						
62	Yellow-footed Pigeon	<i>Treron phoenicoptera</i>		✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓
63	Alexandrine Parakeet	<i>Psittacula eupatria</i>						✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
64	Rose-ringed Parakeet	<i>Psittacula krameri</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
65	Plum-headed Parakeet	<i>Psittacula cyanocephala</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓
66	Common Hawk-cuckoo	<i>Cuculus varius</i>			✓								✓	
67	Sirkeer Malkoha	<i>Phaenicophaeus leschenaultii</i>		✓	✓								✓	
68	Greater Coucal	<i>Centropus sinensis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓
69	Indian Scops-owl	<i>Otus bakkamoena</i>						✓	✓	✓				
70	Brown Fish-owl	<i>Ketupa zeylonensis</i>		✓			✓							
71	Jungle Owlet	<i>Glaucidium radiatum</i>	✓	✓				✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
72	Spotted Owlet	<i>Athene brama</i>			✓	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
73	Large-tailed Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus macrurus</i>									✓			
74	Crested Treeswift	<i>Hemiprocne coronata</i>			✓		✓	✓						✓
75	Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>	✓	✓				✓	✓					
76	Stork-billed Kingfisher	<i>Pelargopsis capensis</i>								✓				
77	White-throated Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon smyrnensis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
78	Pied Kingfisher	<i>Ceryle rudis</i>	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓					
79	Blue-bearded Bee-eater	<i>Nyctyornis athertoni</i>												
80	Green Bee-eater	<i>Merops orientalis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
81	Indian Roller	<i>Coracias benghalensis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
82	Eurasian Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>			✓			✓	✓					✓
83	Indian Grey Hornbill	<i>Ocyrocus birostris</i>						✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
84	Malabar Pied-hornbill	<i>Anthracoceros coronatus</i>						✓						
85	Brown-headed Barbet	<i>Megalaima zeylanica</i>						✓			✓	✓	✓	✓
86	Coppersmith Barbet	<i>Megalaima haemacephala</i>							✓			✓		
87	Brown-capped Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos moluccensis nanus</i>					✓	✓	✓					
88	Yellow-crowned Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos mahrattensis</i>						✓	✓					
89	Streak-throated Woodpecker	<i>Picus xanthopygaeus</i>											✓	
90	Black-rumped Flameback	<i>Dinopium benghalense</i>			✓			✓	✓	✓				
91	White-naped Woodpecker	<i>Chrysocolaptes festivus</i>			✓		✓	✓						
92	Ashy-crowned Sparrow-lark	<i>Eremopterix grisea</i>				✓								
93	Rufous-tailed Lark	<i>Ammomanes phoenicurus</i>		✓			✓							
94	Crested Lark	<i>Galerida cristata</i>						✓						
95	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓
96	Wire-tailed Swallow	<i>Hirundo smithii</i>		✓	✓	✓					✓			
97	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>						✓	✓					

	Common name	Scientific name	February									
			17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
98	White-browed Wagtail	<i>Motacilla madaraspatensis</i>							✓			
99	Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava</i>						✓	✓	✓		
100	Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>		✓				✓		✓	✓	✓
101	Tawny Pipit	<i>Anthus campestris</i>				✓						
102	Large Cuckoo-shrike	<i>Coracina macei</i>						✓	✓	✓		✓
103	Scarlet Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus flammeus</i>								✓	✓	✓
104	Red-vented Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus cafer</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
105	Golden-fronted Leafbird	<i>Chloropsis aurifrons</i>								✓	✓	✓
106	Common Iora	<i>Aegithina tiphia</i>				✓						
107	Orange-headed Thrush	<i>Zoothera citrina</i>									✓	
108	Tickell's Thrush	<i>Turdus unicolor</i>			✓							
109	Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>						✓				
110	Grey-breasted Prinia	<i>Prinia hodgsonii</i>					✓					
111	Plain Prinia	<i>Prinia inornata</i>										✓
112	Common Tailorbird	<i>Orthotomus sutorius</i>		✓				✓				
113	Hume's Leaf Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus humei</i>						✓				
114	Asian Brown Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa dauurica</i>							✓	✓		
115	Red-breasted Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula parva</i>			✓			✓	✓	✓		
116	Ultramarine Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula supercilialis</i>										
117	Verditer Flycatcher	<i>Eumyias thalassina</i>									✓	
118	Grey-headed Canary-flycatcher	<i>Culicicapa ceylonensis</i>						✓				
119	Oriental Magpie-robin	<i>Copsychus saularis</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
120	Indian Robin	<i>Saxicoloides fulicata</i>			✓	✓	✓		✓			
121	Black Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>						✓				
122	Pied Bushchat	<i>Saxicola caprata</i>	✓	✓					✓	✓		
123	White-browed Fantail	<i>Rhipidura aureola</i>						✓	✓			
124	Black-naped Monarch	<i>Hypothymis azurea</i>								✓		
125	Asian Paradise-flycatcher	<i>Terpsiphone paradisi</i>	✓	✓			✓					
126	Indian Scimitar-babbler	<i>Pomatorhinus horsfieldii</i>								✓		
127	Yellow-eyed Babbler	<i>Chrysomma sinense</i>										✓
128	Large Grey Babbler	<i>Turdoides malcolmi</i>						✓				
129	Jungle Babbler	<i>Turdoides striatus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
130	Brown-cheeked Fulvetta	<i>Alcippe poioicephala</i>								✓	✓	✓
131	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>						✓	✓			
132	Purple Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris asiaticus</i>			✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	
133	Pale-billed Flowerpecker	<i>Dicaeum erythrorhynchos</i>						✓				
134	Oriental White-eye	<i>Zosterops palpebrosus</i>						✓				
135	Eurasian Golden Oriole	<i>Oriolus oriolus</i>			✓	✓						
136	Black-hooded Oriole	<i>Oriolus xanthornus</i>	✓		✓			✓		✓		
137	Bay-backed Shrike	<i>Lanius vittatus</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓					
138	Long-tailed Shrike	<i>Lanius schach</i>	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓		✓	
139	Common Woodshrike	<i>Tephrodornis pondicerianus</i>						✓				
140	Black Drongo	<i>Dicrurus macrocercus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
141	Ashy Drongo	<i>Dicrurus leucophaeus</i>					✓	✓			✓	
142	White-bellied Drongo	<i>Dicrurus caeruleus</i>	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
143	Hair-crested Drongo	<i>Dicrurus hottentottus</i>										✓
144	Greater Racket-tailed Drongo	<i>Dicrurus paradiseus</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
145	Rufous Treepie	<i>Dendrocitta vagabunda</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
146	House Crow	<i>Corvus splendens</i>				✓			✓			
147	Large-billed Crow	<i>Corvus macrorhynchos</i>		✓	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
148	Bank Myna	<i>Acridotheres ginginianus</i>					✓					

	Common name	Scientific name	February									
			17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
149	Common Myna	<i>Acridotheres tristis</i>		✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
150	Brahminy Starling	<i>Temenuchus pagodarum</i>				✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
151	Rosy Starling	<i>Pastor roseus</i>		✓								
152	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>		✓	✓							
153	Chestnut-shouldered Petronia	<i>Petronia xanthocolis</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
154	Nutmeg Mannikin	<i>Lonchura punctulata</i>		✓		✓						
155	Red-headed Bunting	<i>Emberiza bruniceps</i>				✓						

Mammals

1	Royal Bengal Tiger	<i>Panthera tigris tigris</i>					✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
2	Leopard	<i>Panthera pardus</i>						✓				
3	Jungle Cat	<i>Felis chaus kelaarita or kutas</i>						✓		✓	✓	
4	Rhesus Macaque	<i>Macaca mulatta</i>		✓			✓	✓	✓			
5	Common Langur	<i>Presbytis entellus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
6	'Northern Plains' Grey Langur	<i>Semnopithecus entellus</i>										
7	Common Mongoose	<i>Herpestes edwardsi</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓		✓			
8	Indian Small Mongoose	<i>Herpestes auropunctatus</i>										
9	Ruddy Mongoose	<i>Herpestes smithii</i>			✓		✓		✓			
10	Golden Jackal	<i>Canis aureus</i>						✓	✓	✓	✓	
11	Dhole (Asiatic Wild Dog)	<i>Cuon alpinus dukhunensis</i>				✓	✓			✓		
12	Sloth Bear	<i>Merursus ursinus</i>	✓	✓	✓					✓		
13	Indian Flying Fox	<i>Pteropus giganteus</i>								✓	✓	✓
14	Indian or Black-naped Hare	<i>Lepus nigricollis</i>				✓						
15	Three-striped Palm Squirrel	<i>Funambulus pennarum</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
16	Gaur (Indian Bison)	<i>Bos guarus</i>			✓		✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
17	Sambar	<i>Cervus unicolor</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
18	Barasingha (Swamp Deer)	<i>Cervus duvauceli branderi</i>								✓	✓	✓
19	Chital (Spotted Deer)	<i>Cervus axis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
20	Indian Muntjac (Barking Deer)	<i>Muntiacus muntjak</i>			✓		✓			✓	✓	✓
21	Black Buck	<i>Antilope cervicapra</i>										
22	Chousingha (Four-horned Antelope)	<i>Tetracerus quadricornis</i>			✓							
23	Nilgai (Blue Bull)	<i>Boselaphus tragocamelus</i>						✓	✓			
24	Indian Wild Boar	<i>Sus scrofa</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

Other fauna

1	Indian Flapshell Turtle	<i>Lissemys punctata</i>									✓	
2	Marsh Mugger Crocodile	<i>Crocodylus palustris</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					
3	Water Snake species	<i>Natrix sp</i>						✓	✓	✓		
4	House Gecko species	<i>Hemidactylus or Gehyra etc sp</i>						✓				