

India - Go Slow... in Tiger Country

Naturetrek Tour Report

19th – 29th January 2020

Tour report by Sujan Chatterjee



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Summary

Go Slow – the most amazing way of exploring one of the most exclusive parks in central India.

We had great sightings, the highlights of the tour being the lone Wolf, a few Dholes (Wild Dogs) and several massive Gaurs, plus nearly 140 species of birds and various species of butterflies.

Some memorable moments of the tour included having great views of a Giant Squirrel for nearly half an hour and searching for the lone Indian Wolf. The birders enjoyed amazing views of special birds like the Malabar Pied Hornbills, Mottled Wood Owl and White-naped Woodpeckers, plus the flight of the Savanna Nightjar at dusk. Then there was the excitement of our search for the Dhole packs close to our lodge, the grazing Chital deer in the lodge grounds, the great food and hospitality of the Reni Pani Jungle lodge and the outdoor breakfast at fantastic locations. The playful baby Elephant gave everyone immense pleasure too.

Day 1

Sunday 19th January

Group members departed from the UK by flight to India.

Day 2

Monday 20th January

Arrive in New Delhi

The group arrived on a British Airways flight at 9am. We welcomed the group and headed for the very plush Claridges Hotel. We checked in and settled down for the day and some rest.

Day 3

Tuesday 21st January

After a sumptuous breakfast we met up with our guide for the day Rahul Rathod. We boarded our waiting bus and drove through Delhi traffic to the massive Jama Masjid. We walked around the largest mosque in India, while Rahul explained to us the history of Delhi. We then came out and boarded local cycle rickshaws. The rickshaws dodged and dribbled through the crowded lanes and dropped us off at the nut and spice markets. We pushed through the crowded lanes and towards the old shops selling spices from all across the country. Piles of nuts, raisins and dates were also sold in the shops. We stopped at one place to have a cup of masala chai, made in a tiny twin storey shop. We then climbed up to the top floor of the building and got a bird's-eye view of the old buildings. It's so amazing how life has not changed in centuries in this older part of the city. On the terrace, a few men were exercising homing pigeons. The mosque nearby was calling for prayers, the overpowering smells of spice everywhere...

Eventually we came down and boarded our rickshaws and headed back to our waiting bus. Next we drove to the Red Fort. There was preparation going on for the Republic Day functions. After all the security checks, we entered the gardens of the fort, which had the old quarters of the Moghul King. The beautiful red sandstone structures stood proud, witnessing the rich history of India. The beautiful marble courts, its lost jewels, its stolen

gold inlays...mutely watched us, as we walked past in awe. Our last stop was Rajghat, the memorial park for Mahatma Gandhi. We then stopped at Chor Bizzare Restaurant for a fantastic Kashmiri lunch. Thereafter we returned to our Hotel to retire for the day.

Day 4

Wednesday 22nd January

Today was an early start: we left the hotel at 3am and headed for the airport. We had to catch a flight to Bhopal. We were a bit delayed due to fog, but we eventually made it. Bhopal greeted us with a light drizzle, which let off after a while and we set off in two vehicles. We drove on the busy highway, which is being widened, so construction work slowed us down. We stopped at Bhimbetka for a cup of tea and reached Reni Pani Lodge (our home for next seven days) at lunch time. Naren was to be our Guide for the next few days. After some rest we went for a short walk, to get familiar with landscape and the local birds. We met back in the evening for our checklist and some drinks followed by dinner.

Day 5

Thursday 23rd January

Today we left at about 7am and, as we drove along the dirt track, I saw a red flash streaking across the road. It was a Wild Dog, so we stopped both the cars and we saw a few of them in the forest. They walked away from us and then eventually came back and ran across the road again behind us.

We drove on along the village road and reached the edge of the Tawa reservoir. We had a boat waiting for us to take us across. Here, open woodland, dense forest and grassy meadows rise from the shores of the Tawa reservoir in a series of hills, plateaux and sheer red sandstone cliffs to the Pachmarhi plateau and the peak of Dhoopgarh. We got on to our waiting safari vehicles (a routine we would be following everyday) and drove into the park. We saw a herd of Chital in the grassland and then, the odd Sambar Deer and troops of Northern Plains Langurs. Some of the birds spotted included Crested Serpent Eagle, Jungle Babblers, Drongos, Parakeets (three species), and Indian Peafowl. We stopped at the elephant camp for breakfast. We then carried on with our trip further until it was time to leave the park.

We headed back to our beautiful lodge for lunch and some siesta. Later in the afternoon, some of us went out for a walk and ticked off a few new birds around the village, like the Long-tailed Shrike, Brahminy Starling, Spot-breasted Fantail, Black Redstart etc.

Day 6

Friday 24th January

Today we left early again and drove to the Tawa Reservoir. After we started our Safari, we quickly found a pair of Wild Dogs. They posed well for photos and walked past the vehicles. Later we found a beautiful Indian Giant Squirrel. This three-foot-long monster was perched high on a Teak tree and was knawing on the hard seeds. We could hear its teeth going strong on the seeds, and the crunching noise. We later found a small herd of thirsty Gaurs or Indian Bisons at a pool. These magnificent creatures stood looking at us for a while until they decided to go on with their grazing. Our sharp-eyed guide also found an Indian Scops Owl. The bird sat in front of a tree hole, so well camouflaged.

We returned to our lodge for some lunch and siesta. Again, this afternoon, we went for a birding trundle. We ticked off Greater (Southern) Coucal, White-naped Woodpecker, Rosy Starling and Bay-backed Shrike. While returning from our walk we even saw a Wild Dog rush across the path. When we returned to our lodge, we got the news that a cow had been killed in a village by some predator. We had our hopes high and after dinner we dashed off in our jeeps to look for them. Unfortunately, by then the carcass had been decimated by a pack of 17 Wild Dogs. We just saw a pair of Wild Boars tugging at the skeleton.

Day 7

Saturday 25th January

Today our scheduled plan was to go for an afternoon safari. But we did a pre-breakfast walk close to our camp. It was a bit slow to start with, but as the sun hit the trees, activity picked up. We ticked off Grey-headed Canary-flycatcher, Sulphur-bellied Warblers, Plum-headed Parakeet, Shikras and White-naped Woodpeckers. At the end of the walk, the incredibly beautiful Plum-headed Parakeets, gave us a great show. They dropped down into the shrubs and kept feeding on the seeds, giving us ample photo opportunities. We had some free time before lunch. At 11am a pottery session was held by the lodge. Everyone showed off their skills of mud-handling by producing some gems of modern art.

After lunch we went for our afternoon safari. We drove around in the park we reached a location where we found a big flock of swifts and martins hawking insects. They were mostly Dusky Crag Martin, but some were Crested Treeswifts. They glided with their long tails gracefully amongst the crag martins having their afternoon meals. We then stopped to look at the massive and most beautiful owl, the Mottled Wood Owl. The bird sat motionlessly as we tried to get a decent picture. The mottling was so very similar to the Crocodile-bark tree!

Day 8

Sunday 26th January

This morning we met at 5.30am and followed our usual routine. We drove off to the park, but not until we had seen two Indian (Black-naped) Hares on the tracks near our camp. After we entered the park, we quickly found a pair of Dholes who were feeding on the dead Sambar near the track. They walked past us softly calling to each other through the Teak forest. A good start. We stopped at a beautiful breakfast location, which also had a Brown Fish Owl roosting over the reservoir. Even though some of us were eyeing the eggs from another group's breakfast basket, we eventually left them alone and had another of our own grand field breakfasts.

Some of us took a private safari in the afternoon. We travelled to the buffer zone. As we entered, we got some footprints of a dog... a very big dog. Another car from our lodge mentioned they had seen a Wolf - an extreme rarity for that region. And the search began. We kept following the track which kept disappearing in the brush. We anticipated its route, but we were too impatient ... then we heard alarm calls of the langurs. We rushed again ... and we missed it again...

Then it was spotted on the track, galloping along... It kept on running along the track ahead of us, at times stopping to look at us and run again. What a beautiful creature! It eventually went away from the road... and we lost it. As dusk fell, we spotted Savanah Nightjars: they kept sallying around the pond sweeping down to get a drink on the wing. We later spotted Nilgais and a massive bull Gaur in our spotlights before heading back home.

Day 9

Monday 27th January

We had a leisurely morning today. We met at the Gol Ghar for breakfast, but today breakfast was outdoors and very delicious. Some decided to carry on with some leisurely walks in the grounds or just sunbathing by the pool. Some of us spent some time in the library too!

Although we hadn't done much, we were hungry and ready for lunch, so we met back at 12.30pm and left on our afternoon safari at 2.15pm. A short boat ride across the reservoir brought us to the entrance of the park where we drove just enjoying the beautiful landscape and feeling blessed that we could be here. It was again a quiet evening with little or nearly no bird activity. We stopped at the Elephant camp for some coffee and cakes. At the same time, the Elephants were having a wash in the pool. They slowly lumbered out from the pool and headed towards the bread-making place. The big daddy was a mega tusk. Apparently, he was dangerous, so no one was to venture close. The mother and calf too were out-of-bounds for petting. But the calf, after a big bread, decided to roll over and go to sleep. He rolled around under the mother and eventually fell asleep.

We were back at the lodge at 6.30pm, headed to our rooms to freshen up and got back to have a lovely barbecue dinner set outside with small bonfires. We headed back to our rooms soon after dinner as we had our last morning drive tomorrow and a long day getting back to Delhi.

Day 10

Tuesday 28th January

This morning we met at 5.30am - we seemed to be getting a hang of the early mornings! This morning we decided to go to a completely different area for breakfast in the park. As we drove along we heard some alarm calls but after lot of trying, we didn't get anything. So we decided to head towards the new area. We enjoyed the change in scenery and the road got bumpier as we climbed steadily. We spooked a Muntjac along the track - a new animal for our trip. Soon we arrived at the plateau with the view of the Satpura Hills - the result of a rift valley. We drove on a little further and walked through the forest and got to the breakfast point. The views from here just put our minds into a trance. We ate breakfast and had our coffees looking at the expanse of the forest which was surrounded by the reservoir. On our way back, we spotted a pair of Malabar Pied Hornbill as a closure of our trip.

We got back to Reni Pani, headed straight to the rooms, packed and came back to have lunch. We left the lodge on the long drive to Bhopal airport, which took nearly five hours due to the road work and heavy traffic. On our way we stopped at Bimbhetka to walk around the ancient Rock Shelter painting from 9000 years ago. And we also stopped at the Jehan Numa Palace at Bhopal for a fantastic traditional dinner. We reached Delhi as planned, amidst lots of unseasonal rain, checked into the Pullman Hotel which was thankfully close enough to the airport and headed to our rooms for a much-needed rest.

Day 11

Wednesday 29th January

We were picked up at 7.45am by the local representative and headed to the airport to board our flights back to the UK. This is where another amazing Naturetrek adventure came to an end.

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Species Lists

Birds

Our tour checklist follows the names and taxonomy (including species order) of the International Ornithological Congress list of the birds of the world (version 10.1, January 2020) which seems destined to become the global standard in future. The species included are based on those thought most likely to be recorded together with what has been seen on previous tours

			January							
	Common name	Scientific name	TL	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
1	Grey Francolin	<i>Francolinus pondicerianus</i>	h				h		h	
2	Grey Junglefowl	<i>Gallus sonneratii</i>	h			h		h		
3	Indian Peafowl	<i>Pavo cristatus</i>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
4	Bar-headed Goose	<i>Anser indicus</i>	1						1	
5	Knob-billed (Comb) Duck	<i>Sarkidiornis melanotos</i>	1			1				
6	Ruddy Shelduck	<i>Tadorna ferruginea</i>	1						1	
7	Indian Spot-billed Duck	<i>Anas poecilorhyncha</i>	1			1				
8	Jungle Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus indicus</i>	1						1	
9	Savanna Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus affinis</i>	1					1		
10	Crested Treeswift	<i>Hemiprocne coronata</i>	1				1	1		
11	Greater (Southern) Coucal	<i>Centropus sinensis</i>	1	1		1			1	
12	Asian Koel	<i>Eudynamys scolopaceus</i>	1			1				
13	Common Hawk-Cuckoo	<i>Hierococcyx varius</i>	1			1		1		1
14	Spotted Dove	<i>Spilopelia chinensis</i>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
15	Laughing Dove	<i>Spilopelia senegalensis</i>	1		1	1		1		
16	Orange-breasted Green Pigeon	<i>Treron bicinctus</i>	1				1			
17	Yellow-footed Green Pigeon	<i>Treron phoenicopterus</i>	1	1	1			1	1	
18	White-breasted Waterhen	<i>Amaurornis phoenicurus</i>	1		1	1				
19	Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	1		1	1				
20	Great Stone-curlew (Thick-knee)	<i>Esacus recurvirostris</i>	1							1
21	Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>	1			1			1	
22	River Lapwing	<i>Vanellus duvaucelii</i>	1		1	1	1	1	1	
23	Red-wattled Lapwing	<i>Vanellus indicus</i>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	

				January						
	Common name	Scientific name	TL	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
24	Little Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius dubius</i>	1			1				
25	Bronze-winged Jacana	<i>Metopidius indicus</i>	1		1	1	1	1	1	
26	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	1		1		1			
27	River Tern	<i>Sterna aurantia</i>	1		1	1	1	1	1	
28	Painted Stork	<i>Mycteria leucocephala</i>	1		1		1	1	1	
29	Asian Openbill	<i>Anastomus oscitans</i>	1		1	1	1	1	1	1
30	Black Stork	<i>Ciconia nigra</i>	1					1		
31	Woolly-necked Stork	<i>Ciconia episcopus</i>	1	1		1	1	1		
32	Lesser Adjutant	<i>Leptoptilos javanicus</i>	1					1		
33	Little Cormorant	<i>Microcarbo niger</i>	1			1		1		
34	Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>	1		1	1		1	1	1
35	Oriental Darter	<i>Anhinga melanogaster</i>	1					1		
36	Black-headed Ibis	<i>Threskiornis melanocephalus</i>	1				1			
37	Red-naped Ibis	<i>Pseudibis papillosa</i>	1					1		1
38	Indian Pond Heron	<i>Ardeola grayii</i>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
39	Eastern Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus coromandus (split)</i>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
40	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	1			1		1		
41	Purple Heron	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>	1			1	1		1	
42	Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
43	Intermediate Egret	<i>Ardea intermedia</i>	1			1				
44	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	1	1					1	
45	Black-winged Kite	<i>Elanus caeruleus</i>	1			1		1		
46	Indian (Long-billed) Vulture	<i>Gyps indicus</i>	1		1	1				
47	Crested Serpent Eagle	<i>Spilornis cheela</i>	1		1	1		1	1	1
48	Changeable (Crested) Hawk Eagle	<i>Nisaetus cirrhatus</i>	1			1				
49	Bonelli's Eagle	<i>Aquila fasciata</i>	1		1	1				
50	Shikra	<i>Accipiter badius</i>	1		1		1	1		
51	White-eyed Buzzard	<i>Butastur teesa</i>	1		1	1			1	
52	Eastern Barn Owl	<i>Tyto javanica (split)</i>	1					1		
53	Indian Scops Owl	<i>Otus bakkamoena</i>	1			1				
54	Brown Fish Owl	<i>Ketupa zeylonensis</i>	1					1		
55	Mottled Wood Owl	<i>Strix ocellata</i>	1				1	1	1	

			January							
	Common name	Scientific name	TL	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
56	Jungle Owlet	<i>Glaucidium radiatum</i>	1					h	1	
57	Spotted Owlet	<i>Athene brama</i>	1			1	1			
58	Eurasian Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
59	Malabar Pied Hornbill	<i>Anthracoceros coronatus</i>	1							1
60	Indian Grey Hornbill	<i>Ocyrceros birostris</i>	1			1		1		
61	Indian Roller	<i>Coracias benghalensis</i>	1		1	1	1	1	1	
62	Stork-billed Kingfisher	<i>Pelargopsis capensis</i>	1			1				
63	White-throated Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon smyrnensis</i>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
64	Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>	1		1			1		
65	Pied Kingfisher	<i>Ceryle rudis</i>	1					1	1	
66	Green Bee-eater	<i>Merops orientalis</i>	1		1			1	1	
67	Brown-headed Barbet	<i>Psilopogon zeylanica</i>	h				h	h		
68	Coppersmith Barbet	<i>Psilopogon haemacephala</i>	1	1		h		h		
69	Yellow-crowned Woodpecker	<i>Leiopicus mahrattensis</i>	1						1	
70	Black-rumped Flameback	<i>Dinopium benghalense</i>	1			1		1	1	
71	White-naped Woodpecker	<i>Chrysocolaptes festivus</i>	1		1	1	1	1		
72	Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>	1		1					
73	Plum-headed Parakeet	<i>Psittacula cyanocephala</i>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
74	Alexandrine Parakeet	<i>Psittacula eupatria</i>	1		h	1	1	1	1	
75	Rose-ringed Parakeet	<i>Psittacula krameri</i>	1		1	1	1	1	h	
76	Common Woodshrike	<i>Tephrodornis pondicerianus</i>	1			1				
77	Common Iora	<i>Aegithina tiphia</i>	1			1				
78	Small Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus cinnamomeus</i>	1			1				
79	Large Cuckooshrike	<i>Coracina macei</i>	1		1	1	1	1		
80	Bay-backed Shrike	<i>Lanius vittatus</i>	1		1	1		1	1	
81	Long-tailed Shrike	<i>Lanius schach</i>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
82	Indian Golden Oriole	<i>Oriolus kundoo</i>	1			h			1	
83	Black-hooded Oriole	<i>Oriolus xanthornus</i>	1					1		
84	Black Drongo	<i>Dicrurus macrocercus</i>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
85	White-bellied Drongo	<i>Dicrurus caeruleus</i>	1			1		1	1	
86	Greater Racket-tailed Drongo	<i>Dicrurus paradiseus</i>	1					1		
87	White-spotted (Spot-br) Fantail	<i>Rhipidura albogularis</i>	1		1	1			1	

			January							
	Common name	Scientific name	TL	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
88	White-browed Fantail	<i>Rhipidura aureola</i>	1			1			1	
89	Black-naped Monarch	<i>Hypothymis azurea</i>	1	1		1				
90	Indian Paradise Flycatcher	<i>Terpsiphone paradisi</i>	1		1	1				
91	Rufous Treepie	<i>Dendrocitta vagabunda</i>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
92	Indian Jungle Crow	<i>Corvus culminatus</i>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
93	Grey-headed Canary-flycatcher	<i>Culicicapa ceylonensis</i>	1			1				
94	Cinereous Tit	<i>Parus cinereus</i>	1	1					1	
95	Rufous-tailed Lark	<i>Ammomanes phoenicurus</i>	1			1		1		
96	Ashy-crowned Sparrow-Lark	<i>Eremopterix griseus</i>	1			1				1
97	Red-vented Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus cafer</i>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
98	Grey-throated Martin	<i>Riparia chinensis (split fr Plain)</i>	1		1					
99	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	1		1			1		
100	Wire-tailed Swallow	<i>Hirundo smithii</i>	1		1	1		1		
101	Dusky Crag Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne concolor</i>	1				1	1		
102	Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Cecropis daurica</i>	1		1	1	1	1		
103	Hume's Leaf Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus humei</i>	1			1				
104	Yellow-browed Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus inornatus</i>	1			1				
105	Sulphur-bellied Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus griseolus</i>	1			1				
106	Common Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>	1			1				
107	Greenish Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus trochiloides</i>	1	1						
108	Blyth's Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus dumetorum</i>	1			1				
109	Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>	h					h		
110	Grey-breasted Prinia	<i>Prinia hodgsonii</i>	1		1	1	1			
111	Plain Prinia	<i>Prinia inornata</i>	1					1	1	
112	Common Tailorbird	<i>Orthotomus sutorius</i>	1	1		1			1	
113	Tawny-bellied Babbler	<i>Dumetia hypertythra</i>	1						1	
114	Puff-throated Babbler	<i>Pellorneum ruficeps</i>	h				h			
115	Common Babbler	<i>Turdoides caudatus</i>	1			1	1	1		
116	Jungle Babbler	<i>Turdoides striatus</i>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
117	Lesser Whitethroat	<i>Sylvia curruca</i>	1					1		
118	Yellow-eyed Babbler	<i>Chrysomma sinense</i>	1						1	
119	Indian (Oriental) White-eye	<i>Zosterops palpebrosus</i>	1	1		1				

			January							
	Common name	Scientific name	TL	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
120	Common Myna	<i>Acridotheres tristis</i>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
121	Pied Myna (Asian Pied Starling)	<i>Gracupica contra</i>	1			1	1		1	
122	Brahminy Starling	<i>Temenuchus pagodarum</i>	1		1	1	1		1	
123	Rosy Starling	<i>Pastor roseus</i>	1			1				
124	Scaly Thrush	<i>Zoothera dauma</i>	1					1		
125	Indian Robin	<i>Copsychus fulicatus</i>	1	1			1	1		
126	Oriental Magpie-Robin	<i>Copsychus saularis</i>	1		1	1		1	1	
127	Tickell's Blue Flycatcher	<i>Cyornis tickelliae</i>	1		1	1			1	
128	Red-breasted Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula parva</i>	1	1	1	1		1	1	
129	Black Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>	1	1	1	1	1		1	
130	Siberian Stonechat	<i>Saxicola maurus</i>	1				1	1	1	
131	Pied Bush Chat	<i>Saxicola caprata</i>	1		1	1				
132	Purple Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris asiaticus</i>	1		1	1	1	1	1	
133	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	1		1	1	1	1		
134	Yellow-throated Sparrow (Ch-sh.Petr)	<i>Gymnoris xanthocollis</i>	1			1	1	1	1	
135	Indian Silverbill	<i>Euodice malabarica</i>	1			1				
136	White-browed Wagtail	<i>Motacilla madaraspatensis</i>	1		1	1	1	1	1	
137	Paddyfield (Oriental) Pipit	<i>Anthus rufulus</i>	1		1	1		1		
138	Tree Pipit	<i>Anthus trivialis</i>	1		1			1		
139	Red-headed Bunting	<i>Emberiza bruniceps</i>	1					1		
	Mammal Species	Scientific name								
1	Rhesus Macaque	<i>Macaca mulatta</i>	1	1	1	1				1
2	'Northern Plains' Grey Langur	<i>Semnopithecus entellus</i>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
3	Common Mongoose	<i>Herpestes edwardsi</i>	1		1					
4	Dhole (Asiatic Wild Dog)	<i>Cuon alpinus dukhunensis</i>	1		1	1			1	
5	Indian Wolf	<i>Canis lupus pallipes</i>	1					1		
6	Indian or Black-naped Hare	<i>Lepus nigricollis</i>	1			1		1		
7	Three-striped Palm Squirrel	<i>Funambulus pennarum</i>	1				1		1	
8	Five-striped Palm Squirrel	<i>Funambulus pennanti</i>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
9	Indian Giant Squirrel	<i>Ratufa Indica</i>	1			1				
10	Gaur (Indian Bison)	<i>Bos guarus</i>	1				1	1	1	

				January						
	Common name	Scientific name	TL	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
11	Indian Muntjac	<i>Muntiacus muntjak</i>	1							1
12	Sambar	<i>Cervus unicolor</i>	1		1	1	1	1	1	
13	Chital (Spotted Deer)	<i>Cervus axis</i>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
14	Nilgai (Blue Bull)	<i>Boselaphus tragocamelus</i>	1		1	1	1	1		
15	Indian Wild Boar	<i>Sus scrofa</i>	1		1	1	1	1	1	
	Reptiles	Scientific name								
1	Indian Flapshell Turtle	<i>Lissemys punctata</i>	1			1	1		1	
2	Marsh Mugger Crocodile	<i>Crocodylus palustris</i>	1		1	1	1	1	1	
3	House Gecko species	<i>Hemidactylus</i> or <i>Gehyra etc sp</i>	1		1					
	Butterflies	Scientific name								
1	Great Eggfly	<i>Hypolimnas bolina</i>	1							
2	Common Grass Yellow	<i>Eurema hecabe</i>	1							
3	Common Sailor	<i>Neptis hylas</i>	1							
4	Common Jezebel	<i>Delias eucharis</i>	1							