

Iceland in Spring - Photography Special

Naturetrek Tour Report

6th – 14th June 2026



Red-throated Diver



Harlequin Duck



Red-necked Phalaropes



Slavonian Grebe

Tour report by Dave Jackson
Photos by Peter Bellew, Linda Brunt, Sally Ducker, David Hughes, Jeremy Poole and Chrissie Whiffen



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Summary

The inaugural iteration of this tour followed a clockwise route, taking in the Golden Circle, seal and seabird colonies on Snæfellsnes, and finishing at the birding mecca of north Iceland: Mývatn (Midge Lake).

We embarked on two whalewatching trips, and encountered a wealth of cooperative photographic subjects, including Rock Ptarmigan, Harlequin and Long-tailed Ducks, Barrow's Goldeneye, Great Northern and Red-throated Divers, waders including Red-necked Phalaropes, Purple Sandpiper, Sanderling and Black-tailed Godwits, and Slavonian Grebes, often seen at remarkably close range. Birds behave very differently in Iceland, and seem to have no fear of humans wielding cameras with long lenses!

It wasn't just the birds and incredible landscapes that grabbed our attention: Iceland's famous horses, churches, waterfalls, and even pink petrol pumps filled our memory cards! Everyone enjoyed the leisurely pace, which ensured we were never in a rush to move on to the next location. Red-throated Divers taking off and landing with sand eels to feed their chicks, Arctic Terns in aerial combat against a snowy mountain backdrop, Harlequins riding the rapids and Red-necked Phalaropes taking midges off the water's surface or chasing each other in courtship battles: all were studied patiently until the best shots were captured.

We enjoyed activities from early morning outings, to after-dinner excursions through tern colonies, and walks along deserted roads and beside rivers and lakes: we were truly in our element. We came away with unforgettable memories, and albums full of images that we had previously thought impossible.

Day 1

Saturday 6th June

Keflavík – Gullfoss

Cloudy with rain, 12°C

The flight from Heathrow landed on time, and Dave was waiting at the airport, having led tours over the previous weeks: he had had plenty of opportunity to plan for this photographic tour.

The temperature was a mild 12°C and we encountered heavy showers and dark clouds covering the distant mountains on the way past Thingvellir. We dropped off our luggage, making the most of the brief respite from the weather, and wasted no time getting to Gullfoss, just three kilometres from the first hotel.

Just after arriving, the sky cleared to produce a breathtaking rainbow. The spray and sun created the perfect angle, and with cameras set to capture the light, many photos were taken of this impressive sight. A Merlin flew through, but it was too distant for a shot.

We returned to the hotel for dinner, and to discuss our plans for the days ahead. Afterwards, we took a short stroll down the approach road, where we heard the drumming of Snipes and the display of Golden Plover, sounds with which we would become familiar over the coming days. We called it a day at 10.00pm.

Day 2

Sunday 7th June

'Golden Circle' – Thingvellir – Snæfellsnes

Sunshine and showers, 10-14°C

We left the hotel for the short drive to the falls at 6.30am, and had the place to ourselves. The light was good, and we had plenty of time to photograph the cascading water, to great effect. We spent a slightly extended hour here, viewing the falls from above and below, and trying out different effects, including long exposure to blur the water, before returning for breakfast.

Subsequently, a ten-kilometre drive led to Geysir, a geothermal field characterised by bubbling pools, hot springs, and the notable Strokkur geyser. The Great Geysir, after which the site is named, is currently dormant, but its diminutive counterpart exhibits remarkable activity, erupting approximately every ten minutes and reaching a typical height of twenty metres, occasionally surging to an impressive forty metres. Strokkur gave us an opportunity to practice wide-angle, slow, and video shots of the area. Snipe gave us flight shots before we left, still among few visitors, for Thingvellir National Park.

With varied interests and so many subjects, we hadn't travelled far before we pulled off the road to take shots of some playful Icelandic horses. The show came to an abrupt halt when the horses thought we'd brought food, but their endearing fringes and facial expressions made for some excellent portraits. Our next stop was a church with a mountain backdrop, a favourite spot for photographers.

As we approached Thingvellir, a Ptarmigan flew across the road and landed on a rock for just long enough for some perched and flight shots. A pair of Red-throated Divers were nesting on the river, with one bird keeping watch and the other on the nest. We obtained our first shots of divers, along with Harlequin Ducks and Red-necked Phalaropes, although we would be improving on the photos as the week went on. We walked around the river and between the tectonic plates, then headed to the next hotel via Borgarnes, to pick up a picnic lunch and to look over the estuary for waders and Shelducks, a recent coloniser in Iceland.

After checking in to Hotel Langaholt, we made the short walk to a small lake where Arctic Terns bombarded us. The light was perfect, and we could easily achieve shutter speeds of 1/4000 of a second, capturing the birds in flight. We opted to eat out in a nice restaurant in Ólafsvík, and discussed camera settings, DSLRs and mirrorless cameras, AV, and all things photographic, before returning to the hotel at 9.30pm.

Day 3

Monday 8th June

Ólafsvík – Öndverðarnes – Arnarstapi

Showers, 12°C

The early morning walk to the lake from the hotel was taken in an informal fashion with everyone choosing their own times to rise and venturing out between 5.00am and 7.00am: we had the luxury of almost continuous daylight. The terns were greeting every passer-by with their typical dive-bombing welcome, with excellent opportunities for

action photography as they twisted and turned, giving their cries as they chose their victim. Arctic Skuas temporarily silenced them during regular patrols of the colony, seeking out a tern with a fish to steal.

On the way back for breakfast, we spoke to an Icelandic tour guide who pointed to a pair of birds on the roof of the hotel, and asked whether we'd seen these rarities in Iceland before. The answer was "no", but we were very familiar with Collared Doves from back home!

The ferry to Flatey had, unfortunately, been commandeered by the Icelandic government at short notice and reassigned to the Westman Islands, so alternative arrangements had to be made. Instead, we took a whalewatching trip from Ólafsvík. The sea was calm, with Glaucous Gulls lining the rooftops, auks offshore, and the occasional skua passing by. Once we reached deeper water, a huge Sperm Whale surfaced and remained on view for a while, before disappearing without showing the classic fluke. After that, all was quiet until the return journey, when we encountered a pod of dolphins moving at speed, and too quickly for worthwhile photographs.

We picked up lunch from the supermarket and drove the short distance to Rif, where strategically placed picnic tables inside an open bird hide overlooked a large lake, which was teeming with birds. Red-necked Phalaropes, Black-tailed Godwits and a pair of Red-throated Divers were close to the road and keeping a safe distance from the man harvesting Eider down from a small island. This definitely worked in our favour, as the birds were unconcerned by us, and made for some exceptional photography of the desirable divers as they preened and wing-stretched at close distance. The phalaropes barely got a look in. Lunch was delayed, needless to say.

Öndverðarnes, the westernmost point of the peninsula, produced an interesting drive through a rugged lava landscape, where Snow Buntings and Wheatears were seen from the vehicle before we reached the lighthouse. The cliffs held good numbers of Kittiwakes, Guillemots and Razorbills, but Brünnich's Guillemot was our target, and three birds were quickly located on a ledge and photographed, after they had opened their eyes!

We continued round the peninsula to Arnarstapi, where we witnessed a Glaucous Gull stealing an egg, while two Great Black-backed Gull chicks were watched over by a parent. The cliffs were alive with Fulmars and Kittiwakes, and Red-necked Phalaropes on a small lake produced excellent shots as they fed incredibly close to us.

We left at 6.30pm and returned to the hotel for our evening meal, before heading out again for more tern action.

Day 4

Tuesday 9th June

Ytri Tunga – Hotel Langaholt – Arnarstapi

Sunshine and showers, 14°C

During our visit to the Ytri Tunga seal colony, waders such as Sanderlings feasted along the beach, while Eiders with ducklings engaged in preening activities along the shoreline. The presence of a pair of Great Northern Divers offshore further enhanced the ambience. The scenery was magnificent, with Marsh Marigolds lining a stream that wound its way down from the mountains. A pair of Red-throated Divers were tending two chicks, and it was a pleasure to watch one of the adults return carrying a large sand eel: unfortunately, it was too big for either chick to swallow. When one of the divers took flight, the other immediately ushered their chicks into cover.



Red-throated Diver & chick

Red-necked Phalaropes were everywhere, and a small flock of Turnstones, resplendent in full breeding plumage before their journey to the high Arctic, fed alongside Purple Sandpipers among the washed-up seaweed. As the tide turned, the seals began to emerge from the water, to the delight of a small group waiting to take photos. Sadly, the information boards stated that they are still persecuted due to their conflict with the fishing industry, though they have a safe haven here.

Rain arrived at 2.15pm, so we returned to the hotel for refreshments, before heading out again to Arnarstapi. We followed the coastal path eastwards above the Kittiwake and Fulmar nesting ledges. This was time well spent, and we watched constant activity, with Shags returning to their mates, while Kittiwakes battled fiercely for nesting sites, sometimes tumbling from the cliffs into the sea, still locked in combat. Glaucous Gulls were given a frosty reception as they patrolled overhead in search of unguarded eggs.

We enjoyed views of the magnificent natural stone arch, with Harlequin Ducks swimming below, and finished the day with a meal at a local restaurant, thus maximising our time in the field. We were delayed getting to the restaurant by a mating pair of Black-tailed Godwits. We didn't want to disturb them, so we waited patiently until they'd finished before proceeding!

Day 5

Wednesday 10th June

Laugarbakki – Ytri-Tunga – Vastnes

Sunshine, 16°C

We awoke to glorious light, which was perfect for photography, and several of us headed down to the tern colony before breakfast, to make the most of the early morning activity. Terns with a snowy mountain backdrop and godwits on the golf course were captured digitally.

Breakfast was served earlier than usual and, with the weather beginning to turn, we decided to spend the morning back at Ytri-Tunga. A Snipe perched on a 'quiet zone' sign at the entrance to the beach, and although the tide was low, there were plenty of waders feeding among the seaweed, including Dunlins and Sanderlings, while Red-throated Divers were constantly coming and going. We took great care not to disturb them, remaining partially hidden in the vegetation as we watched the adults tending their chicks, all appearing completely relaxed. Some of our best photographs of the trip were taken here, capturing the divers flying out and returning with sand eels. To watch the phalaropes carrying on with their lives, seemingly oblivious to us, was a truly humbling experience. A pair of Whooper Swans tended a nest at the side of the lake, although our attention was more focussed on the divers.

After three glorious hours, it was time to leave for our next destination. We stopped for fuel on the way, and some couldn't resist another photographic opportunity: the bright pink petrol pumps! Further on, we drove past a small pool close to the road, where a Great Northern Diver had taken up residence. We made a U-turn and photographed it through a wire fence as HGVs trundled past.

After checking in at our next hotel for a one-night stay, we drove around the Vatnsnes Peninsula. A Short-eared Owl hunted beside the road, but was far too quick for photographs. Harlequin Ducks and Eiders bobbed about on the sea, and although the group were keen to stop for photographs, the promise was that even better opportunities lay ahead, like the tale of the Three Billy Goats Gruff. A Snipe on a beautifully gnarled fence post was much admired, while Icelandic horses, their manes blowing in the wind against the lake backdrop, provided a fitting end to another memorable day.

Day 6

Thursday 11th June

Laugarbakki – Laxa – Mývatn

Mixed, 14°C

At 6.30am, we headed out once more and were rewarded with sightings of a Short-eared Owl and a male Ptarmigan perched on rocks near a lay-by, a much-wanted photographic subject, while a female fed on the ground below. An hour had flown by when we finally headed back, pausing again for hunting owls, and managing to obtain some good shots this time.



Rock Ptarmigan



Great Black-backed Gulls



Short-eared Owl



Common Snipe

After checking out, we retraced our route along the Vatnsnes Peninsula. Birds were scarcer today, with no sign of the Harlequin Ducks, and only a few Common Eiders on the sea. Another Short-eared Owl perched beside the road, but flew before we could get our cameras on it, though a few distant flight shots were taken.

After negotiating several kilometres of gravel road, we reached Borgarnes for coffee and picnic supplies, before continuing to our lunch stop at a beautiful riverside spot at Jónasarlundur, an area with facilities in a wooded valley surrounded by high crags, with a glacial river flowing through. Here we found Icelandic Redpolls, Redwings, a Blackbird, a female Harlequin Duck and Goosanders while we had lunch.

Our journey onwards took us through Akureyri and past the spectacular Goðafoss, before we reached the Laxá River, where millions of flies and midges had recently emerged. The insect swarms attracted plenty of birdlife, including Harlequin Ducks, Barrow's Goldeneyes and Long-tailed Ducks, some on the river and some in flight, which tested our photographic skills.

We checked into our accommodation next to Mývatn at 5.00pm, with dinner booked for 7.00pm. We then headed out to the lake, where the numerous Red-necked Phalaropes, many feeding at close range and others in flight, provided excellent shots of this enigmatic wader. We finally returned to the hotel at around 10.00pm, after another rewarding day.

Day 7

Friday 12th June

Skútustaðir – Húsavík – Goðafoss

Cool, 8°C

The keen photographers were out by 5.00am, greeted by a decidedly chilly 6°C morning, although the birds seemed blissfully unconcerned by the temperature. A Snipe and a Redwing were engaged in an unlikely territorial dispute on the café's guardrail, while nearby a pair of Slavonian Grebes had built their nest in a tiny clump of reeds beside the lakeside path, offering remarkably close views.

We arrived at the harbour town of Húsavík in good time for our 9.15am 'Puffins and Whales' boat trip, in dull light and drizzle. The three-hour trip ventured around the west side of the bay past a Puffin colony, and the air was filled with birds coming and going to their nesting burrows. Razorbills, and Common and Black Guillemots flew close to the boat, although the light wasn't the best for photography. A distant blow had the captain opening up the throttle and heading towards the other boats in the area: a Humpback Whale broke the surface, and no long lenses were needed! We spent the allocated time before moving off to see another whale: all the tour operators have a strict code of conduct, and the animals always come first. They limit the time with each cetacean, to avoid interrupting feeding or stressing the animals.

We had lunch shortly after landing, before heading towards Goðafoss, stopping to look for a Black-throated Diver, a rarity in Iceland, that had paired up with a Great Northern. We failed to locate the bird and carried on to Goðafoss, where we parked away from the main area and walked to the falls from the west side. We'd planned to cross to the other side, but decided against it, with the weather deteriorating and coachloads of people arriving.

Instead, we returned to the hotel for a hot drink and to review our photos, before heading out to the Laxá River in the late afternoon, where the proliferation of flies had diminished and made photography much easier: we no longer had to view through head nets! A Ptarmigan came very close for photographs, and a Golden Plover fed around the minibus. We practiced slow shutter speeds on an obliging drake Harlequin Duck perched on a rock in the fast-flowing river, smoothing out the rushing river to good effect, before returning for checklist, liquid refreshments, dinner and well-earned sleep.

Day 8

Saturday 13th June

Laxá – Goðafoss – Dimmuborgir – Höfði

Sunshine, 15°C

As is often the case in Iceland, the weather changed overnight, with a sudden rise in temperature and a hatching of midges to match. A warning message on the WhatsApp group from one early riser read: 'Fly mitigation measures needed around the lake this morning!' The phalaropes were feasting on the insects between mating rituals, and we captured many flight and action shots.

A pair of Scaups posed well for the cameras, as did a Wigeon, with eight ducklings in tow. The water was still, and the early morning light was perfect for bird and landscape photography, with the church and other buildings reflected in the calm water on the far side of the lake.

The weather having improved dramatically, we decided to make another attempt to find the Black-throated Diver. This time we were successful, although the bird remained distant on the vast expanse of the lake. We returned to Goðafoss, and what a difference a day made. There were fewer visitors, the sun was shining, and the falls looked even more spectacular in the glorious light. Ravens, Whimbrels and several more Ptarmigans added to the morning's enjoyment, making it a far more rewarding visit than the previous day's.

We'd booked lunch at the excellent Café Borgir, where we enjoyed the ever-popular soup buffet outside in the sunshine. It comprised three different soups and local 'lava bread': the manager told us how it's baked underground in the hot geothermally-heated soil overnight, following an age-old tradition. After several soup top-ups, we wandered into the adjoining Dimmuborgir lava field. Translated as "Dark Fortress", this remarkable landscape was formed by ancient volcanic eruptions and the collapse of a vast lava lake, which left behind a maze of towering lava pillars, natural arches and deep caverns. Steeped in Icelandic folklore, and said to be home to aggressive trolls, Dimmuborgir has a wonderfully mysterious atmosphere. It was easy to see how centuries of legends had grown up in such an otherworldly place.

A road between the lakes led to a museum displaying stuffed birds and, thankfully, there were plenty of live birds to admire on either side of the road before reaching the turning point. The light was rather harsh for photography, so after spending some time there, we continued to Höfði, a delightful area of woodland on the lakeshore. Redpolls sang from the birch trees, while a Wren, despite its tiny size, blasted out its song at remarkable volume, providing a fitting soundtrack to our stroll through the woods.

We returned to the hotel for dinner, before setting out on our final evening walk around the lake. A flock of more than twenty Black-tailed Godwits was an exceptional sight, while Great Northern Divers flew low overhead, calling as they passed. Two members of the group headed off in search of a more obliging Golden Plover, hoping for one last photographic opportunity before we finally decided to call it a day. After all, fifteen-hour days eventually take their toll, even for hardened photographers!

Day 9

Sunday 14th June

Akureyri – Reykjavik – Keflavik – Garður – Heathrow

Variable, 8°C

It being a Sunday, our preferred flight time wasn't available, so we took the earlier 9.15am departure from Akureyri. The upside was that it gave us plenty of time for one last morning of photography before our flight back to Heathrow.

The short flight to Reykjavík offered spectacular views as snow-capped mountains pierced the blanket of cloud below, creating some unusual photography opportunities.

It was always going to be difficult to improve on the bird photographs we'd already taken during the tour, although the pools at Njárdvíkurfitjar still held a good variety of species. A pair of Golden Plovers beside the road attracted little attention, given the superb encounters we'd enjoyed earlier in the week.

After stopping nearby for coffee and cake, we made the most of the remaining time at Garður beneath a cloudless blue sky, enjoying one final taste of Iceland's wonderful birdlife before beginning our journey home. One of the group stayed overnight in an airport hotel before flying back to Manchester.

We all agreed that the tour had been thoroughly enjoyable, and a resounding success. Aside from the pre-booked boat trips and hotel reservations, there had been no rigid itinerary, allowing us to adapt our plans at short notice to make the most of the weather, light and photographic opportunities. Our accommodation had been perfectly positioned to maximise our time in the field, with long, rewarding days balanced by the flexibility to relax whenever we wished. There was never any sense of being rushed, and we worked perfectly as a team. Lunch breaks were taken when it suited us, and an evening meal provided the fuel needed for another photographic session afterwards. With almost twenty-four hours of daylight every day, we certainly made the most of every opportunity.

The only downside was returning home with *thousands* of spectacular images and facing the daunting task of deciding which to keep, which to edit and, hardest of all, which to delete! It was a dilemma every wildlife photographer would be happy to have.



Eiders



Arctic Terns



Red-throated Diver chick



Harbour Seals

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Species lists

Birds

I=Introduced		May 2026								
Common name	Scientific name	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Whooper Swan	<i>Cygnus cygnus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Brent Goose	<i>Branta bernicla</i>		✓							✓
Greylag Goose	<i>Anser anser</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Pink-footed Goose	<i>Anser brachyrhynchus</i>		✓							

I=Introduced		May 2026								
Common name	Scientific name	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Long-tailed Duck	<i>Clangula hyemalis</i>						✓			✓
Common Eider	<i>Somateria mollissima</i>		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Harlequin Duck	<i>Histrionicus histrionicus</i>				✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Common Scoter	<i>Melanitta nigra</i>							✓	✓	
Barrow's Goldeneye	<i>Bucephala islandica</i>						✓	✓	✓	✓
Red-breasted Merganser	<i>Mergus serrator</i>						✓	✓	✓	
Goosander	<i>Mergus merganser</i>						✓			
Tufted Duck	<i>Aythya fuligula</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Greater Scaup	<i>Aythya marila</i>			✓			✓	✓	✓	
Northern Shoveler	<i>Spatula clypeata</i>			✓						
Gadwall	<i>Mareca strepera</i>	✓		✓			✓	✓	✓	✓
Eurasian Wigeon	<i>Mareca penelope</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Common Teal	<i>Anas crecca crecca</i>	✓	✓							
Rock Ptarmigan	<i>Lagopus muta</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Horned Grebe	<i>Podiceps auritus</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Feral Rock Dove - I	<i>Columba livia</i>	✓								✓
Eurasian Oystercatcher	<i>Haematopus ostralegus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓					✓
European Golden Plover	<i>Pluvialis apricaria</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Common Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius hiaticula</i>		✓	✓						✓
Eurasian Whimbrel	<i>Numenius phaeopus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Black-tailed Godwit	<i>Limosa limosa</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Common Snipe	<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Red-necked Phalarope	<i>Phalaropus lobatus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Common Redshank	<i>Tringa totanus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Ruddy Turnstone	<i>Arenaria interpres</i>				✓	✓				
Sanderling	<i>Calidris alba</i>			✓	✓	✓				
Dunlin	<i>Calidris alpina</i>			✓	✓	✓				
Purple Sandpiper	<i>Calidris maritima</i>				✓	✓				
Arctic Skua	<i>Stercorarius parasiticus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Atlantic Puffin	<i>Fratercula arctica</i>			✓						
Black Guillemot	<i>Cepphus grylle</i>			✓	✓					
Razorbill	<i>Alca torda</i>			✓	✓					
Brünnich's Guillemot	<i>Uria lomvia</i>			✓	✓					
Common Guillemot	<i>Uria aalge</i>			✓	✓					
Arctic Tern	<i>Sterna paradisaea</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Black-legged Kittiwake	<i>Rissa tridactyla</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
Black-headed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus ridibundus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Common Gull	<i>Larus canus</i>	✓	✓			✓	✓			✓
European Herring Gull	<i>Larus argentatus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓				✓
Great Black-backed Gull	<i>Larus marinus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓				✓
Glaucous Gull	<i>Larus hyperboreus</i>			✓	✓	✓				
Lesser Black-backed Gull	<i>Larus fuscus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Red-throated Diver	<i>Gavia stellata</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Black-throated Diver	<i>Gavia arctica</i>								✓	
Great Northern Diver	<i>Gavia immer</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Northern Fulmar	<i>Fulmarus glacialis</i>		✓	✓	✓					
Northern Gannet	<i>Morus bassanus</i>			✓		✓				

I=Introduced		May 2026								
Common name	Scientific name	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
European Shag	<i>Gulosus aristotelis</i>			✓	✓	✓				
Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>			✓		✓				
Short-eared Owl	<i>Asio flammeus</i>					✓	✓			
Merlin	<i>Falco columbarius</i>	✓								
Northern Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Eurasian Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>	✓							✓	
Common Starling	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Redwing	<i>Turdus iliacus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Common Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>		✓			✓			✓	
Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓					
White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Meadow Pipit	<i>Anthus pratensis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Redpoll	<i>Acanthis flammea</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Snow Bunting	<i>Plectrophenax nivalis</i>			✓						

Mammals

Common name	Scientific name
Atlantic Grey Seal	<i>Halichoerus grypus</i>
Harbour Seal	<i>Phoca vitulina</i>
Humpback Whale	<i>Megaptera novaeangliae</i>
Sperm Whale	<i>Physeter macrocephalus</i>