

The Italian Dolomites

Naturetrek Tour Report

21 – 28 June 2017

For the North American Rock Garden Society



Orange Lily (*Lilium bulbiferum*)



Edelweiss (*Leontopodium nivale* subsp. *alpinum*)



Bluish Paederota (*Veronica bonarota*)



The Marmolada Glacier from the Sella Pass

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Tour participants Jessica Turner (leader) with six members of the North American Rock Garden Society

Summary

The Dolomites are some of the finest mountains in Europe, where a complex mix of geology and habitat supports a great range of plants amidst stunning scenery. We had some beautiful weather, when we were able to enjoy the mountains and their flowers to the full. Previous good weather had meant the season was particularly well advanced, and some of the species we would expect to see were already mostly over. However, there were still many delights to find, not least the King of the Alps, hugging the boulders of Cimon della Pala. The Society members were also able to compare the flora with their own, and see familiar species in their natural habitat. There was also plenty of opportunity to enjoy the ambience of the area, the characteristic styles of buildings and local culture.

With the hospitality provided by Stefano, Katia and Genio at the Gran Mugon as warm as ever, with excellent, delicious cuisine, everything contributed to a most enjoyable week, with friendships deepened, and the opportunity to relax and share the common interest of Alpines in all their forms.

Day 1

Wednesday 21st June

Flight to Venice; onwards to Tamion

Four group members met Jessica at Venice Marco Polo Airport, having flown in during the morning. Once we had gathered, we moved to the short-term car park where Jessica had the minibus. Leaving the airport, we drove north across the plain, on the A27 towards Belluno. The mountain scenery became more impressive as we travelled, with some stunning afternoon light on the peaks. We stopped for a break and refreshments in Agordo town square, where we enjoyed coffee and ice cream. The final leg of our journey took us via Cencenighe, where we turned west to Falcade, over the Passo San Pellegrino, and down into the Fassa Valley, with the flowery meadows and verges whetting our appetites for what was to come. We reached the little hamlet of Tamion and the Hotel Gran Mugon, our base for the week, where we received a warm welcome from Katia and Stefano, and met with the remaining two group members who had already arrived. We were allocated our rooms and had an excellent meal, and Jessica outlined plans for the following day. We then retired for some welcome rest.

Day 2

Thursday 22nd June

Tamion; Val di Monzoni

The morning dawned bright so, after an excellent breakfast, we walked from the hotel to explore the meadows and woods round Tamion. We walked up past the tiny church, into the hay meadows, which were still to be cut and full of flowers. We started to get our eyes in tune for the local plants, which included the dark purple-blue Meadow Clary (*Salvia pratensis*), Dragonmouth (*Horminum pyrenaicum*) with its crinkled leaves and more tubular purple flowers, pink Mountain Sainfoin (*Onobrychis montana*), white Mountain Clover (*Trifolium montanum*) and yellow Hay Rattle (*Rhinanthus minor* agg.). We also found Dark Columbine (*Aquilegia atrata*), German Gentian (*Gentiana germanica*), Bearded Bellflower (*Campanula barbata*), Scheuchzer's Bellflower (*C. scheuchzeri*), Slender Broomrape (*Orobanchae gracilis*), with its shiny dark red interior to the flowers, and the Alpine Rose (*Rosa pendulina*) with its spine-free stems. A magnificent Orange Lily (*Lilium bulbiferum*) looked almost out of place. Good numbers of Fragrant Orchids (*Gymnadenia conopsea* agg.) were in full flower, as were the Round-headed Orchids

(*Traunsteinera globosa*).

The path entered a pine wood with Spruce (*Picea abies*), Larch (*Larix decidua*) and Scots Pine (*Pinus sylvestris*), where the underlying rocks were sandstone, and the vegetation showed a corresponding change. Here the plants included Juniper (*Juniperus communis*), Bilberry (*Vaccinium myrtillus*) and Matted Globularia (*Globularia cordifolia*). A Nutcracker was heard and briefly seen. As the path became more open again, we also found Alpine Gypsophila (*Gypsophila repens*), Mountain Milk-vetch (*Oxytropis jacquinii*) and, in damper flushes, Bird's-eye Primrose (*Primula farinosa*), Common Butterwort (*Pinguicula vulgaris*), Tofield's Asphodel (*Tofieldia calyculata*), and plenty of Common Spotted Orchids (*Dactylorhiza fuchsii*). As we followed the path along the hillside, we found several spikes of Fly Orchid (*Ophrys insectifera*). Eventually we emerged into another meadow full of flowers, including more Fragrant Orchids, Eyebright (*Euphrasia rosakoviana*), German Greenweed (*Genista germanica*), Giant Cat's-ear (*Hypochaeris uniflora*) and Green False-helleborine (*Veratrum lobelianum*).

We emerged onto another track which led to the road. After a rest on a convenient bench, we took this, finding in a lay-by some slightly passé Coralroot Orchids (*Corallorhiza trifida*) and a beautiful Lesser Butterfly Orchid (*Platanthera bifolia*). We then walked along the road a short distance, and found a large patch of Lady's Slipper Orchids (*Cypripedium calceolus*), most of which were going over, although a large clump in the shade of a Spruce tree was in perfect condition.

We retraced our steps back to the hotel and enjoyed our picnic, including local Val di Fassa cheeses, in partial shade by the church. After a short break, we then gathered to visit the Val di Monzoni. We took the short drive to Pozzo di Fassa, turning up into the Val de Sen Nicolo (also known as the Val San Nicolo) and then the Val di Monzoni where, having negotiated the steep and narrow road, we parked by the Malga di Monzoni. Here the rock is mainly granite and the conditions acidic, reflected in the flora. Along the track we found plenty of Alpenrose (*Rhododendron ferrugineum*) with beautiful pink flowers, the blue Alpine Clematis (*Clematis alpina*), Frog Orchid (*Dactylorhiza viridis*), Yellow Wood Violet (*Viola biflora*), Mountain Avens (*Geum montanum*), the lemon-yellow form of Alpine Pasque Flower (*Anemone alpina* subsp. *apiifolia*), Alpine Coltsfoot (*Homogyne alpina*) and Green Alder (*Alnus viridis*). We also found our first gentians: Trumpet Gentian (*Gentiana acaulis*). In more stony areas we found purple-and-orange Alpine Toadflax (*Linaria alpina*), Rhaetian Poppy (formerly *Papaver aurantiacum*, now *Papaver alpinum*), Roseroot (*Sedum rosea*), *Sedum alpestre*, and two saxifrages, Livelong (*Saxifraga paniculata*) and *S. muscoides*. Nutcrackers were noisy but elusive.

We would have loved to stay longer, but we retraced our steps, gathering up those who had preferred to enjoy the lower slopes. We enjoyed a cool drink at the Malga, and saw a distant Alpine Chamois on the slopes above, before we returned to the hotel for another delicious meal.

Day 3

Friday 23rd June

Passo Pordoi

Today again dawned fine and sunny. After a delicious breakfast, we headed north up to the Pordoi Pass (2,239 metres or 7,346 feet), via Canazei, cautiously negotiating the hairpin bends, cyclists and bikers. We parked in the main car park at the top of the pass, before taking the footpath route 601 along the famous 'Bindelweg', mentioned by Farrer, the author, traveller, botanist and flower painter, in his 1913 book 'The Dolomites'. House Martins flew around us, nesting under the eaves of the buildings. On the slopes we found Monte Baldo

Anemone (*Anemone baldensis*) and lemon-yellow Alpine Pasque Flowers. The geology is rather complex, with this area being basically limestone rock, with areas of acid soil formed by drift and leaching. Beautiful gentians were flowering by the path, and we found Clusius's Gentian (*Gentiana clusii*), a plant of limestone, as well as Spring Gentian (*G. verna*). The magenta-coloured Alpine Sainfoin (*Hedysarum hedysaroides* subsp. *exaltatum*) was striking and abundant, together with Alpine Milk-vetch (*Astragalus alpinus*), with its delicate white and mauve flowers, and Yellow Milk-vetch (*Oxytropis campestris*), with its cream-coloured flowers. *Daphne striata* was flowering well. Dwarf willows included Net-leaved Willow (*Salix reticulata*), Finely-toothed Willow (*Salix breviserrata*) and the rock-hugging *Salix serpyllifolia*. Other plants included Moss Campion (*Silene acaulis*), Mountain Avens (*Dryas octopetala*), Alpine Bartsia (*Bartsia alpina*), fine displays of Matted Globularia (*Globularia cordifolia*), Shrubby Milkwort (*Polygala chamaebuxus*), Alpine Rock-rose (*Helianthemum oelandicum* subsp. *alpestre*), Heart-leaved Leopard's-bane (*Doronicum columnae*), and two tiny Erigerons, *Erigeron uniflora* and *E. neglecta*. There were also some fine clumps of Musky Saxifrage (*Saxifraga exarata*), but the lime-encrusted patches of *Saxifraga squarrosa* were not yet in flower. The beautiful Pink Cinquefoil (*Potentilla nitida*) was just coming out.

As we reached the shoulder we found plenty of Yellow Alpine Pasque Flowers. Although it was rather windy, the views in all directions were stunning, especially of the Marmolada Glacier. Several Snowfinches were feeding nearby, while Marmots were calling loudly, and we saw a couple on the slopes below us. After a rest in the lee of the ridge, some of the group climbed up to the ski lift, finding more Spring Gentians, white Blunt-leaved Rock-jasmine (*Androsace obtusifolia*) and patches of the golden-yellow Vitaliana (*Vitaliana primuliflora*, formerly *Androsace vitaliana*). We also added Bavarian Gentian (*Gentiana bavarica*), Carpathian Cat's-foot (*Antennaria carpathica*), and Alpine Snowbell (*Soldanella alpina*). Dark-veined White, Small Tortoiseshell and Dewy Ringlet butterflies were on the wing. We re-joined the others and walked back down the path, finding a beautiful cascade of Bluish Paederota (*Veronica bonarota*) on a boulder.

We drove down below the pass to have our picnic in a meadow which we then explored. Alpine Aster (*Aster alpinus*) and Edelweiss (*Leontopodium nivale* subsp. *alpinum*) were growing on a boulder, along with a single Red Vanilla Orchid (*Gymnadenia rubra*). Elsewhere, we found more Red Vanilla Orchids, Alpine Fleabane (*Erigeron alpinus*), plus Yellow Pea (*Lathyrus laevigatus*) with lemon flowers turning orange with age and, in the stream, Marsh Marigold (*Caltha palustris*). We looked at the Arolla Pine (*Pinus cembra*) with its needles in groups of five, and the two-needled Dwarf Mountain Pine (*Pinus mugo*) which covers the higher slopes. We then drove back down the many hairpin bends before turning off to climb through more twists and turns to the Sella Pass, at 2240 metres above sea level. Here, we again enjoyed the magnificent scenery and noted the many Alpine Choughs. After refreshments here, we returned to our hotel in Tamion, where we had another excellent dinner.

Day 4

Saturday 24th June

Rosengarten

We woke to another beautiful day. Our destination was the Rosengarten, behind the magnificent crags we could see from the hotel. We drove the short distance into Vigo di Fassa to catch the Funivia which took us up to the start of our walk, at 2000 metres (6,560 feet) above sea level. Enjoying the flowery meadow here, with now familiar plants, we also found a Dark Vanilla Orchid (*Gymnadenia rbellicani*). Our path led gently down through woodland of Larch (*Larix decidua*), Spruce (*Picea abies*) and Arolla Pine (*Pinus cembra*), with the acid soil supporting plenty of Alpenrose (*Rhododendron ferrugineum*), and Cowberry (*Vaccinium vitis-idaea*) flowering amongst the leaves of Bilberry (*Vaccinium myrtillus*) and Bearberry (*Arctostaphylos uva-ursi*). We found fine displays of Alpine

Butterwort (*Pinguicula alpina*), the delicate Leafless-stemmed Speedwell (*Veronica aphylla*), Rock Speedwell (*Veronica fruticans*) with its red ring in the centre of each flower, and a solitary spike of Alpine Snowbell (*Soldanella alpina*). Amongst the shrubs were Blue-berried Honeysuckle (*Lonicera caerulea*) with berries just forming, Alpine Willow (*Salix hegetschweileri*), and False Medlar (*Sorbus chamaemespilus*). Nutcrackers, the bird responsible for the spread of Arolla Pine, were calling and seen.

As we came into a more open area with limestone boulders, Hairy Alpenrose (*Rhododendron hirsutum*) replaced the Alpenrose (*Rhododendron ferrugineum*, and was starting to flower, *Daphne striata* was going over, while Mountain Avens (*Dryas octopetala*) was flowering well. The complexity of the geology and soil was indicated by the presence of the two species of *Rhododendron* in such close proximity. We eventually reached Gardeccia, where we enjoyed a morning coffee or a cold drink, sitting in the shade and taking in the magnificent scenery of the Rosengarten.

After lunch, taken on another rifugio terrace, some of the group opted to remain round the village before gently making their way back to the Funivia. The rest of us tackled the steeper, stony track, moving into an area of Dwarf Mountain Pine (*Pinus mugo*) and massive scattered limestone boulders, interspersed with areas of scree. On the loose stones we found more Alpine Toadflax (*Linaria alpina*) and Alpine (Rhaetian) Poppy, while on the boulders, both Blue Saxifrage (*Saxifraga caesia*) and *Saxifraga squarrosa* were coming into flower. Bluish Paederota (*Veronica bonarota*) was flowering well but most of the Pink Cinquefoil (*Potentilla nitida*) was only showing its silvery leaves. One boulder held some Triglav Gentian (*Gentiana terglouensis*) with its very sculptural leaves, but the flowers had finished. We added Austrian Sandwort (*Minuartia austriaca*) and pale pink Dwarf Valerian (*Valeriana supina*) growing under a boulder, while white Rock Valerian (*Valeriana saxatilis*) was in crevices, as was *Phyteuma sieberi*, with its wide bracts. Edelweiss (*Leontopodium nivale* subsp. *alpinum*) starred the grass, where we also found Beaked Lousewort (*Pedicularis rostratocapitata*). Alpine Chough were circling around the Rifugio Preuss, which appeared to teeter on the edge of the cliff above us.

We all met back at the Funivia as thunder was rumbling round the valley. Fortunately we did not get wet, *nivale* subsp. *alpinum* although the storm was quite dramatic and continued in the evening. As we enjoyed another delicious meal, we agreed that the area was extremely beautiful and it had been a delightful walk.

Day 5

Sunday 25th June

Vigo di Fassa; Val Sen Nicolo

Today we woke to very different weather, with heavy rain and low cloud. After a leisurely breakfast, we decided to visit the Ladin Museum in Vigo: a small museum dedicated to the Ladin culture and life, past and present, in the Val di Fassa. After some free time, we gathered for the short journey to Vigo, where Jessica dropped the group. It was a very interesting place, and gave a fascinating insight into local life. Afterwards, we went into the centre of Vigo for lunch in a small restaurant: a traditional building, serving very good, traditional food. While we were there, the rain stopped, the weather brightened, and the sun even appeared so we returned to the hotel for some of the group to prepare for a walk in the Val Sen Nicolo (its Ladin name), also called the Val di San Nicolo (the Italian version).

We drove up into the valley, the road bordered by a stream, rocks and conifer trees, before reaching an open valley of hay meadows dotted with small wooden houses. Having parked, we started to walk up the road,

enjoying the flower-filled verges and meadows. Betony-leaved Rampion (*Phyteuma betonicifolium*) showed considerable variation in form, and a Martagon Lily (*Lilium martagon*) was in full flower, but out of reach. A smaller track led to areas of pasture where we found both Dark and Austrian Vanilla Orchids (*Gymnadenia rbellicani* and *G. austriaca*), Small White Orchid (*Pseudorchis albida*), Brown Clover (*Trifolium badium*) and a patch of Snow Gentians (*Gentiana nivalis*). There were more Martagon Lilies in flower, and we also found a spike of Common Monkshood (*Aconitum napellus*), with dark blue flowers. We enjoyed the beauty of the mountains after the rain. As we started back, we watched the cows being taken in for milking, the cowshed being the ground floor of a small farmhouse. Before we left the valley we found a beautiful clump of Lady's Slipper Orchids (*Cypripedium calceolus*, in perfect condition, and easier to see than the earlier ones. We then returned to the hotel, where we enjoyed a special meal of typical Ladin food.

Day 6

Monday 26th June

Cimon della Pala; Passo Valles; Miralago

Today, on another beautiful morning and with the promise of a fine, settled day, we headed south-east to the dramatic peak of Cimon della Pala. We drove south to the town of Predazzo, where we turned eastwards. We stopped briefly for a break at the Panneveggo Visitor Centre, which has information about the area, before climbing to the Rolle Pass (1,972 metres above sea level). Just over the Pass, we took a dusty track on up to the Baita Segantini at 2,200 metres, to begin our walk. Initially, we were walking over acid, sand-and-clay conglomerate, which was reflected in the flora. Due to the recent hot weather, many of the spring species had finished flowering, but we soon found the leaves of Least Primrose (*Primula minima*), Trailing Azalea (*Kalmia procumbens*), and the fluffy seed heads of Yellow Alpine Pasque Flowers (*Anemone alpina* subsp. *apiifolia*). We found a spike of Spotted Gentian (*Gentiana punctata*), a tall plant with yellow flowers which bear many tiny purple spots. Looking north, we could see the white of distant snowy peaks in the sun. We then moved up into an area of loose rock and open ground where we found the white Seguer's Buttercup (*Ranunculus seguieri*), with its very divided leaves, dotted across the bare ground. Moving along the edge, with a dramatic drop to the valley below, we found Mossy Cyphel (*Minuartia sedoides*) and Roseroot (*Sedum rosea*).

Our ultimate aim was to reach an area of broken rocks and boulders below the looming cliffs of Cimon della Pala. Here, we soon found one of the specialities: King of the Alps (*Eritrichium nanum*), with several tiny clumps flowering well. Other plants included Alpine Buttercup (*Ranunculus alpestris*) with white flowers but less divided, glossy leaves, magnificent clumps of pink Moss Campion (*Silene acaulis*), Pink Lousewort (*Pedicularis rosea*), white Alpine Butterwort (*Pinguicula alpina*) and Least Snowbell (*Soldanella minima*), some with a pink flush to their tiny white flowers. We also found fine specimens of Spring and Trumpet Gentians (*Gentiana verna* and *G. acaulis*). By another boulder were the leaves of Chives (*Allium schoenoprasum*) but, sadly, the Dwarf Alpenrose (*Rhodothamnus chamaecistus*) was over. We stopped for a snack, attracting the attention of an Alpine Chough which came very close, looking for a free handout.

We slowly made our way back to the car park, finding a late-flowering specimen of Long-flowered Primrose (*Primula halleri*) en route. We had a late lunch and enjoyed drinks at the Baita before taking the drive back to the Rolle Pass. By the road, we stopped to look at a bank which held a few remaining flowers of Southern Butterwort (*Pinguicula leptoceras*, with mauve and white flowers, and plenty of Round-headed Orchids (*Traunsteinera globosa*). We then took the road up over the Passo Valles (2,030 metres), with stunning views to the north and east, and also the Passo San Pellegrino (1,920 metres). From the top of the pass we took a track leading to the

Rifugio Miralago, situated by a small but beautiful lake. We stopped here for refreshments and to explore or sit and enjoy the late afternoon sunshine. Among the plants here we found Alpine Clover (*Trifolium alpinum*), Bearded Bellflower (*Campanula barbata*) and Greater Meadow-rue (*Thalictrum aquilegifolium*). We also found some fine displays of Martagon Lilies (*Lilium martagon*) and Wolf's-bane (*Aconitum lycoctonum* subsp. *vulparia*). Eventually, we gathered to return to Tamion, for another excellent meal.

Day 7

Tuesday 27th June

Val Venegia

The weather forecast for our final day in the field was not promising. Overnight rain had left plenty of mist, but it was dry and bright as we set out for the Val Venegia, taking the route of the previous morning. After a stop at the Visitor Centre, instead of climbing the Rolle Pass, we took the Passo Valles road, turning off after a couple of kilometres into the valley which lies below Cimon della Pala. We drove along the edge of a fast-flowing stream as the track climbed to the parking area, where we left the minibus. As we walked, we enjoyed the sounds of all the cow-bells. A damp area held Broad-leaved Marsh Orchid and Alpine Broad-leaved Marsh Orchid (*Dactylorhiza majalis* and *D. alpestris*). We started to look at them, but the rain came, so we sheltered until the heavy shower had passed. As the sky brightened, we decided to continue our walk, as the mountain peaks appeared and disappeared in cloud. We found Bugle (*Ajuga reptans*) and Grass-of-Parnassus (*Parnassia palustris*) flowering well, and clumps of Yellow Mountain Saxifrage (*Saxifraga aizoides*) in flower in the stream gravels, along with more Alpine Poppy (*Papaver alpinum*). On limestone boulders both Blue Saxifrage (*Saxifraga caesia*) and *S. squarrosa* were in flower. A distant Marmot was seen, then another much closer.

As the weather was bright, we decided to have our final picnic on the grass further up the valley, in beautiful surroundings. Refreshed, and enjoying the unexpectedly fine weather, we continued walking. We found many spikes of Wintergreens under the conifers: Round-leaved (*Pyrola rotundifolia*), Common (*Pyrola minor*), Nodding (*Orthilia secunda*) and One-flowered (*Moneses uniflora*), plus the tiny orchid Lesser Twayblade (*Neottia cordata*). An area of scree was being quarried, with the activity causing much interest in the group. Nearby, *Saxifraga sedoides* was growing under a small boulder. Past the scree, a grassy meadow was dotted with very large, well-vegetated rocks, some bearing trees. In several crevices we could see the leaves of Bear's-ear Primrose (*Primula auricula*) but, sadly, all the flowers were over. We found, however, a beautiful clump of Alpine Fleabane (*Erigeron alpinus*). We walked back down to the Malga Vengiota, where we enjoyed refreshments, before returning to the minibus, just as the rain restarted. We retraced our route through Predazzo, stopping in Vigo to do some shopping (in the dry!) before heading back to Tamion for our final evening and delicious dinner.

Day 8

Wednesday 28th June

Tamion to Venice or Verona

After a final excellent breakfast, it was time to leave. Patsy and Mark had a taxi coming later to take them to Verona. The rest of us loaded the minibus, said farewell and thank you to Stefano who, with Katia, Genio and the staff had looked after us so well, and set off south, having a smooth journey. Both Ken and Nadine, and Arn and Joyce were extending their stay in Venice, so at Venice airport we said goodbye as they headed for their Water Taxis, and Jessica was meeting the second NARGS tour. We had all enjoyed a great week of stunning scenery and alpine flowers, all enjoyed in good company.

Species List

Plants

Nomenclature contained within this list follows the taxonomic amendments, based on DNA analysis, made by the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew and the Missouri Botanic Garden, and following The Plant List, an internationally accepted list of vascular plant families, published and maintained by these two Institutions.

Scientific name	Common name	Location (first or best)
PTERIDOPHYTES		
Lycophytes		
Lycopodiaceae		
<i>Huperzia selago</i>	Clubmoss Family Fir Clubmoss	Rosengarten
<i>Lycopodium clavatum</i>	Stag's-horn Clubmoss	Rosengarten
Calamophytes		
Equisetaceae		
<i>Equisetum arvense</i>	Horsetail Family Field Horsetail	Tamion
Eusporangiate Ferns		
Ophioglossaceae		
<i>Botrychium lunaria</i>	Adder's-tongue Family Moonwort	Val de Sen Nicolo
Leptosporangiate Ferns		
Aspleniaceae		
<i>Asplenium ruta-muraria</i>	True Ferns Spleenwort family Wall Rue Green Spleenwort	Passo Pordoi
<i>Asplenium viride</i>		Passo Pordoi
Athyriaceae		
<i>Athyrium alpestre</i>	Lady-fern Family Alpine Lady-fern	Monzoni
Cystopteraceae		
<i>Cystopteris fragilis</i>	Bladder-fern Family Brittle Bladder-fern Oak Fern Limestone Fern	Monzoni
<i>Gymnocarpium dryopteris</i>		Monzoni
<i>Gymnocarpium robertianum</i>		Val Venegia
Dryopteridaceae		
<i>Dryopteris affinis</i>	Buckler-fern Family Scaly Male-fern Male-fern Holly-fern	Monzoni
<i>Dryopteris filix-mas</i>		Rosengarten
<i>Polystichum lonchitis</i>		Rosengarten & Val Venegia
GYMNOSPERMS		
Cupressaceae		
<i>Juniperus communis</i>	Juniper Family Common Juniper Dwarf Juniper	Tamion
<i>Juniperus communis</i> var. <i>saxatilis</i>		Monzoni
Pinaceae		
<i>Larix decidua</i>	Pine Family European Larch Spruce Arolla Pine Dwarf Mountain Pine Austrian or Black Pine Scots Pine	Tamion
<i>Picea abies</i> subsp. <i>abies</i>		Tamion
<i>Pinus cembra</i>		Passo Pordoi
<i>Pinus mugo</i>		Passo Pordoi
<i>Pinus nigra</i> subsp. <i>nigra</i>		Tamion
<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>		Tamion

Scientific name	Common name	Location (first or best)
ANGIOSPERMS	FLOWERING PLANTS	
<i>Eu-dicots</i>	True Dicotyledons	
Adoxaceae	Moschatel Family	
<i>Sambucus nigra</i>	Elder	Roadsides
<i>Sambucus racemosa</i>	Red-berried Elderberry	Val de Sen Nicolò
Amaranthaceae (Chenopodiaceae)	Goosefoot Family	
<i>Chenopodium bonus-henricus</i>	Good King Henry	Tamion
Apiaceae	Carrot Family	
<i>Anthriscus sylvestris</i>	Cow Parsley	Passo Pordoi
<i>Chaerophyllum hirsutum</i>	Hairy Chervil	Passo Pordoi
<i>Heracleum sphondylium</i> subsp. <i>pyrenaicum</i>	Hogweed	Rosengarten
<i>Laserpitium latifolium</i>	Broad-leaved Sermountain	Tamion (leaves)
<i>Ligusticum mutellina</i>	Alpine Lovage	Val Venegia
<i>Ligusticum mutellinoides</i>	Unbranched Lovage	Passo Pordoi
<i>Peucedanum ostruthium</i>	Masterwort	Rosengarten
<i>Pimpinella major</i>	Greater Burnet-saxifrage	Tamion
Berberidaceae	Barberry Family	
<i>Berberis vulgaris</i>	Barberry	Tamion
Betulaceae	Birch Family	
<i>Alnus viridis</i>	Green Alder	Monzoni
Boraginaceae	Forget-me-not Family	
<i>Cerinth glabra</i>	Smooth Honeywort	Val de Sen Nicolò
<i>Eritrichium nanum</i>	King of the Alps	Cimon della Pala
<i>Myosotis alpestris</i>	Alpine Wood Forget-me-not	Monzoni
Brassicaceae	Cabbage Family	
<i>Arabis caucasica</i>	Alpine Rock-cress	Monzoni
<i>Biscutella laevigata</i>	Buckler Mustard	Monzoni
<i>Cardamine amara</i>	Large Bitter-cress	Passo Pordoi
<i>Cardamine resedifolia</i>	Mignonette-leaved Bitter-cress	Monzoni
<i>Hornungia (Pritzelago) alpina</i>	Chamois Cress	Monzoni
<i>Kernera saxatilis</i>	Kernera	Passo Pordoi
Campanulaceae	Bellflower Family	
<i>Campanula barbata</i>	Bearded Bellflower	Tamion
<i>Campanula cochleariifolia</i>	Fairy's Thimble	Rosengarten
<i>Campanula glomerata</i>	Clustered Bellflower	Tamion
<i>Campanula scheuchzeri</i>	Scheuchzer's Bellflower	Tamion
<i>Phyteuma betonicifolium</i>	Betony-leaved Rampion	Val de Sen Nicolò
<i>Phyteuma hemisphericum</i>	Globe-headed Rampion	Cimon della Pala
<i>Phyteuma orbiculare</i>	Round-headed Rampion	Tamion
<i>Phyteuma sieberi</i>	a Rampion	Rosengarten
Caprifoliaceae	Honeysuckle Family	
<i>Knautia arvensis</i>	Field Scabious	Tamion
<i>Lonicera alpigena</i>	Alpine Honeysuckle	Rosengarten
<i>Lonicera caerulea</i>	Blue-berried Honeysuckle	Rosengarten

Scientific name	Common name	Location (first or best)
<i>Scabiosa lucida</i>	Shining Scabious	Tamion
<i>Valeriana montana</i>	Mountain Valerian	Tamion
<i>Valeriana saxatilis</i>	Rock Valerian	Passo Pordoi
<i>Valeriana supina</i>	Dwarf Valerian	Rosengarten
<i>Valeriana tripteris</i>	Three-leaved Valerian	Monzoni
Caryophyllaceae	Pink Family	
<i>Cerastium arvense</i>	Field Mouse-ear	Monzoni
<i>Cerastium fontanum</i>	Common Mouse-ear	Cimon della Pala
<i>Dianthus superbus</i>	Superb Pink	Miralago
<i>Gypsophila repens</i>	Alpine Gypsophila	Tamion
<i>Minuartia austriaca</i>	Austrian Sandwort	Passo Pordoi
<i>Minuartia rupestris</i>	Rock Sandwort	Passo Pordoi
<i>Minuartia sedoides</i>	Mossy Cyphel	Cimon della Pala
<i>Minuartia verna</i>	Spring Sandwort	Passo Pordoi
<i>Moehringia ciliata</i>	Creeping Sandwort	Rosengarten
<i>Moehringia muscosa</i>	Mossy Sandwort	Rosengarten
<i>Silene acaulis</i>	Moss Champion	Passo Pordoi
<i>Silene alpestris</i>	Alpine Catchfly	Val Venegia
<i>Silene dioica</i>	Red Champion	Monzoni
<i>Silene (Lychnis) flos-cuculi</i>	Ragged Robin	Tamion
<i>Silene nutans</i>	Nottingham Catchfly	Val Venegia
<i>Silene pusilla</i>	a Catchfly	Rosengarten
<i>Silene rupestris</i>	Rock Catchfly	Rosengarten
<i>Silene vulgaris</i>	Bladder Champion	Tamion
<i>Stellaria nemorum</i>	Wood Chickweed	Monzoni
Celastraceae	Spindle Family	
<i>Parnassia palustris</i>	Grass of Parnassus	Val Venegia
Cistaceae	Rock-rose Family	
<i>Helianthemum nummularium</i>	Rock-rose	Tamion
<i>Helianthemum oelandicum</i> subsp. <i>alpestris</i>	Alpine Rock-rose	Passo Pordoi
<i>Helianthemum oelandicum</i> subsp. <i>incanum</i>	Hoary Rock-rose	Tamion
Compositae (Asteraceae)	Daisy Family	
<i>Achillea clavennae</i>	Silvery Milfoil	Passo Pordoi
<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	Yarrow	Tamion
<i>Achillea oxyloba</i>	Alpine Sneezewort	Rosengarten
<i>Adenostyles alliariae</i>	Adenostyles	Tamion
<i>Antennaria carpathica</i>	Carpathian Cat's-foot	Passo Pordoi
<i>Antennaria dioica</i>	Cat's-foot	Tamion
<i>Arnica montana</i>	Arnica	Tamion
<i>Aster alpinus</i>	Alpine Aster	Below Passo Pordoi
<i>Bellidastrum michelii</i>	False Aster	Tamion
<i>Bupthalmum salicifolium</i>	Yellow Ox-eye	Tamion
<i>Carduus defloratus</i> subsp. <i>carlinifolius</i>	Carlina-leaved Thistle	Below Passo Pordoi
<i>Carduus defloratus</i>	Alpine Thistle	Tamion
<i>Carlina acaulis</i>	Stemless Carlina Thistle	Below Passo Pordoi
<i>Centaurea nervosa</i>	Plume Knapweed	Miralago
<i>Cirsium erisithales</i>	Yellow Melancholy Thistle	Tamion
<i>Cirsium montanum</i>	Mountain Thistle	Tamion
<i>Cirsium spinosissimum</i>	Spiniest Thistle	Passo Pordoi

Scientific name	Common name	Location (first or best)
<i>Crepis aurea</i>	Golden Hawk's-beard	Tamion
<i>Doronicum columnae</i>	Heart-leaved Leopard's-bane	Passo Pordoi
<i>Doronicum grandiflorum</i>	Large-flowered Leopard's-bane	Monzoni
<i>Erigeron alpinus</i>	Alpine Fleabane	Below Passo Pordoi
<i>Erigeron neglectus</i>	Neglected Fleabane	Passo Pordoi
<i>Erigeron uniflorus</i>	One-flowered Fleabane	Passo Pordoi
<i>Hieracium alpinum</i> agg.	Alpine Hawkweed	Cimon della Pala
<i>Hieracium lanatum</i>	Woolly Hawkweed	Passo Pordoi (in bud)
<i>Homogyne alpina</i>	Alpine Colt's-foot	Monzoni
<i>Hypochaeris uniflora</i>	Giant Cat's-ear	Tamion
<i>Jacobaea alpina</i> (<i>Senecio cordatus</i>)	Alpine Ragwort	Val Venegia (in bud)
<i>Leontopodium nivale</i> subsp. <i>alpinum</i>	Edelweiss	Below Passo Pordoi
<i>Leucanthemopsis alpina</i>	Alpine Moon Daisy	Monzoni
<i>Leucanthemum vulgare</i>	Ox-eye daisy	Tamion
<i>Petasites alba</i>	White Butterbur	Passo Pordoi
<i>Pilosella officinarum</i> agg.	Mouse-eared Hawkweed	Tamion
<i>Scorzonera aristata</i>	Bearded Viper's-grass	Below Passo Pordoi
<i>Senecio nemorensis</i>	Wood Ragwort	Val Venegia (in bud)
<i>Solidago virgaurea</i>	Goldenrod	Rosengarten
<i>Taraxacum</i> agg.	Dandelion	Tamion
<i>Tolpis staticifolia</i>	Tolpis	Rosengarten
<i>Tussilago farfara</i>	Colt's-foot	Passo Pordoi
Crassulaceae	Stonecrop Family	
<i>Sedum alpestre</i>	Alpine Stonecrop	Monzoni
<i>Sedum annuum</i>	Annual Stonecrop	Passo Pordoi
<i>Sedum atratum</i> subsp. <i>atratum</i>	Dark Stonecrop	Val de Sen Nicolo
<i>Sedum rosea</i>	Roseroot	Cimon della Pala
Ericaceae	Heather Family	
<i>Arctostaphylos uva-ursi</i>	Bearberry	Rosengarten (leaves)
<i>Arctostaphylos alpina</i>	Alpine Bearberry	Below Passo Pordoi
<i>Erica carnea</i>	Spring Heath	Tamion
<i>Kalmia procumbens</i>	Trailing Azalea	Cimon della Pala
<i>Moneses uniflora</i>	One-flowered Wintergreen	Monzoni
<i>Orthilia secunda</i>	Nodding Wintergreen	Val Venegia
<i>Pyrola minor</i>	Common Wintergreen	Val Venegia
<i>Pyrola rotundifolia</i>	Round-leaved Wintergreen	Val Venegia
<i>Rhododendron ferrugineum</i>	Alpenrose	Monzoni
<i>Rhododendron hirsutum</i>	Hairy Alpenrose	Rosengarten
<i>Rhodothamnus chamaecistus</i>	Dwarf Alpenrose	Cimon della Pala (over)
<i>Vaccinium myrtillus</i>	Bilberry	Tamion
<i>Vaccinium uliginosum</i>	Bog Whortleberry	Monzoni
<i>Vaccinium vitis-idaea</i>	Cowberry	Monzoni
Gentianaceae	Gentian Family	
<i>Gentiana acaulis</i>	Trumpet Gentian	Monzoni
<i>Gentiana barvarica</i>	Bavarian Gentian	Passo Pordoi
<i>Gentiana clusii</i>	Clusius's Gentian	Passo Pordoi
<i>Gentiana nivalis</i>	Snow Gentian	Val de Sen Nicolo
<i>Gentiana punctata</i>	Spotted Gentian	Cimon della Pala
<i>Gentiana terglouensis</i>	Triglav Gentian	Rosengarten (over)
<i>Gentiana verna</i>	Spring Gentian	Passo Pordoi
<i>Gentianella germanica</i>	Chiltern or German Gentian	Tamion

Scientific name	Common name	Location (first or best)
Geraniaceae <i>Geranium sylvaticum</i>	Crane's-bill Family Wood Crane's-bill	Tamion
Grossulariaceae <i>Ribes alpinum</i>	Gooseberry Family Mountain Currant	Val de Sen Nicolo
Hypericaceae <i>Hypericum perforatum</i>	St. John's-wort Family Perforate St. John's-wort	Miralago (in bud)
Lamiaceae <i>Ajuga pyramidalis</i> <i>Ajuga reptans</i> <i>Clinopodium (Acinos) alpinum</i> <i>Horminum pyrenaicum</i> <i>Lamium album</i> <i>Prunella vulgaris</i> <i>Salvia pratensis</i> <i>Stachys alopecuroides</i> <i>Thymus polytrichus</i>	Dead-nettle Family Pyramidal Bugle Bugle Alpine Basil Thyme Dragonmouth White Dead-nettle Self-heal Meadow Clary Yellow Betony Wild Thyme	Monzoni Val Venegia Tamion Tamion Val de Sen Nicolo Tamion Tamion Tamion Tamion
Leguminosae (Fabaceae) <i>Anthyllis vulneraria</i> agg. <i>Astragalus alpinus</i> <i>Genista germanica</i> <i>Hedysarum hedysaroides</i> subsp. <i>exaltatum</i> <i>Hippocrepis comosa</i> <i>Lathyrus laevigatus</i> <i>Lathyrus pratensis</i> <i>Lotus alpinus</i> <i>Lotus corniculatus</i> <i>Onobrychis arenaria</i> <i>Onobrychis montana</i> <i>Oxytropis campestris</i> <i>Oxytropis jacquinii</i> <i>Trifolium alpinum</i> <i>Trifolium badium</i> <i>Trifolium montanum</i> <i>Trifolium pratense</i> <i>Vicia cracca</i>	Pea Family Kidney-vetch Alpine Milk-vetch German Greenweed Alpine Sainfoin Horseshoe Vetch Yellow Pea Meadow Vetchling Alpine Bird's-foot Trefoil Bird's-foot Trefoil Small Sainfoin Mountain Sainfoin Yellow Milk-vetch Mountain Milk-vetch Alpine Clover Brown Clover Mountain Clover Red Clover Tufted Vetch	Tamion Passo Pordoi Tamion Passo Pordoi Tamion Passo Pordoi Val de Sen Nicolo Monzoni Tamion Miralago Tamion Passo Pordoi Tamion Miralago Val de Sen Nicolo Tamion Tamion Miralago
Lentibulariaceae <i>Pinguicula alpina</i> <i>Pinguicula leptoceras</i> <i>Pinguicula vulgaris</i>	Bladderwort Family Alpine Butterwort Southern Butterwort Common Butterwort	Rosengarten Cimon della Pala Tamion
Onagraceae <i>Epilobium alsinifolium</i>	Willowherb Family Chickweed Willowherb	Val Venegia
Orobanchaceae <i>Bartsia alpina</i> <i>Euphrasia ros koviana</i> <i>Melampyrum sylvaticum</i> <i>Orobanche gracilis</i>	Broomrape Family Alpine Bartsia an Eyebright Wood Cow-wheat Slender Broomrape	Monzoni Tamion Tamion Tamion

Scientific name	Common name	Location (first or best)
<i>Pedicularis elongata</i>	a Yellow Lousewort	Tamion
<i>Pedicularis rosea</i>	Pink Lousewort	Cimon della Pala
<i>Pedicularis rostratocapitata</i>	Beaked Lousewort	Rosengarten
<i>Pedicularis verticillata</i>	Verticillate Lousewort	Monzoni
<i>Rhinanthus alectorolophus</i>	Greater Yellow Rattle	Val de Sen Nicolo
<i>Rhinanthus minor</i> agg.	Hay Rattle	Tamion
Oxalidaceae	Wood Sorrel Family	
<i>Oxalis acetosella</i>	Wood Sorrel	Rosengarten
Papaveraceae	Poppy Family	
<i>Papaver alpinum</i> (<i>P. aurantiacum</i> , <i>P. rhaeticum</i>)	Rhaetian Poppy	Monzoni
Plantaginaceae	Plantain Family	
<i>Globularia cordifolia</i>	Matted Globularia	Tamion
<i>Linaria alpina</i>	Alpine Toadflax	Monzoni
<i>Plantago media</i>	Hoary Plantain	Tamion
<i>Veronica aphylla</i>	Leafless-stemmed Speedwell	Passo Pordoi
<i>Veronica bellidioides</i>	Violet Speedwell	Cimon della Pala
<i>Veronica (Paederota) bonarota</i>	Bluish Paederota	Passo Pordoi
<i>Veronica chamaedrys</i>	Germander Speedwell	Rosengarten
<i>Veronica fruticans</i>	Rock Speedwell	Rosengarten
<i>Veronica officinalis</i>	Heath Speedwell	Cimon della Pala
<i>Veronica serpyllifolia</i>	Thyme-leaved Speedwell	Cimon della Pala
<i>Veronica urticifolia</i>	Nettle-leaved Speedwell	Tamion
Plumbaginaceae	Thrift Family	
<i>Armeria alpina</i>	Mountain Thrift	Passo Pordoi
Polygalaceae	Milkwort Family	
<i>Polygala alpestris</i>	Mountain Milkwort	Tamion
<i>Polygala chamaebuxus</i>	Shrubby Milkwort	Passo Pordoi
Polygonaceae	Knotweed Family	
<i>Persicaria vivipara</i>	Alpine Bistort	Tamion
<i>Rumex alpinus</i>	Monk's Rhubarb	Passo Pordoi
<i>Rumex scutatus</i>	French Sorrel	Monzoni
Primulaceae	Primrose Family	
<i>Androsace hausmannii</i>	a Rock-jasmine	Cimon della Pala (leaves)
<i>Androsace obtusifolia</i>	Blunt-leaved Rock-jasmine	Passo Pordoi
<i>Primula auricula</i>	Bear's-ear Primrose	Cimon della Pala
<i>Primula farinosa</i>	Bird's-eye Primrose	Tamion
<i>Primula halleri</i>	Long-flowered Primrose	Cimon della Pala
<i>Soldanella alpina</i>	Alpine Snowbell	Rosengarten
<i>Soldanella minima</i>	Least Snowbell	Cimon della Pala
<i>Vitaliana primuliflora</i> (<i>Androsace vitaliana</i>)	Vitaliana	Passo Pordoi
Ranunculaceae	Buttercup Family	
<i>Aconitum lycoctonum</i> subsp. <i>vulparia</i>	Wolf's-bane	Miralago
<i>Aconitum napellus</i>	Common Monk's-hood	Val de Sen Nicolo
<i>Anemone (Pulsatilla) alpina</i> subsp. <i>apiifolia</i>	Yellow Pasqueflower	Monzoni
<i>Anemone baldensis</i>	Monte Baldo Anemone	Passo Pordoi

Scientific name	Common name	Location (first or best)
<i>Aquilegia atrata</i>	Dark Columbine	Tamion
<i>Caltha palustris</i>	Marsh Marigold	Below Passo Pordoi
<i>Clematis alpina</i>	Alpine Clematis	Monzoni
<i>Hepatica nobilis</i>	Hepatica	Tamion (leaves)
<i>Ranunculus acris</i>	Meadow Buttercup	Tamion
<i>Ranunculus alpestris</i>	Alpine Buttercup	Cimon della Pala
<i>Ranunculus hybridus</i>	Hybrid Buttercup	Passo Pordoi
<i>Ranunculus montanus</i>	Mountain Buttercup	Passo Pordoi
<i>Ranunculus seguieri</i>	Seguier's Buttercup	Cimon della Pala
<i>Thalictrum aquilegifolium</i>	Great Meadow-rue	Rosengarten
<i>Trollius europaeus</i>	Globeflower	Tamion
Rosaceae	Rose Family	
<i>Alchemilla alpina</i>	Alpine Lady's-mantle	
<i>Alchemilla glabra</i>	Smooth Lady's-mantle	Rosengarten
<i>Alchemilla</i> spp	Lady's-mantles	Widespread
<i>Dryas octopetala</i>	Mountain Avens	Passo Pordoi
<i>Fragaria vesca</i>	Wild Strawberry	Tamion
<i>Geum montanum</i>	Mountain Avens	Monzoni
<i>Geum rivale</i>	Water Avens	Monzoni
<i>Potentilla aurea</i>	Golden Cinquefoil	Monzoni
<i>Potentilla crantzii</i>	Alpine Cinquefoil	Tamion
<i>Potentilla erecta</i>	Tormentil	Tamion
<i>Potentilla nitida</i>	Pink Cinquefoil	Passo Pordoi
<i>Rosa canina</i> agg.	Dog Rose	Tamion
<i>Rosa pendulina</i>	Alpine Rose	Tamion
<i>Rubus idaeus</i>	Raspberry	Monzoni
<i>Rubus saxatilis</i>	Rock Bramble	Tamion
<i>Sorbus aucuparia</i>	Rowan	Rosengarten
<i>Sorbus chamaemespilus</i>	False Medlar	Rosengarten
Rubiaceae	Bedstraw Family	
<i>Gallium album</i>	Upright Hedge Bedstraw	Tamion
<i>Galium megalospermum</i>	Swiss Bedstraw	Cimon della Pala
Salicaceae	Willow Family	
<i>Salix breviserrata</i>	Finely-toothed Willow	Passo Pordoi
<i>Salix hegetschweileri</i>	Alpine Willow	Tamion
<i>Salix purpurea</i>	Purple Willow	Tamion
<i>Salix reticulata</i>	Net-leaved Willow	Passo Pordoi
<i>Salix serpyllifolia</i>	a Willow	Passo Pordoi
Santalaceae	Sandalwood Family	
<i>Thesium alpinum</i>	Alpine Bastard Toadflax	Monzoni
Saxifragaceae	Saxifrage Family	
<i>Saxifraga aizoides</i>	Yellow Mountain Saxifrage	Val Venegia
<i>Saxifraga caesia</i>	Blue Saxifrage	Rosengarten
<i>Saxifraga exarata</i> subsp. <i>exarata</i>	Musky Saxifrage	Passo Pordoi
<i>Saxifraga muscoides</i>		Monzoni
<i>Saxifraga paniculata</i>	Live-long Saxifrage	Monzoni
<i>Saxifraga rotundifolia</i>	Round-leaved Saxifrage	Rosengarten
<i>Saxifraga sedoides</i>	a Saxifrage	Val Venegia

Scientific name	Common name	Location (first or best)
<i>Saxifraga squarrosa</i>	-	Rosengarten
Scrophulariaceae	Figwort Family	
<i>Scrophularia canina</i> subsp. <i>hoppii</i>	French Figwort	Rosengarten
<i>Verbascum nigrum</i>	Dark Mullein	Roadsides
<i>Verbascum pulverulentum</i>	Hoary Mullein	Roadsides
Thymelaeaceae	Daphne Family	
<i>Daphne mezereum</i>	Mezereon	Monzoni (over)
<i>Daphne striata</i>	a Daphne	Passo Pordo
Urticaceae	Nettle Family	
<i>Urtica dioica</i>	Common Nettle	Monzoni
Violaceae	Violet Family	
<i>Viola biflora</i>	Yellow Wood Violet	Monzoni
<i>Viola tricolor</i> subsp. <i>subalpina</i>	Alpine Heartsease	Val de Sen Nicolo
	Monocots	
Amaryllidaceae	Daffodil Family	
<i>Allium schoenoprasum</i>	Chives	Cimon della Pala
<i>Allium victorialis</i>	Alpine Leek	Passo Pordo
Asparagaceae	Asparagus Family	
<i>Maianthemum bifolium</i>	May Lily	Tamion
<i>Paradisea liliastrum</i>	St. Bruno's Lily	Tamion
Colchicaceae	Autumn Crocus Family	
<i>Colchicum autumnale</i>	Autumn Crocus	Tamion (in seed)
Cyperaceae	Sedge Family	
<i>Carex viridula</i> subsp. <i>oedocarpa</i> (<i>C. demissa</i>)	Common Yellow Sedge	Tamion
<i>Eriophorum angustifolium</i>	Common Cotton-grass	Val Venegia
Juncaceae	Rush Family	
<i>Juncus trifidus</i>	Three-leaved Rush	Val Venegia
<i>Luzula lutea</i>	Yellow Wood-rush	Monzoni
<i>Luzula nivea</i>	Snowy Wood-rush	Tamion
Liliaceae	Lily Family	
<i>Lillium bulbiferum</i> subsp. <i>bulbiferum</i>	Orange Lily	Tamion
<i>Lillium martagon</i>	Martagon Lily	Val de Sen Nicolo
Melanthiaceae	Herb-Paris Family	
<i>Paris quadrifolia</i>	Herb-Paris	Rosengarten
<i>Veratrum lobelianum</i>	Green False-helleborine	Tamion
Orchidaceae	Orchid Family	
<i>Dactylorhiza</i> (<i>Coeloglossum</i>) <i>viride</i>	Frog Orchid	Monzoni
<i>Corallorhiza trifida</i>	Coralroot Orchid	Tamion
<i>Cypripedium calceolus</i>	Lady's Slipper Orchid	Tamion
<i>Dactylorhiza alpestris</i>	Alpine Broad-leaved Marsh Orchid	Val Venegia
<i>Dactylorhiza fuchsii</i>	Common Spotted Orchid	Tamion

Scientific name	Common name	Location (first or best)
<i>Dactylorhiza majalis</i>	Broad-leaved Marsh Orchid	Val Venegia
<i>Epipactis helleborine</i>	Broad-leaved Helleborine	Tamion
<i>Gymnadenia conopsea</i> agg.	Fragrant Orchid	Tamion
<i>Gymnadenia rhellicani</i>	Dark Vanilla Orchid	Rosengarten
<i>Gymnadenia rubra</i>	Red Vanilla Orchid	Below Passo Pordoi
<i>Neottia</i> (Orchis) <i>ustulata</i>	Burnt Orchid	Tamion
<i>Neottia cordata</i>	Lesser Twayblade	Val Venegia
<i>Neottia ovata</i>	Twayblade	Tamion
<i>Ophrys insectifera</i>	Fly Orchid	Tamion
<i>Platanthera bifolia</i>	Lesser Butterfly Orchid	Tamion
<i>Pseudorchis</i> (<i>Gymnadenia</i>) <i>albida</i>	Small White Orchid	Val de Sen Nicolo
<i>Traunsteinera globosa</i>	Round-headed Orchid	Tamion
Poaceae	Grass Family	
<i>Briza media</i>	Quaking-grass	Tamion
<i>Festuca vivipara</i>	Viviparous Fescue	Cimon della Pala
<i>Patzkea</i> (<i>Festuca</i>) <i>paniculata</i>	-	Miralago
<i>Phleum pratense</i>	Timothy	Val de Sen Nicolo
<i>Poa bulbosa</i> var. <i>vivipara</i>	Bulbous Meadow-grass	Monzoni
Tofieldiaceae	False Asphodel Family	
<i>Tofieldia calyculata</i>	Tofield's Asphodel	Tamion

Birds

Rock Dove/Feral Pigeon, <i>Columba livia</i>	Common Cuckoo, <i>Cuculus canorus</i>
Common Swift, <i>Apus apus</i>	Eurasian Jay, <i>Garrulus glandarius</i>
Eurasian Magpie, <i>Pica pica</i>	Spotted Nutcracker, <i>Nucifraga caryocatactes</i>
Alpine Chough, <i>Pyrrhocorax graculus</i>	Carrion Crow, <i>Corvus corone</i>
Northern Raven, <i>Corvus corax</i>	Barn Swallow, <i>Hirundo rustica</i>
Eurasian Crag Martin, <i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i>	Common House Martin, <i>Delichon urbicum</i>
Common Chiffchaff, <i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>	Eurasian Blackcap, <i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>
Common Blackbird, <i>Turdus merula</i>	Fieldfare, <i>Turdus pilaris</i>
Song Thrush, <i>Turdus philomelos</i>	European Robin, <i>Erithacus rubecula</i>
Black Redstart, <i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>	Northern Wheatear, <i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>
House Sparrow, <i>Passer domesticus</i>	Italian Sparrow, <i>Passer italiae</i>
White-winged Snowfinch, <i>Montifringilla nivalis</i>	Grey Wagtail, <i>Motacilla cinerea</i>
White Wagtail, <i>Motacilla alba</i>	Tree Pipit, <i>Anthus trivialis</i>
Common Chaffinch, <i>Fringilla coelebs</i>	Common Linnet, <i>Linaria cannabina</i>
Common Redpoll, <i>Acanthis flammea</i>	European Goldfinch, <i>Carduelis carduelis</i>

Mammals

Alpine Chamois, <i>Rupicapra rupicapra</i>	Alpine Marmot, <i>Marmota marmota</i>
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Reptiles & Amphibians,

Common Toad Tadpoles, <i>Bufo bufo</i>	Common Lizard, <i>Zootoca vivipara</i>
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Butterflies

Small White, <i>Pieris rapae</i>	Dark-veined (Mountain G-v.) White, <i>Pieris bryoniae</i>
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Wood White, *Leptidea sinapis*
 Common Blue, *Polyommatus icarus*
 Small Tortoiseshell, *Aglais urticae*
 Marsh Fritillary, *Euphydryas aurinia*
 Dewy Ringlet, *Erebia pandrose*
 Small Heath, *Coenonympha pamphilus*
 Speckled Wood, *Pararge aegeria*
 Large Skipper, *Hesperia comma*

Mazarine Blue, *Cyaniris semiargus*
 Red Admiral, *Vanessa atalanta*
 Titania's Fritillary, *Clossiana titania*
 Woodland Ringlet, *Erebia medusa*
 Meadow Brown, *Maniola jurtina*
 Alpine Heath, *Coenonympha gardetta*
 Grizzled Skipper, *Pyrgus malvae*

Moths

Six-spot Burnet, *Zygaena filipendulae*
 Chimney Sweeper, *Odezia atrata*
 Netted Mountain Moth, *Macaria carbonaria*

a Burnet Moth, *Zygaena osterodensis*
 Latticed Heath, *Chaismia clathrata clathrata*
 Speckled Yellow, *Pseudopanthera macularia*

Other Invertebrates

a Chafer, *Hoplia argentea*
 7-Spot Ladybird, *Coccinella 7-punctata*

Rose Chafer, *Cetonia aurata*

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