

# The Dolomites in Autumn

Naturetrek Tour Report

5th – 12th October 2023

---



Blue Hawker



Round-leaved Pennycress



White-winged Snowfinch



Sella massif

Tour report and photos by Luca Boscain

---



Naturetrek Mingledown Barn Wolf's Lane Chawton Alton Hampshire GU34 3HJ UK

T: +44 (0)1962 733051

E: [info@naturetrek.co.uk](mailto:info@naturetrek.co.uk)

W: [www.naturetrek.co.uk](http://www.naturetrek.co.uk)

Tour participants: Luca Boscain (leader) with seven Naturetrek clients

## Summary

The second autumn tour in the Dolomites offered an incredibly mild and warm climate that allowed us to discover an amazing number of plants still in flower, often with just one or two flowers, but sometimes with spectacular blossoms. While there were still a few butterflies and insects around, birding was much slower than 2020, recalling late summer conditions. On the other hand, outstanding sunny days and a keen group gave us the opportunity to reach high altitudes and to admire the spectacular scenery in a much less crowded condition than in summertime, seeing the first Larches turning into a bright autumnal yellow.

## Day 1

Thursday 5th October

### Venice airport, Passo Giau and Tamion

We landed in Venice on time at 09.35. Out of the arrivals gate we met Luca, our local guide. With him we drove north along a comfortable motorway, discussing the popularity of the Prosecco, a grape originally cultivated only in the northern part of the Treviso province. Surrounded by hills covered in vineyards, we stopped for a sandwich in a service station. Green Woodpecker and White Wagtails were around, while a Clouded Buff (*Diacrisia sannio*) was found on a wall.

The view, coming first through the Prealps and the Cadore valley, was dramatic, with an increasing number of peaks and bare rock. Small traditional villages gave way to the “Pearl of the Dolomites”, Cortina d'Ampezzo. Home of the 2026 Winter Olympic Games, the town was surrounded by magnificent mountains like Tofane, Cristallo, Sorapiss, Cinque Torri and Pelmo, the “Devil's chair”.

We climbed to an altitude of 2,236m at Passo Giau: from here there were 360° views of mountains, all free from the clouds but with some haze. Flocks of Siskins and Chaffinches showed that migration was active at that altitude, despite the mild climate caused by an African anticyclone.

A couple of Red Admirals were flying, but first of all there were still a lot of late flowers: Golden Cinquefoils (*Potentilla aurea*), Dwarf Gentians (*Gentianella* cfr. *anisodonta*), Fringed Gentians (*Gentianopsis ciliata*), etc. For some spring or summer species we could only find the leaves, eg. Trailing Azalea (*Kalmia procumbens*), Mountain Avens (*Dryas octopetala*), Moretti's Bellflower (*Campanula morettiana*), Fairy Primrose (*Primula minima*) or Bear's Ear (*Primula auricula*), some others were surprisingly in bloom with a single flowers like Trumpet (*Gentiana* cfr. *acaulis*) and Spring Gentian (*Gentiana verna*), Alpine Pasqueflower (*Pulsatilla alpina* ssp. *apiifolia*), Early Thyme (*Thymus praecox*), Alpine Basil-thyme (*Clinopodium alpinum*) and Alpine Avens (*Geum montanum*). Among some large boulders, while a flock of Alpine Chough passed high overhead, we found Edelweiss (*Leontopodium nivale*), Dwarf Alpenrose (*Rhodothamnus chamaecistus*), Fairy's-thimble (*Campanula cochlearifolia*) and the endemic Pink Cinquefoil (*Potentilla nitida*) all in flower.

After a very good slice of cake and a coffee in the *rifugio*, we continued down a very bendy road to Caprile, and then uphill to the Passo Fedaia (2,057m). We stopped first to have a look to the gorge Serrai di Sottoguda, and then to the remaining patches of the Marmolada glacier, now threatened by global warming.

We arrived at Tamion, in the Fassa valley, around 17.30, and found our lovely accommodation for the week. There were still plenty of multi-coloured flowers on the terraces.

The Gran Mugon hotel, run by the siblings Katia and Stefano, was particularly remarkable because of its Michelin starred restaurant that we could appreciate in the evening, with a delicious four courses supper.

## Day 2

Friday 6th October

### Passo Pordoi and Passo Sella

In the morning there was a Raven, some Italian Sparrows and several Fieldfares in the meadows in front of the hotel. After the breakfast, we left at 08.30 to drive through the Fassa valley until Canazei and then, from there, to climb the bendy road to the 2,239m of Passo Pordoi. In comparison with the day before, the air was much clearer, the sky deep blue and the warm light of the sun on the dolomitic peaks looked magnificent.

From the pass, we went on foot along a path that climbed the south eastern slope of Sasso Beccé (2,520m). Many Horseshoe Vetches (*Hippocrepis comosa*) and Fringed Gentians were in bloom, but we also found a single late flowers of Yellow Melancoly Thistle (*Cirsium erisithales*), Alpine Adenostyles (*Adenostyles alpina*), Gypsophila (*Gypsophila repens*), Meadow Vetchling (*Lathyrus pratensis*), Alpine Cinquefoil (*Potentilla crantzii*), Shining Scabious (*Scabiosa lucida*) and Eastern Leopard's Bane (*Doronicum columnae*). There weren't any Marmot in the boulders below us, (probably already on hibernation), despite the warm sunshine, and only a few Black Redstarts, Water Pipits and a Spotted Nutcracker. When we reached the saddle, migration was happening with Siskin, Chaffinches, Coal Tits and single Lesser Redpolls and Linnets, but also with several Clouded Yellows and Small White Butterflies.

We went along a ridge with a different chemical composition, passing from the dolomitic limestone to a volcanic conglomerate. The view into the shining Marmolada glacier and into the Passo Fedaiia valley was memorable and once again we were surrounded at 360° by bare peaks.

The meadows at almost 2,400m were almost completely yellow now and the few flowers we found included a fresh Spring Gentian, Bearded Bellflower (*Campanula barbata*) and Fringed Pink (*Dianthus superbus*).

Walking downhill we admired the acrobatic flights of a large flock of Alpine Choughs, soon joined by a second flock.

We descended a few hairpin bends to have lunch near a clearing where Northern Wheatear, Crossbill, Blackbird and Dunnock were all observed. Luca prepared a buffet in the boot of the minivan with a rich selection of local cheeses and ham, vegetables and fruit.

Then we went down to a junction following a huge German coach, climbing a second pass, Passo Sella (2,240m). To drive slowly behind this large vehicle that could hardly turn on each bend, allowed us to enjoy the landscape, with more views into the vertical cliffs of the Sella massif, to the scattered Arolla Pines (*Pinus cembra*) and erratic boulders.

A coffee or a tea outside, enjoying the sunshine and the panorama into the Sasso Lungo massif was well deserved, then we walked through the so called "City of the stones".

Several Spotted Nutcrackers were calling among the Arolla Pines, while a Willow Tit came to have a look to us.

A number of plants were now in fruit like Alpine Bearberry (*Arctous alpina*), with deep red leaves, and Alpine Rose (*Rosa pendulina*), but there were still some exceptions like Round-headed Rampion (*Phyteuma orbiculare*), Alpine Catchfly (*Heliosperma pusillum*), Edelweiss and Dragonmouth (*Horminum pyrenaicum*), all with at least a flower.

Walking back with the afternoon light, the western wall of the Sella massif was stunning, as well as the Marmolada with the ice patches looking blue in the distance.

We came back to Tamion at 17.30, with time to relax before another beautiful supper prepared by Stefano, Katia's husband, and his staff.

## Day 3

Saturday 7th October

### Col Margherita e Paneveggio

Today, just after breakfast, we prepared our own sandwiches for the day. Today, we planned to have the most challenging walk of the week, almost 600m.

We drove 40 minutes through Passo San Pellegrino, first, and then down and up to Passo Valles (2,033m). A number of vintage cars were driving along the pass, so the *rifugio* wasn't available to offer us a coffee. We continued on foot noticing the passage of many migrant passerines: Meadow Pipit, Mistle Thrushes, Coal Tits, Spotted Nutcrackers, Chaffinches, Serin and Red Crossbill.

Many flowers and nice plants were growing on the cliffs of the volcanic reddish porphyry: Shrubby Milkwort (*Polygaloides chamaebuxus*), Bearded Bellflower, Livelong Saxifrage (*Saxifraga paniculata*) and a single flower of *Viola thomasiana*, endemic of the Alps. By a small pond, we flushed a Snipe, while in the clear waters several larvae of Alpine Newt (*Ichthyosaura alpestris*) were swimming.

We continued climbing gently along a track through a lovely upland area with the grass now almost completely golden and, here and there, there were patches of Fringed Gentian, Meadow Buttercup (*Ranunculus acris*), Brown Clovers (*Trifolium badium*), Scheuchzer's Harebell (*Campanula scheuchzeri*) and Golden Cinquefoil.

There were very few birds like Black Redstarts and Water Pipits, but the view was enchanting, with a cloudless sky and sharp dolomitic peaks in every direction. The closest was Cima Uomo (3,030m), just on the other side of Passo San Pellegrino, while the Marmolada was partially visible behind. Others were visible in the distance - Civetta, Pelmo, Antelao and, massive, the Pale di San Martino massif, still in backlight.

The second half of the walk climbed more steeply among green meadows grazed by the horses, shrubby patches of Alpenroses (*Rhododendron ferrugineum*), Bearberries (*Arctostaphylos uva-ursi*), Junipers (*Juniperus communis*) and rather flat dark red rocks, covered in Yellow Map Lichens (*Rhizocarpon geographicum*).

The hardest part of our walk had been along a ski run, but all members of the group reached the upper cable car station of Col Margherita. Here we had our deserved lunch sitting on and sheltered by the station, enjoying the amazing view of tens of dolomitic peaks in each direction. Some Coal Tits on migration, lacking any trees, came to perch on the antennas.

After lunch, we went a bit further to the top of a hill, 2,550m high, to admire a 360° view. The ridge dominated the much lower Passo San Pellegrino, with Catinaccio and Latemar massifs visible, as well as a couple of Alpine Accentors, hopping among the crevices of dark vertical cliffs.

Among the stones were flowering Alpine Avens, Spring Sandwort (*Sabulina verna*) and a single Spring Gentian, while were gone over Dwarf Soapwort (*Saponaria pumila*) and Mossy Saxifrage (*Saxifraga bryoides*).

All the walk was memorable, with such a wonderful weather, and we kept finding flowers and plants also on the way back: Alpine Thrift (*Armeria alpina*), Golden Hawksbeard (*Crepis aurea*), Arnica (*Arnica montana*), Moss Campion (*Silene acaulis*), etc.

We had a stop, driving back to the Fassa valley, in Paneveggio: the café was closed here but in a wide enclosure we watched an excited stag (*Cervus elephus*) trying to chase and seduce, rutting and rubbing its antlers on a tree, a nearby female was not particularly interested but it was likely to ward off younger males. A Crested Tit was hopping high on a Spruce (*Picea abies*) while in a meadow we noticed Clustered Bellflower (*Campanula glomerata*) and Parasol mushroom (*Macrolepiota procera*).

We returned to the hotel around 17.30.

## Day 4

Sunday 8th October

### Eggenal and Tamion

This morning we were surprised in finding a Red Fox in the middle of the road, just outside the hamlet of Tamion, already with its fluffy winter coat and not particularly scared by our arrival. Then we turned left and climbed with the minivan to Passo Costalunga, seeing the obvious consequences of the Vaia storm of 2018: entire forested slopes downed, including those around the famous turquoise lake of Carezza.

From the pass, we entered in the Bolzano province (= South Tyrol), the only German-speaking one in Italy, and we descended along the Eggenal valley. We stopped by the river Ega and we went on foot: the riverine banks had a mixed vegetation with native and invasive plants like Himalayan Balsam (*Impatiens glandulifera*), Crowned Vetch (*Securigera varia*), Jerusalem Artichoke (*Helianthus tuberosus*), Sweet Annie (*Artemisia annua*) and Annual Fleabane (*Erigeron annuus*). Several Dippers and Grey Wagtails were perching on the rocks in the middle of the stream while, on the short trees of the bank, where feeding Blue Tits and Chaffinches.

With the warm sunshine a number of insects came up, including Common Grayling, Comma and hoverflies (*Chrysotoxum lessonae*, *Episyrphus balteatus* and *Eristalis tenax*), but also a couple of Common Wall Lizards (*Podarcis muralis*).

On the cliffs of a gorge we noticed the leaves or few flowers of Livelong Saxifrage (*Saxifraga paniculata*), *Petrosedum montanum*, Spiked Bellflower (*Campanula spicata*) and Long-headed Poppy (*Papaver dubium*).

We were expecting more wildlife, so we consoled ourselves coming back to Passo Costalunga for a coffee and strudel break. Some Crossbills perched on a Larch (*Larix decidua*), while Coal Tits were busy migrating in small groups.

Luca prepared the lunch on the tables outside our hotel in Tamion, then, at 2pm, we left from there for a walk in the surroundings.

On the grassy roadside flowers included Meadow Cleary (*Salvia pratensis*), Clustered Bellflower (*Campanula glomerata*), Mountain Clover (*Trifolium montanum*) and Yellow Ox-eye Daisy (*Buphthalmum salicifolium*).

In the sparse forest of Norway Spruces, Larches, Scots Pines (*Pinus sylvestris*) and Common Junipers mixed flocks of Crossbills, Siskins and Goldfinches, but there were also handfuls of Coal, Crested, Willow and Great Tits were feeding.

The boggy meadows nearby a dry stream, offered the leaves of Common Butterwort (*Pinguicula vulgaris*), then under the spruces many fungi like King Bolete (*Boletus edulis*), Orange-latex Milky (*Lactarius deterrimus*) and Hollow Bolete (*Suillus cavipes*).

We finally reached a lovely deep green clearing with Autumn Crocuses (*Colchicum autumnale*), Globe Flowers (*Trollius europaeus*) and Common Milkworts (*Polygala vulgaris*): we enjoyed views into the Sasso Lungo and Sella massifs in the distance, and the closer Auta and Monzoni chains, illuminate in spots by the sunshine that was penetrating among grey clouds.

On the way back to the Gran Mugon hotel, we stopped to admire the flock of Vallese sheep belonging to Stefano's uncle, particularly cute with their twisted horns, black face and knees and thick wool.

An easier but once again enjoyable day ended with the Ladin supper: a single large plate with local specialities like mushrooms, *polenta* with *fonduta* cheese and spinach *spätzle*.

## Day 5

Monday 9th October

### Passo San Pellegrino and Val Gares

Today we headed south to Moena and we drove up again to Passo San Pellegrino, to park nearby the hotel Miralago.

Walking around the small lake, we noticed tadpoles of Common Toad (*Bufo bufo*) and Common Frog (*Rana temporaria*), Italian Minnows (*Phoxinus phoxinus*) and a hawk dragonfly (*Aeshna* sp.), unfortunately in backlight.

There were quite a few flowers on the track sides, including Singleflower Knapweed (*Centaurea nervosa*), Shrubby Milkwort and the dead stems of Martagon Lilies (*Lilium martagon*), carrying many seed pods.

With lovely sunshine, in a clearing, we were surprised in finding two different species of blue lycaenids, Common (*Polyommatus icarus*) and Chalk-hill Blue (*Lysandra coridon*), that Luca taught us how to tell apart. We walked gently for about an hour, first through a Spruce and Larch forest, then reaching wonderful alpine pastures. Here and there pretty little wooden houses have been built, often with red *Pelargonium* flowers and cute curtains on the windows.

Being Monday, there were just a few people around, so we could admire the landscape quietly, noticing Broad-leaved Cottongrass (*Eriophorum latifolium*), Water Avens (*Geum rivale*) and two Spring Gentians with an unusual pale blue colour.

We reached the Rifugio Fuciade (1,982m), announced by two large wooden kissing marmots, at midday: although it was officially closed, we could have a coffee and strudel break.

Then, while Luca rushed back to prepare the picnic, we returned, finding an unexpected male Adonis Blue (*Lysandra bellargus*).

After the lunch, we descended the Biois valley to Falcade, with its authentic alpine houses and *masi*, and Canale d'Agordo, the birth village of Luciani pope, to arrive finally to the Val Gares. Surrounded by high mountains, it still has a glacial appearance, despite the glacier disappearing a long time ago, leaving a small morenic lake, many erratic boulders and a couple of spectacular waterfalls. The undergrowth was particularly humid with an interesting selection of plants like Five-ranked Bogmoss (*Sphagnum quinquefarium*), Interrupted Clubmoss (*Lycopodium annotinum*), Green Spleenwort (*Asplenium viride*), Bilberry (*Vaccinium myrtillus*) and Bearberry, while on the rock crevices we noticed the calcified leaves of the Encrusted Saxifrage (*Saxifraga crustata*). As the Sycamores (*Acer pseudoplatanus*) leaves turning into yellow proved, the season was very advanced in the valley, so we couldn't see any butterflies, and only some Tyrol Kapweeds (*Centaurea nigrescens*) and Globeflowers in bloom, while the Alpine Poppies (*Oreomecon alpina*) in the river bed were over.

The transfer back to Tamion lasted about an hour: because we arrived rather early, at 4.30pm, Luca proposed us to try to see the rutting stags reported by Stefano.

We met at 6pm to drive in the direction of Passo Costalunga. We stopped by a view point and Luca scanned with his scope, finding a good number of Alpine Chamois (*Rupicapra rupicapra*) first, on the Monzoni chain opposite of the valley, and then, slightly closer, on the Latemar massif. The light, with the clouds, fell rather quickly without any stag roars so, after we spotted a nice family of Roe Deers (*Capreolus capreolus*), with male, female and youngster, we decided to head back.

In the evening, some of us could attend the confrontation in between Paris, the hotel Newfoundland dog, and a Fox: they knew each other and they played until the Fox, after a last look to the dog, disappeared in the darkness.

## Day 6

## Tuesday 10th October

### Val Venegia and Baita Segantini

This morning we drove for almost an hour south to Val di Fiemme and, from Predazzo, we entered the Paneveggio Natural Park.

We parked at the beginning of the Val Venegia and we continued on foot among lovely alpine pastures seeing about 30 flying Linnets. The sun appeared and disappeared a number of times, creating games of light passing among the Pale di San Martin peaks and illuminating the Larches, finally almost yellow.

Climbing gently, we encountered a Black Woodpecker and a Willow Tit, but also, on the track sides, Stemless Thistle (*Cirsium acaulon*), Water Avens, Dragonmouth, Alpine Basil-thyme, Fairy's-thimble, Ciliate Sandwort (*Moebria ciliata*) and a single Yellow Saxifrage (*Saxifraga aizoides*), all in flower.

When we went over the tree line, we found wide clearings with screes and large boulders: checking carefully we could recognize the leaves of Tyrol Primrose (*Primula tyrolensis*), Bear's Ear, Dolomites Saxifrage (*Saxifraga squarrosa*), Blue Saxifrage (*Saxifraga caesia*) and Encrusted Saxifrage, but also a few flowers of Dwarf Alpenrose, Kidney-vetch (*Anthyllis vulneraria*), Shining Scabious, Wild Thyme, Alpine Bistort and Spring Gentian.

The last part of the walk climbed along a series of bends among dry grasslands and erratic boulders until the Baita Segantini (2,200m) - unfortunately already closed. Never mind, the sun came up again and we could sit on the grass in the foothill of the *rifugio*, having our sandwiches, soon joined by six Mallards from the nearby pond, and several Alpine Choughs all arrived in time for lunch.

Later we walked few hundred metres further to Punta Rolle and a panoramic ridge, from which we could admire Passo Rolle and San Martino di Castrozza, below us, and amazing series of geological layers deposited under the Tethys sea during the Paleozoic. Despite our searches, we couldn't see any Chamois and could only hear an Alpine Accentor, while a few Lesser Redpolls flew over.

The flora was much more interesting, with late flowers of Alpine Pasqueflower, Fairy Primrose, Golden Cinquefoil, *Gentianella* cfr. *engadinensis* and Short-leaved Gentian (*Gentiana brachyphylla*), in the meadows, and, later, on some dolomitic rocks, Monte Baldo Anemone (*Anemonoides baldensis*), Moss Campion, Pink Cinquefoil and Alpine Thrift.

The sky was now definitely cloudy but, even in these conditions, the close view of hundreds of metres of vertical rocks, the sharp peaks including the Cimon de la Pala, the tiny Travnigolo glacier, the golden alpine pastures, all these aspects made the long walk back memorable.



## Day 7

## Wednesday 11th October

### Sella massif

The weather forecast was promising a day without a single cloud so Luca suggested visiting the most spectacular place of the Fassa valley: the moon surface upland on the top of the Sella massif.

We drove for a second time to Passo Pordoi then, from there, we caught a large cable car that climbed 700m to the 2,950m of altitude of the Sass Pordoi. From there, most of the dolomitic peaks were visible and we had learned to recognize many of them during the week, from Antelao, to Pelmo, Civetta, Marmolada, Cima Uomo, Pale di San Martino... mountains at 360°. Even the distant glaciers of the western Trentino-Alto Adige, could be seen, like Adamello and Ortles, located in the Adamello-Brenta and Stelvio parks.

From here we descended a path, noticing some pyramidal memorials: down to the rifugio Forcella we discovered they were about four rescuer that were swept away by an avalanche while they were searching for two frozen waterfall climbers in December 2009.

Here and there we started to notice few patches of green or yellow: One-flowered Mouse-ear (*Cerastium uniflorum*), Purple Saxifrage (*Saxifraga oppositifolia*), *Saxifraga facchinii*, Alpine Rock-cress (*Arabis alpina*), Spring Sandwort (*Sabulina verna*), usually with just the leaves, sometimes with a few flowers or seed pods.

In the glacial debris, Dave spotted an amazingly fast dark micro-mammal that, at this altitude, could only be a Snow Vole (*Chionomys nivalis*).

Then the trail got steeper, involving some easy climbing, and half of the group decided sensibly to not continue any further. The others pushed on using the cables and steps. The flora was really minute, but we could still find the endemic *Draba dolomitica* in bloom, Round-leaved Pennycress (*Noccaea rotundifolia*) and Chamois Cress (*Hornungia alpina*).

At the end we reached the summit of the most prominent peak of the Sella massif, Piz Boé (3,150m), with on the top a *rifugio*, unfortunately closed - Capanna Fassa. We had lunch there, sitting on the rocks and admiring the wonderful panorama, soon visited by tame Alpine Chough and White-winged Snowfinches. The downhill was interesting but with patience and assisting one each, we all returned safely. Julian had the time to look around spotting first a Wallcreeper and then an Alpine Accentor, soon identified by Luca.

At Sass Pordoi we re-encountered the other half of the group, admiring several para-gliders that were flying up and down among the peaks, with the stunning back ground of Sassolungo and Ciampanil dl Sela.

We celebrated the amazing day, before taking the cable car back to Passo Pordoi, with the umpteenth slice of strudel and coffee in the Rifugio Mania.

## Day 8

## Thursday 12th October

### Santa Croce lake, Col Indes and Cansiglio plateau

After breakfast, we said goodbye to Stefano and, at 08:45, everybody was ready to load the baggage into the van.

We drove for about two hours, climbing for the last time the Passo San Pellegrino and then going through the Agordo valley, the homeland of the spectacle production of Luxottica, and the city of Belluno. We had a coffee break and we explored the northern side of the Santa Croce lake. We were first interested by the presence of a yellow water plane and by the presence of the *carabinieri*: we suddenly thought to a Montalbano episode, but in the truth the fireguards aircraft had to do an emergency landing in the lake, luckily successfully.

In the muddy shores of the lake, were feeding Mallards, Teals and a Grey Heron, while more in the distance, with the telescope, we could spot Great Crested Grebes, Yellow-legged and Black-headed Gulls and a Great Cormorant. Despite the weak sunshine, with an unusual heat, the meadows and the woodland edges were alive with insects: Speckled Wood, Lang's Short-tailed Blue, Oberthur's Skipper, Southern Skimmer, Migrant Hawker, Ruddy and Common Darter were all observed.

We passed an pedestrian bridge over the river Tesa, and explored a woodland of Ashes (*Fraxinus excelsior*), White Willows (*Salix alba*), Black Alders (*Alnus glutinosa*) and False Acacias (*Robinia pseudoacacia*). Many Siskins were feeding on the trees, but we also observed a stunning pair of Firecrests, while in the sky Serin, Tree Sparrow, Greenfinches and Goldfinches were passing.

At 1pm we went for lunch to the quiet village of Tambre, where we could choose a beautiful thin pizza.

After that, we drove a bit higher to the locality called Col Indes, to see an interesting Beech forest, with its vertical whitish trunks and the foliage turning into the autumn colours. The pastures in Pian delle Lastre had still some Woolly Thistles (*Lophiolepis eriophora*) in flower, particularly attractive for butterflies and bugs. A small pond hosted several Blue Hawkers (*Aeshna cyanea*), while a Common Frog (*Rana temporaria*) was exploring the path.

The rose bushes and the grass were populated by a number of birds, most of which were migrating south west: Yellowhammers, Goldfinches, Black Redstarts, Meadow and Water Pipits, tits and a pair of Spotted Nuthatches.

In the undergrowth of the forest, we notice fungi (*Oudemansiella mucida*, *Coprinellus* sp. and *Lyophyllum* sp.), Rambling Tail-moss (*Anomodon viticulosus*) as well as the leaves of Round-leaved Saxifrage (*Saxifraga rotundifolia*).

We transferred for a last walk to Valmenera, a secondary valley of the Cansiglio plateau. In winter, often one of the coldest places in Italy, covered by one of the most extended forests.

We were hoping in some late rutting Red Deers, but a Fire Guards helicopter decided to train right in that valley, so things were a little disturbed!

We could only spot a distant stag, but we were still pleased by seeing tens of Hawfinches on migration and rescuing an unhappy Italian Slow Worm (*Anguis veronensis*) in the middle of the track.

We finally found some females and young Red Deer on the upper end of a clearing in the Cansiglio plain, but it was now time to drive to the Venice airport: the transfer took a bit more than an hour, descending from the mountains to the Adriatic coast, while the darkness was falling.

We arrived at the airport before 19.30, to say goodbye to Luca who took great care of us during the week, and to check-in for our late flight to Gatwick.



Alpine Pasqueflower

## Receive our e-newsletter

Join the Naturetrek e-mailing list and be the first to hear about new tours, additional departures and new dates, tour reports and special offers. Visit [www.naturetrek.co.uk](http://www.naturetrek.co.uk) to sign up.

## Social Media

We're social! Follow us on Facebook, Twitter and Instagram and be the first to hear about the launch of new tours, offers and exciting sightings and photos from our recently returned holidays.



[www.facebook.com/naturetrekwildlifeholidays](http://www.facebook.com/naturetrekwildlifeholidays)



[www.twitter.com/naturetrektours](http://www.twitter.com/naturetrektours)



[www.instagram.com/naturetrek\\_wildlife\\_holidays](http://www.instagram.com/naturetrek_wildlife_holidays)

## Species lists

Birds (H = Heard only)

		October 2023							
Common name	Scientific name	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Common Teal	<i>Anas crecca</i>								3
Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>			30		30	40		5
Common Wood Pigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>								1
Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>								1
Common Snipe	<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>			1					
Black-headed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus ridibundus</i>								1
Yellow-legged Gull	<i>Larus michahellis</i>								3
Great Crested Grebe	<i>Podiceps cristatus</i>								5
Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>			2			1		1
Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>				1		1		4
Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	1							
Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>	2	1		3				4
Great Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos major</i>		2h	h	3	3	2h		4
Black Woodpecker	<i>Dryocopus martius</i>						1		
European Green Woodpecker	<i>Picus viridis</i>	h	h		h				2h
Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>	1	1					1	
Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>	3	3		5	3	2	2	2
Eurasian Magpie	<i>Pica pica</i>	2				3	2	1	3
Spotted Nutcracker	<i>Nucifraga caryocatactes</i>		5	5	7	4h	3	2	2
Alpine Chough	<i>Pyrrhocorax graculus</i>	7	100	2			35	15	
Western Jackdaw	<i>Coloeus monedula</i>	5							
Carrion Crow	<i>Corvus corone</i>	1	12	5	20	10	5		
Hooded Crow	<i>Corvus cornix</i>	h		1					5
Northern Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>		2	5	3			1	h
Coal Tit	<i>Parus ater</i>	1	15	10	25	20	5		3h
Crested Tit	<i>Lophophanes cristatus</i>			1	5	5			h
Willow Tit	<i>Poecile montanus</i>		2		2h	3h	3		2h
Marsh Tit	<i>Poecile palustris</i>								3
Eurasian Blue Tit	<i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>		2		2			1	3
Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>				2h		h		1
Eurasian Crag Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i>	15							
Long-tailed Tit	<i>Aegithalos caudatus</i>								2h
Common Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>			3h	5	3h	h		3h
Common Firecrest	<i>Regulus ignicapilla</i>								2
Goldcrest	<i>Regulus regulus</i>				5	5	2		h
Eurasian Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>			h	3h	3	h		5h
Eurasian Nuthatch	<i>Sitta europaea</i>								4h
Short-toed Treecreeper	<i>Certhia brachydactyla</i>								h
Eurasian Treecreeper	<i>Certhia familiaris</i>			h	2h	3h	3h		1
Wallcreeper	<i>Tichodroma muraria</i>							1	
Song Thrush	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>	1	h	1	1	2			
Mistle Thrush	<i>Turdus viscivorus</i>		1	4	5	3	h		10
Common Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>		1	2	2	2	h	1	
Fieldfare	<i>Turdus pilaris</i>		5	12	10	6		5	6
European Robin	<i>Erithacus rubecula</i>	1	1	3	7	5	h		10

		October 2023								
Common name	Scientific name	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
European Stonechat	<i>Saxicola rubicola</i>								1	
Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>		1							
Black Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>	4	6	10	3	2	5	2	5	
White-throated Dipper	<i>Cinclus cinclus</i>				4					
White-winged Snowfinch	<i>Montifringilla nivalis</i>							2		
Italian Sparrow	<i>Passer italiae</i>	10	5		20	5	5	5		
House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>		1		5					
Tree Sparrow	<i>Passer montanus</i>								1	
Alpine Accentor	<i>Prunella collaris</i>			2			h	2		
Dunnock	<i>Prunella modularis</i>		4			2	2		3h	
Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>	h			1	1	1		h	
White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>	3	2	1	3	5	3	1	3	
Meadow Pipit	<i>Anthus pratensis</i>			1					5	
Water Pipit	<i>Anthus spinoletta</i>	5	3	5		1	2		5	
Eurasian Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>	20	20	5	3	5	2	h	20	
Hawfinch	<i>Coccothraustes coccothraustes</i>								50	
European Greenfinch	<i>Chloris chloris</i>								3	
Common Linnet	<i>Linaria cannabina</i>	h	h				30		20	
Lesser Redpoll	<i>Acanthis cabaret</i>		h				5			
Red Crossbill	<i>Loxia curvirostra</i>	2h	20	1	50	20	5h			
European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>				20				15	
European Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>			1					1	
Eurasian Siskin	<i>Spinus spinus</i>	40	15		50	15	h		15	
Yellowhammer	<i>Emberiza citrinella</i>								2	

## Other vertebrates

		October 2023								
Common name	Scientific name	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
<b>Mammals</b>										
European Mole	<i>Talpa europaea</i>	s	s	s	s	s			s	
Common Shrew	<i>Sorex cfr. araneus</i>								d	
Red Fox	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>				1	1	1			
Wild Boar	<i>Sus scrofa</i>								s	
Roe Deer	<i>Capreolus capreolus</i>					3				
Red Deer	<i>Cervus elaphus</i>								15	
Alpine Chamois	<i>Rupicapra rupicapra</i>					30				
Red Squirrel	<i>Sciurus vulgaris</i>				1					
Alpine Marmot	<i>Marmota marmota</i>						s			
Snow Vole	<i>Chionomys nivalis</i>							1		
<b>Reptiles &amp; Amphibians</b>										
Alpine Newt	<i>Ichthyosaura alpestris</i>			t						
Common Toad	<i>Bufo bufo</i>					t				
Common Frog	<i>Rana temporaria</i>			d					1	
Common Wall Lizard	<i>Podarcis muralis</i>				6				5	
Italian Slow Worm	<i>Anguis veronensis</i>								1	

Common name	Scientific name	October 2023									
		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12		
<b>Fishes</b>											
Italian Minnow	<i>Phoxinus phoxinus</i>					5					

## Invertebrates

Common name	Scientific name	October 2023									
		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12		
<b>Butterflies and moths</b>											
Oberthur's Grizzled Skipper	<i>Pyrgus cfr. armoricanus</i>										1
Clouded Yellow	<i>Colias croceus</i>		3	1	1	3			1		10
Small White	<i>Pieris rapae</i>	3	5	2	1	2					3
Lang's Short-tailed Blue	<i>Leptotes pirithous</i>										1
Adonis Blue	<i>Lysandra bellargus</i>					1					
Chalk-hill Blue	<i>Lysandra coridon</i>					7					
Common Blue	<i>Polyommatus icarus</i>					3					1
Red Admiral	<i>Vanessa atalanta</i>	3	1	2	2	1	3				5
Painted Lady	<i>Vanessa cardui</i>					1					
Small Tortoiseshell	<i>Aglais urticae</i>			5	1				10		
Comma	<i>Polygonia c-album</i>				1						
Small Heath	<i>Coenonympha pamphilus</i>										2
Speckled Wood	<i>Pararge aegeria</i>										10
Common Grayling	<i>Hipparchia semele</i>				1						
Clouded Buff	<i>Diacrisia sannio</i>	1									
Hummingbird Hawk-moth	<i>Macroglossum stellatarum</i>	1	1	1	3				1		2
<b>Other Invertebrates</b>											
Blue Hawker	<i>Aeshna cyanea</i>						?				4
Migrant Hawker	<i>Aeshna mixta</i>										5
Southern Skimmer	<i>Orthetrum brunneum</i>										1
Ruddy Darter	<i>Sympetrum sanguineum</i>										1
Common Darter	<i>Sympetrum striolatum</i>										2
Long-winged Mountain Grasshopper	<i>Miramella irena</i>	1									
Common Green Grasshopper	<i>Omocestus viridulus</i>		1	x							
Alpine Grasshopper	<i>Chorthippus alticola</i>		1								
Steppe Grasshopper	<i>Chorthippus dorsatus</i>										x
A caddisfly	<i>Trichoptera</i> sp.		1								
Black-shouldered Shieldbug	<i>Carpocoris purpureipennis</i>										1
Sloe Bug	<i>Dolycoris baccarum</i>					1					1
A plant bug	<i>Lygus pratensis</i>										1
Southern Green Stink Bug	<i>Nezara viridula</i>		1								
A seed bug	<i>Spilostethus saxatilis</i>										1
A plant bug	<i>Stenodema</i> sp.	1									
A crane fly	Limoniidae sp.				1						
A hover fly	<i>Chrysotoxum lessonae</i>				1						
Marmalade Fly	<i>Episyrphus balteatus</i>				3						1
Drone Fly	<i>Eristalis tenax</i>	1	10	1	2						

Common name	Scientific name	October 2023									
		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12		
Eurasian Smoothwing	<i>Scaeva pyrastris</i>					2					
Yellow-bowed Smoothwing	<i>Scaeva cfr. selenitica</i>		1	5			3		1		
A globetails	<i>Sphaerophoria</i> sp.	1									
A bee fly	<i>Villa</i> sp.				1						
An ant	<i>Camponotus</i> sp.	x									
Wood Ant	<i>Formica rufa</i> complex		x	1							
An ichneumonid wasp	<i>Aglaojoppa</i> cfr. <i>centummaculata</i>									1	
A paper wasp	<i>Polistes</i> sp.				1						
Honey Bee	<i>Apis mellifera</i>	1			x			1			
Garden Bumble Bee	<i>Bombus</i> cfr. <i>hortorum</i>									1	
Mountain Bumble Bee	<i>Bombus monticola</i>						1				
Common Carder Bumble Bee	<i>Bombus</i> cfr. <i>pascuorum</i>			1	1						
Woodland Dor Beetle	<i>Anoplotrupes stercorosus</i>									1	
Black-punctured Leaf Beetle	<i>Galeruca tanacetii</i>										
Saddleback Harvestman	<i>Mitopus morio</i>					1					
A slug	<i>Arion</i> sp.									1	
A slug	<i>Deroceras</i> sp.				1						
Roman Snail	<i>Helix pomatia</i>				d						

## Plants etc

Common name	Scientific name	Day	Location
<b>PLANTS</b>			
	<b>Conocephalaceae</b>		
Snakewort	<i>Conocephalum salebrosum</i>	5	Val Gares
	<b>Marchantiaceae</b>		
Narrow Mushroom-headed Liverwort	<i>Marchantia quadrata</i>	5	Val Gares
	<b>Amblystegiaceae</b>		
Dull Starry Feather-moss	<i>Campylium protensum</i>	5	Val Gares
Curled Hook-moss	<i>Palustriella commutata</i>	3	Passo Valles
	<b>Anomodontaceae</b>		
Rambling Tail-moss	<i>Anomodon viticulosus</i>	8	Col Indes
	<b>Bartramiaceae</b>		
Haller's Apple Moss	<i>Bartramia halleriana</i>	3	Passo Valles
	<b>Grimmiaceae</b>		
A rock moss	<i>Racomitrium</i> sp.	1	Passo Giau
Hoary Fringe-Moss	<i>Racomitrium canescens</i>	3	Passo Valles
	<b>Hylocomiaceae</b>		
Rough Goose Neck Moss	<i>Hylocomiadelphus triquetrus</i>	4	Tamion
Stairstep Moss	<i>Hylocomium splendens</i>	4	Tamion
	<b>Hypnaceae</b>		
Cypress-leaved Plait-moss	<i>Hypnum cupressiforme</i>	4	Eggental
	<b>Mniaceae</b>		
Many-fruited Thyme-moss	<i>Plagiomnium affine</i>	4	Eggental
Palm-tree Moss	<i>Plagiomnium undulatum</i>	4	Eggental
	<b>Myuriaceae</b>		
Comb-moss	<i>Ctenidium molluscum</i>	4	Eggental
	<b>Polytrichaceae</b>		

Common name	Scientific name	Day	Location
Urn Hair Moss	<i>Pogonatum urnigerum</i>	2	Passo Pordoi
A haircap moss	<i>Polytrichum sp.</i>	4	Eggental
	<b>Pylaisiaceae</b>		
Lindberg's Hypnum Moss	<i>Calliergonella lindbergii</i>	4	Tamion
Ostrich-plume Moss	<i>Ptilium crista-castrensis</i>	5	Val Gares
	<b>Sphagnaceae</b>		
Five-ranked Bogmoss	<i>Sphagnum quinquefarium</i>	5	Val Gares
	<b>Tracheophyta</b>		
	<b>Aspleniaceae</b>		
Maidenhair Spleenwort	<i>Asplenium trichomanes</i>	4	Eggental
Green Spleenwort	<i>Asplenium viride</i>	1	Passo Giau
Wall-rue	<i>Asplenium ruta-muraria</i>	6	Val Venegia
	<b>Cystopteridaceae</b>		
Brittle Bladder Fern	<i>Cystopteris fragilis</i>	1	Passo Giau
Oak Fern	<i>Gymnocarpium dryopteris</i>	4	Tamion
Limestone Fern	<i>Gymnocarpium robertianum</i>	8	Col Indes
	<b>Dennstaedtiaceae</b>		
Common Bracken	<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i>	1	Passo Giau
	<b>Dryopteridaceae</b>		
Holly Fern	<i>Polystichum lonchitis</i>	3	Passo Valles
Common Male Fern	<i>Dryopteris filix-mas</i>	3	Passo Valles
	<b>Equisetaceae</b>		
Field Horsetail	<i>Equisetum arvense</i>	4	Eggental
Variegated Horsetail	<i>Equisetum variegatum</i>	5	Rifugio Fuciade
	<b>Lycopodiaceae</b>		
Interrupted Clubmoss	<i>Lycopodium annotinum</i>	5	Val Gares
	<b>Ophioglossaceae</b>		
Moonwort	<i>Botrychium lunaria</i>	3	Col Margherita
	<b>Polypodiaceae</b>		
Common Polypody	<i>Polypodium vulgare</i>	4	Eggental
	<b>Selaginellaceae</b>		
Lesser Clubmoss	<i>Selaginella selaginoides</i>	2	Passo Pordoi
	<b>Thelypteridaceae</b>		
Long Beech Fern	<i>Phegopteris connectilis</i>	3	Col Margherita
	<b>Pinaceae</b>		
European Larch	<i>Larix decidua</i>	1	Passo Giau
Norway Spruce	<i>Picea abies</i>	1	Passo Fedaiia
Arolla Pine	<i>Pinus cembra</i>	2	Passo Sella
Dwarf Pine	<i>Pinus mugo</i>	1	Passo Giau
Scots Pine	<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>	4	Eggental
	<b>Cupressaceae</b>		
Common Juniper	<i>Juniperus communis</i>	4	Tamion
	<i>Juniperus communis var. saxatilis</i>	1	Passo Giau
	<b>Melanthiaceae</b>		
Herb-paris (dead stem)	<i>Paris quadrifolia</i>	5	Val Gares
	<b>Colchicaceae</b>		
Meadow Saffron	<i>Colchicum autumnale</i>	4	Tamion
	<b>Orchidaceae</b>		
Common Spotted Orchid (leaves)	<i>Dactylorhiza fuchsii</i>	4	Tamion



Common name	Scientific name	Day	Location
Frog Orchid (dead stem)	<i>Dactylorhiza viridis</i>	2	Passo Pordoi
Dark Red Helleborine (leaves)	<i>Epipactis</i> cfr. <i>atorubens</i>	4	Tamion
Bird-nest Orchid (dead stem)	<i>Neottia nidus-avis</i>	4	Tamion
	<b>Amaryllidaceae</b>		
Keeled Garlic	<i>Allium carinatum</i>	4	Tamion
Common Chives (dead stem)	<i>Allium schoenoprasum</i>	5	Passo San Pellegrino
	<b>Liliaceae</b>		
Martagon Lily (in fruit)	<i>Lilium martagon</i>	5	Passo San Pellegrino
	<b>Asparagaceae</b>		
Scented Solomon's-seal (leaves)	<i>Polygonatum</i> cfr. <i>odoratum</i>	1	Sottoguda
	<b>Juncaceae</b>		
Jointed Rush	<i>Juncus</i> cfr. <i>articulatus</i>	4	Tamion
Snowy Woodrush	<i>Luzula nivea</i>	8	Col Indes
	<b>Cyperaceae</b>		
Blue Sedge	<i>Carex flacca</i>	4	Tamion
Yellow-green Sedge	<i>Carex</i> cfr. <i>flava</i>	6	Val Venegia
Broad-leaved Cottongrass	<i>Eriophorum latifolium</i>	5	Passo San Pellegrino
	<b>Poaceae</b>		
A grass	<i>Achnatherum calamagrostis</i>	4	Eggental
Quaking-grass	<i>Briza media</i>	4	Tamion
A grass	<i>Calamagrostis</i> sp.	4	Eggental
Common Cock's-foot	<i>Dactylis glomerata</i>	8	Col Indes
Barnyardgrass	<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>	4	Eggental
Timothy Grass	<i>Phleum pratense</i>	2	Passo Pordoi
Common Reed	<i>Phragmites australis</i>	3	Bellamonte
A moor-grass	<i>Sesleriella sphaerocephala</i>	2	Passo Sella
Yellow Foxtail	<i>Setaria pumila</i>	4	Eggental
Alpine Bluegrass	<i>Poa alpina</i>	11	Sella massif
	<b>Papaveraceae</b>		
Common Fumitory	<i>Fumaria</i> cfr. <i>officinalis</i>	2	Passo Sella
Alpine Poppy (leaves)	<i>Oreomecon alpina</i>	5	Val Gares
Long-headed Poppy	<i>Papaver dubium</i>	4	Eggental
	<b>Berberidaceae</b>		
Common Barberry (in fruit)	<i>Berberis vulgaris</i>	4	Tamion
	<b>Ranunculaceae</b>		
Common Wolf's-bane (leaves)	<i>Aconitum lycoctonum</i>	2	Passo Pordoi
Common Monk's-hood (leaves)	<i>Aconitum (napellus) tauricum</i>	1	Passo Giau
Monte Baldo Anemone	<i>Anemonoides baldensis</i>	6	Baita Segantini
Traveller's Joy (in fruit)	<i>Clematis vitalba</i>	4	Eggental
Green Hellebore (leaves)	<i>Helleborus viridis</i>	8	Col Indes
Liverleaf (leaves)	<i>Hepatica nobilis</i>	4	Eggental
Alpine Pasqueflower	<i>Pulsatilla alpina apiifolia</i>	1	Passo Giau
Meadow Buttercup	<i>Ranunculus acris</i>	1	Passo Giau
Woolly Buttercup	<i>Ranunculus lanuginosus</i>	8	Col Indes
Mountain Buttercup	<i>Ranunculus montanus</i> complex	5	Val Gares
European Globeflower	<i>Trollius europaeus</i>	4	Tamion
	<b>Saxifragaceae</b>		
Yellow Saxifrage	<i>Saxifraga aizoides</i>	6	Val Venegia
Mossy Saxifrage	<i>Saxifraga bryoides</i>	3	Col Margherita

Common name	Scientific name	Day	Location
Blue Saxifrage (leaves)	<i>Saxifraga caesia</i>	6	Val Venegia
Encrusted Saxifrage	<i>Saxifraga crustata</i>	5	Val Gares
A saxifrage (leaves)	<i>Saxifraga facchinii</i>	7	Sella massif
Musky Saxifrage (leaves)	<i>Saxifraga moschata</i>	7	Sella massif
Purple Saxifrage (leaves)	<i>Saxifraga oppositifolia</i>	7	Sella massif
Livelong Saxifrage	<i>Saxifraga paniculata</i>	3	Col Margherita
Round-leaved Saxifrage (leaves)	<i>Saxifraga rotundifolia</i>	8	Col Indes
Eastern Saxifrage (leaves)	<i>Saxifraga sedoides</i>	7	Sella massif
Dolomites Saxifrage (leaves)	<i>Saxifraga squarrosa</i>	1	Passo Giau
	<b>Santalaceae</b>		
Alpine Bastard Toadflax (leaves)	<i>Thesium alpinum</i>	2	Passo Pordoi
	<b>Crassulaceae</b>		
A stonecrop (leaves)	<i>Petrosedum montanum</i>	4	Eggental
Roseroot (dead stems)	<i>Rhodiola rosea</i>	3	Col Margherita
White Stonecrop (leaves)	<i>Sedum album</i>	4	Eggental
Alpine Stonecrop (leaves)	<i>Sedum alpestre</i>	3	Col Margherita
Dark Stonecrop (leaves)	<i>Sedum atratum</i>	3	Col Margherita
Thick-leaved Stonecrop	<i>Sedum dasyphyllum</i>	4	Eggental
Mountain Houseleek (leaves)	<i>Sempervivum montanum</i>	3	Col Margherita
	<b>Vitaceae</b>		
Wine Grape (leaves)	<i>Vitis vinifera</i>	8	Lago di Santa Croce
	<b>Fabaceae</b>		
Kidney-vetch	<i>Anthyllis vulneraria</i>	1	Passo Giau
Wild Liquorice (in fruit)	<i>Astragalus glycyphyllos</i>	8	Col Indes
A scorpion-vetch	<i>Coronilla vaginalis</i>	4	Tamion
Horseshoe Vetch	<i>Hippocrepis comosa</i>	2	Passo Pordoi
Meadow Vetchling	<i>Lathyrus pratensis</i>	2	Passo Pordoi
Spring Vetch	<i>Lathyrus vernus</i>	4	Eggental
Common Bird's-foot-trefoil	<i>Lotus corniculatus</i>	3	Passo Valles
Black Medick	<i>Medicago lupulina</i>	2	Passo Sella
Alfalfa	<i>Medicago sativa</i>	4	Eggental
False Acacia	<i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i>	4	Eggental
Crowned Vetch	<i>Securigera varia</i>	4	Eggental
Brown Clover	<i>Trifolium badium</i>	1	Passo Giau
Alsike Clover	<i>Trifolium hybridum</i>	5	Passo San Pellegrino
Mountain Clover	<i>Trifolium montanum</i>	4	Tamion
Red Clover	<i>Trifolium pratense</i>	1	Passo Giau
White Clover	<i>Trifolium repens</i>	1	Passo Giau
Red Trefoil	<i>Trifolium rubens</i>	5	Val Gares
Common Vetch	<i>Vicia sativa</i>	2	Passo Sella
Bush Vetch	<i>Vicia sepium</i>	1	Passo Giau
	<b>Polygalaceae</b>		
Mountain Milkwort	<i>Polygala alpestris</i>	2	Passo Pordoi
Common Milkwort	<i>Polygala</i> cfr. <i>vulgaris</i>	4	Tamion
Shrubby Milkwort	<i>Polygaloides chamaebuxus</i>	3	Col Margherita
	<b>Rosaceae</b>		
A lady's-mantle	<i>Alchemilla</i> sp.	1	Passo Giau
Goatsbeard (fruits)	<i>Aruncus dioicus</i>	4	Eggental
Mountain Avens (leaves)	<i>Dryas octopetala</i>	1	Passo Giau

Common name	Scientific name	Day	Location
Meadowsweet	<i>Filipendula ulmaria</i>	1	Cortina d'Ampezzo
Wild Strawberry	<i>Fragaria vesca</i>	6	Val Venegia
Alpine Avens	<i>Geum montanum</i>	1	Passo Giau
Creeping Avens	<i>Geum reptans</i>	3	Col Margherita
Water Avens	<i>Geum rivale</i>	5	Passo San Pellegrino
Wood Avens	<i>Geum urbanum</i>	4	Eggental
Golden Cinquefoil	<i>Potentilla aurea</i>	1	Passo Giau
Alpine Cinquefoil	<i>Potentilla crantzii</i>	2	Passo Pordoi
Common Tormentil	<i>Potentilla erecta</i>	4	Tamion
Pink Cinquefoil	<i>Potentilla nitida</i>	6	Baita Segantini
Sulphur Cinquefoil (leaves)	<i>Potentilla</i> cfr. <i>recta</i>	4	Eggental
Dog Rose (in fruit)	<i>Rosa canina</i> complex	4	Tamion
Alpine Rose (in fruit)	<i>Rosa pendulina</i>	2	Passo Sella
European Dewberry (in fruit)	<i>Rubus caesius</i>	4	Eggental
Wild Raspberry (leaves)	<i>Rubus idaeus</i>	2	Passo Sella
Salad Burnet (leaves)	<i>Sanguisorba minor</i>	4	Eggental
Common Rowan	<i>Sorbus aucuparia</i>	1	Passo Giau
	<b>Rhamnaceae</b>		
Dwarf Buckthorn (leaves)	<i>Rhamnus pumila</i>	2	Passo Pordoi
	<b>Urticaceae</b>		
Common Nettle	<i>Urtica dioica</i>	1	Passo Giau
	<b>Betulaceae</b>		
Silver Birch	<i>Betula pendula</i>	4	Eggental
Green Alder	<i>Alnus alnobetula</i>	3	Col Margherita
Italian Alder	<i>Alnus cordata</i>	4	Eggental
Common Alder	<i>Alnus glutinosa</i>	8	Lago di Santa Croce
Grey Alder	<i>Alnus incana</i>	4	Eggental
Hazel	<i>Corylus avellana</i>	4	Eggental
	<b>Fagaceae</b>		
Beech	<i>Fagus sylvatica</i>	5	Val Gares
	<b>Celastraceae</b>		
Spindle	<i>Euonymus europaeus</i>	8	Lago di Santa Croce
	<b>Euphorbiaceae</b>		
Cypress Spurge	<i>Euphorbia cyparissias</i>	3	Col Margherita
	<b>Oxalidaceae</b>		
Common Wood Sorrel (leaves)	<i>Oxalis acetosella</i>	4	Eggental
	<b>Hypericaceae</b>		
Spotted St John's-wort (in fruit)	<i>Hypericum maculatum</i>	2	Passo Pordoi
Perforate St John's-wort (in fruit)	<i>Hypericum perforatum</i>	4	Eggental
	<b>Violaceae</b>		
Field Pansy	<i>Viola arvensis</i>	6	Val Venegia
Yellow Wood Violet (leaves)	<i>Viola biflora</i>	2	Passo Sella
A violet	<i>Viola thomasiana</i>	3	Col Margherita
	<b>Salicaceae</b>		
Black Poplar	<i>Populus nigra</i>	4	Eggental
European Aspen	<i>Populus tremula</i>	8	Col Indes
White Willow	<i>Salix alba</i>	1	Ponte nelle Alpi
Large-leaved Willow	<i>Salix appendiculata</i>	2	Passo Pordoi
Bitter Willow	<i>Salix eleagnos</i>	4	Eggental

Common name	Scientific name	Day	Location
Smooth Willow	<i>Salix</i> cfr. <i>glabra</i>	2	Passo Pordoi
	<b>Geraniaceae</b>		
Long-stalked Crane's-Bill	<i>Geranium columbinum</i>	8	Col Indes
Dusky Crane's-bill	<i>Geranium phaeum lividum</i>	1	Passo Giau
Meadow Crane's-bill	<i>Geranium pratense</i>	5	Passo San Pellegrino
Herb Robert	<i>Geranium robertianum</i>	4	Eggental
Wood Crane's-bill	<i>Geranium sylvaticum</i>	5	Passo San Pellegrino
	<b>Lythraceae</b>		
Purple Loosestrife (leaves and fruits)	<i>Lythrum salicaria</i>	4	Eggental
	<b>Onagraceae</b>		
Rosebay Willowherb	<i>Epilobium angustifolium</i>	1	Passo Giau
Rosemary-leaved Willowherb (in fruit)	<i>Chamaenerion dodonaei</i>	4	Eggental
An evening-primrose	<i>Oenothera</i> sp.	4	Eggental
	<b>Sapindaceae</b>		
Sycamore Maple	<i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	5	Val Gares
	<b>Simaroubaceae</b>		
Tree-of-Heaven	<i>Ailanthus altissima</i>	4	Eggental
	<b>Thymelaeaceae</b>		
Common Mezereon (leaves)	<i>Daphne mezereum</i>	3	Col Margherita
Striated Mezereon (leaves)	<i>Daphne striata</i>	2	Passo Pordoi
	<b>Cistaceae</b>		
Alpine Rock-Rose	<i>Helianthemum alpestre</i>	1	Passo Giau
Common Rock-rose	<i>Helianthemum nummularium</i>	4	Tamion
	<b>Brassicaceae</b>		
Alpine Rock-cress	<i>Arabis alpina</i>	7	Sella massif
A winter-cress	<i>Barbarea bracteosa</i>	3	Col Margherita
Bitter Wintercress (leaves)	<i>Barbarea vulgaris</i>	3	Col Margherita
Shepherd's-Purse	<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>	2	Passo Pordoi
Trefoil Cress (leaves)	<i>Cardamine trifolia</i>	8	Col Indes
A whitlow-grass	<i>Draba dolomitica</i>	7	Sella massif
Swiss Treacle-Mustard	<i>Erysimum</i> cfr. <i>rhaeticum</i>	4	Eggental
Chamois Cress	<i>Hornungia alpina</i>	7	Sella massif
Round-leaved Pennycress	<i>Noccaea rotundifolia</i>	7	Sella massif
Bog Yellowcress	<i>Rorippa palustris</i>	8	Val Menera
	<b>Plumbaginaceae</b>		
Alpine Thrift	<i>Armeria alpina</i>	3	Col Margherita
	<b>Polygonaceae</b>		
Alpine Bistort	<i>Bistorta vivipara</i>	6	Baita Segantini
Spotted Lady's Thumb	<i>Persicaria maculosa</i>	4	Eggental
Monk's-rhubarb	<i>Rumex alpinus</i>	2	Passo Pordoi
Maiden Sorrel	<i>Rumex arifolius</i>	1	Passo Giau
Curled Dock	<i>Rumex crispus</i>	2	Passo Pordoi
French Sorrel (leaves)	<i>Rumex scutatus</i>	6	Val Venegia
	<b>Caryophyllaceae</b>		
Two-flowered Sandwort	<i>Arenaria biflora</i>	3	Col Margherita
Common Mouse-ear Chickweed	<i>Cerastium holosteoides</i>	2	Passo Pordoi
One-flowered Mouse-ear	<i>Cerastium uniflorum</i>	7	Sella massif
Cyphel (leaves and fruits)	<i>Cherleria sedoides</i>	7	Sella massif
Fringed Pink	<i>Dianthus superbus</i>	2	Passo Pordoi

Common name	Scientific name	Day	Location
A sandwort (leaves)	<i>Facchinia cherlerioides</i>	1	Passo Giau
Gypsophila	<i>Gypsophila repens</i>	2	Passo Pordoi
Alpine Catchfly	<i>Heliosperma pusillum</i>	2	Passo Sella
Ciliate Sandwort	<i>Moehringia ciliata</i>	6	Val Venegia
Mossy Sandwort (leaves)	<i>Moehringia muscosa</i>	8	Col Indes
Tunicflower	<i>Petrorhagia saxifraga</i>	8	Lago di Santa Croce
A sandwort	<i>Sabulina austriaca</i>	2	Passo Pordoi
Spring Sandwort	<i>Sabulina verna</i>	7	Sella massif
Common Soapwort	<i>Saponaria officinalis</i>	8	Col Indes
Dwarf Soapwort (leaves and fruits)	<i>Saponaria pumila</i>	3	Col Margherita
Moss Campion	<i>Silene acaulis</i>	3	Col Margherita
Red Campion	<i>Silene dioica</i>	6	Val Venegia
White Campion	<i>Silene latifolia</i>	4	Eggental
Bladder Campion	<i>Silene vulgaris</i>	1	Passo Giau
Water Chickweed	<i>Stellaria aquatica</i>	4	Eggental
Lesser Stitchwort	<i>Stellaria graminea</i>	2	Passo Pordoi
	<b>Amaranthaceae</b>		
Redroot Amaranth	<i>Amaranthus</i> cfr. <i>retroflexus</i>	4	Eggental
Good-King-Henry	<i>Blitum bonus-henricus</i>	1	Passo Giau
Common Lambsquarters	<i>Chenopodium album</i>	4	Eggental
	<b>Balsaminaceae</b>		
Himalayan Balsam	<i>Impatiens glandulifera</i>	4	Eggental
	<b>Primulaceae</b>		
Bear's Ear (leaves)	<i>Primula auricula</i>	1	Passo Giau
Fairy Primrose	<i>Primula minima</i>	6	Baita Segantini
Tyrol Primrose (leaves)	<i>Primula tyrolensis</i>	6	Baita Segantini
	<b>Ericaceae</b>		
Bearberry (leaves and fruits)	<i>Arctostaphylos uva-ursi</i>	2	Passo Pordoi
Alpine Bearberry (leaves and fruits)	<i>Arctous alpina</i>	2	Passo Sella
Common Heather	<i>Calluna vulgaris</i>	3	Passo Valles
Spring Heath (in bud)	<i>Erica carnea</i>	1	Passo Giau
Trailing Azalea (leaves)	<i>Kalmia procumbens</i>	1	Passo Giau
Alpenrose (leaves and fruits)	<i>Rhododendron ferrugineum</i>	1	Passo Giau
Hairy Alpenrose (leaves and fruits)	<i>Rhododendron hirsutum</i>	1	Passo Giau
Dwarf Alpenrose	<i>Rhodothamnus chamaecistus</i>	1	Passo Giau
Common Bilberry (leaves)	<i>Vaccinium myrtillus</i>	4	Tamion
Bog Bilberry (leaves and fruits)	<i>Vaccinium uliginosum</i>	1	Passo Giau
Cowberry (leaves and fruits)	<i>Vaccinium vitis-idaea</i>	1	Passo Giau
	<b>Rubiaceae</b>		
White Bedstraw	<i>Galium album</i>	4	Eggental
Alpine Bedstraw	<i>Galium anisophyllum</i>	2	Passo Pordoi
Lady's Bedstraw	<i>Galium verum</i>	1	Vallonga
	<b>Gentianaceae</b>		
Koch's Gentian	<i>Gentiana</i> cfr. <i>acaulis</i>	1	Passo Giau
Short-leaved Gentian	<i>Gentiana brachyphylla</i>	6	Baita Segantini
Spotted Gentian (dead stem)	<i>Gentiana punctata</i>	3	Col Margherita
Spring Gentian	<i>Gentiana verna</i>	1	Passo Giau
A gentian	<i>Gentianella</i> cfr. <i>anisodonta</i>	1	Passo Giau
A gentian	<i>Gentianella</i> cfr. <i>engadinensis</i>	6	Baita Segantini

Common name	Scientific name	Day	Location
Fringed Gentian	<i>Gentianopsis ciliata</i>	1	Passo Giau
	<b>Apocynaceae</b>		
Common Swallow-wort (leaves)	<i>Vincetoxicum hirundinaria</i>	4	Eggental
	<b>Boraginaceae</b>		
Common Viper's-bugloss	<i>Echium vulgare</i>	4	Eggental
Alpine Forget-me-not	<i>Myosotis alpestris</i>	1	Passo Giau
Lungwort (leaves)	<i>Pulmonaria officinalis</i>	4	Eggental
Common Comfrey (leaves)	<i>Symphytum officinale</i>	4	Eggental
	<b>Solanaceae</b>		
Black Nightshade	<i>Solanum nigrum</i>	8	Valmenera
	<b>Oleaceae</b>		
European Ash	<i>Fraxinus</i> cfr. <i>excelsior</i>	8	Lago di Santa Croce
	<b>Plantaginaceae</b>		
Matted Globularia (leaves)	<i>Globularia cordifolia</i>	2	Passo Pordoì
Common Toadflax	<i>Linaria vulgaris</i>	1	Cadore valley
Bluish Paederota (leaves)	<i>Paederota bonarota</i>	1	Passo Giau
Ribwort Plantain	<i>Plantago lanceolata</i>	6	Val Venegia
Greater Plantain	<i>Plantago major</i>	1	Passo Giau
Hoary Plantain	<i>Plantago media</i>	1	Passo Giau
Leafless-stemmed Speedwell (leaves)	<i>Veronica aphylla</i>	7	Sella massif
Brooklime	<i>Veronica beccabunga</i>	6	Baita Segantini
Violet Speedwell (leaves)	<i>Veronica bellidioides</i>	1	Passo Giau
Germander Speedwell	<i>Veronica chamaedrys</i>	2	Passo Sella
Bird's-eye Speedwell	<i>Veronica persica</i>	4	Tamion
	<b>Scrophulariaceae</b>		
Butterfly Bush	<i>Buddleja davidii</i>	4	Eggental
Nettle-leaved Mullein	<i>Verbascum chaixii</i>	8	Valmenera
White Mullein	<i>Verbascum lychnitis</i>	4	Eggental
Dark Mullein	<i>Verbascum nigrum</i>	8	Valmenera
Greater Mullein	<i>Verbascum</i> cfr. <i>thapsus</i>	1	Passo Fedaià
A figwort (leaves and fruits)	<i>Scrophularia canina hoppii</i>	5	Val Gares
	<b>Lentibulariaceae</b>		
Common Butterwort (leaves)	<i>Pinguicula vulgaris</i>	4	Tamion
	<b>Lamiaceae</b>		
Yellow Betony	<i>Betonica alopecuroides</i>	2	Passo Pordoì
Basil-thyme	<i>Clinopodium acinos</i>	4	Eggental
Alpine Basil-thyme	<i>Clinopodium alpinum</i>	1	Passo Giau
Wood Calamint	<i>Clinopodium menthifolium</i>	4	Eggental
Hairy Hemp-nettle	<i>Galeopsis pubescens</i>	8	Col Indes
Common Hemp-nettle	<i>Galeopsis tetrahit</i>	2	Passo Sella
Ground-ivy (leaves)	<i>Glechoma hederacea</i>	4	Eggental
Dragonmouth	<i>Horminum pyrenaicum</i>	2	Passo Sella
White Dead-nettle	<i>Lamium album</i>	1	Passo Giau
Horse Mint	<i>Mentha longifolia</i>	8	Col Indes
Large Self-Heal	<i>Prunella grandiflora</i>	4	Tamion
Common Selfheal	<i>Prunella vulgaris</i>	4	Eggental
Meadow Sage	<i>Salvia pratensis</i>	4	Tamion
Perennial Yellow-woundwort	<i>Stachys recta</i>	4	Eggental
Hedge Woundwort	<i>Stachys sylvatica</i>	8	Col Indes

Common name	Scientific name	Day	Location
Wild Thyme	<i>Thymus praecox</i>	1	Passo Giau
Large Thyme	<i>Thymus pulegioides</i>	4	Eggental
	<b>Orobanchaceae</b>		
Rostkov's Eyebright	<i>Euphrasia officinalis rostkoviana</i>	4	Tamion
Slender Broomrape	<i>Orobanche gracilis</i>	4	Tamion
Whorled Lousewort (leaves)	<i>Pedicularis</i> cfr. <i>verticillata</i>	6	Baita Segantini
Aristate Yellow-rattle	<i>Rhinanthus</i> cfr. <i>glacialis</i>	4	Tamion
	<b>Campanulaceae</b>		
Bearded Bellflower	<i>Campanula barbata</i>	3	Col Margherita
Tufted Harebell	<i>Campanula cespitosa</i>	4	Tamion
Fairy's Thimble	<i>Campanula cochlearifolia</i>	4	Tamion
Clustered Bellflower	<i>Campanula glomerata</i>	2	Tamion
Moretti's Bellflower (leaves)	<i>Campanula morettiana</i>	1	Passo Giau
Scheuchzer's Harebell	<i>Campanula scheuchzeri</i>	1	Passo Giau
Spiked Bellflower	<i>Campanula spicata</i>	4	Eggental
Globe-headed Rampion (leaves)	<i>Phyteuma hemisphaericum</i>	3	Col Margherita
Round-headed Rampion	<i>Phyteuma orbiculare</i>	2	Passo Sella
	<b>Asteraceae</b>		
Silvery Milfoil (leaves)	<i>Achillea clavennae</i>	1	Passo Giau
European Yarrow	<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	2	Passo Pordoì
Alpine Sneezewort (leaves)	<i>Achillea oxyloba</i>	7	Sella massif
Alpine Adenostyles	<i>Adenostyles alpina</i>	2	Passo Pordoì
Mountain Catsfoot (leaves)	<i>Antennaria dioica</i>	1	Passo Giau
Stinking Aposeris	<i>Aposeris foetida</i>	8	Col Indes
Mountain Arnica (leaves)	<i>Arnica montana</i>	3	Col Margherita
Sweet Annie	<i>Artemisia annua</i>	4	Eggental
Common Mugwort	<i>Artemisia vulgaris</i>	3	Col Margherita
Daisy Aster	<i>Aster bellidiastrum</i>	1	Passo Giau
Devil's Beggarticks	<i>Bidens frondosa</i>	4	Eggental
Yellow Ox-eye Daisy	<i>Bupthalmum salicifolium</i>	4	Tamion
Alpine Thistle	<i>Carduus defloratus</i>	2	Passo Sella
Stemless Carline Thistle	<i>Carlina acaulis</i>	1	Passo Giau
Singleflower Knapweed	<i>Centaurea nervosa</i>	5	Passo San Pellegrino
Tyrol Knapweed	<i>Centaurea nigrescens</i>	4	Tamion
Spotted Knapweed	<i>Centaurea</i> cfr. <i>stoebe</i>	4	Eggental
Chicory	<i>Cichorium intybus</i>	8	Lago di Santa Croce
Stemless Thistle	<i>Cirsium acaulon</i>	4	Tamion
Field Thistle	<i>Cirsium arvense</i>	2	Passo Sella
Yellow Melancoly Thistle	<i>Cirsium erisithales</i>	2	Passo Pordoì
Melancoly Thistle (dead stems)	<i>Cirsium heterophyllum</i>	5	Passo San Pellegrino
Cabbage Thistle	<i>Cirsium oleraceum</i>	8	Lago di Santa Croce
Spiniest Thistle (leaves)	<i>Cirsium spinosissimum</i>	3	Col Margherita
Spear Thistle	<i>Cirsium vulgare</i>	3	Paneveggio
Alpine Thistle	<i>Carduus defloratus</i>	1	Passo Giau
Golden Hawksbeard	<i>Crepis aurea</i>	3	Col Margherita
Eastern Leopard's Bane	<i>Doronicum columnae</i>	2	Passo Pordoì
Bitter Fleabane	<i>Erigeron acris</i>	4	Tamion
Alpine Fleabane	<i>Erigeron alpinus</i>	6	Val Venegia
Annual Fleabane	<i>Erigeron annuus</i>	4	Eggental

Common name	Scientific name	Day	Location
Tropical Horseweed	<i>Erigeron sumatrensis</i>	4	Eggental
Hemp Agrimony (leaves and fruits)	<i>Eupatorium cannabinum</i>	8	Lago di Santa Croce
Shaggy Soldier	<i>Galinsoga quadriradiata</i>	4	Eggental
Jerusalem Artichoke	<i>Helianthus tuberosus</i>	4	Eggental
A hawkweed	<i>Hieracium</i> sp.	2	Passo Sella
Alpine Coltsfoot (leaves)	<i>Homogyne alpina</i>	3	Col Margherita
Grey Ragwort	<i>Jacobaea carniolica</i>	1	Passo Giau
Oxeye Daisy	<i>Leucanthemum</i> cfr. <i>vulgare</i>	1	Passo Giau
Rough Hawkbit	<i>Leontodon hispidus</i>	1	Passo Giau
Edelweiss	<i>Leontopodium nivale alpinum</i>	1	Passo Giau
Woolly Thistle	<i>Lophiolepis eriophora</i>	8	Col Indes
Pineappleweed	<i>Matricaria discoidea</i>	2	Passo Sella
Wall Lettuce	<i>Mycelis muralis</i>	8	Col Indes
White Butterbur	<i>Petasites albus</i>	2	Passo Pordoi
Alpine Butterbur (leaves)	<i>Petasites paradoxus</i>	2	Passo Sella
Mouse-eared Hawkweed	<i>Pilosella officinarum</i> complex	4	Tamion
A hawkbit	<i>Scorzoneroides montana</i>	3	Col Margherita
A ragwort	<i>Senecio</i> cfr. <i>cacaliaster</i>	3	Col Margherita
Narrow-leaved Ragwort	<i>Senecio inaequidens</i>	8	Lago di Santa Croce
Alpine Ragwort	<i>Senecio nemorensis glabratus</i>	12	Valmenera
Rock Ragwort	<i>Senecio rupestris</i>	6	Val Venegia
Sticky Groundsel	<i>Senecio viscosus</i>	6	Val Venegia
Canada Goldenrod	<i>Solidago</i> cfr. <i>canadensis</i>	4	Eggental
European Goldenrod (in fruit)	<i>Solidago virgaurea</i>	3	Col Margherita
Prickly Sowthistle	<i>Sonchus asper</i>	8	Col Indes
Smooth Sow-thistle	<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	4	Eggental
New England Aster	<i>Symphyotrichum novae-angliae</i>	12	Lago di Santa Croce
Dandelion	<i>Taraxacum</i> sp.	2	Passo Sella
A hawkweed (leaves)	<i>Tolpis staticifolia</i>	4	Tamion
Scentless Mayweed	<i>Tripleurospermum inodorum</i>	4	Eggental
Colt's-foot (leaves)	<i>Tussilago farfara</i>	3	Col Margherita
	<b>Viburnaceae</b>		
European Elder	<i>Sambucus nigra</i>	2	Passo Pordoi
Wayfaring-tree (leaves)	<i>Viburnum lantana</i>	8	Valmenera
	<b>Caprifoliaceae</b>		
Field Scabious	<i>Knautia arvensis</i>	4	Tamion
Hungarian Widow Flower	<i>Knautia drymeja</i>	8	Col Indes
Shining Scabious	<i>Scabiosa lucida</i>	1	Passo Giau
	<b>Araliaceae</b>		
Common Ivy (leaves)	<i>Hedera helix</i>	4	Eggental
	<b>Apiaceae</b>		
Caraway	<i>Carum carvi</i>	1	Passo Giau
Common Carrot	<i>Daucus carota</i>	4	Eggental
Common Hogweed (leaves and fruits)	<i>Heracleum sphondylium</i>	2	Passo Pordoi
<b>LICHENS</b>			
Iceland Lichen	<i>Cetraria islandica</i>	4	Tamion
Finger Cup Lichen	<i>Cladonia digitata</i>	5	Val Gares
Curled Snow Lichen	<i>Flavocetraria cucullata</i>	6	Baita Segantini



Common name	Scientific name	Day	Location
Crinkled Snow Lichen	<i>Flavocetraria nivalis</i>	6	Baita Segantini
Shield Lichen	<i>Parmelia sulcata</i>	5	Passo San Pellegrino
A pelt lichen	<i>Peltigera</i> sp.	2	Passo Pordoi
Tree Moss	<i>Pseudevernia furfuracea</i>	4	Tamion
Yellow Map Lichen	<i>Rhizocarpon geographicum</i>	3	Col Margherita
Elegant Sunburst Lichen	<i>Rusavskia elegans</i>	7	Sella massif
A lichen	<i>Solorina</i> sp.	6	Val Venegia
A lichen	<i>Squamarina</i> sp.	1	Passo Giau
A beard lichen	<i>Usnea</i> sp.	5	Passo San Pellegrino
<b>FUNGI</b>			
Fly Agaric	<i>Amanita muscaria</i>	5	Passo San Pellegrino
King Bolete	<i>Boletus edulis</i>	4	Tamion
Giant Puffball	<i>Calvatia gigantea</i>	3	Col Margherita
Blewit	<i>Collybia nuda</i>	6	Val Venegia
A cap mushroom	<i>Coprinellus</i> sp.	8	Col Indes
Shaggy Mane	<i>Coprinus comatus</i>	5	Val Gares
Red-banded Polypore	<i>Fomitopsis pinicola</i>	5	Passo San Pellegrino
Collared Earthstar	<i>Geastrum triplex</i>	4	Eggental
Anise Mazegill	<i>Gloeophyllum odoratum</i>	5	Val Gares
A wxcap	<i>Hygrocybe</i> sp.	4	Tamion
Orange-latex Milky	<i>Lactarius deterrimus</i>	4	Tamion
Common Puffball	<i>Lycoperdon</i> cfr. <i>perlatum</i>	3	Col Margherita
A domecap	<i>Lyophyllum</i> sp.	8	Col Indes
Parasol	<i>Macrolepiota procera</i>	3	Paneveggio
Lilac Bonnet	<i>Mycena pura</i>	4	Eggental
Porcelain Mushroom	<i>Oudemansiella mucida</i>	8	Col Indes
Hollow Bolete	<i>Suillus cavipes</i>	4	Tamion
Larch Bolete	<i>Suillus grevillei</i>	3	Passo Valles