

Spain's Coto Donana and Extremadura

Naturetrek Tour Report

23 April - 3 May 20109

Report & photos compiled by Byron Palacios



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Tour Leader: Byron Palacios with five RSPB Basingstoke participants

Day 1

Friday 29th March

London – Madrid – Madroñera (Extremadura)

After meeting up with all of the group members at the airport, we left a rather sunny UK, flying to Madrid. After an uneventful but comfortable flight, we landed on schedule in Madrid Barajas. After collecting our luggage and sorting out our minibus, we took the M40 and E90 roads, both of which were busy. Everyone was very happy to leave the city behind and we soon relaxed, watching the rolling hills, olive groves and Cork Oak Dehesas along the motorway. We stopped in a service station for a little break and snack, as we would not be eating until later on in the evening. A few Crested Larks and Corn Bunting were seen, along with Serin, House Sparrows, nesting Barn Swallows, Black Kites and Goldfinch and others which were seen along the way.

We eventually arrived in the beautiful 'Extremenian' steppes, overlooking the medieval town of Trujillo in the distance. We turned off on to the south-easterly 12-kilometre road to the village of Madroñera where we checked in to our comfortable hotel, gathering together for dinner and looking forward to our first full day in the field on the following day.

Day 2

Saturday 30th March

Santa Marta de Magasca – Cáceres Plains – Monroy Road

We awoke to a beautiful morning and, after an early breakfast, made our way to the plains on the western boundary of Trujillo, known as Santa Marta de Magasca. Once on the plains, we encountered a good selection of birds such as Spanish Sparrows, Iberian Grey Shrike, Serin, Thekla Lark, Corn Buntings, Crested Larks and Woodchat Shrike, amongst others. We also spotted many Calandra Larks flying round the fields, where a few Great Bustards were spotted together, nearby. Calandra Larks seemed to be everywhere, together with Crested Larks and Corn Buntings, their unmistakable jingling song filling the air. Plenty of White Storks and Black Kites were soaring in the air, while Griffon and Cinereous Vultures were also patrolling the skies. Alongside the track, we managed to find more Great Bustards and also more than six pairs of Pin-tailed Sandgrouse flying above our heads and landing in the fields, where we could enjoy them through the telescope.

We continued our drive through the village of Santa Marta de Magasca, making a quick stop by the river, where we found a Bonelli's Eagle perched on a pylon, then showing off well in flight. We continued towards the Cáceres Plains where we had great views of Lesser Kestrels, Little Owls, Cinereous and Griffon Vultures, Great Spotted Cuckoos, Thekla Lark and Iberian Grey Shrike, amongst others. We then found a great spot to enjoy our picnic lunch while watching lots of Calandra Larks, Red Kite, Barn Swallows, Black Kites, White Storks, European Bee-eaters and plenty of European Hoopoes flying around. After lunch and a short stroll, we headed back on the circular drive which took us through the pretty village of Santa Marta de Magasca, finding a pretty spot by the river Magasca where we had great views of Crag Martins, European Serins, Red-rumped Swallows, Iberian Magpies and Long-tailed Tits, amongst others. We drove up the road and back again to the plains where we finished our afternoon watching lots of Griffon Vultures soaring up in the skies with Black Kites and a pair of Booted Eagle, with lots of Spanish Sparrows, Iberian and Woodchat Shrikes flying by, alongside colourful

European Bee-eaters. We eventually returned to our hotel in order to take a break before enjoying a delicious local meal, and to complete day one of the birding log.

Day 3

Sunday 31st March

Monfragüe National Park

After an early breakfast, we set off for the much anticipated Monfragüe National Park, famous for its impressive numbers of breeding raptor species and impressive mountain crags! We made our first stop at Peña Falcon (also known as El Salto del Gitano) where we had amazing, close views of many Griffon Vultures, Peregrine Falcon, Cinereous Vulture, and nesting Black Storks. This place also produced great passerines such as Rock Buntings, Black Redstarts, European Serins and Blue Rock Thrush, all very active amongst the trees and crags. There were plenty of Crag Martins flying around us, while large numbers of Griffons and Black Kites were soaring above us. The various viewpoints supported a great cast and didn't disappoint us, with a pair of Egyptian Vultures flying by, White Storks, and more Rock Bunting, Blue Rock Thrush, Cinerous Vulture, Sardinian Warbler, Black Storks and Black Redstart. The park is firmly on the tourist map now, with many more birdwatchers and general visitors coming to enjoy a show which in years gone by had been one of Spain's best-kept secrets. There were also hundreds of House and Crag Martins in the air to add to the excitement. But despite the sunny morning, after being nearly two hours standing by the bridge and viewpoint of Peña Falcon in the shade, we started to feel chilly, so decided that it was time to move on to enjoy a hot drink in the hamlet of Villarreal de San Carlos. We made a quick stop by the bridge of the river Tajo, in order to get great views of at least half a dozen Alpine Swifts!

We moved on, making a stop which produced Dartford and Subalpine Warblers, Thekla Larks and others, driving down to our picnic site which happened to be opposite a rock face where there were nesting Griffons with young; also, another pair of Egyptian Vultures were active on the crags. It was an idyllic place to relax and enjoy a delicious picnic lunch from the place's hide; it was good, also, to see lovely lizards and snakes quite active for us! The afternoon was sunny and pleasant when we arrived at our next stop, Portilla del Tietar, getting stunning views of the mighty and very sought-after Spanish Imperial Eagle, all relaxed and perching on the top of a boulder; a great opportunity to see its powerful looks, and amazing and unique features! We then saw another individual flying around, interacting with the individual we spotted in the first place, absolutely brilliant! There were more interesting birds spotted at this site such as Egyptian, Cinereous and Griffon Vultures and Blue Rock Thrush, amongst others.

We continued our drive heading towards the northern exit/entrance of the national park, taking the Plasencia motorway in order to arrive to the village of Saucedilla where we had a very interesting walk around the marshes of the Arrocampo Lake. We had stunning views of Zitting Cisticolas, Purple Herons, Purple Swamphen, Eurasian Stonechat, Crested Larks, Great Egret, Eurasian Spoonbills and Marsh Harriers, amongst others. After a terrific day, we re-joined the motorway in the late afternoon, driving back to our lodge in Madroñera for a break, dinner and the checklist. After dinner, we went out for a walk which produced great views of a pair of Eurasian Scops Owl.

Day 4

Monday 1st April

Campo Lugar – Santa Marta de Magasca

After another early breakfast, we drove southwards, heading to the plains of Campo Lugar. We were enjoying the surroundings of these beautiful plains as we arrived, when we spotted a group of over a dozen Great Bustards straight away. We then found a displaying Little Bustard not far from the Great Bustards but on its own, chasing a female and then back to the same spot, where was joined by another male.

We also had great views of Western Marsh Harriers flying around, alongside a group of over a dozen Black-bellied Sandgrouse which we chased down and finally found on the ground in a nearby field, amongst a large flock of sheep - amazing! We also had great views of Greater Short-toed Lark, Crested Larks, Calandra Larks, Corn Buntings, Northern Wheatear, Lesser Kestrel, and more others. The weather was slow and pretty overcast, so we decided to move north in order to check the basin of the river Magasca once again. We had our picnic in a nice spot in the village of Santa Marta, followed by a birding stop by the river which produced amazing views of a pair of Short-toed Snake Eagles hunting about, one of them even with a snake freshly caught from the open hills! We then continued to check the road which produced lots of other interesting birds such as Crag Martins, Corn Buntings, Iberian Grey Shrike, Calandra and Crested Larks, Griffon and Cinereous Vultures, and a pair of Eurasian Stone-curlews.

After a productive day, we decided to drive back to our hotel in the late afternoon in order to chill out and get ready for supper. After dinner, we took another stroll in the village where we found another Eurasian Scops Owl of which we had amazing views!

Day 5

Tuesday 2nd April

Buenavista – Monesterio – Dehesa de Abajo – El Rocío

We had beautiful sunny morning today; perfect to have a final birding morning overlooking the fortress of Trujillo from the village of Buenavista, enjoying the lovely Extremenian dehesas which produced great birds such as Iberian Magpies, Eurasian Hoopoes and Great Spotted Cuckoos, plus a pair of Iberian (also known as Granada) Hares. We then left the area in order to start a long drive through the vast Extremadura to the 'white' Andalucía, making a few stops before heading towards El Rocio. Our first stop was made at the area of Monasterio where we enjoyed watching new birds such as Nightingale, Crested Tit, Short-toed Treecreeper, and plenty of European Serins. We found a nice spot to enjoy our picnic lunch nearby, right on the Extremadura-Andalucía border.

We then joined the motorway for a good while, diverting through the region of Aracena and passing the sierra with no problem and into the outskirts of Seville, before turning south-west to making a 45-minute detour into Doñana Natural Park, to the spot known as Dehesa de Abajo. We had great views of a colony of Black-crowned Night Herons, lots of Greater Flamingos, Northern Shoveler, Mallard, Red-crested and Common Pochard, hundreds of Glossy Ibis, and Little, Black-necked and Great-crested Grebes, amongst many others.

We eventually got to El Rocio after a long but very enjoyable journey from Extremadura; we checked in our lovely hotel and enjoyed the local drinks and nibbles followed by a delicious supper overlooking the lovely marshes of El Rocio!

Day 6

Wednesday 3rd April

El Acebron Palace – El Acebuche – El Rocio

A beautiful sunrise was adorning the unique El Rocio and its gorgeous marisma full of birds! After an early breakfast, we set off to explore the Acebron Palace, which was only built in the late 1960's when General Franco was in power, making of this place one of the main hunting hotspots up until the mid-70's. Now it is a very interesting museum which describes the life of the rangers in the environment of Doñana and its wildlife. Our first stop produced great views of Thekla Lark, Nightingale, plenty of European Bee-eaters and Woodchat Shrikes. We took a nice walk through this lovely and pristine Mediterranean lowland forest which produced plenty of Short-toed Treecreeper, Iberian Chiffchaff, Melodious, Cetti's and Sardinian Warblers, Eurasian Wryneck, amongst others. As we walked around the lake, we were serenaded by many loud Nightingales, and heard active Eurasian Wrynecks, which were hard to spot. Black-crowned Night Herons were also seen here.

After finishing with our visit to this site, we then made our way to El Acebuche, where we used the picnic tables located by the car park. The biggest attraction as far as we were concerned were the very curious Iberian Magpies which are virtually guaranteed at this spot, as they have become very opportunistic and take full advantage of the scraps of food that have been dropped or left on the tables. Most of us managed to get some good shots of this colourful member of the crow family. After our unique lunch experience, we walked along the boardwalks of the reserve, spotting Eurasian Hoopoes, Tree Sparrows and Red-rumped Swallows; we looked from the various hides and found many Purple Swamphen, Little Grebes, and White Storks. Marsh Harriers and Black Kites were soaring over the marshy area, and a Booted Eagle effortlessly glided above us. Along the sand dunes, many Sardinian and Dartford Warblers were spotted, alongside more Thekla Larks, European Stonechats, Serin and European Bee-eaters.

After a very nice day, we returned to our vans and headed back to El Rocio for a bit of more birding around the lake, which produced lots of Greater Flamingos, Glossy Ibis, Black-winged Stilts, Black-tailed Godwits, Ruff, Common Greenshank and Common Redshank, Whiskered and Black Terns, and others. We then walked back to our hotel in order to take break and to enjoy local drinks followed by a delicious dinner, which produced a pair of Squacco Herons, several Purple Swamphens and hundreds of Sand Martins getting ready to roost!!

Day 7

Thursday 4th April

Doñana National Park (Royal Track – Hierba Buena – FAO Visitors Centre)

After an early breakfast, a lovely sunny early morning was ready to give us the best of the exploration of the core area of Doñana National Park. It was sunny and chilly, perfect conditions for amazing wildlife, so we boarded our National-Park-authorized 4x4 vehicle and headed to the north-western portion of the park. We drove along the sandy Raya Real (Royal Track), enjoying the amazing landscape and sunbeams coming through the Stone Pines and Cork Oaks, and Retamas (Brooms) adorned with Black Kites, European Bee-eaters and Spotless Starlings perched on them, enjoying the fresh sunshine. Then, suddenly, we encountered a beautiful male Iberian Lynx, walking, all relaxed, along on the tracks; we were able to get perfect views of this wonderful feline. We drove onto a different track in order to catch up with him and we got another, even closer, encounter with him once again... we were incredibly fortunate!

After this very exciting first couple of hours of our excursion, we continued exploring the Marisma (flooded heathland), spotting plenty of good birds such as Spanish Sparrow, Serin, Corn Bunting, Iberian Magpies, Crested and Thekla Larks, Iberian Yellow Wagtail and Zitting Cisticolas, amongst others. As the morning was going on well, we drove a short distance to the area known as Hierba Buena, a beautiful Dehesa (cork oaks and meadows) where we took a nice walk along the sandy trails, spotting Short-toed Snake Eagle, Booted Eagle, Black Kite, Eurasian Hoopoes, Sardinian Warblers, Iberian and Woodchat Shrikes, Western Bonelli's Warbler, European Bee-eaters, and more. After a fantastic morning, we headed back to El Rocio where we enjoyed of a delicious lunch followed by a quick break before going out to explore more of Doñana in the afternoon.

We were back aboard our 4x4 van, exploring the Royal Track again and spotting, and getting great views of, the always-handsome Eurasian Penduline Tit. We headed straight to the canal of Guadiana, spotting lots of Iberian Yellow Wagtails and Corn Buntings along the way, getting there in time to see lots of Purple Herons, Glossy Ibis, Purple Swamphens and Lesser Kestrels. Once at the visitor centre, a good array of wildfowl was there, a couple of pairs of Garganey being the stars of the lake, amongst Greater Flamingos, nesting purple Herons and Purple Swamphens. We then started our drive back in the late afternoon, taking the Royal Track back to El Rocio, but a sudden stop put us on another Iberian Lynx which was walking right next to our vehicle, giving us amazingly close views! We enjoyed him for a little while, until he disappeared from view. What a day, having two great sightings of different Iberian Lynx, one of the rarest cats on the planet!

Very happy and satisfied, we returned to the charming village of El Rocio, gathering together again to enjoy a fantastic local dinner!

Day 8

Friday 5th April

La Rocina – Dehesa de Abajo – Seville airport

The weather had a bit of a turn around and we had an overcast, chilly and windy start, with some showers at times. Despite this, after our early breakfast, we took a quick exploration of the boardwalks and hides of La Rocina reserve, where we had great views of European Reed Warblers, Savi's Warbler, Purple Heron, Purple Swamphen, Nightingale, Glossy Ibis and Eurasian Spoonbills, amongst others. We then returned to our hotel in order to pack up our belongings and start our drive to Seville airport, making a stop at Dehesa de Abajo along the way. This produced great views of the very rare and endangered White-headed Duck and we were delighted with the find; we also had great views of a pair of Ferruginous Duck which was an extra bonus for our list!

We then continued our drive arriving to Seville's airport in time to check in for our flight back to Gatwick. Finally, we all said our fond farewells and agreed that it had been a terrific trip full of many happy memories and some wonderful wildlife experiences.

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Species Lists

Birds (✓=recorded but not counted; h = heard only)

	Common name	Scientific name	March - April							
			29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5
1	Greylag Goose	<i>Anser anser</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓
2	Common Shelduck	<i>Tadorna tadorna</i>					✓	✓		
3	Gadwall	<i>Mareca strepera</i>					✓	✓	✓	
4	Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
5	Northern Shoveler	<i>Spatula clypeata</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓
6	Garganey	<i>Spatula querquedula</i>							✓	
7	Northern Pintail	<i>Anas acuta</i>							✓	
8	Eurasian Teal	<i>Anas crecca</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓
9	Red-crested Pochard	<i>Netta rufina</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓
10	Common Pochard	<i>Aythya ferina</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓
11	Ferruginous Duck	<i>Aythya nyroca</i>								✓
12	White-headed Duck	<i>Oxyura leucocephala</i>								✓
13	Red-legged Partridge	<i>Alectoris rufa</i>					✓		✓	
14	Common Quail	<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>		h			h			
15	Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>		✓			✓	✓	✓	✓
16	Great Crested Grebe	<i>Podiceps cristatus</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓
17	Black-necked Grebe	<i>Podiceps nigricollis</i>					✓			
18	Greater Flamingo	<i>Phoenicopterus roseus</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓
19	Black Stork	<i>Ciconia nigra</i>			✓		✓			
20	White Stork	<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
21	Glossy Ibis	<i>Plegadis falcinellus</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓
22	Eurasian Spoonbill	<i>Platalea leucorodia</i>			✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
23	Little Bittern	<i>Ixobrychus minutus</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓
24	Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓
25	Squacco Heron	<i>Ardeola ralloides</i>						✓	✓	✓
26	Western Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
27	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	
28	Purple Heron	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>			✓			✓	✓	✓
29	Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>			✓				✓	✓
30	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓
31	Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
32	Black-winged Kite	<i>Elanus caeruleus</i>	✓				✓			
33	Egyptian Vulture	<i>Neophron percnopterus</i>			✓					
34	Griffon Vulture	<i>Gyps fulvus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
35	Cinereous Vulture	<i>Aegypius monachus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓			
36	Short-toed Snake Eagle	<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>				✓			✓	
37	Booted Eagle	<i>Hieraaetus pennatus</i>		✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
38	Spanish Imperial Eagle	<i>Aquila adalberti</i>			✓	✓				
39	Bonelli's Eagle	<i>Aquila fasciata</i>		✓						
40	Eurasian Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>						✓	✓	
41	Western Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
42	Montagu's Harrier	<i>Circus pygargus</i>		✓						
43	Red Kite	<i>Milvus milvus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
44	Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
45	Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
46	Great Bustard	<i>Otis tarda</i>		✓		✓	✓			
47	Little Bustard	<i>Tetrax tetrax</i>				✓				

	Common name	Scientific name	March - April									
			29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5		
48	Water Rail	<i>Rallus aquaticus</i>										h
49	Purple Swamphen	<i>Porphyrio porphyrio</i>			✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
50	Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>			✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
51	Eurasian Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>		✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
52	Eurasian Stone-curlew	<i>Burhinus oediconemus</i>				✓						
53	Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>		✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
54	Pied Avocet	<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>					✓	✓				
55	Little Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius dubius</i>								✓		
56	Common Snipe	<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>						✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
57	Black-tailed Godwit	<i>Limosa limosa</i>					✓	✓				✓
58	Common Redshank	<i>Tringa totanus</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
59	Common Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>						✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
60	Green Sandpiper	<i>Tringa ochropus</i>				✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
61	Wood Sandpiper	<i>Tringa glareola</i>						✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
62	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
63	Ruff	<i>Calidris pugnax</i>						✓				
64	Collared Pratincole	<i>Glareola pratincola</i>					✓					
65	Black-headed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus ridibundus</i>					✓					✓
66	Yellow-legged Gull	<i>Larus michahellis</i>						✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
67	Lesser Black-backed Gull	<i>Larus fuscus</i>						✓				✓
68	Gull-billed Tern	<i>Gelochelidon nilotica</i>								✓		
69	Whiskered Tern	<i>Chlidonias hybrida</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
70	Black Tern	<i>Chlidonias niger</i>						✓				
71	Pin-tailed Sandgrouse	<i>Pterocles alchata</i>				✓						
72	Black-bellied Sandgrouse	<i>Pterocles orientalis</i>				✓						
73	Rock Dove	<i>Columba livia</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
74	Common Wood Pigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
75	Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
76	Great Spotted Cuckoo	<i>Clamator glandarius</i>		✓		✓	✓					
77	Common Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus canorus</i>		h	h	✓	✓	h	h	h	h	h
78	Little Owl	<i>Athene noctua</i>		✓	✓	✓						
79	Eurasian Scops Owl	<i>Otus scops</i>			✓	✓						
80	Alpine Swift	<i>Tachymarptis melba</i>			✓							
81	Common Swift	<i>Apus apus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓			✓		
82	Pallid Swift	<i>Apus pallidus</i>						✓				
83	Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>			✓							
84	European Bee-eater	<i>Merops apiaster</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
85	Eurasian Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
86	Eurasian Wryneck	<i>Jynx torquilla</i>						✓				
87	Lesser Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos minor</i>						h				
88	Great Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos major</i>										h
89	Iberian Green Woodpecker	<i>Picus sharpei</i>			✓							
90	Lesser Kestrel	<i>Falco naumanni</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
91	Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
92	Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>			✓							
93	Iberian Grey Shrike	<i>Lanius meridionalis</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
94	Woodchat Shrike	<i>Lanius senator</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
95	Eurasian Golden Oriole	<i>Oriolus oriolus</i>								h		
96	Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>					✓					
97	Iberian Magpie	<i>Cyanopica cooki</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
98	Eurasian Magpie	<i>Pica pica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

	Common name	Scientific name	March - April							
			29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5
99	Western Jackdaw	<i>Coloeus monedula</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓			✓
100	Carrion Crow	<i>Corvus corone</i>				✓	✓			
101	Northern Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
102	European Crested Tit	<i>Lophophanes cristatus</i>					✓			
103	Eurasian Blue Tit	<i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
104	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
105	Eurasian Penduline Tit	<i>Remiz pendulinus</i>							✓	
106	Woodlark	<i>Lullula arborea</i>		h		✓	✓	✓	✓	
107	Thekla Lark	<i>Galerida theklae</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
108	Crested Lark	<i>Galerida cristata</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
109	Greater Short-toed Lark	<i>Calandrella brachydactyla</i>		✓		✓				
110	Calandra Lark	<i>Melanocorypha calandra</i>		✓		✓	✓			
111	Lesser Short-toed Lark	<i>Alaudala rufescens</i>							✓	
112	Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>			✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
113	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
114	Eurasian Crag Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i>		✓	✓	✓				
115	Common House Martin	<i>Delichon urbicum</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
116	Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Cecropis daurica</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
117	Cetti's Warbler	<i>Cettia cetti</i>		h	h	h	h	✓	✓	h
118	Long-tailed Tit	<i>Aegithalos caudatus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
119	Willow Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus trochilus</i>			h		h			
120	Iberian Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus ibericus</i>						✓	h	
121	Western Bonelli's Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus bonelli</i>							✓	
122	Great Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus arundinaceus</i>							✓	
123	Eurasian Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus scirpaceus</i>					✓	✓	✓	✓
124	Melodious Warbler	<i>Hippolais polyglotta</i>						✓		
125	Savi's Warbler	<i>Locustella luscinioides</i>			h				✓	✓
126	Sedge Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus schoenobaenus</i>						✓	✓	
127	Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>			✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
128	Eurasian Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
129	Dartford Warbler	<i>Sylvia undata</i>			✓			✓		
130	Subalpine Warbler	<i>Sylvia cantillans</i>			✓					
131	Sardinian Warbler	<i>Sylvia melanocephala</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
132	Eurasian Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>		✓	✓		✓	✓		h
133	Eurasian Nuthatch	<i>Sitta europaea</i>					✓			
134	Short-toed Treecreeper	<i>Certhia brachydactyla</i>					✓	✓	h	h
135	Spotless Starling	<i>Sturnus unicolor</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
136	Common Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
137	Mistle Thrush	<i>Turdus viscivorus</i>					✓			
138	Song Thrush	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
139	European Robin	<i>Erithacus rubecula</i>		h	✓	h				
140	Common Nightingale	<i>Luscinia megarhynchos</i>			h		✓	✓	h	h
141	Black Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
142	Common Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus phoenicurus</i>			✓					
143	Blue Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola solitarius</i>			✓					
144	European Stonechat	<i>Saxicola rubicola</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
145	Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
146	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
147	Spanish Sparrow	<i>Passer hispaniolensis</i>		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
148	Eurasian Tree Sparrow	<i>Passer montanus</i>						✓		✓
149	Common Waxbill	<i>Estrilda astrild</i>						✓		✓

	Common name	Scientific name	March - April								
			29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5	
150	Spanish Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava iberiae</i>							✓	✓	✓
151	Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>		✓		✓	✓				
152	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
153	Tawny Pipit	<i>Anthus campestris</i>		✓					✓		
154	Meadow Pipit	<i>Anthus pratensis</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
155	Common Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
156	Hawfinch	<i>Coccothraustes coccothraustes</i>			✓						
157	European Greenfinch	<i>Chloris chloris</i>				✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
158	Common Linnet	<i>Linaria cannabina</i>			✓				✓	✓	
159	European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
160	European Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
161	Corn Bunting	<i>Emberiza calandra</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
162	Rock Bunting	<i>Emberiza cia</i>			✓						
163	Cirl Bunting	<i>Emberiza cirius</i>			h						

Mammals

1	Granada Hare	<i>Lepus granatensis</i>					2		1	
2	European Rabbit	<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>	✓	✓				✓	✓	✓
3	Iberian Lynx	<i>Lynx pardinus</i>							2	
4	Red Fox	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>							1	
5	Red Deer	<i>Cervus elaphus elaphus</i>			✓		✓	✓	✓	
6	Fallow Deer	<i>Dama dama</i>							✓	

Butterflies & Moths

Spanish Festoon, *Zerynthia rumina*

Small White, *Pieris rapae*

Green-striped White, *Euchloe belemia*

Brimstone, *Gonepteryx rhamni*

Green Hairstreak, *Callophrys rubi*

Brown Argus, *Aricia agestis*

Red Admiral, *Vanessa atalanta*

Small Heath, *Coenonympha pamphilus*

Speckled Wood, *Parage aegeria*

Hummingbird Hawk-moth, *Macroglossum stellatarum*

Large White, *Pieris brassicae*

Western Dappled White, *Euchloe crameri*

Clouded Yellow, *Colias crocea*

Cleopatra, *Gonepteryx cleopatra*

Small Copper, *Lycaena phlaeas*

Large Tortoiseshell, *Nymphalis polychloros*

Painted Lady, *Vanessa cardui*

Wall Brown, *Lasiommata megera*

Spanish Marbled White, *Melanargia ines*

Silver-Y, *Autographa gamma*

Other Taxa

Iberian Ribbed Newt, *Pleurodeles waltl*

Spanish Terrapin, *Mauremys leprosa*

Ocellated Lizard, *Timon lepidus*

Iberian Rock Lizard, *Iberolacerta monticola*

Viviparous Lizard, *Zootoca vivipara*

Moorish Gecko, *Tarentola mauritanica*

Egyptian Grasshopper, *Anacridium aegyptium*

Iberian Water Frog, *Pelophylax perezi*

Spanish Psammomromus, *Psammomromus hispanicus*

Spiny-footed Lizard, *Acanthodactylus erythrurus*

Iberian Wall Lizard, *Podarcis hispanica*

Turkish Gecko, *Hemidactylus turcicus*

Viperine Snake, *Natrix maura*

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