

# Poland in Spring

Naturetrek Tour Report

13th – 20th May 2023



Citrine Wagtail



Elk



Map



Water Violet

Tour report and images by Luca Boscain



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Tour participants – Luca Boscain & Tomasz Jezierczuk (Leaders) with 11 Naturetrek clients

## Day 1

Saturday 13th May

### Warsaw airport, Dojlidy fishponds and Narewka

We landed 10 minutes ahead of schedule, then it took a good half an hour to go through the passport controls and the baggage claim and we found Tomasz and Luca, our tour leaders, outside the arrivals gate.

Our driver, Yarek, was waiting outside the airport with a comfortable minibus. We drove for two hours, before having a break for lunch, leaving Warsaw and following first the Vistula western riverside, seeing Hooded Crow and Common Swift. Then we had White Storks, Black Woodpecker, a couple of male Marsh Harrier and Roe Deer, all spotted while just driving along the motorway, with an amazing succession of wildlife, punctually called by Tomasz into the microphone.

We arrived after 1 pm in Białystok, where we had an a-la-carte lunch in a small restaurant. After that, we visited for a few minutes Dojlidy fishponds. Being Saturday, one side was busy with people enjoying the heat and the sunshine, while where we went it was definitely birding terrain. We had a loop around solid banks among reed beds and freshwater lakes. It was still a bit early in the season for the big chorus of warblers, but we still heard a few Common Reed, Great Reed, Sedge, Savi's and Willow Warblers plus Lesser Whitethroat and Chiffchaff. Amphibians were providing a picturesque background to the soundtrack, with tens of Fire-bellied Toads (*Bombina orientalis*), Pool (*Pelophylax lessonae*) and Edible Frogs (*Pelophylax esculentus*). Other songs were Bittern, Thrush Nightingale, Bearded Reedlings and Penduline Tits, of which Tomasz managed to find a nest. In the water were floating Coots, Great Crested and Red-necked Grebes, Black-headed Gulls, Pochards and a pair of Goldeneyes, while in the sky we saw Common and Whiskered Terns.

The commonest damselfly was the Siberian Winter (*Sympecma paedisca*), but we noticed also Variable Damselfly (*Coenagrion pulchellum*), Four-spotted Chaser (*Libellula quadrimaculata*) and Downy Emerald (*Cordulia aenea*). We spent some time trying to get a flight shot of three or four Great Reed Warblers chasing each other in the Broadleaf Cattails (*Typha latifolia*), but with poor results.

From the Dojlidy lakes, we drove a good hour through groves, meadows and cultivated fields, hoping for Bison on each corner, but we were not lucky. The best we had was a Whooper Swan on its nest. We arrived at our hotel in Narewka, just on the edge of the Białowieża forest, after 7 pm, so we had time for a shower before a beautiful supper, with a cauliflower and cheese soup, followed by pork ham in boletus sauce and an apple cake.

A few people followed finally Luca on a short night walk to the Narewka: Grasshopper Warbler and Corn Crakes were singing, but the highlight were a couple of sightings of Beavers (*Castor fiber*), decently visible in the light of the torch.

## Day 2

## Sunday 14th May

### Białowieża Forest

At 4.45 am we met for a quick coffee and we left at 5.00, looking for Bison and other mammals. In the dawn, with the first golden sunshine, the grassy open areas had a fascinating mist from which emerged several White Storks. We visited a number of meadows and clearings on the northern edge of the Białowieża forest, seeing Roe and Red Deer, but no Bison. Luckily birds were awake, with a concert of Skylarks, Whinchats, Cuckoos, Yellowhammers, Whitethroats, etc. The best sightings were Red-backed and Great Grey Shrike, Crested Tit, Montagu's Harrier and a wonderful Lesser Spotted Eagle that flew in front of a tower, going to perch on a Bison feeder roof, clearly visible in the telescopes.

We came back to the hotel at 8 o'clock for a sumptuous breakfast, to recuperate energies for the day. Later we drove south, spotting an Camberwell Beauty (*Nymphalis antiopa*) from the minibus, and we went to walk in the Białowieża Forest from the hamlet of Budy. We hadn't even the time to get out from the vehicle before we heard the first male Collared Flycatcher of the day: it will be the soundtrack of all our day in the ancient woodlands. The undergrowth was rich in flowers of Spotted Deadnettle (*Lamium maculatum*), Yellow Archangel (*Lamiastrum galeobdolon*), Sweet Woodruff (*Galium odoratum*), Greater Stitchwort (*Rubra holostea*) and Bulbous Bittercress (*Cardamine bulbifera*).

We reached a strip where the rise of the water level in the terrain has caused the death of tens of trees, making it a paradise for woodpeckers: we soon saw, in fact, Black, Lesser Spotted and White-backed Woodpecker. On a patch of Woolly Buttercup (*Ranunculus lanuginosus*), was perched a lovely first generation Map Butterfly (*Araschnia levana*), but also several Small Yellow Underwing Moths (*Panemeria tenebrata*).

Again in the depth of the forest, we found a pair of nice Red-breasted Flycatchers that showed well their orange throat and the white sides of the tail.

In the streams and the pools on the path side there were Pool, Edible and Common Frogs (*Rana temporaria*), sometimes perching on logs, sometimes hiding in the grass.

For lunch, we transferred to the village that gives the name of the forest, Białowieża. Being Sunday, the park of the former hunting palace was particularly crowded, but it was still worthwhile to have our picnic lunch there because a Marsh Harrier, a few Great Reed Warblers and a pair of Rosefinches came to visit us from the surrounding pond.

After a break at the visitor centre facilities, we continued walking through the palace park, stopping here and there for Wood Warbler, Firecrest and Middle Spotted Woodpecker and to hear Wryneck and Green Woodpecker.

Later we met Irek and Asia, who welcomed us to the restricted part of the Białowieża Forest, while a bird of prey came in flight, going to perch on a post. The scope view revealed a wonderful Lesser Spotted Eagle that, enjoying the sunshine, decided to open its wings, showing the distinctive pale coverts, and preening its plumage, all in front of our eyes. We had to split into two smaller groups and we entered through a lavish wooden gate and we had a four km loop among possibly the best preserved patch of lowland primeval forest left in Europe. Some of the

trees were huge, exceeding 40 metres in height, including centenary Pendunculate Oaks (*Quercus robur*), Small-leaved Limes (*Tilia cordata*), Norway Spruces (*Picea abies*), Norway Maples (*Acer platanoides*), Ashes (*Fraxinus excelsior*) and a few Scots Pines (*Pinus sylvestris*), a tree that needs fire to regenerate without the competition of other trees. Every hundred metres was singing a pair of Collared Flycatchers, while we could locate at least four nests of Great Spotted Woodpeckers, with loud chicks inside, and two Red Squirrels (*Sciurus vulgaris*). The best surprise was a Tawny Owl, mobbed by tits, that the second group managed to get in the telescope. The trail went through a rich undergrowth with the last Spring Vetchlings (*Lathyrus vernus*) and Early Dog-violets (*Viola reichenbachiana*) in flower of the season, but also carpets of Ramsons (*Allium ursinum*). Walking back to the minibus, in a wide grassland we added Whinchats, Meadow Pipit and a singing Corn Bunting, before returning to the hotel at about 7 pm.

The supper offered a wiener schnitzel, then we had a very long listing time that included the two past days. When we came out, Tree Frogs (*Hyla arborea*) were croaking.

## Day 3

Monday 15th May

### Białowieża Forest and Siemianówka Lake

We met once again very early in the morning and it was worthwhile, because we had soon two huge bulls of European Bison (*Bison bonasus*), in Teremiski, that were just on the way to hide in a pinewood. We could see them rolling around in the soil and lying down in the shade, almost invisible in their sort of shelter. Then we went on foot from Budy to the same path as the day before and, after few hundred metres, we stopped in the clearing with dead trees. Woodpeckers were not active, but we had the luck to have a Pygmy Owl showing perfectly in the open for minutes, mobbed by Chiffchaff and Blue Tits.

Later on, we had another stop for a Grey-headed Woodpecker that suddenly appeared, with the background songs of Wryneck, Garden Warbler, Lesser Whitethroat and Yellowhammer.

We left after breakfast at 9.30, driving 10 minutes to the nearby reservoir of Siemianówka, only two km from the border with Belarus. We climbed a tower, but unfortunately the view was partially covered by trees. A Thrush Nightingale was singing at the foot of the tower but, despite the time spent searching, we didn't get anything more than glimpses.

From a water level view point, we had a wider perspective to scan the lake, noticing tens of Black, Whiskered, White-winged and Common Terns, Black-headed Gulls and Lapwings, all busy in feeding, in flight or mobbing the innumerable Marsh Harriers. Larger birds like ducks and Coots were instead threatened by much larger White-tailed and Great Spotted Eagles, all patrolling and perching on the other side of the lake. A bit further, along the bank, we saw both Blue-headed and the rarer Citrine Wagtail, while a White-headed Long-tailed Tit crossed in flight and the Penduline Tit was busy visiting its suspended nest, blown by a rather strong wind.

Later we went into a grassland to look for Corncrakes, but without luck, just hearing them close by, but we flushed a female Garganey that was incubating its six eggs, surprisingly in the middle of the grass, far from the water.

On a patch of Dandelions, sheltered from the wind, together with rather annoying mosquitos, there were Yellow-spotted White-faced Darter (*Leucorrhinia pectoralis*), Map, Peacock (*Aglais io*), Speckled Wood (*Pararge aegeria*), Green-veined (*Pieris napi*) and Small White (*Pieris rapae*).

Lunch was interrupted by a fire in the nearby pinewood, so we decided it was more sensible to leave with the minibus, to avoid finding the path blocked, and to call the fire guards.

We transferred to the northern side of the lake in Cisówka, but the weather got worse, turning to light rain. Most of the passerines of the flooded woodland were silent but a Thrush Nightingale showed briefly. In the sheltered edge of the woodland, we found tens of Variable Damselflies and a few Downy Emeralds, plus the gorgeous Chickweed-wintergreen (*Lysimachia europaea*) in the undergrowth.

Beside a large reed bed, on the other side of the canal, we could hear Savi's, Common Reed, Sedge and Great Reed Warbler, while Penduline Tit and a male Bearded Reedling showed for few seconds.

When we found two Common Sandpipers near a pumping station, it started to rain heavily, so we decided to load the bus and leave. Later we did several tries for Tree-toed Woodpecker and Nutcracker in conifer patches of the Białowieża Forest, but possibly because of the bad weather, or possibly because of the wrong time of the day, we were unsuccessful, so we came back to the hotel at 17.30.

Supper was also earlier than usual, at 7 pm, but the food was once again delicious, with a beautiful veal filet with green pepper sauce.

## Day 4

Tuesday 16th May

### Białowieża Forest and Narew (Great Snipe lek)

For the pre-breakfast birding today we met at 6 am to have maybe just a hundred metres walk to the stream behind the lodge. A male Barred Warbler and a Red-backed Shrike showed very well a number of times, while our tries for the singing River Warbler were unsuccessful.

At 8 am, after breakfast, we went to the Kosy Most area of the Białowieża Forest. Along the path we noticed a dead Common Shrew (*Sorex araneus*), squashed Grass Snakes (*Natrix natrix*), Wolf and Badger footprints and, potentially, some Raccoon Dog (*Nyctereutes procyonoides*) scats, while on the roadside were flowering the Cowslips (*Primula veris*) and less obvious but also rarer bastard-toadflax *Thesium ebracteatum*.

From the bridge, we heard Barred, River and Grasshopper Warbler, but none of them showed. We continued into a conifer woodland, where we soon localized a male Three-toed Woodpecker that stayed for minutes in the open on a dead trunk, well visible in the scope, drumming and preening, while a Spotted Nutcracker just emitted a couple of calls.

We walked south, along the western side of the Narewka river, to a tall tower that offered a wonderful view into the river bed with ponds, bush-lands and reed beds. We relaxed there for a while, seeing a young male Rosefinch, Barred and Great Reed Warbler singing on shrubs or short trees.

Walking back to the minibus, we went through other pinewoods where we observed a singing male Pied Flycatcher, Tree Pipit, Coal Tit and a pair of Crested Tits.

After this loop of about 4 km, we had lunch in a large clearing where, with the sunshine, appeared Chequered Skipper (*Cartocephalus palaemon*), Sooty Copper (*Lycaena tityrus*), Comma (*Polygonia c-album*) and Weaver's Fritillary (*Boloria dia*).

After that, people who wished could come back to the hotel for some spare time to rest, while half of the group followed Luca and Tomasz to look for butterflies near Janowo. We were surprised by the lack of the Violet Copper in the usual boggy terrains, but at least we enjoyed views of Whinchats, Sooty and Small Copper (*Lycaena phlaeas*), Weaver's Fritillary, Field Cricket (*Gryllus campestris*) and several Sand Lizards (*Lacerta agilis*). Mark walked a bit further from the hotel and had the pleasure to see a pair of Wrynecks together on a tree.

Dinner came very early today so we would have the time, after that, to go again in the field to one of the very few Great Snipe leks in Poland, so we ate a spicy soup and beef with radish sauce at 5 pm and we left at 6.30.

In half an hour we arrived by the cemetery of Narew and, from there, we walked half an hour to a swampy grassland with several Broad-leaved Marsh Orchids (*Dactylorhiza majalis*) in bloom. All around were singing Corncrake, River, Savi's, Grasshopper, Sedge and Great Reed Warbler, while from an invisible river took off many White Storks, a Garganey and four Great Egrets.

The sun had the time to drop behind the horizon and the mosquitos to wake up and test our repellents, before a Woodcock started its territorial flight over the woodland behind us, a Short-eared Owl passed overhead and, finally, we started to see the first jumps of the Great Snipes. At the beginning we had a hop maybe once every five minutes, then more frequently, sometimes perching visible on a bank for a short moment. When we decided to leave, to not be surprised by the darkness in some tricky segments of the walk back, while three males were jumping at the same time more than 100m far from our view point, and also around were singing several Spotted Crakes and Common Snipes.

We came back to the hotel just before 10 pm, tired but happy for another very rich day.

## Day 5

Wednesday 17th May

### Białowieża Forest and Biebrza Marshes

This morning the pre-breakfast meeting was at 6.30 am. The weather forecast was bad for the day, but we had only a few raindrops when we observed the first arrived Marsh Warbler, Wryneck and Sparrowhawk.

At 9.30 am we loaded the minibus with our baggage and left our hotel in Narewka, to go for a last time into the Białowieża Forest. In the nice surroundings of the Białowieża village, we finally managed to get a good view in the scope of a singing River Warbler, admiring its vibrating tail, then we heard clearly the song of a Hoopoe and we saw a pair of Rosefinches. The next try for the Spotted Nutcracker in an open pinewood was unsuccessful, but we had some more lovely Chickweed-wintergreens and a selection of fascinating mosses like Juniper Haircap Moss

(*Polytrichum juniperinum*), Bank Haircap Moss (*Polytrichum formosum*), Cypress-leaved Plait-moss (*Hypnum cupressiforme*) and Red-stemmed Feather Moss (*Pleurozium schreberi*).

Later, we transferred to the Biebrza marshes, driving for about two hours in the rain to Ruś, where we stopped for lunch in a small restaurant.

When we finished eating, it was raining heavily. We first stopped by an observation tower, where at least we could scan by binoculars and scopes a wide swampy grassland, sheltered from the rain, but not from a refreshing breeze. There we had two pairs of Cranes feeding in the grass, sometimes mobbed by territorial Lapwings, a pair of Black-tailed Godwits and several White-winged Terns.

Then we had a stop to walk few hundred metres along the board bridge of the Ławki marsh: our target was the Aquatic Warbler that we heard singing, but the weather was definitely too "aquatic" to use the optics. We still had a Snipe singing from a hay bale, a Citrine Wagtail on passage and the fringed white flowers of Bogbeans (*Menyanthes trifoliata*).

A few kilometres north Tomasz spotted an unexpected Elk (*Alces alces*) in the middle of a wet prairie. We approached it quietly and the maybe three years old bull stayed, maybe 50 metres away, without paying attention to us. Despite the light rain, we had an unbelievable opportunity to take good photos: it was most likely one of the descendants of Matilda, a tame female Elk that produced, over the years, a new generation of often confident cervids, enjoying the protection of the species at a national level without being scared too much by people.

We arrived at the new hotel in Goniądz at 5.30 pm. We couldn't appreciate the view too much, because the downpour hadn't stop yet and continued till supper, when we had a good slice of pork with potatoes.

After that, we celebrated our fist Elk with a so called "Elk Kick", a rather strong local spirit kindly offered by Tomasz.

## Day 6

Thursday 18th May

### Biebrza Marshes

This morning we started at 6 am and, just after the coffee, we found a White-tailed Eagle perched in the marsh in front of the hotel: a good start!

Then we drove to the Ławki marsh: the wind was chilly, but there were still several songs in the air, including many Common Snipe drumming in flight. With some dedication, we managed to see Grasshopper, Sedge and Willow Warbler, but unfortunately, with the cold, the Aquatic Warbler was silent. Raptor lovers were particularly pleased in seeing a Red Kite mobbed by a Short-eared Owl and at least three Montagu's and two Marsh Harriers.

On a hay bale was perched a wonderful male Citrine Wagtail that showed well in the scopes, while in the hedge by the minibus we successfully looked for a Savi's Warbler, managing by the end to have good photos. With so many observations, we came for breakfast only at 8.50 am, leaving again for the marshes one hour later.

The first stop was to see Great Grey Shrike, Montagu's Harrier, White-tailed Eagle and a cloud of White Storks in the sky, not far from some ancient Russian bunkers. A few hundred metres further on we walked along the nice board bridge of Wieża Widokowa to a tower. The view was once again partially covered by a deep green oak, but we still saw two pairs of Cranes looking for food in the tall grass together with White Storks, Lapwings and Greylag Geese, while a Bluethroat soon disappeared in the vegetation. We continued walking to a platform that faced a wetland with reed beds, willow bushes and a small pond. We waited a while seeing Sedge and Savi's Warbler again, Penduline Tit, two Cuckoos and a few Hairy Dragonflies (*Brachytron pratense*) drying their wings on a cane, then finally a white-spotted male Bluethroat appeared, showing for a few seconds here and there on the reeds or on a bush. The final cherry from the platform was our first Black Stork, spotted in the sky by Luca.

On the way back, with weak sunshine, many dragonflies appeared, including Yellow-spotted White-faced, Variable, Winter (*Sympecma fusca*) and Large Red Damselflies (*Pyrrosoma nymphula*).

Coming from Mścichy, after three kilometres dealing with the minibus on a bumpy rough road with plenty of puddles, we finally reached Biały Grąd, our picnic spot: a lovely tower surrounded by meadows with Fieldfares and wetlands with extensive Yellow Flags (*Iris pseudacorus*), Water Violets (*Hottonia palustris*) and Common Water-crowfoots (*Ranunculus* cfr. *aquatilis*).

A first surprise were a Black Stork and a Great Egret, with its nuptial black bill, fishing together almost under the tower, but then, from the top, while eating our packed lunches, we could scan the vast marshes. In the distance there was a colony of Black-headed Gulls and Whiskered Terns, among which were having a rest or swimming Black-necked Grebes, Gadwalls, Wigeons, Garganeys, Pochards and a single Teal.

Much closer were tens of waders, enjoying a wet meadow: Wood, Green and Common Sandpipers, Black-tailed Godwits, Redshanks but, first of all, female and male Ruffs. The males, in particular, were wearing their best collars with orange, black, white and barred grey feathers, and were trying their best to impress the many females, inflating the plumage and chasing their rivals: one of the most famous views in the Biebrza National Park! Mark noticed also a Ringed Plover and a Temminck's Stint.

After lunch, we transferred to Brzostowo, where the edge of the village offered a wide view into the river bed of Biebrza. Among the Mute Swans, were soon noticed Garganeys and a Pintail, while in the flooded grassland on the other side of the river, Lapwings, Black-tailed Godwits, Dunlins and Ruffs were appearing and disappearing among the vegetation. Over the water crossed in flight at least twenty Black and a single Common Tern and two Caspian Gulls.

Our last stop was in a mosaic of traditional countryside near Rutkowskie: here had been reported an Ortolan Bunting, but we struggled a lot to get a view, exploring Scots Pine and Silver Birch (*Betula pendula*) groves among the cereal fields. We flushed a Roe Deer and a Brown Hare (*Lepus europaeus*), while in the sky were plenty of White Storks. We finally observed two male Ortolan Buntings chasing one each other among the foliage: definitely extremely beautiful little birds!

Then we drove back almost an hour to our hotel, ending the day in the best way with a dinner with soup, wiener schnitzel and ice-cream.



## Day 7

Friday 19th May

### Biebrza Marshes and Tykocin

We met at 6 am and we went on foot to a platform in our village, Goniądz, dominating the Biebrza valley and we saw a nest of White Storks. Red Fox, Roe Deer, Marsh Harrier, Redshanks and Lapwings were roaming in the swampy grasslands, with a soundtrack of Great Reed and Sedge Warblers. A male Rosefinch as well showed in the scopes on the top of a Silver Birch.

After breakfast, another try in Bagno Ławki, but once again no Aquatic Warbler: too cold and breezy. However, a pair of Citrine Wagtails, the Snipes and two pairs of Montagu's Harriers, that performed the prey exchange, showed very well. We had later a better view of Thrush Nightingale, a lovely family of Cranes with a little orangey chick and a glimpse of a Stoat (*Mustela erminea*).

Later we moved to the south-western side of the Biebrza marshes, visiting a view point in Burzyn: the river Biebrza was flowing peacefully with meanders, ponds and wet grasslands. Some Yellow Wagtails were active around the short tower, while in the distance we had a Red-necked Grebe.

Another stop was not far from Sieburczyn, where we descended a rough road almost to the river side. The water was filled with Black-headed Gulls, Mute Swans, Whiskered and White-winged Terns, Great Egrets and Redshanks. With some effort, through the scopes, we could spot a distant Black-necked Grebe, Little Gulls and Pochards, plus Goldeneyes, Shovelers, Garganeys and Ruffs hopping for few seconds and suddenly disappearing in the green. Two Black Storks joined the fest, landing a few hundred metres away, sometimes mobbed by the Black-headed Gulls.

For lunch, we stopped again in the Ruś restaurant, having a delicious *żurek* soup.

After eating, we went to the countryside of Tykocin where a couple of sand quarries were now hosting a colony of Sand Martins and a single Northern Wheatear, uncommon in this area. While we searched for a singing Corn Crake, Mike spotted a running Grey Partridge and Mark a Honey Buzzard overhead, while Tomasz showed a pair of Golden Orioles and Luca found finally two Icterine Warbler: what a wonderful team work!

Then we drove back to the hotel, where we had an early dinner at 5 pm with fried pork and an cooked apple filled with jam.

We went for a last evening in the field, trying for the third time the Ławki marsh board path. It was worthwhile, because finally, with a rising temperature of 15°C, the Aquatic Warblers were singing and we managed to see a male through the scopes, perched on a short willow scrub: one of the most iconic birds in Poland that here has its stronghold.

Then we went for walk in nearby Barwik, reaching some peaceful bush lands and marshes. The calmness from a short tower was complete, with only songs of Thrush Nightingale, Snipe, Whitethroat and Grasshopper Warbler. Tomasz invited us to feel the isolated atmosphere of that remote place in the Biebrza marshes and definitely we did.

It was almost dark when we saw a large male Elk in the distance and we heard a Green Toad (*Bufo viridis*).

On the way back to the hotel, we did a couple of stops hoping for Nightjar, but we were unsuccessful. The last surprise was instead to spot a Northern White-breasted Hedgehog (*Erinaceus roumanicus*) crossing the road in Goniądz: a lifer for all the group.

## Day 8

Saturday 20th May

### Biebrza marshes and Warsaw airport

Today we had a gentle start, meeting for breakfast at 7.30 am and leaving everybody enough time to pack their suitcases. We left the Goniądz hotel, in fact, at 9.30 am. We had a couple of stops in promising patches of forest for the Spotted Nutcracker, but we had no success. With the warm sunshine, many butterflies appeared on the roadside, including Clouded Apollo (*Parnassius mnemosyne*), Camberwell Beauty, Map, Brimstone (*Gonepteryx rhamni*), Chequered Skipper and Green Hairstreak (*Callophrys rubi*). Among the birds, we found a Goldcrest, a Red-backed Shrike and an Icterine Warbler.

Later we transferred again to Sieburczyn, to have a packed lunch in a very rich area. There were in fact four species of grebes, terns and ducks again, plus 11 Cranes standing in the distance. An extended meadow of Mouse-eared Hawkweed (*Pilosella* cfr. *officinatum*) offered instead Camberwell Beauty, Wall Brown (*Lasiommata megera*), Dingy Skipper (*Erynnis tages*), Pale Clouded Yellow (*Colias hyale*), Small and Sooty Copper, while on the bushes and trees were perched Banded Demoiselles (*Calopteryx splendens*), White-legged (*Platynemis pennipes*) and Variable Damselflies, Downy Emerald and Four-spotted Chaser.

It was wonderful to finish in that place, because the view into river Biebrza in the sunshine was fantastic, together with a soundtrack composed only of the water birds calls.

After a group photo, we left that heaven on Earth and we headed south-west to Warsaw: the journey, with a facilities and ice-cream break, took almost three hours, then we went through the city centre, to give a lift to a few members of the group staying in Warsaw, and we continued to the Chopin airport. A quick goodbye to Tomasz, Luca and Yarek, who took care of us in an impeccable way, and we were ready for the check-in and the passport controls. Goodbye Poland!

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## Species lists

Birds (h = Heard only, LO = Leader only)

Common name	Scientific name	May 2023							
		13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Greylag Goose	<i>Anser anser</i>		20	20		15	10	30	2
White-fronted Goose	<i>Anser albifrons</i>							1	
Mute Swan	<i>Cygnus olor</i>	10	5	5	10	20	30	10 0	60
Whooper Swan	<i>Cygnus cygnus</i>	1							
Garganey	<i>Spatula querquedula</i>			4	1	2	15	10	3
Northern Shoveler	<i>Spatula clypeata</i>						2	10	5
Gadwall	<i>Mareca strepera</i>			3			10	1	1
Eurasian Wigeon	<i>Mareca penelope</i>						10	8	4
Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	20	5	15	15	5	10	15	10 0
Northern Pintail	<i>Anas acuta</i>						1		
Eurasian Teal	<i>Anas crecca</i>						1		
Common Pochard	<i>Aythya ferina</i>	2					3	4	2
Common Goldeneye	<i>Bucephala clangula</i>	2						6	
Grey Partridge	<i>Perdix perdix</i>							2	
Common Pheasant	<i>Phasianus colchicus</i>	2							
Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>	h							1
Red-necked Grebe	<i>Podiceps grisegena</i>	6						1	1
Great Crested Grebe	<i>Podiceps cristatus</i>	5		2			1	4	4
Black-necked Grebe	<i>Podiceps nigricollis</i>						5	1	4
Black Stork	<i>Ciconia nigra</i>	✓					5	2	
White Stork	<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>	20	15	10	30	35	10 0	50	20
Eurasian Bittern	<i>Botaurus stellaris</i>	h				2h	2h		h
Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	3	1	5		1	15	5	1
Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>			5	4	5	10	20	5
Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>			1					2
European Honey Buzzard	<i>Pernis apivorus</i>			1	1			2	

Common name	Scientific name	May 2023							
		13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Lesser Spotted Eagle	<i>Clanga pomarina</i>		2						
Greater Spotted Eagle	<i>Clanga clanga</i>			2					
Eurasian Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>					2			
Western Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>	3	2	7	1	1	10	7	1
Montagu's Harrier	<i>Circus pygargus</i>		1				5	5	
Red Kite	<i>Milvus milvus</i>						1		
White-tailed Eagle	<i>Haliaeetus albicilla</i>			3			2		
Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>	5	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
Water Rail	<i>Rallus aquaticus</i>	h			h	h	2h		
Corn Crake	<i>Crex crex</i>	3h	h	3h	10 h	3h	h	4h	
Spotted Crake	<i>Porzana porzana</i>				4h			h	h
Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>			h			4	2h	
Eurasian Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>	5		3			5	1	1
Common Crane	<i>Grus grus</i>			30 0	6	5	15	25	20
Northern Lapwing	<i>Vanellus vanellus</i>	2	1	3	2	10	10	5	5
Common Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius hiaticula</i>						1		
Little Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius dubius</i>				h				
Black-tailed Godwit	<i>Limosa limosa</i>					2	5	2h	2
Ruff	<i>Calidris pugnax</i>						50	25	30
Temminck's Stint	<i>Calidris temminckii</i>						1		
Dunlin	<i>Calidris alpina</i>						15		
Eurasian Woodcock	<i>Scolopax rusticola</i>			1	1			1	
Great Snipe	<i>Gallinago media</i>				4				
Common Snipe	<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>			1	2h	5	10	10	2h
Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>			2			2		1
Green Sandpiper	<i>Tringa ochropus</i>				h		2		
Common Redshank	<i>Tringa totanus</i>					2	10	15	5
Wood Sandpiper	<i>Tringa glareola</i>						10	1	
Black-headed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus ridibundus</i>	10		30		15	20 0	25 0	10 0
Little Gull	<i>Hydrocoloeus minutus</i>							10	
Caspian Gull	<i>Larus cachinnans</i>	2					2		
Little Tern	<i>Sternula albifrons</i>	1(L O)							
Common Tern	<i>Sterna hirundo</i>	5		10			1	3	
Whiskered Tern	<i>Chlidonias hybrida</i>	1		20			10	30	20
White-winged Tern	<i>Chlidonias leucopterus</i>			10		15	1	10	10
Black Tern	<i>Chlidonias niger</i>			50			20	1	
Feral Pigeon	<i>Columba livia var. domestica</i>	20				2	2	5	20
Stock Dove	<i>Columba oenas</i>	1	1						
Common Wood Pigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>	30	15	5	3	3	5	10	3
Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	2				2	5	5	3
Common Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus canorus</i>	h	10	5	5h	4	5	6	3h
Tawny Owl	<i>Strix aluco</i>		1						
Eurasian Pygmy Owl	<i>Glaucidium passerinum</i>			1					
Short-eared Owl	<i>Asio flammeus</i>				1		1		
Common Swift	<i>Apus apus</i>	2	1	2	5	5	4	30	
Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>								1
Eurasian Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>		h			h		h	
Eurasian Wryneck	<i>Jynx torquilla</i>		h	3h	5	1			

Common name	Scientific name	May 2023							
		13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Eurasian Three-toed Woodpecker	<i>Picoides tridactylus</i>				1				
Middle Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocoptes medius</i>		2	1					
Lesser Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dryobates minor</i>		2						
Great Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos major</i>	h	15	2	3	2	2	h	h
White-backed Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos leucotos</i>		1						
Black Woodpecker	<i>Dryocopus martius</i>	1	2	2			h		
European Green Woodpecker	<i>Picus viridis</i>		2				1		
Grey-headed Woodpecker	<i>Picus canus</i>			1	h				
Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>	2	1			1			
Red-backed Shrike	<i>Lanius collurio</i>	2	10	5	10	3			2
Great Grey Shrike	<i>Lanius excubitor</i>		2	3			2		1
Eurasian Golden Oriole	<i>Oriolus oriolus</i>		5h	h	5	h	2	3	h
Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>	1	5	2	3	1	1		
Eurasian Magpie	<i>Pica pica</i>	5	2			1	3	3	
Spotted Nutcracker	<i>Nucifraga caryocatactes</i>				h				
Western Jackdaw	<i>Coloeus monedula</i>	30		5		10	30	20	
Rook	<i>Corvus frugilegus</i>	5		1			15	10	
Hooded Crow	<i>Corvus cornix</i>	10				1	5	3	5
Northern Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>	3	3	2	3	4	4	3	1
Coal Tit	<i>Parus ater</i>				2				
European Crested Tit	<i>Lophophanes cristatus</i>		1		2				h
Marsh Tit	<i>Poecile palustris</i>		1						
Willow Tit	<i>Poecile montanus</i>		h		3h				h
Eurasian Blue Tit	<i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>	3	5	2	2	h	1	3	
Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>	3	5	2	3	3	h	2	
Eurasian Penduline Tit	<i>Remiz pendulinus</i>	5		2			3		
Bearded Reedling	<i>Panurus biarmicus</i>	2		1					
Woodlark	<i>Lullula arborea</i>		1						
Eurasian Skylark	<i>Alauda arvensis</i>	2	20		5	h	5	3	
Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>	20					20	50	
Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	10	10	10	15	10	20	20	5
Common House Martin	<i>Delichon urbicum</i>	1	20	10	10	30	20	25	
Long-tailed Tit	<i>Aegithalos caudatus</i>		h	1					
Willow Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus trochilus</i>	2h		5	5h	2h	5	10 h	h
Common Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>	h	5h	3	5h	2h	h	3h	3h
Wood Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus sibilatrix</i>		1	2h	5h				2
Great Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus arundinaceus</i>	5	3	5	5	h	2	3h	h
Aquatic Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus paludicola</i>					h		2	
Sedge Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus schoenobaenus</i>	2	3	10	3	2h	10	10	3
Eurasian Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus scirpaceus</i>	3		h			h		
Marsh Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus palustris</i>					1			
Icterine Warbler	<i>Hippolais icterina</i>		h		h			2	2
Common Grasshopper Warbler	<i>Locustella naevia</i>	2h	h	h	3h	h	2	5	
River Warbler	<i>Locustella fluviatilis</i>			h	8h	4			
Savi's Warbler	<i>Locustella luscinioides</i>	3h		h	h	h	3	h	
Eurasian Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>		10	5	5	3h	3	3h	3
Garden Warbler	<i>Sylvia borin</i>		h	3h	h		1	2h	
Barred Warbler	<i>Currucula nisoria</i>				4	1			
Lesser Whitethroat	<i>Currucula curruca</i>	2	h	2h	3	h	3	2h	1

Common name	Scientific name	May 2023							
		13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Common Whitethroat	<i>Curruca communis</i>		1	3	3	3h	5	10	h
Common Firecrest	<i>Regulus ignicapilla</i>		5	h					
Goldcrest	<i>Regulus regulus</i>		h	2h	h	h			1
Eurasian Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>		10	2h	5h				h
Eurasian Nuthatch	<i>Sitta europaea</i>		3						
Eurasian Treecreeper	<i>Certhia familiaris</i>		5		h				
Common Starling	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>	20	30	20	40	20	40	30	10
Common Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>	1	15	3	5	5	3	3h	
Fieldfare	<i>Turdus pilaris</i>		1	1	2	3	10		1
Song Thrush	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>		10	10	5	2			2
Mistle Thrush	<i>Turdus viscivorus</i>		3	5	h				
Spotted Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa striata</i>		1	1	2	1			
European Robin	<i>Erithacus rubecula</i>		10	3h	2h	h		h	3h
Bluethroat	<i>Luscinia svecica cyanecula</i>						3	h	
Thrush Nightingale	<i>Luscinia luscinia</i>	2h	2h	3	5h	2h	5	5	h
European Pied Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula hypoleuca</i>				1				1
Collared Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula albicollis</i>		20	h	1				
Red-breasted Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula parva</i>		5	h		h			h
Black Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>		1	3	1	1	h		2
Common Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus phoenicurus</i>	h	2	5	h	h			
Whinchat	<i>Saxicola rubetra</i>	3	10	10	10	h	3	5	
Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>							1	
House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>		5	5	3	3	30	5	
Eurasian Tree Sparrow	<i>Passer montanus</i>	5		2	h		2	1	
Duncock	<i>Prunella modularis</i>		h	h	2h				
Blue-headed Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava flava</i>			2	2	1	5	10	5
Citrine Wagtail	<i>Motacilla citreola</i>			2		1	1	3	
White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>		5	10	5	2	2		
Meadow Pipit	<i>Anthus pratensis</i>		1		1	2	1	h	
Tree Pipit	<i>Anthus trivialis</i>				h				
Common Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>	3h	5	10	10	3	3	2h	h
Hawfinch	<i>Coccothraustes coccothraustes</i>		10	15	10	5	1		h
Eurasian Bullfinch	<i>Pyrrhula pyrrhula</i>	h(L O)							
Common Rosefinch	<i>Carpodacus erythrinus</i>	h	4	h	1	3	2h	2	3
European Greenfinch	<i>Chloris chloris</i>	2	1	2	4	2		h	h
Common Linnet	<i>Linaria cannabina</i>		3	3	2	1	2	3	
European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>		5	5			1		
European Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>		h				1	2h	
Corn Bunting	<i>Emberiza calandra</i>		1						
Yellowhammer	<i>Emberiza citrinella</i>		10	5	5	h		10	3
Ortolan Bunting	<i>Emberiza hortulana</i>						3		
Common Reed Bunting	<i>Emberiza schoeniclus</i>	10		5	2	2	5	2	

Mammals (LO=Leader only, h=heard only, bd=bat detector, s=signs seen, d=dead)

Common name	Scientific name	trip	May 2023							
			13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
<b>Mammals:</b>										
European Mole	<i>Talpa europaea</i>	✓		s	s	s	s		s	s
Northern White-breasted Hedgehog	<i>Erinaceus roumanicus</i>	✓	d				d	d	1	
Common Shrew	<i>Sorex araneus</i>	✓				d				
Schreibers's Bat	<i>Miniopterus schreibersii</i>	LO							bd	
Serotine	<i>Eptesicus serotinus</i>	LO							bd	
Western Barbastelle	<i>Barbastella barbastellus</i>	✓							bd	
Nathusius' Pipistrelle	<i>Pipistrellus nathusii</i>	LO							bd	
Soprano Pipistrelle	<i>Pipistrellus pygmaeus</i>	✓	bd							
Daubenton's Bat	<i>Myotis daubentonii</i>	✓	3						bd	
Common Noctule	<i>Nyctalus noctula</i>	✓	bd						bd	
European Hare	<i>Lepus europaeus</i>	✓		1				1	3	
Eurasian Beaver	<i>Castor fiber</i>	✓	3		s	1		s		
Eurasian Red Squirrel	<i>Sciurus vulgaris</i>	✓		2		1				
Bank Vole	<i>Chletrionomys glareolus</i>	✓		2						1
Vole sp.	<i>Microtus sp.</i>	✓				1				
Raccoon Dog - I	<i>Nyctereutes procyonoides</i>	✓				s?				
Grey Wolf	<i>Canis lupus</i>	✓			s	s				
Red Fox	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>	✓		2					1	
Badger	<i>Meles meles</i>	✓				s				
Stoat	<i>Mustela erminea</i>	LO							1	
Eurasian Elk	<i>Alces alces</i>	✓					1		1	
European Roe Deer	<i>Capreolus capreolus</i>	✓	3	10		3	1	2	3	
Red Deer	<i>Cervus elaphus</i>	✓		3		s		1	1	
European Bison	<i>Bison bonasus</i>	✓		s	2					

## Reptiles & Amphibians

Common name	Scientific name	May 2023							
		13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
<b>Reptiles:</b>									
Sand Lizard	<i>Lacerta agilis</i>				4		3		
Grass Snake	<i>Natrix natrix</i>		d		4			d	d
<b>Amphibians</b>									
European Fire-bellied Toad	<i>Bombina bombina</i>	✓✓							2h
Common Toad	<i>Bufo bufo</i>		2		d				
Green Toad	<i>Bufo viridis</i>							2h	
Eastern Tree Frog	<i>Hyla orientalis</i>	h	h						
Pool Frog	<i>Pelophylax lessonae</i>	5	1						
Edible Frog	<i>Pelophylax esculentus</i>	1	3						
A green frog	<i>Pelophylax sp.</i>			h	5		5	10	15
Common Frog	<i>Rana temporaria</i>		30		5				1

## Invertebrates

		May 2023							
Common name	Scientific name	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Butterflies:									
Clouded Apollo	<i>Parnassius mnemosyne</i>								5
Large White	<i>Pieris brassicae</i>				1				1
Green-veined White	<i>Pieris napi</i>	3	30	5	20		1		10
Small White	<i>Pieris rapae</i>			1	1				
Orange Tip	<i>Anthocharis cardamines</i>		10		10				2
Pale Clouded Yellow	<i>Colias</i> cfr. <i>hyale</i>			1					1
Brimstone	<i>Gonepteryx rhamni</i>		5	1	3				10
Wood White	<i>Leptidea</i> cfr. <i>sinapis</i>		5	1	3				1
Green Hairstreak	<i>Callophrys rubi</i>								3
Small Copper	<i>Lycaena phlaeas</i>				1				2
Sooty Copper	<i>Lycaena tityrus</i>				2				5
Short-tailed Blue	<i>Cupido argiades</i>				1				
Camberwell Beauty	<i>Nymphalis antiopa</i>		1						2
Peacock Butterfly	<i>Aglais io</i>	1	1	1	2				
Small Tortoiseshell	<i>Aglais urticae</i>		1						
Red Admiral	<i>Vanessa atalanta</i>		1						
Comma	<i>Polygonia c-album</i>				2				
Map Butterfly	<i>Araschnia levana</i>		3	1	10				3
Weaver's Fritillary	<i>Boloria dia</i>				2				
Small Heath	<i>Coenonympha pamphilus</i>				1				10
Wall Brown	<i>Lasiommata megera</i>								2
Speckled Wood	<i>Pararge aegeria</i>		5	1	5		5		1
Dingy Skipper	<i>Erynnis tages</i>								2
Chequered Skipper	<i>Carterocephalus palaemon</i>				3				1
Moths:									
Tau Emperor	<i>Aglia tau</i>		5						
Pebble Hook-tip	<i>Drepana falcataria</i>						1		
Latticed Heath	<i>Chiasmia clathrata</i>		2	1	2		10		
Dingy Mocha	<i>Cyclophora pendularia</i>							1	
Common Heath	<i>Ematurgia atomaria</i>		1	3	5		1		
Common Carpet	<i>Epirrhoe alternata</i>						1		
Bilberry Emerald	<i>Jodis putata</i>				1				
Clouded Border	<i>Lomaspilis marginata</i>						1		
Brown Silver-Line	<i>Petrophora chlorosata</i>								1
Speckled Yellow	<i>Pseudopanthera macularia</i>				1				1
Lewes Wave	<i>Scopula immorata</i>								1
Blood-vein	<i>Timandra comae</i>							1	
Garden Carpet	<i>Xanthorhoe fluctuata</i>							1	
Garden Tiger	<i>Arctia caja</i>								c
Pale Tussock Moth	<i>Calliteara pudibunda</i>					1			
Purple Tiger	<i>Diacrisia purpurata</i>				c				
Burnet Companion	<i>Euclidia glyphica</i>						1		1
Buttoned Snout	<i>Hypena rostralis</i>							1	
Gypsy Moth	<i>Lymantria dispar</i>								c
Reed Dagger	<i>Acronicta albovenosa</i>							1	
Shears	<i>Hada plebeja</i>					1			
Small Yellow Underwing	<i>Panemeria tenebrata</i>		5	1	1				1



Common name	Scientific name	May 2023							
		13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Angle Shades	<i>Phlogophora meticulosa</i>								1
Common Roller	<i>Ancylis badiana</i>				1				
Marsh Marigold Moth	<i>Micropterix calthella</i>					1			
c=caterpillar									
<b>Dragonflies:</b>									
Common Winter Damselfly	<i>Sympecma fusca</i>		2	1			2		5
Siberian Winter Damselfly	<i>Sympecma paedisca</i>	50							
Banded Demoiselle	<i>Calopteryx splendens</i>								10
White-legged Damselfly	<i>Platycnemis pennipes</i>		1						3
Variable Damselfly	<i>Coenagrion pulchellum</i>	10	3	30	1		20		20
Blue-tailed Damselfly	<i>Ischnura elegans</i>	1							10
Large Red Damselfly	<i>Pyrrhosoma nymphula</i>						2		
Hairy Dragonfly	<i>Brachytron pratense</i>						3		1
Club-tailed Dragonfly	<i>Gomphus vulgatissimus</i>				1				
Downy Emerald	<i>Cordulia aenea</i>	1	2	3					1
Yellow-spotted White-faced Darter	<i>Leucorrhinia pectoralis</i>			1			1		
Four-spotted Chaser	<i>Libellula quadrimaculata</i>	5	1						10
<b>Other insects:</b>									
European Field Cricket	<i>Gryllus campestris</i>			h	✓				
Dark Bush-cricket	<i>Pholidoptera griseoptera</i>				1				
A green bush-cricket	<i>Tettigonia</i> sp.			✓	✓				
Northern Fruit Bug	<i>Carpocoris fuscispinus</i>							1	
Dock Bug	<i>Coreus marginatus</i>								1
Painted Bug	<i>Eurydema dominulus</i>				✓				
A pond skater	<i>Gerris</i> sp.		✓		✓				
Striped Shield Bug	<i>Graphosoma italicum</i>		1						1
European Firebug	<i>Pyrrhocoris apterus</i>		✓						
Spotted Firebug	<i>Corizus hyoscyami</i>								1
An assassin bug	<i>Rhynocoris annulatus</i>								1
A beetle	<i>Staphylinus erythropterus</i>		1						
A green lacewing	<i>Chrysoperla</i> sp.				1				
An alderfly	<i>Sialis</i> sp.	✓							
Common European Scorpionfly	<i>Panorpa communis</i>			1	1				
Mottled Sedge Caddisfly	<i>Glyptotendipes pellucidus</i>							✓	
A caddisfly	<i>Hydropsyche</i> sp.				1				
A caddisfly	<i>Limnephilus</i> sp.		1						
A robber fly	<i>Asilidae</i> sp.			1					
Yellow-girdled Brusheye	<i>Dasysyrphus tricinctus</i>								1
Yellow-haired Sun Fly	<i>Myathropa florea</i>		1						
A bog fly	<i>Parhelophilus</i> sp.						1		
Orange-marked Crane fly	<i>Ptychoptera</i> cfr. <i>contaminata</i>						1		
Wood Snipe fly	<i>Rhagio annulatus</i>						1		
A dung fly	<i>Scathophaga</i> sp.						1		
A drone fly	<i>Temnostoma bombylans</i>								1
Ashy Mining Bee	<i>Andrena cineraria</i>				1				
Honey Bee	<i>Apis mellifera</i>		✓						
Bohemian Cuckoo Bumble Bee	<i>Bombus</i> cfr. <i>bohemicus</i>			1	1				

Common name	Scientific name	May 2023							
		13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Tree Bumble Bee	<i>Bombus hypnorum</i>								1
An ant	<i>Formica</i> sp.			✓			✓		✓
A paper wasp	<i>Polistes nimpha</i>				2				
Hornet	<i>Vespa crabro</i>		2						
A sawfly	<i>Tenthredo campestris</i>								1
Alder Leaf Beetle	<i>Agelastica alni</i>				2				
A click beetle	<i>Agrypnus murinus</i>						1		
A round fungus beetle	<i>Anisotoma</i> sp.		✓						
Woodland Dor Beetle	<i>Anoplotrupes stercorosus</i>		1		1				
Rustic Sailor Beetle	<i>Cantharis rustica</i>			1	1				
Bronze Ground Beetle	<i>Carabus nemoralis</i>							1	
Knotgrass Leaf Beetle	<i>Chrysolina polita</i>		1						
Northern Dune Tiger Beetle	<i>Cicindela hybrida</i>								1
A leaf beetle	<i>Donacia cinerea</i>		1						
A whirligig beetle	<i>Gyrinus</i> sp.		✓		✓				
Asian Lady-bird	<i>Harmonia axyridis</i>						1		
Lesser Silver Water Beetle	<i>Hydrochara caraboides</i>							1	
Common Cockchafer	<i>Melolontha melolontha</i>					✓	✓		✓
A longhorn beetle	<i>Mesosa curculionoides</i>				1				
A false blister beetle	Oedemeridae sp.								1
A leaf beetle	<i>Plagiosterna aenea</i>			1	1				
A longhorn beetle	<i>Pogonocherus hispidus</i>	1							
A rove beetle	<i>Staphylinus erythropterus</i>		1						
Apple Blossom Beetle	<i>Tropinota hirta</i>				1				1
<b>Other invertebrates:</b>									
Ant Comb-footed Spider	<i>Asagena phalerata</i>			1					
A fishing spider	<i>Dolomedes</i> cfr. <i>fimbriatus</i>		1					1	
A jumping spider	<i>Evarcha arcuata</i>				1				
Furrow Orbweaver	<i>Larinioides cornutus</i>								1
An orbweaver	<i>Larinioides ixobolus</i>							✓	
Old World Dome Sheetweaver	<i>Neriere montana</i>								1
A wolf spider	<i>Pardosa</i> sp.				1				
A running crab spider	<i>Philodromus</i> sp.								1
A cellar spider	<i>Pholcus</i> sp.							1	
European Nursery Web Spider	<i>Pisaura mirabilis</i>				1		✓	1	1
A long-jawed orbweaver	<i>Tetragnatha</i> sp.			1			2		2
Swamp Crab Spider	<i>Xysticus ulmi</i>				1				
Spring Harvestman	<i>Rilaena triangularis</i>				1				2
A pill millipede	<i>Glomeris tetrasticha</i>							1	
Brickwork Woodlouse	<i>Porcellio spinicornis</i>							1	1
Copse Snail	<i>Arianta arbustorum</i>	✓			✓	✓			
A slug	<i>Arion</i> sp.							✓	
Brown-lipped Snail	<i>Cepaea nemoralis</i>	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	
Roman Snail	<i>Helix pomatia</i>	✓			✓	✓		✓	
Leopard Slug	<i>Limax maximus</i>							1	1
Great Pond Snail	<i>Lymnaea stagnalis</i>							✓	✓
Common European Ambersnail	<i>Succinea putris</i>		✓		✓				

## Plants

Latin name	English name	Family	Day	Location
<b>BRYOPHYTES</b>	<b>MOSSES</b>			
<i>Brachythecium rutabulum</i>	Rough-stalked Feather-Moss	Brachytheciaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Calliergonaceae</i> sp.	A spear moss	Calliergonaceae	6	Biebrza marshes
<i>Dicranus</i> sp.	A fork-moss	Dicranaceae	5	Białowieża forest
<i>Grimmia</i> cfr. <i>pulvinata</i>	Grey-cushioned <i>Grimmia</i>	Grimmiaceae	4	Białowieża forest
<i>Racomitrium</i> sp.	A rock moss	Grimmiaceae	4	Narew
<i>Hylocomium splendens</i>	Stairstep Moss	Hylocomiaceae	3	Białowieża forest
<i>Pleurozium schreberi</i>	Red-stemmed Feather Moss	Hylocomiaceae	3	Białowieża forest
<i>Rhytidiadelphus squarrosus</i>	Square Gooseneck Moss	Hylocomiaceae	4	Białowieża forest
<i>Hypnum cupressiforme</i>	Cypress-leaved Plait-Moss	Hypnaceae	4	Białowieża forest
<i>Plagiomnium undulatum</i>	Palm-tree Moss	Mniaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Polytrichum formosum</i>	Bank Haircap Moss	Polytrichaceae	5	Białowieża forest
<i>Polytrichum juniperinum</i>	Juniper Haircap Moss	Polytrichaceae	5	Białowieża forest
<b>PTERIDOPHYTES</b>	<b>FERNS &amp; ALLIES</b>			
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i>	Common Bracken	Dennstaedtiaceae	3	Cisówka
<i>Dryopteris filix-mas</i>	Male Fern	Dryopteridaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Equisetum arvense</i>	Field Horsetail	Equisetaceae	1	Dojlidy
<i>Equisetum fluviatile</i>	Water Horsetail	Equisetaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Equisetum pratense</i>	Meadow Horsetail	Equisetaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Equisetum sylvaticum</i>	Wood Horsetail	Equisetaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Thelypteris palustris</i>	Marsh Fern	Thelypteridaceae	5	Biebrza marshes
<b>GYMNOSPERMS</b>	<b>CONIFERS</b>			
<i>Juniperus communis</i>	Common Juniper	Cupressaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Picea abies</i>	Spruce	Pinaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>	Scots Pine	Pinaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<b>ANGIOSPERMS</b>	<b>FLOWERING PLANTS</b>			
<b>Dicots</b>	<b>Dicotyledons</b>			
<i>Aegopodium podagraria</i>	Goutweed	Apiaceae	2	Białowieża forest (leaves)
<i>Anthriscus sylvestris</i>	Cow Parsley	Apiaceae	1	Dojlidy
<i>Chaerophyllum hirsutum</i>	Hairy Chervil	Apiaceae	4	Białowieża forest
<i>Daucus carota</i>	Wild Carrot	Apiaceae	3	Białowieża forest (dead stems)
<i>Vinca minor</i>	Lesser Periwinkle	Apocynaceae	1	Dojlidy
<i>Asarum europaeum</i>	Asarabacca	Aristolochiaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Alnus glutinosa</i>	Black Alder	Betulaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Betula pendula</i>	Silver Birch	Betulaceae	6	Biebrza marshes
<i>Carpinus betulus</i>	Hornbeam	Betulaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Corylus avellana</i>	Hazel	Betulaceae	2	Białowieża forest

Latin name	English name	Family	Day	Location
<i>Berberis vulgaris</i>	European Barberry	Berberidaceae	6	Biebrza marshes
<i>Anchusa arvensis</i>	Small Bugloss	Boraginaceae	7	Tykocin
<i>Anchusa officinalis</i>	Common Alkanet	Boraginaceae	4	Janowo
<i>Buglossoides arvensis</i>	Corn Gromwell	Boraginaceae	7	Tykocin
<i>Myosotis sparsiflora</i>	A forget-me-not	Boraginaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Myosotis</i> cfr. <i>sylvatica</i>	Wood Forget-me-not	Boraginaceae	2	Białowieża
<i>Symphytum officinale</i>	Common Comfrey	Boraginaceae	1	Dojlidy
<i>Alliaria petiolata</i>	Garlic Mustard	Brassicaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Alyssum</i> cfr. <i>alyssoides</i>	Small Alison	Brassicaceae	3	Siemianówka lake
<i>Arabidopsis</i> cfr. <i>arenosa</i>	Sand Rock-cress	Brassicaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Barbarea</i> cfr. <i>vulgaris</i>	Bittercress	Brassicaceae	4	Białowieża forest
<i>Berteroa incana</i>	Hoary Alyssum	Brassicaceae	3	Siemianówka lake
<i>Bunias orientalis</i>	Warty-cabbage	Brassicaceae	7	Biebrza marshes
<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>	Shepherd's-Purse	Brassicaceae	1	Dojlidy
<i>Cardamine amara</i>	Large Bittercress	Brassicaceae	1	Dojlidy
<i>Cardamine bulbifera</i>	Bulbous Bittercress	Brassicaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Cardamine flexuosa</i>	Wavy Bittercress	Brassicaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Cardamine pratensis</i>	Lady's Smock or Cuckoo Flower	Brassicaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Rorippa amphibia</i>	Amphibious Yellowcress	Brassicaceae	8	Biebrza marshes
<i>Thlaspi</i> cfr. <i>arvense</i>	Field Penny-Cress	Brassicaceae	7	Biebrza marshes
<i>Humulus lupulus</i>	Common Hops	Cannabaceae	1	Dojlidy
<i>Knautia arvensis</i>	Field Scabious	Caprifoliaceae	2	Białowieża
<i>Valerianella locusta</i>	Common Cornsalad	Caprifoliaceae	4	Narewka
<i>Cerastium arvense</i>	Field Chickweed	Caryophyllaceae	7	Tykocin
<i>Cerastium holosteoides</i>	Common Mouse-ear Chickweed	Caryophyllaceae	3	Siemianówka lake
<i>Moehringia trinervia</i>	Three-nerved Sandwort	Caryophyllaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Rabdera holostea</i>	Greater Stitchwort	Caryophyllaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Silene flos-cuculi</i>	Ragged-robin	Caryophyllaceae	4	Janowo
<i>Stellaria media</i>	Common Chickweed	Caryophyllaceae	3	Siemianówka lake
<i>Stellaria nemorum</i>	Wood Stitchwort	Caryophyllaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Euonymus europaeus</i>	Spindle	Celastraceae	3	Siemianówka lake
<i>Euonymus verrucosus</i>	Warty-barked Spindle	Celastraceae	3	Siemianówka lake
<i>Achillea</i> cfr. <i>millefolium</i>	Yarrow	Compositae (Asteraceae)	3	Siemianówka lake (leaves)
<i>Anthemis</i> cfr. <i>arvensis</i>	Corn Chamomile	Compositae (Asteraceae)	7	Biebrza marshes
<i>Arctium</i> sp.	A burdock	Compositae (Asteraceae)	1	Dojlidy (leaves)
<i>Artemisia</i> cfr. <i>absinthium</i>	Absinthe Wormwood	Compositae (Asteraceae)	3	Siemianówka lake (leaves)
<i>Bellis perennis</i>	Daisy	Compositae (Asteraceae)	1	Dojlidy
<i>Centaurea cyanus</i>	Cornflower	Compositae (Asteraceae)	7	Tykocin
<i>Cirsium rivulare</i>	Brook Thistle	Compositae (Asteraceae)	4	Narewka
<i>Cirsium vulgare</i>	Bull Thistle	Compositae (Asteraceae)	3	Białowieża forest (leaves)
<i>Pilosella</i> cfr. <i>officinatum</i>	Mouse-eared Hawkweed	Compositae (Asteraceae)	3	Siemianówka lake
<i>Senecio</i> sp. <i>vernalis</i>	Eastern Groundsel	Compositae (Asteraceae)	5	Narewka
<i>Senecio vulgaris</i>	Common Groundsel	Compositae (Asteraceae)	7	Biebrza marshes

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<i>Tanacetum vulgare</i>	Tansy	Compositae (Asteraceae)	2	Białowieża forest (leaves)
<i>Taraxacum</i> cfr. <i>officinale</i>	Common Dandelion	Compositae (Asteraceae)	1	Dojlidy
<i>Cornus sanguinea</i>	Common Dogwood	Cornaceae	4	Białowieża forest
<i>Sedum acre</i>	Biting Stonecrop	Crassulaceae	3	Siemianówka lake (leaves)
<i>Calluna vulgaris</i>	Common Heather	Ericaceae	4	Białowieża forest (leaves)
<i>Vaccinium myrtillus</i>	Bilberry	Ericaceae	3	Siemianówka lake
<i>Vaccinium vitis-idaea</i>	Lingonberry	Ericaceae	3	Białowieża forest (leaves)
<i>Euphorbia cyparissias</i>	Cypress Spurge	Euphorbiaceae	4	Białowieża forest
<i>Euphorbia saratoi</i>	Boissier's Spurge	Euphorbiaceae	3	Siemianówka lake
<i>Mercurialis perennis</i>	Dog's Mercury	Euphorbiaceae	2	Białowieża forest (leaves)
<i>Quercus robur</i>	Pendunculate Oak	Fagaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Erodium cicutarium</i>	Redstem Stork's-Bill	Geraniaceae	7	Biebrza marshes
<i>Geranium</i> cfr. <i>pyrenaicum</i>	Hedgerow Crane's-Bill	Geraniaceae	2	Białowieża
<i>Geranium robertianum</i>	Herb Robert	Geraniaceae	8	Biebrza marshes
<i>Geranium sylvaticum</i>	Wood Crane's-bill	Geraniaceae	4	Białowieża forest
<i>Ribes</i> cfr. <i>spicatum</i>	Downy Currant	Grossulariaceae	3	Siemianówka lake
<i>Ajuga reptans</i>	Bugle	Lamiaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Glechoma hederacea</i>	Ground-ivy	Lamiaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Lamiastrum galeobdolon</i>	Yellow Archangel	Lamiaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Lamium album</i>	White Deadnettle	Lamiaceae	1	Dojlidy
<i>Lamium maculatum</i>	Spotted Deadnettle	Lamiaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Lamium purpureum</i>	Red Dead-nettle	Lamiaceae	1	Dojlidy
<i>Mentha aquatica</i>	Watermint	Lamiaceae	2	Białowieża (leaves)
<i>Chamaecytisus ruthenicus</i>	A broom	Leguminosae (Fabaceae)	3	Białowieża forest
<i>Lathyrus vernus</i>	Spring Vetchling	Leguminosae (Fabaceae)	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Trifolium repens</i>	White Clover	Leguminosae (Fabaceae)	4	Narewka
<i>Vicia sepium</i>	Bush Vetch	Leguminosae (Fabaceae)	1	Dojlidy
<i>Tilia cordata</i>	Small-leaved Lime	Malvaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Menyanthes trifoliata</i>	Bogbean	Menyanthaceae	5	Biebrza marshes
<i>Syringa vulgaris</i>	Common Lilac	Oleaceae	5	Biebrza marshes
<i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	Common Ash	Oleaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Chamaenerion angustifolium</i>	Rosebay Willowherb	Onagraceae	3	Siemianówka lake (leaves)
<i>Oenothera</i> sp.	An evening-primrose	Onagraceae	6	Biebrza marshes (dead stems)
<i>Lathraea squamaria</i>	Toothwort	Orobanchaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Melampyrum nemorosum</i>	Wood Cow-wheat	Orobanchaceae	8	Biebrza marshes
<i>Oxalis acetosella</i>	Wood-sorrel	Oxalidaceae	2	Białowieża forest (leaves)
<i>Chelidonium majus</i>	Greater Celandine	Papaveraceae	1	Dojlidy
<i>Roemeria argemone</i>	Prickly Poppy	Papaveraceae	5	Narewka
<i>Plantago lanceolata</i>	Ribwort Plantain	Plantaginaceae	3	Siemianówka lake
<i>Plantago major</i>	Greater Plantain	Plantaginaceae	2	Osove
<i>Veronica arvensis</i>	Corn Speedwell	Plantaginaceae	3	Siemianówka lake
<i>Veronica beccabunga</i>	Brooklime	Plantaginaceae	2	Białowieża forest (leaves)
<i>Veronica chamaedrys</i>	Germander Speedwell	Plantaginaceae	1	Dojlidy
<i>Veronica officinalis</i>	Common Gypsyweed	Plantaginaceae	3	Siemianówka lake (leaves)

Latin name	English name	Family	Day	Location
<i>Veronica serpyllifolia</i>	Thyme-leaved Speedwell	Plantaginaceae	2	Białowieża
<i>Bistorta officinalis</i>	Common Bistort	Polygonaceae	4	Janowo
<i>Rumex cfr. acetosa</i>	Common Sorrel	Polygonaceae	4	Narew
<i>Rumex hydrolapathum</i>	Water Dock	Polygonaceae	6	Biebrza marshes
<i>Hottonia palustris</i>	Water Violet	Primulaceae	6	Biebrza marshes
<i>Lysimachia europaea</i>	Chickweed-wintergreen	Primulaceae	3	Siemianówka lake
<i>Lysimachia nummularia</i>	Creeping Jenny	Primulaceae	8	Biebrza marshes
<i>Primula veris</i>	Cowslip	Primulaceae	3	Białowieża forest
<i>Anemonoides nemorosa</i>	Wood Anemone	Ranunculaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Anemonoides ranunculoides</i>	Yellow Anemone	Ranunculaceae	2	Białowieża forest (leaves)
<i>Caltha palustris</i>	Marsh Marigold	Ranunculaceae	4	Białowieża forest
<i>Hepatica nobilis</i>	Hepatica	Ranunculaceae	2	Białowieża forest (leaves)
<i>Isopyrum thalictroides</i>	Rue-leaved Isopyrum	Ranunculaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Ranunculus acris</i>	Meadow Buttercup	Ranunculaceae	1	Dojlidy
<i>Ranunculus cfr. aquatilis</i>	Common Water-crowfoot	Ranunculaceae	6	Biebrza marshes
<i>Ranunculus lanuginosus</i>	Woolly Buttercup	Ranunculaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Ranunculus repens</i>	Creeping Buttercup	Ranunculaceae	3	Siemianówka lake
<i>Ranunculus sceleratus</i>	Cursed Crowfoot	Ranunculaceae	8	Biebrza marshes
<i>Thalictrum cfr. lutea</i>	Common Meadow-rue	Ranunculaceae	4	Białowieża forest (leaves)
<i>Alchemilla sp.</i>	A lady's-mantle	Rosaceae	4	Narewka
<i>Comarum palustre</i>	Marsh Cinquefoil	Rosaceae	6	Biebrza marshes (leaves)
<i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	Hawthorn	Rosaceae	7	Biebrza marshes
<i>Filipendula ulmaria</i>	Meadowsweet	Rosaceae	3	Białowieża forest (leaves)
<i>Fragaria vesca</i>	Wild Strawberry	Rosaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Geum rivale</i>	Water Avens	Rosaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Malus sp.</i>	An apple tree	Rosaceae	2	Osowe
<i>Potentilla argentea</i>	Silvery Cinquefoil	Rosaceae	3	Siemianówka lake
<i>Prunus padus</i>	Bird Cherry	Rosaceae	1	Dojlidy
<i>Rubus idaeus</i>	Red Raspberry	Rosaceae	3	Białowieża forest (leaves)
<i>Sorbus aucuparia</i>	Rowan	Rosaceae	3	Siemianówka lake
<i>Cruciata laevipes</i>	Crosswort	Rubiaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Galium aparine</i>	Catchweed Bedstraw	Rubiaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Galium odoratum</i>	Sweet Woodruff	Rubiaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Populus × canescens</i>	Grey Poplar	Salicaceae	1	Dojlidy
<i>Populus nigra</i>	Aspen	Salicaceae	1	Warsaw
<i>Populus tremula</i>	European Aspen	Salicaceae	3	Siemianówka lake
<i>Salix alba</i>	White Willow	Salicaceae	8	Biebrza marshes
<i>Salix cinerea</i>	Grey Willow	Salicaceae	1	Dojlidy
<i>Salix euxina</i>	Crack Willow	Salicaceae	1	Dojlidy
<i>Salix myrsinifolia</i>	Dark-leaved Willow	Salicaceae	3	Siemianówka lake
<i>Salix purpurea</i>	Purple Willow	Salicaceae	1	Dojlidy
<i>Thesium ebracteatum</i>	A bastard-toadflax	Santalaceae	4	Białowieża forest
<i>Viscum album</i>	Common Mistletoe	Santalaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Acer negundo</i>	Box Elder	Sapindaceae	1	Dojlidy
<i>Acer platanoides</i>	Norway Maple	Sapindaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Aesculus hippocastanum</i>	Horse Chestnut	Sapindaceae	2	Białowieża (planted)
<i>Chrysosplenium alternifolium</i>	Alternate-leaved Golden Saxifrage	Saxifragaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Daphne mezereum</i>	Mezereum	Thymelaeaceae	2	Białowieża forest (leaves)

Latin name	English name	Family	Day	Location
<i>Urtica dioica</i>	Great Stinging Nettle	Urticaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Sambucus nigra</i>	Elder	Viburnaceae	1	Dojlidy
<i>Viburnum opulus</i>	Guelder Rose	Viburnaceae	8	Biebrza marshes
<i>Viola arvensis</i>	European Field Pansy	Violaceae	3	Siemianówka lake
<i>Viola</i> cfr. <i>reichenbachiana</i>	Early Dog-violet	Violaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Viola</i> cfr. <i>canina</i>	Heath Dog Violet	Violaceae	4	Białowieża forest
<i>Viola</i> cfr. <i>tricolor</i>	Wild Pansy	Violaceae	4	Narew
<b>Monocots</b>	<b>Monocotyledons</b>			
<i>Alisma plantago-aquatica</i>	European Water-Plantain	Alismataceae	6	Biebrza marshes
<i>Allium ursinum</i>	Ramsons	Amaryllidaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Lemna</i> sp.	A duckweed	Araceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Convallaria majalis</i>	Lily-of-the-Valley	Asparagaceae	4	Białowieża forest
<i>Maianthemum biflorum</i>	May Lily	Asparagaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Ornithogalum</i> sp.	A star-of-Bethlehem	Asparagaceae	1	Dojlidy
<i>Polygonatum multiflorum</i>	Solomon's Seal	Asparagaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Carex acuta</i>	Slender Tufted-Sedge	Cyperaceae	4	Białowieża forest
<i>Carex</i> cfr. <i>acutiformis</i>	Lesser Pond Sedge	Cyperaceae	1	Dojlidy
<i>Carex appropinquata</i>	Fibrous Tussock-Sedge	Cyperaceae	7	Biebrza marshes
<i>Carex cespitosa</i>	Hassock-Grass	Cyperaceae	4	Białowieża forest
<i>Carex hirta</i>	Hairy Sedge	Cyperaceae	8	Biebrza marshes
<i>Carex nigra</i>	Smooth Black Sedge	Cyperaceae	6	Biebrza marshes
<i>Iris pseudacorus</i>	Yellow Iris	Iridaceae	6	Biebrza marshes
<i>Luzula</i> cfr. <i>campestris</i>	Field Woodrush	Juncaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Fritillaria meleagris</i>	Snake's-head Fritillary	Liliaceae	7	Biebrza marshes (fruits)
<i>Nuphar lutea</i>	Yellow Water-lily	Nymphaeaceae	2	Białowieża
<i>Dactylorhiza majalis</i>	Broad-leaved Marsh Orchid	Orchidaceae	4	Narew
<i>Alopecurus</i> cfr. <i>pratensis</i>	Golden Foxtail Grass	Poaceae	1	Dojlidy
<i>Dactylis glomerata</i>	Orchard Grass	Poaceae	8	Biebrza marshes
<i>Festuca</i> cfr. <i>rubra</i>	Red Fescue	Poaceae	8	Biebrza marshes
<i>Melica nutans</i>	Mountain Melick	Poaceae	8	Biebrza marshes
<i>Phragmites australis</i>	Common Reed	Poaceae	1	Dojlidy
<i>Poa</i> cfr. <i>trivialis</i>	Rough Meadow-grass	Poaceae	1	Dojlidy
<i>Potamogeton nodosus</i>	Longleaf Pondweed	Potamogetonaceae	4	Białowieża forest
<i>Typha</i> cfr. <i>latifolia</i>	Broadleaf Cattail	Typhaceae	1	Dojlidy
<b>Agaricomycetes</b>	<b>FUNGI</b>			
<i>Fomitopsis pinicola</i>	Red-banded Polypore	Fomitopsidaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Apioperdon pyriforme</i>	Pear-shaped Puffball	Lycoperdaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Fomes fomentarius</i>	Hoof Fungus	Polyporaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<b>Lecanoromycetes</b>	<b>LICHENS</b>			
<i>Cladonia coniocraea</i>	Common Powderhorn	Cladoniaceae	3	Białowieża forest
<i>Cladonia digitata</i>	Finger Cup Lichen	Cladoniaceae	4	Białowieża forest
<i>Cladonia rangiferina</i>	Gray Reindeer Lichen	Cladoniaceae	4	Białowieża forest

Latin name	English name	Family	Day	Location
<i>Evernia prunastri</i>	Oakmoss	Parmeliaceae	3	Białowieża forest
<i>Hypogymnia physodes</i>	Hooded Tube Lichen	Parmeliaceae	3	Białowieża forest
<i>Parmelia sulcata</i>	Shield Lichen	Parmeliaceae	2	Białowieża forest
<i>Xanthoria parietina</i>	Common Sunburst Lichen	Teloschistaceae	2	Białowieża forest



Yellow-spotted White-faced Darter



Roe Deer