

Sweden's Upland Birds

Naturetrek Tour Report

27 May - 3 June 2010



Naturetrek 2010 Group (above & below)



Report and images compiled by Colin Richardson



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Day 1

Thursday 27th May

London Stansted to Västerås and then on to Svartådalen (Black River Valley) 15°C

A late morning flight brought us to Västerås in a very pleasant southern Sweden shortly after 2pm. Daniel Green, our local expert and guide met us at the airport and after helping us to load the 9-seater buses he took us around the corner to watch a Penduline Tit attending a nest., a great start to our tour. Other birds present on the nearby lake included Great Crested Grebe, Greylag, Common Tern and Common Gull.

Over the bridge we drove into a forested park known as Björnön, where a walk in the mixed forest provided a couple of nice pale-headed Scandinavian race Long-tailed Tits. Other common birds heard, and occasionally glimpsed, included Great Spotted and Green Woodpeckers, Mistle Thrush, Willow Warbler, Common Whitethroat, Spotted Flycatcher and Chaffinch, and as we reached the lake we heard Sedge Warblers and many Eurasian Reed Warblers plus the loud scratchy call of a Great Reed-Warbler which then obligingly perched up on a reed stem. Several Marsh Harriers and an Osprey were also seen, before we returned to the buses to enjoy a late, but well appreciated lunch at a picnic table near the information centre.

We headed north, stopping in a leafy lane where Corncrake had been heard in recent days. No success with the 'crake but we had our first obliging Eurasian Jay and a couple more Marsh Harriers.

We halted at a large permanent flooded meadow, in the Svartådalen where we added many new wetland species to our list, including Wigeon and Goldeneye, and a Common Crane flew gracefully in to view, the first of dozens we would see in the coming days. At Skultuna we drove deep into the forest arriving at a big meadow in a clearing. It was early evening and mysteriously we found other photographers massing for some known spectacle. We scanned the area, spotting some Whinchats and then a Woodcock flew over. Suddenly a Great Grey Owl appeared as if from nowhere and perched on a large fence post. It was huge, 50% larger than a buzzard, and it kept turning its head almost full circle in search of prey, then slowly flying on broad wings to other strategic perches. We spent some time 'scoping, photographing and videoing this fantastic bird, until it moved out of view as the light dropped. We were delighted to have caught up with one of our main target birds.

It was time to leave and check in to our hotel the Salbohedsgården in the Black River Valley. The comfortable accommodation chalets were set in a pine forest full of bird song, and even before we reached our rooms we seemed to be surrounded by the calls of Fieldfares, Siskins and Pied Flycatchers and the drumming of Great Spotted Woodpeckers. We were rather late for dinner so immediately after showering we met in the restaurant and enjoyed our first experience of excellent Swedish home-cooking. After dinner we all looked forward to a good night's sleep, perhaps to dream of more exciting owl experiences. But today would take some beating!

Day 2

Friday 28th May

Salbohed to Lake Siljan 16°C

At 6.15am we set off in search of woodpeckers. It was a warm sunny morning and we stopped briefly at a lake and flooded meadow at Fläckebo, where some good birds were on show. We were busy watching Whooper Swan, Black Terns and Common Snipe when a distant White-tailed Eagle came into view, but not for long. So, we moved on to the Bergslagen Forest to meet our woodpecker guide Michael. We drove in convoy through the forest, being teased by a brief view of a Moose amongst the birches, before stopping at a place where a fire had destroyed most of the undergrowth and left many dead trees - ideal habitat for our target species we were told. After an interesting walk through the forest, which was full of Willow Warblers and Common Crossbills, we returned to the vehicles, and waited. Michael loudly played his tape and almost immediately a Three-toed Woodpecker flew out of the forest and landed on a tall dead stump in front of us, giving great prolonged views.

It was time for our packed breakfast of coffee and muffins, before heading for the Färna Ekopark, to take a walk along the forest trail. We heard the calls of several species of woodpecker, while admiring Camberwell Beauty and Northern Chequered Skipper, and some interesting dragonflies, but not so many birds. Then we drove to another section of forest, with Michael in the lead, and as he strode off into the forest we followed, and soon we were gazing up at a Tengmalm's Owl in a nest box. What an excellent place!

The other woodpeckers were proving somewhat elusive, so we drove out of the forest and stopped for a late lunch at a picnic site beside Långbjörken, one of many lakes in the valley. While enjoying a great picnic of salad, meats and savoury rice we watched Black-throated Divers, Canada Goose, and other waterfowl. A Honey Buzzard made a brief appearance, but it was soon lost behind a ridge.

We returned to our hotel to pack up, load up and depart for a 4.15pm rendezvous at Sala with two dedicated local conservationists. These two brothers had made it their task to encourage owls in the area by putting up nest boxes, monitoring their use and ringing the chicks.

Today, we were accompanying them to a couple of Ural Owl boxes and sure enough at the first we saw three chicks and the mother, who watched this intrusion anxiously from a nearby perch, occasionally swooping close to their heads to make it clear how unhappy she was. Meanwhile several Woodcocks flew over, their slow-motion flight accentuated by the fading light. At the next nest box, there were similar antics by the mother, although she kept herself more hidden in the pines. The chicks were an amazing sight and didn't seem to mind being examined, and plonked back into their nest boxes. Later the brothers showed us claw marks on their backs where they had been caught unawares by this very aggressive and protective owl!

We had a long drive to make, so we set off northwest towards Lake Siljan, arriving at the Tälbergsgården Hotel at around 9.00pm.

Day 3

Saturday 29th May

Lake Siljan to Funäsdalen 8°C

We set off at 8.00am and our first stop was at Lake Glysjön for coffee. There was a nice boardwalk leading to a hide overlooking a reedy lake. There were lots of waterfowl, Common Cranes, a displaying Greenshank and several Little Gulls. A Slavonian Grebe stuck its head up briefly but it was only seen by Colin and Lee. We did have good views of Willow Tits as we finished our coffee. Onward and the next excitement was a male Capercaillie which wandered across the road, showing quite well even as it walked through the adjacent woodland.

We climbed steadily higher and soon arrived at Fulufjället National Park shortly after midday. This was to be one of the highlights of our tour. The weather was showery, but we started our 2 hour walk, strolling up the track towards Sweden's highest waterfall, at 93 metres. On the way, we saw Raven, Brambling and many other woodland species seen on previous days. We halted at a place with a great view of the waterfall, and Daniel spotted a large falcon flying across the face of the escarpment. It landed and we all found ourselves gazing at a Gyrfalcon - it was an excellent discovery. Soon it moved to its ledge nest site, and two chicks were seen and then after some time its mate finally joined it, a wonderful sight. Further on, at the base of the waterfall, we found Common Sandpiper, a fly-by Dipper, Grey Wagtail and had a fleeting view of a Ring Ouzel. Back at the buses, in spite of the rain showers we tucked into a gourmet picnic of fresh salmon with horseradish on crackers, a traditional Swedish dish. In spite of the drizzle, even a Brambling was on view singing brightly from a treetop.

We headed on north, and stopped briefly at the roadside to search for a Great Grey Shrike which had been perched on a tree beside the highway. It couldn't be relocated so we were soon on our way. A stop between Fulufjället and Tännäs found us at a series of upland lakes where we watched some more waterfowl, including our first Arctic Terns. Daniel showed us an unusual pile of sticks next to the river, shaped like a small igloo, which was a typical beaver lodge, but no beavers were in - this would come later! After another couple of hours drive we arrived at the ski resort of Funäsdalen and after spotting a Merlin fly past, we checked into our cosy rooms in the lodge at Skarvruets - complete with bathroom under-floor heating - and were soon sitting down to a fine dinner of reindeer ragout. It was still twilight, and we enjoyed stunning views of snow-capped mountains from the restaurant. It had been another memorable day.

Day 4

Sunday 30th May

Funäsdalen - Flatruet, in Härjedalen 4°C

An early start and off to the Flatruet plateau. But first we stopped at the far end of Funäsdalen to 'scope the lake. Here we saw a variety of waterbirds, including an unexpected drake Garganey, Goosander, Red-breasted Merganser, Eurasian Curlew and Common Redshank. A surprise find were two Common Scoters, in addition to the more likely Velvet Scoters. We started our ascent, stopping on the way at a lake, where we saw our first Willow Grouse and en route came across a female Capercaillie on the forest section of the road. Several Common Snipe flew up and then a small group of Golden Plover, all of which seemed quite at home in this habitat.

We drove steadily up the mountain, until we reached the snow line at the Flatruet plateau. It was a treeless boggy landscape, perfect for our target birds. We put on our wellies, woollie hats and gloves and headed out over the tundra. We had great views of several Lapland Buntings and experienced singing Greenshank and Wood Sandpiper, their trilling display an extraordinary contradiction to their winter behaviour. Then a Long-tailed Skua came into view hunting at low-level, a good sign if they were to breed on the moors as they needed a plentiful supply of lemmings. We would see it, or different birds, later. We put up several Dunlin and Common Redshank, before moving on to a well-known hut, where we established a base, sheltering in the lee of the building, before we scanned around expectantly. A herd of young Reindeer came into view, then some Bluethroat had been sighted nearby, so we all went in search, with some success. Next a pair of Red-necked Phalaropes was spotted feeding in a small pool, and became perfect subjects for those with cameras and video.

After lunch we took a long walk out on to the plateau, in the direction of a possible Long-tailed Duck seen on a distant pool, but it was not to be seen again. However we enjoyed the walk and the magical calls of Whimbrels and the fabulous display by a couple of male Ruff in full breeding plumage. The weather was fairly calm and in spite of the cold, many of us gained a suntan today! We travelled back down the hill, stopping in the Sami village of Fjällgarden to watch and photograph a Scandinavian Black-bellied Dipper from a bridge over a feeder river.

Back at the hotel, we were all tired and ready for an early night. A walk outside the hotel at dusk provided views of a pair of roding Woodcocks and raised the adrenalin level just slightly, but the Great Snipe adventure would have to wait until tomorrow.

Day 5

Monday 31st May

Around Funäsdalen - Flatruet - Skärkån - Storsjön Lake - Vagavgift Mountain 0°C - 13°C

We were out early and by 8.30am we were at a place in the woods we walked up and down the woodland track, finding only a Nuthatch, then Daniel brought out a massive Swedish sausage from his rucksack and cut off huge chunks before hooking them to small birch tree. 'Siberian Jays should be attracted to this larder!' he said confidently. We walked further and suddenly out of the thick forest a Siberian Jay flew, and curiously landed a metre from Dave's feet. Another appeared and we enjoyed their company for over half-an-hour, as the two birds flew back and forth grabbing food out of our hands or from the top of our woolly hats. What an amazing event!

We drove on up the hill, to look at a Sand Martin colony where we also saw a Reed Bunting and some Grey-headed Yellow Wagtails (*M. f. thunbergi*) feeding amongst cattle. As we drove further, we suddenly came upon a male Willow Grouse perching on a low branch beside the dirt track, a great view and what a photo opportunity! On to the Flatruet Plateau we stopped again beside the hut to watch the Reindeer and once again enjoy an encounter with a Long-tailed Skua. We headed on to the next river valley with a nice viewing bridge at the village of Skärkån. The meadow was full of feeding Fieldfares. We scanned the skies at this known stake-out and sure enough a couple of Golden Eagles came into view... but there was still no sign of Rough-legged Buzzard.

We drove on for an hour and reached the delta of Lake Storsjön, which provided us with our only Red-throated Diver apparently nesting on a grassy island, as were three Common Cranes, while several Little Gulls, Arctic Terns and a further 10 Red-necked Phalaropes were also on view. We picnicked nearby in a clearing with convenient tables and an adjacent raised hide. Then we headed further down river to a small peninsula jutting out into Storsjön Lake. Here was a church and a 'village pond' full of interesting birds, including two (possibly four) resplendent Slavonian Grebes, Tufted Duck and four Temminck's Stints. A walk around the headland gave us great views of the lake, with Black-throated Divers, two pairs of Scaup, Velvet Scoters, Tufted Duck, Goldeneye, Goosander and Red-breasted Merganser in attendance, while 12 Golden Plovers chased around us calling persistently, trying to get our attention.

On heading back to Funäsdalen we stopped again at Skärkån to look for Rough-legged Buzzard, without success, but we did obtain even better views of Golden Eagle. On arriving back at the hotel, we enjoyed a wonderful trout dinner, with milanese sauce and sautéed potatoes, before preparing for a long trek up the mountain to search for Great Snipe. We headed off at 8.30pm, and although we had been promised a short walk ('a couple of hundred metres') we actually walked a mile up the mountain along a narrow boardwalk and over bogs to search for the snipes' lekking place, described to Daniel by a colleague over his mobile phone! We saw Goosander, Redshank and many Woodcock flew over at regular intervals. A Black Grouse was flushed and a Bluethroat let out a burst of song and showed very briefly to some. We split up to widen the search, but after an hour as we were about to give up we suddenly hear the distant clicking of Great Snipe bills. They seemed to be only 50 yards in front of us and in the gathering gloom we scanned the tussocky grassland. What an amazing sight, we counted, 10, no 15, perhaps 20 male birds facing each other, chests raised and bills clacking, to show which ones were the dominant studs! This was a large assembly and it was a privilege to watch it, but as darkness came and some of us were quite tired, we made our way back to the car park and on to the hotel for a good night's sleep.

Day 6

Tuesday 1st June

Funäsdalen to Älvdalen (via Nipfjället) 7° - 20°C

We checked out of the Skarvruets Hotel, with a last look at the singing Redstart in the garden, and headed for a known Bluethroat nesting site... unfortunately the road was impassable so we headed into the Tännäs forest, with hopes of seeing Siberian Tit, but it was not to be. All the small birds spotted turned out to be Willow Tits...we spotted another Capercaillie and an Osprey and heard Wryneck, Chiffchaff (for the first time), Brambling and Yellowhammer. Off southwards, where a roadside stop still failed to reveal Siberian Tit but we enjoyed a coffee surrounded by Redwings and many more ubiquitous Fieldfares. We moved on through the forested areas and halted at a likely spot to look for woodpeckers and Siberian Tit, but after an interesting, though rather fruitless walk in the area, we enjoyed an excellent picnic beside the lake.

By mid-afternoon we had arrived at the mountain viewpoint known as Nipfjället. Here we walked up the east flank and almost immediately came upon a pair of Dotterel. These birds were very obliging and some members of the group spent a good time looking at or filming them. Meanwhile the rest of us climbed towards the higher peak on the opposite valley, where a boulder-field seemed ideal habitat for Rock Ptarmigan. After some time Cedric joined us. He had taken the main track up to the peak and had found a Rock Ptarmigan. We continued to scan and eventually, a shape across the valley on the very top of the rocky peak appeared to be what we were looking for. It was surely a Ptarmigan... or was it? Anyway it was time for some hot coffee, before heading off and we all met up in the car park. As we drove down the access road, we were halted by some Roe Deer crossing the road in front of us.

We arrived at the Älvdalen Hotel after 8.30pm and were ushered straight in to dinner, after a brief freshen-up. At the table we were made to feel very welcome by a charming young lady, who owned the hotel, and who gave us a short history of the town, including the old church which we should visit. The dinner was excellent, complimented by soft drinks, beer and wine and later we made use of the conference room where we took coffee and caught up with our bird log.

Day 7

Wednesday 2nd June

Älvdalen to Salbohed Garden 23°C

Some people did a pre-breakfast walk to the nearby river and to the church, reporting large numbers of Fieldfares and some Icterine Warblers calling. So, post breakfast we headed down to the river, but although we failed to locate any Icterines, we did see a Common Crossbill, hear Common Rosefinch and watched a Black-throated Diver on the river. We drove on south to a site called Lindänget by Lake Orsajsjön, which provided our first Oystercatcher (a write-in for our list!) plus many other wetland species. After having coffee on the viewing platform and walking over the railway line to continue our search for Icterine Warblers, we decided to head south to Tällberg to try some of the local waffles, and superb they were too, especially the jammy ones. And the Tree Sparrows were very tame, stealing titbits from the tables... so our picnic sandwiches would have to remain uneaten for now.

We headed south to make a rendezvous near Orsa with another expert, who took us into the Insjön Forest to look for woodpeckers. As we entered the managed woodland, the second bus spotted a Red-backed Shrike, but as time was tight we could not linger, so quickly caught up with the leaders, who were gazing at a nest hole high on a birch tree. Finally, a small black head came into view in the hole. Then as it leaned out we could see it was an almost fully-fledged Black Woodpecker! Amazing! We drove on and within minutes we were looking this time at a Grey-headed Woodpecker in a clearing! It responded very well to taped calls, flying around and perching well in view in front of us - what a great place. Apparently Pygmy Owl and Hazel Hen are also regular here - some joked we should have come here on the first day...☺.

On the road again, to head for our favourite bed & breakfast hotel at Salbohedsgården, where we checked into the same rooms and came quickly down for dinner. At 8.30pm we headed out to try and repeat our experience with the Great Grey Owl. Sure enough, 40km away, deep in the forest at Skultuna the owl was on duty and showing off well. While watching the owl on a distant post with telescopes, some of us saw a curious Moose walking behind it!

Our last stop of the evening was a beaver bridge, where we first ate our apple pie and cream desserts, lovingly prepared by Wilma & Johan at the Salbohedsgården. There was an open air bingo session going on across the fields, rather eerily breaking the silence, but it wasn't long before beaver activity took over and we watched a couple of these amazing creatures swimming and one even dived under the bridge. A couple of Thrush Nightingales were singing at the road, not seen, but logged as the last species of the day.

Day 8

Thursday 3rd June

Salbohed - Flacksjön - Svartådalen - Üpsala - London Stansted 23°C

It was our last chance to catch up with some of the missing species today, so Daniel had a mystery tour in mind for us. We packed up, bade farewell to Wilma & Johan and set off... for a working quarry just 5km up the road. And there, on top of one of the hoppers, with bulldozers and trucks active beneath, making huge amounts of dust, were three Eagle Owl chicks! Rather surprising to say the least, but we were heartened to learn that the quarry authorities and staff were aware of the birds and would be very careful not to disturb them.

We then went to a wonderful view point, complete with picnic tables, provided by the local landowners, overlooking Lake Flacksjön. This was a great place, like a vast flooded meadow, where for over an hour we watched two White-tailed Eagles, three Ospreys, Greylags, Great Crested Grebe, two Shovelers and over a dozen Black Terns. After iced buns and coffee, we departed, ticking off Marsh Harrier and Honey Buzzard on the way, and raced south towards Enköping, where Daniel had another surprise. We parked in a shady lane and walked up to a sand quarry, surrounded by the song of Yellowhammer. It wasn't long before our target bird Ortolan Bunting was pinned down and everyone had great views of a couple of birds. There were two Northern Wheatears and a Woodlark rose up in full song.

Time was tight, so back at the buses we grabbed sandwiches and drinks, and loaded up. We raced to Västerås, about 30 kms away. We all thanked Daniel for a great trip and for introducing us to his wonderful country. The staff at the domestic-sized Västerås Airport didn't rush us and we had plenty of time for our 2.30pm flight, which anyway was slightly delayed. Soon everyone arrived back at a sunny Stansted, where we met at the baggage carousel and wished each other goodbye after an unforgettable Swedish experience.

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Species Lists

Birds (H = heard only) () = seen independently by some group members

	Common name	Scientific name	May/June							
			27	28	29	30	31	1	2	3
1	Red-throated Diver	<i>Gavia stellata</i>					1			
2	Black-throated Diver	<i>Gavia arctica</i>		4			2		4	
3	Great Crested Grebe	<i>Podiceps cristatus</i>	2	1						1
4	Slavonian Grebe	<i>Podiceps auritus</i>			1	1	4			
5	Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>	2							
6	Bittern	<i>Botaurus stellaris</i>	H							
7	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>		3						3
8	Mute Swan	<i>Cygnus olor</i>	2		2				1	
9	Whooper Swan	<i>Cygnus cygnus</i>		7	10+	2	2			4
10	Greylag Goose	<i>Anser anser</i>	✓	✓						15+
11	Canada Goose	<i>Branta canadensis</i>		✓	10+				3	4
12	Wigeon	<i>Anas penelope</i>	3	4	10	2+	6+			
13	Teal	<i>Anas crecca</i>	✓		2	2	2	2		
14	Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	✓	✓	3	2	✓	✓	✓	20+
15	Garganey	<i>Anas querquedula</i>				1				
16	Shoveler	<i>Anas clypeata</i>							1	2
17	Tufted Duck	<i>Aythya fuligula</i>			2	4	6	1		
18	Scaup	<i>Aythya marila</i>					4			
19	Long-tailed Duck	<i>Clangula hyemalis</i>				1				
20	Common Scoter	<i>Melanitta nigra</i>				2	7			
21	Velvet Scoter	<i>Melanitta fusca</i>				14				
22	Goldeneye	<i>Bucephala clangula</i>	2	c10	12+	5	5+	6	✓	✓
23	Red-breasted Merganser	<i>Mergus serrator</i>				2	4			
24	Goosander	<i>Mergus merganser</i>				4	1			
25	Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>						(1)		
26	Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>	3+							3
27	Honey Buzzard	<i>Pernis apivorus</i>		1						1
28	Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>	3+	2	1					2
29	White-tailed Eagle	<i>Haliaeetus albicilla</i>		1						2
30	Golden Eagle	<i>Aquila chrysaetos</i>					3			
31	Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>	2	1		1		1		3
32	Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>			1	1			1	
33	Hobby	<i>Falco subbuteo</i>		2					1	
34	Merlin	<i>Falco columbianus</i>			1	1				
35	Gyrfalcon	<i>Falco rusticolus</i>			4	1				
36	Willow Grouse	<i>Lagopus lagopus</i>				3	3+			
37	Ptarmigan	<i>Lagopus mutus</i>						1+		
38	Capercaillie	<i>Tetrao urogallus</i>			2	2		1		
39	Black Grouse	<i>Tetrao tetrix</i>					1			
40	Pheasant	<i>Phasianus colchicus</i>	H	H						
41	Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>	4	5	2		1			1
42	Common Crane	<i>Grus grus</i>	1	6	3	3	2	2	4	
43	Oystercatcher	<i>Haematopus ostralegus</i>							1	
44	Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius hiaticula</i>				1	2			
45	Dotterel	<i>Charadrius morinellus</i>						2		

	Common name	Scientific name	May/June							
			27	28	29	30	31	1	2	3
46	Golden Plover	<i>Pluvialis apricaria</i>				5+	12	2		
47	Lapwing	<i>Vanellus vanellus</i>	10+	10+	1	2			4	2
48	Dunlin	<i>Calidris alpina</i>				3				
49	Temminck's Stint	<i>Calidris temminckii</i>					5			
50	Ruff	<i>Philomachus pugnax</i>				6+	3			
51	Whimbrel	<i>Numenius phaeopus</i>				c10	2+			
52	Common Curlew	<i>Numenius arquata</i>		H		2	1		1	
53	Redshank	<i>Tringa totanus</i>			H	15+	6+			
54	Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>			5	4	2	2		
55	Green Sandpiper	<i>Tringa ochropus</i>		2	2	1			1	
56	Wood Sandpiper	<i>Tringa glareola</i>				c20	6			3
57	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>			1		1	3		
58	Great Snipe	<i>Gallinago media</i>					20+			
59	Common Snipe	<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>		2		c10	2		2	1
60	Woodcock	<i>Scolopax rusticola</i>	1	2	2		2+	1		
61	Red-necked Phalarope	<i>Phalaropus lobatus</i>				3	10			
62	Long-tailed Skua	<i>Stercorarius longicaudus</i>				1	2			
63	Little Gull	<i>Larus minutus</i>			6+		24			
64	Black-headed Gull	<i>Larus ridibundus</i>	20+	80+	20+	1	25	3	150+	100+
65	Common Gull	<i>Larus canus</i>	c10	c10	15+	c20	✓	✓	6+	✓
66	Herring Gull	<i>Larus argentatus</i>		1			1			
67	Common Tern	<i>Sterna hirundo</i>	4	2	2				2	2
68	Arctic Tern	<i>Sterna paradisea</i>			5	c10	✓	2		
69	Black Tern	<i>Chlidonias niger</i>		3+						10+
70	Woodpigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
71	Stock Dove	<i>Columba oenas</i>	(✓)						(✓)	
72	Feral Pigeon	<i>Columba livia</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
73	Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus canorus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
74	Eagle Owl	<i>Bubo bubo</i>								3 juvs.
75	Ural Owl	<i>Strix uralensis</i>		10						
76	Great Grey Owl	<i>Strix nebulosa</i>	1						1	
77	Tengmalm's Owl	<i>Aegolius funereus</i>		1						
78	Common Swift	<i>Apus apus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
79	Wryneck	<i>Jynx torquilla</i>		1				H		
80	Black Woodpecker	<i>Dryocopus martius</i>		(1)						1 juv.
81	Green Woodpecker	<i>Picus viridis</i>	H	1					1	
82	Grey-headed Woodpecker	<i>Picus canus</i>							1	
83	Great Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos major</i>	2	2+	2+			4	4	2
84	Three-toed Woodpecker	<i>Picoides tridactylus</i>		1	1			1		
85	Woodlark	<i>Lullula arborea</i>								1
86	Skylark	<i>Alauda arvensis</i>		H						
87	Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
88	House Martin	<i>Delichon urbica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
89	Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>					20+	2+		
90	Tree Pipit	<i>Anthus trivialis</i>		1+	H					
91	Meadow Pipit	<i>Anthus pratensis</i>				30+	20+	20+		

	Common name	Scientific name	May/June							
			27	28	29	30	31	1	2	3
92	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba alba</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
93	Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava thunbergii</i>				2	5+	1+		1
94	Grey wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>			1			1		
95	Dipper	<i>Cinclus cinclus</i>			1	1	1	3		
96	Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>			(H)					
97	Dunnock	<i>Prunella modularis</i>			(H)	1+				
98	Thrush Nightingale	<i>Luscinia luscinia</i>							H	
99	Bluethroat	<i>Luscinia svecica</i>				4	2+			
100	Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus phoenicurus</i>			1	1	2+	2		
101	Whinchat	<i>Saxicola rubetra</i>	4	1	2+		1	1+	1	
102	Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>	1	1	1	c8	1	2		2
103	Ring Ouzel	<i>Turdus torquatus</i>			(1)					
104	Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>	10	20	5				2	1
105	Fieldfare	<i>Turdus pilaris</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
106	Song Thrush	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>	1	2	1				1	
107	Redwing	<i>Turdus iliacus</i>			1		3+	2+	H	
108	Mistle Thrush	<i>Turdus viscivorus</i>	5+	5+	5+					
109	Sedge Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus schoenobaenus</i>	2+							
110	Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus scirpaceus</i>	20+							
111	Great Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus arundinaceus</i>	1							
112	Icterine Warbler	<i>Hippolais icterina</i>						1	H	H
113	Garden Warbler	<i>Sylvia borin</i>	H	H				(1)		
114	Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>	H	H	H			1	1	
115	Lesser Whitethroat	<i>Sylvia curruca</i>		(H)						
116	Common Whitethroat	<i>Sylvia communis</i>	3	1	1		1		H	H
117	Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>	(1)			1		H		
118	Willow Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus trochilus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
119	Goldcrest	<i>Regulus regulus</i>			(1)					
120	Spotted Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa striata</i>	4+	4+	1					
121	Pied Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula hypoleuca</i>	5+	5+	6+	3	5+	10+	2	
122	Willow Tit	<i>Parus montanus</i>	1	1	2+		4+	5+		
123	Blue Tit	<i>Parus caeruleus</i>	3+	3+	2+					1
124	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
125	Long-tailed Tit	<i>Aegithalos caudatus</i>	2							
126	Common Treecreeper	<i>Certhia familiaris</i>	(1)							
127	Nuthatch	<i>Sitta europaea</i>		1			1	1	1	
128	Penduline Tit	<i>Remiz pendulinus</i>	1							
129	Red-backed Shrike	<i>Lanius collurio</i>							1	
130	Northern Grey Shrike	<i>Lanius excubitor</i>		2						
131	Starling	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>	✓	✓	✓				✓	✓
132	Siberian Jay	<i>Perisoreus infaustus</i>					2			
133	Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>	2	1		1		2		
134	Magpie	<i>Pica pica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓
135	Jackdaw	<i>Corvus monedula</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
136	Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>		1	1	3	2	1	4	
137	Hooded Crow	<i>Corvus cornix</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓

	Common name	Scientific name	May/June								
			27	28	29	30	31	1	2	3	
138	Tree Sparrow	<i>Passer montanus</i>		1	1				1		1
139	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	✓	✓	✓				✓		
140	Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
141	Brambling	<i>Fringilla montifringilla</i>			2+	5+	✓	✓	✓	✓	
142	Siskin	<i>Carduelis spinus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
143	Greenfinch	<i>Carduelis chloris</i>		1		1	3+	2+	✓	✓	
144	Redpoll	<i>Carduelis flammea</i>				(H)		(H)			
145	Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>	2								3
146	Common Rosefinch	<i>Carpodacus erythrinus</i>	(1)								
147	Bullfinch	<i>Pyrrhula pyrrhula</i>			H	2	3	1			
148	Common Crossbill	<i>Loxia curvirostra</i>	2+					1	2		
149	Yellowhammer	<i>Emberiza citrinella</i>	2+	4+	2+				2	H	4
150	Ortolan Bunting	<i>Emberiza hortulana</i>									3
151	Reed Bunting	<i>Emberiza schoeniclus</i>	2+					1	2		
152	Lapland Bunting	<i>Calcarius lapponicus</i>				9					

Mammals

Wood Vole	Water Vole	Brown Hare	Beaver
Grey-sided Vole	Moose	Mountain Hare	Roe Deer
Red Deer	Red Fox	Reindeer	

Butterflies

Green-veined White	Comma	Common Swallowtail
Green Hairstreak	Holly Blue	Green hairstreak
Brimstone	Grizzled Skipper	Camberwell beauty
Peacock	Real's Wood White	
Small tortoiseshell	Orangetip	

Dragonflies

Ruby Whiteface	Downy Emerald
Small Whiteface	
Four-spot Chaser	