

Florida

Naturetrek Tour Report

16 - 23 February 2007



Report compiled by Will Wagstaff



Naturetrek Cheriton Mill Cheriton Alresford Hampshire SO24 0NG England

T: +44 (0)1962 733051

F: +44 (0)1962 736426

E: info@naturetrek.co.uk

W: www.naturetrek.co.uk

Tour leaders: Will Wagstaff
Rob Mileto

Tour participants: Hugh and Bruna Clark
Tom and Helen Evans
John and Ann Hawke
Peter Richmond
Terry McGeever

Day 1

Friday 16th February

London to Orlando

We arrived at Gatwick for the flight to Orlando, due to some engineering work we were late on takeoff but made up some time on the flight from which we had superb views of snowbound North America. It was not that warm when we landed but as the light faded whilst we passed through immigration etc it did not matter. Having transferred to the hotel and collected our vehicles we were soon to bed.

Day 2

Saturday 17th February

Orlando to Cocoa Beach

We were up bright and early and were birding as soon as we got out of the door watching Yellow-rumped Warblers in the car park. We added a few more species as we stopped to get lunch before we set off to Brinson Park in Kissimmee south of Orlando.

As soon as we parked we became aware of a family party of Otters eating their way through a large fish in the lee of the fishing jetty. This waterside park gave us a great few hours birding with a wide variety of birds from Osprey to Bald Eagles to Forster's Tern, Palm Warblers, Black-tailed Gnatcatcher, Limpkins, Snail Kite and many more, an excellent introduction to Florida. We continued south to Joe Overstreet Road stopping on the way to look at the thousands of Tree Swallows, Eastern Meadowlarks, Loggerhead Shrikes and other birds typical of this area that included lots of American Robins and a scattering of Killdeer. Turning off the main road we followed the track to Lake Kissimmee with stops to look at everything from Eastern Phoebe, Sandhill Cranes, the joys of American sparrows in the shape of Savannah Sparrows and much more. We also saw three Whooping Cranes, which were part of the reintroduction scheme for this very rare species.

A Pileated Woodpecker proved elusive unlike the Yellow-bellied Sapsucker that posed a little better not far from some Eastern Bluebirds. Birds of prey were represented by Red-shouldered and Red-tailed Hawks with both Turkey and Black Vultures above us and a Northern Caracara sat not far from the road. Upon reaching the lake we soon found Lesser Yellowlegs and Wilsons Snipe plus plenty of Glossy Ibis, gulls, terns and more on the water meadows in front of us. As we had lunch more birds were added to the list including a Coopers Hawk that came in off the lake. The last area we visited today was the Three Lakes Management area where we started by having a look for Red-cockaded Woodpecker but with no luck. In fact we struggled to find anything after we had watched a very close Northern Harrier quartering the more open areas.

We had a quick stop to look at a perched Red-tailed Hawk as we passed through the camping area back to the road when we found first one then two Red-cockaded Woodpeckers and another Red-bellied Woodpecker. Our luck was definitely in today. The last section we visited was the lookout tower overlooking Lake Jackson. In this area we saw another Limpkin, a Nine-banded Armadillo, Common Yellowthroat and a wide variety of species. A good number of waterfowl, pelicans, cranes and of course grackles were feeding out on the lake, with some by now familiar birds not far from the tower including American Robins, Yellow-rumped Warbler and at least two Osprey. A Raccoon was wandering along the riverbank not far from a Green Heron.

Our route to Cocoa Beach took us through some typical Florida countryside with several birds of prey, Wood Storks and various Ibis etc until we reached our hotel just as it got dark. The best sight of the drive was the launch of the rocket taking a satellite into space! Dinner was taken in a nearby pizza place where we did our log and found we had seen 81 species on our first day.

Day 3

Sunday 18th February

Merritt Island

Thankfully the heavy overnight showers had stopped by the time we left the hotel, although we still had the cold wind that stayed with us all day, but at least the sun came out.

Just over the bridge to Merritt Island we stopped for a quick look at a roosting flock of gulls. We then stopped to get some lunch and the new radios before returning to the bridge where we had brief views of a Great Northern Diver and a school of at least four Bottle-nosed Dolphins. On the other side we found a large group of American Skimmers roosting on the grass. These allowed very close approach much to the photographers delight. We also had a look at a small diverse group of waders that included our first Willet and Short-billed Dowitchers.

We spent the morning touring the tracks overlooking the lagoons where a wide variety of herons and egrets were feeding along with many waders and ducks. These would periodically be flushed by one of the Bald Eagles that were cruising overhead. We were able to compare Western and Least Sandpipers, Greater and Lesser Yellowlegs and Royal and Caspian Terns. One of the skimmers put on a really good show so we could see why they got their name.

We stopped at the visitor centre at lunchtime where a good-sized Alligator was sprawled on the bank. The small bird feeder was home to a Catbird and a Fox Sparrow plus the usual grackles and Red-winged Blackbirds and a pair of Osprey were on their nest platform. A large part of the afternoon was spent along the Black Point Drive passing through a mixture of lagoons and reedbeds which contained a good number of birds including huge numbers of Pintail and American Coot along with smaller numbers of Blue and Green-winged Teal, Lesser Scaup and some rather superb Hooded Mergansers. The small groups of American Avocets eventually settled so we could watch them gracefully feeding. Wherever we stopped there were birds on view but the Roseate Spoonbill had to be the most glamorous.

As time was passing we had a quick walk to the observation tower where Swamp Sparrow was added to the list close to a posing Darter. Then it was time to leave for the Manatee observation point where we had a brief look

before starting the journey south to West Palm Beach. We enjoyed dinner at a restaurant a short drive from our hotel although why the waiter thought one of us was German or Australian I do not know!

Day 4

Monday 19th February

West Palm Beach to Naples

It was only a short drive to the Arthur R Marshall reserve at Loxahatchee where a Sharp-shinned Hawk shot across the road in front of us as if to say welcome. We spent the first part of our stop here wandering around one of the lagoons where many Tree Swallows and some Northern Rough-winged Swallows were trying to keep out of the wind. Some superb Purple Gallinules glowed in the morning sun as they fed close to the path. Our first Wood Ducks flew over as we watched one then two Limpkins walk along the track.

Roseate Spoonbills were found in the throng of ibis, herons and egrets feeding in the shallow lagoon. A Short-tailed Hawk glided overhead before plummeting into the woods. One of the Tree Swallows posed for photos as we returned to the vehicles before moving on to the wooded area of the reserve. Green Herons were a feature of the next few minutes followed by excellent views of a pair of Great Horned Owls, the male roosting a little distance from the female, which was incubating at least one chick. We had seen two Pileated Woodpeckers a few minutes earlier but the one that appeared near the owl's nest was a real poser. Wandering around the boardwalk we had very good views of Downy Woodpecker just above our heads. We also saw Blue-headed Vireo, Blue-grey Gnatcatchers and of course the ubiquitous Yellow-rumped Warblers.

Our next stop was at the new Green Cay reserve where we soon saw the Black-necked Grebe, one of the local rarities but this was overshadowed by the brilliant Tree Swallows flitting about close to the boardwalk as well as the Purple Gallinules and the numerous Sora Rails that seemed to be creeping about in much of the vegetation. We saw a wide range of birds in our stay here plus terrapins and Alligators all making for an enjoyable visit.

We did our usual food shop before having lunch sitting in the shade near the Wadohatchee reserve where several flocks of Cedar Waxwing flew overhead. It was then time to head south towards Fort Lauderdale and the viewing area overlooking the Executive Airport where Burrowing Owls can still be found. They took a while to find before a small helicopter hovering nearby caused some to come up to see what was going on.

The drive from Fort Lauderdale across the Alligator Alley lived up to its name although it could equally be named after the numerous egrets and herons or Belted Kingfishers. We reached our hotel in Naples before dark and had chance to unwind before we set off to find somewhere for dinner, which turned out to be quite close to the hotel. So ended another good day...

Day 5

Tuesday 20th February

Corkscrew Swamp and Ding Darling Reserve

The first of today's sites was at the famous Corkscrew Swamp reserve a short drive from our hotel. As soon as we got out of the bus we could see and hear a variety of species with White-eyed Vireo being added to the list before we entered the doors. The small feeder a short walk from the centre was home to a couple of the vividly coloured Painted Buntings and a very tame Ovenbird walking around a few feet from us. Here we had good

views of Carolina Wren and two American Goldfinch. We then wandered along the trail getting excellent views of a variety of birds including Pileated, Downy, Hairy and Red-bellied Woodpeckers. We also did well for warblers as we saw Prairie, Parula, Black and White and Yellow-throated along with the expected Palm and Yellow-rumped Warblers. Blue-grey Gnatcatchers seemed to be everywhere we stopped with Cardinals and Carolina Wrens also widespread. In the more marshy areas we found both Black-crowned and Yellow-crowned Night Herons along with the expected herons and ibis. Just as we headed back to the centre for lunch a Brown-headed Nuthatch began singing and eventually showed us where its nest hole was, a fine end to the morning.

It took a little while to drive to Sanibel though the heavy traffic but we knew we were in a wildlife preserve as soon as we turned off the road as there were three Racoons checking out the car park. It was on high tide as we drove through the reserve so most of the herons and cormorants were roosting but we found one pool that contained a large flock of American White Pelicans and a good range of waders including many Willets, Dowitchers, Knot, Dunlin and our first Marbled Godwits and two of the rather scarce Stilt Sandpipers. We had a short walk along one of the banks but found little other than a flock of Roseate Spoonbills and a couple of very tame Yellow-crowned Night Herons. The last big pool contained another flock of waders which this time included Lesser Yellowlegs, Western Sandpiper and some Least Sandpipers plus a pair of Mottled Ducks and five Red-breasted Mergansers. The Magnificent Frigatebird that flew over as we stopped here could have behaved better rather than flying away as soon as it was spotted though!. A pair of Red-headed Woodpeckers and two rather opportunistic Racoons were pretty much the total of the last section of the drive before we headed for our hotel.

Our drive back was rather thwarted by the traffic so we stopped for dinner before continuing home by a rather scenic route!

Day 6

Wednesday 21st February

Naples to Cutler City via Marco Island

The first stop this day was to have a look for Manatees in the sheltered waters at Port Of the Islands, however our luck was out for this species. We did see the obligatory Osprey and Yellow-rumped Warbler but little else so moved on to the Big Cyprus Bend boardwalk. It was rather quiet at first until we found a very tame Great Crested Flycatcher followed by an equally tame Downy Woodpecker. We found one feeding flock along the trail that consisted mostly of Gnatcatchers and Yellow-rumped Warblers but also contained single Black-and-White and Yellow-throated Warblers. A lone Bald Eagle was perched near its enormous nest that apparently contained two young. At the end of the boardwalk a scattering of egrets, herons and Anhinga were feeding and some Alligators were snoozing in the sun. The most elusive bird was the Northern Waterthrush that although calling frequently was hard to find. Wandering back along the trail we found another Great Crested Flycatcher plus even more Gnatcatchers.

Tigertail Beach on Marco Island was our next destination, this proved to be a very popular place but we did find space to park before having lunch on the beach close to an Osprey nesting platform where an adult was eating a freshly caught fish. We then walked around the south end of the lagoon to where we found a small inlet full of waders. Here we had excellent views of our first Piping Plovers and Wilson's Plovers along with Semi-palmated Plovers, Western and Least Sandpipers and the more familiar Dunlin and Grey Plover. From the open beach Forster's and Royal Terns were diving whilst a few Sanderling ran along the shore.

It was then time to head towards Miami along the Tamiami trail. As usual we saw many cormorants, Anhinga, egrets, hawks etc from the vehicle but we also saw our first Swallow-tailed Kite elegantly swooping over the trees close to the road. We stopped a little distance short of Miami to look for the roost gathering of Snail Kites. We did see three, one of which was a real show off coming to perch in the closest tree to us to eat its snail at one point.

We reached our hotel before sunset and having checked in ate at a nearby restaurant before doing the log call back in the hotel.

Day 7

Thursday 22nd February

Everglades National Park

Our first stop of the day was not exactly a stop as we cruised around some sheltered fields near Homestead. This proved to be very productive with a singing Lark Sparrow, a brightly coloured Painted Bunting and at least four Western Kingbirds plus some of the now familiar Red-bellied Woodpeckers, American Robins and Blue Jays etc. Next stop was at 'Lucky Hammock' where we found a White-eyed Vireo, Parula Warbler and Eastern Phoebe before setting off for the park.

At the visitor centre we found one tree containing two Yellow-bellied Sapsuckers and a Red-bellied Woodpecker.

First stop in the park was at the Royal Palm Hammock and in particular the Anhinga Trail. This lived up to its name with lots of very tame Anhinga, Double-crested Cormorants and some rather large Alligators. As usual there were lots of herons scattered about and an Osprey or two overhead. The prize bird here was the American Bittern feeding very close to the boardwalk oblivious to the school children on their outing. Mahogany Hammock was our next halt where after wandering around the boardwalk for a while we found a flock of birds that included Parula, Black-and-White and Prairie Warblers. A few yards down the path we eventually got to grips with a Brown-crested Flycatcher shortly followed by some Cedar Waxwings and more American Robins and Catbirds.

Having had lunch we moved on towards Flamingo stopping at Nine Mile Pond, where there wasn't much activity, before reaching the car park at the end of the road. Laughing Gulls and Ospreys were much in evidence along with even more Yellow-rumped Warblers. A sand bar in the distance contained lots of roosting cormorants, gulls and terns including a nice comparison between Royal and Caspian Tern. A large flock of skimmers were also on the sandbar, some of which came flying around the car park a little later. We had a walk around the grounds for a while finding Spotted Sandpiper along the seashore but little else new. So it was back to the cars via the ice cream shop and then to Eco Pond. This was home to the last new bird of the day in the form of three very elegant Black-necked Stilts. We also saw Eastern Phoebe, Great and Lesser Yellowlegs, Killdeer and a few Blue-winged Teal as we walked around the lake.

As time was moving on we began our trip back to the hotel, stopping at the Mrazack Pond on the way here we found a Roseate Spoonbill, two young Black-crowned Night Herons and a very energetic Belted Kingfisher plus a scattering of ibis, egrets and herons. Our route back through Homestead saw us watching more doves and American Kestrels on the wires plus the occasional Common Myna.

As we had a little time before our meal some headed for the nearby shopping mall before we met for another good dinner after which Rob introduced us all to online check in!

Day 8

Friday 23rd February

Miami to London

Although it was our last day we had time for some birding before heading back to the UK. Our first stop was only a few blocks from our hotel at the Cutler Wetlands. A good number of Tree Swallows were zooming about low over the water and with these we found a few of the rare Cave Swallows that have recently colonised this area. On the pool itself was the usual mixture of herons and egrets with some flocks of Blue-winged Teal being disturbed by a hunting Northern Harrier. A group of four Black-necked Stilts were on the far bank with Greater and Lesser Yellowlegs also present in the shallows. A male American Kestrel eventually allowed itself to be photographed perching on a pole as we went to the next set of pools where Wood Storks were feeding near several Killdeer. The last pool only contained some American Coot but as we walked across this area many of the swallows were zooming low in front of us giving a great display.

Our last port of call was at the Bill Baggs Park on Key Biscayne that we reached via the causeway from which we had good view of downtown Miami. It was rather quiet at the first halt with even Yellow-rumped Warblers being scarce but we did find some Palm Warblers and a Parula Warbler plus two of the introduced Green Iguanas. We had a little time to walk around at the lighthouse end of the island that was livelier. In the next hour we found several Common Ground Doves, an Eastern Phoebe or two, a Great Crested Flycatcher and of course more Yellow-rumped Warblers.

It was now time to head for the airport to drop off our cars and then begin the process of catching our flight back to the UK.

The flight went quickly as we landed early just after 6am. Sadly the baggage carousel took a while to function but eventually we all had our luggage and said our goodbyes after a weeks birding in Southern Florida.

I hope you all enjoyed the tour and the birds and other wildlife we saw and I would like to say thank you to Hugh and John my 'volunteer' navigators for the week and to Rob for ably following me through the highways and byways of Florida.

Species lists

Key: c – common; s – scarce; h – heard

Birds

	Common name	Scientific name	February 2007						
			17	18	19	20	21	22	23
1	Great Northern Diver	<i>Gavia immer</i>		1					
2	Black-necked Grebe	<i>Podiceps nigricolis</i>			1				
3	Pied-billed Grebe	<i>Poilymbus podiceps</i>	20+	c	c	c	c	c	s
4	American White Pelican	<i>Pelecanus erythrorhynchos</i>	50+	30+		85			
5	Brown Pelican	<i>P. occidentalis</i>		c	1	s	c	c	s
6	Anhinga	<i>Anhinga anhinga</i>	c	c	c	c	c	c	s
7	Double-crested Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax auritus</i>	c	c	s	c	c	c	c
8	Magnificent Frigatebird	<i>Fregata magnificens</i>				1			
9	American Bittern	<i>Botarus lentiginosus</i>						1	
10	Great Blue Heron	<i>Ardea herodias</i>	c	c	c	c	c	c	c
11	Great Egret	<i>Egretta alba</i>	c	c	c	c	c	c	c
12	Snowy Egret	<i>E. thula</i>	s	c	c	c	c	c	s
13	Little Blue Heron	<i>E. caerulea</i>	s	c	s	s	s	s	2
14	Tricoloured Heron	<i>E. tricolor</i>	s	c	c	c	1	s	3+
15	Reddish Egret	<i>E. rufescens</i>		5+		1	2	1	
16	Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	c	s	c	s	c	c	s
17	Green Heron	<i>Butorides virescens</i>	1		10+		3	10+	1
18	Black-crowned Night-Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>	1			4+	1	2	
19	Yellow-crowned Night-Heron	<i>N. violacea</i>				20+			
20	White Ibis	<i>Eudocimus albus</i>	50+	50+	50+	30+	30+	100+	50+
21	Glossy Ibis	<i>Plegadis falcinellus</i>	200+	10+	50+	10+	20+		4
22	Roseate Spoonbill	<i>Ajaia ajaja</i>		19	4	23		1	
23	Wood Stork	<i>Mycteria americana</i>	6	20+	50+	10+	10+	10+	10+
24	Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	2						
25	Mottled Duck	<i>A. fulvigula</i>	2	6+	30+	2			2
26	American Wigeon	<i>A. americana</i>	20+						
27	Northern Pintail	<i>A. acuta</i>		c					
28	Northern Shoveler	<i>A. clypeata</i>		50+				2	
29	Green-winged Teal	<i>A. crecca</i>		20+					
30	Blue-winged Teal	<i>A. discors</i>	2	c	c	40+	s	20+	50+
31	Wood Duck	<i>Aix sponsa</i>			10				
32	Ring-necked Duck	<i>Aythya collaris</i>		1					
33	Lesser Scaup	<i>A. affinis</i>	20+	100+	4				
34	Greater Scaup	<i>A. marila</i>	3		10+				
35	Red-breasted Merganser	<i>Mergus serrator</i>		5		5			
36	Hooded Merganser	<i>Lophodytes cucullatus</i>		7m 13f					
37	Turkey Vulture	<i>Cathartes aura</i>	c	c	c	c	c	c	c
38	Black Vulture	<i>Coragyps atratus</i>	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
39	Northern Harrier	<i>Circus cyaneus</i>	2f	5f	1			1f	1m
40	Snail Kite	<i>Rostrhamus sociabilis</i>	3f		1		3m		
41	Swallow-tailed Kite	<i>Elanoides forficatus</i>					1		
42	Sharp-shinned Hawk	<i>Accipiter striatus</i>			1		2	2	1
43	Cooper's Hawk	<i>A. cooperii</i>	4						
44	Red-shouldered Hawk	<i>Buteo lineatus</i>	6+		10+	6+	6+	10+	3+
45	Red-tailed Hawk	<i>B. jamaicensis</i>	12+	3+	5+	3+	10+	6+	2

	Common name	Scientific name	February 2007						
			17	18	19	20	21	22	23
46	Short-tailed Hawk	<i>B. brachyurus</i>			1				
47	Bald Eagle	<i>Haliaeetus leucocephalus</i>	10+	10+	1		1	1	
48	Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>	c	c	c	c	c	c	s
49	Northern(Crested) Caracara	<i>Caracara cheriway</i>	1						
50	American Kestrel	<i>Falco sparverius</i>	20+	2	6+	1	10+	10+	2
51	Peregrine Falcon	<i>F. peregrinus</i>	1	1					
52	Wild Turkey	<i>Meleagris gallopavo</i>	39						
53	Purple Gallinule	<i>Porphyryla martinica</i>			24+				
54	Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	c	s	c	s	s	s	3+
55	American Coot	<i>Fulica americana</i>	c	c	c	s	c	2	5+
56	Clapper Rail	<i>Rallus longirostris</i>		2					
57	Sora	<i>Porzana carolina</i>		2	27				
58	Limpkin	<i>Aramus guarana</i>	4		2				
59	Sandhill Crane	<i>Grus canadensis</i>	50+	6					
60	Whooping Crane	<i>Grus americana</i>	3						
61	Black-bellied (Grey) Plover	<i>Pluvialis squaterola</i>		6+			15+		
62	Wilson's Plover	<i>C. wilsonia</i>					6+		
63	Semipalmated Plover	<i>C. semipalmatus</i>		18			30+		
64	Piping Plover	<i>C. melodus</i>					10+		
65	Killdeer	<i>C. vociferus</i>	s	s	s	1		4+	4
66	American Avocet	<i>Recurvirostra americana</i>		77					
67	Black-necked Stilt	<i>Himantopus mexicanus</i>						3	4
68	Greater Yellowlegs	<i>Tringa melanoleuca</i>		10+			8	1	2
69	Lesser Yellowlegs	<i>T. flavipes</i>	2	20+	4	15+		6	4
70	Willet	<i>Catoptrophorus semipalmatus</i>		1		30+		10+	
71	Spotted Sandpiper	<i>Actitis macularia</i>						1	
72	Marbled Godwit	<i>Limosa fedoa</i>				4			
73	Ruddy Turnstone	<i>Arenaria interpres</i>		6		1	4		
74	Red Knot	<i>Calidris canutus</i>		50+		60+	1		
75	Dunlin	<i>C. alpina</i>		60+		60+	20+	20+	6+
76	Sanderling	<i>C. alba</i>		20+			4		
77	Western Sandpiper	<i>C. mauri</i>		3		1	30+		
78	Least Sandpiper	<i>C. minutilla</i>		20+	5	30+	30+		
79	Stilt Sandpiper	<i>C. himantopus</i>				2			
80	Short-billed Dowitcher	<i>Limnodromus griseus</i>		c		10+		3	
81	Wilson's Snipe	<i>Gallinago delicata</i>	2	3	1				
82	Laughing Gull	<i>Larus atricilla</i>		c	1	c	c	c	c
83	Ring-billed Gull	<i>L. delawarensis</i>	c	c	c	1	c	s	s
84	American Herring Gull	<i>L. argentatus smithsonianus</i>	s	c			s	s	s
85	Great Black-backed Gull	<i>L. marinus</i>		2					
86	Caspian Tern	<i>Sterna caspia</i>		1				6	
87	Royal Tern	<i>S. maxima</i>		10+	1	2	10+	10+	1
88	Forster's Tern	<i>S. forsteri</i>	3+	2+			5+	3	2
89	Black Skimmer	<i>Rhynchops niger</i>		300+				200+	
90	Rock (Feral) Dove	<i>Columba livia</i>	c	c	c	c	c	c	c
91	Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	s	s	s	s	c	c	c
92	Mourning Dove	<i>Zenaida macroura</i>	c	c	c	c	c	c	c
93	White-winged Dove	<i>Z. asiatica</i>	6+		2			10+	
94	Common Ground-Dove	<i>Columbina passerina</i>					3		3
95	Monk Parakeet	<i>Myiopsitta monachus</i>	3						

	Common name	Scientific name	February 2007						
			17	18	19	20	21	22	23
96	Black-hooded Parakeet	<i>Nandayus nenday</i>			2				
97	Great Horned Owl	<i>Bubo virginianus</i>			2				
98	Burrowing Owl	<i>Athene cunicularia</i>			4				
99	Belted Kingfisher	<i>Ceryle alcyon</i>	10+	10+	c	s	c	s	s
100	Red-bellied Woodpecker	<i>M. carolinus</i>	2		2	4+	3+	6+	2
101	Yellow-bellied Sapsucker	<i>Sphyrapicus varius</i>	1			3		2	2
102	Downy Woodpecker	<i>Picoides pubescens</i>			2	4	1m		
103	Hairy Woodpecker	<i>P. villosus</i>				2			
104	Red-cockaded Woodpecker	<i>P. borealis</i>	2						
105	Pileated Woodpecker	<i>Dryocopus pileatus</i>	1		2+	3	2		
106	Eastern Phoebe	<i>Sayornis phoebe</i>	20+	1	3+	2	2	3	2
107	Great Crested Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus crinitus</i>				3	3		1+
108	Brown-crested Flycatcher	<i>M. tyrannulus</i>						1	
109	Western Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus verticalis</i>						4	
110	Loggerhead Shrike	<i>Lanius ludovicianus</i>	30+	2	3		1	5	
111	White-eyed Vireo	<i>Vireo griseus</i>				6	1	2+	1
112	Blue-headed (Solitary) Vireo	<i>V. solitarius</i>			2	4			
113	Blue Jay	<i>Cyanocitta cristata</i>	1		6+	4+	H	s	s
114	American Crow	<i>Corvus brachyrhynchos</i>	c	c	c	c	c	c	c
115	Fish Crow	<i>C. ossifragus</i>	1	c	c	c	c		c
116	Purple Martin	<i>Progne subis</i>	5		4		2	1	
117	Northern Rough-winged Swallow	<i>Stelgidopteryx serripennis</i>			c				
118	Sand Martin	<i>Riparia riparia</i>	1						
119	Tree Swallow	<i>Tachycineta bicolor</i>	c	c	c	s	s	s	c
120	Cave Swallow	<i>Petrochelidon fulva</i>							3+
121	Tufted Titmouse	<i>Baeolophus bicolor</i>				2			
122	Brown-headed Nuthatch	<i>Sitta pusilla</i>				1			
123	House Wren	<i>Troglodytes aedon</i>	1						
124	Carolina Wren	<i>Thryothorus ludovicianus</i>		H	H	3+	H		
125	Ruby-crowned Kinglet	<i>Regulus calendula</i>			1	2	1		
126	Blue-grey Gnatcatcher	<i>Polioptila caerulea</i>	3		4+	20+	30+	10+	2+
127	Eastern Bluebird	<i>Sialia sialis</i>	20+						
128	American Robin	<i>Turdus migratorius</i>	c	s	s	s		c	1
129	Grey Catbird	<i>Dumetella carolinensis</i>		3	6+	20+	10+	20+	3+
130	Northern Mockingbird	<i>Mimus polyglottos</i>	c	c	c	c	c	c	c
131	Brown Thrasher	<i>Toxostoma rufum</i>	1						
132	Eurasian Starling	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>	c	c	c	c	c	c	c
133	Common Myna	<i>Acridotheres tristis</i>						c	
134	Cedar Waxwing	<i>Bombycilla cedrorum</i>			50+	10+		20+	
135	Northern Parula	<i>Parula americana</i>				2		4	2
136	Yellow-rumped (Myrtle) Warbler	<i>D. coronata</i>	c	c	c	c	c	c	s
137	Pine Warbler	<i>D. pinus</i>	1						
138	Palm Warbler	<i>D. palmarum</i>	30+	10+	c	c	c	c	
139	Prairie Warbler	<i>D. discolor</i>				1		1	
140	Yellow-throated Warbler	<i>D. dominica</i>				1	1		
141	Black and White Warbler	<i>Mniotilta varia</i>				4+	1	1	
142	Ovenbird	<i>Seiurus aurocapillus</i>				1			
143	Northern Waterthrush	<i>S. noveboracensis</i>					1		
144	Common Yellowthroat	<i>Geothlypis trichas</i>	1m	3+		10+	H	2	
145	Northern Cardinal	<i>Cardinalis cardinalis</i>	3		3	6+		6+	3+

	Common name	Scientific name	February 2007						
			17	18	19	20	21	22	23
146	Painted Bunting	<i>P. ciris</i>				2m		1m	
147	Rufous-sided (Eastern) Towhee	<i>Pipilo erythrophthalmus</i>	1						
148	Savannah Sparrow	<i>Passerculus sandwichensis</i>	c	c					
149	Lark Sparrow	<i>Chondestes grammacus</i>						1m	
150	Fox Sparrow	<i>Passerella iliaca</i>		1					
151	Swamp Sparrow	<i>Melospiza georgiana</i>		1					
152	Eastern Meadowlark	<i>Sturnella magna</i>	10+						
153	Brown-headed Cowbird	<i>Molothrus ater</i>	c						
154	Red-winged Blackbird	<i>Agelaius phoeniceus</i>	c	c	c	c		s	c
155	Common Grackle	<i>Quiscalus quiscula</i>	c	c	c	c	c	c	c
156	Boat-tailed Grackle	<i>Q. major</i>	c	c	c	c	c	c	c
157	American Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis tristis</i>				2			
158	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>		s	s			s	s

Other animal species

	Common name	Scientific name	February 2007						
			17	18	19	20	21	22	23
1	American Alligator	<i>Alligator mississippiensis</i>		3	c	1	c	c	
2	Turtle/Terrapin sp.	<i>Unidentified</i>		c	c	c	c	c	
3	Florida Redbelly Turtle	<i>Pseudemys nelsoni</i>		c	c	c	c	c	
4	Lizard sp					1		1	2
5	Green Iguana	<i>Iguana iguana</i>							3+
6	Garter Snake	<i>Thamnophis sirtalis</i>						1	
7	Nine-banded Armadillo	<i>Dasypus novemcinctus</i>	1	1					
8	River Otter	<i>Lutra canadensis</i>	F + 4y						
9	Grey Squirrel	<i>Sciurus carolinensis</i>				6+	1		1
10	Fox Squirrel	<i>S. niger</i>	1						
11	Black Rat	<i>Rattus rattus</i>		1					
12	Feral Chipmunk	<i>Tamias striatus</i>	1						
13	Raccoon	<i>Procyon lotor</i>	1			5			
14	Feral Hog	<i>Sus scrofa</i>		20+					
15	White-tailed Deer	<i>Odocoileus virginianus</i>	4		4	1		2	
16	Bottle-nosed Dolphin	<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>		4+					

Insects

Monarch Butterfly	<i>Danaus plexippus</i>
Queen Butterfly	<i>Danaus gilippus</i>
Orange Sulphur Butterfly	<i>Phoebis agarithe</i>
Zebra Longwing Butterfly	<i>Heliconius charitonia</i>