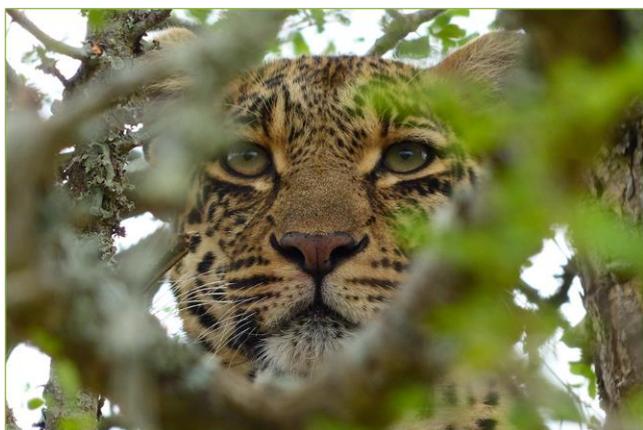


South Africa - Just Cats!

Naturetrek Tour Report

28 October – 6 November 2014



Leopard (Thandi)



Lion Cubs by Helen Pinchin



Cheetah



Lion

Report compiled by Toby Esplin
Images by Toby Esplin & Helen Pinchin



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Day 1

Tuesday 28th October

The group arrived to clear blue skies and a pleasant 17°C. We made our way out of Johannesburg to the Blyde River Canyon where we would spend the first night of our African adventure. A couple of hours into the journey, at a rest stop, we were fortunate enough to have sightings of White Rhinoceros and Buffalo. Back on the road and making our way closer to the Drakensburg escarpment, we stopped at Silverspoon Pancakes in Graskop for a light lunch, before stopping at the Three Rondawels lookout point to admire the Blyde River Canyon. A pleasant stroll to the upper lookout point at the Forever resort gave us a distant sighting of the resident Rock Hyrax and Southern Bald Ibis.

Day 2

Wednesday 29th October

Skukuza, Kruger National Park.

An early morning stroll before breakfast added a few more birds to the trip list including nice sightings of Southern Bald Ibis. We then packed our bags and headed to the Kruger National Park in search of our first big cats!

Entering the park at the Phabeni gate, we had a pleasant drive through to Pretoriuskop where we stopped for lunch. Along the way we enjoyed nice sightings of Giraffe, Kudu, Duiker, Impala, Steenbok, Buffalo and Vervet Monkey. The remainder of the first day in Kruger was filled with various animal sightings including some nice interactions with a herd of Elephants, some snorting and playing from a small pod of Hippopotamus, and a few nice visuals of the secretive Nyala.

After a pleasant dinner at the Cattle Baron restaurant in the Skukuza rest camp, we had a good 20-minute sighting of one of the camp's resident Thick-tailed Galago's, also known as Bush Babies due to the characteristic and audible impression of their communication call which sounds like a baby's cry.

Day 3

Thursday 30th October

Skukuza, Kruger National Park.

After rising early in the morning for tea and rusks, we climbed into the safari vehicles to try our luck for cats along the Sabie river. Typically at this time of the year, the majority of natural water holes have dried up so there tends to be increased animal activity along the side of any permanent water source, including hungry Lions looking for opportunities to hunt!

A few general species started off the day with sightings of Impala, Hippopotamus and Bushbuck, until finally our good planning paid off and we managed to find several groups of Lions along the river. With the summer sun warming up from early in the morning, everything was trying to find shade, especially the Lions. Our first four females gave us a clear enough visual and we could all clearly see them through our binoculars as they moved around, trying to find the best shaded spot. A little further down the road were another three young males, also resting under the shade of reeds in the cool sands of the river bed.

After brunch and a brief stop at Sunset Dam to get a closer look at the Hippopotamus and Crocodiles, we crossed to the opposite side of the Sabie river to make our return journey. Although the remainder of our drive was rather quiet, we did have a wonderful sunset with sightings of White Rhinoceros, Spotted Hyena and a pride of 11 Lions interacting on the road. We also enjoyed a brief but clear visual of our first Leopard walking past the safari vehicle, and a very fortunate sighting of African Wild Dogs.

Cat Count: 3 Lion sightings (18 individuals), 1 Leopard sighting (1 individual).

Day 4

Friday 31st October

Satara Rest Camp, Kruger National Park.

We packed the vehicles with our luggage and began the move to our next camp. Whilst the first hour of the safari started out relatively quiet, it soon changed with a sighting of a breeding pair of Lions on a small dirt loop off of the main road. We moved on to investigate the rest of the loop and found a small herd of Elephants coming to drink at a small waterhole that was occupied by an old male Hippopotamus. With a little hesitation from some of the younger members of the herd, and a bit of trumpeting, they finished their drink and moved on, and so did we.

Carrying on to Tshokwane, our breakfast stop, Toby received a report of a Cheetah sighting not much further up the road. Ordering a quick take-away breakfast and eating on our way to the Cheetah sighting proved to be the right thing to do. When we arrived we had a clear visual of a Cheetah and her two cubs sitting on a termite mound. We sat enjoying the sighting and taking lots of photos for 20 minutes before the two cubs led the mother away from the termite mound and deeper into the bush where we lost sight of them. After such a wonderful sighting things couldn't get much better, however they didn't get any worse. A few kilometres down the road we came across seven Lions laying next to a large waterhole and keeping a watchful eye over a lone male Blue Wildebeest that was approaching cautiously. He decided his thirst was not enough to risk facing the Lions and he ran away. While we sat at the waterhole we were also entertained by several fishing attempts by an African Fish Eagle, and a number of successful Frog hunts by a Water Monitor. The luck didn't end there however, when just a few more kilometres up the road we found a young male Lion that had recently killed a Buffalo calf and, after having his fill, was resting on the side of the road. The herd of Buffalo that the calf had belonged to were on the opposite side of the road. They wanted to drink at the waterhole but with the Lions presence, they were quite hesitant. Eventually one brave young male made his way across the road and the remaining 200 plus Buffalo followed closely behind. African Buffalo frequently chase Lions from their kill, especially when it is one of their own, so with their newfound confidence, once across the road several members of the herd confronted the Lion and chased him to a more comfortable distance.

Our fortune wasn't to end yet, and before arriving at Satara we found another two Lionesses stalking grazing Impala. After checking in at Satara and having a short break to freshen up, we went for a drive to the Nsemani dam which is a nice place to view large groups of Elephants, Giraffe and Zebra coming down to drink as the day starts to cool down. Back at Satara and shortly before meeting for dinner, we had a rather special sighting of the resident African Wild Cat and her two kittens that were suckling in the thickets just behind the rooms. Obviously the cameras all came back out and despite the low-light, most of us tried our luck before heading to dinner and sharing experiences of the wonderful sightings of the day.

Cat Count: 4 Lion sightings (12 individuals), 1 Cheetah sighting (3 individuals), 1 African Wild Cat sighting (3 individuals).

Day 5

Saturday 1st November

Satara Rest Camp, Kruger National Park.

After a refreshing cup of coffee and traditional home made rusks we headed towards the Olifants rest camp and the Olifants river, hoping to find some larger herds of plains game that would attract more predators. Luck seemed to be on our side again. Shortly after leaving we had a special sighting of two Honey Badgers foraging along the side of the road, followed by a Spotted Hyena and a Black-backed Jackal that were lingering in an area where there had been reports from the previous evening of a Leopard with a kill. Scanning around for a short time and watching the interest of the Jackal fade, we decided to move on as well, which proved to be good timing as we had a second sighting of another Honey Badger, but this one with a youngster. A very rare sighting indeed! A short while later we found a young male Lion lying rather well hidden in the long grass. We then headed to Olifants having built up our appetites for breakfast. After breakfast we stopped at the Olifants river bridge where it was safe to get out of the vehicle and we used our binoculars to see if we could find anything hiding on the banks of the river. With nothing in sight, we headed back towards the Nsemani dam via the Timbavati picnic spot where we heard about a pride of White Lions that had moved through the river in front of the picnic spot 30 minutes prior to our arrival. Whilst White Lions are not a separate subspecies to the typical tawny African Lion, they do have a rare colour mutation that is found to be naturally restricted to the Timbavati region.

After a short stop at Timbavati we carried on to Nsemani dam where we came across two male Lions. On the sunset drive later that evening, and after another sighting of African Wild Dogs, we found the two male Lions again but this time with a group of females and seven cubs, on an Impala kill. Watching the interactions of the pride on a kill was quite educational and gave a greater sense of the family bonds between Lion families that can never be learned from wildlife documentaries. Returning to Satara at the end of the sunset drive and luck gave us one final and very special reward with a Serval walking past the camp's gate on our return.

Cat Count: 4 Lion sightings (16 individuals), 1 Wild Dog sighting (6 individuals) 1 Serval sighting (1 individual).

Day 6

Sunday 2nd November

Nkorho Bush Camp, Sabi Sand Game Reserve.

We had a short morning drive before breakfast to look for the Lions from the previous night's Impala kill at Nsemani dam, then a quick detour to see if we could find the white Lion from the previous afternoon, but no luck. After breakfast we packed our bags and set off towards Nkorho. We found the same 11 Lions at Nsemani dam, this time on a fresh Buffalo kill. The kill was on the other side of the dam and deeper into the bush. We took a few photos, had one last look at the Hippo's and Crocodiles, and made our way through to Nkorho Bush Camp in the Sabi Sands. After settling in at Nkorho and having a refreshing lunch, we headed out on a sunset drive and had some nice encounters with Elephants, White Rhinoceros, Buffalo, Side-striped Jackal and a brief glimpse of a White-tailed Mongoose.

Cat Count: 2 Lion sightings (21 individuals).

Day 7

Monday 3rd November

Nkorho Bush Camp, Sabi Sand Game Reserve.

This morning we were greeted with three White Rhinoceros grazing just 100 metres from camp. We then found some Spotted Hyenas on a Buffalo carcass. It was fascinating to sit and observe the brute strength the Hyena has in its jaw, crushing through almost any bone it could fit into its mouth. Moving on, we managed to get some great video and photos of the "Breakaway" pride of Lions feeding on the carcass of a Zebra. Heading back to camp everybody decided to join a short Bush walk to learn about some tracks and signs of the bush that we don't normally get to see or interpret from the back of the vehicle.

The sunset drive turned out to be quite exciting when we managed to find a Leopard known as Quarantine. He was moving around another lodge where, fortunately, the guests were out on safari. After a few minutes investigating the area, he came back out towards us and picked up the scent and movement of a small herd of Waterbuck. With the light disappearing quickly, we all hoped that we would at least be able to get a photo of what could have been a great stalk and hunt, however the Leopard's hunger was obviously a bit more than his strength as he came rushing out and by-passed the young calves and went straight for a fully grown adult female. He almost got her to the ground, but her strength was just too much for him and she managed to shake him off and get away. Surprised and amazed at what we had just seen, we moved on for a sundowner before heading back to the lodge for dinner.

Cat Count: 1 Lion sighting (13 individuals); 1 Leopard sighting (1 individual).

Day 8

Tuesday 4th November

Elephant Plains, Sabi Sand Game Reserve.

This morning we decided to spend some time in search of Leopards as we had not seen many on the trip. Finding tracks and searching for a female Leopard known as Shadow, and her two 6-week old cubs, kept us busy for most of the morning drive before we had to head back for breakfast and to pack our bags to move on to Elephant Plains Lodge.

Our sunset drive at Elephant Plains was quite successful, starting off with a Hyena den that had a 6-month old and a 2-month old pup exploring the outer dimensions of a termite mound, followed by the sighting of a male Leopard called Tingana who we followed for almost an hour while he scent marked his territory and stalked Crested Francolins. On our way to stop for our sundowner, Thomas, our tracker, saw a Lioness running through the bush. We followed her for a short while before losing her, only hearing her soft contact calls trying to relocate her pride. As we drove on we found the rest of the pride, the “Breakaways”, just as the lone female we had seen was joining up with them too. Sitting quietly, they were watching a herd of Buffalo. All of a sudden we noticed another female 100 metres away start charging the herd. Though it was from a long distance, the rest of the pride also gave chase and they managed to separate a female from the herd and chase her into a waterhole. Having only one way to exit, the Buffalo decided that despite the curious Crocodile swimming in the waterhole, she would swim the 100-metre length to the distant shore (which was where we were watching from), leaving the Lions behind before disappearing into the thick bush. The lead Lioness, however, had different plans and gave chase, running around the waterhole and following in the footsteps of the Buffalo. Quickly turning the vehicle around as the Lioness ran past us, we drove in the general direction of where the Buffalo and Lioness had gone and saw the lead Lioness under a fallen tree with the Buffalo charging at her. This only lasted as long as it took for the rest of the Lions to catch up and then the Buffalo came charging towards us! Thomas was crawling across the bonnet of the safari vehicle trying to get out of her way, while Louis was reversing as quickly as he could, not wanting to interfere with the hunt that was taking place, or to give either species an unfair advantage with our presence. The Lions surrounded the Buffalo from multiple angles and while hesitating to move in too quickly, eventually managed to take her down just a few metres in front of us. The younger members of the pride behaved rather excitedly, jumping over the carcass and playing with each other, celebrating what may have been their first hunt.

Cat Count: 1 Lion sighting (12 individuals), 1 Leopard sighting (1 individual).

Day 9

Wednesday 5th November

Elephant Plains, Sabi Sand Game Reserve.

This morning we headed back to the site of last night’s Buffalo kill and discovered that the “Breakaway” pride had been driven off of the kill by two male Lions from the neighbouring Manyeleti Game Reserve and had moved some distance away. The males, known as the ‘Birminghams’, used to be part of a coalition of five young males that had been driven out of their birth pride by two new dominant males. Over the years however, three of the males had been killed in fights. Following one of the males to a nearby waterhole gave us some wonderful photographic opportunities while he was drinking and then climbing to the top of several large termite mounds where he eventually found a shady place to rest and digest his meal. Deciding it was time to head back for breakfast ourselves, we moved on and had some nice sightings of Elephants and other general game species on the way back.

After lunch we managed to find the “Breakaways” laying in the shade close to the lodge, but clearly still hungry and restless. After sitting with them for a short while, we also noticed a group of Giraffe watching them from the background. The Giraffes saw no real threat and slowly moved deeper into the bush. Moving on, we found some more Giraffe grazing next to the road and very relaxed, which made for some nice photos. We then saw a small group of old male Buffalo that were drinking at a waterhole, before we hit the jackpot! A female Leopard called Thandi, was sitting on a termite mound basking in the afternoon sun. Thandi had 3 to 4 week old cubs hidden

somewhere in the area, but nobody knew where, so when she got up from her termite mound and started walking into the thick bush, we did our best to follow her, and what a great privilege was in store for us. Her two cubs came out to her, followed her through the drainage line, and then suckled from her while keeping a curious eye on us. After having their fill, they then went and played in a nearby tree giving us all some great entertainment.

Cat Count: 3 Lion sightings (28 individuals), 1 Leopard sighting (3 individuals).

Day 10

Thursday 6th November

Departure.

On our last safari drive we found the Leopard Thandi in a Knob Thorn tree with an Impala carcass. What was really special about this sighting was that we were able to park the vehicle not more than a few metres away from the tree, and two Hyenas were also moving around hoping to get hold of what was left of the carcass.

After breakfast we said our farewells to Toby and the staff at Elephant Plains. We then boarded our transfer vehicle and headed home with some wonderful memories and experiences.

Cat Count: 1 Leopard sighting (1 individual).

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Leopard (Quarantine) seen on day 7 trying to take down a Waterbuck – Photo: Helen Pinchin

Species Lists

Mammals (✓ = recorded but not counted)

	Common name	Scientific name	October / November										
			28	29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5	6	
1	Baboon, Chacma	<i>Papio ursinus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓						
2	Badger, Honey	<i>Mellivora capensis</i>					✓						
3	Blesbok	<i>Damaliscus dorcas phillipsi</i>	✓										
4	Buffalo	<i>Syncerus caffer</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
5	Bushbaby, Thick-tailed	<i>Otolemur crassicaudatus</i>		✓	✓								
6	Bushbuck	<i>Tragelaphus scriptus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
7	Cat, African Wild	<i>Felis lybica</i>				✓							
8	Cheetah	<i>Acinonyx jubatus</i>				✓							
9	Civet, African	<i>Civettictis civetta</i>			✓								
10	Dassie, (Rock Hyrax)	<i>Procavia capensis</i>	✓										
11	Duiker, Common	<i>Sylvicapra grimmia</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
12	Elephant, African	<i>Loxodonta africana</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
13	Giraffe, Southern	<i>Giraffa camelopardalis</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓
14	Hare, Scrub	<i>Lepus saxatilis</i>			✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
15	Hippopotamus	<i>Hippopotamus amphibius</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					
16	Hyena, Spotted	<i>Crocuta crocuta</i>			✓		✓						
17	Impala	<i>Aepyceros melampus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
18	Jackal, Black-backed	<i>Canis mesomelas</i>									✓		
19	Jackal, Side-striped	<i>Canis adustus</i>						✓	✓	✓			
20	Klipspringer	<i>Oreotragus oreotragus</i>		✓		✓							
21	Kudu, Greater	<i>Tragelaphus strepsiceros</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
22	Leopard	<i>Panthera pardus</i>			✓				✓	✓	✓	✓	
23	Lion	<i>Panthera leo</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
24	Mongoose, Banded	<i>Mungos mungo</i>							✓				
25	Mongoose, Dwarf	<i>Helogale parvula</i>							✓				
26	Mongoose, Slender	<i>Galerella sanguinea</i>			✓		✓						
27	Mongoose, White-tailed	<i>Ichneumia albicauda</i>						✓					
28	Monkey, Vervet	<i>Cercopithecus aethiops</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					
29	Nyala	<i>Tragelaphus angasii</i>		✓	✓	✓							
30	Rhinoceros, White	<i>Ceratotherium simum</i>		✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
31	Serval	<i>Felis serval</i>					✓						
32	Squirrel, Tree	<i>Paraxerus cepapi</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓			✓		
33	Steenbok	<i>Raphicerus campestris</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
34	Warthog	<i>Phacochoerus aethiopicus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					
35	Waterbuck, Common	<i>Kobus ellipsiprymnus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓	
36	Wild Dog	<i>Lycaon pictus</i>			✓		✓						
37	Wildebeest, Black	<i>Connochaetes gnou</i>	✓										
38	Wildebeest, Blue	<i>Connochaetes taurinus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
39	Zebra, Burchell's	<i>Equus burchelli</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

Birds (E = endemic; NE = near endemic)

Common name	Scientific name
Common Ostrich	<i>Struthio camelus</i>
White-breasted Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>
Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>
Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>
Squacco Heron	<i>Ardeola ralloides</i>
Green-backed Heron	<i>Butorides striatus</i>
Hamerkop	<i>Scopus umbretta</i>
Woolly-necked Stork	<i>Ciconia episcopus</i>

Common name	Scientific name
Saddle-billed Stork	<i>Ephippiorhynchus senegalensis</i>
Marabou Stork	<i>Leptoptilos crumeniferus</i>
Yellow-billed Stork	<i>Mycteria ibis</i>
Southern Bald Ibis (E)	<i>Geronticus calvus</i>
Hadedda Ibis	<i>Bostrychia hagedash</i>
White-faced Duck	<i>Dendrocygna viduata</i>
Egyptian Goose	<i>Alopochen aegyptiacus</i>
Hooded Vulture	<i>Necrosyrtes monachus</i>
White-backed Vulture	<i>Gyps africanus</i>
Yellow-billed Kite	<i>Milvus aegyptius</i>
Tawny Eagle	<i>Aquila rapax</i>
Wahlberg's Eagle	<i>Aquila wahlbergi</i>
Martial Eagle	<i>Polemaetus bellicosus</i>
Brown Snake Eagle	<i>Circaetus cinereus</i>
Bateleur	<i>Terathopius ecaudatus</i>
African Fish Eagle	<i>Haliaeetus vocifer</i>
Steppe Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>
Shikra	<i>Accipiter badius</i>
Gabar Goshawk	<i>Micronisus gabar</i>
Crested Francolin	<i>Francolinus sephaena</i>
Shelley's Francolin	<i>Francolinus shelleyi</i>
Natal Francolin (NE)	<i>Francolinus natalensis</i>
Swainson's Spurfowl (NE)	<i>Francolinus swainsonii</i>
Helmeted Guineafowl	<i>Numida meleagris</i>
Black Crane	<i>Amaurornis flavirostris</i>
Kori Bustard	<i>Ardeotis kori</i>
Red-crested Korhaan (NE)	<i>Eupodotis ruficrista</i>
Black-bellied Korhaan	<i>Eupodotis melanogaster</i>
African Jacana	<i>Actophilornis africanus</i>
Three-banded Plover	<i>Charadrius tricollaris</i>
Crowned Lapwing	<i>Vanellus coronatus</i>
Blacksmith Lapwing	<i>Vanellus armatus</i>
White-crowned Lapwing	<i>Vanellus senegallus</i>
Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>
Wood Sandpiper	<i>Tringa glareola</i>
Marsh Sandpiper	<i>Tringa stagnatilis</i>
Water Thick-knee	<i>Burhinus vermiculatus</i>
African Mourning Dove	<i>Streptopelia decipiens</i>
Cape Turtle Dove	<i>Streptopelia capicola</i>
Laughing Dove	<i>Streptopelia senegalensis</i>
Emerald-spotted Wood-Dove	<i>Turtur chalcospilos</i>
Brown-headed Parrot	<i>Poicephalus cryptoxanthus</i>
Purple-crested Turaco	<i>Tauraco porphyreolophus</i>
Grey Go-away Bird	<i>Corythaixoides concolor</i>
African Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus gularis</i>
Great Spotted Cuckoo	<i>Clamator glandarius</i>
Jacobin Cuckoo	<i>Clamator jacobinus</i>
Diederik Cuckoo	<i>Chrysococcyx caprius</i>
Burchell's Coucal (E)	<i>Centropus burchellii</i>
African Scops Owl	<i>Otus senegalensis</i>
Spotted Eagle Owl	<i>Bubo africanus</i>
Fiery-necked Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus pectoralis</i>
Little Swift	<i>Apus affinis</i>
Alpine Swift	<i>Apus melba</i>
Pied Kingfisher	<i>Ceryle rudis</i>
Giant Kingfisher	<i>Ceryle maxima</i>
Brown-hooded Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon albiventris</i>
European Bee-eater	<i>Merops apiaster</i>

Common name

White-fronted Bee-eater
 Lilac-breasted Roller
 Purple Roller
 African Hoopoe
 Green Woodhoopoe
 Trumpeter Hornbill
 African Grey Hornbill
 Red-billed Hornbill
 Southern Yellow-billed Hornbill
 Southern Ground Hornbill
 Crested Barbet
 Wire-tailed Swallow
 Red-breasted Swallow
 Lesser Striped Swallow
 Fork-tailed Drongo
 Eastern Black-headed Oriole
 Pied Crow
 Arrow-marked Babbler
 Dark-capped Bulbul
 Kurrichane Thrush
 Cape Robin-chat
 Bar-throated Apalis
 Chinspot Batis
 African Pied Wagtail
 Magpie Shrike
 Southern Boubou (E)
 Black-backed Puffback
 Brown-crowned Tchagra
 Black-crowned Tchagra
 Retz's Helmetshrike
 Southern White-crowned Shrike (NE)
 Wattled Starling
 Burchell's Starling (NE)
 Cape Glossy Starling
 Greater Blue-eared Starling
 Red-winged Starling
 Yellow-billed Oxpecker
 Red-billed Oxpecker
 Red-billed Buffalo Weaver
 Southern Grey-headed Sparrow
 Village (Spotted-backed) Weaver
 Red-headed Weaver
 Blue Waxbill

Scientific name

Merops bullockoides
Coracias caudate
Coracias naevia
Upupa Africana
Phoeniculus purpureus
Bycanistes bucinator
Tockus nasutus
Tockus erythrorhynchus
Tockus leucomelas
Bucorvus leadbeateri
Trachyphonus vaillantii
Hirundo smithii
Hirundo semirufa
Hirundo abyssinica
Dicrurus adsimilis
Oriolus larvatus
Corvus albus
Turdoides jardineii
Pycnonotus barbatus
Turdus libonyana
Cossypha caffra
Apalis thoracica
Batis molitor
Motacilla aguimp
Corvinella melanoleuca
Laniarius ferrugineus
Dryoscopus cubla
Tchagra australis
Tchagra senegala
Prionops retzii
Eurocephalus anguimans
Creatophora cinerea
Lamprotornis australis
Lamprotornis nitens
Lamprotornis chalybaeus
Onychognathus morio
Buphagus africanus
Buphagus erythrorhynchus
Bubalornis niger
Passer diffuses
Ploceus cucullatus
Anaplectes rubriceps
Uraeginthus angolensis



Lioness stalking Impala